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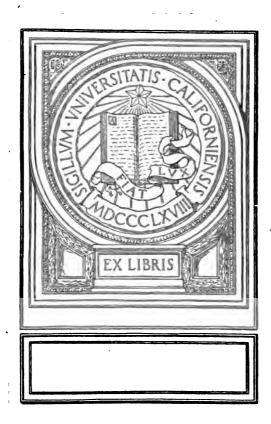
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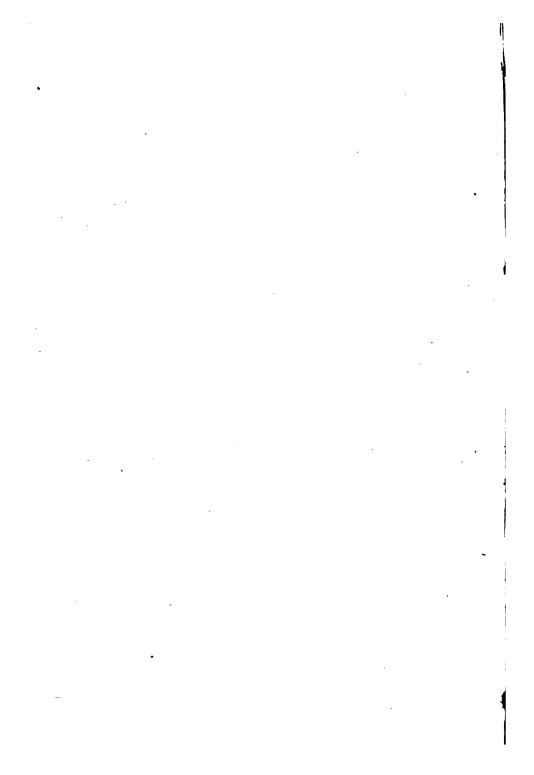
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CONCISE DICTIONARY

of

MIDDLE ENGLISH

MAYHEW AND SKEAT

Zondon HENRY FROWDE



OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS WAREHOUSE

AMEN CORNER, E.C.

CONCISE DICTIONARY

OF

MIDDLE ENGLISH

FROM A.D. 1150 TO 1580

REV. A. L. MAYHEW, M.A.
of WADHAM COLLEGE, OXFORD

AND THE

REV. WALTER WSKEAT

LITT.D.; LL.D. EDIN.; M.A. OXON.

ELRINGTON AND BOSWORTH PROFESSOR OF ANGLO-SAXON IN THE UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE

"THESE our Ancient Words here set down, I trust will for this time satisfie the Reader."—R. Verstegan, Restitution of Decayed Intelligence, ch. vii (at the end)

"Authentic words be given, or none!"

Wordsworth, Lines on Macpherson's Ossian

Orford

AT THE CLARENDON PRESS

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PREFACE.

(By Professor Skeat.)

THE present work is intended to meet, in some measure, the requirements of those who wish to make some study of Middle-English, and who find a difficulty in obtaining such assistance as will enable them to find out the meanings and etymologies of the words most essential to

their purpose.

The best Middle-English Dictionary, that by Dr. Mätzner of Berlin, has only reached the end of the letter H; and it is probable that it will not be completed for many years. The only Middle-English Dictionary that has been carried on to the end of the alphabet is that by the late Dr Stratmann of Krefeld. This is a valuable work, and is indispensable for the more advanced student. However, the present work will still supply a deficiency, as it differs from Stratmann's Dictionary in many particulars. We have chosen as our Main Words, where possible, the most typical of the forms or spellings of the period of Chaucer and Piers Plowman; in Stratmann, on the other hand, the form chosen as Main Word is generally the oldest form in which it appears, frequently one of the twelfth century. Moreover, with regard to authorities, we refer in the case of the great majority of our forms to a few, cheap, easily accessible works, whereas Stratmann's authorities are mainly the numerous and expensive publications of the Early English Text Society. Lastly, we have paid special attention to the French element in Middle-English, whereas Stratmann is somewhat deficient in respect of words of French origin 1. The book which has generally been found of most assistance to the learner is probably Halliwell's Dictionary of Archaic and Provincial Words; but this is not specially confined to the Middle-English period, and the plan of it differs in several respects from that of the present work.

The scope of this volume will be best understood by an explanation of

¹ A new and thoroughly revised edition of Stratmann's Dictionary is being prepared by Mr. Henry Bradley, for the Delegates of the Clarendon Press.

the circumstances that gave rise to it. Some useful and comparatively inexpensive volumes illustrative of the Middle-English period have been issued by the Clarendon Press; all of which are furnished with glossaries, explaining all the important words, with exact references to the passages wherein the words occur. In particular, the three useful hand-books containing Specimens of English (from 1150 down to 1580) together supply no less than sixty-seven characteristic extracts from the most important literary monuments of this period; and the three glossaries to these books together fill more than 370 pages of closely-printed type in double columns. The idea suggested itself that it would be highly desirable to bring the very useful information thus already collected under one alphabet, and this has now been effected. At the same time, a reference has in every case been carefully given to the particular Glossarial Index which registers each form here cited, so that it is perfectly easy for any one who consults our book to refer, not merely to the particular Index thus noted, but to the references given in that Index; and so, by means of such references, to find every passage referred to, with its proper context. Moreover the student only requires, for this purpose, a small array of the text-books in the Clarendon Press Series, instead of a more or less complete set of editions of Middle-English texts, the possession of which necessitates a considerable outlay of money. plan, so great a compression of information has been achieved, that a large number of the articles give a summary such as can be readily expanded to a considerable length, by the exercise of a very little trouble; and thus the work is practically as full of material as if it had been three or four times its present size. A couple of examples will shew what this really means.

At p. 26 is the following entry:-

'Bi-heste, sb. promise, S, S2, C2, P; byheste, S2; beheste, S2; byhest, S2; bihese, S; biheset, W; bihese, pl., S.—AS. be-h&s.'

By referring to the respective indexes here cited, such as S (=Glossary to Specimens of English, Part I) and the like, we easily expand this article into the following:—

'Bi-heste, sb. promise, S (9. 19); S2 (1 a. 184); C2 (B 37, 41, 42, F 698); P (3. 126); byheste, S2 (18 b. 25); beheste, S2 (14 a. 3); byhest, S2 (12. 57, 18 b. 9, [where it may also be explained by grant]); bihese, S (where it is used as a plural); biheest, W (promise, command, Lk. xxiv. 49, Rom. iv. 13; pl. biheestis, Heb. xi. 13); bihese, S (pl. behests, promises, 4 d. 55).—AS. behés.'

In order to exhibit the full meaning of this—which requires no further

1

explanation to those who have in hand the books denoted by S, S2, &c.-it would be necessary to print the article at considerable length, as
follows:—

'Biheste, sb. promise; "dusi biheste," a foolish promise, (extract from) Ancren Riwle, l. 19; "and wel lute wule hulde pe biheste pat he nom," (extract from) Robert of Gloucester, l. 184; "holdeth your biheste," Chaucer, Introd. to Man of Law's Prologue, l. 37; "biheste is dette," same, l. 41; "al my biheste," same, l. 42; "or breken his biheste," Chaucer, sequel to Squieres Tale, l. 698; "porw fals biheste," Piers Plowman, Text B, Pass. iii, l. 126; "to vol-vulle (fulfil) pat byheste," Trevisa (extract from), lib. vi. cap. 29, l. 25; "the lond of promyssioun, or of beheste," Prol. to Mandeville's Travels, l. 3; "wip fair by-hest," William and the Werwolf, l. 57; "pe byhest (promise, or grant) of opere menne kyngdom," Trevisa, lib. vi. cap. 29, l. 9; "y schal sende the biheest of my fadir in-to 30u," Wyclif, Luke xxiv. 49; "not bi the lawe is biheest to Abraham," Wycl. Rom. iv. 13; "whanne the biheestis weren not takun," Wycl. Heb. xi. 13; "longenge to godes bihese," Old Eng. Homilies, Dominica iv. post Pascha, l. 55.'

We thus obtain fifteen excellent examples of the use of this word, with the full context and an exact reference (easily verified) in every case. And, in the above instance, all the quotations lie within the compass of the eleven texts in the Clarendon Press Series denoted, respectively, by S, S2, S3, C, C2, C3, W, W2, P, H, and G.

The original design was to make use of these text-books only; but it was so easy to extend it by including examples to be obtained from other Glossaries and Dictionaries, that a considerable selection of interesting words was added from these, mainly for the sake of illustrating the words in the Clarendon text-books. These illustrative words can be fully or partially verified by those who happen to possess all or some of the works cited, or they can safely be taken on trust, as really occurring there, any mistake being due to such authority.

A second example will make this clearer. 'Brant, adj. steep, high, MD, HD; brent, JD; brentest, superl. S2.—AS. brant (bront); cp. Swed. brant, Icel. brattr.'

Omitting the etymology, the above information is given in two short lines. Those who possess the 'Specimens of English' will easily find the example of the superl. brentest. By consulting Mätzner's, Halliwell's, and Jamieson's Dictionaries, further information can be obtained, and the full article will appear as follows:—

'Brant, adj. steep, high, MD [brant, brent, adj. ags. brand, arduus,

altus, altn. brattr, altschw. branter, schw. brant, bratt, dän. brat, sch. brent, nordengl. Diall. brant: cf. "brant, steepe," Manipulus Vocabulorum, p. 25: steil, hoch.—" Apon the bald Bucifelon brant up he sittes," King Alexander, ed. Stevenson, p. 124; "Thir mountaynes ware als brant upritze as thay had bene walles," MS. quoted in Halliwell's Dict., p. 206; "Hyze bonkkes & brent," Gawain and the Grene Knight, l. 2165; "Bowed to be hyz bonk ber brentest hit wern," Alliterative Poems, ed. Morris, Poem B, 1. 379]; HD [brant, steep, North: "Brant against Flodden Hill," explained by Nares from Ascham, "up the steep side;" cf. Brit. Bibl. i. 132, same as brandly?—"And thane thay com tille wonder heghe mountaynes, and it semed as the toppes had towched the firmament; and thir mountaynes were als brant uprizte as thay had bene walles, so that ther was na clymbyng upon thame," Life of Alexander, MS. Lincoln, fol. 38]; JD [brent, adj. high, straight, upright; "My bak, that sumtyme brent hes bene, Now cruikis lyk ane camok tre," Maitland Poems, p. 193; followed by a discussion extending to more than 160 lines of small print, which we forbear to quote]; brentest, superl. S2. 13. 379 ["And bowed to be hy3 bonk ber brentest hit were (MS. wern)," Allit. Poems, l. 379; already cited in Mätzner, above].'

The work, in fact, contains a very large collection of words, in many variant forms, appearing in English literature and in Glossaries between A.D. 1150 and A.D. 1580. The glossaries in S2, S3 (Specimens of English, 1298–1393, and 1394–1579) have furnished a considerable number of words belonging to the Scottish dialect, which most dictionaries (excepting of course that of Jamieson) omit.

The words are so arranged that even the beginner will, in general, easily find what he wants. We have included in one article, together with the Main Word, all the variant spellings of the glossaries, as well as the etymological information. We have also given in alphabetical order numerous cross-references to facilitate the finding of most of the variant forms, and to connect them with the Main Word. In this way, the arrangement is at once etymological and alphabetical—adapted to the needs of the student of the language and of the student of the literature.

The meanings of the words are given in modern English, directly after the Main Word. The variant forms, as given in their alphabetical position, are frequently also explained, thus saving (in such cases) the trouble of a cross-reference, if the meaning of the word is alone required.

An attempt is made in most cases to give the etymology, so far at least as to shew the immediate source of the Middle-English word. Especial pains have been taken with the words of French origin, which

form so large a portion of the vocabulary of the Middle-English period. In many cases the AF (Anglo-French) forms are cited, from my list of English Words found in Anglo-French, as published for the Philological Society in 1882.

The student of English who wishes to trace back the history of a word still in use can, in general, find the Middle-English form in Skeat's Etymological Dictionary, and will then be able to consult the present work in order to obtain further instances of its early use.

The relative share of the authors in the preparation of this work is easily explained. The whole of it in its present form (with the exception of the letter N) was compiled, prepared, and written out for press by Mr. Mayhew. The original plan was, however, my own; and I began by writing out the letter N (since augmented) by way of experiment and model. It will thus be seen that Mr. Mayhew's share of the work has been incomparably the larger, involving all that is most laborious. On the other hand, I may claim that much of the labour was mine also, at a much earlier stage, as having originally compiled or revised the glossaries marked S2, S3, C2, C3, W, W2, P, and G, as well as the very full glossarial indexes cited as B, PP, and WA, and the dictionary cited as SkD. The important glossary marked S was, however, originally the work of Dr. Morris (since re-written by Mr. Mayhew), and may, in a sense, be said to be the back-bone of the whole, from its supplying a very large number of the most curious and important early forms.

The material used has been carefully revised by both authors, so that they must be held to be jointly responsible for the final form in which the whole is now offered to the public.

Note on the Phonology of Middle-English.

One great difficulty in finding a Middle-English word in this, or any other, Dictionary is due to the frequent variation of the symbols denoting the vowel-sounds. Throughout the whole of the period to which the work relates the symbols i and y, in particular, are constantly interchanged, whether they stand alone, or form parts of diphthongs. Consequently, words which are spelt with one of these symbols in a given text must frequently be looked for as if spelt with the other; i.e. the pairs of symbols i and y, ai and ay, ai and

have not time or opportunity to do this, a few brief notes may perhaps suffice.

The following symbols are frequently confused, or are employed as equivalent to each other because they result from the same sound in the Oldest English or in Anglo-French:—

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i, y; -ai, ay; -ei, ey; -oi, oy; -ui, uy.
a, o; -a, \alpha, e, ea; -e, eo, ie; -o, u, ou; -(all originally short).
a, \alpha, ea, e, ee; -e, ee, eo, ie; -o, oo, oa; -u, ou, ui; -(all long).
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These are the most usual interchanges of symbols, and will commonly suffice for practical purposes, in cases where the cross-references fail. If the word be not found after such substitutions have been allowed for, it may be taken for granted that the Dictionary does not contain it. As a fact, the Dictionary only contains a considerable number of such words as are most common, or (for some special reason) deserve notice; and it is at once conceded that it is but a small hand-book, which does not pretend to exhibit in all its fulness the extraordinarily copious vocabulary of our language at an important period of its history. The student wishing for complete information will find (in course of time) that the New English Dictionary which is being brought out by the Clarendon Press will contain all words found in our literature since the year 1100.

Of course variations in the vowel-sounds are also introduced, in the case of strong verbs, by the usual 'gradation' due to their method of conjugation. To meet this difficulty in some measure, numerous (but not exhaustive) cross-references have been introduced, as when, e.g. 'Bar, bare' is given, with a cross-reference to Beren. Further help in this respect is to be had from the table of 183 strong verbs given at pp. lxix-lxxxi of the Preface to Part I of the Specimens of English (2nd edition); see, in particular, the alphabetical index to the same, at pp. lxxxi, lxxxii. The same Preface further contains some account of the three principal Middle-English dialects (p. xl), and Outlines of the Grammar (p. xlv). It also explains the meaning of the symbols b, of (both used for th), 3 (used for y initially, gh medially, and gh or z finally), with other necessary information.

THE CLARENDON PRESS GLOSSARIES.

This work gives all the words and every form contained in the glossaries to eleven publications in the Clarendon Press Series, as below:—

S.—SPECIMENS OF EARLY ENGLISH, ed. Morris, Part I: from A.D. 1150 to A.D. 1300.

This book contains extracts from:—1. Old English Homilies, ed. Morris, E. E. T. S. 1867-8, pp. 230-241; 2. The Saxon Chronicle, A.D. 1137, 1138, 1140, 1154; 3. Old Eng. Homilies, ed. Morris, First Series, pp. 40-53; 4. The same, Second Series, pp. 89-109; 5. The Ormulum, ed. White, ll. 962-1719, pp. 31-57; 6. Layamon's Brut, ed. Madden, ll. 13785-14387 [add 13784 to the number of the line in the reference]; 7. Sawles Warde, from Old Eng. Homilies, ed. Morris, First Series, pp. 245-249, 259-267; 8. St. Juliana, ed. Cockayne and Brock; 9. The Ancren Riwle, ed. Morton, pp. 208-216, 416-430; 10. The Wooing of our Lord, from Old Eng. Homilies, ed. Morris, First Series, pp. 277-283; 11. A Good Orison of our Lady, from the same, pp. 191-199; 12. A Bestiary, the Lion, Eagle, and Ant, from An Old Eng. Miscellany, ed. Morris; 13. Old Kentish Sermons, from the same, pp. 26-36; 14. Proverbs of Alfred, from the same, pp. 102-130; 15. Version of Genesis and Exodus, ed. Morris, ll. 1907-2536; 16. Owl and Nightingale, from An Old Eng. Miscellany, ed. Morris, ll. 1-94, 139-232, 253-282, 303-352, 391-446, 549-555, 598-623, 659-750, 837-855, 905-920, 1635-1682, 1699-1794; 17. A Moral Ode (two copies), from An Old Eng. Miscellany and Old Eng. Homilies, 2nd Series, ed. Morris; 18. Havelok the Dane, ed. Skeat, ll. 339-748; 19. King Horn (in full).

S2.—SPECIMENS OF ENGLISH, Part II, ed. Morris and Skeat; from A. D. 1298-1393.

This book contains extracts from: -1. Robert of Gloucester's Chronicle (William the Conqueror and St. Dunstan); 2. Metrical Psalter, Psalms 8, 14 (15), 17 (18), 23 (24), 102 (103), 103 (104); 3. The Proverbs of Hendyng; 4. Specimens of Lyric Poetry, ed. Wright (Alysoun, Plea for Pity, Parable of the Labourers, Spring-time); 5. Robert Mannyng's Handlynge Synne, ll. 5575-5946; 6. William of Shoreham, De Baptismo; 7. Cursor Mundi, ed. Morris, ll. 11373-11701 [add 11372 to the number in the reference]; 8. Eng. Metrical Homilies, ed. Small (Second Sunday in Advent, Third Sunday after the Octave of Epiphany); 9. The Ayenbite of Inwyt, ed. Morris, pp. 263-9, and p. 262; 10. Hampole's Prick of Conscience, Il. 432-9, 464-509, 528-555, 662-707, 728-829, 1211-1292, 1412-1473, 1818-29, 1836-51, 1884-1929, 2216-2233, 2300-11, 2334-55, 2364-73, 7813-24; 11. Minot's Songs, Nos. 3, 4, 7; 12. William of Palerne, ed. Skeat, ll. 3-381; 13. Alliterative Poems, ed. Morris, Poem B, ll. 235-544, 947-972, 1009-1051; 14. Mandeville's Travels, Prologue, part of Chap. 12, and Chap. 26; 15. Piers the Plowman, A-text, Prologue, Passus I, part of Pass. 2, Pass. 3, Pass. 5, parts of Pass. 6 and 7; 16. Barbour's Bruce, ed. Skeat, Book VII. ll. I-230, 400-487; 17. Wyclif's translation of St. Mark's Gospel, Chapters 1-6;

Hereford's version of the Psalms, Ps. 14(15), 23(24), 102(103); 18. Trevisa's translation of Higden's Polychronicon, lib. i. c. 41, c. 59, lib. vi. c. 29; 19. Chaucer, Man of Law's Tale; 20. Gower's Confessio Amantis, part of Book V.

S3.—Specimens of English, Part III, ed. Skeat; from A. D. 1394-1579.

This book contains extracts from: -1. Pierce the Ploughman's Crede, ll. 153-267, 339-565, 744-765, 785-823; 2. Hoccleve's De Regimine Principum, stanzas 281-301, 598-628; 3. Lydgate, London Lickpenny, and the Storie of Thebes, bk. ii. ll. 1064-1419; 4. James I (of Scotland), the King's Quair, stanzas 152-173; 5. Pecock's Repressor, pt. i. c. 19; pt. ii. c. 11; 6. Blind Harry's Wallace, bk. i. ll. 181-448; 7. Chevy Chase (earlier version); 8. Malory's Morte Darthur, bk. xxi. c. 3-7; 9. Caxton's History of Troy; 10. The Nut-brown Maid; 11. Dunbar, Thistle and Rose, and Poem on being desired to be a Friar; 12. Hawes, Pastime of Pleasure, c. 33; 13. G. Douglas, Prol. to Æneid, book xii; 14. Skelton, Why Come Ye Nat to Courte, Il. 287-382, 396-756; Philip Sparrow, ll. 998-1260; 15. Lord Berners, tr. of Froissart, c. 50, c. 130; 16. Tyndale, Obedience of a Christian Man; 17. More, Dialogue Concerning Heresies, bk. iii. c. 14-16; Confutation of Tyndale, bk. iii; 18. Sir T. Elyot, The Governor, bk. i. c. 17, 18; 19. Lord Surrey, tr. of Æneid, bk. ii. ll. 253-382, 570-736, and minor poems; 20. Sir T. Wiat, Three Satires, and minor poems; 21. Latimer, Sermon on the Ploughers; 22. Sir D. Lyndesay, The Monarchy, bk. iii. ll. 4499-4612, 4663-94, 4709-38; bk. iv. ll. 5450-5639; 23. N. Udall, Ralph Roister Doister, Act iii. sc. 3-5; 24. Lord Buckhurst, The Induction; 25. Ascham, The Schoolmaster, bk. i; 26. Gascoigne, The Steel Glas, ll. 418-470, 628-638, 750-893, 1010-1170; 27. Lyly, Euphues and his Ephcebus; 28. Spenser, Shepherd's Calendar, November, December.

The remaining eight publications in the Clarendon Press Series which have also been indexed are those marked C, C₂, C₃, W, W₂, P, H, and G; i.e. three books containing extracts from Chaucer, two books containing parts of Wyclif's Bible, part of Piers Plowman, Hampole's Psalter, and Gamelyn; the full titles of which are given below.

We also give all the important words occurring in CM (Chaucer, ed. Morris); and in addition to this, and for the purpose of illustration, forms are given from various texts and Dictionaries, and from the Glossaries to B (Bruce), PP (Piers Plowman), and WA (Wars of Alexander).

WALTER W. SKEAT.

FULL LIST OF AUTHORITIES,

WITH EXPLANATIONS OF ABBREVIATIONS.

NOTE.—The abbreviations referring to the authorities for the forms of English words (AD. 1150-1580) are printed in italics. (CP=Clarendon Press.)

- Glossary, ed. Mowat, 1887. CP.
- 2. Anglo-Saxon Gospels, in AS. and Northumbrian Versions, ed. Skeat.
- 3. Apfelstedt: Lothringischer Psalter (des XIV Jahrhunderts), 1881. 4. B: Barbour's Bruce, ed. Skeat, 1870,
- EETS. (Extra Series xi).
- 5. Bardsley: English Surnames, 1875.
- 6. Bartsch: Chrestomathie de l'ancien français (glossaire), 1880.
- 6*. BH: Bartsch and Horning, Langue et Littérature françaises, 1887.
- 7. Bosworth: Anglo-Saxon Dictionary, 1838.
- 8. Brachet: French Dict., 1882. CP.
- Brugmann: Grundriss, 1886.
- 10. BT.: Bosworth-Toller AS. Dict. [A-SAR]. CP.
- 11. C: Chaucer; Prol., Knight's Tale, Nun's Priest's Tale. CP.
- 12. C2: Chaucer; Prioress, Sir Thopas, Monk, Clerk, Squire. CP.
- 13. C3: Chaucer; Man of Law, Pardoner, Second Nun, Canon's Yeoman. CP.
- 14. Cath.: Catholicon Anglicum (A.D. 1483), ed. Herrtage, 1881. EETS (75).
- 15. Chron.: Two Saxon Chronicles, ed. Earle, 1865. CP.
- 16. CM: Chaucer, ed. Morris, 1880.
- 17. Constans: Chrestomathie de l'ancien français (glossaire), 1884.
- 18. Cotg.: Cotgrave, French and English Dict., 1611.
- 19. Curtius: Greek Etymology, ed. Wilkins and England, 1886.

- 1. Alph: Alphita, a Medico-Botanical | 20. CV: Icelandic Dictionary, Cleasby and Vigfusson, 1874. CP.
 - 21. DG: Davies, Supplementary English Glossary, 1881.
 - 22. Diez: Etymologisches Wörterbuch. 1878.
 - 23. Douse: Introduction to the Gothic of Ulfilas, 1886.
 - 24. Ducange: Glossarium, ed. Henschel. 1883-7.
 - 24*. Ducange: Glossaire Français, ed. 1887.
 - 25. EDS: English Dialect Society.
 - 26. EETS: Early English Text Society.
 - 27. Fick: Wörterbuch der indogermanischen Sprachen, 1874.
 - 28. Florio: Italian and English Dict., 1611.
 - 29. G: Tale of Gamelyn, ed. Skeat, 1884. CP.
 - 30. Godefroy: Dictionnaire de l'ancienne langue française [A-LIS].
 - 31. Grein: Glossar der angelsächsischen Poesie, 1861.
 - 32. Grimm: Teutonic Mythology, ed. Stallybrass, 1883.
 - 33. H: Hampole, Psalter, ed. Bramley, 1884. CP.
 - 34. HD: Halliwell, Dict. of Archaic and Provincial Words, 1874.
 - 35. Heliand, ed. Heyne, 1873.
 - 36. JD: Jamieson, Scottish Dictionary,
 - 37. Kluge: etymologisches Wörterbuch der deutschen Sprache, 1883.
 - 38. Leo: angelsächsisches Glossar, 1877.
 - 39. Manip.: Manipulus Vocabulorum, Levins, ed. Wheatley, EETS, 1867.

- buch [A-H], 1885.
- 41. Minsheu: Spanish and English Dict., 1623.
- 42. ND: Nares, Glossary, 1876.
- 43. NED: New English Dictionary, ed. Murray [A-BOZ]. CP.
- 44. NO: Notes and Queries.
- 45. OET: Oldest English Texts, ed. Sweet, 1885, EETS (83).
- 45*. ONE: Oliphant, The New English, 1886.
- 46. Otfrid: Evangelienbuch, glossar, ed. Piper, 1884.
- 47. P: Piers the Plowman (B-text), ed. Skeat. CP.
- 48. Palsg: Palsgrave, Lesclaircissement de langue francoyse, ed. 1852.
- 49. PP: Piers the Plowman, glossary by Skeat, 1885, EETS (81).
- 50. PP. Notes: by Skeat, 1877, EETS (67).
- 51. Prompt.: Promptorium Parvulorum, ed. Way, Camden Soc., 1865.
- 52. Ps.: (after French forms), see Apfelstedt.
- 53. RD: Richardson's English Dictionary, 1867.
- 54. Roland: Chanson de Roland, ed. Gautier, 1881.
- 55. S: Specimens of Early English, Part I, ed. Morris, 1885. CP.
- 56. S2: Specimens of Early English, Part II, ed. Morris and Skeat, 1873. CP.
- 57. S3: Specimens of English Literature, ed. Skeat, 1879. CP.
- 58. SB: Sinonoma Bartholomei, 14th Cent. Glossary, ed. Mowat, 1882. CP.
- 59. Schmid: Gesetze der Angelsachsen (glossar), 1858.
- 60. SD: Stratmann, Dict. of the Old English Language, 1878.

- 40. MD: Mätzner, altenglisches Wörter- | 61. Sh.: Shakespeare Lexicon, by Schmidt, 1875.
 - 62. Sievers: Grammar of Old English, ed. A. S. Cook, 1885.
 - 63. SkD: Skeat, Etymological Dict. of Eng. Lang., 1884. CP.
 - 64. Skeat, English Words in Norman-French, 1882, Phil. Soc.
 - 65. Skeat, Mœso-gothic Glossary, 1868.
 - 66. SPD: Smythe Palmer, Dictionary of Folk-Etymology, 1882.
 - 67. Spenser: Faery Queene, glossaries to Books I and II, 1887. CP.
 - 68. Sweet: AS. Reader, 1884. CP.
 - 69. Tatian: Evangelienbuch, ed. Sievers, 1872.
 - 70. TG: Trench, Select Glossary, 1879.
 - 71. Trevisa: version of Higden, Rolls' Series (41).
 - 72. Voc.: Wright's Vocabularies, ed. Wülcker, 1884.
 - 73. VP: Vespasian Psalter, as printed in OET., see 45.
 - 74. Vulg.: the Vulgate Version of the Bible.
 - 75. W: Wycliffe, New Testament (Purvey's revision), ed. Skeat, 1879. CP.
 - 76. W2: Wycliffe, Job, Psalms, &c. (revised by Hereford and Purvey), ed. Skeat, 1881. CP.
 - 77. WA: Wars of Alexander, ed. Skeat, 1887, EETS (Extra Series xlvii).
 - 78. Weigand: deutsches Wörterbuch, 1878.
 - 79. Windisch: Glossary added to Old Irish Texts, 1882.
 - 80. WW: Wright, The Bible Word-Book, 1884.
 - 81. ZRP: Zeitschrift für romanische Philologie, ed. Gröber.

ABBREVIATIONS (Languages),

WITH REFERENCES TO AUTHORITIES.

AF: Anglo-French, see 64.

AS: Anglo-Saxon, see 10, 31, 45, 62. Church Lat.: Ecclesiastical Latin, see 24,

74.

Goth.: Gothic, see 23, 65. Gr.: Greek, see 9, 19, 27. Icel.: Icelandic, see 20.

It.: Italian, see 28.

Lat.: Latin.

Late Lat.: Post-classical Latin, of Latin

origin, see 24, 72, 74.

Low Lat.: Latin derived from the later European languages, see 1, 14, 24,

51, 58.

ME.: Middle English.

North.E.: Northern English, see 4, 36.

OF.: Old French, see 3, 6, 17, 18, 22, 24,

30, 48, 54.

OHG.: Old High German, see 37, 46, 69, 78.

OIr.: Old Irish, see 19, 79.

OMerc.: Old Mercian, see 2 (Rushworth

version), 45, 73.

ONorth.: Old Northumbrian, see 2.

OS.: Old Saxon, see 35.

OTeut.: Old Teutonic (as restored by

scholars), see 27, 43.

Sp.: Spanish, see 41.

SYMBOLS.

In the etymological part three stops are used as symbols in connexion with the cognate forms cited, namely the comma, the semi-colon, and the colon. The comma is used to connect various spellings of a word, as well as parallel forms cited from nearly connected languages; for instance, s.v. daunger, the OF. forms are so connected. The semi-colon between two forms denotes that the two forms are phonetically equivalent, and that the preceding one is directly derived from, and is historically connected with the one following this symbol; for instance, s.v. bugle, the OF. bugle is the phonetic equivalent of the Lat. buculum, and is immediately derived therefrom. The colon between two forms denotes that the two forms are phonetically equivalent, and that the form following this symbol is an earlier, more primitive form than the one preceding, without an immediate interborrowing between the languages being asserted; for instance, s.v. demen, the Goth. dômjan is an older form than the AS. déman, but dêman is not borrowed from the Gothic. The abbreviation 'cp.' introduces other cognate forms, and has the same value as the symbol + in Skeat's Dictionaries.

The asterisk * at the beginning of a word denotes a theoretical form, assumed (upon scientific principles) to have formerly existed. The sign = is to be read 'a translation of.' '(n)' after Prompt., Cath. and other authorities refers to foot-notes or other notes citing the form in question.

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A CONCISE

DICTIONARY OF MIDDLE-ENGLISH.

A., prefix (1), adding intensity to the notion of the verb.—AS. d for ar-, OHG ar-, Goth. us- For the quantity of the d see Sievers, 121. Cf. Or.

 \triangle -, prefix (2), standing for \triangle , prep., and for Icel. á; see On- (1).

 \triangle -, prefix (3), standing for **Of**, prep.; see

A-, prefix (4), standing for AS. and-, against, in return, toward.—AS. and-, ond-, on-(proclitic). Cf. On-(2.)

A., prefix (5), standing for At, prep., and Icel. at, used with the infin. See At-(1).

A., prefix (6), standing for AS. ge-; see ₹**9**-.

A., prefix (7), standing for OF. a. and Lat. ad-

A., prefix (8), standing for OF. a- and Lat. ab-

A-, prefix (9), standing for AF. a, OF. e-, es- from Lat. ex-, e-.

A., prefix (10), standing for AF. an., OF. en- from Lat. in-. See In-.

A-, prefix (11), standing for Gr. d. privative.

A. interj. O! Ah! expressing surprise, pain, S, MD.

A. prep. on, in, PP, S, S2, C2; see On.

A-bac, adv. backwards, S, W2; abec, S; abak, C2, W; obak, S2.—AS. on-bæc. (**A-** 2.)

Abasshen, v. to abash, S3; abasshed, pp. abashed, ashamed, alarmed, C3, PP; abashed, S2; abasshid, S3; abasched, PP; abaisshed, PP; abaischid, W; abaischt, S2; abaissed, PP; abaist, S3; abayste, S2, C2.—OF. esbahiss- stem of pr. p. of esbahir, to astonish; Lat. ex + badire for badare, to open the mouth.

- Abate, v. to beat down, bring down, calm | A-biding, sb. expectation, W2.

A-BIDING.

down, P, NED .- AF. abatre (pr. p. abatant); Late Lat. *adbatere. (A-7.)

Abane, v. to put to confusion, to be confounded, NED, HD, JD; abawed, pp. HD; abaued, HD.—OF. *abavir: esbahir (with v in place of lost h, see Brachet, s.v. glaive). (A-9). See Abasshen.

Abaye, sb. barking; phr. at be abaie, at abaye, at bay, S2.—OF. abai, barking, from abaier; cp. F. aboi in phr.: être aux

Abbay, sb. abbey, C2; abbeis, pl., S2.— AF. abbeie (abeie); Church Lat. abbadia, abbātia, from abbātem. See Abbod.

Abbesse, sb. abbess, PP .-- OF. abbesse; Church Lat. abbatissa.

Abbod, so. abbot, MD, S2; abbot, S, PP; abbodes, pl. S2.—Church Lat. abbatem (pronounced abbādem), nom. abbas; Gr. àβ-Bás; Syriac, abba, father.

Abbodesse, sb. abbess, PP.

Abbot-rice, sb. abbacy, S.—AS. abbodrice, the rule of an abbot.

A-B-C. the alphabet, P; aboy, Cath.; abce, Cath. (n.), PP; abcee, Cotg.; abece, Cath. (n.); apece, Prompt.—Cp. OF. abece, the crosse rowe (Cotg.).

Abeah, Abeh; see Abujen.

Abeggen, Abeien; see Abyen.

A-bernen, v. to burn; aberno, pr. s. S.—AS. á-beornan. (A- 1.)

Abhominacioun. sb. abomination. NED, C2.

Abhomynable, adj. abominable, S3, C3.—AF. abhominable; Lat. abominabilem. **A-biden**, v. to abide, remain, await, endure, S, S2, W2; habide, S2; abyde, C2; abid, imp., S, S2; abid, pr. s., S; abit, S, S2, C3; abod, pt. s., S; abood, W2; abide, pt. pl., S2; abididen, W2; abide, pp., G.—AS. á-bidan. (A- 1.)



Abiggen; see Abven.

Abil, adj. able, CM; able, C; hable, S3, MD.—OF. able, hable (mod. F. habile); Lat. habilem.

Abilite, sb. ability, NED; habilitie, S3.—OF. habilité.

Abilzeit, pp. apparelled, S3.—OF. ha-

Abilgement, sb. clothing, S3.—OF. habillement.

Abit. sb. dress, a monk's clothing, habit, PP, CM, HD; abite, W.—AF. abit (habit); Lat. habitum (acc.).

A-biten. v. to bite, S.—AS. á-bítan. (A- I).

Abject, pp. and adj. cast out, NED.

Abjecte, v. to cast aside, S3.

A-blawen, v. to blow, MD; ableow, pt. s., S.—AS. á-bláwan. (A- I.)

A-blenden, v. to blind, MD; ablent, pr. s., S; pl., S; ablende, pt. s., MD; ablend, pp. MD.—AS. á-blendan. (A-1.)

A-bouten, adv. and prep. about, C2, P. MD; abuten, S; abuuten, S; abuton, S; abute, S; aboute, S, G; oboute, MD; obout, S2.—AS. on-bútan (=on-be-útan). (A-2.)

A-bouen, adv. and prep. above, C2, PP, MD; aboue, PP; abufen, S; abuuen, MD; abowen, MD; abone, S3, JD; oboven, MD; obowen, MD; oboune, MD, Phr.: at here aboue, S2.—AS. on + bufan (=be+ufan). (A-2.)

Abregge, v. to abridge, shorten, C; abreggide, pp., W; breggid, W.—OF. abreger, abregier: Prov. abrevjar; Lat. abbreviare. (A-8.)

A-breiden, v. to start up, to draw (sword), to thrust out, to blame, S; abreyden, NED; abraid, pt. s., S; abreyde, C2; abrayde, C; abroden, pp., S; abru-

den, S.—AS. d + bregdan. (A-1.) A-brode, adv. abroad, PP; abrood, C2; abrod, widely apart, PP. (A-2.)

Abusioun, sb. deceit, S2, C3.—OF. abusion (Cotg.).

Abute, Abuton, Abuten; see Abouten.

A-buzen, v. to bow, MD; abuen, MD; abouwen, MD; abowe, NED; abeah, pt. s., MD; abeh, S.—AS. á-bugan. (A-

A-byen, Abye. v. to buy, to pay for, S3, C2, C3, PP; abygge, PP; abiggen, PP; abuggen, S, PP; abeggen, MD, G; Acomplesshen, v. to accomplish

ACOMPLESSHEN.

abeien, S; abie, PP; abuib, pr. s., S; abuged, pr. pl., S; abouhte, pt. s., S; aboughte, G; abought, pp. C3.—AS. ábycgan. (A-1.)

Abyme, sb. abyss, S2, HD.—OF. abime, abisme; Low Lat. *abyssimum, superl. of Lat. abyssus; Gr. άβυσσος, bottomless. (A- II.)

Ac, conj. but, S, S2, P; acc, S; ah, S, S2; ak, S2, PP; hac, S; ach, MD; auh, MD, S; auch, MD; oc, S; occ, S.—AS.

ACC-; see Ac-.

Accident, sb. accident (a term of the schoolmen), C3.—Lat. accidentem.

Accidie, sb. sloth, indolence, S, CM, PP.—AF. accidie (NED); Low Lat. accidia, acedia; Gr. ἀκηδία, heedlessness, torpor. (A- 11.)

A-cennen, v. to bring forth, to beget, MD; accenned, pp. MD; accenned, S; akenned, MD; akennet, S; acende (for acend), S.-AS. á-cennan. (A- 1.)

A-cennende, sb. begetting, birth, S.

A-cenneng, sb. birth, S.

A-chape. v. to escape, NED; achaped, pt. s., S2.—OF. achaper; cf. AF. ascaper. (A- 9.) Cf. Eschapen, Ascapie.

Achate, v. to purchase, NED.—OF. achater (F. acheter), acater; Late Lat. accaptare.

Achate, sb. purchase, provisions purchased, NED, C; achat, HD; acate, NED; acates, pl., HD.—OF. achat, AF. acate. See above.

Achatour, sb. a purchaser of provisions, purveyor, C, NED, HD; acatour, NED.-AF. achatour, acatour; Late Lat. accapta-

Ache, sb. pain, Prompt.; eche, MD; hache, HD.—AS. ece (ece). See Aken.

Ache, sb. wild celery, parsley, NED, Voc.—OF. ache; Lat. apium; Gr. aπιον.

Achesoun, sb. oceasion, motive, HD, MD, NED. - OF. achoison, acoison; Lat. occasionem. Cf. Anchesoun, Enchesoun,

Achtande. ord. eighth, S2, NED.—Icel. áttandi; ep. OHG. ahtande. Cf. Eighte (ord.).

A-colien, v. to wax cold; acolede, pt. s., S; acoled, pp., S.—AS. á-cólian. (A-I.) Acombren, v. to encumber, PP; acum-

brid, pp., S2.—OF. encombrer. (A- 10.)

NED; accomplice, C; accompliced, pp., NED .- AF. acomplir (acomplice, pr. s. subj.); Late Lat. accomplere; see Brachet.

Acord, sb. accord, agreement, MD; accord, S2; scorde, S.—AF. acord.

Acordaunce, sb. agreement, PP.

Acorden. v. to reconcile, to agree, MD. S2, P; according, pr. p., S3; accorded, pp., S2; pt. s., S3.-OF. acorder; Late Lat. accordare, from Lat. ad + cord-, stem of *cor*, heart. (\triangle -7.)

Acorse: see Acursien.

Acounte, v. to count, to calculate, NED, C2, PP; acompte, NED, PP; accompted, pp., S3.—AF. acounter, OF. acunter, aconter; Late Lat. accomptare; Lat. ad + computare. (A-7.)

Acounte, sb. account, reckoning, PP; acompte, PP; accompt, S3; accomptes, pl., S3.—AF. acounte, acunte.

Acoupen, v. to accuse, NED, HD; acoupede, pt. s., NED, PP; acopede, NED; acoulped, NED; acouped, pp., S2.—OF. acouper, acolper, for encouper, encolper; Lat. inculpare. (A-10.)

Acoyen, v. to quiet, coax, tame, NED, Palsg.; acoyed, pt. s., S2.—OF. acoyer, to calm; Lat. ad + quietare. (A-7.)

Acumbrid : see Acombren

A-cursien, v. to curse, NED; acursi, S, NED; acorse, PP; acorsed, pp. MD. (A- I.)

Acustumaunce, sb. customary use, NED, C2.—OF. acostumance. (A-7.)

Acwenchen: see Aquenchen.

Adamant, sb. adamant, very hard metal, a fabulous rock or mineral, the diamond, the loadstone or magnet, NED; precious stone, Prompt.; ademaunt, C; adamounde, Prompt. (n.); admont, NED; athamant, NED; athamante, C; atte-. mant, NED; aymont, NED.—AF. adamant (aimant); Lat. adamantem; Gr. 48áμας (-αντα), lit invincible, untamable, from a-+ δαμάω, I tame. (A-11.)

Adaunten, v. to subdue, NED; adauntede, pt. s., S2.—OF. adanter, adonter; Lat. ad + domitare, to tame. (A-7.)

A-dawe, out of life, NED, HD.-AS. of dagum, from days. (A-3.)

A-dawen, v. to rise from sleep, also, to arouse, NED; adawed, pp. S3.—Cp. MHG. er-tagen, to dawn. (A-I.)

A-day, adv. at morn, by day, S2, P; adai, S. (A-2.)

A-dilizen, v. to be lost, to perish, S; adilizede, pt. s., S; adiligde, S.—AS. ádiligan, to destroy. (A-1.)

A-dizten. v. to appoint, order, prepare, compose, clothe, treat, MD, S; adyst, pp., MD; adight, G; adyght, MD, HD. (A-I.)

Adlen, v. to earn, MD; addle, Manip., MED; addledd, pp., S.—Icel. ööla, refl. öbla-sk, to acquire for oneself property, from boal, property, patrimony, from *apal, race, see Fick, 7. 14; cp. OHG. uodil, 'praedium' (Tatian). See Athel.

Admirald. sb. a Saracen commander, S: see Amirail.

Admod, adj. humble, gentle, S; sedmod, MD; edmod, MD.—AS. éadmód, éaomód. See Eth.

Admoded pp. as adj. lowly; see Eadmodien.

Admodie, adj. pl. humble, MD; edmodi, MD.

Admodliche, adv. humbly, gently, MD; sedmodlis, S.—AS. éadmódlice.

Admodnesse, sb. humility, gentleness, MD, S; edmodnesse, S; seddmodnesse, S.—AS, éadmódnes.

A-do, sb. fuss, trouble, difficulty, S₃, Prompt., WW; = to do, PP, WW; adoe, ND, (A-5.)

A-doun, adv. down, S, S2, C2, C3, G; adun, S; adune, S.—AS. of dune, off the hill. (A-3.)

A-drad, pp. frightened, put in dread, NED, S2, G, C, PP; adred, S; adrede, NED.—AS. of-drad (A- 3). Cf. Of-dre-

A-drawen, v. to draw out, S2; adroh, pt. s., NED; adrou, NED; adrage, pp. NED. (A-1.)

A-dreden, v. to fear greatly, S, NED; adrade, reflex., S.—OMerc. and-drædan (Rushw.); see NED. (A-4.)

A-drenchen. v. to drown, to be drowned, MD, S, PP; adreynten, pt. pl., PP; adreynt, pp. drenched, PP; adreint, MD; adrent, S, PP; adreynched, PP.—AS. ádrencan. (A-I.)

Adressen, v. to make straight, to direct, NED, H.—OF. adressier, adrecier Late Lat. addrictiare, from Lat. directum, straight. (A-7.)

A-drinken, v. to be drowned, MD, S; adrone, pt. s., MD; adronken, pl., MD; adrunken, pp., MD. - AS. a-drincan. (A- I.)

A-drye, v. to endure, bear, HD; adri-3en, S (19. 1047), MD.—AS. d-dréogan. (A-1.)

A-dun, adv. down, S; see Adoun.

A-dunien, v. to din; adunest, 2 pr. s., adenyd, pp. MD. (A-I.)

Adun-ward, adv. downward, NED; adonward, S2.

Adversarie, sb. adversary, C3.—OF. adversarie; Lat. adversarius.

Advertence, sb. mental attention, C3.

Late Lat. advertentia.

Advocat, sb. advocate, intercessor, C3; vokate, PP; vokyte, causidicus, Voc.; vokettus, pl. PP.—OF. advocat; Lat. aduocatum (acc.).

Æ, sb. law, MD.—AS. &w (&), law, divine law, the Mosaic law, marriage; Goth. aiws, an age, eternity; cp. OHG. &wa, the law of God, eternity (Otfrid). Cf. **Æ-nez**, **Eu-bruche**, **Eche**.

Ædmod, adj. humble, gentle, MD; see Admod.

Edmodliz, adv. humbly, S; see Admodliche.

Ædmodnisse, sb. humility, MD; sedd-modnesse, S; see Admodnesse.

Ehte, num. eight, MD; see Eighte.
Ehtene, num. eighteen, S; see Eightene

Æoure, pron. your, S; see 3oure.

Erd, sb. native land, home, S; see Erd.
Erfeo-telle, adj. difficult to count, S.
See Arfeo.

Ernde, sb. errand, MD; see Erende. Ernd-race, sb. messenger, S; Ernd-raches, pl., S.—AS. &rend-raca.

Ernen, v. to run, S; see **Bennen**.

E-uez, adj. pious, fast in the law, S.—AS. &-fest. See **E**.

Afaiten, v. to affect, to prepare, array, dress, to train, tame, subdue, NED, PP; affaiten, P; fayten, S2, PP; faiten, PP.—OF. afaiter, afeiter; Lat. affectare, freq. of afficere; ad + facere. (A-7.)

A-fallen, v. to fall, MD; anallen, MD; afeol, pt. s., MD; afallen, pp., MD.

-AS. á-feallan. (A-1.)

A-fallen, v. to fell, NED; afal, imp., S; aual, S.

A-felde, adv. a-field, to the field, PP. (A-2).

A-fellen, v. to fell, NED; auellen, MD.—AS. á-fellan, á-fyllan. (A-1.)

A-fer, adv. afar, W, W2; afeer, NED; of feor, S (s.v. feor). (A-3.) Cf. A-ferre.

Afere, sb., affair, bustle, appearance, demeanour, S2, NED; effere, S2; effeir, S2, S3; effer, S2; afferes, pl., PP.—OF. afere=a+fere; Lat. facere, to do. (A-7.)
A-feren, v. to frighten, terrify, S, PP; afferen, MD; affeare, 2 pr. s. subj., S; afered, pp. afraid, S, C, P; aferd, S, C, P, W2; afeerd, W; affert, PP; aferde, S3, P, W; afferde, S3.—AS. d-færan. (A-

A-ferre, adv. afar, Prompt.; oferrum, S2; onferrum, S2; onferre, NED; onferr, NED. (A-2). Cf. Afer.

Aff-; see Af-.

Affamysit, pp. famished, S3, NED. Cp. OF. afamer; Late Lat. affamare.

Affectuosly, adv. passionately, HD, NED.

Affectuouse, adj. hearty, affectionate, NED, H; affectuse, NED.—Lat. affectuses.

Affray, sb. terror, S3, C2, C3. Cf. Effray.

Affrayen, v. to frighten, C2; affrayed, pp. S2, C, C3, W; see Afrayen.

Afile, v. to file down, NED; affyle, C. —OF. afiler.

A-flemen, v. to drive away, MD; a-ulem, imp. s., S.—AS. á-fléman (á-flýman).

Afolen, v. to befool; afoled, pp., S; afoild, NED, HD.—OF. afoler (Bartsch); Low Lat. *adfolare, to make foolish. (A-7.)

A-fon, v. to receive, S; **atech**, imp., S; **avop**, pr. pl., S; **auenge**, pt. pl., S₂.—AS. d-fón, on-fón (for ond-fón), see Sievers, 198, 5. 1. (A-4.) Cf. Onfon.

Aforce, v. to force, constrain, NED, H; afforce, H; aforsed, pt. pl., H.—OF. aforcer, efforcer, esforcier; Late Lat. exfortiare, from Lat. fortis, strong. (A-9.)

A-fore, adv., prep., before, PP, WW; affore, PP; afor, PP; afor, PP; afor, PP; aforn, NED.—AS. on-foran. (A-2.)

A-forthen, v. to further, promote, to achieve, to manage to do, to manage to give, to afford; P, NED, SkD, HD; a-forde, NED.—AS. ge+fortian. (A-6.)

A-fote, adv. on foot, PP; afoote, S3, W; anote, S2. (A-2.)

Afrayen, v. to disturb from peace and quiet, to frighten, NED; affraye, C2 (E.

455); afreyd, pp. alarmed, afraid, NED; | Lat. aggreuiare, from *greuis for Lat. graaffrayed, W, S2, C, C3; affrayd, S3; affrayt, S3; frayd, S3, fraid, S3.—AF. afrayer, effrayer, OF. esfreer: Prov. esfredar; Low Lat. ex-fridare, from fridum; cp. OS. friou, peace. (A-9.) See Affrayen.

A-fright, pp. terrified, C; afrist, NED, HD; afryste, HD.—AS. d-fyrht, d-fyrht-(**A**- 1,)

After, prep. and adv. after, according to, S, HD, S2, C3; efter, S, S2; eftir, S3; eafter, MD; aftir, S2.—Æf-ter is a comp. form, see SkD.

After-clap, sb. an evil consequence or result, HD; after-clappys, pl., MD.

After-del, sb. disadvantage, MD; after-dele, HD.

A-fure. adv. on fire, S2; auere, S2; aftere, W2. (A-2.)

Afyngred; see Ahungerd.

A-gasten, v. to terrify, MD, PP; agesten, S; agaste, pt. s., C2, C; agast, pp., PP, S2, S3, C2, C3, G; agased, S3; agaste, pl., S2, W.—AS. d+gestan, to frighten. (A-1.)

A-gen. prep. and adv. towards, back, again, S; see A-3ein.

Agenes, prep. against, S; see Azeines. Agenst. prep. against, NED; see A-3einst.

Agenst-Christ, sb. Antichrist, S3. **A-gessen.** v. to reckon, calculate, S.

Aghe, sb. awe, H; agh, NED; see

Aghe-ful. adj. awful, H; aghful, H. A-gon, v. to obtain, PP.—AS. of-gangan, to require. (A-3.)

A-gon. pp. and adv. gone away, ago, S2, C3; agoon, C2, C3; agone, S3; agoo, PP; ago, C2.—AS. a-gán, pp. of á-gán, to go forth. (▲- 1.)

A-graythen, v. to make ready, to dress, NED; agreped, pp., S2; agrayped NED.-From Icel. greiba: Goth. ga-raidjan. (A-I.)

A-graythinge, sb. apparel, S2, NED. Agreable, adj. pleasant, NED; aggreable, favourable, S3. — AF. agreable. (**A**- 7.)

A-gref, in grief, NED; agrief, C; ogrefe, NED. Phr.: takes not agreve, takes it not unkindly, NED. (A-2.)

Agreggen, v. to make heavy, to be heavy, to aggravate, HD; agreggid, pp., W2.—OF. agregier: Prov. agreujar; Late Aketoun, sb. a jacket of quilted cotton

uis. (**A-** 7.)

Agrenen. v. to bear heavily on, to rieve, oppress, HD; agreued, pp., C2, PP.—OF. agrever; Lat. aggrauare; ad+ grauare, from grauis. (A-7.)

Agrimony, sb. agrimony, Prompt.; agremoine, Voc.; egrimony, Prompt.; egremoin, C3; egremounde, NED; ogremoyne, Voc.—Lat. agrimonia; Gr. άγρεμώνη; cp. F. aigremoine.

A-grisen, v. to be horrified, to terrify, to loathe, HD, MD, S; agryse, S2, C3.-AS. á-grísan. (**A-** 1.)

A-grounde, on the ground, S2, PP; on this earth, PP. (A-2.)

Agte, sb. possession, S; see Auhte. A-gulten, v. to sin, to offend, MD, PP,

S; agilten, MD; agelten, MD; agulten, S; agulte, pt. s., PP; agult, pp., S; agilt, HD, PP.—AS. d-gyltan. (A- I.)

Ah, conj. but, S, S2; see Ac.

A-honge, pp. hanged up, S. (A-1.)

Aht. adj. worthy, valiant, NED: see Auht.

Ahte, sb. possession, S2; ahhte, S; see Auhte.

Ahtlice, adv. valiantly, NED; ohtliche, NED. See Auht.

A-hungerd, pp. a-hungered, PP, S3; ahungred, NED; afyngred, PP.—AS. of-hyngred. (A-3.) See Of-hungred.

Aihte, sb. property, S; ayhte, S; see

Air, sb. air, S2; aire, NED; see Eyre. Airtis, sb. pl. quarters of the sky, S3; see

Aisille, sb. vinegar, S; eisil, MD; eisel, MD; eyselle, MD; esylle, Prompt.; aselle, MD; eysell, Sh.; aysel, H.—OF. aisil (eisil), also, aisi, Ps. 68. 21 (Metz); Late Lat. acitum (cp. OF. azet); Lat. acētum; see Schuchardt, Vokalismus, i. 294.

Aisliche, adv. timorously, S3; see Eisliche.

Ak. conj. but, S2, PP; see Ac.

A-kelen. v. to make cold, to grow cold, S, MD.—AS. á-célan. (A-I.)

Aken. v. to ake, to throb with pain, C₂, S2, Prompt., NED; eken, MD; saik, NED; oc, pt. s., MD; ok, MD; oke, MD, NED; akide, NED; oken, pt. pl., PP.-AS. acan, pt. bc, pp. acen; cp. Icel. aka, to drive, Lat. agere. Cf. Ache.

toun, HD; acton, NED, HD, JD; hakatone, HD; haqueton, NED; haketon, ND; hacqueton, ND.—OF. auqueton; Sp. alcoton; Arab. al-qutn, the cotton.

A-kneon, on knees, S, NED; aknen, HD; aknewes, HD. (A-2.)

Al, adj., sb., adv. all, MD, S, S2, C2, C3; all, S, S3; hal, S2; alle, dat., S; selle, pl., S; alle, S2; halle, S; calre, gen., S; allre, S; alra, S; alre, S.—AS. eall, all, al.

Al, adv. (with conjunctions); al if, although, NED.

Al, adv. (with subj. mood), although, NED, C, C3; A1 be it, even though it be that, C.

Alabastre, sb. alabaster, W (Mt. 26. 7); alabaustre, S3; alablaster, Sh.—OF. alabastre; Lat. alabastrum (nom. -ter); Gr. άλάβαστρος, άλάβαστος.

A-lang, adv. along, MD; along, MD; olong, MD (A-4). See Endlang.

Alange, adj. tedious, strange, foreign, Prompt.; alenge, HD; see Elenge.

Alarge, v. to enlarge, to give largely, HD; alargid, pp., W, W2.—OF. alargir. (**A-** 7.)

A-last, adv. at last, S₂, NED. (A-5.) Alaun, sb. a large dog used for hunting; alan, NED; alant, NED; alauntz, pl., C; allaundes, NED. — OF. alan (allan in Cotg.); It. alano (Florio); Low Lat. alanus. Alay, sb. alloy, PP; alayes, pl., C2.-AF. alay.

Alayen, v. to mix metals, to alloy, NED, PP; alayed, pp., PP.—AF. alayer, aleyer (F. aloyer); Lat. alligare, to bind. (**A-** 7.)

Albe. sb. a vestment worn by priests, and by some kings; NED.—Church Lat. alba, an alb; Lat. alba (vestis), a white garment.

Albificacioun. sb. the process of making white (in alchemy), C3.—Late Lat. albificationem.

Alblastrye, sb. the use of cross-bows, S3. See Arblaste.

Ald, adj. old, S, S2; alder, comp., MD; aldreste, superl., S; see Old.

Al-day, adv. always, continually, C2,

Alde-like, adv. with solemn, venerable mien, S.

chief, MD, PP; aldren, pl., S; selderen, cian of the 9th cent.

worn under the mail, a jacket of leather S; elderne, S2; ealdren, MD; ealdrene, plated with mail, NED, Voc., C2; ackegen., S.—AS. ealdor (aldor). See Ald.

Alder, gen. pl. of all, C2, H; see Alre. Alder-best, adj. best of all, H; see Alrebest.

Alder-first, adj. first of all, C2; see Alrefyrst.

Alder-mon, sb. a prince, also, the principal officer in the shire, MD, Voc.; elidernemanness, gen., S; aldermen, pl., PP. AS. ealdormann.

Aldire-, gen. pl. of all, H; see Alre-. Aldire-mast, adj. most of all, H; see Alremest.

Ale, sb. ale, S2, C2; ale-house, S2; an ale-drinking, NED. Comb.: ale-stake, a stake before an alehouse as a sign, C, C3, NED.—AS. ealu, alu; OTeut. stem *alut-. Cf. **Male**.

A-leggen, v. to lay down, to lay aside, to put down, confute, S, NED (allay1).— AS. á-lecgan. (A- 1.)

Alemaunde, sb. almond, NED, W2; almaundes, pl., NED; almoundes, NED. -OF. alemande, alemandre, alemandle (cp. Sp. almendra); Late Lat. amendola (cp. Pg. amendoa); Lat. amygdala; Gr. άμυγδάλη.

Alemaunde-tre. sb. almond-tree, W2. Alembyk, sb. a retort (used in alchemy), C3; alambic, NED; limbeck, ND, Sh.; lymbecke, (Minsheu).—OF. alambic, Sp. alambique (Minsheu); Arab. al-anbiq; Gr. $\tilde{a}\mu\beta \tilde{\iota}\kappa$ -. stem of $\tilde{a}\mu\beta \iota \xi$, a cup.

A-lemen, v. to illumine, S; alimen, S; alcomen, S.—AS. á + léoman. (A-I.)

A-lesednesse, sb. redemption, MD. **A-lesen**, v. to loose, deliver, S; alesde, pt. s., S; alesed, pp., S, HD.—AS. á-lésan, álýsan. (A-I.)

A-lesendnesse, sb. redemption, MD. A-lesnesse, sb. redemption, S, MD.— AS. á-lésnis.

Al-gate, adv. every way, always, in any case, NED, S3, C, C2, C3; allegate, S; algates, S2, C2, C3; algatis, W.—Cp. Icel. alla götu, every way.

Algorisme. sb. the Arabic or decimal system of numeration, arithmetic, NED; algrim, MD; augrim, S. Phr.: cipher in algorisme, the figure o, a mere cipher, NED.—OF. algorisme (augorime); Low Lat. algorismus (cp. Span. guarismo, arithmetic, Minsheu); from Arab. al-Khowa-Alder, sb. elder, ancestor, also, prince, razmi, the surname of an Arab mathematialhalowes, NED; halalwes, S2.

Al-halowen day, sb. All Saints' Day, NED.—AS. ealra halgena dæg.

Aliance, sb. alliance, NED; alliaunce, C2.—AF. aliance.

A-liche, adv. alike, PP, NED.—AS. ge-lice. (A-6.) See Hiche.

Alie, sb. ally, relative, PP; allye, C2.

Alien. v. to combine, unite, ally, NED; allyed, pp., C2.—OF. alier; Lat. alligare.

A-liri, adv. across (said of the legs), P; alyry, PP.—AS. on + lira, the fleshy part of the leg (Voc.). (A-2.)

A-lizten, v. to alight, get lightly down from a horse, to descend, also, to lighten, MD; alyghte, C2; alyghte, pt. s., PP; alyste, PP; alihte, MD; aliste, S; alyhte, S2; ali3t, pp., S2.—AS. d-lihtan.

A-lizten, v. to enlighten, illuminate, to light (a fire), NED.—AS. on-lihtan. (A- 2.)

A-liztnen, v. to enlighten, NED; alichtyn, S3; alyctnyng, pr. p., S3. (A-I.)

Al-kaly, sb. alkali, C3.—Arab. al-qalīy, calcined ashes; from qalay, to roast in a

Alkamistre, sô. alchemist, C3, NED. OF. alkemiste.

Al-kamye. sb. medieval chemistry, PP. -OF. alcamie, alquimie; Sp. alquimia; Arab. al-kīmīā; Late Gr. χημία, of doubtful origin, prob. from χυμεία, pouring.

Al-karon. sb. the Koran, S2.—OF. alcoran; Ar. al-qorān, the reading, from qara'a, to read aloud.

Al-katran, sb. the resin of fir trees pitch, also, bitumen, NED, S2.—OF. alketran; Sp. alquitran; Ar. al-qatran, from gatara, to drop.

Al-kin, adj. of every kind, MED, PP; alkyn, S2, PP; alkynnes, PP; alle kynez, S2.—AS. alles cynnes, gen.

Al-kynd. adj. of every kind, S3.

All-; see **Al-**.

Allunge, adv. altogether, S, MD; allynge, MD; allinge, MED. -AS. callunga, eallunge.

Allure. sb. a place to walk in, a gallery, a walk by the parapets of a castle, a cloister, S3; alure, Prompt., NED.—OF. alure (now allure), walk, going, a gallery, also, aleure (=Low Lat. *alatura), from aler, to go (F. aller).

Al-halowen, sb. pl. all saints, NED; Almain, adj. German, NED; Al-halowes, NED; halalwes, S2. S3.—OF. aleman (F. allemand.)

> Almain, sb. a kind of dance, NED; almond, NED. Comb.: almain-lean, ND; almond-leape, Cotg. (s. v. saut).

Almaine. sb. Germany, H; Almayne, NED; Alemaine, S; Almeyne, NED; Almen, NED; Alamanie, S.—OF. Alemaigne; Lat. Allemannia, the country of the Allemanni.

Almes-dede, sb. deed of mercy, S2.

Almesse, sb. alms, charity, S, PP, Prompt, S2, C3; selmess, S; elmesse, MD; almes, S, S2, W; almous, S2; almessis, pl., W.—AS. almysse; Church Lat. *alimosina (cp. OF. almosne); eleemosyma (Tertullian); Gr. έλεημοσύνη, alms, Lu. 12. 33; orig. pity.

Al-mest, adv. almost, S2, C2, W, W2; almeest, W2; almost, PP.

Al-mixt. adj. all-powerful, MD; almight, NED, G.—AS. ælmiht.

Al-mizti, adj. almighty, NED; almichti, S; allmahhti, S; almy, ty, S2; almihti, S.—AS. almeahtig.

Al-miztin, adj. almighty, NED; almiliton, NED; almilitin, S.

Alne-way; see Alweye.

A-lofte, adv. on high, aloft, PP; aloft, PP; on-lofte, S2, C2; o lofte, NED; o loft, NED.—Icel. á lopt (of motion), á lopti (of position); lopt, air, sky, loft; cp. AS. on på lyft, into the air. (A-2.)

A-londe, on land, in the land, S2, HD; alond, S2.

Al-one, adj., adv. alone, MED. Phr.: hym allane, S2. See One.

A-longen, v. to seem long to, to long. NED; alonged, pp. filled with longing, G, HD; alonget, S2.—AS. of-langian. **(▲- 3**.)

A-long on, prep. on account of, S2, NED.—AS. ge-lang, along. (A-6.) See Ilong.

Al-only, adv. merely, S2; alle only, S2. **A-loofe.** adv. aloof, more nearly to the wind, NED; alofe, S3; aluffe, HD. Probably from Du. loef, in te loef, to windward. (A-2.)

A-losen, v. to praise, PP; alosed, pp. notorious, S2, NED, HD. (A-7.)

Al-out, adv. entirely, NED: all out,

A-louten. v. to bow down, S₃, NED; alowtid, pt. s., PP.—AS. á-lútan. (A- I.) A-low, on the low ground, on earth, ED, PP; alawe, S3; alowe, PP. (A-2.)

Alowable, adj. praiseworthy, PP.

Alcwaunce, sb. praise, PP.

Alowen, v. to praise, commend, to approve of, sanction, to admit (intellectually), S₃, PP; allowen, C₂, G, PP.—OF. alouer; Late Lat. *allaudare; Lat. ad + laudare. (A-7.)

Alowen, v. to assign, bestow, to give an allowance to, NED, Palsg.; allow, Sh.—AF. alower, OF. alouer, aloer; Lat. allocare, to place. (A-7.)

A-loyne, v. to remove far off, NED, HD. AF. aloyner, from loin; Lat. longe. (A-7.)

Aire, gen. pl. of all, used as an intensifying prefix with a superlative, NED (all, see sect. D. II, p. 227), MD (p. 56); allere, H; aller, G, C; alder, C2, H; alther, G, C, W2; aldire-, H.—AS. ealra.

Alre-best, best of all, S2; alderbest, H; altherbest, NED, HD, C; altherbeste, S, HD.

Alre-fyrst, first of all, NED; alther-first, NED, HD; alderfirst, C2, C3.

Alre-mest, most of all, S; aldire-mast, H; althermoost, HD.

Als, adv. and conj. also, as, S, S2, S3, C2; see Also.

Als-as. conj. just as if, S3.

Al-so, adv. and conj. (1) even so, likewise, also, (2), as, MED, PP, S, S3, C3; allswa, S; alswo, MED; alse, S; alse, S, S2, S3, C2; alls, S; ase, S, S2, S3, C2; als, S; ase, S, S2, S3, C2; alswa, S2; alswa, S2; alswa, S2; alswa, S2; alswa, S3; alswa, S2; alswa, S2; alswa, S2; alswa, S2; alswa, S2; alswa, S3; alswa, S3; alswa, S4; alswa, S4; alswa, S4; alswa, S5; alswa, S4; alswa, S

Al solne day, All Souls' Day, NED; alle soule day, S2.—AS. ealra sawlena dag.

Als-tite, adv. as quick, immediately, MED, S2.

Al-suic. adj. all such, S.

Al-swithe, adv. as fast, immediately, MED; alswythe, PP; als-suith, S2; asswithe, S2; asswythe, S2.

Alther-, gen. pl. of all, C, G, W2, PP; see Alre-.

Alther-best, adj. best of all, S, C; see **Alrebest**.

Alther-feblest, adj. feeblest of all, S2. HD.

Alther-first, adj. first of all, HD; see **Alrefyrst**.

Alther-moost, adj. most of all, HD; see Alremest.

Al-to, adv. entirely, S, NED (s.v. all, see C, sect. 15), W, W2, H; all-to, H.

Al-togidere, adv. altogether, G; altegedere, S.

Al-wat, conj., adv. all the while, till, S, MD (s.v. al, p. 57); alwet, MD; alhuet, NED (s.v. all what). See What.

Al-weldand, adj. all-wielding, S2; al-wealdent, S.—AS. al-wealdend.

Al-weye, adv. all along, at all times, perpetually, at any rate, NED; alne-way, S2; alwey, C2, C3, PP; alwais, S2; alleweyes, NED.—AS. calne weg.

Alynen, v. to besmear; alyned, pp., S2.—Lat. allinere. (A-7.)

A-lyue, adv., adj. as pred. alive, C2, S2, PP; onlyue, C2, G; onliue, S.—AS. on life. (A-2.)

Am, 1 pr. s. am, S, C3; sem, S, MD; ham, S; eam, MD; eom, MD.—O.North. am, O.Merc. eam (VP), AS. eom.

A-mad, pp. as adj. distracted, mad, MD, S; amed, MD; amadde, pl. MD.—AS. ge-m&d, pp. of ge-m&dan, to madden; cp. OHG. ga-meit, foolish. (A-6.)

Amaistrien, v. to master, teach, PP; amaistrye, P, HD.—OF. amaistr(i)er; Lat. ad + magistrare. (A-7.)

Amalgame, sb. a soft mass, mixture of metal with mercury, NED; malgam, NED.

—OF. amalgame; Low Lat. amalgama.

Amalgaming, sb. the formation of an amalgam, C₃.

Amang; see Amonge.

A-mansien, v. to curse, to excommunicate, MD; amansi, MD; amansy, MD; amonsi, HD; amansed, pp., S.—Contracted from AS. d-mánsumian, to put out of intimacy, from mánsum, familiar, intimate; pp. d-mánsumod, also ámánsod; see Schmid. (A-1.)

A-mason, v. to amaze, stupefy, NED; amased, pp., C3. (A-1.)

Ambassade, sb. the function of ambassador, an ambassador and suite, NED; embassades, pl., S3.—OF. ambassade, ambaxade; OSp. ambasada, from Low Lat. ambaxia, ambactia, office, employment, from ambactus, vassal, retainer, a Celtic word found in Caesar.

Ambassadrie, sb. ambassadorship, NED; embassadrie, S2, C3.—F. ambassadrie.

AMBASSAGE. Ambassage, sb. embassy, NED; ambassages, pl., S3.

Amblen, v. to move at an easy pace, NED. — OF. ambler; Lat. ambulare, to

Amblere, sb. an ambling horse or mule, C, NED.

Amellen, v. to enamel, MD; ammell, Palsg.; amelled, pp., Palsg.; amelyd, HD; amiled, HD; ameled, NED.—AF. aymeler, OF. esmailler; OHG. smalzjan, to smelt, liquefy; cp. It. smaltare, to enamel (Florio). Cf. En-amelen, Mute.

Amenden, v. to amend, mend, MD, S, S2, C2, W; amended, pp. S2; amendid, W2.—OF. amender; Lat. ē-mendare, from ex + mendum, fault. (A-9.)

Amene, adj. pleasant, S3, NED; ameyn, S3.—OF. amene; Lat. amoenum.

Amerant, sb. amaranth, a fadeless flower, S3.-OF. amarante; Lat. amarantum (acc.); Gr. ἀμάραντος. (A- 11.)

Amercy, v. to amerce, fine, P, NED.-AF. amercier; from OF. estre a merci came estre amercie, then amercier.

Amete. sb. ant, emmet, NED; amte, W2; emete, Voc.; emote, NED; ematte, Voc.; amtis, pl., W2; amptis, NED.— AS. cemete, émete. Cp. OHG. ameisa; from OHG. d, off + meisan, to cut, as if ' the cutter or biter off.'

Ametist. sb. amethyst, NED; ametistus, W (Rev. 21. 20); amatyste, HD; amaste, HD; amasted, MD.-OF. ametiste; Lat. amethystum (acc.); Gr. ἀμέθυσ-70S. (A- 11.)

Amouen, v. to be moved, NED; amoued, pt. s., C2.—OF. esmeuv-, accented stem of esmover; Lat. exmouere. (A-9.)

Ameyn: see Amene.

A-midde, adv. and prep. amid, S2, C2, PP; amidden, S; amydde, PP.—AS. on middan, on middum. (A- 2.)

Amirail, sb. a Saracen ruler or commander, an emir, an admiral, MD; amerel, Prompt.; amyralle, MD; amrayl, HD; admirald, S.—OF. amirail, amiral; cp. Arab. amīr-al-bahr, commander of the sea, amīr-al-mūminīn, commander of the faithful.

A-mis, adv. amiss, C2; amys, G; onmys, NED. (A- 2.)

Amome, sb. an odoriferous plant, amomum, NED; amonye, W, HD. - OF. amome (Cotg.); Lat. amomum; Gr. άμωμον, a name applied to several spice plants.

Amoneste, v. to admonish, warn, HD. -OF. amonester: Late Lat. * admonitare, from Lat. admonitus, pp. of admonere, see Constans. (A-7.)

Amonestement, sb. admonishment, S, HD.—OF. amonestement.

Amonestyng, sb. admonishing, CM.

A-monge, prep. and adv. among, in, at intervals, PP; amange, NED; omang, MD; amang, S, S2; among, S, PP. Phr.: eure among, ever among, every now and then, S; ever and among, NED .- AS. onmang, on-gemang. (A-2.)

A-monges, prep. among, S2, S3, C2, C₃, G, PP.

A-morewe, on the morrow, S2, W; amorwe, HD, PP, S2; amore3e, S; amorze, S (16. 432).— AS. on morgen.

Amountance, sb. amount, NED; mountouns, S2, HD.

Amounten, v. to ascend, rise, amount, mean, S2, C2, PP; amunten, S.—AF. amunter, from Lat. ad + montem. ($\Delta = 7$.)

Ampole, sb. a vessel for holding consecrated oil, or for other sacred uses, NED; ampulles, pl., P; ampolles, S2, PP; hanypeles, PP.-OF. ampole; Lat. ampulla.

Ampre, sb. a tumour, flaw, blemish; amper, HD; ampres, pl., S.—AS. ampre, varix' (Voc.).

Amte: see Amete.

A-murtrin, v. to murder, S; amorthered, pp., MD.—AS. á-myrðrian (Schmid). (A-1.)

Amyable, adj. friendly, lovely, NED; amyabill, S3; amiable, WW.—OF. amiable; Lat, amicabilem.

An, I pr. s. I grant, allow, S; on, pr. s., S. See Unnen.

An, num. and indef. art. one, an, S, S2, PP; see Oon.

An, prep. on, upon, in, PP, S, S2; see

An, conj. and, if, PP, S, S2; see And.

Anchesoun, so. occasion, MD; ancheisun, MD; anchaisun, HD.—AF. anchesoun. See Achesoun.

Ancre. sb. an anchorite, recluse, hermit, a monk, a nun, NED, S, S2; aunore, S2; anker, S2; ancres, pl., P.—AS. ancra, m. * ancre, f.); Church Lat. anachoreta; Gr. ἀναχωρητής.

And, conj. and, also, if, G, S, S2, S3,

and if, MD.

Anefeld. sb. anvil, W2; anefelt, NED. -AS. onfilti (Voc.).

An-ent. prep. and adv. on a level with, among, opposite, towards, in respect of, NED; anont, MD; onont, S; onond, S; anende, MD; anonde, MD; ononde, MD; anendes, MD; anentes, NED; anentis, W, W2; anemptis, MD; anempst, NED; anence, H; anens, H; ynentes, H.—AS. on efen, on efn, on emn, on even ground with.

Anentesch; see Anientise.

Aner-ly, adv. only, alone, S2, NED, JD. **Anete,** sb. the herb dill, Voc., W, NED. -OF. anet; Lat. anethum (Vulg.); Gr. aνηθον, dial. form of aνισον. See Anise.

A-netheren. v. to lower, humiliate, NED; anothered, pp., HD. (A-1.) See Antiferien.

Anew, sb. ring, wreath; anewis, pl., S3; aneus, links of a chain, NED.—OF. aniaus, pl. of anel, ring; Lat. anellus, dim. of anulus, dim. of annus, a circuit, year.

Anew, enough, S3. (A-6.) See Ynow. A-newe, adv. anew, NED. (A- 3.) See Of-newe.

Angel, sb. angel; ongel, S; angles, pl., S; mangles, S; anglene, gen. S.—Lat. angelus. See Engel.

An-gin. sb. beginning, MD; angun. S. NED.

An-ginnen, v. to begin; on gon, pt. s., S.—AS. an- (on-)ginnan.

Angle, sb. a name given to the four astrological 'houses,' NED, S2 .- OF. angle; Latin angulum (acc.).

Angles, sb. pl. the English, the people of 'Angul,' a district of Holstein, S, NED; Englis, S.—AS. Angle, pl.

Angre, sb. affliction, sorrow, wrath, pain, inflammation, NED, S2, PP; angers, S2. -Icel. angr.

Angren, v. to annoy, injure, make angry, NED; angre, PP.—Icel. angra.

Angwisch, sb. anguish, W2; anguyssh, PP; angoise, S, MD; anguise, MD; anguisse, MD.—OF. angoisse, AF. anguisse; Lat. angustia, tightness, from angere, to squeeze.

An-heiz. adv. on high, S2, PP; an hei, S2; an hey, S2; an hi3, W.

An-heten, v. to heat, to become hot; anhet, pr.s. S; anheet, pp. S.-AS. onhætan.

C2; ant, S, S2; an, S, S2; a, MD.—Phr.: | An-hezen, v. to exalt, NED; anhezed, *pp*., S2.

An-hitten, v. to hit against, S, MD.

An-hon, v. to hang (tr.), MD; anhot, pr. pl., S; anhonge, pp., MD.—AS. on-hon. An-hongen, v. tr. and intr. to hang, S, MD; anhonged, pp., MD; anhanged,

Aniente, v. to bring to nought, NED; anyente, PP.—OF. anienter, from a, to + nient; Late Lat. *necentem = nec + entem. (A- 7.)

Anientise, v. to bring to nought, to destroy, NED; anientice, PP; anentisen, CM; anentesch, PP; anyntische, W2; neentishe, NED; annentissched, pp. CM; anyntischid, W2; enentyscht, H; enentist, H.-OF. anientir (variant of anienter), pr. p. anientissant. (A-7.)

Anise, sb. anise, also dill, NED; anys. NED; aneyse, Voc.—OF. anis; Lat. anisum; Gr. avioov. Cf. Anete.

A-niverien, v. to lower, humiliate, MD; answered, pp. MD, HD.—AS. d+niberian. (A- 1.)

Anker, sb. anchor, S.—AS. ancor; Lat. ancora; Gr. άγκυρα.

Anlas, sb. a kind of dagger, anlace, MD,C; anelace, HD; anelas, MD, NED. -Cp. Low Lat. anelacius (Ducange), OWelsh anglas.

An-leth. v. face, countenance, MD, HD, NED; onndlest, MD; onlete, MD.—Icel. andlit (Swed. anlete): AS. and-wlita.

Ann-: see An-.

Annamyllit, pp. enamelled, S3; see Enamelen.

Annuel, adj. yearly; sb. a mass said either daily for a year after, or yearly on the anniversary of a person's death, NED; anuell, S3.—AF. annuel; Late Lat. annualem, for Lat. annalem, from annus, year.

Annueler, sb. a priest who sang an annual, PP, C3, HD.

An-en, adv. at once, instantly, soon, in a short time, S, S2, C3, PP; anan, S, NED; onan, S2; onon, S, S3; anoon, S3, C2, G, W.—AS. on án, into one; on áne, in one (moment).

Anonder: see Anunder.

Anon-ryght, adv. immediately, C3, G; anonrihtes, S; ananriht, S.

An-ouen, adv. above, S, NED; onuuen, NED.—AS. on ufan.

A-nough, adj. (as pred.) enough, CM; anew, S3. (A-6.) See Ynow.

Anoy, sb. discomfort, vexation, trouble, MD, S2, PP; anoye, W2; anui, MD; enuye, S. -OF. anoi: OSp. enoyo: OIt. inodio, from the Lat. phrase est mihi in odio; see Diez. Cf. Moye.

Anoyen, v. to annoy, PP, W2, S2, C2, C3; anoiede, pt. s., W; noyede, W; anoyed, pp. W; anuyed, PP; anuid, MD; anud, S; anuyed, S2; ennuyed, P.— AF. ennuyer. Cf. Moyen.

Answere, sb. answer, MD; ondswere, S; answare, S; onswere, S., andsware, S.—AS. and-swaru.

Answeren, v. to give an answer, S. PP; ondswerien, S; andswarede, pt. s. S; andswerede, S; ontswerede, S; onswerede, S; onswerde, S; answarede, S; answerede, S.—AS. and-swarian.

Ant, conj. and, also, if, S, S2. See And. Antem, sb. anthem, C2; antefne, MD. -AS. antefne; Church Lat. antifona (cp. Prov. antifena, It. antifona); for older antiphona; Gr. αντίφωνα, lit. things sounding in response. Cf. Antiphone.

Anticrist, sb. Antichrist, MD; antecrist, W (I John 4. 3); ancrist, MD; ancryst, Voc.—Church Lat. antichristus (Vulg.); Gr. avtixpiotos.

Antiphone, sb. antiphon, NED: Church Lat. antiphona; see Antom.

Antiphonere, sb. anthem-book, C2; antyphonere, Voc. ; anfenare, Voc. ; amfanere, Voc.—Church Lat. antiphonarius.

Anum, adv. at once, S.—AS. ánum, dat. of an, one. [The MS. has and, put for $an\bar{u}$ (= anum)]. See **Oon.**

An-under, prep. under, S; anonder, S. An-uppe, prep. and adv. upon, MD; onuppe, S.

An-uppon, prep. upon, S, MD; anuppen, S

A-nyghte, adv. by night, C2; ani3t, S; onigt, S. (A-2.)

A-nyghtes, adv. at night, nightly, S₃. Apalled, pp. made pale, NED; apalled, C, C2.—OF. apalir, apallir; Lat.

ad + pallire for pallere. (A-7.) **Aparail**, sb. apparel, PP; apparaille,

C2, PP.

Aparailen, v. to make ready, to fit up, furnish, to dress, attire, PP; apparayleden, pt. pl. S2; aparailed, pp. S; apparailled, P.—OF. apareiller; Late Lat. *adpariculare, to make equal or fit, from Lat. par, equal. (A-7.)

Aparaunce, sb. appearance, NED; apparence, C2.—AF. apparence. (A-7.) Apart, adv. apart, aside, C2; aparte, separately, PP, NED.—OF. a part. (A-7.)

Apart, v. to set aside, separate, NED; aparte, S3 (24. 14).

Apartie, adv. in part, partly, PP, NED. (A- 2.)

Apayen, v. to satisfy, please, to requite, HD, PP; apayd, pp. S3, C2, C3; apayed, C2, W; apaied, W, PP.—OF. apaier (apayer): Prov. apagar; Lat. ad + pacare, from pacem, peace. (A-7.)

Ape. sb. ape, MD, C2, C3, P; fool, HD. Phr.: **pe olde ape**, i.e. the devil, MD; **wyn** of ape (= OF. vin de singe), wine which makes the drinker pleasant, wanton, or boyish, Cotg., MD, HD.—AS. apa.

Apece, sb. the alphabet, Prompt.; see A-B-C.

Apenden, v. to belong, S2, PP; appenden, S2, PP.—OF. ap(p)endre; Lat. ad + pendere. (A-7.)

Aperceyue, v. to perceive, C2, PP; aperceyue, PP.—OF. aperçoiv-, accented stem of aperceveir; Late Lat. appercipere; Lat. ad + percipere. (\triangle - 7.)

Aperceyuinges, sb. pl. observations, C2.

Aperen, v. to appear, S, PP; apeeren, PP; aper, S2; applere, P; apperand, pr. p. S3.—AF. aper-, stem of apert, pr. s. of aparoir; Lat. apparere (ad + parere).

Apert, adj. clever, expert, NED; aspert, S3.—OF. aspert, espert; Lat. expertus. (A-9.) See Expert.

Apert. adj. open, NED, H, HD; adv. C2. Phr.: in to apert (= Lat. in palam), S2.—OF. apert; Lat. apertus, pp. of aperire, a verb with $\bar{a} = ab$, prefix. (A-8.) Aperteliche, adv. openly, S2; apertly,

P, H; appertly, P. **Apertenaunt**, pr. p. appertaining, C2. –ŌF. apertenant.

Apertene, v. to appertain, NED, C3.— OF. apertenir; Lat. ad + pertinere. (A-7.) **Apertinent**, pr. p. appertaining, C2.— Late Lat. adpertinentem.

Apesen, v. to appease, NED, S3 (3b. 1352), C2, C3; appease, S3 (19a. 295).-OF. apeser, from a + pes; Lat. pacem, peace. (A-7.)

Apeyren, v. to harm, diminish, impair, PP. W; apeyre, P. W; appayre, S2, P; apeyred, pp. S2. -OF. ampeirer, empeirer;

Lat. in + peiorare, to make worse, from peior, worse. (A-10.)

Apeyryng, sb. injuring, S2, W; appairing, S3.

A-piken, v. to trim, adom, MD; apiked, pp., C. See OF. piquer (Cotg.).

Aplien, v. to apply, devote one's energies to, NED; apply, S3.—OF. aplier; Lat. applicare.

Apointen, v. to come or bring matters to a point, to agree, arrange, to prepare, equip, NED.—OF. apointer, from a point.

Apointment, sb. agreement, NED; poyntemente, S3.—OF. apointement.

Aposen, v. to question, S2, PP, Prompt.; apposen, C3, PP. Cp. Opposen.

Apostel, sb. apostle, S; appostel, NED; appostel, NED; apostle, W; postlis, pl. NED.—AS. apostol; Church Lat. apostolus (Vulg.); Gr. ἀπόστολος, one sent forth, messenger; cp. AF. apostle (OF. apostre).

Apostil-hed, sb. office of apostle, W. **Apotecarie**, sb. apothecary, C; pote-

Apotecarie, sb. apothecary, C; potetary, NED.—OF. apotecaire; Late Lat. apothecarium (acc.), from apotheca; Gr. ἀποθήκη, storehouse.

Apoyson, v. to poison, PP; apoysoned, pp., PP.—OF. apoisoner, for empoisoner. (A- 10.)

App-; see **Ap-**.

Appairen, v. to injure; appayre, S₂, P; see **Apeyren**.

Appairing, sb. injuring, S3.

Appel, sb. apple, PP; eppel, MD; applis, pl. W2.—AS. appel.

Apple-garnade, sb. pomegranate, S2 (garnade). Cf. Garnet-appille.

Aprentis, sb. apprentice, NED; prentis, S2, PP; aprentys, pl. PP.—OF, aprentis (AF. aprentiz), nom. of aprentif, from aprendre, to learn; Lat. apprehendere = ad + prehendere. (A-7.)

A-quenchen, v. to quench, PP; aowenchen, S; aqueynte, pt. s. S2; aqueynt, PP.—AS. d-cwencan. (A-I.)

Aquerne, sb. squirrel, S, NED; acquerne, S.—AS. dewern (Voc.); cp. Icel. tkorni, G. eichhorn, MDu. éncoren.

Aqueyntaunce, sb. acquaintance, S2, CM, MD.—OF. acointance, AF. aqueyntance. (A-7.)

Aqueynten, v. to become known, MD; aquointe, pp. acquainted, NED; aquente, NED; aquinter, S2.—OF. accinter (accuinter); Late Lat. adcogniture, from Lat. ad + cognitum, pp. of cognoscere. (A-7.)

Ar, prep., conj. and adv. before, S, S2, G, H, P; see Er.

Ar, pr. pl. are, S2, PP; see Aren.

Arace, v. to pull up by the roots, C2, CM; arache, NED.—AF. aracer, OF. esrachier; Lat. e(x)radicare. (A-9.)

Aranye, sb. spider, Prompt.; arain, HD; aranee, HD; eranye, Prompt.; erayne, Prompt.; erayne, Prompt.; erayne, W2; aran, H; irain, NED; arrane, pl., HD; yreyns, W2.—OF. araigne (iraigne); Lat. aranea.

Arate, v. to correct, blame, rate, PP. Probably a variant of Aretten. Cf. OF. aratter = aretter (Godefroy).

Aray, sb. array, PP; array, S2 (19. 393), C2, C.—OF. arei (arroi).

Arayen, v. to array, NED, PP; arayed, pp. W; arrayed, C2, C3.—AF. arayer; OF. areier, areer: It. arredare (Florio);

OF. areter, areer: It. arredare (FIORO); from Lat. ad + Low Lat. *rēdo (OF. rei), preparation, of Teutonic origin. (A-7.)

Arblante. sb. a military engine for

Arblaste, sb. a military engine for throwing missiles, MD, S2; alblast, S2.—OF. arbaleste; Late Lat. arcuballista.

Arblaster, sb. an arblast-man, S2.

Arch, sb. arch, Prompt.; arches, pl. court of Arches, P.—OF. arche (Cotg.).

Arch-, prefix, chief; **erche-**, Church Lat. archi-; Gr. ἀρχι-, ἀρχ-.

Arch-angel, sb. archangel, S, PP; archangles, pl. S.—Church Lat. archangelus; Gr. ἀρχάγγελος.

Arche-biscop, sb. archbishop, S; erchebissop, S2.—AS. arce-biscop (S); Lat. archi-+AS. biscop.

Archer, sb. archer, S2; archeer, C2; harchere, Voc.—AF. archer. See Ark.

Archi-deken, sb. archdeacon, PP; erchedekene, S2.

Archi-flamyn, sb. high-priest, S2.—Church Lat. archiflamen, archbishop (Ducange), from Lat. flamen.

Archi-triclin, sb. the ruler of the feast, S; architriclyn, W.—Church Lat. architriclinus (Vulg.); Gr. ἀρχιτρίκλινος.

Arch-wyfe, sb. a wife who rules; arche-wyues, pl. C2, CM.

Are, sb. honour, reverence, also, grace, clemency, MD, NED, S; ore, S, S2, G, HD; happy augury, MD, S.—AS. dre (dr); cp. OHG. tra, honour (Otfrid).

A-recchen, v. to explain, expound, to speak, NED.—AS. á-reccan. (A-1.)

A-rechen, v. to reach, to strike, to reach in thought, to imagine, to be sufficient,

ræcan. (A- I.)

A-reden. v. to declare, to interpret, NED, W; areede, W.—AS. á-rédan; cp. G. errathen. (A-I.)

A-redy, adj. ready, P, HD, NED;

Are-full. adi. compassionate, MD, S. -AS. ár-full.

Are-les, adj. merciless, MD; oreleas, S; oreles, S.—AS. ár-léas.

Aren. v. to show mercy to, S, MD.—AS, árian.

Aren, pr. pl. are, S, PP; arn, MD, C2, PP; are, MD; ar, MD, S2, PP; ere, MD, S2; er, H.—ONorth. aron.

Arende, sb. errand; HD, PP; see Erende.

Arerage, sb. the state of being in arrear. indebtedness, NED, PP; arrerage, C, PP. -OF. arerage, AF. arrerage.

Arere, adv. to the rear, in the rear, PP; Arrere, PP .- AF. arere; Late Lat. ad retro, backward. (A-7.)

A-reren, v. to raise, build, to arise, to rear, S2, PP; arearen, S; areride, pt. s., W; arerde, S; arerd, S; arerdon, pl., S; arered, pp., S2, W, W2; arerd, S2.—AS. á-ræran: Goth. ur-raisjan. Causal of Arisen. (A-I.)

A-rest, at rest, PP. (A-2.)

Arest, sb. stop, S2; arreest, custody, C. Phr.: spere in arest, in rest, C.—OF. areste, stoppage, AF. arest, act of arresting.

Aresten, v. int. and tr. to stop, cause to stop, NED, C .- AF. arester; Lat. ad+ restare. (A-7.)

Aretten, v. to reckon, count, accuse, NED, W, W2; aretted, pp. C; arettid, W, W2; rettid, W.—AF. aretter, OF. areter; a+reter: OSp. reptar, to challenge (Minsheu); Lat. reputare, to count; cp. Late Lat. reptare (Ducange). (A-7.) Cf. **Betten.**

A-reysen, v. to raise, to arouse, NED; areysed, pt. s., S3; areisid, pp., W. (A- I.)

Areath, sb. cowardice; areathe, dat., S. See Arwe.

Arfeo, adj. difficult, MD; arefeo, S; earfed, MD; arued, NED; erfed, MD.— —AS. earfede; cp. earfede, earfop, labour, toil: Goth. arbaiths.

Argoile. sb. the tartar deposited from

NED, S, S (11. 47), S2, W, PP.—AS. d- | wines, C3, NED; arguyll, NED; argall, Cotg. (s.v. tartre), ND.—AF. argoil.

Arguen. v. to prove, to reason, PP.— OF. arguer; Late Lat. argutare, from Lat. arguere.

Arguere, sb. reasoner, PP.

Argument, sb. proof, clear proof, proof presumptive, NED; argumens, pl., PP.— AF. argument; Lat. argumentum.

Argumenten, v. to argue, C₃, S₂.

A-risen, v. to arise, MD; aryse, PP; aris, imp. s. S; arys, PP; arist, pr. s., S, S2, C3; aros, pt. s., S, PP; aroos, PP; arisen, pp., MD; arise, S2.—AS. á-risan.

A-rist. sb. rising, resurrection, NED; aristes, gen., S; ariste, dat., S.-AS. &rist. (A- 1.)

Arine, v. to arrive, to come to shore. S; aroue, pt. s., NED; ariuede, pl. S2; aryue, pp., S; aryven, NED.—AF. ariver; Late Lat. arribare, arripare, adripare, from Lat. ad + ripa, shore. (A-7.)

Arine, sb. landing, arrival, C, NED.

A-rixlien, v. to rule; arixlye, S. (**A-** I.)

A-rizt, adv. in a right way, straightway, S2; aryght, C2; arists, S; origt, S. (A- 2.)

Ark, sb. an ark, chest, MD; arrke, S; arc, S2.—Lat. arca; cp. OF. arche.

Ark, sb. segment of a circle, C2, MD.— OF. arc; Lat. arcum (acc.), a bow.

Arles. sb. an earnest, NED, JD, HD,-Probably a plural in form from an OF. *erle, *arle; Lat. *arrhula, dim. of arrha, for arrhabo; Gr. ἀρραβών; Heb. 'érábón. Cp. OF. erres, arres: Sp. arras (Minsheu); Lat. arrhas, pl. acc. of arrha. See Ernes.

Arly, adj. and adv. early, S2, H; see

Arm, sb. arm, MD; earmes, pl., S, MD; armes, interj. arms! an oath, by God's arms, S3, NED. Phr.: Gog's arms, S3.-AS. earm: Icel. armr: Goth. arms.

Arm, adj. poor, wretched, MD; serm, MD; erme, dat. S; arme, pl. S; earme, MD.—AS. earm: Icel. armr: Goth. arms.

Armen. v. to arm, C3, PP; i-armed, pp., S.-AF. armer; Lat. armare.

Armes, sb. pl. weapons, coat-armour, MD, P.—AF. armes.

Arm-heorted, adj. tender-hearted, S. -Cp. AS. earm-heort.

Arm-hertnesse, sb. compassion, S.

on of armour, C2.

Armipotent, adj. mighty in arms, C. -Lat. armipotentem.

Armony, sb. harmony, S3.—F. harmonie : Lat. harmonia : Gr. άρμονία.

Armure, sb. armour, weapons, P, C2 C3, G; armoure, C2; armuris, pl., W, W2.—AF. armure (armoure), armeure; Lat. armatura.

Arn, sb. eagle, HD; aryu, H; see

Arnde, pt. s. ran, S; see Rennen.

A-rode. on the rood (the cross), NED, S, S2. (A-2.)

A-rowe, adv. in a row, one after another, S; areawe, S; arewe, NED. (A-2.)

Arr-; see Ar-.

Arr. sb. scar, wound, NED, JD; ar, HD; see Erre.

Arred, pp. scarred, JD.

Areenik, sb. arsenic, C3.—OF. arsenic; Lat. arsenicum; Gr. αρσενικόν, yellow orpiment, orig. the masculine, male, from άρσην, a male.

Arskes. pl. newts, S2; see Ask.

Arsmetike, sb. arithmetic, NED; arsmetrike, C.—OF. arismetique: Prov. arismetica; Lat. arithmetica; Gr. αριθμητική $(\tau \dot{\epsilon} \chi \nu \eta)$, the art of counting.

Arst, adj. and adv. superl. first, G, P; see Erst.

Art, sb. a quarter of the heaven, point of the compass, NED, S3; airt, NED, JD; airth, NED; airtis, pl, S3.—Gael. ard; OIr. aird, top, height, point.

Artou, art thou, S2; artow, S2, C2, C3. See Ert.

Arwe, sb. arrow, NED; arewe, S2; arwes, pl. S2, C2, P; arewis, W2; arowis, W2.—AS. arwe for *arhwe; cp. Goth. arhwazna, arrow, the thing belonging to the bow, from *arhw = Lat. arcus.

Arwe, adj. cowardly, timid, lazy, sluggish, vile, base, Prompt.; are, S; arh, MD; ar, NED; erewe, S; arewe, sb. betrayer, enemy, S, MD.—AS. earg (earh); Icel. argr; cp. OHG. arg (Otfrid).

Arwed. pp. made cowardly, PP.

Arzen, v. to be timid, to frighten, NED. As, sb. unit. a single bit, a jot, ace, NED, C2; ace, S3; ase, PP. Phr.: ambes as, double aces, C2.—OF. as; Lat. as.

Asailen, v. to leap upon, assail, PP; assaile, PP, S; assaile, C2, PP; assailid, HD, JD; aske, NED; asker, HD, JD,

Arminge, sb. the act of arming, putting | pp., PP; assaljeit, S2.—AF. assailir, on of armour, C2. | OF. assair; Late Lat. adsaire. (2-7.)

A-saken, v. to deny, renounce; asoke, pt. s., S.—AS. of-sacan (Schmid). (A- 3.) Cf. Of-saken.

Asant. sb. assault, S2; assaut, C, PP.— OF. asaut. (A-7.)

Ascapie, v. to escape, PP; askapie, PP; ascapen, PP.—OF. escaper (Picard). Cf. Achape.

Ascaunce, conj. as though, C3, NED. Asche, sb. ash, cinis; alsche, W, W2; aske, H; asken, pl., S; axen, S; asshen, C2; asskess, S; asshes, C3; aschis, W2; askes, S2, P; askis, H; askez, S2 -AS. asce (axe): Icel. aska: Goth. azeo.

Ascrien, v. to cry out, NED; escrien, MD.—OF. escrier; Late Lat. ex+quiri-

tare, see Diez.

Ascrive, v. to ascribe, H.—OF. ascrivstem of pr. p. of ascrire: It. ascrivere; Lat. adscribere. (A-7.)

Ascry. sb. outcry, S2.

Asegen, v. to besiege, C.—OF. asegier: It. assediare (Florio). (A-7.)

Aselen. v. to seal up, to set one's seal to, NED; assele, W2; asselen, PP, S2. -OF. anseler, enseler; Late Lat. insigillare, from sigillum, seal. (A- 10.) Cf. Ensele.

A-senchen, v. to cause to sink, S; aseynt, pp., MD. (A-1.)

Asent, sb. assent, S2, PP; assent, C3, PP.—OF. as(s)ent. (\triangle -7.)

Aseth, sb. satisfaction, PP, HD; asseth, W; asethe, Cath., HD; assyth, JD; assetz, PP; asseth, NED, HD.— OF. aset, asset; from Late Lat. ad satis. For the final -t in OF. = ϕ in English, cp. OF. feit with ME. feip, faith. Hence our assets. (▲- 7.)

A-setnesse, sb. appointed order, S.— AS. d-setnis, institute (Schmid).

A-setten, v. to set up, appoint, NED. –AS. á-settan. (♣- 1.)

Asise, sb. decree, edict, judgment, S2; assise, C, G; assises, pl. assizes, PP.— OF. as(s) ise, a sitting down, settlement of imposts, from as(s)is, pp. of as(s)eeir, to sit at, to settle; Lat. assidere. (A-7.)

Asisour, sb. juror, PP; acisoure, PP; sisour, PP; sysour, PP.

Ask-; see Asc-.

Ask, sb. a newt or eft, a lizard, NED,

DG; ankin, pl., NED; arnken, S2.—AS. áðexe: OS. egithassa; cp. OHG. egidehsa (G. eidechse).

Aske, sb. ash, H; askes, pl., S2, P; askis, H; see Asche.

Aske-babie, sb. one who sits among the ashes, S; askebathe, NED.

Aske-fise, so one who blows the ashes, Prompt.; askfist, NED. Cp. Sw. askefis

and G. aschenfister (Grimm).

Asken, v. to ask, S, S2; eskien, MD; aschen, MD; eschen, MD; eschen, MD; esse, MD, S2; ocsien, MD; assien, MD, S2; axien, MD, S2; axen, S, S2, S3, C2, C3, W, W2; escade, pt. s., S; easkede, S; haxede, S; esse, S2.—AS. dscian: OHG. eischn (Otfrid); cp. G. heischen.

A-slaken, v. to diminish, to become slack, C, NED. (A-1.)

A-slawe, pp. slain, S2; aslase, S; a-slasen, S.—AS. á-slagen, pp. of á-sléan, see Sievers, 378. (A-I.)

A-slepe, adv. asleep, S, PP.—AS. on slape. (A-2.)

A-slepid, pp. gone to sleep, W2.

A-sonder, adv. asunder, C, C3.—AS. on sundran. (A-2.)

A-soylen, v. to absolve, to answer (a question), PP, S2; assoile, S3, C3, P, G; asoyly, NED; asoilede, pt. s., S2; asoylede, S2; assoylid, pp, W.—OF. asoiler, assoiler; Late Lat. absoluere (= Lat. absolvere). (A-8.)

Aspaltoun, sb. asphalt, S2.—OF. *aspaltoun; from Late Lat. asphalton; Gr. άσφαλτον.

Aspect, sb. a term in astrology; the relative positions of the heavenly bodies as they appear at a given time, NED, SkD, Sh.; aspectis, pl., S3.—Lat. aspectus. (A-7.)

Aspert, adj. expert, clever, S3; see Apert.

Aspie, sb. spy, W, W2; aspye, C3; aspy, S3.—OF. espie.

Aspien, v. to look after, to watch, S2, S3, W, W2.—OF. espier. See **Espye**. **Aspiere**, sb. spy, W.

A-spillen, v. to destroy, kill, S. (A-1.) Aspiyng, sb. ambush, W.

Aspre, adj. rough, cruel, fierce, NED.

OF. aspre; Lat. asprum, rough, harsh.

Asprely, adv. roughly, fiercely, S3; asperiiohe, NED.

A-squint, adv. obliquely, out at the corner of the eyes, S.

Ass-; see As-.

Assay, sb. trial, experiment, an attempt, attack, tested quality; NED, S2, S3, C2, C3; assate, W.—AF. assati (asat): It. assaggio; Lat. exagium, a weighing, from ex-agere (exigere), to weigh, prove, to drive out the tongue of the balance.

Assayen, v. to examine, to attack, S2, S3, C2, P; assaien, W2; assayen, S3; assaied, pp., W.—AF. assayer (asayer): It. assaggiare.

Assemble, sb. assembly, P.—OF. asemblee.

Assemblen, v. to bring together, to come together, NED; assembled, pp., C3.

OF. asembler; Lat. assimulare.

Assiduel, adj. continual, H; asseduel, H.—OF. assiduel.

Assiduelly, adv. continually, H.

Assoilen, v. to loosen, absolve, explain, PP, S3, C3; see Asoylen.

Assoillyng, sb. absolution, acquittal,

Astate, sb. state, estate, S3; see Estat. A-sterten, v. to start up, to happen, to escape, NED, S2, S3, C3, C; astart, S3; asterted, pt. s., S2, C3. (A-1.)

A-stigen, v. to proceed, ascend, descend, MD; astight, pr. s., S; astah, pt. s., S.—AS. d-stigan. (A-1.)

Astonen, v. to stupefy, amaze, NED; astony, NED, C2; astonyed, pp., W, PP; astoynde, S3.—OF. estoner; Late Lat. *extonare, to stupefy as with a thunderbolt. (A-9.)

Astore, v. to repair, to provide, store, NED; astorede, pt. s., S2; astored, pp., C; astorid, W2.—AF. estorer, OF. estaurer; Lat. instaurare. (A- 10.) Cf. Enstore.

A-strangeled, pp. suffocated, S2. (A-6.) See Strangelyn.

Astronomye, sb. astronomy, PP.—OF. astronomie; Lat. astronomia; Gr. ἀστρονομία.

Astronomyen, sb. astronomer, astrologer, PP; astromyenes, pl. (=Lat. magi), W; astrymyanes, PP.—OF. astronomien.

Asure, sb. azure, NED, C2, C.—OF. asur, azur; Low Lat. lazur (lazulus); Pers. lajward.

Aswagen, v. to assuage, C2, PP.—AF. as(s)uager: Prov. assuaviar; from Lat. suavis. (A-7.)

A-swelten, v. to die, S, NED. (A-1.)

Aswithe, adv. as quickly as possible, S2, PP; asswythe, S2; see Alswithe.

A-swowne, pp. as adv. aswoon, C2; assowe, HD.—AS. ge-swogen, see NED (s.v. aswoon) and SkD (s.v. swoon). (A-6.)

A-syde, adv. aside, C2. (A-2.) **At.**, prefix (1), at; et-; a-.—AS. at-.

At-, prefix (2), from, away; et-.—AS. at- for ob- proclitic form of *ib-, away: Goth. unpa-; ep. Du. ont-, OHG. int- (G. ent-).

At, pron. rel. and conj. that, S2, S3, H, NED; see pat.

At, prep. at, in, with, from, of, amongst, PP, S, S2, C2; et, S; et, S; ed, S; at, used with the infin. mood, S2, NED (vi), H. Comb.:—atte, at the, PP, S, S2, C2; ate, S, S2; ette, S; eter, S; atten, S2, PP; at-after, after, C2; att-alle, in every way, S2; at-foren, before, MD; et-foren, S; at-uore, S2; at-om, at home, S2, PP; at-on, at one, in accord, NED, S; at oon, G (s.v. oon), C2; at-ones, at once, together, PP, C2, C3; attenis, S3; attonys, S3; attones, S3.

Atache, v. to arrest, indict, S2, PP; attache, PP; attache, S3, NED; atachet, pp., S2, PP.—AF. attacher; cp. It. attaccare. (A-7.)

A-take, v. to overtake, catch, C3, HD, NED. *Phr.*: wel atake, well caught, NED. (A I.)

Atamen, v. to cut into, broach, open (a vessel), NED, PP, HD; attamen, HD, Prompt., C2.—OF. atamer: Prov. (en)-tamenar; Lat. attaminare. (A-7.)

Atazir, sb. influence (astrological term), S2, C3. Cp. Sp. atazir; Arab. at-tâthîr, 'al + tâthîr, influence, see Steingass, Arab. Dict., p. 157, and Dozy's Glossary, s. v. atazir.

At-beren, v. to bear away, NED; at-bar, pt. s., HD.—AS. at-beran. (At-2.)

At-breken, v. to break away, escape, NED. (At-2.)

At-bresten. v. to burst away, escape, NED.—AS. at-barstan. (At-2.)

Ate, sb. eating, S. See Eten.

Atel, adj. terrible; atell, NED.—AS. atol; cp. Icel. atall.

Atelich, adj. horrible, S; estelich, S.

—AS. atelic.

Ateliche, adv. horribly, S.—AS. atelice. Atempre, pp. as adj. temperate, H; attempre, C, HD.—OF. atempré; Lat. attemperatus. (A-7.) Atemprely, adv. temperately, H, HD. A-tenden, v. to set on fire, kindle, MD; atend, pr. s., S. (A-2.) Cf. Ontenden.

At-ewen, v. to show, to appear; ate-wede, pt. s., NED; atywede, S; atawed, pp., MD.—AS. at-tawan (at-ywan): Goth. at-augjan, from augo, the eye; cp. OHG. ougen, to show (Otfrid). Cf. Awnen.

Ateynt, pp. convicted, affected with sorrow, PP; atteynt, S3; attaynt, S3.—OF. ateint, pp. of ateindre, to attain; Lat. attingere. (A-7.)

At-fallen, v. to fall away, NED.—AS. at-feallan. (At-2.)

At-fleon, v. to flee away, NED; atflip, pr. s., S.—AS. at-fleon. (At-2.)

At-fore, prep. before, NED; atuore, S2; etforen, S; afore, NED.—AS. atforan. (At-1.) Cf. Afore.

At-gangen, v. to go away, MD; atgo, MD, NED. (At-2.)

Ath, sb. oath, S; see Oth.

Athamant; see Adamant.

Athel, adj. and sb. of good birth, noble, a lord, NED, S, S2; hathel, NED, S2; hathill, NED; hatell, NED.—AS. &bele, ebele: OS. &bili: O. Teut. *apalis, of good family, from *apal, race, family; cp. OHG. adal (Otfrid).

Abeling, sb. a member of a noble family, a noble, a prince of the blood royal, NED; epelyng, S.

A-pestrien, v. to darken, S.—AS. á-péostrian. (A-1.)

A-bet, conj. until that, S. See Oth.

At-holden, v. to withhold, retain, S; athelde, S; ethalden, S; athelden, S; ethalde, S; ethalde, pr. s., S; atheold, pt. s., S; athelden, pp., S.—AS. ob-healdan. (At-2.)

Atiffen, v. to adorn, deck the person, S. —OF. atiffer, cp. atifer (Cotg.) (A- 7.)

Atisen, v. to stir up, urge, entice, NED attyse, HD; attice, NED.—OF. atiser, to kindle (Bartsch); Late Lat. attitiare, from ad +titium (for titio) a brand (Voc.), see Ducange, s.v. atticinari. For the change of the tint soft s as well as into φ see Brachet, s.v. agencer. (A-7.)

Atlien, v. to think, suppose, intend, to direct one's way, to go, MD; attle, MD; attle, S2; etlien, MD; etteleden, pt. pl., S2.—Icel. atla (etla); related to OHG. ahton, to consider.

etlunge, S

At-reden, v. to outdo in counsel, C, NED. (At-2.)

At-rennen, v. to run away, to surpass in running, C, MD; att-rann, pt. s., S; at-ornde, NED. (At-2.)

At-rinen, v. to touch, to befall, NED; att-ryne, MD.—AS. at-hrinan. (At-1.)

At-routen, v. to rush away, escape, S2; at-ruten, NED. From AS. hrutan. (At- 2.)

At-scheoten, v. to shoot away, MD; atschet, pt. s., S; atschote, pp. NED. (At- 2.)

At-stonden, v. to withstand, S; edstonden, S, NED. (At-2.)

At-stonden. v. to remain, to stop, NED, S2; etstonden, NED; atstonde, pp., S. - AS. æt-standan. (At- 1.)

Att-; see At-.

Attame, v. to broach, to cut into, HD, C2; see Atamen.

Atteir: see Atyre.

Atter, sb. poison, venom, esp. of reptiles, NED, S; hatter, NED.—AS. attor, for *átor, átr, (Voc.); cp. OHG. eitar, eittar (Otfrid).

Atter-coppe, sb. spider, NED, S; attercop, HD.—AS. attor-coppa.

Atter-lich, adj. venomous, bitter; atterluche, NED.

Atter-liche, adv. bitterly, NED.

Atter-lothe, sb. an antidote to poison, applied spec. to various plants, NED, Voc., HD.-AS. attor-lábe.

Attern, adj. venomous, cruel, HD, NED; hatterne, NED.— AS. attern, attren. See Atter.

Attice, v. to stir up, NED; see Atlsen. Attour, sb. array, dress, head-dress, HD; atour, NED; aturn, S -OF. atour, aturn, from aturner, atorner; Lat. ad+ ·tornare, to round off.

Attri, adj. venomous, S, HD; attriz, wattri, S2 .- AS. attrig. See Atter.

A-tweyne, in twain, PP. (A-2.) **At-witen**, v. to reproach, twit, S.—AS. et-witan. (At- 1.)

At-witen, v. to depart, NED; atwot, pt. s., MD. (At-2.)

A-two, in two, S2, C2, C3, PP; ato, \$2. (A-2.)

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A-twynne, in two, apart, W, G, PP;

Atlinge, sb. purpose, conjecture, MD; atwinne, C3; atwynny, W; otwinne, S; otwyn, H. (A-2.)

Atyre, sb. equipment, dress, head-dress, PP, Cath.; atir, S2; atteir, S3; atyr, HD.

Atyren, v. to attire, NED; atyred, pp., PP; attred, PP; tyred, S2.—OF. atirer. (A-7.)

Auchtene, num. eighteen, S3; see Eightene.

Aucte. sb. property, S; see **Auhte**.

Auctoritee, sb. authority, C2, C3; autorite, S3; auctorite, C.-AF. autorite, auctorite; Lat. auctoritatem.

Auctour, sb. author, C, C2, HD; auctor, S3; autour, S3, NED.—AF. autour; Lat. auctorem, from augere, to make to grow, to originate.

Augrim. sb. arithmetic, S; see Algor-

Auh, conj. but, S; see Ac.

Auht, adj. worthy, valiant, doughty, NED (s. v. aught); a3t, S2, MD; oht, S; aht, NED; seht, MD.—AS. dwiht (aht). Cf. Ought.

Auhte. sb. possessions, NED; auht, S_2 ; ahte, S_2 ; eahte, MD; ahhte, S; agte, S, S (15. 2090); eihte, MD, S; echte, S; ehte, S; eyhte, S; aihte, S; ayhte, S; aucte, S; aght, S2.—AS. &ht: Goth. aihts. See Owen..

Aul. sb. an awl; aule, NED; owel, S; aules, pl., S.—AS. awel (Voc.); cp. OHG. ala (G. ahle).

Aulf, sb. elf, SkD; auph, SkD; awf. HD; ouphe, Sh.; oaf, SkD.—Icel. alfr. Cf. Elf.

Aumener, sb. an alms-purse, a purse, NED, HD.-OF. aumoniere; Low Lat. * almosinaria (bursa).

Aumoner, sb. almoner, alms-giver, NED; aumonere, S2, NED; aumenere, HD; amner, HD.—OF. aumoner; Church Lat. *almosinarius, from *alimosina. See Almesse.

Aun-; see An-.

Auncel, sb. a kind of balance and weight, NED, S2, PP; auncer, PP; auncere, P, HD.—AF. auncelle for *launcelle; Late Lat. lancella (cp. It. lancella), 'a kind of measure,' (Florio); dim. of Lat. lanx (lancem), a plate, a scale of a balance.

Auncessour, sb. ancestor, NED; ancessour, NED, HD.-AF. ancessur; Lat. antecessorem.

Aunoeter, sb. predecessor, ancestor,

NED, S2, CM; ancestre, NED; auncestre, NED; aunsetters, pl., NED, HD; aunceteres, HD.—AF. auncestre, ancestre; Lat. ante-cessor.

Auncien. adj. old, whilom, ex-; sb. an old man, an elder (title of dignity), a senior member of an Inn of Court, NED; aunclent, S3 (25. 136), HD.—AF. auncien, OF. ancien; Late Lat. antianum (cp. It. ansiano), for ante-anum, from Lat. ante,

Auncre. sb. anchoress, nun, S2; see Ancre.

Aunder. sb. afternoon, HD; see Undern. Aunders-meat. sh. afternoon's collation, Cotg. (s. v. recine), HD. Cp. Goth. undaurni-mats.

Aungel, sb. angel, messenger, W; aunge, HD; aungeles, pl., S2, C3; aungels, W2 (Ps. 90. 11).—AF. angele. Cf. Angel, Engel.

Auntour, sb. chance, adventure, S2; aunter, S3. Comb.: anaunter, for an aunter, in case, S2; see Auenture.

Auntren. v. to adventure, S3, G, PP.-OF. aventurer.

Auntrous, adj. adventurous, C2, PP. **Auter.** sb. altar, S, S2, C, C2, C3, P, W, W2; awter, S3, HD.—OF. auter, alter; Lat. altare.

Autour; see Auctor.

Au- (**Av-**): see **Af-**.

Auailen, v. to avail, PP; auaile, B; ausille, C2, PP, S2; ausyle, PP, Prompt.; awayled, pt. s., S2.—Cp. OF. vail(l)e, from valoir; Lat. ualere.

· Aualen, v. to descend, to lower, MD, S2, S3, B; availl, B; availed, pp., S3.—OF. avaler, from phr. à val; Lat. ad uallem, to the valley. $(\mathbf{A} - 7.)$

Auarous; see Auerous.

Anaunce, v. to advance, NED, S3, C, C3, P; awance, S3; avaunset, pp., S2; auanced, S2.—OF. avancer.

Auauncement, sb. advancement, G; auancement, S2.

Auaunt, adv., and interj. forward, away, NED .- AF. avaunt, OF. avant; Late Lat. ab-ante.

Avaunt. sb. boast, vaunt, C, NED. See Augunten.

Auauntage, sb. superiority, advantage, NED, S₃, C; auantage, S₂, C₃.—AF. avantage, from avant, before.

commend, to boast, NED, W2. — OF. avanter; Lat. ad + Late Lat. vanitare, to boast. (A- 7.)

Avauntour, sb. boaster, C; auaunter, NED.—OF. avanteur. (A-7.)

Auentaille, sb. the moveable front of a helmet, C2, HD.—AF. aventaille, OF. esventail; Late Lat. *exventaculum, airhole. (A-9.)

Auente, v. to get air by opening the aventaille, HD, NED.

Auenture, sb. chance, a chance occurrence, jeopardy, S, S3, C, C3, G, PP; auentur, S2; auntour, S2; aunter, S3, PP; antur, MD; eventour, HD. Comb.: an auenture, lest perchance, PP; on auenture, in case, PP; anaunter, for an aunter, S2; in auenture, PP.—AF. aventure; Lat. aduentura, a thing about to happen. (A-7.)

Auer, sb. property, a beast of burden, HD.—AF. aver (pl. avers); OF. aveir (avoir); Lat. habere, to have.

Auere: see Afure.

Auerous, adj. greedy, H, HD, CM; auerouse, W, W2, PP; auarous, S2, PP, NED.—OF. averus. See Auer.

Auerylle, sb. April, NED; aueril, S2; auerel, PP.—OF. avril; Lat. aprilis, from aperire. See Apert.

A-ulem. imp. s. drive away, S; see Afiemen.

Auoide, v. to empty, to make of no effect, to make void, to remove, to move away, retire, to avoid, NED, W; anoyde, W; auoyd, WW, Sh.; auoided, pp., W, W2.-AF. avoider; OF. esvuidier; es, out + vuidier, to empty. (A-9.)

Avouter, sb. adulterer, W2; avowtere, Prompt.-OF. avoutre, aoutre; Lat. adulterum. For intercalated v see Brachet (s. v. corvée).

Avoutrer, sb. adulterer, HD; auoutreris, pl., W; avowtreris, W2.

Avoutresse. sb. adulteress, W.—OF. avoutresse.

Avoutrie, sb. adultery, PP, CM, W, HD; avoutry, Cath.; avowtrie, NED, W; avowtery, NED; auowtries, pl., W. -OF. avoutrie, aouterie, aulterie; Lat. adulterium.

Auowe, sb. vow, S3, PP, Prompt.; anow, S2, C, C3, G; anou, PP; anowis, pl., W, W2.

Avowen, v. to bind with a vow, NED, Avaunten, v. to speak proudly of, to W (Acts. 23. 14), P.—OF. avoer; Late Lat. advotare, from Lat. uolum; from uouere. (A-7.)

Avowen, v. to call upon or own as defender, patron, or client, to avow, acknowledge, NED, S₃, C₃, PP.—AF. avower, OF. avouer, avoer; Lat. ad-vocare. (A-7.)

Avowry, sb. patronage, a patron saint, NED; vorie, NED.—AF. avouerie, from OF. avoeor; Lat. aduocatorem.

Avoy, interj. exclamation of surprise, fear, remonstrance, NED, C, HD.—OF. avoi.

Auys, sb. opinion, advice, C3; avise, PP.—OF. avis.

Auyse, v. to observe, consider, give advice, S2, C2, C3, H, PP; auisen, PP, S2.

—AF. aviser; Late Lat. advisare. (A-7.)

Auysely, adv. advisedly, H; auisili, W. Auysement, sb. consideration, C2; auisement, S2.

Auysyon, sb. vision, S3; auision, C, S2.—OF. avision (Bartsch).

A-wakenen, v. intrans. to awake, S; awakenin, S; awakened, pp., S.—AS. on-wacnan. (A-2.)

A-wakien, v. intrans. to awake, S; awalk (for awakk?), imp., S3; awoik, pt. s., S3; awoilk (for awoikk?), S3.—AS. awacian (for on-wacian). (A-2.)

Awarien ; see Awerien.

A-way, adv. on way, onward, along, away (from a place), NED; awai, PP; awais, S; awai, S; ewei, S; ewei, S2; owai, S2; awaye, C3, PP; away, interj. away, S2, NED.—AS. awag, on weg. (A-2.)

Awayte, v. to await, watch, S2, S3, PP; awaite, PP; awaitie, NED.—AF. awaitier; OF. aguaitier. (A-7.)

Awayte, sb. a lying in wait, watching, NED, C.—AF. await; OF. aguait.

Away-ward, adv., adj. turned away, wayward, NED, PP awaywarde, passing away, H.

Awe, sb. awe, C, C2; a3e, NED.—Icel. agi (O. Teut. *agon). Cf. E3e.

A-wecchen, v. to arouse out of sleep, NED, HD; aweihte, pt. s., NED; aweihte, HD; aweht, pp., NED.—AS. d-weccan; cp. OHG. ar-wekkan (Tatian): Goth. uswakjan. (A-I.)

A-weden, v. to become mad, S2, NED.

—AS. á-wédan. (A- 1.)

A-wei, interj. ah woe! alas! S.

A-welden, v. to control, S, NED.—AS. gewealdan: (A-6.)

A-wenden, v. to go away, NED.—AS. á-wendan. (A- I.)

A-wenden, v. to change to, NED; a-wente, pt. s., S.—AS. on-wendan. (A-2.)
A-werien, v. to curse, S; awariede, pt. s., S.—AS. d-wergian. (A-1.)

A-wesen, v. to weigh out, NED; a-withst, 2 pr. s., S.—AS. d-wegan. (A- 1.)
A-winnen, v. to win, NED; awynne,

S.—AS. *d-winnan*. (A-1.)

Awke, *adj*. turned the wrong way, sinister, perverse, NED, Prompt.—Icel.

Awke-ward, adv. in the wrong direction, NED; awkwart, S3.

Awnen, v. to show, NED; awwnenn, S.—Related to OHG. ougen, to show (Otfrid); from ougé, eye. See At-ewen.

A-wondrien, v. to be astonished, NED; awondered, pp., S2.—AS. of-wundrian.
(A-3.)

A-wreken, v. to take vengeance, to avenge, NED, S2, P; awreke, pp., S, G, PP; awroke, P.—AS. á-wrecan. (A- 1.)

Axen, sb. ashes, S. Comb.: axe-waddle, an indolent stay-at-home, HD; see Asche.
Axen, v. to ask, S, S2, S3, C2, C3, W,

W2; axien, S2; see Asken.

Axer, sb. asker, W. Phr.: maistirful
axer (=Lat. exactor), W; axere, W2.

Axinge, sb. asking, C3; axyngis, pl., W, W2.

Ay, adv. ever, S, S₂, S₃, C₂, H; ai, S, S₂; a₃₃, S.—Icel. ei. Cf. O.

Ay, sb. egg. G, HD; ayren, l., MD; see Ey.

Ayel, sb. grandfather, forefather, C; ayeles, pl., PP.—OF. aïel, aïol: Pr. aviol; Late Lat. aviolus, dimin. of Lat. auus; see Brachet.

Ayen, prep., adv. against, back, S; see

Ayen-wende, v. to return, S.

Ay-where, adv. everywhere, S2, NED; aywhere, H; aywhore, S2; aiware, S; aihware, SD.—AS. &-g-hw&r. Cf. O-wher.

A-zefen, v. to give, give up, give back, MD, S; a; seuen, MD; a; suen, MD; a; suen, MD; a, seuen, pl., S.

—AS. begifan. (A-1.)

A-zein, prep., adv., conj., opposite to, towards, against, in return for, again, PP, S, S2, G; azeyn, PP, S2; azen, PP, S, S2, G, W, W2; agayn, S2, S3, C2, PP;

C 2

agen, S; ayen, S; ageyn, S, S3, C2, PP; | a)eenbieth, pr. s., S2; a)enboght, pt. s.asain, S; ayeyn, S, C2; asean, S; ason, MD; agon, S; asien, S; aseo, S; ase, S2; aye, S2; igain, S2; opein, MD; ogain, MD.- AS. ongéan, ongeagn, see Sievers, 214, 3. (A-2.)

A-zeines, prep. and conj. against, contrary to, in return for, PP, S; azeynes, PP; agenes, S, S2; agenes, S; agenes, S; atens, S2, W, W2, PP; ageins, PP; aseyns, PP; ayeins, C2; ageyns, S3. C2; agayns, C2, C3, PP; igaines, S2; ogeines, S; oganis, S2; ogaines, S2; ogaynes, S_2 ; onn; seness, S_1 . (A-2.)

A-zeinst, prep. and conj. against, MD; azeynst, PP.

Azen, v. to have, to be obliged, to owe, S: see Owen.

Azen, adj. own, S; see Owen.

Azen. prep., adv. against, back, S; see

Azen-bien, v. to buy back, NED, W2; Azt-sum, adj. eight in all, S2.

S2; a3enbou3t, W, W2.

Azen-biere, sb. redeemer, NED, W. W2.

Azen-biyng, sb. redemption, NED, W. Azen-clepe, v. to recall, W, W2.

Azen-fiztinge, pr. p. fighting against,

Azen-risyng, sb. resurrection, NED.

Azen-seven, v. to say nay, to contradrict, NED; asenseie, W, W2.

Azen-stonden, v. to withstand, NED, W; agenstood, pt. s., W2.

Azen-ward, adv. backward, in reply, over again, NED, W, S3; aseinward, S2; agaynward, S2, C3.

A-zer. in the year, S2. (A-2.)

Azte, num. eight, S2; azt, S2; see Eighte.

В.

Ba, adj. and conj. both, S.—AS. bá, both. Baar. pt. s. bare, carried, C, W; see

Babelen, v. to babble, P.

Babelyng, sh. babbling, S3.

Baber-lipped, adj. having thick lips, P, Prompt.

Babishe, adj. babyish, S₃.

Bacheler, sb. a bachelor, an unmarried man, C, C2; a novice in the church, or arms, young knight, P.—OF. bacheler.

Bachelerie, sb. state of bachelor, CM, MD; bachelrye, company of young men, C2.—OF. bachelerie.

Bacin, sb. basin, cymbal, a light helmet, MD; bacyn, helmet, MD.—OF. bacin.

Bacinet. sb. helmet, MD; bacenett, Prompt.; basnetes, pl., S3.—OF. bacinet. Bacoun, sb. bacon, C, PP; bacon, PP.

-OF. bacon.

Bad, pt. s. prayed, S; see Bidden.

Bad, pt. s. bade, C2; see Beoden. Badde, adj. bad, PP; badder, comp. worse, C2.

Baddeliche, adv. badly, PP, HD.

Bade, pt. s. remained, S3; see Biden.

Bagage, sb. dregs, refuse, S3; baggage, ND.

Baid. pt. pl. remained, S3; see Biden.

Baie, in phr.: to baie, at bay, S2; see Bay.

Baili. sb. stewardship, villicatio, W; bailiye, power of a bailiff, G.-OF. bailie,

Baili, sb. steward, villicus, W; baillif, bailiff, C; bailliues, pl., bailiffs, P; bayllyues, P.—OF. baillif.

Baill, sb. sorrow, S3; see Bale.

Bair. adj. bare, S3; see Bare.

Bairnis, sb. pl. bairns, S3; see Barn.

Baiten, v. to feed, C2, S3; bayte, S2, C3.-Icel beita.

Bak, sb. back, PP, C; cloth for the back, cloak, coarse mantle, C3; bac, S.—AS. bac.

Bak-biten. v. to backbite, slander, P.

Bak-bitere, sb. backbiter, S.

Bak-bitynge, sb. backbiting, P.

Baken, v. to bake, MD; boke, pt. s., MD; book, MD; baken, pp., P; bakenn, S; bake, C, C_2 , P; y-baken, P; y-bake, P.—AS. bacan.

Bakere, sb. baker, MD; bakers, pl., PP. Bakestere, sb. baker, P; baxter, NED, P.--AS. bacestre, woman-baker (also used of men).

Bald; see Bold.

Balde. pt. s. encouraged, S; see Bolden. Bale. sb. sorrow, misfortune, death, S, C3; destruction, S2; baill, S3; bales, pl., evils, torments, H; balys, S3.—AS. bealu.

Bale-drinch, sb. a deadly drink, S.

Bale-ful, adj. baleful, evil, MD.—AS. bealoful.

Bale-fully, adv. miserably; balfully, S2, MD.

Balene, sh. whale, S2, Voc.—Lat. balaena.

Bali, adj. grievous, S, NED.—AS. bealu, baleful: Goth. balws (in compounds).

Balies, sb. pl. bellies, S2, PP; see Bely.
Balke, sb. balk, beam, ridge, MD;
balks, pl. ridges, divisions of land, S3;
balkes, P.—AS. balca.

Balled, adj. bald, C, PP; ballede, S2, PP.

Baly; see Bely.

Ban, sb. bone, S, S2; banes, pl., S2; see Bon.

Band, pt. s. bound, S; see Binden.

Bane, sb. destruction, death, bane, poison, PP, C; bone, PP.—AS. bana, bona.

Banere, sb. banner, S, PP, Prompt.; baner, S2, C, PP.—OF. baniere.

Banere, sb. banner-bearer, NED.—OF. banere; Low Lat. bannator; from bannum, bandum, standard.

Baneur, sb. banner-bearer, S2; see Banyour,

Bank, sb. a bank, tumulus, PP; bonk, S2; bonkis, pl., S3; bonkez, S2.

Bannen, v. to ban, curse, summon, S2, S3, P; to forbid, prohibit severely, P; bonnen, MD; i-banned, pp., S.

Bannyng, sb. cursing, H.

Ban-wort, sb. bone-wort, S3, MD; see Bon.

Banyour, sb. banner-bearer, MD, S2; banyowre, Prompt.; banyer, MD; baneur, S2, NED; baneoure, PP.—AF. baneour, OF. baneor; Low Lat. *bannatorem.

Baptym, sb. baptism, S2, W; baptimys, pl. W.-OF. baptisme.

Bar, pt. s. bare, S, S2, C2; see Beren. Barayn, adj. barren, S3; see Bareyne.

Barbarik, sb. barbarian, W.

Barbarus, sb. barbarian, W.

Barberyns, sb. pl. heathen men, W.

Barbour, sb. barber, C, NED; barboure, Prompt.—AF. barbour, OF. barbeer; Late Lat. barbatorem.

Barbre, adj. barbarous, S2, C3. Bare, sb. bier, S; see Beere.

Bare, sb. a wave, billow, NED, S2 (8 b. 38); bares, pl., NED; bieres, MD; bares, MD.—Icel. bara.

Bare, sb. boar, S2; see Boor.

Bare, adj. bare, simple, single, sheer, S, C; bair, bare, worn alone, S3. Comb.: barnot, barefoot, S.

Bare, sô. the open country, S; naked skin, W.

Barel, sb. barrel, C2.—OF. baril.

Baren, v. to make bare, uncover, S, MD; y-bared, pp., S3.—AS. barian.

Baret, sb. deceit, strife, NED; barrat, confusion, S3.—OF. barat, fraud; cp. Icel. barátta, a contest.

Bareyne, adj. barren, C, C2, PP; bareyn, W2; barayn, S3.—OF. baraigne.

Bare3, sb. a barrow-pig, S; see Barrowe.

Bargane, sb. business, strife, combat, S2; bargayn, bargain, PP; bargeynes, pl., PP.—OF bargaine.

Barly, sb. barley, MD, PP; barlic, S. Barm, sb. bosom, S3, C2; berm, S.—AS. bearm.

Barmkyn, sb. rampart, S3; barnekin, the outermost wall of a castle, HD; barnekynch, MD.

Barmkyn-wall, sb. rampart-wall, S3. Barn, sb. bairn, child, S, S2, H, PP; bern, S; barne, S3, P; bearnes, pl., S; bairnis, S3.—AS. bearn.

Barnage, sb. childhood, S2, MD.

Barnen, v. to burn, S, S2; see Bernen, Brennen.

Barnhede, sb. childhood, H, PP.

Barn-site, sb. sorrow felt for a child, S2, NED.—Icel. barn-sút.

Barn-team, sb. offspring, a family of children, MD; barntem, S2.—AS. bearn-téam.

Baronage, sb. the men, vassals of a feudal chief, S; assembly of barons, S2, C3; barnage, MD.—OF. barnage, Low Lat. baronagium.

Baroun, sb. baron, lord, PP; baronys, pl. PP.—OF. baron, acc. of bers, a man, a male.

Barowe, sb. barrow-pig, MD; bare, S, NED.—AS. bearh.

Barrat, sb. confusion, S3; see Baret.

Barre, sb. bar of a door, C; bar of justice, G, PP; barres, pl., ornament of a girdle, C, PP.—OF. barre.

Bresten

Baselarde, sb. dagger, MD, PP, Prompt.; Baslard, PP.—AF. baselarde. OF. basalart (cp. Low Lat. bassilardus). Probably from Late Lat. badile, a billhook; see NED.

Basnetes, sb. pl., helmets, S3; see Bacinet.

Bataille, sb. battle, S, PP; bataile, PP; batayle, S2, C, PP; batayls, pl. battalions, S3.—OF. bataille.

Bataillen. v. to embattle, fortify, MD; batailed, pt. s, PP; bataylld, pp. embattled, C.—ÖF. bataillier.

Baten, v. to bate, abate, grow less, S2, MD; see Abaten.

Bateren, v. to batter, beat, pat, PP .-OF. bat-, stem of batre, with freq. suffix -er. Babe, adj. and conj. both, S, S2; see

Babiere, sb. water-pot, S.

Batte. sb. club, staff, bat, Prompt., Voc.; battis, pl., W.—OF. batte.

Battill. adj. rich for pasture, S3, JD; battle, HD.

Baudekyn, sb. a gold-embroidered stuff named from Bagdad, MD; bawdekyn, Prompt.; baudkin, S3 .- OF. baudequin; Low Lat. baldakinus, from It. Baldacco, Bagdad.

Bauderye, sb. unchastity, foul conversation, MD; pandering, CM; bawdry, S3.

Bauderyk, sb. baldric, MD; bawderyke, Prompt.; bawdryk, C, Voc.

Baudry, sb. baldric, NED.—OF. baudrei, baldrei.

Baudy, adj. dirty, C3, P, Palsg.

Bauld: see Bold.

Baundoun, sb. discretion, freewill, power, S2; baundon, CM.—OF. bandon; Low Lat. *bandonem, from bandum for annum, public proclamation.

Bausand, adj. marked with white, NED .- OF. bausant; cp. Prov. bausan, It. balzano.

Bauson, sb. badger, MD; bawsone, Prompt; bawsyn, Voc.; bausenez, pl. S2; baucynes, MD. See above.

Bawd, pt. s. bade, commanded, S3; see Beoden.

Bawe-lyne, sb. bowline, HD, S2; see Bowe-lyne.

Baxtere, sb. female baker, PP; see Bakestere.

Barste, pt. s., burst, S2, PP; see Bay, sb. noise made by the united songs of birds, S3; barking of dogs, MD, HD. Phr.: to baie, at bay, S2.—Cp. OF. abaier, to bark.

> Bayard, sb. a bay horse, a horse, P, CM; balardes, pl., P. Phr.; blynde bayardes, i.e. foolish people, lit. blind horses, HD, S3, MD, ND.—Cp. Low Lat. baiardus. Bayn, adj. ready, willing, obedient,

> fair, pleasant, easy, good, NED; bayne, Manip.; beyn, Prompt., S3.—Icel. beinn.

Bayne, sb. bath, S3.—OF. bain.

Bayske. adj. bitter, H, MD; bask, MD, HD, JD; beggsc, MD.—Icel. beiskr. Be-, prefix. See in many cases Biwords.

Beade; see Bidden.

Bearnen; see Bernen.

Bearyng in hand, sb. cajolery, S3; see Beren.

Be-bedden, v. to supply with a bed, S. **Beche**, sb. valley, S; beech, MD; bache, NED.

Be-chece. v. to choke, stifle, S, NED. **Bedde.** sb. bed, PP.—AS. bedd.

Bedde-strawe, sb. bed, couch, stratum, Voc.; bedstre, W2.

Bede, sb. prayer, S, H, PP; beode, S; beyde, S3; bedes, pl. S2, S3, P; beads, C; beades, S3.—AS. (ge)bed.

Bedel, sb. messenger, herald, crier, beadle, H, P; bedeles, pl. S, H; bedelles, P.—OF. bedel; cp. AS. bydel. Cf. Budele.

Bede-man, sb. beadsman, one who prays for another, P; beodemon, S2, NED; beodeman, PP.

Beden, v. to command, to offer, S, S2, S3, C2; beode, S2; bedden, S; bidden, S; beot, pr. s. S; byt, C; bet, S; bead, pt. s., bed, S, S2; bawd, S3; bad, C2, S2; boden, pl. S; beden, S3; bode, S2; bede, pp. S2; bode, bodun, invited, W; bodyn, S2; bidde, C3.—AS. béodan.

Note that many of the above forms are confused with those of the verb Bidden.

Bede-sang, sb. the singing of the prayers, S, NED.

Bedred, adj. lying in bed, bedridden, CM, PP; bedreden, S2, P; bedrede, PP. -AS. bedreda and bedrida (Voc.).

Be-drenchen, v. to drench completely; be-dreynt, pt. pl., S3; pp. MD.

Bed-roll. sb. catalogue, ND. Beyde-roule.

Bee, sb. bee, Voc.; been, pl. S3, C2,

W2; beys, S3 (13. 244); bees, C2.—AS. béo.

Bee-; see Be-.

Beek, sb. beak, C2; bec, S; beekis, pl. PP.—OF. bec.

Beem, sb. beam, C, PP; beom, S; bem, MD.—AS. béam, tree, plank.

Beere, sb. bier, W, CM, MD; beer, C; bare, S, MD; beare, S3; bere, HD, MD; byears, pl. S3.—AS. bær; cp. OF. biere.

Beest, sb. beast, C, PP; best, PP, C, S, S2; bestes, pl. S, S2; beestes, S2.—OF. beste; Lat. bestia.

Beestli, adj. animal, W.

Beeten, v. to beat, W2, CM; beten, S, C; bet, pr. s. P; bet, imp. s. S2; beot, pt. s. P; beet, PP; bet, S3, PP; bette, P; beten, pl. S; beeten, W2; beten, pp. C2, G; bete, C2; betun, W2; y-beten, C2 y-bete, C; y-bette, P; i-beaten, S ibete, C.—AS. béatan, pt. béot, pp. béaten.

Bege, sb. collar, S; see Beiz.

Beggen, v. to beg, PP, C2, Prompt., W (John 9. 8).

Beggere. sb. beggar, C, PP, W (John 9. 8).

Beggestere, sb. beggar, C, NED.

Be-grime, v. to smear, daub all over, S₃. Beild: see Belde.

Beiz, sb. a ring, collar, P; byze, PP; bage, collar, S; bie, W2; beles, pl. circlets of metal, S; bijes, P; behes, PP.—AS. béah: Icel. baugr.

Bek, sb. brook, H, Voc., Prompt., MD; beckis, pl. H.—Icel. bekkr.

Bekken, v. to nod, C3; beken, Prompt.; beks, pr. s. S3.

Beknen, v. to beckon, show, S; bikenen, W2.—OMerc. becnian (VP).

Bel, adj. beautiful, PP.—OF. bel.

Belamp; see Bilimpen.

Belde, sb. protection, shelter, MD, HD; beld, S2; belld, S3, JD.—AS. byldo, boldness, from beald. See Bold.

Belden, v. to build, S3; see Bilden.

Beldinge. sb. building, S3.

Belle, sb. bell, S, C2, PP.—AS. belle.

Bellyche, adv. beautifully, S3, MD. See Bel.

Belphegor, sb. Baal Peor, H (p. 376). -Lat. Belphegor (Vulg.).

Bely, sb. belly, bellows, MD, P; baly, S3; below, follis, Voc.; balies, pl. S2, PP. –AS, bælg.

Bely-ioye, sb. belly-joy, appetite, PP. Belgen, v. to swell, to be angry, MD; bollshenn, pp. MD; i-bolse, S.—AS. belgan, pt. bealh, (pl. bulgon), pp. bolgen.

Bemare, sb. trumpeter, S.—AS. bémere. Beme, sb. trumpet, MD, Voc.; bemen, pl. S; beemes, C; beamous, S3.—OMerc. béme (VP).

Bemen, v. to sound a trumpet, S, NED. **Bemyng**, sb. humming of bees, S3, JD. Ben, v. to be, PP, S, S2; been, C; bien, bienn, S; buen, S2; beo, S, S2; bi, S, S2; bue, by, S2; became, blenne, ger. S; beop, pr. s. S; bep, but, by, but, S; bels, S3; bes, S2; beop, pl. S; blep, S; bub, S; but, S, S2; beth, S2, S3, C2; ben, W; bes, S2; bi, pr. s. subj. S; bie, S (s.v. Ibie); beo, pl. S; beth, imp. pl. C2, S2, S3; byep, S_2 ; ben, pp. S; been, C; bue, S_2 ; be, S3, C; y-be, S2; iben, S; ibeon, S; ibeo, S, S2; ibe, S, S2; ibi, S.—AS. béon.

Benam; see Binimen. Benche, sb. bench, Prompt., PP.—AS.

Benched, pp. furnished with benches, SD; y-benched, S3.

Bend, sb. bond, MD; bendes, pl. S, G; bende, dat. S, S2, G.—AS. bend: Goth. bandi.

Benden, v. to bend, Prompt., MD; bende, pt. s. MD; bent, MD; bend, pl. S_2 ; y-bent, pp. S_3 ; ye-bent, S_3 —AS. bendan, to fasten a band or string to a bow.

Bens, sb. a prayer, S, S2, NED; benes, pl. S2.—AS. bén: OTeut. bóni-z, see Sievers, 268.

Bene, adj. pleasant, S, NED.

Benefet, st. benefit, PP, MD; bynfet, PP; benfait, P; blenfetes, pl. P.—OF. bienfet; Lat. benefactum.

Bent, sb. coarse grass, small rushes, Manip., Voc., MD, HD.-Cp. OHG. binuz (G. binse).

Bent, sb. a moor, an open grassy place, NED, S, S3, C. See above.

Benumde : see Binimen.

Beo, Beob; see Ben.

Beo-, prefix; see Bi- words.

Beodele : see Budele.

Berd, sb. beard, S, S2, C; berde, P, G; berdes, pl. S3.—AS. beard.

Bere, sb. beer, Prompt.; ber, S, MD.— AS. béor.

Bere, sb. noise, S, S2, MD, HD; ber, S2.—AS. $(ge)b\acute{\alpha}re$; see **I-bere**.

C2; beores, PP.—AS. bera: OHG. bero.

Bere, sb. bier, HD, MD. See Beere.

Bere, sb. barley, MD; beir, S3; beris, gen., S3.—AS. bere.

Bere-lepe. sb. basket, H; berlepe, H; barlep, basket for keeping barley in, HD. See Lepe.

Beren, v. to bear; bere, S, W; berb, pr. s., S2; beored, pl., S; bar, pt. s., S S_2, C_2 ; bare, S_2 ; ber, S_2, C_3 ; baar, W; bure, S3; beore, pl., S; boren, pp. born, S2; borun, W2; iboren, S; iborn, S; ibore, S, S2; y-boren, C2; y-born, C2; y-bore, S2, C2. Phr. bereth on hand, persuades, makes (him) believe, assures, S3; berth hir on hond, beareth false witness against her, C3.—AS. beran.

Beren. v. to cry, make a noise, MD, HD; bere, to low as a cow, PP; see

Bergh, sb. hill, PP; berghe, PP; beruh, PP; berwe, PP; berghe, dat., P. -AS. beorg; cp. OIr. bri (Windisch).

Beriall. adj. blueish-green, coloured, S3. See Beril.

Berie, sb. berry, C; bery, Prompt.; beries, pl. grapes, S, PP,—AS. berige.

Berien, v. to pierce, strike, MD; bery, to thresh, Cath.—Icel. berja, to strike; cp. Lat. ferire.

Beril, sb. beryl, MD; berel, MD.—OF. beril; Lat. beryllus; Gr. βήρυλλος.

Beringe, sb. birth, behaviour, bearing, C2, S; berynge, PP; see Beren.

Berken, v. to bark, S2, PP; berkyd, pt. s., S2.—AS. beorcan.

Berkere, sb. watch-dog, PP.

Berkyng, sb. barking, C.

Berme, sb. barm, Prompt., S; berm, C3.—AS. beorma.

Bern, sb. a man, PP, HD; berne, PP; burn, S2; burne, S2; beorn, MD; burnes, pl., S2; biernes, P.—AS. beorn.

Bern, sb. barn, C2, MD; beren, S (12. 263), MD; berne, S; dat., C3, W; bernes, pl., W, W2, P.—AS. bern: O. North. ber-ern, i.e. barley-house.

Bern ; see Barn.

Bernacle. sb. a snaffle for a horse, W2; barnacle, Voc., NED.

Bernake. sb. an instrument set on the nose of unruly horses, Voc.; bernak, Prompt.—OF. bernac.

Bernake, sb. barnacle, a fabulous kind | Prompt.; see Bayn.

Bere, sb. bear, C, MD, PP; beres, pl. of goose, S2, MD, NED.—OF. bernaque; cp. Low Lat. bernaca.

> Bernen, v. to burn, MD, S, S2; barnen, MD, S; bearnen, S; beornen, S; birnen, S; barnde, pt. s., S2; barnd, pp., S2.—AS. beornan. Cf. Brennen.

> Berstles, sb. pl. bristles, C; see Brystylle.

Berwe; see Bergh.

Berynes; see Burinisse.

Bergen, v. to help, deliver, preserve, NED; berwen, S; berrghenn, S; beregeo, pr. s., S; iborhen, pp., S; ibore;e, S; iboruwen, S.—AS. beorgan.

Besaunt, sb. a gold coin named from Byzantium, W, MD; besauntes, pl., S3; besauntis, W.—OF. besant.

Besene, Besie; see Bisen.

Be-slombred, pp. dirtied, bedaubed, S3; bestombered, NED.

Besme, sb. besom, rod, Prompt.; besmes, pl., S; besyms, W; besmen, dat., S .- AS. besma.

Best, adj. and adv. superl. best, PP; beast, S; beaste, S;

Beste, sb. advantage, S.

Be-steriinge, sb. bestirring, emotion, S2.

Be-swapen, pp. convicted, S.-AS. beswapen, pp. of be-swapan, to persuade.

Bet, adv. comp. better, S, C, C₂, S₂, G; bette, P. Phr., go bet, go as fast as you can, C3; betere, adj. and adv. S, S2; betre, S, S2; bettre, S.

Beten, v. to amend, S, S2, P, S3; beete, to kindle, C; beyt, S3; bet, pr. s., S; betten, pt. pl., kindled, C3; bet, pp., S, S2; ibet, S.—AS. bétan, pt. bétte, pp. béted. See Bote.

Beten, v. to beat, S, C, PP; see Beeten. Be-thenchinge, sb. thinking upon, meditation, S2. See Bi-penken.

Beuer, sb. beaver, S, Voc.; beuveyr, S.—AS. befer (beofer); cp. OHG. bibar.

Beyde-roule, sb. bead-roll, prayer-roll, catalogue of persons for whom prayers are to be said, \$3; beadroll, bedroll, ND. See Bede.

Beye, v. to Buy, CM, C3; see Biggen. Beye, adj. both, S2; beien, S; beyne, S.—AS. begen.

Beyer, adj. gen. of both, PP; beire, PP, MD; beyre, MD.—AS. begra.

Beyn, adj. pliant, flexible, pleasant, S3,

Bi-, prefix, also be-, by-, beo-, b-.

Bi-bled, pp. covered with blood, C; bybled, MD; bebledd, S2, S3.

Bi-burien, v. to bury, MD; be-byrieden, pt. pl. S; bebyried, pp., S; bebered, S2.—AS. bi-byrgan.

Bi-cacchen, v. to catch, ensnare, MD; bi-cauhte, pt. s., MD; bi-keihte, S; bi-cought, pp., MD.

Bi-callen, v. to accuse, summon, MD, S; becallen, MD, HD.

Bi-cause, conj. because, MD; by-cause,

Bicche, sb. bitch, PP; bycche, PP.

Bicched, pp. a word of doubtful meaning, applied to the basilisk, and to bones used for dice, NED, CM, C3; byched, MD; bichede, NED.

Bi-chermen, v. to scream at, S.

Bi-cherren, v. to entice, mislead, be-tray, S; bicharre, S; bicherd, pp., S.—AS. be-cerran.

Bi-clappen, v. to lay hold of suddenly, C3; beclappe, Palsg.

Bi-clarten, v. to defile, make dirty, S, NED.

Bi-clepien, v. to accuse, S; bicleopien, S; bicleoped, pp., S.—AS. be-cleopian.

Bi-clippen, v. to embrace, W, W2; bi-clipped, pt. s. wrapped (him) round, S3; by-clypped, pp. surrounded, S2; bi-clippid, W.—AS. bi-clippan.

Bi-clusen, v. to enclose, S.—AS. be-clysan.

Bi-colmen, v. to blacken with soot, S, NED (p. 722 a), MD. See Culme.

Bi-comen, v. to come, go to, to befall, to become, befit, suit, PP, S2, S; bycome, PP, S2; btcom, pt. s., S; bycam, PP; btcome, pp., S2; bycome, S2; becomen, S3; bicumen, S.—AS. be-cuman.

Bi-cumelich, adj. comely, becoming, MD; bicumeliche, adv. becomingly, S.

Bi-daffed, pp. befooled, C2; bedaffed, NED.

Bidden, v. to beg, pray, ask, S, S2, PP; bydde, S2; beode, S; bit, pr. s., S, P; byd, S2; bad, pt. s., S, S2, PP; bede, subj., PP; beade, S; beden, pp. S; ibeden, S.—AS. biddan.

Note that some of the above forms are due to a confusion with those of the verb **Beden**.

Biddere, sb. asker, PP; bidders, pl. beggars, S2, P.

Biddinge, sb. prayer, S; biddynge, begging, P.

Biden, v. to bide, remain, PP; byden, S2, PP; bod, bode, pt. s., S2; bade, S3; baid, pl. abode, lived, S3.—AS. bidan.

Bidene, adv. together, S; at once, S2; bedene, NED; bydene, S2.

Bi-draueled, pp. slobbered, covered with grease, P.

Bie, sb. collar, W2; see Bei3.

Bienfet; see Benefet.

Biennales, sb. pl. biennials, biennial commemorations of the dead, P.

Bierne, sb. man, PP, HD; see Bern.

Bi-fallen, v. to befall, C; binalle, S; biful, pt. s. befell, S; byfyl, S2; befyl, S2; byfel, byfil, C; bifil, bifel, C2; bifelde, W2; bifalle, pp. befallen, S, S2, C; bifelde, W2; binalle, S.—AS. be-feallan.

Bi-flen, v. to fly from, S.—AS. be-flow. Bi-fleten, v. to flow round; biflette, pt. s., S, NED (p. 721 a).

Bi-foren, prep. before, S, C2; binoren, S; bynoren, S; beforen, S; biforn, S2, C2, C3; bifore, S; bifor, S; befor, S2; beforne, S3.—AS. biforan.

Big, adj. big, C2; byg, PP; bigg, wealthy, S2, MD; bygge, pl., PP.

Bigat ; see Bijeten.

Biggen, v. to till, dwell, build, MD, PP, S (5. 1611); byggen, PP; biggand, pr. p., H.—Icel. byggja; cp. AS. búgian.

Biggen, v. to buy, S₃, P; buggen, S, S₂, PP; bygge, PP; beggen, MD; beye, C₃; bij, S₂; bye, S₂; by, C₃; bie, W₂; buyep, pr. s., PP; bup, S; bies, redeems, S₂; bohte, pt. s., S; bouhte, S; boste, S₂; bohton, pl., S; boste, S; bogt, pp., S; y-bou;t, P.—AS. byegan.

Biggere, sb. buyer, W; biere, W2.

Bi-gilen, v. to beguile, S, P; bigyle, C2, C3.

Bi-ginnen, v. to begin, S, S2; bigan, pt. s., S, C2; bigon, S; bigonne, 2 pt. s., C3; bigunnen, pt. pt., S; begouth, pt. s., S2, S3; bigunnen, pp., S; begunnon, S.—AS. be-ginnan.

Bi-gon, pp. surrounded, provided, set round, MD; be-gon, filled, S2.—AS. be-gán, pp. of begán, to go round, surround.

Bi-greden, v. to cry out at, to lament, S; begredde, pt. pl., MD.

Bi-gripen, v. to seize, MD; be-gripe, pp., S.—AS. be-gripan, to chide.

Bi-growe, pp. overgrown, S; begrowe,

Bi-grucchen, v. to begrudge, murmur at, P; bygrucche, PP.

Bi-gurdel, sb. a purse, PP.—AS. blgyrdel (Matt. 10. 9).

Bi-gynandly, adv. at the beginning, H. See Biginnan.

Bi-hangen, v. to deck, clothe, MD; bi-hengen, pt. pl. hung about, S.—AS. be-hón.

Bi-heden, v. to behead, MD; bi-hedide, pt. s., W; biheedid, pp., W.—AS. be-héafdian.

Bi-heste, sb. promise, S, S2, C2, P; byheste, S2; beheste, S2; byhest, S2; bihese, S; biheest, W; bihese, pl., S.— AS. be-hæs.

Bi-heten, v. to promise, S, C3, W; bihote, S, S2, P; byhote, C; beohote, S2; bihat, pr. s., S; bihet, pt. s., S, S2; bihi3te, W; behighte, S2; behihte, S2; bihight, P; biheyhte, S; bihoten, pp., S; byhote, S2; behote, S; named, S3.-AS. be-hatan. See NED (s.v. behight).

Bi-heue, adj. profitable, S, MD.—AS. be-hefe, necessary; from *bihof, utility (in behofic). See Bihouely.

Bi-hinde, prep. behind, S; adv. S2; bihynde, backwards, W2; = to come, future, C3.

Bi-holden, v. to hold, to behold, PP, C, MD; bi-healde, S; bihalden, S2; bihalt, pr. s., S; biheold, pt. s., S; beoheold, S2; bihuld, S2; biheolt, S; biholde, pp., W2, C3; beholdinge wrongly used for beholden, indebted, S3.—AS. behealdan.

Bihote: see Biheten.

Bi-houe, sb. dat. advantage, MD; biofpe, S2. Cf. Bihene.

Bi-houely. adj. behoveful, necessary, CM, MD; behouelich, S2.—AS. be-hôftic.

Bi-houe, pr. s. behoveth, needs, S, C2, P; behousp, S2; byhousp, S2; bihouss, S; byhoues, pr. pl., are obliged to, S2; behoued, pt. s., S; bihofte, W.—AS. behófian.

Bi-huden, v. to hide, MD; by-hud, imp. s., S.—ÁS. be-hýdan.

Bi-iapen, v. to deceive, befool, MD; bylaped, pp., C, C3, PP.

Bijs; see Bisse.

Bikeihte: see Bicacchen.

Bi-kennedd, pp. begotten, MD.

Bi-kennen, v. to commit, commend, to signify, MD; bikenned, pt. s. recommended, S2; bekenned, S2.

Biker. sb. a fight, MD, HD.

Bikeren, v. to fight, PP, HD; bekeryn, Prompt.; byckarte, ft. pl. skirmished, S3.

Bi-knowen, v. to acknowledge, know, P, C3; byknowe, C; beknowe, S2; biknew, pt. s., C; biknewe, pl., S; biknowen, pp., favourably received, P.

Bild, sb. building, S3.

Bilden. v. to build, PP, W, CM, MD; bulden, MD; belden, MD, S3; bulde, pt. s., C, MD; bildide, W; bildiden, pt. pl., W; bilden, W2; belt, pp., S3; y-buld, S2, S3; y-beld, S3.—Probably from AS. bold, dwelling.

Bile; see Bule.

Bi-leden, v. to use, treat, MD; biledet (for biledeb), pr. pl., S.—AS. be-lådan.

Bi-lefful, adj. believing, S, MD.

Bi-leggen, v. to lay (something) on, cover, to prove, explain, MD; bileist, 2 pr. s., glozest, S, MD; bilede, pt. s., enclosed, S.—AS. bi-lecgan, to cover.

Bi-leue, sb. belief, S, S2, PP, C3; beleaue, S; byleue, PP; belaue, S; bileaue, S; biliaue, S; beoleeue, S2, PP; bilefues, pl., S.—Cp. AS. (gr) lafa.

Bileue: see Biliue.

Bi-leuen, v. to believe, PP, MD, S; beleue, S; bilefec, pr. pl., S; biliuec, S; bilefden, pt. pl., S.

Bi-leuen. v. to leave, forsake, renounce, HD, MD; bilef, imp. s., S, MD.—Cp. AS. láfan, to leave.

Bi-leuen, v. to remain, be left, MD, CM, C2, S2, HD; byleue, HD; bilseuen, S; bileaue, S; bilefue, S; bleuen, S2; blefp, pr. s., S2; bilened, pp. left remaining, G; bylened, G.—AS. be-læfan.

Bilfoder, sb. food, sustenance, S2, MD; bilfodur, NED.

Bi-liggen, v. to belong to, MD; bilien, pr. pl., S.—AS. bi-licgan, to lie round.

Bi-likien, v. to make pleasing, MD; **bi-liked**, pp. made pleasing, S.

Bi-limpen, v. to happen, to belong to, S; belimpen, S; belamp, pt. s., S.—AS. be-limpan.

Bi-linnen, v. to cease, to be silent, to make to cease, MD; by-linne, G; blinnen, S, S2, C3; blyne, S3; blynne, S2; Bikenen, v. to beckon, W2; see Beknen. | blin, S2; blan, pt. s., MD; blane, S3.— AS. blinnan (= be + linnan, to cease, to be deprived of), pt. blann (pl. blunnon), pp. blunnen.

Bi-line, adv. quickly, S, S2; bylyne, S2; belyne, S2, S3; bline, S, S2; blyne, S3.—AS. be life, with life.

Bi-liue, sb. food, sustenance, S (4b. 102), MD; **bylyue**, PP; **bileoue**, MD; **bileue**, S, SD.—AS. bigleofa; cp. OHG. bilibi.

Bi-liuen, v. to live by, S.—AS. bi-libban. **Bille**, sb. papal bull, petition, PP; see

Bille, sb. bill, beak, S, C; bylle, Voc.—AS. bile.

Billen, v. to peck with the bill, S.

Bi-loken, v. to look upon, regard, MD; be-locest, 2 pr. s., S.

Bi-long on, prep. pertaining to, S.

Bi-luken, v. to enclose, lock up, imprison, include, MD; biloken, pp., S; beloken, S; bilouked, S2, MD.—AS. belucan.

Bi-lyen, v. to lie against, accuse falsely, MD; belye, P; bilowen, pp., S2, P, MD.

—AS. be-llogan, pp. belogen.

Bi-masen, v. to confuse, SkD (s. v. maze).

Bi-menen, v. to mean, to bemoan, MD, HD; bymenen, P; bemenen, S2, P; biment, pp., S.—AS. bi-manan.

Bi-mening, sb. bemoaning, S.

Bi-mong, prep. among, S, MD.

Bi-mornen, v. to mourn over, MD, W; bimurnen, S.—AS. bi-murnan.

Bi-mowe, v. to mock, W₂.

Binden, v. to bind, S; band, pt. s., S; bond, S2, G, C2; bunden, pl., S; bunden, pp., S; bunden, pp., S; bundyn, S2; bunde, ibunde, S; bounden, S, C2; y-bounde, S2, S3, C2; y-bound, S3; ibunde, S.—AS. bindan.

Bi-nemnen, v. to declare, stipulate; by-nempt, pt. s. promised, S₃.—AS. be-nemnan.

Bi-nece, prep. and adv. beneath, S2; bynepe, C; binepen, S.—AS. be-necean.

Bi-nimen, v. to take from, MD; by-nymen, S; benymen, S2; bineome, pr. s. subj. deprive, S; binam, pt. s., P; binom, S2; benam, S; bynome, pp., P; benumde, S3.—AS. be-niman.

Binne, sb. bin, chest, MD; bynne, C, Voc.—AS. binn, manger.

Binne, adv. and prep. within, S; bynne, chief priests, W S2; bine, S.—AS. binnan (for be-innan). Lat. episcopus.

Bi-queste, sb. bequest, P, MD.—A deriv. of cwedan, see NED.

Bi-quethen, v. to bequeath, MD, CM, PP; byquethen, C, G; bi-queth, pt. s., S2; biquath, PP, G.—AS. bi-cweban.

Bi-quide, sb. bequest, S2; bequide, MD.—Cp. AS. cwide, a will.

Birafte; see Bireuen.

Bird, pt. s. impers. (it) behoved, S2; birrde, S; see Bureth.

Bird, sb. a young bird, MD; see Brid.

Birded, pt. pl. laid snares for birds, S3. Bire, sb. dat. force, impetus, W; see Bur. Bi-reden, v. reflex. to take counsel,

Bi-reden, v. reflex. to take counsel, MD; by-rad, pp. determined, resolved, S2.

Bi-reinen, v. to rain upon, bedew, MD; be-rayne, pr. pl. berain, S3; birine, subj. S; beraynde, pt. pl. S3.

Bi-reusien, v. to lament, regret, MD, S; bireused, pp. S.—AS. be-hréowsian, to feel remorse.

Bireusunge, sb. contrition, S.

Bi-reuen, v. to bereave, C₃, P; birafte, pt. s. C₂; bireued, pp., S; byreued, G; byraft, C.—AS. bi-réafian, to deprive of.

Bi-rinnen, v. to run with moisture, MD; bi-runne, pp. bedewed with tears, S.—AS. bi-rinnan, to run as a liquid, bi-runnen, pp.

Birle, sb. cup-bearer, MD, HD.—AS. byrle, byrele.

Birlen, v. to pour out drink, to give to drink, MD, JD, H, HD; bryllyn, Prompt.
—AS. byrlian; cp. Icel. byrla.

Birlynge, sb. a giving to drink, pouring out liquor, H.

Bi-rolled, pp. rolled about, S2.

Birth, sb. birth, offspring, natural disposition, nation, MD; burp, MD; birpes, pl. nations, S2, MD.—Icel. burbr; cp. Goth. ga-baurths, birth, native country.

Birth-tonge, sb. native tongue; burp-tonge, S2.

Bisay; see Bisen.

Bi-sched, pp. besprinkled, W2.

Bi-schetten, v. to shut up; bessette, S2; bischetten, pt. pl., PP; bischetten, P; bischette, pp., PP.

Bi-schinen, v. to shine upon, MD; byschyne, pp. shone upon, S2.

Bischop, sb. bishop, S, PP; bisscopp, the Jewish high priest, S; bischopis, pl. chief priests, W; bisscopes, S2.—AS. biscop; Lat. episcopus.

Bi-schrewen, v. to corrupt, to curse, MD; byschrewed, pp. cursed, P.

Bi-schrichen, v. to shriek at, S.

Bi-schunien, v. to shun, MD; bisunien, S.

Bise. sb. the north-wind, S.—OF. bise; cp. OHG. bisa.

Bi-sechen. v. to beseech, S; biseke, C2; beseken, C, S; besech, imp. s., S; bischte, pt. s. S; besoght, S2; bischte, S2; bisousten, pt. pl., S2.

Bi-segen, v. to besiege, MD; bi-segiden, pt. pl., W2; bi-seged, pp., C2.

Bi-semen. v. to beseem, to appear, MD; bi-semep, pr. s., him bisemep, he appears, S; bisemyde, pt. s., beseemed, fitted, W; **ibsemed**, pp. made seemly, plausible, S (16.842).

Bi-sen. v. to look, to behold, consider, to arrange, appoint, to manage, MD, S; beste, S; biseo, S2; bisto, pr. s., S; bise, imp., W; byse, S2; biseh, $\bar{p}t.s.$, S; bisay, S2; beseyn, pp. arranged; beseyne, decked; besene, equipped, S3; biseye, as in phr. yuel biseye, ill to look at, C2, richely biseye, splendid in appearance, C2.—AS. biséon, to look about.

Bisenen, v. to give an example, MD; bisend, pp. likened, signified, S2.—AS. bysnian. See Bisne.

Bisening, sb. example, S.—AS. bysnung.

Bi-setten, v. to fill, occupy, to surround, beset, to set, place, to employ, MD, C, P; bisettiden, pt. pl., W.—AS. bi-settan.

Bisi, adj. busy, S; see Busy.

Bisily, adv. busily, C2; bisili, W; bisiliche, S.

Bi-sitten, v. to sit close to, to press hard, MD, P; be-seet, pt. s. besieged, S; be-sette, S.-AS. be-sittan.

Bi-slabered, pp. beslobbered, P.

Bi-smeoruwed, pp. besmeared, S.

Bi-smer. sb. scorn, reproach, P; bisemar, S; busemare, S2; bismare, HD; bissemare, CM; bismeres, pl., PP; bismares, PP. - AS. bi-smer, insult; cp. OHG. bismer, ridicule (Otfrid).

Bi-smitten, v. to dirty, MD; bismitted, pp. dirtied, S; besmet, MD.

Bi-smotered, pp. spotted, smutted, C. Bisne, sb. example, parable, S, MD. AS. bysn; Goth. busns (in anabusns); from biudan; see Douse, p. 60.

bisokne, NED; bi-soone, dat., MD; bisomen, dat. pl., S.

Bi-speken, v. to speak to, to speak, blame, to decide, resolve, MD; byspack, pt.s.,G; bespayke, S3; bispeke, pp.S.— AS. be-sprecan.

Bi-spel, sb. parable, S.—AS. bigspell, example, proverb, parable.

Bi-speten, v. to spit upon, W; bispatten, pt. pl., W; bispat, pp., W.

Bi-sprengen, v. to besprinkle, MD; bi-spreynde, pt. s. W; besprent, pp. bedewed, S3; bysprent, S3; besprint, S3; bispreynt, W2.—AS. be-sprengan.

Bisse, sb. a stuff of fine texture, MD; bis, MD; bys, S2; bies, bijs, fine linen, W; bijs (= byssus = Heb. shesh, fine linen, also Egyptian cotton), W2.-OF. bisse; Lat. byssus; Gr. βύσσος; Heb. búts, fine Egyptian cotton.

Bissyn, sb. fine linen (=byssinum), W.— Lat. byssinum, a garment made of byssus.

Bi-stad, pp. placed, circumstanced, bestead, hard bestead, sorely imperilled, overcome, MD, S2, C3; bystad, G; bistadde, CM; bistaded, MD; bistadet, S; bisteafet, S. Probably from Icel. stabr, place, see NED.

Bi-standen, v. to surround, to be busy about, to attack, MD; bi-stod, pt. s., S; bistode, S2; bistonden, pp., S.—AS. beståndan.

Bi-steken, v. to shut out, MD; pp., S. Bi-striden, v. to bestride, S; Mstrood, pt. s., C2; bystrood, G.

Bi-sunien, v. to shun, S; see Bischunien.

Bi-swiken, v. to betray, deceive, S, S₂; beswike, S; besuiken, S.—AS. be-swican. **Bi-swinken**, v. to obtain by work, to earn by labour, MD; biswynke, P.—AS. be-swincan.

Bisy, adj. busy, C2, P; see Busy. Bisyhed, sb. busyhood, MD; bysy-

hede, S2. Bisynesse, sb. business, W2; see Busynesse.

Bi-taken, v. to commit, entrust, S, C2, W, NED; betake, PP; beotake, PP; bytake, PP; bitaak, W; bitak, imp. s., S; bitok, pt. s., S2; bitook, C3; bytokist, 2 pt. s., W; betoke, I pt. s., S; bitoken, pl., W; bitakun, pp. W; bitake, S2.

Bi-techen, v. to entrust, assign, S; beteche, HD; byteche, PP; biteache, S; Bi-soken, sb. request, petition, MD; bitache, imp. s., S; bitachte, pt. s.; bitahte; bitagte; bitaucte, S; bitaughte, G; byta;t, S2; bitæht, \$p\$.; bitaht; biteiht; bitagt; beteht, S.—AS. be-tácan, pt. betáhte, pp. betáht.

Bitel. adj. sharp, biting, MD.

Bitel-browed, adj. with shaggy, prominent eye-brows, S2, P; bytelbrowed, PP.

Bi-tellen, v. to clear, justify, to express, show, to claim, to set free, to persuade, deceive, MD, S; bitald, pp., H, MD.—AS. be-tellan.

Biten, v. to bite, PP; byte, PP; bot, pt. s., S2, PP; bote, P.—AS. bitan, pt. bit (pl. biton), pp. biten.

Bi-teon, v. to draw over, to cover, to employ, NED; biten, MD; bitowen, pp., S; bito; n, NED; bitogen, MD.—AS. beton.

Bi-benken, v. to think, bethink, S, W; bipenchen, S; biponte, pt. s., S; biposte, planned, S2; biponte, S; bipont, pp. repented, S; bipont, S; bythought, called to mind, C.—AS. bipencan.

Bi-tiden, v. to happen, betide, MD; bityde, C2, C3; beotyde, PP; bitit, pr. s., PP; bitid, S; bitide, pt. s., S2; betydde, PP; bitid, pp., S; betight, pp., S3; NED.

Bi-tilden, v. to cover; bi-tild, pp., S.

—AS. be-teldan. See Ouer-tild.

Bi-time, adv. betimes, S, S₂; bityme, PP; bitimes, C₃.

Bi-toknen, v. to betoken, C2; bitocknen, S; bytoknen, PP; betoknen, S, PP; betaken, S2; bitacnedd, pp., S.

Bi-trayen, v. to betray, PP, C2; bi-traide, pt. s., S. From OF. trair: It. tradire; Lat. tradere.

Bitter, adj. bitter, MD; bittur, PP; bittere, adv. bitterly, P.—AS. bitor.

Bitter, sb. bitterness, S2, P.

Bittur-browed, adj. having prominent brows, PP. See **Bitel-browed**.

Bi-turnen, v. to turn; biturnde hom, pt. pl., turned themselves about, S2.

Bi-twenen, prep. between; bitwine, bitwen, betwenen, betwenen, betuene, S.—AS. betweonan.

Bi-twix, prep. betwixt, S2, C2; bi-twixe, C2; bitwixen, C2; betwyx, be-twux, S; bitwex, S; bythuixte, S2.—AS. be-tweex.

Bi-twize, prep. between, MD; betwe, S2; bitulhe, S.—AS. be-twih, be-twuh.
Bityl, sb. beetle, NED.—AS. bitula.

Biuien, v. to tremble, NED; biueo, pr. s., S.—AS. bifian (beofian); OHG. bibēn, see NED.

Bi-wailen, v. to bewail, lament, C2; biwaille, MD; biweile, MD, W; biwailled, pp., C2.

Bi-welden, v. ref. to wield oneself, i.e. to have full and free use of one's limbs, MD; bywelde, S3; bewelde, Palsg.; beweld, to wield, HD.

Bi-wenden, to turn, MD; biwente, pt. s., turned round, S.

Bi-wepen, v. to beweep, S, W.—AS. be-wepan.

Bi-werien, v. to defend, S.—AS. be-werian.

Bi-winden, v. to wind about, S; be-winden, to enwrap, cover, S; bewunden, pp., S.—AS. be-windan.

Bi-winnen, v. to obtain, MD; biwon, pt. s., S.

Bi-witen, v. to guard, MD; bywite, S; biwiste, pt. s., MD; biwisten, pl., S.

Bi-wlappe, v. to wrap round, W2. **Bi-wreyen**, v. to accuse, to reveal, disclose, C2, C3; bywreye, C; biwreie, S; bewreye, C, S2; bewraye, NED.

Bizes, sb. pl. collars, P; see Beiz.

Bi-zete, sb. profit, S, S2; offspring, P. Bi-zetel, adj. profitable, S.

Bi-jeten, v. to obtain, possess, beget, S; bisten, S; bigat, pt. s. S; biget, S; beget, S; bysten, pp. S2; bistenn, biste, bisute, bisuten, bisoten, S.—AS. bissitan (bissitan).

Bi-3onde, prep. beyond, S, S2, PP; bi-3ende, W; bi3unde, P; biyond, S2; be-ionde, S; bi3endis, W.

Blaberen, v. to blabber, to talk idly, HD, Prompt.; blaberde, pt. s., PP.

Bladder, sb. bladder, MD; bladdre, C3; bledder, S3; bleder, Voc. — AS. blédre, OMerc. blédre (OET.)

Blak, adj. pale, MD; blake, wan, Palsg. Phr.: blak and blo, pale and livid, MD, NED (s. v. black, 13)—AS. blac. Cf. Bleike.

Blak, adj. black, MD.—AS. blac.
Salake, sb. smut, black, S; blackness,

Blake-beryed, sb. blackberrying, i.e., wandering hither and thither purposely, C3.

Blanchet, sb. a white powder used as a cosmetic, S.—OF. blanchet.

Blanc-mangere, sb. a kind of cheese-cake, PP; blammanger, PP.

Blank, adj. white, S3.—OF. blanc.

Blase, sb. blaze, flame, PP.—AS. blæse.

Blasen, v. to blaze, flare, PP; blasie, pr. s. subj., S; blesand, pr. p., S3.

Blasen, v. to blow (with trumpet), to proclaim, publish, NED, CM. Cp. OHG. bldsan.

Blasen, v. in heraldry to blaze arms, i. e. to describe them, MD, S3, Prompt., Palsg.; blaze, Cotg. (s. v. blasonner).

Blasfeme, adj. and sb. blasphemous, blasphemer, MD, W.—Lat. blasphemus; Gr. βλάσφημος.

Blaundissen, v. to flatter, H; blaundiss, pr. s., H; bloundisand, pr. p., H.—OF. blandir (pr. p. blandisant).

Blawen; see Blowen.

Bledder: see Bladder.

Blee, sb. colour, complexion, MD, HD; ble, MD, JD; bleo, S, S2; blie, JD.—AS. blo.

Blefo; see Bileuen.

Bleike, adj. pale, S, NED; bleyke, Prompt.; blayke, NED; bleyk, S3; bleke, wan, Palsg. Phr.: blaike and blo, pale and livid, NED (s.v. black, 13).—Icel. bleikr. Cf. Blak.

Blenchen, v. to flinch, turn aside, S, P; bleynte, pt. s., C; bleinte, NED.—AS. blencan, to deceive.

Blenden, v. to mix together, MD; blende, pp., S2.—Cp. Icel. blanda.

Blenden, v. to blind, deceive, MD, PP; blent, pr. s., C3; blente, pt. s., PP; blent, pp. blinded, C3, HD.—AS. blendan.

Blenk, sb. a gleam, blink, glance, S3; blenkis, pl., NED; blinkes, MD.

Blenken, v. to glitter, to glance, NED; blynke, to open the eyes, S2; blenkit, pt. s., looked, S2; blencheden, pl., MD. **Blere**, adj. blear, dim, NED.

Bleren, v. to make dim, to be bleareyed, MD, S2, P; blered, pp. dimmed, S2, C3, P.

Blesen, v. to blaze, S3; see Blasen.

Blessen, v. to bless, PP, S; blesseth hir, pr. s., crosses herself, C3; blesced, pp. S; bletced, consecrated, S; y-blessed, S3, C3, P; i-blessed, S; iblescede, S; iblesset, S2.—AS. bletsian, bledsian; ONorth. bloedsian (NED); from blod, blood.

Blete, adj. bare, exposed, miserable, S, MD; blatt, JD; bloutt, JD.—AS. bléat, wretched, miserable; cp. Icel. blautr, Du. bloot, G. bloss.

Bleten, v. to bleat, Prompt.; blesten, S.—AS. blétan.

Bleuen; see Bileuen.

Blewe, adj. blue, livid, C2, PP; black, MD; blew, MD.—OF. bleu. See Blo.

Blewe, sb. blue, MD; blus, S2.

Bleynte; see Blenchen.

Blinnen, v. to cease, S, S2, C3; see Bi-linnen.

Blis, sb. bliss, S.—AS. bliss (=bllos), see Sievers, 202(7). See Blipe.

Blissien, v. to rejoice, be glad, to gladden, MD; blissin, S, S2—AS. blissian (= blissian). See above.

Blipe, adj. blithe, cheerful, S, S2; blype, S2, C2.—AS. blive.

Blibe-liche, adv. gladly, S; blube-liche, S; blobeliche, S; blipelia, S; blepely, S2.—AS. blibelice.

Bline, adv. quickly, S, S2; see Bi-

Blo, adj. livid, S2, PP; black, MD.—Icel. bld(r). See Blewe.

Blod, sb. blood, S, S2, PP; blode, dat., S2.—AS. blbd.

Blode, sb. a blood-relation, a person, living being, MD, CM; blod, MD.

Blok, adj. pale, NED. Phr. blok and blo, NED. See Blak.

Blo-man, sb. negro, MD; blamon, MD; blewe-men, pl., MD.—Cp. Icel. bld-maor, negro. See Blo.

Blome, sb. flower, S2, MD.—Icel. blbm, flower, blossom.

Blosme, sb. blossom, S, PP, Prompt., CM; blostme, S; blosmen, pl., S2; blosmes, S3.—AS. blosma.

Blosmen, v. to blossom, W2, Prompt.; blosmed, pt. pl., P.—AS. blóstmian.

Bloundisen, v. to flatter, H; see Blaundissen.

Bloundisynge, sb. blandishing, H.

Blowen, v. to blow, PP; blawe, S; blou, imp. s., S; blouwed, pr. s., S; bleu, pt. s., S; bleowen, pl., S; blawen, pp., S2; blowe, C3.—AS. blawan, pt. bleow, pp. blawen.

Blowen, v. to blow, to bloom, MD; i-blowe, pp. S.—AS. blowan, pt. bleow, pp. geblowen.

Blubren, v. to bubble, MD; blubrande, pr. p., S2.

Blustren, v. to rush about aimlessly, NED; blustreden, pt. pl., P.

Blu3, sb. blue, S2; see Blewe.

Blyn-hede, sb. blindness, H.

Blynke; sie Blenken.

Bo-; see Bou-, Bu-.

Bobbe, st. a knock, jerk, jog, S3; bobbes, pl., S3.

Bobben, v. to knock, strike, MD.

Bocche, sb. tumour, boil, PP; botche, W2, Prompt.; boche, CM; boce, CM.—AF. boche, OF. boce, bump.

Bocher, sb. butcher, S2, S3, P, C.—OF. boucher.

Bocherie, sb. shambles, W, Prompt.—OF. boucherie.

Bod, sb. abiding, waiting, delay, S2.

Bode, sb. message, command, S, PP; bodes, pl., S, S2.—AS. (ge)bod, command.

Boden; see Beden.

Bode-word, sb. command, S; bod-worde, message, S2.

Bodien, v. to announce, S; bodeden, pt. pl., S.—AS. bodian.

Body, sb. body, person, PP; bodie, S; bodi, S, PP; bodis, S. Phr.: my ioly body, my jolly self, C2.—AS. bodig.

Body-half, sb. the front part (of a dress), PP.

Boile : see Bule.

Boistous, adj. boisterous, noisy, S3; boustious, S3; bustuus, busteous, S3; buystous, W.

Boistously, adv. londly, C2.

Bok, sb. book, S, S2, PP; boc, S, S2; boke, P.—AS. bbc; cp. OHG. buoh (Tatian).

Bokele, sb. buckle, MD; bokle, MD.—OF. bocle.

Bokeler, sb. buckler, shield, C, G; booler, Palsg.—OF. bocler.

Boket, sb. bucket, C; bokett, Prompt. Bold, adj. fierce, bold, daring, PP, S; bauld, bawld, S3; belde, big, blustering, S; bald, S2; balder, comp., P.—AS. beald; OHG. bald (Otfrid).

Boldeliche, adv. boldly, S; baldly, S2; boldely, C2.

Bolden, v. to make bold, encourage, MD; bolded, pt. s., P; balde, S.—AS. bealdian.

Bole, sb. a kind of clay, C3. Comb.: bole armoniak, Armenian clay, C3, NED (s. v. ammoniac).—Lat. bolus; Gr. $\beta \hat{\omega} \lambda o s$, clod.

Bole, sb. bull, S, C, C3; bule, S; bules, pl., S2; bolis, W; boolis, W.—Icel. boli.

Bolle, sb. bowl, S, S2, C3, P; a rounded seed-vessel, NED (s. v. boll), HD; boll, rounded top (of barley), S3.—AS. bolla.

Bollen, v. to swell, S2, PP; bolled, pp., S2, PP.

Bollen, pp. swollen, NED; bollen, W; bolne, S3; bowlne, S3.

Bollyng, sb. swelling, P.

Bolnen, v. to swell, S2, P, H; bolned, pt. s., S2; bolnyde, W2; bolnyd, W.

Bolnyng, sb. swelling, H, W.

Bolt, sb. arrow, S; **bolte**, Prompt.—AS. bolt (Voc.).

Bolzen, v. to puff up, MD; boluweð, pr. s., S.—AS. belgan, pt. bealg (pl. bulgon), pp. bolgen.

Bon, sb. bone, PP, S2; boon, W2; ban, S; banes, pl., S, S2; bon, S; boonys, W2; bannes, S2. Phr: to make bones, to hesitate, S3.—AS. bdn.

Bon, pp. prepared, S2; see Boun.

Bonayre, adj. kind, gentle, MD; bonere, MD; bonair, adv., MD; bonure, S2. See Debonnaire.

Bonayrelyche, adv. reverently, S2.

Bonchen, v. to strike, bump, S2, P; see Bunchen.

Bond; see Binden.

Bonde, sb. a peasant serf, slave, NED, S2; pl., PP.—AS. bonda, bunda, a house-holder; Icel. bondi, for buandi, a tiller of the soil.

Bonde-man, sb. tiller of the soil, NED; bondman, P; bondemen, pl., S2, P, G, PP. Bone, sb. pain, poison, PP; see Bane.

Bone, sb. prayer, petition, S, S2, C3, G, PP; bon, S2; boone, C, G; bonen, pl., S.—Icel. bbn. Cf. Bene.

Bonen, adj. made of bone, S2.

Bonet, sb. additional sail, PP, Cath.—OF. bonnet, bonnet.

Bonk, sb. bank, shore, S2, S3; see Bank.

Boo-: see Bo-.

Boor, sb. boar, C, W2; bare, S2; bore, S, PP; bor, S2, PP; bores, pl., P.—AS. bar.

Boot, sb. boat, S2, W, CM; bot, PP.—

Boras, sb. borax, C, C3.—OF. boras: It. borace; Arab. boraq.

Bord, sb. board, table, S, S2, C, NED; borde, S; boord, W; bordes, pl., S.—AS. bord, plank. Cf. Bred.

Borgounen, v. to bud, S2; see Burjounen.

Borne; see Burne.

Bornen, v. to burnish, S3; see Burnen.

Borwe, sb. pledge, surety, W2, C, C2, G; borgh, H; borghe, P; borewe, S2; borwes, pl., sponsors, S2; pledges, P.—AS. borh.

Borwen, v. to deliver, to borrow, MD, PP, C2, G; borewe, W2; borowe, NED; borwede, pt. s., PP.—AS. borgian.

Borwynge, sb. borrowing, Prompt.; borewyng, S2.

Boske; see Busch.

Bosken; see Busken.

Bost, sb. boast, noise, MD, C3, PP; boost, C2; boste, PP; bostus, pl., H.

Bosten, v. to boast, PP; booste, NED. Bosum, sb. bosom, S, W (John 13. 23); bosem, MD.—AS. bosm.

Bote, prep. and conj. without, except, unless, but, S, S2, PP; bot, CM, S2; bute, S; butt, S; butte, S, S2; buten, S; buton, S; Comb.: bote-jef, except that, unless, S2, C.—AS. be-uton (buton).

Bote, sb. remedy, succour, amendment, S, S2, C2, G, P; boote, S3, C, G. Phr.: to bote, to advantage, in addition, NED.—AS. bbt; cp. Goth. bota.

Botelees, adj. without remedy, PP; bootelesse, useless, S3; botles, S2.

Botelere, sb. butler, Voc.; bottler, C; butler, S.

Botelle, sb. bottle, MD; botel, CM.—OF. boutelle, also botel.

Boterace, sb. buttress; boteras, Prompt.; butterace, SkD (p. 789); butteraces, pl., SkD; butteraces, SkD.—ME. boterace for OF. bouterets, i.e. (pillars) bearing a thrust, pl. of bouteret.

Boterace, v. to buttress; butteras, Palsg.; boteraced, pp., PP.

Bothe, adj. both, PP, S; bape, S, S2; beode, S; bede, S; buode, S2.—Icel. báði, both (neut.).

Botme, sb. bottom, C, C₃, Prompt.; bopom, a vale, S₂, NED; bopom, S₂.—AS. botm.

Botme-les, adj. bottomless, CM.

Botnen, v. to heal, to recover, MD; botened, pp. bettered, P. See Bote.

Botun, sb. button, bud, Prompt., Voc.;

bothom, MD, CM; buttonys, pl., S3.—OF. bouton, button, bud (Cotg.).

Bouel, sb. bowel, MD; bouele, S2.—OF. boel (and boele); Lat. botellus.

Bouge, sb. a leathern bottle or wallet, uter, W2 (Ps. 77. 13); bowge, W2, Prompt. — OF. bouge, budget, leather-case; Low Lat. bulga, leathern vessel (Voc.). Cf. Waterbulge.

Bouhte; see Biggen.

Bouk, sb. the belly, trunk, body, C, JD; buc, S.—AS. búc: Icel. búkr.

Boun, pp. prepared to go, ready to start, S3, CM, PP; bon, ready, S2; bun, S2; bown, P, H.—Icel. būinn, prepared, pp. of būa, to get ready, to till; cp. AS. ge-būn, pp. of gebūan; cp. E. bound (said of a ship.)

Bounen, v. to get ready, to go, also to make ready, NED; bowneth, pr. s., NED; bowned, pt. s., prepared himself, got ready, S3.

Bour, sb. bower, chamber, womens' chamber, C, G; bur, dat., S; boure, S, S2, P; bowre, P; boures, pl. sleeping-places, S2.—AS. bur, a dwelling.

Bourde, sb. jest, PP, C3, G; bourd, S2, S3; bord, NED.—OF. bourde.

Bourden, v. to jest, C₃, PP; borde, NED.—OF. bourder.

Bourding, sb. jesting, S3.

Bourdon, sb. pilgrim's staff, CM, HD; bordun, S2, PP; burdon, S, HD; burdoun, P, MD; bordon, MD, PP; bordoun, HD. —OF. bourdon (Cotg.); Low Lat. burdonem; see Burdon.

Boustious, adj. noisy, S3; see Boistons.

Bou3, sb. bough, PP; boh, S; bogh, S2; bowh, PP; bose, dat., S; boges, pl., S; buges, S; bughes, S2; bewis, S3; bowes, S3; bowes, C; bose, dat., S.—AS. bóg, bóh, Icel. bógr, shoulder, bow of a ship; cp. Gr. mâxus.

Bowe, sb. bow, W2, PP; bouwe, W2; bowes, pl., PP; boys, S3.—AS. boga.

Bowe-lyne, sb. bowline, MD; bawe-lyne, S2.

Bowen, v. to bow, bend, submit, to direct one's course, turn away, PP, S2, C2, W; bouwe, W2, PP; boghen, S2, H; buwen, S; busen, S; buhen, S; bugen, S; beien, S; bowande, pr. p. obedient, S2; bues, pr. s., S2.—AS. bugan.

Boydekyn, sb. poniard, bodkin, NED,

Prompt.; bodekyn, Prompt.; boydekins,

Boyste, sb. box, PP, Prompt., Cath.; boyst, MD; boist, C3.—OF. boiste (F. boîte).

Bozte: see Biggen.

Brac, sb. a crashing sound, fragor; brace, outcry, S.—Icel. brak; cp. AS. (ge)bræc.

Brace. sb. couple of hounds, Prompt.-OF. brace, the two arms, a grasp; Lat. brachia, pl.

Bracer, sb. a guard for the left arm in archery, C; braser, Voc. See Ascham, Toxophilus, ed. Arber, p. 108.

Brade, sb. roast flesh, S; brede, S.-–AS. bráde.

Bradit; see Brayden.

Brak : see Breken.

Brand, sb. brand, firebrand, sword, MD; brond, brand, S2, C; brondes, pl., S; brands, i. e. fire-side, S2; brondis, torches, W.—AS. brand (brond).

Brant, adj. steep, high, MD, HD; brent, JD; brentest, superl., S2.—AS. brant (bront); cp. Swed. brant, Icel. brattr.

Bras, sb. brass, C2; bres, S; breas, S.—AS. bras.

Brasten; see Bresten. Bratful; see Bretful.

Brao, sb. violence, MD; brappe, dat., S.—Cp. Icel. bráð. See Broð.

Braun. sb. brawn, CM; boar's flesh, PP; brawnes, pl., muscles, C2. — OF. braon, Prov. bradon (brazon); Low Lat. bradonem; see Ducange.

Brayde, sb. a quick movement, a start, a while, moment, MD, CM; braid, S3; braydes, pl. grimaces, S2; breides, cunning tricks, MD. Phr.: at a brayde, in a moment, S2.—Icel. brago, quick movement.

Brayden, v. to draw, pull, to draw away quickly, to twist, braid, to start, to move quickly, hasten (intr.), to wake up, MD, Prompt., S2, CM; breyde, CM, C2; breide, W2; breyde, pt. s., PP, CM, C2, C3; brayde, MD; bradit, S3; broiden, pp., MD; broydyn, laqueatus, Prompt.; brayden, MD; browden, MD, JD; browded, C, HD; brouded, C2; broyded, WW; brayded, MD.—AS. bregdan, pt. brægd (pl. brugdon), pp. brogden.

Brea-; see Bre-

Bred, sb. bread, S, PP; breed, C2, W2; breed, S; bread, S; brad, S; brede, S2; breade, dat., S.—O.North. briad.

Bred, sb. board, tablet, MD, S (s.v.wax); brede, Prompt.—AS. bred.

Bred-ale. sb. bride-feast, S: see Bryd-

Brede, sb. bride, PP; see Bryde.

Brede, sb. roast-flesh, S; see Brade.

Brede, sb. breadth, S, S2, S3, C2, H; breede, C, W2. Phr.: on breid, on breadth, abroad, S3; did on breid, did abroad, unfolded, S3.—AS. bradu.

Breden. v. to spread, S, Prompt.—AS. brædan.

Breden, v. to roast, MD; bret, pr. s., S.—AS. brædan.

Breden, v. to breed, to produce, to be produced. MD, PP; bredden, pt. pl., PP; i-bred, pp., S.—AS. brédan, to nourish. See Brode.

Bred-gume: see Brydegome.

Bred-wrigte, sb. bread-wright, baker, S. See Bred.

Breech, sb. pl. breeches, drawers, C2, C3; brech, S; breche, PP; brek, Voc. -AS. bréc, pl. of bróc; cp. Icel. brækr, pl. of brók.

Breed : see Bred.

Breels. sb. pl. wretches, HD, MD (p.

Breken, v. to break, S, S2, PP; brecken, S; breco, pr. s., S; brac, pt. s., S; brek, S; brec, S2; brak, S2, PP; breken, pl., S; y-broke, pp., S2; ibroke, S2.—AS. brecan, pt. bræc (pl. bræcon), pp. brocen.

Brek-gurdel, sb. a breech-girdle, MD; brekgyrdylle, lumbare, Voc.; brechgerdel, MD; breigirdel, MD; brigirdil, MD; brygyrdyll, Prompt.; breigerdlis, pl., purses, PP. See Breech.

Breme, sb. bream, Prompt.; brem, C. -OF. bresme (F. brème); OHG. brahsema. Breme, adj. fierce, angry, S, S2, S3, H, PP; brem, S2; breme, adv., S2; breeme, C.—AS. brême, famous, noble.

Bremely, adv. fiercely, furiously, loudly, S2; bremly, S2.

Bremstoon; see Brynston.

Bren. sb. bran, S2, C, P.—OF. bren (F. bran).

Brene; see Brune.

Brenke: see Brink.

Brennen, v. to burn, S2, S3, C, C2, PP, W; bren, S2; brinnen, S, S2; brende, pt. s., S,S2, C2; brent, S2; brendon, pl., S; brenneden, W; brende, brenned, brende, S2; brende, C; brenten, W2; brend, pp., S, S2, C; brent,

C2, S3, W; y-brend, C3; y-brent, C.— Icel. brenna; cp. Goth. brinnan. Cf. S; broste, S, S2; broght, pl., S2; broht, Bernen

Brenningly, adv. ardently, fiercely, C. Brent, adj. steep, high, S2, JD; see Brant.

Breo-; see Bre-.

34

Brerd, sb. brim, margin, surface, top, S3, MD; brurd, MD; brerde, MD.—AS. brerd, brim, top of a vessel, shore; cp. OHG. brort, also Icel. broddr, the front.

Brerd-ful, adv. brimful, MD; brurdful, S2. Cf. Bretful.

Brere, sb. briar, S3, W2; brer, S3; breres, pl., S, S3, C; breris, W.—AS. brér, also brære, pl. (OET).

Bres; See Bras.

Bresil, adj. brittle, H; see Brisel.

Brest. sb. breast, C; breast, MD; breast, voice, S3; breste, PP; bryst, MD.—AS. bréost.

Bresten, v. to burst, S2, C2, W, MD; brasten, S3, MD; bersten, S, C; brast, pt. s., C3, PP; barste, P; braste, pl., C_3, S_2 ; brest, S_3 ; brusten, pp., damaged, hurt severely, S2, MD. - Icel. bresta, pt. brast, pp. brostinn; cp. AS. berstan.

Bretful. adj. brimful, S3, C, PP, HD; bratful, S2, PP; bredful, PP. Cp. Swed. bräddful. See Brerdful.

Breo. sb. breath, vapour, voice, word, MD, PP, CM; brede, dat., S.—AS. bræð.

Brethe. sb. anger, wrath, H; breth, H. -Icel. bræði, anger, from bráðr, hasty. See Brot.

Brethir: see Broter.

Breuet. sb. brief, letter of indulgence, P; breuettes, pl., P.—Late Lat. brevetum.

Brewen, v. to brew, MD; brew, pt. s. contrived, C2, PP; breuh, S2, PP.—AS. bréowan, pt. bréaw, pp. browen.

Brewestere, brewster, P; breusters, pl. ale-wives, female-brewers, S2, PP.

Breyden; see Brayden

Brid, sb. a young bird, PP, C2, C3, W; bridd, S; bridde, PP; bred, PP; bredde, PP; berd, MD; bird, MD; briddes, pl., S2, C; bryddes, S2; briddis, W, H; birds, S3 (26. 1150).—AS. bridd

Brigge, sb. bridge, PP, S, CM; brugge PP; bregge, MD; brygge, PP; brig, S2.—AS. brycg; cp. Icel. bryggja.

Briggen, v. to bridge, S.

Brike, sb. calamity, C2; see Bryk.

S; brochte, S; brougte, S2; brouhte, op. S2; broght, S2; brougt, S2; ibrogt, S2; y-brost, S2; y-brought, C; ibroht, S; ibrouht, S2; ibrocht, S.

Brink, sb. brink, margin, MD; brenke, dat., W; brynke, MD.—Cp. Swed. brink,

Icel. brekka.

Brinnen: see Brennen.

Brisel, adj. brittle, H; bresil, H; brissal, JD. See below.

Brisen, v. to crush, MD; brisse, MD; bresen, MD; brisid, pp., W.

Brisokis. sb. pl. wild cabbage, H.

Britel, adj. brittle, fragile, MD; britil, S2, W; brutel, MD; brutil, CM; brotel, MD.—From base of AS. bruton, pt. pl. of bréotan, to break.

Britnen, v. to break, break up, MD; bruttenet, pp. destroyed, slain, S2; bretynyd, HD.—AS. brytnian, to distribute, dispense.

Britoner, sb. a man of Brittany, a Frenchman, P; Brytonere, P; see Bru-

tiner.

Brizt, adj. bright, S, PP; bricht, S; brict, S; briht, S; brigt, S; bryht, S2; bry3t, S2; brihtre, comp., S; bri3ter, S; brictest, superl., S.—AS. beorht.

Briste, adv. brightly, MD; bryghte,

Briatnesse, sb. brightness, W2; brichtnesse, S; brintnesse, S; brictnesse, S .- AS. beorhtnes.

Brocage, a treaty by an agent, PP; brokages, pl., P.-OF. brocage, 'exprime l'idée de ruse et de perfidie ' (Godefroy).

Broche, sb. brooch, match, spear, spit, MD; brouch, S2; broch, C; broches, pl., C2, PP.—OF. broche.

Brochen, v. to spur, pierce through, put on the spit, broach a cask, MD; brochede, pt. s., S2, PP.—OF. brocher, Prov. brocar.

Brocket, sb. a stag in its second or third year, HD, MD, Cotg.; broket, MD; brokkettis, pl., S3.—Cp. OF. brocart (Cotg.).

Brocour. sb. broker, P; brokour, P.-AF. abrocour; Low Lat. abrocatorem (Ducange), from abrocare, to broach a cask, from broca. See Broche.

Brod, adj. broad, S, S2, PP; brood, C; braid, S3; brode, C, PP; brade, S, S2, H; broddeste, superl., W2.—AS. brad.

Brode, adv. broadly, wide awake, C3; Bringen, v. to bring, S; brokte, pt. s., | widely, PP; broode, broadly, plainly, C.

Brode, sb. brood, S, Prompt.—Cp. OHG. bruot (Weigand).

Broiden : see Brayden.

Brok, sb. brock, badger, Prompt.; broc, W; brockes, pl., P; brokkys, PP.—AS. broc; OIr. brocc.

Brok, sb. brook, PP; broke, P.—AS. brbc.

Brol, sb. a brat, child, MD, S3, PP; brolle, P; brawl, ND. — Cp. Low Lat. brollus, 'miserculus' (Prompt., p. 50).

Brond; see Brand.

Broo, adj. violent, MD; brap, MD; braith, JD.—Icel. bráðr. Cf. Brað.

Bropeful, adj. violent, MD; braithful, JD.

Brothel, sb. a wretch, PP, MD, HD; brothell, Palsg.

Brobeliche, adv. violently, MD; brobely, hastily, quickly, S2; braithly, JD.

Broder, sb. brother, PP; gen. s., C2; brodere, pl., S; bredere, S; brethir, S3; bredere, S; bretheren, C2, PP.—AS. broder.

Brooer-hed, sb. brotherhood, MD; bretherhede, C; britherhed, W; britherhod, W.

Broter-rede, sb. fraternity, MD (p. 354).—AS. brótorræden.

Brouded, pp. braided, C2; see **Brayden**. **Broudster**, sb. embroiderer, JD.

Broudyng, sb. embroidery; browdyng, C, CM.

Brouken, v. to use, enjoy, eat, PP, C, G; bruken, S; breken, S; brooke, to endure, S3; brue, imp. s. use, S; ibroken, pp., S.—AS. brucan, pt. bréac (pl. brucon), pp. brocen.

Broun, adj. brown, C, PP; brun, sb. brown horn, S.—AS. brún.

Bru-; see Bry-, Bri-, Brou-,

Brugge; see Brigge.

Bruk, sb. locust (= bruchus), W2, H; bruyk, H.—Gr. βροῦχος, βροῦκος.

Brune, sb. burning, S, MD; brene, S2.

AS. bryne.

Brunie, sb. corslet, coat of mail, S; brinie, MD; brini, HD, MD; burne, MD; bryniges, pl., S; brenyes, HD.—
Icel. brynja: Goth. brunjo; cp. AS. byrne.

Brurd; see Brerd.

Brusten; see Bresten.

Brut, sb. Briton; Bruttes, pl., S.

Brutayne, sb. Brittany, S2.

Brutil: see Britel.

Brutiner, sb. a man of Brittany, a Frenchman, a swaggerer, PP; Brytonere, P; Britoner, P.

Brutnen, v. to hew in pieces, MD; bruttenet, pp. slain, S2; see Britnen.

Bryche, adj. reduced, poor, S2.—AS. bryce, frail.

Bryd-ale, sb. marriage-feast, MD; bridale, P, W; bredale, S; bruydale, P; brudale, S.—AS. bryd-ealo, a bride-ale, bride-feast.

Bryde, sb. bride, domiduca, Voc., PP; brede, PP; bruyd, CM; brud, MD, S; brid, MD. — AS. brýd: OS. brúd; cp. OHG. brút (Otfrid).

Bryde-gome, sb. bridegroom, MD; bredgume, S; brudgume, MD.—AS. brydguma (brldguma); cp. OHG. brutigomo (Otfrid).

Bryk, sb. misery, calamity, MD; brike, C2; bruche, injury, MD.—AS. bryce.

Bryllyn; see Birlen.

Brymme, sb. margin, shore, S, MD.—AS. brim, surf, the sea; cp. Icel. brim.

Bryn-ston, sb. sulphur, Voc., PP, S2; brymston, W2; bremstoon, C, PP; brimstoon, C3; brunstan, H.—Cp. Icel. brennisteinn.

Brystylle, sb. bristle, Prompt., Voc.; berstles, pl., C.—From AS. byrst: OHG. burst.

Bryttlynge, sb. breaking up, S3. See Britel.

Bu-: see Bou-, Bo-.

Budele, sb. beadle, officer, PP; budeles, pl., S; beodeles, S2.—AS. bydel; cp. OHG. butil. Cf. Bedel.

Bue, Buo; see Ben.

Buggen, v. to buy, S, S2, PP; see Biggen.

Bugle, sb. wild ox, S2, Prompt.; **bugil1**, S3; **bowgle**, S3; **bugle**, buffalo-horn, bugle, MD.—OF. bugle; Lat. buculum (acc.).

Builen, v. to boil, S2; buylith, pr. s., W2; buylyng, pr. p., PP; buyliden, pt. pl., W2.—OF. buillir; Lat. bullire.

Bule, sb. boil, PP; bilis, pl., W; byles, PP; boilus, PP.—AS. byle; cp. G. beule (Weigand).

Bule; see Bole.

Bulle, sh. bull, papal rescript, P; bille, PP; petition, PP; bylle, PP.—Lat. bulla,

boss, stud, hence Late Lat. bulla, seal, document with seal; see Ducange.

Bulten, v. to boult, sift, C, Prompt.; boulte, Palsg.; bultedd, pp., S.—OF. buleter, bureter, to sift through coarse cloth, from bure, coarse cloth; Late Lat. burra; see Ducange (s.v. buratare).

Bult-pele, sb. a sifter, Voc.

Bumbase, v. to quilt with bombast, i. e. cotton wadding, Florio (p. 234a); bumbast, pr. pl., S3.— From Milanese bombás; Low Lat. bombacem, cotton; from Gr. βόμβυξ.

Bummen, v. to taste, take a draught, MD; bummede, pt. s. tasted, S2, P.

Bun, pp. prepared, S2, MD; see Boun. Bunchen, v. to strike, MD, Prompt.; bonchede, pt. s., S2; bonched, P.

Bunden; see Binden.

Bur, sb. wind, storm, force, impetus, MD; bir, MD; birr, HD; bire, dat., W, MD; birre, W; byrre, HD.—Icel. byrr, wind, storm.

Bur, sb. the broad ring of iron behind the place for the hand on a tilting-spear, S₃; burr, HD.

Burde, sb. maiden, virgin, lady, S, S2, PP; birde, P; berde, PP; buirde, PP; buyrde, S2, PP; see Bryde.

Burden, sb. burden, Manip.; see Bur-

Burdenous, adj. burdensome, S3.

Burdon, sb. mule; burdones, pl., MD; burdowns, MD.—Lat. burdonem (Vulg.).

Burdoun, sb. droning sound, bass, MD, C.—OF. bourdon, a drone, the humming of bees, the drone of a bag-pipe (Cotg.).

Bureth, v. it behoves, MD; birrp, pr. s., S; burth, MD; birs, MD; bers, MD; birde, pt. s., S; bird, S2, MD; burd, MD.—AS. ge-byrian; cp. OHG. gi-burren, to happen (Otfrid).

Burgage, sb. an estate held of a lord of a borough; burgages, pl., P; borgages, PP.—Low Lat. burgagium; OF. bourgage

(Cotg.).

Burgeis, sb. burgess, MD; burgeys, C, CM; burgeis, pl., S2, P; burgeyses, P.—OF. burgeis; Low Lat. burgensis.

Burgh, sb. borough, town, fortress, shelter, MD; burghe, PP, CM; borghe, PP; borw, PP; borugh, PP; borowe, PP; borh, S; burch, S; burch, S; burch, S; biri, MD, S; berie, S; borws, sl., PP, MD.—AS. burh; gen. byrig.

Buriel, sb. tomb, S2; buryel, S2; biriel, W; biryel, S2; buriels, pl. the Catacombs, C3; biriels, W2; birielis, W.—AS. byrgels.

Burien, v. to bury, MD, S, PP; birien, MD, W2; berien, C3; bery, MD, C3; byrien, S; 1-burred, pp., S2.—AS. byrigan.
Burien, sb. grave, MD; berien, S.—

AS. byrgen.

Burinisse, sb. burial-place, MD; berynes, H.—AS. byrignes.

Burjoun, sb. burgeon, bud, MD; burjoyn, H; burgon, HD; burgionys, pl., S3; burloyns, H.—OF. borjon, in Cotg. bourgeon.

Burjounen, v. to bud, MD; buriowne, W2; burgionys, pr. s., S3; borgounes, pr. pl., S2; burionep, PP; burionand, pr. p., H; buriownynge, W.

Burn, sb. man, S2, HD; burne, S2; see Bern.

Burne, sb. spring of water, MD, S; bourne, S2; borne, S2; burn, stream, S2.

—AS. burna.

Burnen, v. to burnish, MD; burned, pp., C; borned, S3.—OF. brunir, to burnish, polish, to make brown (Cotg.). See SkD. p. 789.

Burnet, adj. brown, S3.—OF. brunet, brownish (Cotg.).

Burnet, sb. cloth of brown colour, CM, MD.—OF. brunette (Cotg.); cp. Low Lat. brunetum.

Burdene, sb. burden, MD; birthin, W; birthun, W2; burden, Manip.—AS. byrden.

Busch, sb. bush, wood, W, W2, MD; buysch, W; busk, the head or tust of a stalk of wheat, S; bush, S2, MD; boske, S2; boskes, pl., S2.

Buschement, sb. ambush, MD; busshement, S3. Cp. OF. en-buschement, an ambuscade NED, (s.v. ambushment).

Busken, v. to prepare oneself, to get ready, to go, to hasten, to prepare, dress, MD, H, S2, P; buschen, S2; bosken, S2. Icel. búask (reflex.), to get oneself ready.

Buskinge, sb. equipment, dress, MD, S3; bosking, MD.

Busteous, adj. noisy, S3; buystous, W; see Boistous.

Busy, adj. busy, MD; bisi, S, W2; bisie, S; bisy, C2, P; besy, C.—AS. bysig.

Busyen, v. to busy, occupare, MD; bisien, C3, S2, W.

Busynesse, sb. business, activity, care, industry, MD, C, C₃; bisinesse, C₃; besynesse, S₃; besyness, H; bisynesses, pl., W₂.

Bub; see Ben.

Bub; see Biggen.

Buuen, prep. and adv. above, S; buue, S; boue, MD; bufon, S.—AS. be-ufan.

Buxum, adj. obedient, ready, willing, courteous, PP; boxum, S2, PP; buxom, CM; buhsum, S. See Bowen.

Buxumliche, adv. obediently, PP; boxumly, S2; buxomly, C2.

Buxumnesse, sb. obedience, PP; buxomnes, P; boxumnes, S2.

By-, prefix. See Bi- words.

By, Bi, prep. by, at, according to, S, S2, with regard to, PP, S, S2, S3; bie, S; be S, S2. Phr.: by and by, adv. immediately, S3; in order, separately, C, Prompt., MD.

By, v. to dwell, build, C2; see Biggen. Byggyng, sb. building, S2.

Byze; see Beiz.

C.

C-: see also under K.

Cass, sb. case, circumstance, chance, C; kas, S2; cass, S3; cas, S2, C2.—AF. cas; Lat. casum (acc.), a fall, from cadere, to fall.

Caas. sb. case, quiver, C; see Casse.

Caban, sb. hut, small room, MD, PP; cabin, MD.—OF. cabane; cp. Low Lat. cabanna, capanna; see Brachet.

Cabine, sb. a shed made of boughs, Cotg. (s. v. cabane); cabin, small enclosed place, Sh.

Cabinet, sb. small shed, arbour, S3.— OF. cabinet, an arbour in a garden, Cotg.; cp. It. cabinetto (Florio).

Caochen, v. to catch, to chase, MD, C3, P; katchen, MD; keechen, MD; chacche, S2; chacen, MD; chacd, MD; caucht, S3; cacces, pr. s., S2; cahte, pt. s., MD; caste, S2; caughte, C2; caust, MD; conght, MD; casht, MD; cahten, pl., MD; keist, MD; caht, pp. MD; kaust, W2.—OF. cachier, cacier (also chacier, chasser); Late Lat. captiare, from Lat. captare, freq. of capere, to take, to hold; see Constans.

Cache-pol, sb. a tax-gatherer, constable, bailiff, MD, PP; cahchpolle, Prompt.; catchepollis, pl., W.—AF. cacchepole, OF. chacepol, chassipole; cp. Low Lat. cachepollus, cacepollus, chacepollus, chassipollus. The form cacepollus is met with in the Leges Ethelredi, see Schmid and Ducange. The word probably meant at first the officer who collected from the tenant the fowls (pullos) paid as rent.

Cacherel, sb. an inferior officer of justice, MD; kachereles, pl., S2.—OF. cacherel; cp. Low Lat. cacherellus.

Case; see Chese.

Cæste, sb. dat. chest, S; see Chest.

Caf, sb. chaff, H; see Chaf.

Caitif, adj. and sb. captive, miserable wretch, MD, W, C3, H; caytif, C2; caytine, P; cattifes, pl., S3; caytines, S3; kaytefes, S2.—AF. caitif: Prov. captiu; Lat. captiuum (acc.); see Brachet (s.v. chlif).

Caitifte, sb. wretchedness, S2, W, W2, H; cayteste, S2.—OF. caitivete; Lat.

captiuitatem.

Calabre, sb. Calabrian fur, P, S2 (p. 200); NQ. (5. 12. 232); calabere, P (n). Comb.: calaber amyse, a person wearing an amice trimmed with calabre, P (n).

Cald: see Cold.

Calengen, v. to accuse, to charge, W2; see Chalengen.

Calewe, adj. bald, without hair, MD, S2.—AS. calwo-, -stem of calu; cp. OHG. chalo (gen. chdlawes), and Lat. caluus.

Caliz, sb. chalice, S, MD, SkD; chalis, MD; chalys, Voc.; calice, dat. S, SkD.
—OF. caliz; Lat. calix; also OF. calice; Lat. calicem.

Calle, sb. a caul, net for the hair (worn by women), MD, CM, SkD (s. v. caul).

Callen, v. to call, S, C2; kalle, MD, S2.—AS. ceallian; cp. Icel. kalla.

Callour, adj. cool, fresh, healthy, JD, S3; caller, JD; cauler, JD.

Calme, adj. calm, MD.—OF. calme (Cotg.), lt. calma (Florio); Low Lat. cauma, heat (Vulg.); Gr. καῦμα.

Calmen, v. to become calm, MD; caw-myt, pp., S3.—OF. calmer, to quiet.

Cal-stocke, sb., cabbage-stalk, S3; cal-

stok, Voc.; calstoke, Palsg.; castock, JD; custoc, JD. See Cole.

Camamelle, sb. camomile, Voc.; camemille, Voc.; camamyle, Prompt.; cammamyll, Palsg.; camomylle, MD; cammamyld, S3; camamy, Voc.—Late Lat. camamilla; Gr. χαμαίμηλον.

Camel, sb. camel, MD; camelle, camaille, C2; Prompt.; chamelle, Prompt.; chamayle, MD.—OF. camel; Lat. camelum (acc.); Gr. κάμηλος; Heb.

Cameline, sb. camlet, MD.—OF. cameline; Low Lat. camelinum.

Camelot, sb. camlet, SkD; chamelot, S3; chamlet, Cotg.—OF. camelot (Cotg.); cp. Low Lat. camelotum.

Cammamyld, sb. camomile, S3; see Camamelle.

Camp, sb. contest, MD; comp, S; kemp, JD; kampe, dat., MD.—AS. camp (comp); cp. Icel. kapp.

Campe, adj. See Kempe.

Campen, v. to contend, contest, esp. at foot-ball, MD, Prompt.—AS. campian.

Campynge, sb. pedipiludium, game of foot-ball, Prompt.

Can, pr. s. can, knows, S, S2. Phr.: can panc, S; see Kunnen.

Canceler, sb. chancellor, S; see Chaunceler.

Candel, sb. candle, MD; kandel, S; candlen, pl. S2.—AS. candel (condel); Lat. candela; cp. Icel. kyndill, candle, torch.

Candel-messe, sb. Candlemass, MD; candel-masse, dat., S, S2.—Cp. Icel. kyndill-messa, in Church Lat. candelaria, the feast of the Purification.

Canelle, sb. cinnamon, S2, Voc., Cath. (n); canylle, Cath.; canel, W, W2.—AF. canelle; Late Lat. canella, cinnamon, also. a reed (Ducange), from Lat. canna. See Canne.

Canevas, sb. canvas, C3; canvas, Voc.; canwas, Voc.—AF. canevas, canevace; Late Lat. canabacius, hempen cloth; from OF. canve (F. chanvre), hemp; Late Lat. cannabum, Lat. cannabis; Gr. κανναβιε.

Cang, adj. foolish, lustful, MD; canges, sb. gen., fool's, S; kanges, pl., MD. See PP; Notes, (p. 241).

Cangen, v. to befool, MD.

Cang-liche, adv. foolishly, MD.

Cang-schipe, sb. foolishness, MD.

cankyr, Voc.; cankere, Voc.-Lat. cancer, crab, an eating tumour, also, in pl. cancri, lattice-work.

Cankerd. pp. corrupted, S3.

Canne, sb. cane, reed, MD; cane, Voc.-Lat. canna; Gr. κάννα, κάννη, cane, reed; Heb. *gāneh*.

Canne, sb. can, MD, W; cane, Voc. Cp. Late Lat. canna, a measure for liquids; see Weigand (s.v. Kanne).

Canon, sb. a rule, MD, PP; canoun, MD; canon-law, PP. — Lat. canon; Gr. κανών, a rule, standard, from κάνη, κάννη, a cane, reed. See Canne.

Canonisen, v. to admit into the canon of the Mass, to canonize, MD; to consecrate, admit to the dignity of the papacy, MD .- Late Lat. canonizare.

Canonistres, sb. pl. men skilled in canon-law or ecclesiastical law, PP .-- OF. canoniste; Late Lat. canonista.

Canoun, sb. a canon of a chapter, MD: kanun, S; chanoun, S, Voc., C3, G; chanon, C3.—OF. canone, canoine (chanoine); Church Lat. canonicum (acc.) one on the church-roll or list (canon).

Cant, adj. lively, brave, cheerful, MD. S2, JD.

Cant, sb. a portion, S3; corner, SkD, ND.—OF. cant; cp. It. canto, corner (Florio).

Cantel, sb. edge, piece, bit, MD, C, Prompt., Palsg.; kantel, MD; cantle, Sh., ND .- OF. cantel (F. chanteau).

Caper-cailye, sb. capercailyie, JD.-Ir. capull-coille, lit., the horse of the forest. See Capul.

Capitain, sb. captain, C2; capitayne, S3. - OF. capitain; Late Lat. capitaneum (acc.) captain, from Lat. caput.—Cf. Cheuetayn.

Capitle, sb. the sum, the chief point, W; see Chapitre.

Cappe, sb. cap, MD; keppen, pl., S.

Capret, sb. a wild goat, W2; capretis, pl., W2 .- Late Lat. capretus; cp. F. chevrette.

Capul, sb. horse, nag, MD., Prompt., PP, HD; capil, MD; capel, C3; caple, MD, PP, HD. - Icel. kapall; Lat. caballus; cp. Ir. capull, Wel. ceffyl.

Caracter, sb. a mark, sign, character, W; carecter, W; carracte, Palsg.; carecte, PP; carect, W; caractes, pl., Canker, sb. cancer, a disease, MD, W; HD; carectes, PP.—Lat. character; Gr.

χαρακτήρ, an engraved mark; cp. Prov. saracta.

Carayne, sb. carrion, S2; see Caroigne. Carbonele, sb. a precious stone, MD; carbokyl, Voc.; charbonele, MD; charbuele, MD; charbonele, C2.—OF. carbonele (carbonele, charbonele); Lat. carbunculum (acc.).

Carde, sb. teasel, Prompt.;—OF. carde; Late Lat. cardum (acc.), from Lat. carduus, thistle.

Carden, v. to card wool, MD, Prompt., S3.—OF. carder, It. cardare (Florio).

Cardiacle, sb. pain about the heart, PP, Cath. (n.), C3; cardyacle, Prompt.; cardiakylle, Cath., Voc.; cardiake, Cath.—OF. cardiaque, a malady of the heart (Cotg.); Late Lat. cardiaca, 'cordis passio'; Gr. καρδιακόs, from καρδία, the heart. For the intrusion of l see Cronique.

Care, sb. grief, S, C3, G; cayr, S3; kare, S2.—AS. cearu: OS. kara; cp. OHG. chara.

Care-full, adj. full of grief, S3, C; karful, S2; carefullich, adv. anxiously, P; carfull, S2.

Caren, v. to be auxious, MD; karien, S; cared, pt. s., G; pl., P.—AS. cearian.

Carf, pt. s. cut, C2; see Keruen. Carited, sb. charity, S; see Charitee. Cark. Carke: see Charge.

Carl, sb. a man, rusticus, colonus, maritus, MD, C3.—Icel. karl; cp. OHG. karl (Otfrid).

Carl-man, sb. a man; carman, MD; caremane, MD; carlmen, pl., S.—Icel. karlmaör (karmaör), a man, male.

Carme, sb. a Carmelite friar; karmes, pl., S3.—OF. Carme (Bartsch); from Church Lat. Carmelus; Heb. Carmel, 'cultivated land.'

Caroigne, sb. carrion, MD, PP, C; caroyne, MD, PP; caroin, S2; careyne, MD, PP; careyn, W2; carayne, MD, S2; caraing, MD; karyun, H; carion, MD; caren, MD; karyn, MD; careyns, pl. W.—OF, caroigne (F. charogne); cp. It. carogna; from Lat. caro, fissh. See Grone.

Carole, sb. a round dance, singing, MD; harole, a chain, MD; caroles, pl., C; caroles, MD.—OF. carole (carolle); It. carola, a dance, song (Florio); Low Lat. carola, karola, a dancing, also, a chain (of pearls), see Ducange; Lat. corolla, a wreath; dimin. of corona.—ALM. For another account of this word see SkD.

Carolen, v. to dance in a ring, to sing, MD, PP.

Carolinge, sb. carolling, C3.

Carpen, v. to talk, to speak, to say, MD, C, S3; to rebuke, S3; carpede, pt. s., S2; carped, S2, P.—Icel. karpa, to boast.

Carpyng, sb. talking, P.

Carre, sb. car, cart, Prompt.; charre, MD; chare, Voc., S3, W; schare, carpentum, Voc.; char, S2, S3, C, C2; chaar, MD; charis, pl., W, W2, H.—OF. carre, also car (char); Lat. carrum (acc.). A Celtic word, cp. OIr. carr (Windisch).

Carry, v. carro vehere, to carry, MD; carlen, C2; to drive, ride, travel, S2; y-carled, C2. — AF. carier (OF. charrier, charroier); Late Lat. carricare (carrigare), see Ducange. See Chargen.

Carte, sb. chariot, cart, MD; kart, H (Ps. 67. 18).

Cary, sb. a rough material, S3; see Cauri-mawry.

Casse, sb. box, chest, cover, Prompt.; kace, Prompt.; cass, C.—OF. casse (AF. chasse); Lat. capsa; cp. Gr. κάψα.

Cast, sb. a throw, plan, intention, plot, MD, C, G; caste, P; kastis, pl., H.—Icel. kast.

Castel, sb. village, small town (=castellum), W; castels, pl., camp (=castra), W2; kastels, H (Ps. 77. 32).—Late Lat. castellum, village (Vulg.), Lat. castellum, fortress.

Castel, sb. castle, S.—OF. castel (chastel). See above.

Castel-weorces, sb. pl. fortifications, S, MD.

Casten, v. to cast, throw, to consider, imagine, purpose, design, S, S2, S3, C; kasten, MD, H; kesten, MD, S2; caste, pt. s., MD, S2, S3, C2, C3, G; kast, S2; kest, S3; casten, pt., P, W; kesten, S2, W; castiden, W; casten, pp., MD, C2; 1-cast, S; y-cast, C3; ikest, S2; kest, S2; cast, C3. Phr.: caste tornes, tried tricks, G.—Icel. kasta.

Castyng. sb. a vomiting, W.

Cat, sb. cat, Voc., MD; catt, Voc.; kat. S.

Catapuce, sh. name of a purgative plant, euphorbia, C; catapus, CM.—OF. catapuce (petite). garden spurge (Cotg.); Low Lat. catapotium, 'medicamentum quod non diluitur, pillula' (Ducange); Gr. καταπότιον, that can be gulped down, a pill, from πότος, drink. Cp. Low Lat. cathapucia, 'semen spurgie,' SB.

Cat-cluke, sb. trefoil, S3, JD; catluke, | JD; ketelokes, pl., H (Ps. 36. 2).

Catel, sb. capital, property, wealth, CM, MD, S2, C2, C3, W; kateyl, S2; catelle, S2; catele, S2; chatel, MD; chetel, MD .- OF. catel, chatel; Late Lat. captale, capitale, property, principal; from Lat. capitalis, from caput, the head.

Catour, sb. a buyer of provisions, caterer, Palsg., G; cater, S3.—OF. acateur, buyer, from acater (F. acheter), achapter; Late Lat. accaptare.

Caucion, sb. security, surety, account, MD; caucioun, W.—Lat. cautionem, security, bond, warranty, from cautus, pp. of cauere, to be on one's guard.

Caudron. sb. cauldron, W2 .- AF. caudron, OF. chaudron. See Chaud.

Cauri-maury, sb. the name of a coarse rough material, PP; caurimauri, S2; kaurymaury, PP; cawrymawry, PP (n.). Cf. Cary.

Cautele, sb. caution, deceit, MD, Prompt.; cawtele, S3; cautel, ND, Sh.-OF. cautele (cautelle); Lat. cautela.

Cautelous, adj. sly, deceitful, MD, ND, Sh.; cautelouse, W2. — OF. cautelos; Late Lat. cautelosum (Ducange).

Cavell, v. to divide by lot, JD; see Keuel.

Cawmyt, pp. calmed, S3; see Calmen. Cayte; see Cacchen.

Cedre, sb. cedar, MD, W2 (Job 40. 12); cedres, pl., S2.—AF. cedre; Lat. cedrum (acc.); Gr. κέδρος.

Cedyr-tre, sb. cedar-tree, Voc. ; sydyretre, Voc.

Ceelen, v. to line the walls or roof of a room, Prompt., MD; selyn, Prompt.; seeled, tp., WW (s.v. cieled).

Ceinte, sb. girdle, MD; seynt, C.-OF. ceinte; Lat. cincta, pp. f. of cingere.

Celer, sb. cellar, promptuarium, Prompt., W (Lu. 12. 24), MD; celler, MD; seller, G; selleer, G; celere, dat. S, H; celeris, pl., W2; selers, W2. - AF. celer, OF. celier; Lat. cellarium.

Celerer, sb. cellarer, C2.

Celicall, adj. heavenly, S3.

Celle, sb. cell, a religious house, C, C2; selle, C; selles, pl., F.—OF. celle; Lat.

Celure, sb. canopy, ceiling; see Selure. Cementing, sb. hermetically sealing, C3. See Syment.

MD; sendal, PP, ND, C; cendel, MD, HD, Prompt.; sendel, PP, H; =Lat. sindon, W, Voc.; cendell, Palsg.; sendalle, Cath.; sendylle, sandalium, sindo, Cath .- OF. and AF. cendal (cp. Low Lat. cendalum, sendalum); perhaps an adaptation of Gr. σινδών, orig. Indian muslin, from Skt. Sindhu, India.

Centaure, sb. centaury, name of a plant. C; centorye, Alph.—OF. centaure; Lat. centaurea, centaureum; GI. κενταύρειον, from κένταυρος, a centaur.

Ceptre, sb. sceptre, C2, MD, Palsg.; ceptyr, Prompt.; ceptire, H (Ps. 44. 8). -AF. ceptre; Lat. sceptrum; Gr. σκήπτρον, staff.

Cerchen, v. to search, MD; cergyn, Prompt.; serchen, MD; sherch, S3; seirsand, pr. p., S3; sherched, pt. pl., S3. -OF. cercher (sercher); Lat. circare, to go round, from circus, a circle.

Cercle, sb. circle, MD, C; serole, Prompt., W2.—OF. cercle; Lat. circulum (acc.), dimin. of circus.

Cerclen, v. to circle, MD; sirculit. pp., S3.—OF. cercler; Lat. circulare.

Circulat, adj. revolving, S3.

Cere, v. to cover with wax, SkD, C3; cered, pp. shrouded in waxed cloth, SkD. -Lat. cerare, to wax, from cera, wax.

Cere-cloth, sb. waxed linen (for dead bodies), Sh.; searcloth, SkD.

Cerements, sb. pl. (see above), Sh.

Cerge, sb. wax taper, MD; serge, MD, JD, Cath.; cerges, pl., S.-OF. cerge, cierge; Late Lat. ceria, fem. from Lat. cereus, from cera, wax.

Cerial, adj. sacred to Ceres, C.—Lat. Cerialis, Cerealis.

Ceriously, adv. minutely, with full details, S2, Č3; see **Seryowsly.**

Certes, adv. certainly, S, C2, C3; sertes, S2, PP; certis, S3, P.—OF. certes, (Constans): OSp. certas; Lat. certas, pl. f. of certus, certain.

Ceruse, sb. ceruse, white lead, with which women painted their faces, MD; ceruse, C.—OF. ceruse (Cotg.); Lat. cerussa; cp. Gr. κηρωτόν, a cerate or salve used as a cosmetic, from κηρόs, bees-wax.

Cessen, v. to cease, C2, C3; cesen, MD.-AF. cesser; Lat. cessare.

Cetewale, sb. zedoary, a root resembling ginger, MD, C2, Prompt., SB; setewale, MD, HD; setwale, Prompt.; setuale, Cendal, sb. a fine stuff (linen or silk), S, | Prompt.; sedewale, MD; sedwale, MD;

zedewale, Alph.—AF. cetewale, OF. citoual, citouart; Low Lat. zedoarium; Arab. jadwar (from the Persian).

Chaf, sb. pl. countries, S; see Cubbe. Chaf, sb. chaff, straw, MD; chaff, MD; chaffe, W, Prompt.; chaff, MD; caf, H; cafe, H.—AS. ccaf.

Chaffare, sb. business, selling, merchandise, S2, C2, C3; chaffar, C3; chaffare, S; chaffare, MD; cheapfare, MD.—AS. chap faru, a journey, business; cp. Icel. kaupför.

Chaffaren, v. to chaffer, S2, C3, P, W. **Chaflet**, sb. a small stage or platform, S3, HD.—A dimin. of OF. chafaut, chaffaut, see Ducange (s.v. chaaffallum). See **Staffaut**.

Chaine, sb. chain; chayne, MD; cheyne, Prompt., C2; chyne, MD.—AF. chaine (cheine); OF. chaäine, cadene; Lat. catena.

Chaire, seat, chair, MD; **chayere**, MD; **chaier**, W2; **chaere**, S, MD.—AF. chaiëre, chayëre, seat, throne; Lat. cathedra; Gr. καθέδρα.

Chald, adj. cold, S; see Cold.

Chalenge, sb. false claim, accusation, claim, MD, W2; calenge, MD; chalaunge, MD.—AF. chalenge, chalange, OF. calenge; Lat. calumnia.

Chalengen, v. to accuse, charge, claim, MD, W, S2, P; chalange, H; calengynge, pr. p., W2; chalanged, pt. s., S2; chalanged, pp. accused, P.—AF. chalenger, chalanger, 'calumniare.'

Chalengere, sb. accuser, W2.

Chamber, sô. chamber, MD; chambur, MD; schambyr, Voc.; chambre, C2, C3, PP; chombre, MD; chammer, MD, PP; chawmere, MD; chamer, Voc.; chalmer, S3.—AF. chambre; Lat. camera.

Chamberere, sb. handmaid, MD, S2, C2; chamberere, MD; chomberier, MD. —OF. chamberiere.

Chamberling, sb. chamberlain; chaumberling, MD; chamberlein, MD; schamberlein, MD; schamberleyne, Voc.; chamberlayn, MD; chamerlane, Voc.—OF. chamberlene (cp. It. camerlengo in Florio); OHG. chamarline; Lat. camera + OHG.-linc. On the suffix see SkD.

Chamelle: see Camel.

Chamelot, sb. camlet, S3; see **Camelot**. **Champaine**, adj. and sb. level, level country, CM, S3.—AF. champaigne.

Champartie, sb. share in land, part- karag. See Care.

nership in power, C; champartye, S3.—OF. champart, field-rent, see Cotg.; Lat. campi partem.

Champion, sb. a fighter in the duel, a champion, MD; champioun, C, G.—AF. champion; Late Lat. campionem.

Chan-: see Chaun-.

Chanoun: see Canoun.

Chape, sb. the locket of a scabbard, Cotg., Cath.; schape, Cath. (n.).—OF. chappe (Cotg.).

Chapele, sb. chapel, S, MD; chapelle, MD; schapelle, Voc. — AF. chapele, OF. capele; Church Lat. capella.

Chapelein, sb. chaplain, MD; chapeleyne, MD, C; chapeleyns, pl., S2.—AF. chapelein; Church Lat. capellanus.

Chapiter, sb. the capital of a column, SkD.—OF. chapitel; Lat. capitellum, dimin. of caput.

Chapitre, sb. a chapter, division of a book, a meeting of clergy, MD, PP; chapiter, S3; chapitere, PP; chapitle, PP; chapitele, PP; capitle, summary, W.—OF. chapitre, chapitle; Lat. capitulum, dimin. of caput.

Chapitre-hous, sb. chapter-house, PP; chapitel-hous, PP.

Chapman, sb. merchant, C, PP; chapmon, S2, PP; chapmon, S; chapmen, pl., S, S2, C3, PP.—AS. céapman.

Chapmanhode, sb. trade, S2, C3.

Chapolory, sb. a kind of scarf, S3; see **Scaplorye**.

Char, Chare, sb. car, S3; see Carre. Charbocle, sb. carbuncle (stone), C2; see Carbonole.

Charen, v. to turn, S; see Cherren.

Charge, sb. a load, injunction, responsibility, MD, S2, C3, C, W; charche, MD; carke, S3; karke, MD; cark, MD, G.—AF. charge, also kark.

Chargen, v. to put a load on, to enjoin, MD, S2; to care for, W, W2; charchyng, pr. p., S3; y-charged, pp., S2; charged, S2.—AF. charger; OF. cargier; Late Lat. carricare. See Carry.

Chargeouse, adj. burdensome, W; charlouse, W2.

Charitee, sb. charity, C2; charyte, S2; charite, MD, S2, G; carited, S; karite), MD.—AF. charite, OF. caritet, Prov. caritat; Lat. caritatem. Cf. Cherte.

Chariz, adj. sad, S.—AS. cearig; cp. OS. karag. See Care.

Charnel, sb. charnel-house, P, SkD.—AF. charnel, carnel; Lat. carnalem.

Chartre, sb. prison, S, MD.—OF. chartre, Ps. 141. 7; Lat. carcerem, see Brachet. For tr from original cr, compare OF. veintre; Lat. vincere.

Chartre, sb. charter, S, PP.—AF. charter; Lat. chartula, dimin. of charta.

Chase, sb. hunting, pursuit, also, hunting-ground, MD; chas, MD; chays, S3.—AF. chace, hunting-ground.

Chaser, sb. hunter (horse), chaser, MD; chaseris, pl., S2.

Chastelet, sb. little castle, domain, P. —OF. chastelet (Cotg.). See Castel.

Chasteleyne, sb. castellan, MD.—AF. chasteleyn.

Chastien, v. to chastise, MD, S; chaste, S2, C2, P.—AF. chastier, OF. castier; Lat. castigare.

Chastisen, v. to chastise, MD; chastyse, C2.

Chastyng, sb. chastisement, P.

Chaud, adj. hot, S2, PP.—OF. chaud, chald; Late Lat. caldum; from Lat. calidus.
Chaunce, sb. chance, S2, C2, C3; cheance, MD; cheance, MD; chans, MD; chance, S3.—OF. cheance; Late Lat. cadentia, a falling, from cadere.

Chauncel, sb. chancel, Prompt.; chauncell, Palsg.; chawnsylle, Voc.— OF. chancel; Late Lat. cancellus, chancel, screen; cp. Lat. cancelli, pl., latticework, dimin. of cancri, lattice work, from cancer, a crab. See Canker.

Chaunceler, sb. chancellor, Prompt.; chanceler, MD; canceler, S.—AF. chanceler, OF. cancelier; Late Lat. cancellarius.

Chauncellerie, sb. chancery, MD; chancelerie, MD.—AF. chauncelerie.

Chauncerye, sb. chancery, MD.—AF. chancerie.

Chaunge, sb. change, C2.

Chaungen, v. to change, MD, S2; chaungi, S; chongen, S2; 1-changet, pp., S.—AF. changer, OF. changier, cangier; Low Lat. cambiare, to barter.

Chaunger, sb. money-changer, W. Chaungyng, sb. changing, W2.

Chaunterie, sb. chantry for singing masses for the dead, C.—AF. chaunterie, OF. chanterie; Late Lat. cantaria, from Lat. cantare, to sing.

Chavel, sb. the jaw, MD; chavyl, MD; sell, MD, Schawle, MD; chaul, MD; choule, MD; to bargain.

chol, S3; choll, MD.—AS. ceafl. See further in SkD (s.v. jowl).

Chavyl-bone, sb. jaw-bone, Prompt.; chavylbon, MD.

Che-; see Chi-.

Cheap, sb. bargain, S; see Chepe.

Cheap-ild, sb. a female trader, S. See-ild.

Chearre, v. to turn, S; see Cherren.

Cheas, pt. s. chose, S; see Chesen.

Checker, sb. exchequer, S3; see Escheker.

Cheef, sb. and adj. head, upper part, chief, MD, PP; chief, MD; cheff, PP; cheff, MD; chyf, PP.—OF. chef (AF. chief), cheve; Late Lat. capum (acc.); cp. It. capo, Sp. cabo.

Cheef-mete, sb. chief meat, PP, S2.

Chees; see Chesen.

Cheest; see Chest.

Cheffare, sb. business, S; see Chaf-

Chekelew, adj. suffocating, HD; see -lewe.

Cheken, v. to choke, suffocate, MD, Prompt., SkD. See NED (s. v. achoke).

Cheker, sb. exchequer, PP; see Escheker.

Cheld, adj. cold, S2; see Cold.

Chelde, sb. cold, PP.

Chelden, v. to grow cold, S; kelde, MD.—AS. cealdian.

Chěle, sb. chill, S, S2; see Chil.

Chěle, sb. throat, fur made up from the fur about the marten's throat, S; cheole, MD; chelle, MD.—AS. ceole, the throat; cp. OHG. chěla (G. kehle). See Mertheschele.

Chelle, sb. bowl, incense-vessel, S.—AS. ciella (cylle), a vessel for drinking; cp. OHG. chella.

Chemys, sb. chief mansion, JD; see Chymmys.

Chene; see Chyne.

Cheosen; see Chesen.

Chepe, sb. bargain, business, MD; cheap, S. Phr: good chepe, cheap, MD; gret chep, plenty, cheapness, MD; to good cheep, too cheaply, G.—AS. cłap; business, purchase, price, also, cattle; Icel. kaup, bargain; cp. OHG. kouf (Otfrid).

Chepe, sb. Cheapside, S3, P.

Chepen, v. to transact business, buy or sell, MD, S; chepet, pp., S.—AS. céapian, to bargain.

Cheping, sb. market, W; chepynge, S2, P.—AS. céapung, trade, commerce.

Chepmon; see Chapman. Cher, adj. dear, PP; ohere, MD. Phr.: oher ouer, careful of, PP.—OF. cher; Lat.

Cherarchy, sb. an assembly of holy rulers, a hierarchy, S3; yerarchy, SkD (p. 810).—OF. hierarchie; Gk. lepapxia; cp. It. gerarchia, a hierarchy of angels

(Florio).

Chere, sb. a time, S; see Cherre.

Chere, sb. face, friendly welcome, S, MD, S2, S3, C3, G, C2; chiere, S3; cheare, S3; cheere, G; cher, S2; cheere, W; cheres, pl., wry faces, S.—AF. chere, countenance, OF. chere, head (Roland); Low Lat. cara, the face, head; Gr. κάρα; see Ducange. Cp. E. cheer.

Cheren, v. to make good cheer, to make glad, MD, Prompt., S.

Cheriche, v. to cherish, PP; cheryce, C2.—OF. cherir (pr. p. cherissant).

Cherissing, sb. cherishing, PP.

Cherl, sb. peasant, S, S2, C2, C3; **chorle**, Prompt.; **churle**, Voc.—AS. ceorl; cp. MHG. kerl. Cf. Carl.

Cherliche, adv. dearly, fondly, PP; cherli, S2. See Cher.

Cherre, sb. a turn, space of time, business, affair, job, MD; chere, S; char, MD; chore, SkD (p. 792).—AS. cerr (cirr, cyrr); cp. OHG. chér.

Cherren, v. to turn, MD; chearre, S; churren, S; charen, S; cherde, pt. pt., S.—AS. cerran (cirran); cp. OHG. kéren (Otfrid).

Cherte, sb. charity, MD: friendship, S3. —OF. cherte; Lat. caritatem. Cf. Charitee. Cherubim, sb. pl. cherubim; cherubym, W2 (Ps. 17. 12); cherubin, S2; cherubyn, H.—Church Lat. cherubim (Vulg.); Heb. cherubim, pl. of cherub. Cp.

OF. cherubins, Ps. 17. 10.

Chervelle, sb. chervil, PP; cherefelle,
Alph.; chiruylles, pl., PP.—AS. cærfille,
(Voc.); Lat. caerifolium; Gr. χαιρέφυλλου;
cp. OF. cerfueil (Cotg.).

Chery, sb. cherry, Voc.; chere, Voc.— OF. cerise; Late Lat. cerasea, adj. from cerasum, cherry; from Gr. κέρασος, cherrytree; see Diez. Cf. Chiries.

Chesbolle, sb. a small onion, poppyhead, Voc.; **chesebolle**, HD; **chessebolle**, HD; **chesspolle**, Voc.

Chese, sb. cheese, MD, Voc., S (18.

643); schese, Voc.; cesse, S.—O. Merc. cése (OET), AS. cése; Lat. caseus.

Chesen, v. to choose, S, S2, C2, C3, G; cheosen, S, S2, MD; ches, imp. s., S2; chees, C3; choyse, S3; chees, pt s., S; chees, MD, S2; chees, pt. chees, pt. chees, pt. chees, PP; cosen, S.—AS. closan, pt. cas (pl. curon), pp. coren.

Chesible, sb. chasuble, P; chesibylle, Voc.; chesyble, Palsg.; chesypyl, Voc.; chesypylle, Prompt.—OF. *chasible, cp. Church Lat. casibula, casubula (OF. chasuble); from casula, a sacerdotal vestment, from Lat. casa, a cottage.

Chesoun, sb. cause, account, MD; chesun, Sa, H; cheson, H. See Achesoun.
Chest, sb. jangling, strife, MD, P; cheast, MD; cheaste, MD; cheste, G, S; cheestis, pl., W.—AS. clast.

Chest, sb. chest, ark, coffin, PP, MD; chest, MD; ceste, dat., S. Cf. Kist.

Chesten, sb. chestnut-tree, Manip.; chesteyn, C, MD; cheston, Voc.—AF. chestaine, OF. chastaigne; Lat. castanea; from Gr. kaaravov.

Chesten-tre, sb. chestnut-tree, MD; chestantre, Voc.

Chesun, sb. cause, occasion, account, S2, H; see **Chesoun**.

Chesunabile, adj. open to an accusation, H.

Checen, sb. pl. countries, S; see Custe. Cheuaunce, sb. gain, profit, MD.

Cheuen, v. to succeed, to attain one's end, MD, C3, P; cheeuen, S2.—OF. chevir, from chef. See Cheef.

Cheuesance, sb. success, profit, agreement, MD, PP; cheuisaunce, agreement, bargain, PP, C.—OF. chevisance.

Cheuesen, v. to procure, to get, MD; chevisen, MD; chevises, to achieve one's purpose, S2; cheuyoe, to lend, S3.—OF. chevir (pr. p. chevissant).

Cheuetayn, sb. captain, S2; cheueteyn, MD; cheventeyn, S2, PP, C; cheuentayn, MD, PP; chefetayn, MD; chiveteyn, MD; chiftaigne, PP.—AF. chevetayn (cheventeyn); Late Lat. capitaneum, from Lat. capit-stem of caput, head. Cf. Capitain.

Chewen, v. to chew, S, S₂; cheowen, MD.—AS. céowan, pt. céaw (pl. cuwon), pp. cowen.

Cheyne, sb. chain, C2; see Chaine. Chibolle, sb. a small kind of onion, MD, S2, P; chebole, a young onion, Palsg.; chibole, PP; schybbolle, Voc.; chesbolle, Voc.-OF. ciboule; Late Lat. caepulla from Lat. caepa, onion. Cp. It. cipolla, cyboll (Florio) and G. zwiebel, onion (Weigand).

Chiden, v. to chide, dispute, MD; chid, MD; imp. s., S; chit, pr. s., MD, C3; chidden, pt. pl., S, W.—AS. cidan, pt. cidde.

Chil, sb. chill, coolness, MD, SkD; chele, S, S2, P.—AS. ciele (Voc.), cyle.

Chilce, sb. childishness, S. Chilc; for AS. cild + s; see Sievers, 258. For the French spelling, cf. Milce.

Child, sb. child, the child of a noble house, a title of honour, young knight, S; cild, S, MD; childre, pl., S, S3; childer, MD, S, S2; cyldren, S; cheldren, S; childrene, gen., S.—AS. cild, pl. cild, also cildru, and in O. North. cildo, cildas.

Childen, v. to bring forth children, W2. Child-had, sb. childhood, S; childhede, dat., C2.—AS. cildhád.

Chimney, sb. furnace, oven, also, fire-place, Sh, PP (n.); chymney, W; chymneye, PP .- AF. chimenee, OF. cheminee; Late Lat. caminata, a room with a stove; from Lat. caminus, a furnace; Gr. κάμινος.

Chinche, adj. and sb. niggardly, a niggard, MD, CM; chiche, MD; chynchis, pl., H.—OF. chiche, miserable, niggardly (Cotg.): Sp. chico, small; Lat. ciccum (acc.), the core of a pomegranate, a mere trifle.

Chinchen, v. to be niggardly, Prompt. Chincherie. sb. miserliness, Prompt.

Chirche, sb. church, S, S2, W2, PP, CM; churche, S, S2, PP; cherche, S2, C3; kirke, S, S2, P; kyrke, P, Voc., S3; kire, S2; circe, S, Voc.; cyrce, S.—AS. cyrce; cp. OHG. kiricha (Tatian).

Chirche-gong, sb. churching of women, S1, MD.—Cp. Icel. kirkju-ganga.

Chirche-haie, sb. cemetery, MD; chyrchehaye, Voc.

Chirche-zeard, sb. church-yard, MD; chyrchejarde, Prompt.; kyrkejerde, Voc.; kyrgarth, Voc.; cyrce-iserd, S.-Icel. kirkju-garör.

Chirch-socne, sb. congregation, S.-AS. ciric-socn (Schmid); cp. Icel. kirkjusókn.

Chiries, sb. pl. cherries, S2, P. See Chery,

Chiri-tyme, sb. cherry-time, P.

Chirken, v. to twitter, chirp, MD, CM. | Chymmys, sb. chief mansion, S3;

Chirkyng, sb. a grating, stridulent, hissing sound, C, CM; chyrkynge, sibilatus, Prompt.

Chirm. sb. noise of birds, MD; charm, ND; chirme, dat., S.—AS. cirm, cyrm.

Chirmen. v. to chirp and twitter, MD; cherme, Palsg.; chyrmys, pr. s., S3. See SkD (s.v. chirp), and Brugmann, § 420.

Chisel, sb. chisel, MD; chysel, Prompt.; chyssell, S3; chesyll, MD; scheselle, Voc.; sceselle, Voc.—North F. chisel, OF. cisel, It. cesello, see SkD (p. 793).

Chit. pr. s. disputes, C3; see Chiden. Chiteren. v. to twitter, MD, CM; to chatter, C3.

Chitering, sb. twittering, MD; chyteryng, S2.

Chivache, sb. riding, expedition, CM, MD, C3; chivachie, C; chevache, CM. -AF. chivauche, chevauchee, OF. chevalchee, from chevalchier, to ride on horseback, from cheval, horse; Lat. caballum, (acc.). See Capul.

Chiualer, sb. chevalier, knight, PP; cheualere, MD.—AF. chevaler.

Chivalrie, sb. the knights of Christendom, S2; chevalrye, MD; chyvalrie, knightly deeds, MD; chiualrye, C2.—AF. chivalrie, chevalerie.

Chiueren, v. to shiver, tremble, Prompt., SkD (s. v. shiver); cheueren, PP; sheeuering, pr. p., S3.—Cp. Du. huiveren, to shiver.

Chiveringe, sb. shivering, trembling; chyuerynge, Prompt., p. 75; chyueryng, Palsg., Prompt.

Chois, sb. and adj. choice, MD, C2; choys, MD, C, C2.—OF. chois, cois, from choisir, coisir, to choose. Of Teutonic origin. See Chesen.

Choisly, adv. choicely, MD; chysly, S2.

Chol; see Chavel.

Chold, adj. cold, S; see Cold.

Choppen, v. to chop, cut, mince, MD; chappyd, pp., MD.

Chorle; see Cherl.

Chrisolyte, sb. chrysolite, 3; crysolyt, SkD.—Lat. chrysolithus (Vulg.); Gr. χρυσόλιθος, 'gold stone.'

Chronique, sb. chronicle, C; see Cronique.

Churren, v. to turn, S; see Cherren.

chemys, JD.—OF. chef+mes (Bartsch.), chefmois, chief manor house (Cotg.); Late Lat. capmansum (acc.); see Ducange (s. v. caput mansi). See Cheef.

Chymney, sb. furnace, W; see Chim-

Chynchis, sb. pl. niggards, H; see Chinche.

Chyne, sb. chink, fissure, W2; chenes, pl., S2, MD; chynnes, S3.—AS. cinu.

Chynnyng, sb. chink, S3.

Chyp, v. to chip, S3. See Choppen. Chyrmen, v. to chirp, S3; see Chir-

Chyrmen, v. to chirp, S3; see Chirmen.

Chysly, adv. choicely, S2; see Choisly. Chyssell, sb. chisel, S3; see Chisel.

Ciclatun, sb. a costly silk texture, S; ciclatoun, MD, C2; siclatoun, MD; ciclatuns, pl., S.—OF. ciclatun in Roland (cp. Icel. siklatun); cp. Arab. siqlát, a fine cloth.

Cipres, sb. cypress, MD; cipress, C2; cypres, Palsg.; cipresse, MD. — OF. cypres; Lat. cupressus, cyparissus; Gτ. κυπάρισσος.

Circe, sb. church, S, Voc.; see Chirche. Circe-wican, sb. dat. church-dwelling, S.

Cisterne, sb. cistern, Joseph's pit, MD, Cath.; **sisterne**, MD; **sesterne**, Prompt.—Lat. cisterna, (Vulg.).

Cisternesse, sb. Joseph's pit, S.

Citee, sb. city, MD, C2, C3; cyte, MD; syte, Prompt.; scite, S; citee, MD, C2, C3; cite, S, S2, Cath.—AF. cite, OF. citet; Lat. ciuitatem, a community of citizens.

Citesein, sb. citizen, MD; citeseyn, W (Acts 22. 26); cytezeyne, Prompt.—AF. citeseyn, citezein: Prov. ciutadan, ciptadan; Late Lat. *civitadanum.

Citiner, sb. citizen, JD; cyttenere,

Citole, sh. cithern, C, MD, CM; cytole, Voc.—AF. citole, OF. cytholle (= Lat. citharara), Ps. 56. 8; cp. Low Lat. citola, (Voc.); Lat. cithara; Gr. mbápa, also mbaps; cp. Chaldee qūthārōs, Dan. 3. 5. See Giterne.

Citolerer, sò. a player on the cithern; cytolerer, Voc.

Citrinacioun, sb. the turning to the colour of citron (in alchemy), C3, CM. **Citrine**, adj. citron-coloured, MD.—

OF. citrin; Lat. citrinus.

Citur, sb. citron-tree, MD. Comb.:

cytyr-tre, Prompt.; citur tree, MD.—OF. citre; Lat. citrum (acc.).

Clam, adj. sticky, H, MD.

Clam, pt. s. climbed, S2; clamb, C2; see Climben.

Clanlych, adv. purely, S₂; see Glene. **Clappen**, v. to make a noise like the clapper of a mill, MD, Palsg; to chatter, C₂, C₃.—Icel. klappa.

Clapping, so. chatter, idle talk, C2.

Clapsen, v. to clasp, C, CM; see Claspen.

Claret, sb. a spiced wine, MD, Prompt. clare, MD; clarre, C, MD; clarry, MD.

—OF. claret (AF. clare); Late Lat. claretum and claratum. See Clere.

Clarifien, v. to glorify, MD, W, H (Ps. 19. 1).—OF. clarifier; Lat. clarificare (Vulg.).

Clarioun, sb. clarion, C, MD; claryone, Prompt.—OF. clarion (F. clairon). See Clere.

Clarre, sb. a spiced wine, C, CM; see Claret.

Claspen, v. to clasp, Palsg.; clapsen, C, CM.

Clauster, sb. cloister, MD; closter, MD; claustres, pl., S2.—Lat. claustrum (clostrum), whence Icel. klaustr, AS. cluster. Cf. Gloister.

Claver, sb. clover, trifolium, Voc., MD; clayr, S3; clovere, Voc.—AS. cláfre (OET.), also clæfre, (Voc.); cp. Dan. klöner.

Claw, sb. hoof, Voc.; clau, Voc.; clawwess, pl., S; clavis, S3; clawes, claws of bird, C2.—AS. claw, hoof; cp. Icel. klauf, see Weigand (s.v. klaue).

Clawen, v. to scratch, stroke, MD; clowe, to scratch, PP. Phr.: to claw the back, to flatter, S3. Comb: claw-back, sb. flatterer, sycophant, Cotg. (s. v. flateur).

Cleche, sb. hook, MD; cleek, HD.

Clechen, v. to seize, MD, HD; cleke, MD; cleikis, pr. s., S3; clahte, pt. s., MD; claucht, pp., MD.

Cled, pt. s. clothed, S3; see Clothen. Clee. sb. hoof, W2.—AS. clio. Se

Clef, pt. s. split, S2; see Cleuen.

Clei, sb. clay, W2, MD; cley, Prompt.; W (John 9. 6), Voc.—AS. clag.

MD.— Clemen, v. to plaster with clay, to daub, to smear, MD, S2; clemyd, pp., glued, Comb.: H.—AS. claman, from clam, clay.

twang the harp, S; clenten, pt. pl., embraced, S; cleynt, pp., fixed, MD.—Cp. OHG. klenken (in in-klenken), to fasten (Otfrid).

Clene, adj. clean, MD, S; adv. entirely, penitus, MD, S, S2; clenner, comp., W2. -AS. clane; cp. OHG. kleini, fine, tender, kleino, 'penitus' (Otfrid).

Clengen, v. to cling, S2; see Clingen. Clenlich, adj. cleanly, MD; clenliche, adv. purely, S; clanlych, S2; clennlike, S; clenli, entirely, S.—AS. clanlic.

Clennes, sb. purity, S2; clennesse, W2; clenesse, S.—AS. clénnis.

Clensien, v. to cleanse, MD; clansi. S; clennsenn, S; y-clense, S3. -- AS. (ge) clánsian, see Sievers, 185.

Clensinge, sb. cleansing, S.

Cleo: see Clyffe.

Clepen, v. to call, S2, C2, W, W2; clepien, S; cleopien, S; clupien, MD, S2; cleopede, pt. s., S; clupede, S; clepide, S2. W; clepte, S2; clepud, S2; clepet, S2; clepit, S3; i-cleopet, pp., S; i-cleped, S; y-clepud, S2; y-cleped, C3; cleped, S2, C2; clept, S2; y-clept, C3; iclepet, S2; icluped, S2; iclyped, S3.—AS. cleopian.

Clepyng, sb. a calling, W.

Clere, adj. clear, bright, glorious, C2, W, W2; cleer, MD; cler, MD; clier, MD.—AF. cler; Lat. clarum.

Clerenesse, sb. brightness, W; cleernes, C3.

Clerete. sb. brightness, W.

Clergeon, sb. a chorister, little priest, young scholar, MD, C2.-AF. clergeon; cp. Sp. clerizon (Minsheu).

Clergial, adj. learned, C3; clergealy, adv. in clerkly wise, P.

Clergie, sb. (1) the clergy, (2) the clerical profession, (3) book-learning, MD; clargy, H.—OF. clergie: Sp. clerecia, clergy; Late Lat. clericia, the clergy, learning; see Constans.

Clerk, sb. clergyman, scholar, secretary, C2; clerc, S, MD; clerkes, pl., S, C2, C3, P; clerekes, S; clerken, gen. pl., S2.-OF. clerc (AF. clerk); Church Lat. clericum (acc.); Gr. κληρικός, from κλήρος, a lot, in eccl. writers, the clergy.

Cler-matin, sb. a kind of corn for grinding, MD, S2, PP.

Cleue, sb dwelling, bedroom, bed, MD, S; kleue, MD.—AS. cleofa, a recess, den, Clofenn; see Cleuen.

Clenchen, v. to clench, seize, PP; to | bed, chamber; cp. Icel. kleft, a closet, bed-

Cleuen, v. to split asunder, MD, P; cleone, MD; cleues, pr. s., S; claf, pt. s., MD; clef, MD, S2; cleef, MD; clevede, G; clouen, pl., S2; clofenn, pp., S; cloue, W.—AS. cléofan, pt. cléaf (pl. clufon), pp. clofen.

Cleuen, v. to cleave, adhere, MD, W2, PP; cliuyn, Prompt.; cliuen, S; clyuen, PP; cliued, pt. s., S; cleuede, W2.—AS. clifian (cleofian); OHG. klebên (Otfrid).

Cleuering, pr. p. clinging, holding on by claws, S3. See Cliuer.

Cleynt, pp. fixed, MD; see Clenchen.

Clicche; see Clochen.

Cliket, sb. a kind of lock or fastening, PP, CM; clyket, PP, Voc.; clykyt, Voc. -OF. cliquette (Bartsch), from cliquer, to click, snap; cp. Low Lat. cliquetus.

Cliketed, pp. fastened with a latch, PP. Climben, v. to climb, MD; clymben, C2; clam, pt. s., S2, MD; clamb, C2; clomb, MD; clomben, pp., C; clombe, C2.—AS. climban, pt. clamb (pl. clumbon); pp. clumben.

Clingen, v. to shrivel up, wither, to cling, MD, S, ND, Sh; clengen, S2; olyngen, S2; clang, pt. s., MD; clonge, pl., MD; clungen, pp., MD. -AS. clingan, pt. clang (pl. clungon), pp. clungen.

Clippe; see Cluppen.

Clippen, v. to clip, shear, S, C2, MD.— Icel. klippa.

Cliue, sb. cliff, S; see Clyffe.

Cliuen. v. to cleave, adhere, S; see Cleuen.

Cliner. adj. eager, sharp, MD, SkD.

Cliuer, sb. claw, S; clivres, pl., S.— AS. clifer.

Clobbed, adj. like a club, rough, C2; clubbed, MD. See Clubbe.

Cloche, sb. claw, PP; cloke, HD; cluke, S3 (s. v. cat), JD; cleuck, JD; clokis, pl., H.

Clochen, v. to clutch, PP; clucchen, PP, HD, SkD; clouche, PP; clycchen, PP; clicche, PP.

Clocken, v. to limp, hobble, PP; clokke, PP .- OF. cloquer (clocher), to limp (Cotg.), also cloper: Prov. clopchar; Low Lat. *cloppicare, from cloppus; see Diez (p. 550).

Clodde; see Clot.

Cloister, sb. cloister, MD; cloistre, C3; cloystre, C; cloystyr, Prompt.—AF. cloister, OF. cloistee (F. cloitre). Cf. Clauster.

Cloisterer, sb. cloister-monk, C2.

Clom, sb. silence, S2; see Clum.

Clomsen, v. to be benumbed, stupified, PP, H. See Glum.

Clomstnes, sb. numbness, fixedness, H. Cloos, adj. close, C3; clos, MD.—AF. clos, closed, pp. of clore; Lat. claudere.

Clos, sb. an enclosure, a locked-up place, MD; cloos, Prompt., S2; cloyss, S3.

Closen, v. to close, to enclose, MD.— From AF. clos, pp; Lat. clausum. See Closs.

Closter, sb. cloister, MD; see Clauster.

Closures, sb. pl. enclosures, fastenings, S3.

Closyngis, sb. pl. gates, W2.

Clot, sb. a clod, MD; clotte, Cath.; clodde, Prompt., Palsg., Manip.; clottes, pl., lumps, S2; clottis, W2. See Weigand (s. v. kloss).

Clote, sb. burdock, Voc., MD, Prompt., Alph.; cloote, MD,—AS. cláte.

Clote-bur, sb. burr of the burdock, C3. Clote-leef, sb. leaf of the burdock, C3. Cloteren, v to clot, coagulate, Prompt.; clothred, pp., C.

Cloth, sb. cloth, clothing, S, S2; clope, S2; clopt, S2; class, S; classes, pl., S; closes, S.—AS. clás.

Clothen, v. to clothe, S; clasen, S; cled, pt. s., S3; closeden, pt., S2; y-clothed, pp., PP; y-clad, C3; cled, S3.

Cloude, sb. a mass of rock, a hill, clod, S2, MD; clude, MD; clowdys, pl., MD (s. v. clot); cluddis, masses of cloud, S3; cloudis, H (Ps. 67. 37).—AS. clúd.

Clout, sb. clout, rag, W; clowt, C3; clutes, pl.,S; cloutes, S2,S3,C3; clowtes, S2.—AS. clút (OET.).

Clouten, v. to patch, mend, S3; cloustand, pr. p., S2; clouted, pp., provided with an iron plate, S3.

Cloue, pp. split, W; see Cleuen.

Clowe, v. to scratch, P; see Clawen. Clowe, sb. a clove, pink, Prompt.; clowes, pl., MD.—OF. clou, clo, a nail; Lat. claum (acc.).

Clowe-gilofre, sb. a clove-gilly-flower, C2; clowe-gylofres, pl., S2.—AF. cloue de gilofre. See Gerafiour.

Clubbe, sb. club, MD; clobbe, MD.
—Icel. klubba, klumba.

Clubbed, adj. club-shaped, rough, MD, Prompt.; clobbed, C2.

Clucche, v. to clutch, PP; see Glochen. Cluddis, sb. pl. masses of cloud, S3; see Gloude.

Cluke; see Cloche.

Clum, sb. stillness, silence, MD, CM; Clom, S2.

Clumsen, v. to be benumbed, stupified, MD; clomsen, PP; clomsed, pp., set fast, H; clumst, H; clumsyd, 'enervatus,' Cath.

Clumst-hede, sb. numbness, H.

Clupien, v. to call, S2; see Clepen.

Cluppen, v. to embrace, S, MD; clyppe, S2; clippe S2, MD; cleppen, MD; clupte, pt. s., S.—AS. clyppan.

Cluster-loc, sb. enclosure, S.—AS. clúster-loc. See Clauster.

Clute; see Clout.

Cluvis, sb. pl. hoofs, S3; see Claw.

Clyffe, sb. cliff, MD; clyfe, MD; cline, dat., S; cleoue, MD; cleo, S; clines, pl., MD; cleus, MD.—AS. clif (OET), pl. cleofu, cliofu; see Grein, Sievers, 241.

Clymbare, sb. climber, S3.

Clymben, v. to climb, C2; see Climben.

Clyngen, v. to wither, to shrink, S2; see Clingen.

Cnawen, v. to know, S; see Knowen. Cnawlechen, v. to acknowledge, MD. Cnawlechunge, sb. acknowledgment, S. Cnelinng, sb. kneeling, S.

Cneowe, sb. dat. knee, S; see Kne.

Cniht. sb. knight, S; see Knist.

Cnotted, pp. knotted, S; i-knotted, S; see Enotte.

Cnouwe, sb. dat. knee, S; see Kne.

Cnowen, v. to know, S; pp., S2; see Knowen.

Co-arten, v. to compel, constrain, HD; coarted, pp., S3.—Lat. co-arctare, to constrain, compress.

Cocatrice, sb. a serpent (=Lat. basiliscus = Heb. pethen, an adder or cobra), W2; cocatryse, basiliscus, cocadrillus, Prompt.; kokatrice, MD; cockatrice, WW.—OF. cocatriz, crocodile: Sp. cocadriz, basilisk, cocatrice (Minsheu). Cp. Cokedrill.

Cocke, sb. in phr.: by cocke (a profane oath), S3, ND; by cock, Sh.; Cock's pas-

sion, Sh.; Cox my passion, Sh; by cock and pie, Sh., ND, SkD (s. v. pie); for cokkes bones, C3; for cocks body, 'de par Dieu,' Palsg.—Cp. Grimm, p. 15 (n.).

Cocow; see Cukkow.

Cod, sb. cod, pod, husk, MD; codde, Prompt., Palsg.; coddis, pl., W.—AS. codd, bag (Mark 6. 8).

Cod, sb. pillow, Cath., MD; coddis, pl.,

HD.—Icel. koddi, pillow.

Cof, adj. quick, MD; kof, MD; coue, MD; cofe, adv., S; cofer, comp., S.—AS. cáf; cp. Icel. á-kafr, vehement.

Coffes, sb. pl. cuffs, P; see Cuffe.

Cofin, sb. basket, MD; coffyn, W2; coffyne, paste, crust of a pie, MD; coffyns, pl., baskets, S2; coffyns, W; coffynes, W.—OF. cofin; Lat. cophinus (Vulg.); Gr. κόφινος (NT).

Cofre, sb. box, coffer, MD, C2, C3, P; cofer, S2; cofres, pl., S2.—AF. cofre; Lat. cophinum (acc.); see Brachet.

Cofren, v. to put into a coffer, S3.

Cog, sb. cog, tooth on the rim of a wheel, MD; kog, Voc.; cogge, dat., S.

Cognisaunce, sb. knowledge, MD; cognisance, that by which something is known, Sh; conisantes, pl., badges, S3.—AF. conisaunce, knowledge, OF. cognoissauce, from cognoissant, pr. p. of cognoistre; Lat. cognoscere.

Coife, sb. coif, cap, MD; coyfe, S3, Prompt., Palsg.—OF. coiffe; Low Lat. cofea.

Cf. Cuffe.

Coint, adj. knowing, prudent, skilful, sly, neat, fine, quaint, MD; koynt, MD; quoynte, MD; queynte, MD, S3, C2; quaynte, MD; queynt, MD; quaynt, H.—OF. cointe, prudent, trim, friendly; Lat. cognitum.

Cointeliche, adv. skilfully, neatly, quaintly, MD; quoynteliche, MD; queyntelich, MD; queynteli, S3; quein-

teliche, S2; quaintelye, S2.

Cointise, sb. art, skill, cunning, MD; quointise, MD, S2; quantise, H; queyntise, MD, S3; quaintis, H.—OF. cointise.

Coite, sb. quoit; coyte, Prompt., Palsg., Manip.; coitis, pl., S3. Cp. the v. coit, JD; OF. coitier, to push, press (Bartsch).

Coiten, v. to play quoits, Prompt., Palsg.

Cok, sb. cook, S2; cokes, pl., C3, PP; kokes, PP.—AS. coc; Lat. coquus, from coquere, to cook.

Cokedrill, sb. crocodile, HD, MD; co-cadrylle, Voc.; cokodrilles, pl., HD; cocodrilly, Trev. 1. 131, MD.—Low Lat. cocodrillus; cp. It. cocodrillo, a crocodile (Florio), Sp. cocodrillo, a serpent, crocodile (Minsheu); Lat. crocodilus; Gr. κροκοδείλος. Cf. Cocatrice.

Cokeney, sb. cook's assistant, scullion, undercook, petted child, cockney, MD, PP, S2; cocknaie, MD; coknay, Prompt., Cath.; cokenay, CM; cocknaye, Palsg. (s. v. bring); cockney, Sh.; kokeney, PP; coknayes, pl., S3.

Coker, sb. quiver, also a kind of half-boots or gaiters, MD; koker, MD; cocur, Prompt. (see n.); cokeres, pl., PP; cockers, HD, ND.—AS. cocer, a quiver.

Coket, sb. a seal with which bread sold in London was stamped by a public officer, Ducange; cocket, Cath.(n.); certificate, S3, ND.

Coket, sb. a kind of fine bread stamped, PP, S2. Cp. Low Lat. panis de coket, see Ducange (s. v. coket). See above.

Cokewold, sb. cuckold, CM; kokewolde, P; kukwald, Voc.; cockewold, MD; kukweld, MD; cokolde, MD, SkD.—Cp. Prov. cugol; Lat. cuculum, cuckoo. See Cukkow.

Col-, prefix, expressing depreciation, contempt. Comb.:—col-fox, a crafty fox, C.; col-knif, a big knife, MD; col-prophet, false prophet, ND; cold-prophet, ND; cole-prophet, ND; colle-tragetour, false juggler, CM (5. 248. 187).

Cold, adj. cold, PP; chald, S; kald, S; cald, S2, MD; kold, S; chold, S; cheld, S2; cold, evil, G.—AS. ceald, cald: Goth. kalds from OTeut. *kalan, to freeze, cp. Icel. kala (pt. kól, pp. kalinn).

Colde, v. to grow cold, C3, MD.—AS. cealdian.

Cole, sb. cabbage, cale, kail, Voc., MD; cool, MD; tale, MD, H.—AS. cole (OET); cp. Icel. kál; Lat. caulis, stalk, cabbage; see Weigand (s. v. kohl).

Cole, sb. charcoal, coal, S, S2; coole, MD; coylle, MD; coles, pl., C2, C3; coolis, W; koles, S2.—AS. col (OET).

Cole, adj. cool, somewhat cold, Prompt., MD.—AS. cól; cp. OHG. kuali (Otfrid).

Colen, v. to cool, MD, Prompt., G, H. AS. cólian; cp. OHG. kualen (Otfrid).

Coler, sb. collar, MD; coller, torques, Prompt.; colers, pl., P.—OF. coler (F. collier); Lat. collare, from collum, neck.

Colere, sb. anger, C, MD.—OF. colere; Lat. cholera; Gr. χολέρα, an affection of the bile.

Colerik, adj. choleric, passionate, C2, MD; coleryke, Cath. — Lat. cholericus, having one's bile affected; Gr. χολερικός, from χολή, gall.

Coles, sb. pl. (?); in phr.: swearing precious coles, S3.

Collacioun, sb. conference, CM.—OF. collacion, discourse, harangue; Lat. collationem, a bringing together, conferring.

Collen, v. to embrace, W2, MD; kollen, S2. Der.: collyngis, sb. pl., W2.—C. OF. collée, a neck-embracement (Cotg.). See Goler.

Collerie, sb. eye-salve, W; **colirie,** MD; **colorye**, HD.—Lat. collyrium; Gr. κολλύριον.

Colloppe, sb. a slice of flesh, carbonella, Prompt., MD, Palsg.; collop, Cath., Cotg. (s.v. riblette); colope, Voc.; colop, Cath. (n.); coloppe, PP; colhoppe, PP, Voc.; collip, Manip.; colopus, pl., PP, S2.

Colour, sb. colour, pretext, S3, C2; colur, S, MD.—AF. colur; Lat. colorem.

Col-plontes, sb. pl. cabbages, PP, S2; kole-plantes, PP; cale-plantes, PP. See Cole.

Coltre; see Culter.

Columbine, sb. columbine (flower), Alph., MD, Sh; columbyne, Voc., Prompt.; columby, S3.—OF. columbine; Late Lat. columbina.

Colvyr; see Culuer. Colwie, adj. grimy, S.

Colwyd, pp. carbonatus, Prompt. See

Cole.
Comaunde, v. to command, PP, C; comanden, MD; comaundet, pt. s., S2; comande, S2, MD; cumand, S2.—OF. comander, commander; Late Lat. commendare, to order. Cf. Comenden.

Comaundement, sb. commandment, C, PP; comandement, C2.

Comaundour, sb. commander, C3, PP; comandour, S2.—OF. commandeer; Late Lat. commendatorem.

Combe, sb. comb for hair, comb of a bird, Prompt., Voc.; komb, MD.—AS. camb.

Combren, v. to encumber, overwhelm, MD, S3; comeren, S3; combres, pr. s., S2; cumrit, pt. s., S2; cummerit, S3; cumbred, pp., S2.—OF. combrer, to hinder, from combre, a heap, see Ducange (s. v. cumbra); Lat. cumulum (acc.).

Combre-world, sb. cumberer of the world, S3.

Combust, pp. burnt, MD, C3.-Lat. combustus, pp. of comburere, to burn.

Come, so. a coming, S, S2, C3; kume, S; kime, S; cume, S; comes, pl., S.—AS. cyme.

Comelyng, sb. stranger, W, W2; kumeling, MD; comling, W; comlyng, S2; comelingis, pl., W; cumlyngis, H.

Comen, v. to come, S; cumen, S; kumen, S; cum, S2; com, S2; cuminde, pr. p., S; comynde, S2; cominde, S2; comste, comest thou, S2; comp, pr. s., S2; com, S, G, P; kam, S; come, 2 pt. s., S, G; comen, pt. pl., S; comen, C2; comen, MD, S, G; come, S2; 1-cumen, pp., S; 1-kumen, S; 1-cume, S2; 1-comen, S; 1-cume, S2; G; come, S2.—AS. cuman; cp. Goth. kwiman.

Comenden, v. to commend, C2, PP; commended, pp., PP.—Lat. commendare. Cf. Communde.

Comers, sb. pl., strangers, visitors, passers-by, S2, PP; comeres, PP.

Commoditie, sb. advantage, profit, S3, ND, Sh.—OF. commodité (Cotg.); Lat. commoditatem.

Comp. sb. contest, S; see Camp.

Compainoun, sb. companion, MD.—OF. compagnon; Late Lat. companionem.

Companable, adj. sociable, PP, C; companable, H. — OF. compaignable (Cotg.).

Companie, sb. company, MD, C2; companye, S; compaine, S2.— OF. companie, from compain, an associate at meals; from Lat. cum + panis, bread.

Comparisoun, sb. comparison, MD, C2.—OF. comparison; Late Lat. comparationem.

Comparisonnen, v. to compare, MD, W (Mark 4. 30), S2.

Compas, sb. circle, circuit, device, craft, MD, C3, G; compass, C; compasse, S3; cumpas, W2.—OF. compas; Late Lat. compassum (acc.).

Compassen, v. to go round, to devise, contrive, MD; cumpas, W2; compassed, pp., S3.—AF. compasser.

Compassyng, sb. craft, contrivance, C. **Compair**, v. to appear, S₃.—OF. comper, tonic stem of compareir; Lat. comparer.

Comper, sb. compeer, comrade, C, S2;

compere, Prompt.; cumpers, pl., MD.—Of OF. origin; Lat. comparem, (acc.).

Complie, sb. the last church-service of the day, compline, MD; cumplie, S, MD. —OF. complie; Church Lat. completa (kora).

Compline, sb. compline, MD; complyn, MD; cumplyne, completorium, Prompt. See above.

Composicion, sb. arrangement, agreement, C, C2.—AF. composicion; Lat. compositionem.

Comptroller; see Controller.

Comsen, v. to commence, S2, PP, MD; cumsen, S2, PP.—OF. comencer; Lat. com + initiare.

Comune, adj. common, PP; comun, MD; comyn, MD; comen, S2.—AF. commun; Lat. communem (acc.).

Comune, sb. the commons, commonalty, PP; commune, C2; comunes, pl., PP; comyns, S2, PP.

Comunlych, adv. commonly, S2; comunitohe, PP; comunly, C2.

Comyn, sb. cummin, C2, MD, Prompt.; cummyn, W.—OF. comin; Lat. cyminum (Vulg.); Gr. κύμνον.

Comynalte, sb. community, W2.—AF. communalte; OF. communaulte; Late Lat. *communalitatem, from communalis.

Comyne, v. to commune, W, W2; commune, C3. — OF. communier; Lat. communicare.

Comynere, sb. participator, W.

Comynte, sb. community, W2; comunete, PP.—Lat. communitatem.

Con, pr. s. can, know, S. Phr.: conponk, thanks, S; see Kunnen.

Conabill, adj. suitable, convenient, B.— OF. covenable, convenable; Late Lat. convenabilem.

Conand, sb. covenant, B; Connand, B; Cunnand, B.—OF. convenant, agreeing, befitting, also, a covenant, pr. p. of consenir; Lat. convenire. See Couenaunt.

Conandly, adv. befittingly, S3.

Conceipt, sb. imagination, fancy, idea, MD, S3; conceit, C3; conceits, pl., fantastic patterns, S3.

Conceiven, v. to comprise, to conceive, to imagine, MD; conceyue, PP.—OF. concevoir; Lat. concipere.

Conduit, sb. guidance, a conduit, MD; condut, MD; condite, MD; conduyte, S3; cundyth, Voc.; condeth, MD; kun-

dites, pl., S3.—OF. conduit (Bartsch); Lat. conductum, from conducere.

Confessen, v. to confess, to receive a confession, MD.—AF. confesser; from Lat. confessus, pp. of confiteer.

Confessor, sb. a confessor of Christianity before the heathen, a hearer of confessions, MD, S; cunfessurs, pl., S.—AF. confessor; Church Lat. confessorem.

Confiture, sb. an apothecary's mixture, C₃.—OF. confiture (Cotg.); Late Lat. confectura.

Confort, sb. comfort, C3, C, PP.—AF. confort.

Conforten, v. to strengthen, comfort, MD, C, P; counforte, S2, PP.—AF. conforter; Late Lat. confortare; Lat. con + fortis, strong.

Confounden, v. to bring to confusion, C3; confoundet, pp., PP.—AF. confoundere; Lat. confundere.

Confus, pp. put to confusion, C3, C, PP.—AF. confus, pp.; Lat. confusum.

Congie, v. to bid farewell to, dismiss, get rid of, PP; congoye, PP, MD; cunge, PP.—OF. congier, to dismiss, from congié, cumgiet; Late Lat. commiatum, Lat. commeatum, permission to go.

Conisantes, sb. pl. badges, S3; see Cognisaunce.

Conjecten, v. to guess, suppose, MD, S3.—Lat. conjecture.

Coniectere, sb. diviner, W2.

Conjoignen, v. to conjoin, MD; coniunit, pp., S3.—From OF. conjoignant, pr. p. of conjoindre; Lat. conjungere.

Con-ioyninge, sb. conjoining, C3.

Conne, v. to know, to be able, S2, S3; see Kunnen.

Conne, v. to test, examine, con, C2, P; kun, H; cunnien, SkD.—AS. cunnian, to try to know.

Conning, sb. science, skill, C2, C3; konning, C2; coninge, S2; kunnyng, W. Conning, adj. skilful, C2.

Conningly, adv. skilfully, C2.

Conrey, sb. division of troops, also provision, MD; conrai, S2.—OF. cunrei (conroi), equipage, arrangement, a division of troops (Bartsch); It. corredo, equipage, paraphernalia (Florio); Low Lat. corredium, conredium, equipage, provision, entertainment (Ducange); con+redium, a word of Teut. origin.

Conseil, sb. counsel, S, S2, C2; coun-

seil, G, C; consail, PP.-OF. conseil; bring, MD.-AF. cunveier; Late Lat. con-Lat. consilium.

Conseili. v. to advise. S2: conseille. PP.—OF. conseillier.

Constable, sb. constable, warden. officer, C3, PP; conestable, MD; cunstable, PP; cunestable, S.—OF. conestable; Late Lat. comes stabuli, see Brachet.

Constablesse, sb. constable's wife, S2,

Constance, sb. constancy, C2, MD.— OF. constance (Cotg.); Lat. constantia.

Constorie, sb. an ecclesiastical court, PP, S2; consistorie, PP, CM.—Church Lat. consistorium, a place of assembly, from Lat. consistere, to stand together.

Contek. sb. strife, contention, C, G, H, MD, CM; contumely, MD; contak, MD; conteke, HD; conteck, HD, ND; contakt, HD .- AF. contek.

Conteken, v. to strive, MD.

Contekour. sb. one who quarrels, HD. Contenance, sb. look, gesture, outward appearance, encouragement, favour, MD, S2, C2; contenaunce, PP, C3; cuntenaunce, S2; countenance, S3; continaunce, G .- OF. contenance; Late Lat. continentia, mien.

Contesse: see Countesse.

Contrarie, adj. contrary, C2, C3.-AF. contrarie (OF. contraire); Lat. contrarium.

Contrarien, v. to oppose, C2.—OF. contrarier; Late Lat. contrariare.

Contree, sb. country, MD, C2, C3; contre, MD, C; contrele, S2; contreye, S2; cuntre, S2, MD, C; contral, S2, MD.—OF. contree (AF. cuntree), Prov. contrada; Late Lat. contrata, from Lat. contra, see SkD.

Control. sb. restrictive authority, Sh.-OF. contre-rôle, contre-rolle, a duplicate roll, used for verification, see Brachet, Cotg. (s. v. controlle).

Control, v. to restrain, check, Sh.

Controller, sb. superintendent, over-seer of accounts, Sh; comptroller, S3.

Controven, v. to contrive, MD, PP; controeven, MD, S2; contreven, PP; contriven, MD.-AF. controver; con+ OF. trover, to find, compose poetry; Low Lat. tropare, from tropus, a song, lit. a trope, turn of speech; Gr. τρόπος, a turn.

Conventiculis, sb. pl. assemblies, W2. Conveyen, v. to accompany, also to Prompt., MD.—OF. cor; Lat. cor.

viare, to accompany.

Conyng, sb. cony, rabbit, MD, S2, S3, P; konyng, S; cunin, S; conig, MD, HD; cony, Prompt., HD; conies, pl., S3. -AF. conyng, conyn, conil (pl. conis); Lat. cuniculum (acc.).

Conyngere, sb. rabbit-warren, MD, HD; connyngere, Prompt.

Coosted, pt. pl. went past, S3; see Costey.

Coostez, sb. pl. properties, qualities, S2; see Cost.

Coote: see Cote.

Cop, sb. top, head, MD, S2, C, W, W2; coppe, dat., MD, W2; coppis, pl., W2.

Cope, sb. cape, cope, Voc., S2, C; kope, S; coope, Prompt., MD; copis, pl., P.-Cp. Icel. kápa; Late Lat. cāpa, cappa.

Copen, v. to cover with a cope, provide with a cope, PP, S2; i-copet, pp., S2.

Copen, v. to barter, to meet, to have to do with, to encounter, S3, Sh.—Cp. Du. koopen, to buy.

Coper, sb. copper, C3, MD; copyr, Voc., Prompt.; copper, MD.—Du. koper; Late Lat. cuper, cuprum, for Lat. cyprium (aes); from Cyprus; Gr. Κύπρος.

Coppe, sb. cup, S2, P; see Cuppe.

Corage, sb. heart, spirit, MD, C, C2.— AF. corage.

Corageus, adj. courageous, S2, MD; corageous, C2.—OF. corageus.

Coral, sb. coral, MD; coralle, Prompt.; corall, Palsg., Manip.; curall, S3.-OF. coral; Lat. corallum, corallium; Gr. κοράλλιον.

Corasine, sb. a corrosive, S3; see Corosif.

Coraye, v. to curry a horse, MD; see Curry.

Corbel, sb. raven, MD; corbyal, S2; corby, S3.—OF. corbel (F. corbeau); Late Lat. corvellum (acc.), from Lat. coruus.

Cordewane, sb. Spanish leather, C2; cordewan, MD; cordewayne, Voc.; cordwane, Prompt.; corduane, Voc.; corden, MD. - OF. cordouan, corduan, Prov. cordoan, Sp. cordován, cordovan leather (Minsheu), from Cordova, name of a town in Andalusia.

Cordwaner, sb. a worker in leather, Prompt.; cordwainer, SkD.-AF. cordewaner. See above.

Core. sb. the heart, central part of fruit.

Coriour, sb. currier, W; curtour, W. See Curry.

Corn, sb. a grain, corn, MD, S, C3; coren, S; cornys, gen., S3; corns, pl., S2; cornes, S2, PP, C2, W.—AS. corn, Goth. kaurn; cp. Lat. grānum; see Brugmann, § 306.

Corny, adj. strong of the corn or malt (applied to ale), C₃.

Corone, sb. crown, MD, C2, C3; coroune, MD, C2; corowne, C; corune, MD; croune, S; the tonsure, G; crune, S; krune, S; crun, S; crounis, pl., S3.

—AF. corone (coroune); Lat. corona.

Coronen, v. to crown, MD; coronnen, S2, C2; crouni, MD, S2; y-coronned, Pp, ,S2; y-coroned, PP; i-kruned, S; cruned, S.—OF. coroner (coruner).

Corosif, adj. corrosive, C3; corrosive, sb., a corrosive, a caustic, ND; corsive, ND; corsive, S3; corsye, S2; corsie, ND.—OF. corrosif, biting away.

Corour, sb. runner, W2; see Currour. Cors. sb. curse, S3, G; see Curs.

Cors, sb. a body, a dead body, MD, S, C2, C3, PP; corps, S3, C2; corpis, S3.—AF. cors, corps; Lat. corpus.

Cors, sb. course, S2; see Cours.

Corsaint, sb. the body of a saint, a relic, MD; corseynt, S2; corseint, CM, PP.—AF. corsaint; Lat. corpus sanctum.
Corser, sb. horsedealer, MD, S3, HD;

see Courser.
Corsing, sb. exchange, barter, S2;

Corsing, so. exchange, barter, S2; horse-dealing, HD.

Corsye, sb. a corrosive, S2; see Corosif. Cort, sb. court, MD; see Court.

Corteis, adj. courteous, S2; corteys, S2; curteis, S3, C.—AF. curteis; Late Lat. cortensem, curtensem.

Corteisliche, adv. courteously, PP; curteisly, C2.

Cortesye, sb. courtesy, PP; curteysy, S2; curtesie, S2, C2, C3.—AF. curteisie.
Corumpable, adj. corruptible, C.

Corumpen, v. to corrupt, MD; corrumpen, C.—OF. corrumpre; Lat. corrumper.

Corupcions, sb. pl. sores, illnesses, PP. Coruen, pp. carved, S3, C; see Keruen. Cos, sb. kiss, S, W, W2; see Cus.

Cosan, pp. chosen, S; see Chesen. Cosset, sb. a lamb brought up without her dam, S3, ND.

Cosshe, sb. a little house, Prompt., Palsg. Cost, sb. rib, side of a human body, shore, coast, MD, S2; coste, C2; costes, pl., S2, P.—AF. coste; Lat. costa.

Cost, sb. nature, property, condition, manner, MD; costex, pl., properties, S2; coostex, S2. Cf. Cust.

Costage, sb. expense, C2, HD.—OF. costage. See Costen.

Costard, sb. a kind of apple, Prompt., ND; humorous expression for the head, Sh, ND; costarde, S3; costard, a cap, ND. It probably means the 'ribbed apple.'—OF. coste + ard, see SkD (p. 796).

Costard-jagger, sb. costermonger, ND. Costard-monger, sb. seller of apples, costermonger, SkD; costard-mongar, Palsg.; costerd-monger, SkD; costar-

monger, ND.

Coste, sb. cost, P; coust, MD; cost, C2.—AF. cust, coust.

Costen, v. to cost, MD; coste, pt. s., C2; costed, P; costed, pp., P.—OF. coster (couster); Lat. constare.

Costey, v. to coast, also to come near, approach, MD; coosted, pt. pl. went past, S3.—OF. costoier (F. côtoyer). See Cost.

Costlewe, adj. costly, CM, MD; costelewe, Prompt. See -lewe.

Cosyn, sb. cousin, C, PP; cosin, S, S2; cusyng, S3; cosyns, pl. kinsmen, W; cousyns, W.—AF. cosin (cousyn); cp. Late Lat. cosinus (Brachet); Lat. consobrinus.

Cosynage, sb. kindred, fellowship, H; cusynage, H.

Cote, sb. cottage, S, Voc., C, C2; cotes, pl. sheep-cotes, S3; coates, S3.—AS. cot, also cyte (Grein); cf. OHG. cutti, 'grex' (Tatian).

Cote, sb. garment, coat, S2, PP, S3, C2, C; coote, C, W.—AF. cote, OF. cotte, Ps. 21. 18; MHG. kotte, kutte.

Cote-armure, sb. coat-armour, linen coat with armorial bearings worn over armour, body-armour, S3, C2, C.

Coten, v. to provide with coats, S2; cotyd, pp. clothed, S3.

Couche. sb. chamber, W.

Couchen, v. to lay, place together, to lie down, MD, S2, C2, C3; cowchyn, Prompt.; cowchen, C.—AF. cucher, cocher, OF. colcher; Lat. collocare.

Counforte, v. to comfort, S2, PP. See Conforten.

countee, MD, PP.—AF. counte; Late Lat. comitatum.

Countesse, sb. countess, C2; contesse S2; cuntesse, S.—AF. contesse, from OF. conte, comte; Late Lat. comitem, a count (a court dignity), in Lat. a companion.

Countrefete, v. to counterfeit, C, C2; contrefete, MD; counterfeted, pp., C3. -From OF. contrefet, contrefeit, pp. of contrefeire, contrefaire; Lat. contra + facere.

Countre-taille. sb. correspondence (of sound); in phr.: at the countretaille, with corresponding sound, C2.—OF. contretaille, the one part of a tally, the counter-tenor part in music (Cotg.).

Countryng, sb. countering in music, S3; the plain chant, S3 (n).—See S3 (p. 453).

Coupable, adj. culpable, PP; cupabil, H.—OF. coupable.

Coupe. sb. fault, PP; culpe, PP, ND.-OF. coupe, colpe; Lat. culpa.

Coupe, sb. cup, S2; cupe, S.—AF. cupe; Lat. cupa. Cf. Cuppe.

Courben, v. to bend, MD; courbed, pt. s., P.—OF. courber; Lat. curuare.

Courche. sb. kerchief, S3; see Couerchief.

Cours. sb. running, course, MD, C2, C3; oors, S2.—AF. cours; Lat. cursum (acc.).

Courser, sb. a steed, MD, C2; coursour, MD; cowreer, Prompt.—OF. coursier; Late Lat. cursarium (acc.).

Courser, sb. horse-dealer, Palsg.; corser, MD, S3 (s. v. horse); scorser, ND.

Court, sb. court, enclosure, yard, PP, MD; curt, S; kurt, S; cort, MD; courte, PP .- AF. curt; Late Lat. cortem; Lat. cohortem, an enclosure.

Courteislich, adv. courteously, PP; see Corteisliche.

Courte-py, sb. short coat or cloak, PP, S2, C; cowrteby, Voc.; kourteby, P; courte-pies, pl., PP; court-pies, PP.-Cp. Du. kort, short + pije, rough coat; cp. E. pea in pea-jacket.

Couthe, v. to make known, PP; see Kythen.

Couthe, pt. s. could, knew, S, S2, S3; pp., S2; couth, C2; see Kunnen.

Couthe, sb. kith, PP; see Kyth.

Cone, sb. den, S2.—ONorth. cofa, 'spelunca' (John 11. 38).

Counts. sb. county, shire, P, MD; uestiden, pt. pl., W2.—AF. coveiter, OF. cuveitier; Late Lat. *cupiditare. Constans.

> Covertise. sb. greed, avarice, PP; consityse, C3; constise, PP; constyse, S2, S3; coueitisis, pl., W.—OF. coveitise.

> Coveitous, adj. covetous, MD; coveytous, S2; couetous, S2.—OF. coveitus, AF. cuveitus; Late Lat. *cupiditosum.

> Couenable, adj. proper, fit, agreeing, W, MD, S2, H; cuuenable, S; conabili, H; conable, Prompt.; cunabil, H.—AF. cuvenable; Late Lat. convenabilem.

> Couenaunt, sb. a covenant, PP; couenant, PP; covand, MD; conant, MD.—AF. covenant, OF. convenant, pr. p. of convenir, to agree; Lat. convenire.

> Couent, sb. an assembly, a convent, MD, PP, C2, C3; count, PP.—OF. covent. convent; Church Lat. conventus, from Lat. conuenire, to come together.

> Coverchief, sb. kerchief, MD; keverchief, MD; kerchef, C3; kyrchefe, Prompt.; courchef, HD; courche, S3; kerche, Prompt.—OF. couvre-chef, covering for the head (Cotg.).

> Coueren, v. to cover, MD, C2; keueren, MD, S3, P, W; kuueren, MD; kyueren, MD, W .- AF. covrir; Lat. cooperire.

Coveren, v. to gain, to heal, to recover one's health, MD, S2, W; keueren, MD, CM, PP; kuneren, MD, S2; kenord, pt. s., H.—OF. covrer, (in recovrer) coubrer, to seize (Bartsch); Lat. -cuperare (in recuperare); cp. Late Lat. cuperamentum, acquisition (Ducange).

Couert, adj. and sb. covert, hidden, a covert, MD; cowart, S3.-OF. covert, pp. of courir.

Couerture, sb. bed-clothes, horsecover, covering, MD, S; kunertur, S .-OF. coverture.

Couine, sb. conspiracy, craft, deceit, trickery, S3, MD, HD; covyne, C; covin, MD, ND; coven, ND.—AF. covine, from OF. covenir, convenir; Lat. convenire.

Cow, sb. cow, MD, Voc.; ku, S, MD, Voc.; cou, MD; kues, gen. s., S; ky, pl., MD, S3; kie, MD; kye, H; kyn, MD, S2, C; kyne, S3, P; kyn, S2; kyen, PP; kien, W2; ken, MD, S2, PP.—AS. cú, pl. cý (gen. cúna).

Coward, adj. and sb. cowardly, a coward, MD, C2.—AF. coward, cuard, cp. the Coveiten, v. to covet, MD, PP; co- | heraldic term lion couard, a lion with his tail between his legs, and the name for the hare in the old terms of hunting 'la cowarde ou la court cowe,' i.e. short-tail.—Formed with the suffix -ard from OF. coe, tail; Lat. cauda. Cp. It. codardo, from coda, a tail.

Cowardie, sb. cowardice, C; cowardy, MD.—OF. couardie.

Cowart, sb. covert, S3; see Couert. Cowde, Cowthe, pt. s. could, knew, G; see Kunnen.

Cowschet, sb. cushat, wood-pigeon, S3; cowscott, Voc.; cowshot, SkD.—AS. cuscote (Voc.), cuscute (OET.).

Coy, adj. still, quiet, MD, C, C2; sober, modestus, Prompt.—AF. coy, quiet, OF. coi, Ps. 77. 13, also coit; Lat. quietum.

Crabbe, sb. crab, S, Voc., Prompt.; also (in building) an arch, fornix, cancer, MD.

—AS. crabba; cp. AF. crabbe.

Crabbed, adj. shrewish, cross, bitter, C2, Palsg., MD, PP; crabbyd, 'awke or wrawe, cancerinus,' Prompt.

Crachen, v. to scratch, MD, PP, C; crechen, S; cark, JD.

Craft, sb. might, power, ability, art, craft, deceit, MD, S, S², C²; craft, MD; craftes, pl. trades, P.—AS. craft; cp. OHG. kraft (Otfrid).

Crafti, adj. skilful, sly, MD, S2; crafty, C, P; crefti, S.

Crafti-man, sb. artificer, W.

Crage, sb. the neck, throat, S3, JD; crawe, the craw of fowls, Prompt., MD.—Cp. Du. kraag, neck, collar.

Crak, sb. a thunder-peal, MD. Phr.: crakkis of wer, cannon, B.

Craken, v. to crack (like thunder), to cry out, to chatter, to break with a noise, MD, PP; crakede, pt. s., S.—AS. cracian.

Crammasyn, sb. and adj. crimson, S3; see Crimosine.

· Crammen, v. to cram, stuff, MD; crommen, MD; cremmyn, Prompt.; i-crommet, pp., S2.—AS. crammian.

Crampe, sb. the cramp, Voc., Prompt., PP; craumpe, CM.—OF. crampe (Cotg.); ODu. krampe.

Crane, sb. crane (bird), MD, Voc.; kranes, pl., MD; crennis, S3; crenes, MD.—AS. cran (Voc.).

Crasen, v. to break, MD; crased, pp., S3, C3; crasid, PP. Cp. Swed. krasa, to break in pieces.

Cratche, sb. manger, W, W2; cratch, HD, Cotg. (s. v. creiche); cracche, Voc.

Prompt.; creoche, MD. — OF. creche: Prov. crepcha, crepia; OHG. crippea (Tatian). Cf. Cribbe.

Crauen, v. to crave, beg earnestly, S, MD., to prosecute, accuse, MD.—AS. crafian, 'petere, postulare'; cp. Low Lat. cravare, in judicium mittere (also written gravare), see Schmid, Ducange.

Crawand, pr. p. crowing, S3; see Crowen.

Creat, pp. created, MD.—Lat. creatus, pp. of creare.

Creatour, sb. Creator, C3.—OF. creatour; Lat. creatorem.

Creature, sb. creature, MD; creatour, MD; creator, S2.—OF. creature; Lat. creatura.

Creaunce, sb. belief, MD, C3; creance, S2, C3.—OF. creance, credence; Late Lat. credentia.

Creauncen, v. to borrow, MD.

Creaunt, pr. p. and adj. submitting as conquered, MD, PP; in phr.: cry 'creaunt,' MD.—OF. creant; Lat. credentem.

Crechen, v. to scratch, S; see

Crede, sb. the Creed, S, C3, PP; credo, S, PP.—Lat. credo, I believe.

Credensynge, sb. believing, S3.

Crefti, adj. crafty, S; see Crafti.

Creme, sb. the sacred oil used in anointing, chrism, Voc., HD, MD; cream, HD; creame, Palsg.; creyme, S2, Voc.; Phr.: hille of creme, i.e. the Mount of Olives, MD.—OF. cresme; Church Lat. chrisma; Gr. xploµa. Cf. Crisme.

Cremelen, v. to anoint with oil or fat, MD; y-crymyled, pp., PP; kremelyd, MD; crymalled, PP.—OF. cresmeler, to anoint with holy oil.

Crempe, v. to draw in, S. Cf. G. krämpfen. See Crampe.

Crennis, sb. pl. cranes, S3; see Crane. Crepen, v. to creep, S, C2; crope, MD; creep, pt. s., MD; crep, MD; crope, MD; 2 pt. s., P; crupen, pl., MD; crepte, pt. s. (weak), MD; cropen, pp., MD.—AS. creopan, pt. creap (pl. crupen), pp. cropen.

Creste, sb. crest (of bird, helmet), summit, MD, Prompt; creistis, pl., S3.—OF. creste; Lat. crista.

Creston, adj. Christian, S2; see Criston. Creyme, sb. the sacred oil, S2; see Creme.

HD, Cotg. (s. v. creiche); craoche, Voc., | Cribbe, sb. crib, manger; crib, MD;

erybbe, Prompt.; eribbe, S, MD. Cp. OHG. crippea (Tatian).

Crike, sb. creek, MD; krike, MD, S; cryke, C, Prompt.—Icel. kriki.

Crimosine, sb. and adj. crimson, S₃; **crimosin**, SkD; **crammasyn**, S₃.—OF. cramoisin (cramoisi); Low Lat. carmesimum; from Pers. qirmisi, crimson; from Skt. krmi, a worm, insect, (i. e. the cochineal insect).

Crisme, sb. consecrated oil for anointing, MD; **crysme**, oil, Prompt.—Church Lat. chrisma, sacred oil; Gr. χρίσμα. Cf. Creme.

Crisme-child, sb. the child anointed at baptism, MD.

Crisme-cloo, sb. the chrisom, the cloth tied round the head of the anointed child, S. Cp. Church Lat. chrismalis pannus.

Crisome, sb. the chrisom-cloth, crismale, Voc.; crysome, Palsg.; crisom, Cotg. (s. v. cresmeau).

Crist, adj. and sb. anointed, Christ, MD, S2, W, W2.—Lat. Christus; Gr. χριστός, anointed.

Criston, adj. and sb. Christian, S, C2, C3; christen, S, S2; cresten, S2.—Lat. Christianus.

Cristendom, sb. Christianity, S, S2, C3; crystendom, S2.—A.S. cristendom.

Cristenly, adv. in a Christian manner, C3.

Cristes-messe, sb. Christmas, MD; Cristemasse, C2.

Cristiente, sb. Christendom, MD; cristiante, S3; cristianytee, S2, C3.—OF. crestiente, cristientet; Church Lat. Christianitatem.

Cristnien, v. to make Christian, to baptize, MD, S2; **1-cristned**, pp., S2; **y-cristned**, pp., S2; **cristned**, C3.—AS. cristnian.

Critouns, sb. pl. refuse of the frying-pan, W2.—OF. cretons (Cotg.).

Grochette, sb. a small hook, crotchet (in music), MD; **crochettes**, pl. crockets, S3.—OF. crochet (Bartsch).

Croft, sb. field, enclosure, PP, S2, MD.—AS. croft; cp. ODu. crocht, a field on the downs.

Croh, sb. a crock, waterpot, MD; cróós, pl., S.

Crois, sb. cross, PP, S, S₃; croys, PP, S₂, C₂, C₃; crois, MD; croice, MD, S₂.—OF. crois, croiz; Lat. crucem, see Brachet. Cf. Crouche, Cross.

Crok, sb. a hook, curl, a crooked way, wile, deceit, MD, Voc.; **crokes**, pl., S; **crocks**, HD. Phr.: went on **croke**, went astray, H.—Icel. krókr.

Croken, v. to bend, to curl hair, to turn aside, MD, W2; crokid, pp. curved, W2; i-croked, S.

Croket, sb. curl, MD, HD.

Crokke, sb. crock, pot, S2, PP; crocke, S, Voc.—AS. crocca.

Crom-bolle, sb. crumb-bowl, S3.

Cromme, sb. crumb, C3; crumme, MD; crume, MD; crome, MD; crome, MD; crowm, Voc.—AS. cruma.

Crommen, v. to cram, MD, S₂; see Crammen.

Crone, sb. an old hag, S2, MD, C3; crony, SkD. Cp. ODu. kronie, karonie, an old sheep; Picard carone = F. charogne, see SkD (p. 797). See **Garoigne**.

Gronicle, sb. chronicle, MD. — OF. cronique. For the intrusive l cp. manciple, participle, principle, syllable, canticle, treacle, cardiacle.

Cronique, sb. chronicle, S2; chronique, C.—O.F. cronique; Late Lat. chronica; Gr. χρονικά, annals.

Croos, sb. pl. water-pots, S; see **Groh**. **Crop**, sb. top, upper part of a tree, crop of com, Voc., PP, S2; **croppe**, Prompt., Palsg.: **croppes**, pl., young shoots, C;

croppis, S3.—AS. crop.

Crope, 2 pt. s. didst creep, P; cropen,

p, MD; see Crepen.

Crope, sb. crupper, HD; croupe, CM, SkD.—OF. crope (F. croupe).

Croper, sb. crupper, the hinder part of a horse, C3.—OF. croupiere (Cotg.).

Cropiers, sb. pl. the housings on a horse's back, HD.

Cropone, sb. the buttock, HD.—AF. cropoun.

Cros, sb. cross, PP, MD; crosse, P, MD.—ONorse, cros (cors); cp. Ir. cros, Prov. cros. Cf. Crois.

Crosselet, sb. a small crucible, C3; croslet, C3. See SkD (s.v. crucible).

Crouche, sb. the cross of Christ, crucifix, sign or representation of the cross, MD, PP, HD; cruche, PP; crowch, S.—Cp. OHG. cruci (kruzi) in Otfrid; Lat. cruci-(stem of crux). Cf. Crois.

Crouchen, v. to sign with the cross, MD; cruchen, MD; crowche, MD; crouched, pt. s., MD.

Croud, Croude, sb. a musical instrument (stringed), H, W; see Crowde.

Crouken, v. to croak, S2; crowken, Prompt.; croak, Sh.

Crouken, v. to bend down, S3, MD; see Croken.

Croune, sb. crown, the tonsure, S, G; see **Corone**.

Crouni; see Coronen.

Crouning, sb. crowning, S2; the tonsure, P. See above.

Crowch, sb. cross, S; see Crouche.

Crowd, v. to coo as a dove, S3; croud, JD.

Crowde, sb. a musical instrument (stringed), Prompt., Cath., Voc.; crouthe, MD; croud, H; croude (=chorus), W, H; crowd, ND; crouth, MD.—Wel. crwth, a fiddle: Ir. cruit: OIr. crot; cp. Low Lat. chrotta (Ducange). Cf. Bote.

Crowde, sb. wheelbarrow, Prompt.

Growden, v. to push, HD, S2, C3; crouden, MD, HD, C3; crude, to press forward, S; crowdyn, Prompt.; crud, pt. s., MD, HD.—AS. *crudan, to press, drive, pt. créad (pl. crudon), pp. croden; cp. Du. kruyden, to push (Hexham). See Sievers, 384, 385.

Crowdyng, sb. pressure, S2, C3.

Crowen, v. to crow; orawand, pr. p., S3; him croweth, pr. s. reflex., C3.—AS. crawan, pt. creow, pp. crawen.

Crownell, sb. corolla, small crown, S3. See Corone.

Crucchen, v. to crouch, MD; cruchen, S3.

Cruche; see Crouche.

Crud, sô. curd, MD; curde, Prompt.; cruddes, pl., S2, PP; croddes, PP; crouds, JD; curddys, Voc.

Cruddid, pp. curded, W2.

Crude, v. to press forward, S; see Crowden.

Cruel, adj. cruel, MD; cruwel, MD; crewell, MD.—OF. cruel; Lat. crudelem.

Cruelnesse, sb. cruelty, MD; oruwelnes, S2.

Crueltee, sb. cruelty, C2.—AF. cruelte; Lat. crudelitatem.

Crulle, adj. curly, C; krulle, MD; crolle, MD.—Cp. G. krolle, curl; see Weigand.

Crune, sb. crown, S; see Corone.

Cry, sb. cry, MD; crye, Prompt.; crei, S.—AF. cri, crie.

Cryen, v. to cry, MD, PP; crie, PP; crisinge, pr. p., S2; crised, pt. s., S2; crieden, pl., S; criede, S2.—AF. crier, cryer, for older cridar; cp. It. gridare.

Crymailed, pp. anointed, PP; y-cry-myled, PP; see Cremelen.

Crystal, sb. ice, crystal, MD; cristal, W2.—AF. cristal; Lat. crystallum, ice (Vulg.), also, mountain-crystal; Gr. κρύσταλλος, ice.

Cubit, sb. elbow, a cubit (measure), MD; cubytes, pl., C2; cupydes, S2.—Lat. cubitum.

Cucurbite, sb. a gourd-shaped chemical vessel.—Lat. cucurbita, gourd.

Cudde, pt. s. made known, S; see Cuden, Kythen.

Cude, sb. cud, S, MD; code, MD; cudde, Prompt., Palsg.; quide, MD; quede, MD; quid, HD, SkD.

Cuen, sb. queen, S; see Quene.

Cuffe, sb. cuff, PP, Prompt., Palsg.; coffes, pl., PP.—Cp. MHG. kuffe, coif. Cf. Coife.

Cukkow, sb. cuckoo, MD, Prompt.; cocow, Voc.; cocowe, Palsg.; cucko, Voc.; gukgo, S3.—OF. coucou; Lat. cuculum (acc.).

Culle, v. to strike, to kill, P; see Kulle.

Culme, sb. soot, Prompt.

Culorum, sb. end, conclusion, PP.—For Lat. seculorum in the phr.: in secula seculorum, for ever and ever, at the end of the Gloria Patri.

Culpon, sb. slice, shred, MD, C; culpown, Prompt.; culpon, Manip.—AF. colpoun; Low Lat. colponem; cp. F. coupon.

Culter, sb. coulter, the fore-iron of a plough, PP, Voc., Prompt.; kulter, PP; coltre, PP.—Lat. culter.

Culuer, sb. dove, MD, W, W2; culifre, S; colvyr, Voc.; culuere, S2. — AS. culfre (OET.).

Culuer-briddis, sb. pl. young pigeons,

Cum-: see Com-.

Cumen, v. to come, S; see Comen.

Cumlyng, sb. stranger, H; see Comelyng.

Cumplie, sb. compline, S; see Complie. Cumrit, pt. s. encumbered, S2; cummerit, S3; see Combren.

Cumsen, v. to commence, S2, PP; see Comsen.

Cun, v. to know how to, H; see Eunnen.

Cun, sb. kin, kind, nature, S; cunne, dat., S; see Kyn.

Cun-; see Con-.

Cunde, sb. kind, nature, S; see Kynde. Cunde, adj. natural, kind, MD; see

Cundeliche, adv. naturally, S; see Kyndely.

Cunes-mon, sb: kinsman, S; see Kynes-man.

Cunin, sb. cony, rabbit, S; see Conyng.

Cunnen, v. to know, to be able, S, S2; see Kunnen.

Cunreadnes, sb. pl. kindreds, S; see **Eyn-rede**.

Cupabil, adj. culpable, H; see Coupable.

Cuppe, sb. cup, S, C2, C; kuppe, S; coppe, S2, P.—AS. cuppe; Lat. cupa. Cf. Coupe.

Cuppe-mel, adv. by cupfuls, S2, PP; in cupmel, P.

Cupydez, sb. pl. cubits, S2; see Cubit. Curace, sb. cuirass, S3, SkD; curat, HD.—OF. cuirace; Late Lat. coracium, from Lat. corium, leather.

Curall, sb. coral, S3; see Coral.

Curat, sb. curate, C.—Late Lat. curatus. Curatour, sb. curate, priest who has cure of souls, PP, S2.

Cure, sh. a charge, cure of souls, PP, C3; cures, pl., pursuits, C2.—Church Lat. cura.

Curiour, sb. currier, W; see Coriour. Curious, adj. busy, zealous, eager to know, dainty, fine, MD, S3; careful, C.

Curlew, sb. curlew, coturnix, Prompt., W2 (Ps. 104. 40); curlu, H; kurlu, MD; corlew, MD; curlowyr, Voc.—Of. corlicu, curlew (Cotg.).

Currour, sb. runner, courier, W2; corour, W2; currours, pl. light-armed troops, S3.

Curry, v. to prepare leather, to curry horses, to rub down, flatter, S3, MD; currayra, Prompt.; coraye, MD.—OF. couraër, coureer (F. courreyer); It. corredare; from Low Lat. conredium. See Conrey.

Curs, sb. curse, C, G; cors, S3, G. Cursedly, adv. wickedly, C2.

Cursednes, sb. malice, wickedness, C2; cursednesse, C2; cursidnesse, misery, W2.

Cursen, v. to curse, MD; corse, S2; cursede, pt. s., S; corsed, pp., S2.—AS. cursian.

Curt, sb. court, S; see Court.

Curteis, adj. courteous, S3, C; see Corteis.

Curteisly, adv. courteously, C2; see Corteisliche.

Curteisye, sb. courtesy, PP; see Cortesye.

Cus, sb. kiss, Prompt.; coss, W; cos, S, W, W2; kosses, pl., MD; cossis, W2.

—AS. cos; cp. OHG. cus (Tatian).

Cusen; see Chesen.

Cussen, v. to kiss, S, MD; kussen, S; kesse, S, C2; custe, pt. s., S; keste, C2; kiste, S, C2; kest, S2; cusseden, pt., S2.

—AS. cyssan; cp. OHG. cussan (Tatian).

Cust, sb. choice, moral excellence, character, MD; custe, dat., S.—AS. cyst; cp. OHG. kust (Otfrid). See Chesen.

Custome, sb. custom, a public due, MD,S; custume, S; costom, MD.—AF. custume, coustume; Late Lat. *consuctunimem, *consuctuninem; Lat. consuctudinem; see Constans, and SkD (p. 798).

Custome-house, sb. custom-house, S2. Cut, sb. a cut twig, a lot, C, C3, H, Prompt., MD; kut, H, MD; cutte, Palsg: kuttis, pl., H. Phr.: to draw outs, HD. See Kutten.

Cuth, sb. race, people, PP; see Kyth. Cuth, pp. known, S; see Kunnen.

Cute, pt. s. could, knew, S; see Kunnen. Cuten, v. to make known, S; see Kythan.

Cutmon, sb. acquaintance, kinsman, S. —AS. cutman.

Cubreden, sb. familiarity, MD.

Cuode, sb. relationship, one's native land, S, MD; see **Eyth**, Ceden, Cheden.

Cut-purs, sb. cut-purse thief, PP; kitte-pors, PP. See Kutten.

Cwakien, v. to quake, S; see Quaken. Cwalm, sb. death, pestilence, MD; see Qualm.

Cwalm-hus, sb. prison, place of torment, MD.

Cwalm-stow, sb. place of execution, S, MD.—AS. cwealm-stow (Schmid).

Cwao, pt. s. quoth, S; see Queten.

Cwead-schipe, sb. wickedness, S; see Quedschipe.

Cwellen, v. to kill, S; see Quellen.

Cweme, adj. pleasing, S; see Queme. Cwemen, v. to please, S; see Quemen. Cwennkenn, v. to quench, S; see

Quenchen.

Cweden, v. to speak, S; cwed, pt. s., S; see Quecon.

Cwic, adj. living, S; see Quik.

Cwidden, v. to speak, announce, MD; 1-owiddet, pp., S.—AS. cwiddian.

Cwide, sb. speech, bequest, S; see Quecen.—AS. cwide, a saying.

Cyll, sb. a canopy, SkD (s. v. ceil).—OF. ciel, canopy, inner roof, ceiling (Cotg.); Lat. caelum, see Brachet, p. lv.

Cyne-rice, sb. kingdom, rule, S: see Kine-.

Cyrce-iærd, church-yard, S; see Chirche-3eard.

D.

Dade, sb. deed, S; see **Dede**.

Dæd. adj. dead, S; see **Deed**.

Dæde, sb. pl. deeds, S; see Dede.

Deei, sb. day, S; deege, pl., S; see Day.

Dære, adj. dear, S; see Dere. **Dæő**, sb. death, S; see **Dee**p.

Daft, adj. apt, fit, SkD (p. 799); deft, fit, mild, gentle, innocent, foolish, MD; daffe, a fool, S2, PP; deffe, obtusus, agrestis, Prompt.; defte, dat., S.—AS. daft. Dafte-like, adv. fittingly; deftly, MD;

defly, MD; dafftelike, S

Dage, sb. pl. days, S; see Day. Dagen, v. to become day, S; see

Dagge, sb. a jag of cloth, Prompt., MD, HD, CM; dagges, pl. jagged edges, PP.

Daggen, v. to pierce, to notch, to jag, to cut at the edges, MD, PP, SkD (p. 150), CM, HD; daggyn, fractillo, Prompt.; daggyde, pp., Prompt.—Cp. ODu. daggen, to stab. See Jagge.

Dagger, sb. dagger, pugio, CM; daggar, Voc.; daggare, Prompt.

Daghynge. sb. dawning, H; see **Daw-**

Dagoun, sb. a jag of a blanket, CM; dagon, HD. See Daggen.

Dahet, sb. dawn; dahetes, gen., S. See Dawen.

Dai, sb. day, S, W; see Day.

Dai-gang, sb. day's journey, S2.

Dai-liht, sb. daylight, MD; dai-list, S. Dai-rawe, sb. day-break, MD.

Dai-red. sb. the flush of morn, MD.

Dai-rime, sb. the edge of dawn, MD; dai-rim, S.—AS. dag-rima.

Dai-sterre, sb. day-star, S, W2; daysterre, PP.—AS. dag-steorra, morningstar.

Dale, sb. dale, valley, S, PP; dele, S; dalen, dat., S; dales, pl., MD; deales, MD.—AS. dal: Goth. dal; see Sievers, 49. Dalf, pt. s. dug, W; see Deluen.

Daliaunce. sb. talk, C, C2, C3; daliance, MD.—AF. daliaunce, interference.

Dalien. v. to talk, Prompt.; dalye, to play and sport, Palsg., MD.—AF. dayler, to dally.

Dal-neominde, pr. p. as sb. partaker, sharer, S.—O. Merc. dal-niomend, Ps. 118. 63 (VP.).

Dalte. pt. s. dealt, G; see **Deelen**.

Damage, sb. damage, loss, Prompt., MD; domage, S3.—AF. damage (also OF. domage); Late Lat. *damnaticum, from Lat. damnum.

Dame, sb. dame, lady, dam, S, C3, MD; dam, MD.-AF. dame; Lat. domina.

Damesele, sb. damsel, S, W2, MD; damoysele, C.—AF. damoysele; Late Lat. domicella, for *dominicella; see Constans.

Dan, sb. a title of respect placed before personal names, MD, C2, CM; danz, MD; daun, MD, CM; dene, S3.—OF. danz, dans; Lat. dominus; in oblique case OF. dam; Lat. dominum, see Bartsch and Roland.

Dang, pt. s. beat, S3; see Dyngen. Dar, I pr. s. I dare, MD; dear, MD; der, MD; darst, 2 pr. s., S, C3; deerst, MD; derst, MD; dar, pr. s., MD, C2, C3, P; durren, pl., MD; duren, S; doren, W; durre, pr. subj. s., MD; pl., S; durste, pt. subj. s., S; durst, MD, P; durste, pl., S; dorste, S, S2, C2; dorst, S2, P; durren, v., MD.—AS. dear, I dare, 2 pr. s. dearst, pl. durron, subj. durre, pt. s. dorste.

Darc. adj. dark, S; see Derk. Darked. pt. s. lay hid, S; see Derken. Darklyng, adv. in the dark, S3, Sh. Dasewen, v. to be dim, MD; daswen,

C3; dasewide, pt. s., W2.—Cp. E. daze.

Daun, sb. a title of respect, CM; see
Dan.

Daunger, sb. absolute control, power, also difficulty, MD, PP, C; daungere, refusal, denial, S3; power to harm, PP.—OF. dangier, dongier, power, lordship, refusal, danger, (Bartsch); Late Lat. *dominiarium,

from Lat. dominium, see Brachet. **Daungerous**, adj. haughty, difficult to please, MD, C2, C.

Daunten, v. to force, tame, MD, S2, S3, P.—AF. danter, OF. donter (F. dompter); Lat. domitare.

Daw, sb. dew, S; see Dew.

Dawen, v. to become day, C2, PP, Prompt., Palsg., MD, JD; dagen, S, Prompt.; dajede, pt. s., MD.—AS. dagian.

Dawing, sb. dawning, S3; dagheynge, H; daghynge, H.

Dawnen, v. to dawn, Prompt.

Dawning, sb. dawning, MD; dawenynge, C.

Day, sb. day, SkD; deei, S; dai, S, W (I Cor. 4.3); da33, S; dei, S; deeies, gen., S; deies, S; phr.: be deeies, by day, S; now a dayes, C2; dale, dat., S; daw, S2; da3es, pl., S; dayes, S; dawes, S, PP; dage, S; dage, gen., MD; da3a, MD; da3ene, MD; dawene, MD; da4ene, MD, S; desien, dat., S; desie, S; da1se, S: Phr. to give day, to give trust, S3; bring of daw, to kill, S2.—AS. dag, dages, dage; pl. dagas, daga (and dagena), dagum.

Dayerie, sb. dairy, C; deyry, Voc., Prompt. See Deye.

Dayesie, sb. daisy, CM; dayesye, CM; dais-ete, Voc.; dayes-ejes, pl., S2.—AS. dages-lage, i. e. day's eye (Voc.).

Daynen, v. to deign, S2; see **Deynen**. **Dayntethis**, sb. pl. dainties, H, MD.—OF. deintet; Prov. dentat, dintat; Lat. dignitatem. Cf. **Deyntee**.

Dayre, sb. dairy-maid, androchia, Voc. See **Deye**.

De, v. to die, S3; see Deyen.

De-; see Dis-.

Dead, pr. s. doeth, S; see **Don**.

Deawes, sb. pl. dews, S2; see **Dew**. **Debat**, sb. strife, discord, C2; **debate**,

Debat, sb. strife, discord, C2; debat S3, P; debaat, C3.—AF. debat.

De-baten, v. to contend, fight, MD, C2.

OF. debatre (pr. p. debatant), It. dibattere, (Florio).

Debonaire, adj. mild, gentle, MD, C; debonere, S2; deboner, W2, H; deboneire, MD; dubonure, S2; debonayr, S3; debonur, H.—OF. debonaire; cp. Olt. di bon aire. Cf. Bonaire.

Debonerte, sb. gentleness, MD, H.—OF. debonerete, debonnaireteit (Ps. 44. 4). **De-breiden**, v. to tear apart, W.—This is a hybrid form: de+ME. breiden.

De-breken, v. to break asunder, to tear, S2; debroken, pp., MD.—A hybrid form.

Debrusen, v. to bruise; debrise, MD; debrusede, pt. s., MD; debrused, S2.—AF. debruser, OF. debriser.

Deceit, sb. deceit, MD; disselt, W2.

—AF. deceit; Late Lat. decepta.

Deciple, sb. disciple, S; see Disciple.

Ded, sb. death, S2, PP.—Cp. Swed. and Dan. död. death. See Deep.

Ded, adj. dead, S, PP; see Deed.

Dede, pt. s. did, S, S2; deden, pl.; see Don.

Dede, sb. deed, S, S2, PP; dade, S; dede, pl., S; deede, S; dedes, S, S2; deades, MD.—AS. déd, (déd); cp. Goth. ga-dēths, see Brugmann, § 75.

Dede, pt. pl. died, S3; see Deyen.

Dede, sb. death, PP, S, S2, S3; see

Ded, Deep.

Dede-stoure, sb. death-struggle, S2.

Dedeyne, v. to deign, S₃. See **Deynen**. **Dedly**, adj. liable to death, H; see **Deedli**.

Deduit, sb. delight, pleasure, MD, HD; deduyt, C; dedut, MD; dute, MD.—AF. deduit; cp. Late Lat. deductus, 'animoblectatio' (Ducange); from OF. deduire, (refi.) to rejoice; Late Lat. deducere.

Dee, sb. a die, MD; die, Sh.; dees, pl. dice, PP, C2, C3; dys, PP, C.—OF. de (pl. dez): It. dado, Prov. dat; Lat. datum.

Deed, adj. dead, S2, C2; ded, S, PP; deed, S; dyad, S2; deade, pl., S.—AS. déad; cp. Icel. daubr, Goth. daups.

Deedli, adj. mortal, subject to death, deadly, W, W2; dedly, H, PP; diadlich, S; dedlich, MD, PP.—AS. déadlic.

Deef, adj. deaf, MD, C; def, MD; dene, pl., C3.—AS. déaf: Goth. daubs.

Deel, sb. deal, share, MD, G; de1, S, S3; deal, MD; dey1, S2. Phr.: neuer a dey1, not a bit, S2; enery dey1, S2.—AS. dél; cp. Goth. dails (daili-); see Douse, p. 94.

Deelen, v. to deal, share, divide, MD; delen, S2, G; delte, pt. s., C3; dalte, G;

deled, pp., G.—AS. délan: Goth. dailjan, from daili-; see Douse, p. 113.

Deep, adj. deep, C; dep, S; deop, S, MD; dyep, MD; dup, MD; depe, sb., S2, Geopre, comp., S; deope, adv., S; deoppre, comp., S; deoper, C3.—AS. dtop; cp. Goth. diups, Icel. djupr.

Deer, sb. wild animal, C2; der, S; diere, dat., S; deer, pl., C2.—AS. déor; cp. Goth. dius, wild beast.

Deep, sb. death, C2; deec, S, MD; dec, S; diath, S; dyap, S2; dead, S; ded, S2, PP; deace, dat., S; dece, S, S2; dede, S, S2, S3.—AS. déap; cp. Icel. daubi, daubr: Goth. daubus.

Defame, see Diffame.

Defaute, sb. defect, fault, S2, C2, PP; defalte, S2; defautis, pl., S3, W2.—AF. defaute, defalte.

Defenden, v. to protect, to forbid, S2, MD, C3, H.—AF. defendre; Lat. defendere. **Defense**, sb. protection, prohibition, MD; defense, S2.—AF. defense, defence.

Defet, pp. defeated, MD.—AF. defet, aefait, pp. of defaire.

Defien, v. to digest, MD, PP, HD; defye, S2; defy, Cath.

Defien, v. to mistrust, to defy, PP; defye, despicere, Cath.—AF. defier, OF. desfier: It. disfidure, to defy, (Florio).

Defiguren, v. to disfigure; defygurd, pp., S2.—AF. desfigurer.

Defiess, sb. pl., devils, S; defien, S; see **Deuel**.

Defoulen, v. to tread down, MD, W, W2, H, SkD (s. v. defile); defoilen, MD, SkD; defoulid, pp., W2.—OF. defouler, to trample on, rebuke (Cotg).; cp. fouler (Bartsch), foller, Ps. 138. 11; It. follare, to press, to full clothes (Florio); Lat. *fullare, to full cloth; cp. fullo, a fuller.

De-foulen, v. to make foul, inquinare, MD; defowlyn, Prompt.; defoulid, pp., W.—A hybrid form, de + ME. fulen. See Fulen.

Defte. adj. gentle, S; see **Daft**.

Deghe, v. to die, S2; see Deyen.

Degoutit, pp. spotted, S3. Cp. OF. degoutter (Cotg.), and Lat. gutta, a drop, a spot, speck on an animal.

Degyse, adj. fashionable, finical, H.—OF. desguisé, dissembled, sophisticated (Cotg.). See **Disgysen**.

Deh, sb. dye, colour, SkD.—AS. ddah.

Dehtren, sb. pl. daughters, S; see
Dohter.

Dei, sb. day, S; see Day.

Deide ; see Deyen.

Deih, pr. s. profits, S; see Dujen. Dei-hwamliche, adv. every day, S.—

AS. dæg-hwamlice.

Deir, v. to harm, S3; see Dere.

Deken, sb. deacon, MD; diakne, MD; deakne, MD; dekene, W; deknes, pl., S2, C3.—AS. diacon; Church Lat. diaconus; Gr. διάκονος (NT).

Del, sb. deal, share, S, S3; see Deel.

Del, sb. grief, S2; see **Dole**.

Dele. sb. dale, S; see Dale.

Delen, v. to deal, S2, G; see Deelen.
Delfin, sb. dolphin, Voc.; delfyne,
Prompt.; delfyn, SkD; delfyns, pl., MD;
delphyns, S2.—Lat. delphinus; Gr. δελφιν(stem of δελφίs).

Delful, adj. doleful, S2; see **Dolefulle**. **Delfulli**, adv. dolefully, MD; see **Dolfully**.

Delices, sb. pl. delights, H, C₃, W₂; delicis, W, H.—OF. delices; Lat. delicias.
Delit, sb. delight, MD; delyt, S₃, C₂,

C3.—OF. delit, deleit.

Delitable, adj. delightful, PP, S3, W2, H; delytable, S2, C2; dilitable, S2.—AF. delitable; Lat. delectabilem.

Delite, v. to delight, Cath., PP, W2; delyting, pr. p., C2.—AF. deliter; Lat. delectare.

Delitingis. sb. pl. delights, W2.

Deliner, adj. quick, active, MD; delyuere, C.—OF. delivere, quick, literally 'freed.'

Deliveren, v. to set free, MD; delivery, S2; delyvery, PP.—AF. deliverer; Late Lat. deliberare; Lat. de + liberare.

Deliuerly, adv. quickly, nimbly, S2; delyuerly, S2, C.

Deluen, v. to delve, dig, S, C2, P, W; dalf, pt. s., MD, W; dalfe, W; doluen, pl., MD, P; delueden (weak pt.), W2; doluen, subj., S2; 1-doluen, pp., S; y-dolue, S2; doluen, buried, S, P; 1-doluen, S2.—AS. delfan, pt. dealf (pl. dulfon), pp. dolfen.

Deluers, sb. pl. diggers, S2; delueres, P. **Deme**, sb. judge, S.—AS. déma.

Demen, v. to give doom, to judge, decree, S, S2, S3, C2; deeme, S2; demde, pt. s., S; i-demed, pp., S; y-demed, S2; i-demd, S; j-demet, S; dempt, S.—AS. déman; OS. dómian, Goth. domjan. See Doom.

Demenen. v. to manage, to behave

(ref.), MD; demenyng, pr. p. shewing, S₃.— OF. demener, to carry on, make; demener joie, to rejoice, also demener dol, to grieve, Bartsch; cp. Cotg., and the phrase demener dolor in Roland.

Demere, sb. judge, S; demare, S.—AS. démere.

Demeyne, sb. power, possession, C2; demayn, MD; demeigne, MD.—OF. demeigne, property, that which belongs to a lord; Lat. dominicum, from dominus; see Roland.

Dene, sb. a title of respect, S3; see Dan. Dene, sb. din, noise, PP, MD; see Dyn. Deneis, sb. pl. Danes, S2.—OF. Deneis; Low Lat. Denensis, a Dane, see Brachet, lvii.

Denie, v. to din; see Dinnen.

Denne, sb. den, MD; den, S; dennes, pl., S2, W, H; dennys, H.—AS. denn.

Dennen, v. to dwell; dennede, pt. s., S. Denounce, v. to command, W (= Lat. denunciare).—OF. denoncer, to declare.

Dent, sb. blow, S, S2, PP, CM; dynt, S3; dint, S, S2; dunt, S, S2.—AS. dynt.

Deofell, sb. devil, S; see **Deuel**. **Deol**, sb. grief, S, S2; see **Dole**.

Deop, adj. deep, S; see **Deep**. **Deopliche**, adv. deeply, S.

Deopnesse, sb. deepness, S; see Depnesse.

Deore, v. to last, S2; see Duren.

Deore, adj. dear, S; see Dere.

Deore-wurde, adj. precious, S; see **Derewurde**.

Deorling, sb. darling, S; see **Derling**. **Deorne**, adj. secret, dark, S; see **Derne**. **Deouele**, sb. devil, S; see **Deuel**.

Dep, adj. deep, S; see Deep.

Departen, v. to separate, divide, PP, S3, C3, W, W2; to become separated, S2; depart, pp., S3.—AF. departir; OF. despartir; It. dispartire (Florio).

Departere, sb. a divider, W.

Departyng, sb. division, W; departyngis, pl., W2.

Depaynt, pp. painted, S3; depeynted, C; depaynted, S3; depeynt, pt. pl., S3.—OF. depeindre (pp. depeint).

Depayntar, sb. painter, S3.

Depe, sb. depth, S2, C3.—AS. dype. Depen, v. to dip, S2.

Deplike, adv. deeply, MD; deopliche, S.—AS. déoplice.

Depnesse, sb. deepness, depth, MD; depnes, S2; deopnesse, S.—AS. deopnes.
Depraue, v. to slander, depreciate, W2,

PP.—Lat. deprauare, to distort.

Depuren, v. to purify, S₃, MD.—OF. depurer; Late Lat. depurare.

Der, sb. wild animal, S; see Deer.

Derby; —phr.: father Derbies bands, handcuffs, S3; Darbies bands, DG; darbies, DG.

Dere, sb. harm, injury, MD; darr, MD; der, S3.—AS. daru.

Dere, v. to harm, S, S2, C2; derien, S, MD; deir, S3; dere, pr. pl., S2.—AS. derian; cp. OHG. derien (derren) in Otfrid.

Dere, adj. and adv. dear, S, PP; diere, S; duere, S2; dære, S; dure, MD; deore, S; der, S2; deir, MD; derre, comp., C; derrest, superl., P.—AS. déore, dýre: OS. diuri, costly, loved.

Dereliche, adv. dearly, MD; derelych, S2; derli, S2.—AS. déorlice.

Dere-wurde, adj. precious, S; dereworth, W; dierewurth, S; derworpe, S2, P; deorewurde, S.—AS. déorwurde.

Derewurölice, adv. respectfully, S. **Dereynen**, v. to answer to an accusation, to maintain a right in a judicial contest, CM, S2; dereyni, S2; derreyne, C; derreyne, C; dereyned, pp., S2.—AF. dereiner, OF. desresnier; Late Lat. disrationare (also derationare); see Ducange.

Derf, adj. brave, powerful, difficult, hard, MD; derfe, pl., MD; derue, MD, S; derfre, comp., S; derure, S.—Cp. OS. derbi.

Derf, sb. affliction, hardship, S.—AS. (ge)deorf.

Derfliche, adv. severely, cruelly, S. Derk, adj. dark, MD, S2, PP; deork, MD; dore, S; derc, S; dirk, MD; durk,

MD; derke, dat., S.—AS. deorc.

Derken, v. to make dark, to become dark, MD, S3; dirken, MD; darken, S2.

Derkful, adj. dark, W.

Derkhed, sb. darkness, MD.

Derknesse, sb. darkness, MD, W.

Derling, sb. darling, S, W2; durlyng, S, MD; deorling, S; derlyngis, pl., chosen ones, W, W2.—AS. déorling. See

Derne, adj. secret, dark, S, S2, P, H; deorne, S; derne, MD; durne, MD; dern, S2.—AS. derne; cp. OS. derni and MHG. tarn in tarn-kappe, the mantle of darkness, Grimm, p. 870.

Dernel, sb. a kind of weed, rye-grass, lollium, Prompt.; dernell, Palsg.; darnel, S3, MD.

Derring-doe, sb. daring enterprise, ND, S₃. See **Dar**.

Dert. sb. dirt, S3; see **Drit**.

Derte, sb. dearth, S. P. See **Dere**.

Derue, adj. bold, S; derure, comp. more severe, S; see Derf.

Deruen, v. to afflict, S. See **Derf**, sb.

Des-; see Dis-. Desaly, Desselic, adv. foolishly, S2; see Dusiliche.

Desarayen, v. reflex. to fall into disorder, S2 .- OF. desarroyer.

Desauauntage, sb. disadvantage, S2; disadvantage, MD; disadvauntages, pl., MD.—OF. desavantage.

Descenden, v. to go down, SkD.-AF. descendre; Lat. descendere.

Descensorie, sb. vessel used for extracting oil per descensum, C3.

Descriuen, v. to describe, MD; descryue, S3; descryfe, S2; discryue, S2, S_3, C_2 ; discreve, S_2 ; discrived, $pp., S_2$; discryued, W.-OF. descrivre (pr. p. descrivant); Lat. describere.

Descrited; see Desheriten.

Desert, sb. merit, C2.—AF. and OF. deserte, see Ducange (s. v. deservire).

Deserven, v. to merit, MD; disserved, pp., well served, W.—AF. deservir; Late Lat. deservire.

Desi, adj. foolish, MD; see **Dusi**.

Despeir. sb. despair, MD.—AF. despeir.

Despeiren, v. to despair, MD; despeired, pp., C2. - OF. desperer; Lat. desperare.

Desperate, adj. outrageous, S3.—Lat. desperatus.

Despisabil, adj. despicable, H; dispisable, W2.

Despit, sb. contempt, injury, S2, C3; despyt, C2; despite, WW; dispit, W.-AF. despit; Lat. despectum (acc).

De-spiteful. adj. full of contempt,

Despitous, adj. ignominious, MD, C; dispitous, contemptuous, S3; despitus, H.

Despitously, adv. contemptuously, spitefully, S2, C2, C3; dispitously, C.

Despoilen. v. to despoil, to strip, C2; denoyr, S3; devor, ND, PP; dener,

MD; dispoilen, C2; dispoyled, pp., S3.— OF. despoiller; Lat. despoliare.

Dest, 2 pr. s. doest, S; see Don.

Destrer, sb. a courser, war-horse, MD; dextrer, C2.—AF. destrer; Late Lat. dextrarium (from Lat. dextra, the right hand), the horse led by the squire on the right of his own horse.

Destroyen, v. to destroy, MD; destruien, MD, C; destrue, S2; distruen, S2; destrie, MD, W, W2; dysstrye, S2; distruyede, pt. s., W; distried, pp., W, W2.-AF. destruire (pr. p. destruyant); Lat. destruere.

Destroyere, sb. destroyer, Prompt., MD; distrier, W.

Det, pr. s. doeth, S, S2; see **Don**.

Dec. sb. death, S; see **Deep**.

Dec-vuel, sb. death-evil, S2.

Dette, sb. debt, C2; dett, adj. due, H. -AF. dette; Lat. debita.

Deue, adj. pl. deaf, C3; see Deef. Douh: see Dow.

Deuel, sb. devil, S, S2, W2; deofel, MD; deofell, S; diuel, S; dyeuel, S_2 ; dewill, S3; dewle, Prompt.; dwylle, MD; decuele, S; diefles, gen., S; dieule, dat., S; deofles, pl., $M\overline{D}$; defless, S; deoules, S; deoflen, S; deflen, S; deoflene, gen. pl., S .- AS. déofol; Lat. diabolus (Vulg.); Gr. διάβολος; cf. OHG. diufal (Otfrid).

Deuin. sb. prophesying, divinity, theology, MD; dinyn, S2.

Deuine, sb. theologian, augur, sooth-sayer, MD; dyuynes, pl., MD.—OF. devin; Lat. diuinum.

Deuinen, v. to foretell, guess, suspect, MD; deuyne, PP.

Deuinour, sb. interpreter, explainer. theologian, MD, PP; dyuynour, PP.

Deuise, sb. tale, narrative, S3; deuys, order, C.

Denisen, v. to divide, arrange, order, decide, tell, relate, MD, S2; deuyse, C2, C3; deuice, MD, S2; diuise, S2.—AF. deviser, It. divisare; formed from Lat. diuidere (pp. diuisus).

Deuisynge, sb. narration, S2.

Denoid, pp. as adj. destitute of, SkD.

Denoiden. v. to quit, leave, also to annihilate, exterminate, MD; denoyden, S2.—OF. desvoidier, desvuidier.

Devoir. sb. duty, knightly duty, PP,

PP, CM.—OF. devoir (sb. orig. v.); Lat. debere.

Denouren, v. to devour, MD; devoir, S3.—AF. devourer; Lat. deuorare.

Dew, sb. dew, PP; daw, MD; daw, S; deu, S; deuh, PP; deawes, pl., S2.—AS. déaw.

Dewill, sb. devil, S3; see Deuel. Dewite, sb. duty, S3; see Duete.

Dewle, sb. grief, S3; see Dole.

Dextrer. sb. a war-horse, C2; see **Des**trer.

Deve. sb. a female servant, esp. one who looks after the cows and dairy, androchia, Voc., Prompt., C; deye, a cow-boy, androchius, MD, Cath.—Icel. deigja, see CV; cp. AF. deye.

Deyen, v. to die, S2, PP; de3en, MD, S2; deghe, S2; deie, S; dey, S3; dye, PP; dise, PP; dyse, S2, PP; de, S3; deide, pt. s., S, S2; deizede, MD; deyde, C2; deid, S2; deit, S3; dede, pl., S3; deyed, pp., C2.—Icel. deyja: OS. doian.

Deven. v. to dye, MD; dyyn, Prompt.; dyed, pt. s., C2.—AS. déagian, from déah. See Deh.

Deyere, sb. dyer, C.

Deyl, sb. deal, share, S2; see Deel.

Deynen, v. to deign, to appear good, to please, MD, CM, S2; deignen, MD daynede, pt. s., S2; dseyned him, (refl.)

C2.—AF. deigner; Lat. dignare.

Deynous, adj. proud, disdainful, MD, CM, Cath. (p. 95, n.).

Deyntee, sb. worth, pleasure, liking, S2, C2, C3; deynte, S2; deinte, MD; deyntees, pl., S2, C2, C3.—OF. daintie, deintet, Prov. din- tat; Lat. dignitatem. Cf. Dayntethis.

Deyntee, adj. dainty, C2, C3.

Deyntenous, adj. choice, dainty, C2. Deys, sb. daïs, high table in hall, C, C2, PP; deyes, PP; deis, PP; dese, PP; deyse, PP; dees, MD; des, MD;

day, canopy, JD.—OF. deis (AF. dois); Lat. discum (acc.), see Brachet, p. lxv. Cf. Disshe.

Dezter. sb. pl. daughters, S2; see Dohter.

Di-: see De-, Dis.

Dia. sb. A term set before medicinal confections or electuaries that were devised by the Greeks, Cotg.; dya, HD; dyas, pl. remedies, medicines, PP.—Gr. διά. See Dia-penidion.

Diadlich, adj. mortal, S; see Deedll.

Diamant, sb. diamond, PP, Cath.; dyamand, MD; dyamaunt, C.—OF. diamant, a diamond, the loadstone (Cotg.). See Adamant.

Dia-penidion, sb. a kind of sweet stuff like barley-sugar used to relieve coughs, PP; diapenydion, PP; diopendion, S2.—OF. diapenidion, It. diapenídio, cp. diapiede, 'a diapedon or confection made of Penids' (Florio). See Dia and Penid.

Diaper, sb. a kind of figured cloth: dyaper, MD; diapery, MD.—OF. diaspre, diaspe, diapered cloth; Lat. iaspidem, jasper; from Gr. laomis, probably of Semitic origin; see Diez, p. 119.

Diaper, v. to variegate, adorn with figures and colours, ND; diapred, pp., ND; dyapred, C.

Diath, sb. death, S; see Deep.

Dicht, pp. prepared, S2; see Dinten. Diciples, sb. pl. disciples, S; see Disciple.

Diefies, sb. gen. devil's, S; see Deuel. Dier, sb. wild animal, beast; diere, dat., S; see **Deer**.

Dier-chin, sb. deer-kind, beasts, S.

Diere, adj. dear, S; see Dere.

Diere-wurd, adj. precious, S; see Derewurde.

Diete, sb. diet, food, MD, C; dyetis, pl., PP.-OF. diete; Late Lat. dieta, Lat. diæta ; Gr. δίαιτα.

Dieten. v. to diet; disete, pr. subj., S2, PP.

Died, pr. s. doeth, S; see Don.

Dieule, sb. dat. devil, S; see Deuel. Diffacen, v. to deface, MD; deface, to obliterate, C2; defaste, pp., S3.—OF. deffacer.

Dif-faden, v. to fade away, MD; defade, to cause to fade, S3; defadide, pp., HD.

Diffame, sb. dishonour, disgrace, MD, S3, C2; defame, C3.—OF. diffame.

Diffamen, v. to spread abroad a rumour, also to slander, MD, S2; defame, C2; diffameden, pt. pl., W; defamed, pp., W, C3.—AF. diffamer, to slander; Lat. diffamare, to spread abroad a report.

Digne, adj. worthy, proud, MD, C, C2, C3, S2, S3; dygne, S2. Phr.: digne as dich-water, i. e. making people keep their distance, S3.—OF. digne; Lat. dignum.

Dignelich, adv. worthily, P; dyngneliche, S2.

Dignete, sb. worth, dignity, high office, MD; dignitee, C2; dingnetes, pl., S2.-AF. dignete; Lat. dignitatem. Cf. Deyntoe.

Dihten, v. to order, rule, prepare, adorn, MD, S2; disten, MD; distti, S2; diht, pr. s., S; dightes, S2; dihte, pt. s., S; diste, S2; diht, pp., S2; dist, MD, S2; dight, MD, S3; ydist, S2, S3; dyst, S2; dicht, S2; ydy3t, S3; dygth, H.—AS. dihtan; Lat. dictare.

Dilatacioun, sb. extension, diffuseness, S2, C3.—Lat. dilatationem.

Dim, adj. dim, MD; dym, C; dymme, MD; dimme, pl., S.—AS. dim.

Dimliche, adv. dimly, softly (of sound), MD; dimluker, comp., S.

Dimnes, sb. dimness, S2.

Dinnen, v. to din, MD; dunien, MD; denie, S; dinede, pt. s., MD; donyd, MD; dynnit, MD.—AS. dynian; cp. Icel. dynja. See Dyn.

Dint. sb. blow, S, S2; see Dent.

Dinten, v. to strike, S.

Diopendion, sb. a kind of barley-sugar, S2; see Dia-penidion.

Dirige. sb. the name of an anthem in the office for the dead beginning with the words from Ps. 5. 8, 'Dirige, Dominus meus, 'MD, S3; dyrge, MD; dorge, MD. Dis-; see Des.

Disburse, v. to pay out of a purse, Sh; deburs, S3.—OF. desbourser.

Dischargen, v. to unload, MD; deschargen, MD; dischargiden, pt. pl., W. —AF. descharger.

Dischevele. pp. with hair in disorder. MD, C .- OF. deschevelé, pp. of descheveler, to dischevel (Cotg.).

Disclaundre, v. to slander, S2, C3.

Disciple, sb. disciple, W (John 20, 2); disciplis, pl., PP, W; diciples, S; deciples, S; decipelis, S2.—AF. disciple: Lat. discipulum (acc.).

Disciplesse, sb. a woman-disciple, W. Discipline, sb. chastisement, MD; disceplines, pl. flagellations, S.—OF. discipline (Cotg.); Church Lat. disciplina (Ducange).

Disclaundre, sb. evil fame, S2, PP; desclandre, MD; dislander, ND. See

Disclose, v. to disclose, S₃; desclosen, S2.—OF. desclore (subj. -close); Lat. disclaudere.

the rout, MD; dysoowmfytyn, Prompt.; disconfet, pt. s., MD; disconfite, MD; pp., MD; discumfyst, S3; dysconfited. S3.—OF. desconfire (pp. desconfit); Lat. dis + conficere.

Discomfiture, sb. defeat, MD; disconfiture, C.—AF. descumfiture, desconfiture.

Disconfort, sb. discomfort, C; discomfort, W.

Disconforten, v. to trouble, discomfort, C; disconfort, S3; discomforten, MD.—OF. desconforter.

Discoueren, v. to discover, uncover, MD, C3; diskeuer, MD; discure, S3.-OF. descovrir, descuvrir.

Disdeyn, sb. disdain, C2; desdayn, CM; desdeyn, C; dedeyn, MD, W, H; dedeyne, HD.-AF. dedeigne, OF. desdein.

Disdeyne, v. to disdain, C2; desdainen, MD.-AF. desdeigner, It. disdeg-

Disese, sb. lack of ease, MD, S2, C2, C3, W; desese, S3.—OF. desaise.

Diseseful, adj. troublesome, W2.

Disesid. pp. troubled, W.

Disgysen, v. to disguise, MD; degisen, PP, MD; degyset, pp., S2; disguised, S3.—AF. degiser, degyser, OF. desguiser. Cf. Degyse.

Disheriten, v. to disinherit, S2; deseritede, pt. s., S2; descrited, pp., S2; disheryt, C .- AF. desheriter, OF. deseriter.

Disjoint, sb. perplexity, MD; disjoynt, C .- OF. desjoinct, pp. of desjoindre; Lat. disjungere.

Dismayen, v. to dismay,G; desmayen, MD .- OF. *desmayer; cp. Sp. desmayar, also (with different prefix), OF. esmaier, Prov. esmagar, It. smagare.

Disour, sb. professional story-teller, minstrel, MD; disoures, pl., P.—OF. disour, discor: Sp. dicedor, It. dicitore, from Lat. dicere.

Disparage, sb. a want of parity or equality, especially in birth or station, disparagement, disgrace, C2. See Parage.

Disparagen, v. to disparage, disgrace; desparaged, pp., MD.-AF. desparager.

Disparplen, v. to become scattered, also to scatter, W; desparplen, MD, S2; dysparplyn, Prompt.; sparplyn, Prompt.; disperpelde, pt. s., H; deperpeyld, H; Discomfiten, v. to defeat, to put to disperpoiled, pp., S2; disperplid, disparplit, W.—OF. deparpillier, Ps. 21. 14 (cp. It. sparpagliare, Florio); from OF. *parpille, butterfly; Lat. papilio, see Brachet (s.v. éparpiller), and Diez, p. 236.

Dispence, sb. expenditure, C, C2, S3; despense, C2, MD; dispenses, pl., S3.—OF. despense.

Dispenden, v. to spend, S₃, C₂, H; despenden, C₂, MD; dispent, pp., S₃.—AF. despendre; Late Lat. dispendere, to weigh out.

Dispendour, sb. steward, W; dispendere, W.

Dispers, pp. dispersed, S3, MD.—Lat. dispersus.

Displesance, sb. annoyance, C3.—OF. desplaisance.

Disport, sb. pleasure, recreation, S2, S3, C2, C3; desport, C3, MD.—AF. desport, mirth; cp. OF. deport (Bartsch).

Disporten, v. to cheer, amuse, MD.—OF. se desporter, se deporter; cp. It. diportare (compounded with Lat. de-).

Disposed, pp.; in phr.: wel disposed, in good health, C3.

Disputen, v. to dispute, MD; desputen, MD.—AF. desputer; Lat. disputare.

Disputeson, sb. disputation, MD; disputation, C; desputation, MD.—OF. desputeson; Lat. disputationem (for -eson = -tionem, see Ps. Introd. xxx).

Disseit: see Decett.

Disseueren, v. to separate, C3.—AF. deseverer; Lat. dis + separare.

Disshe, sb. dish, PP; disch, S; dysche, discus, Voc.; dysshe, discus, Prompt.; dishe, disc, quoit, MD; disse, S; dysshes, pl., S2—AS. disc; Lat. discus; Gr. blows, quoit. Cf. Deys.

Dissheres, sb. a female dish-seller, P. Dissimulen, v. to pretend a thing is not so, MD, C3; dissymilide, pt. s., W2.—Lat. dissimulare.

Dissimulinge, sb. dissembling, C2, C3.

Distaf, sb. distaff, C2; dystaf, Voc.; dysestafe, Voc.

Distinguen, v. to distinguish, MD; **destinge**, pr. pl., MD; **distyngis**, imp. pl., H; **distingwed**, pp., MD; **distyngid**, H.—OF. distinguer.

Distrier, sb. destroyer, W; see **Destroyere**.

Distraught, pp. distracted, tormented, S3; distrauhte, MD; destrat, SkD.— duk, PP.

OF. destrait (F. distrait); Lat. distractum, pp. of distrahere.

Distresse, sb. distress, misery, S2; destresse, MD.—AF. destresse, destresse; Late Lat. *districtitia from Lat. districtus, pp. of distringere, to pull asunder, to punish.

Distreynen, v. to vex, S₃; **destreyne**, C; **distrayne**, S₃.—AF. destreindre (pr. p. destreignant); Lat. distringere.

Disturben, v. to disturb; destourbe, C₃; distourbe, MD; desturbi, MD.—AF. desturber; Lat. disturbare.

Disturblen, v. to disturb, trouble, MD, W, W2; **disturblid**, pp., S2, W, W2. Cp. OF. tourbler, torbler (F. troubler); Late Lat. *turbulare, from Lat. turbare.

Disturblyng, sb. disturbance, W, W2. **Diten**, v. to indict for trespass, Prompt. —OF. dicter; Lat. dictare. Cf. **Dinten**.

Diuel, sb. devil, S; see Deuel.

Dineren, v. to tremble, S, MD.

Diunigate, pp. divulged; dy-wlgat, S3.—Lat. diunigatus.

Diuyn; see Deuin.

Diyngis, sb. pl. dyes, colours, W2; see **Deyen**.

Dize, to die; see Deyen.

Dizel, adj. secret, MD; dizele, dat., S. —AS. digol, dégol, dégol, déagol; cp. OHG. tougali (Tatian), also with different suffix, dougan (Otfrid).

Dirte, pt. s. ordained, S2; dirt, pp. pre-pared, S2; see Dinten.

Doale, sb. dole, portion, S3; see Dool.
Docken, v. to cut away the tail, decaudare, MD; to cut short, C; dokkyn,
Prompt. See Dok.

Dodden, v. to crop, lop branches, MD, Prompt.; i-dodded, pp., S; doddyd (as trees), Prompt.

Doddit, adj. without horns, JD; doddy, JD; doddie, sb. cow without horns, JD.

Dogge, sb. dog, MD, S2, Voc., Prompt., W2 (Ps. 21, 21), PP, C2.—AS. docga.

Dohter, sb. daughter, S; dojter, S, S2; doujter, P, W2; dowter, S; douhtres, pl., S; doujtres, P; doujtris, W2; doutres, S; dejter, S2; dojters, S2; doutren, C; dehtren, dat., S.—AS. dohtor (dehter, dat. s.); cp. Goth. dauhtar; see Sievers, 93.

Dok, sb. a tail, MD, JD.-O. Norse

dockr; see MD. **Doke**, sb. duck, S2, Voc., PP, C;

donke, PP: docke, Prompt; duke, Voc.;

1

Dole, sb. grief, P, CM; deol, S, MD, S2; duel, MD; doel, P; diol, MD; dol, MD; dool, S2, CM; dul, MD; del, MD S2; dewle, S3; dule, S3.—OF. doel, duel, deol, dol, del; Late Lat. *dolium, from dol-, stem of Lat. dolere, to grieve; see Constans, supplement, p. 23.

Dolefulle, adj. doleful, MD; delful, S2, MD.

Dolfin, sb. dolphin, MD; doulphyn, Palsg.-OF. doulphin (Palsg.), daulphin (Cotg.), Prov. dalfin; Lat. delphinum. Cp. Delfin.

Dolfully, adv. dolefully, G; delfulli, MD.

Doluen, pt. pl. dug, P; pp. buried, S, P; see Deluen.

Dom, sb. judgment, S, S2, W; dome, S2, G; see Doom.

Domage, sb. damage, loss, S3; see Damage.

Domb, adj. dumb, MD, C3; doumb, MD; dum, Prompt.; dom, MD; dumbe, Manip.; doumbe, S, S2; dome, S3.—AS. dumb; cp. Goth. dumbs, OHG. dumb, foolish (Otfrid).

Dome, sb. doom, S2; domes, pl., S2, G; see Doom.

Domes-day, sb. dooms-day, P; domesdai, S; domesdei, S.—AS. domes-dag. Domes-man, sb. judge, S, W, W2;

domysmen, pl. H. **Domlen.** v. to be dull; **domland**, pr. p.

clouding over, S2. Dom-place, sb. judgment-hall, W.

Don, v. to do, put, make, cause, S; do, S, S2; donne, ger., S, S2; done, S2, MD; doand, pr. p., S2; doande, CM; doing, S₃; dob, imp. pl. S; dest, 2 pr. s., S; deb, pr. s., S, S₂; dieb, S; deab, S; dob, S, S₂; dob, pl., S, S₂; done, S₂; dude, pt. s., S2; dide, S; dede, S, S2; ded, S_2 ; duden, pl., S; deden, S; dyden,S; dude, S2; ydoon, pp., C2; idon, S, S2; idone, S; ido, S, S2; ydon, S2; ydo, S2; don, S2; doon, MD; do, S2, MD.— AS. dón, pt. s. dyde, pp. ge-dón.

Donet, sb. grammar, primer, elementary instruction, PP, S2.—From *Donatus*, the grammarian; see Cotg. (s.v. donat).

Dong, pt. s. beat, MD; dongen, pp., S2, H; see Dyngen.

Donjoun, sb. the highest tower of a castle, also the dungeon or underground prison, MD; dongeon, P; dongoun. MD; dungun, S2.—AF. dongoun, OF. | Doute-lees, adv. doubtless, S2, C2.

dongon, donjon: Prov. dompnhon; Late Lat. domnionem, a tower that dominates (Ducange), dominionem, lordship, from Lat. dominium.

Donk, adj. moist, S3, JD; danke, MD.-Cp. Icel. dökkr, obscure (stem *danku).

Donken, v. to moisten, MD, S2.

Don-ward, adv. downward, S2; see Dounward.

Doo, sb. doe, Voc., Palsg., W2; do, MD; da, MD; days, pl., S3.—AS. dá.

Dool, sb. dole, share, portion, MD; dole, MD; doale, S3.—AS. dál (see OET).

Doom, sb. doom, judgment, sentence, W; dom, S, W, S2; dome, S2; domes, pl., S2, G.— AS. dóm: Goth. doms.

Dorc, adj. dark, S; see Derk.

Dore, sb. door, MD, S2, C3; dur, MD, S3; dáre, S.—AS. duru; cp. Gr. θύρα; see Brugmann, § 51.

Dore-tre, sb. bar of a door, P.

Dore-ward, sb. porter, door-keeper, S2; durewart, S.

Dorren, pr. pl. dare, MD; doren, W; dorste, pt. subj. pl., S, S2, C2; see Dar.

Dortour, sb. dormitory, MD, S3, CM; dorture, Voc.; dorter, Voc.—OF. dortour, dortoir; Lat. dormitorium.

Dosc, adj. dusk, S; deosc, MD.

Doseyn, num. dozen, C; see Dozein.

Dotard, sb. dotard, MD, Sh.

Dote, sb. fool, S, MD; dotest, adj. superl., very foolish, S2.

Dotel. sb. fool, MD; dottel, Manip. **Doten**, v. to dote, to be foolish, childish, MD, S2, C2.

Doucte, pt. s. had value, S; see Dujen. Doughtren, sb. pl. daughters, C; see Dohter.

Doughty, adj. brave, C2, G; see Du3ti. Douhtres, sb. pl. daughters, S; see Dohter.

Doumbe, adj. dumb, S, S2; see Dumb. Doun, sb. a down, hill, MD; dun, MD; doune, S2; dune, dat., MD; downes, pl., MD; dounes, S2; dun, adv., down, S; don, S2; doun, S2, W.-AS. dún.

Doun-right, adv. right down, S2.

Doun-ward, adv. downward, MD; donward, S2; dunward, S.

Doute, sb. fear, doubt, MD, S2, C2, G; dute, MD, S, S2; dout, S2.—OF. dute, doute, doubte.

Douten, v. to fear, to doubt, MD, S; drowe, S2; dragen, pp., S; drahen, S3; duten, MD, S; dowte, S3; dowt, imp. s., G; doutede, pt. s., S; doutiden, pl., G. - AF. duter, OF. douter; Lat. dubitare.

Douthe: see Duhese.

Douzter. sb. daughter, P, W2; doutres, pl., S; see Dohter.

Douene, sb. f. dove, S2; doune, S2; downe, S2. See Downe.

Dowaire, sb. dower, C2; dower, C2,-AF. douayre (and dowere); Late Lat. dotarium.

Dowen, v. to endow, MD.—OF. douer, doer; Lat. dotare.

Dowen : see Dugen.

Dowebe. sb. army, host, S. Phr.: dowepes louerd, Lord of Hosts, S; see

Dowter, sb. daughter, S; see Dohter. Downe, sb. dove, MD, C3, W; donve, MD; dow, S3.—Icel. dúfa; cp. OS. dúba, Goth. dubo. Cf. Douene.

Dozter. so. daughter, S, S2; see Dohter. Dozein, adj. dozen, S2; doseyn, C. AF. dozeine, from doze, twelve; Lat. duodecim.

Drad, pp. dreaded, C2; dradde, pt. pl., S; see Dreden.

Dræm, sh joyful sound, S; see Dreem. **Draf.** pt. s. drove, S2: see **Driven**

Draf. sb. draff, husks, dregs, MD, C3, PP, Cath.; draff, JD; draffe, PP; draft, W2.-Icel. draf.

Dragen, v. to draw, S; drah, imp. s., S, S2; drahen, pp., S; see Drawen.

Dragge, sb. a comfit or digestive sweetmeat, dragetum, Prompt., Voc.; dragges, pl., C.-AF. dragge, OF. dragée (Cotg.), Prov. dragea, It. treggéa, an adaptation of Late Gr. τραγήματα, sweetmeats; see Diez, p. 326, Ducange (s. v. tragemata).

Drah. pt. s. suffered, S; see Drezen.

Drapen, pt. pl. slew, S; see **Drepen**. Drast, sb. dregs, W2; drastys, pl. feces, Voc.; drestys, Prompt.—O. Merc. derste, Ps. 39, 3 (VP).

Drasty, adj. trashy, worthless, MD, C2; dresti, Prompt.; dresty, Palsg.

Drawen, v. to draw, S, S₂, CM; dragen, S, S₂; dragen, S; drealen, S; dreihen, S; drah, imp. s., S, S2; drawand, pr. p., S2; droh, pt. s., S; droj, S, S2; drou, S, S2; drow, S2, C2; drou3, S2; dreuh, S2; dreuch, S2; drough, C2; drozen, pl., S; drowen, W; droze, S; ydrawe, C2.—AS. dragan, pt. droh (pl. drógon), pp. dragen.

Dre, v. to suffer, S2, S3; see Drejen.

Drecchen, v. to vex, torment, also to tarry, MD, S, S3, C; drechen, S, S2; drainte, pt. s., MD; drechede, MD; draint, pp., MD; drecched, MD.—AS. dreccan, pt. drehte, pp. dreht.

Drede, sb. dread, MD, S, S2, C2, W2; dreid, S3; dred, S.

Dreden, v. to dread, S, S2, C2; dredand, pr. p., S2; dradde, pt. s., MD, C2; dredde, MD, C2, W; dredden, pl., MD, W; dradde, S; drad, pp., C2.—AS. (on)drædan, pt. dreord, drædde, see Sievers, 394, 395

Dredful, adj. dreadful, MD; timid, C; dredfule, dat., S.

Drednes, sb. dread, MD; drednesse, S; dridnes, S2.

Dreem, sb. a joyful sound, dream, MD; dream, S; drem, S; dreme, dat., S; drem, MD, S; dremes, pl., S. — AS. dréam, joyful sound, Icel. draumr, dream ; cp. OS. dróm, joy, also dream.

Drehen, v. to suffer, S; see Dregen.

Dreid, sb. dread, S3; see **Drede**.

Dreihen, v. to draw, S; see **Drawen**. Drem, sb. dream, S; see Dreem.

Dremels, sb. dream, PP.

Dremen, v. to make a joyful sound, to dream, S; dreamen, S; drempte, pt. s., S; dremden, pl., S.—AS. dréman, to rejoice: OS. dromian; cp. Icel. dreyma, to dream.

Drench, sb. drink, S, MD.

Drenchen, v. to drown, S, S2, C3, W; drinchen, S; dreinchen, S; dreynt, pp., W, C, C₂; drent, S₃; drenched, C₃; drenchid, W. - AS. drencan; cp. Icel. drekkja.

Drenchyng, sb. drowning, S2.

Dreng, sb. servant, retainer, MD; dring, S; drenches, pl., MD; dring-ches, S.— Icel. drengr, brave man, also bachelor; hence AS. dreng.

Drepen, v. to slay, S, S2; drap, pt. s., MD; drapen, pl., S; drape, MD.—AS. drepan, pt. dræp (pl. dræpon), pp. drepen.

Drere, sb. grief, S3, ND.

Dreriment, sb. sadness, ND; dreeriment, S3.

Drery, adj. sad, dreary, C2; dreri3, MD; drury, MD.—AS. dréorig.

Dreryhead, sb. sorrow, ND.

Dressen, v. to make straight, direct, reach, prepare, dress, S2, S3, C2, C3, W, W2; y-dressed, pp., C2.—OF. dresser, drescier; Late Lat.* dirictiare (It. dirizzare); from Lat. directus, pp. of dirigere. Cp. Late Lat. drictum (Ducange).

Dressyngis, sb. pl. directions (=Lat. directiones), W2.

Dreuen, v. to trouble, afflict, MD; dreued, pt. s., S2; drefedd, pp., MD; dreofedd, MD; 1-dreaued, S.—AS. dréfan: OS. dróbian; cp. OHG. druaben (Otfrid), truoben (Tatian), G. trüben. See Drouy.

Drewery, sb. darling, P; see **Druerie**. **Dreye**, adj. dry, C, C2; see **Drye**.

Dre3, adj. continuous, great, powerful, MD; dry3, patient, S2.—Icel. drjugr.

Drezen, v. to endure, suffer, continue, MD; dregen, S; drejhenn, S; drehen, S; dreye, S; drye, CM; dreghe, H; drijen, S, MD; dryjee, S2; drie, S, PP; dree, JD; dre, S2, S3; drah, pt. s., S; dreg, MD; dryjed, continued, S2; druhen, pl., MD; drogen, pp., MD.—AS. drlogan, pt. dréah (pl. drugon), pp. drogen.

Dre3-ly, adv. continuously, earnestly, S2, MD; dry3ly, patiently, S2.

Dridnes, sb. dread, S2; see Drednes.
Drihten, sb. Lord (only used for God, Christ), S; dryhtin, S; dryhten, S; drigtin, S; drightin, S2; dryhten, S; drigtin, S; drightin, S2; dryhte, S; drihte, S; dryhte, PP; drytyn, S2.—AS. dryhten: OS. drohtin; cp. Icel. dróttinn and OHG. truhtin (Tatian). From AS. dryht, men, warriors, retainers: OS. druht; cp. OHG. truht and Icel. drótt.

Driht-ful, adj. noble, S.

Dring, sb. servant, S; dringches, pl., S; see **Dreng**. **Drink**, sb. drink, MD: drinch, S:

Drink, sb. drink, MD; drinch, S; drinch, S;

Drinken, v. to drink, S; drincken, S; dring, imp. s., S; drane, pt. s., S; drone, S; dronk, S; dronken, pl., S; dronken, S; dronken, S; dronken, S; dronken, S; dronken, S; dronken, C2: Phr.: drinc-hail, drink, hale! S.—AS. drincan, pt. dranc (pl. druncon), pp. druncen.

Drinkere, sb. drinker, MD; drinckares,

Drit, sb. dirt, MD, W, W2; dert, S3.

Drit-cherl, sb. dirt-churl (term of abuse), S.

Driuen, v. to drive, rush, pass, go, S; dryuen, S; drif, S2; draf, pt. s., MD, S2; droof, S2; droof, MD, W, W2; drofe, S2; driuen, pt., S, MD; dryuen, MD; driueden, W2; driuen, pp., MD; driue, C2; dryuun, W2.—AS. drifan, pt. draf (pl. drifon), pp. drifen.

Drizen, v. to suffer, S; see Drezen.

Drizte: see Dribten.

Drof, pt. s. drove, S, S2; droof, W; W2; see Driuen.

Drof-lic, adj. painful, MD. Cf. Drouy. Drogen; see Drejen.

Drogges, sb. pl. drugs, PP; droggis, S3; see Drye.

Droh, pt. s. drew, S; see **Drawen**.

Dronk, pt. s. drank, MD; drone, S; dronke, pp., C2; see Drinken.

Dronkelewe, adj. given to drink, C3; see **Drunkelew**.

Dronkenesse, sb. drunkenness, C3.
Drought, sb. drought, MD, C (p. 1);

droughte, C2; drouppe, S2; drugte, S; drythe, S2.—AS. drugote. See Drye.

Drounen, v. to be drowned, to drown,

MD; drune, MD; drund, pt. pl., S2. Cf. Drunknen.

Droupen, v. to droop, vultum dejicere, MD, Palsg.; drowpen, C.—Icel. drúpa.

Droupnen, v. to be cast down, MD; drupnin, S.

Drouen, v. to trouble, MD; druuy, H; droues, pr. pl., MD; droued, pp., MD; droued, H; druuyd, H. Cf. Dreuen. Drouing, sb. trouble, S2, MD; druuynge, H.

Drouy, adj. turbid, troubled, CM, S2; drout, MD.—Cp. AS. drof, OS. drobi, OHG. truobi, G. trübe.

Dro3, pt. s. drew, S, S2; drou, S, S2; drow, S2, C2; drou3, S2; drouh, S2; drough, C2; see Drawen.

Drubild, adj. disturbed, H.

Drublen, v. to disturb water, to trouble; drubblyn, Prompt.; drobyl, MD. Cf. Drouen.

Drubly, adj. turbid, H; drobly, Prompt.

Drublynesse, sb. turbulencia, Prompt. **Drublynge**, sb. disturbance, H.

Druerie, sb. love, affection, also the object of affection, also a jewel, PP, MD, C2 (s. v. love); drurye, MD; drurie, S2, PP; druery, HD; druwery, PP; drewrye, MD; drewery, P; drowryse, MD; drewery, P; drowryse, pl., HD; druries, HD.—AF. druerie:

beloved (Otfrid). See NQ. (6. 4. 270).

Druggar-beste, sb. the animal that has to pull forcibly, S3.

Druggen, v. to pull with force, CM, C.—Cp. E. drudge.

Drund, pt. pl. drowned, S2; see **Drounen**. Drunk, sb. draught, MD; drune, S; drunch, S.—Cp. Icel. drykkr.

Drunkelew, adj. given to drinking, W, Prompt.; dronkelewe, C3, PP; dronkeleuh, PP; dronkenlewe, PP; drunkenlewe, MD. See-lewe.

Drunken, sb. drinking, S, MD.

Drunkennesse, sb. drunkenness, MD; dronkenesse, C3, PP.

Drunknen, v. to be drowned, to cause to drown, MD; drunkenes, pr. s., S2; dronkenes, S2.—AS. druncnian, to be drowned, to be drunk. Cf. Drounen.

Drupnin. v. to be cast down, S; see Droupnen.

Drurie; see Druerie.

Druny, v. to trouble, H; see Drouen. **Druuynge.** sb. trouble, H.

Drye, adj. dry, MD, PP; druye, MD, S2; drue, MD; dru, S; dri3e, MD; drie, MD; dreye, C2, C. Phr.: drui fot, dry foot, S.—AS. dryge; cp. Du. droog.

Drye, v. to dry, to be dry, MD, G; druigest, 2 pr. s., S2.—AS. drygan.

Drye. v. to suffer, CM; **Dry3ed**, pt. s. continued, S2; see Dresen.

Drythe; see Drought.

Dry3, adj. patient, S2. Cf. Dre3en.

Dry3ly, adv. patiently, S2.

Dry; te, Dry; see Drihten.

Dubben, v. (1) to dress, arm for battle, (2) to dub a knight by the stroke with the flat of the sword, MD, S, PP; dubbed, pp., S, S2, PP; dobbed, PP; doubed, PP. -AF. dubber, to dress; cp. Icel. dubba, to arm, dress, also to dub, AS. dubban, to dub a knight, in Chron. ann. 1085; cp. OF. aduber, adouber, to arm (Roland).

Dubbing, sb. decoration, adornment, S; the conferring of knighthood, S.

Dubonure, adj. mild, gentle, S2; see Debonaire.

Dude, pt. s. did, S2; duden, pl., S; see Don.

Duelle, v. to stay, S, W2; see **Dwellen**. Duere, adj. dear, S2; see Dere.

Duete, sb. duty, MD; dewtee, MD; dwete, CM; dewite, S3.—AF. duete, Dusken, v. to grow dark, C.

Prov. drudaria, from OHG. drút, dear, debt, obligation, from OF. deu, owed; Lat. debitum, pp. of debere.

> Duhen, v. to get on well, S; see Dujen. Duhece, sb. body of retainers, people, might, worth, dignity, S; dowepe, S; doube, S2.—AS. dugue, worth, help, body of men, host.

> Duk, sb. leader, prince, duke, MD; duc, S2; duyk, W, W2; douc, MD; duykis, pl., W2.-AF. duc; Lat. ducem.

Dulce, adj. sweet, S3.—Lat. dulcem.

Dule, sb. grief, S3; see Dole.

Dully, adj. dull, S3, DG; dolly, JD; dowie, JD.

Dumel, so. a stupid man, Manip.: dummel, a dumb man, Manip.; dumble, HD. See Domb.

Dun; see Doun.

Dun, Dunne, adj. dun, dull brown, MD, Manip.; donne, MD.—AS. dunn; O. Ir. donn, dond (Windisch).

Dun. sb. a dun horse; Proverb: Dun is in the myre, C₃.

Dunchen, v. to batter, S, Prompt.; dunch, to push, JD.—Cp. Dan. dunke, to thump.

Dune, sb. din; see Dyn. Dungon, sb. dungeon, S2; see Don-

joun. Dun-ward, adv. downward, S; see Doun.

Dup, adj. deep, MD; see Deep.

Duppen, v. to dip, S2, MD; dippen, MD.—AS. dyppan, for *dup-ian, see SkD (p. 800), Sievers, 400.

Durance, sb. endurance, S3; imprisonment, Sh.

Dure, adj. dear, MD; see Dere.

Dure, sb. door, S; dur, S3; see Dore. Duren, v. to last, C2, S2, S3, H; dury, MD; duyre, MD; deore, S2; duyryng, pr. p., S2; durede, pt. s., S2.-AF. durer; Lat. durare, from durus, hard, unyielding.

Duresse, sb. hardship, severity, MD, S3; duresce, MD.—AF. duresse, duresce;

Lat. duritia, from durus.

Durlyng, sb. darling, S; see Derling. Durren, pr. pl. dare, MD; durre, S; duren, S; see Dar.

Dusi, adj. foolish, S, MD; dysy, MD; desi, MD.—AS. dysig.

Dusiliche. adv. foolishly, MD; desaly, dizzily, S2; desselic, S2.

Dusten, v. to throw, toss, S; duste, pt. s., MD; deste, fell headlong, MD.

Dutchkin, adj. German-like, S3.

Dute, sb. doubt, fear, S, S2; see Doute. Dutten, v. to shut, close, MD; dittenn, MD; dutande, pr. p., S2; dutt, pp., MD; dit, MD.—AS. dyttan; see OET (p. 573).

Duyk, sb. leader, prince, W, W2; see **Duk**.

Dujen, v. to get on well, to be fitting, to be worth, to avail, valere, MD; duhen, S; dowen, MD; deah, pr. s., MD; deh, MD; delh, S; dugen, pl., MD; doucte, pt. s., S; dought, MD; dowed, S2.—
AS. dugan, pret. pres. déag (déah, dég), pl. dugon, pt. dohte; cp. OHG. tugan.

Duzece, sb. nobles, S, MD; see Duh-

606.

Du;ti, adj. fit, excellent, brave, doughty, MD; doughty, C2, G; dou;tiore, comp., S2.—AS. dyhtig, strong.

Dwal, adj. foolish, dull, erring, apostate, MD, SkD (p. 801); dwales, sb. pl. fools, S.—Cp. Goth. dwals, foolish.

Dwale, sb. error, MD; duale, MD; dwole, MD, S (16. 1777.)—ONorth. duala, error (Mt. 24. 24); cp. AS. dwola.

Dwellen, v. (1) to err, wander, (2) to loiter, stay, dwell, MD, G; duelle, S, W2; dwelland, pr. p., S2.—AS. dwelian, to err, also to make to err, to deceive; also dwellan, to deceive, to hinder, delay, also to remain, dwell; cp. Icel. dvelja, to tarry.

to remain, dwell; cp. Icel. dvelja, to tarry. **Dweole**, sb. error, MD; dwele, MD;

dwelle, MD.—AS. (ge)dweola.

Dweoluhbe, sb. error, foolishness, S. Dwergh, sb. dwarf, MD; dwerk, MD; dwerk, MD; dwerk, MD; dwerp (for dwers), S2.—AS. dweorh; cp. Icel. dvergr. Dwilde, sb. error, S, MD.—AS. dwild.

See Dwellen.

Dwindle. v. to waste away, Sh.

Dwinen, v. to vanish away, to waste away, MD, HD; dwynyn, Prompt.; dwynen, S2; dwynede, pt. s. (weak), MD.—AS. dwinan, pt. dwán (pl. dwinon), pp. dwinen.

Dwole; see Dwale.

Dyad, adj. dead, S2; see **Deed**.

Dyed, pt. s. coloured, C2; see Deyen.

Dyeuel, sb. devil, S2; see Deuel.

Dyk, Dyke, sb. dike, ditch, S3; dio,
S; dioh, MD; diohe, MD; pl., S; diohen,
S.—AS. dic.

Dyken, v. to make a ditch, to dig, S2; idyket, pp., S2.

Dyker, sb. ditcher, S2, P; dikere, P.

Dyn, sb. din, H, MD; dynne, H; deue, MD; dyne, PP; dine, MD; dune, MD.—AS. dyne, dyn.

Dyngen, v. to beat, PP, H; dang, pt.s., MD, S3; dong, MD; dange, pt., S3; dongen, pp., S2; dongyn, H; dongene, HD.

Dyngis, sb. pl. blows, H.
Dyngynge, sb. beating, H.
Dys, sb. pl. dice, C, P; see Dee.
Dys-playere, sb. dice-player, P.

Dyttay, sb. indictment, S3.—AF. dite; Lat. dictatum.

Dyvers, adj. pl. divers, MD; diverse, MD.—AF. divers (pl. diverses); Lat. diversum.

Dynerseli, adv. in diverse directions,

Dyversen, v. to make difference, to diversify, also to be different, MD, Prompt.; dynersith, pr. s., W; diverside, pt. s., W.—OF. diverser.

Dyversitee, sb. divers colours, W2. **Dyuynistre**, sb. a divine, C.—Late Lat. *divinista. See **Deuine**.

Dy3e, v. to die, S2; see Deyen. Dy3t; see Dihten.

E.

E; see E3e.

E-, prefix; see 30-. Cf. Eliche.

Eadiz, adj. wealthy, precious, happy, blessed, MD; eadi, S; edie, S; edie, S; eddi, S; edy, S; edy, S.—AS. ladig: Goth. audags. From AS. lad, a possession, happiness, also, rich, happy: Icel. audr, wealthy; cp. OS. bd, property.

Eadmodien, v. to humble, MD; eadmode, pt. s., MD; admoded, pp. as adj.
lowly, S, MD.—AS. Ładmodian, from Ładmod, humble. Cf. Ecomoded, Edmod.
Ealde, adj. old, S; see Old.
Ealde, sb. an age, age, S; see Elde.
Ealdren, pl. elders, chiefs; see Alder.

Ealre, gen. of all, S; see Al.

Eam, I pr. s. am; see Am.

Earding-stowe, sb. dwelling-place, S; see Erdingstouwe.

Earm, sb. arm (of the body), S, MD; see Arm.

Earme, adj. pl. poor; see Arm.

Earming, sb. a wretched being, S; see Brming.

Earnynge, sb. earning, S; see Ernen. Eatelich, adj. horrible, S; see Atelich.

Eao, adj. easy, S; see Eth. Eace, adv. easily, S; see Ethe.

Ebrayk, adj. Hebrew, S2.

Ebrisse, adj. Hebrew, S.—AS. ebreisc. Ecclesiaste, sb. a preacher, C.—OF. ecclesiaste (Cotg.); Church Lat. ecclesiastes (Vulg.); Gr. ἐκκλησιαστής (LXX), from ἐκκλησία, an assembly.

Eche, adj. each, S, S2, W; selche, S, MD; ele, MD, S; elch, S; elche, MD; alc, MD, S; alche, MD, S; elle, MD; ile, MD, S; ilk, S (12. 97), S2, H; ilch, S; ulc, MD; ulch, S; ulche, MD; seche, MD; ache, S; ech, MD, S, S2; ich, MD, S, S3; ych, S2; ewc, MD; euch, MD, S; uch, S, S2; uche, P, H; uich, S; uych, S. - Comb.: eche dayes, daily, on each day, S2; eche deyl, every bit, entirely, S2; ech on, each one, S2, S3, C2; ech oon, C2, W; ech one, S2; ich on, S3; ich a, S3; uch one, S2, P; ilk an, S2; ile kines, of every kind, MD; ilkines, S; ich wer, everywhere, S.-AS. élc, elc, ONorth. alc, OMerc. ylc. The form $\dot{\alpha}l\dot{c} = \dot{\alpha} + ge + lic$; cp. OHG. io-gi-lth (Tatian), G. jeglich. See Sievers, 347.

Eche, adj. eternal, S; echeliche, adv., S .- AS. éce, écelice; cp. OHG. éwic, also łwig (Otfrid). See 🗷.

Eche. sb. increase, addition, S2, MD.-AS. éaca.

Eche. sb. pain, MD; see Ache.

Echen. v. to increase, add, HD, CM, MD; eken, S, S3, H; ayked, pt. s., MD. —AS. écean (écan): OS. ókian.

Echte, sb. possessions, S; see Auhte. Eclipse, sb. eclipse, PP; eclypse, Manip.; enclips, PP; clips, PP; clyps, S3.—Lat. eclipsis; Gr. εκλειψις, failure.

Ecnesse, sb. eternity, MD; ecenisse, dat., S; ecenesse, S; echenesse, MD; ecchenesse, S.—AS. écnis. See Eche.

Ed., prefix.—AS. ed., cp. Goth. id.,

frid), as in it-lon, retribution; it-mall, feast (Tatian).

Ed-grow, sb. after-math, regermen, Prompt.; edgrew, HD.

Ed-len, sb. retribution, MD.—AS. edléan.

Edmod, adj. humble, MD; see Admod. Edmodi, adj. humble, MD; see Admodie.

Edmodnesse, sb. humility, S; see Admodnesse.

Ed-wit, sb. reproach, S2.—AS. ed-wit; cp. OHG. it-uuissi, a twitting (Otfrid). See Ed-.

Ed-witen, v. to blame, S, P; eadwiten, S; edwited, pt. pl., PP.—AS. edwitan; cp. Goth. id-weitjan, OHG. itauuizon (Tatian). Cp. E. twit.

Edy; see Eadi3.

Ee; see **E**30.

Eek, conj. also, C2, C3; sec, S; ec, S; ek, S, S2, P; elk, S3; eke, S, S2, S3, P; eeke, G.-AS. éac: Goth. auk.

Eelde; see **Elde**.

Eem. sb. uncle, Prompt., CM; eom, S; sem, MD; em, MD; eme, S3, Voc., HD; eyme, S3; eam, HD.—AS. éam; cp. OHG. bheim.

Eese; see **Ese**.

Eest, adj. and sb. east, W (Mt. 8. 11), MD; est, S, S2, C2, C3, Prompt.; sest, Prompt. -AS. éast: Icel. austr; cp. OHG. óst (óstana, Otfrid).

Efenn ; see **Eue**n.

Effecte, sb. effect, MD; affecte, H.— Lat. effectus.

Effer, Effeir; see Afere.

Effray, sb. terror, S3; fray, S3. Cf. Affray.

Efning : see Euenynge.

Eft. adv. again, afterwards, S, S2, S3, C2, W; seft, MD; efte, S3.—AS. eft.

Efter, prep. after, S, S2; see After.

Eft-sone, adv. again, soon after, S, S2, C3; eftsoone, W; efsone, S2.—AS. eftsóna.

Eft-sones, adv. soon after, S.

Egal, adj. equal, CM; egalle, S3, CM. OF. egal; Lat. aequalem.

Egalite, sb. equality, CM.—OF. egalite; Lat. aequalitatem.

Egen; see Eje.

Egge, sb. edge, W; eg, Voc., CM; egges, pl., MD; egges, S2.—AS. ecg: back, again, OHG. it-, ita- (Tatian, Ot- OS. eggia, see Sievers, 258; cp. Lat. acies.

Eggement, sb. instigation, C3.

Eggen, v. to sharpen, to incite, provoke, MD, H, CM; eggede, pt. s., S2; egged, S3, P; y-egged, pp., MD; 1-egged, MD.—Icel. eggja.

Eggyyng, sb. instigation, S2, CM;

Eghe; see E30.

Egle, sb. eagle, C2, PP.—AF. egle, OF. aigle; Lat. aquila.

Egleche, adj. pl. war-like, S.— AS. agléca, aglécea, a warrior, vexator (Grein). See E30.

Egre, adj. eager, sharp, fierce, C2, PP.

—AF. egre, OF. aigre; Lat. acrem.

Egremoin, sb. agrimony, C3; see

Ehe; see E3e.

Ehte, sb. property, S; echte, S; see Auhte.

Eie: see E3e.

Eighte, num. eight, C3; eiste, MD; eihte, PP; eyhte, PP; aste, S2; ast, S2; sehte, MD.—AS. eahta (ahta); cp. OHG. ahto, Lat. octo.

Eighte, ord. eighth, G, PP.—AS. eah-tobe. Cf. Achtande.

Eightene, num. eighteen, MD; schtene, S; auchtene, S3.—AS. eahta-téne.

Eightetethe, ord. eighteenth, C2.-AS. cahta-téoba.

Eihte, sb. property, S; eyhte, S; see Auhte.

Eild: see Elde.

Eire, sb. journey, circuit, SkD. Phr.: ane ayr, on circuit, S3.—AF. and OF. eire, eyre, oire, oirre, from errer. edrer, to make one's way, from Lat. iter, journey; see Constans,

Eiren, sb. pl. eggs, PP; eirun, W2; see By.

Eise; see Ese.

Eisel, Eisil, sb. vinegar; see Aisille. Eisful, adj. terrible, MD.—AS. egesful.

Eislich, adj. terrible, MD; etseliche, S.—AS. egeslic: OS. egislik; from AS. egesa: OS. egiso, horror; cp. OHG. egiso (Otfrid).

Eisliche, adv. terribly, S; aisliche, timorously, S3.—AS. egeslice.

Eider, adj. either, S, S2; æder, MD; ayper, S2; aiper, S; eyder, S, S2; ethir, W; er, S.—AS. d-g-hwader; Sievers, 347.

Eken, v. to ake, MD; see Aken.

Elch; see Eche.

Elde, sb. an age (of the world), age, time of a man's life, maturity, full age, old age, length of time, PP, S, S2, S3, G; selde, W; salde, S; helde, S; ulde, MD; eld, MD, S2; held, S2; sild, S2.

—AS. eldu, yldu. See Old.

Elde, v. to grow old, H; elded, pp., S2; eldid, H.—AS. caldian.

Elder, comp. older, S, C2; see Old.

Elderne, sb. pl. ancestors, S2; see Alder.

Eldryn, adj. old, H. Comb.: eldryn-man, old man, elder, H.

Ele, sb. oil, MD, S; coli, S; colie, S. Comb.: clossew, oil, S.—AS. ele; Late Lat. olium (cp. It. olio); Lat. oleum; Gr. Elaw, from Elalia, an olive-tree; cp. OHG. oli (Tatian).

Election, sb. election, choice, S2.—OF. election; Lat. electionem.

Ele-lendisch, adj. foreign; elelendis, MD.—AS. ele-lendisc, of a foreign land.

Elendisch, adj. foreign; helendis, MD.—From AS. ellende (Voc.).

Elenge, adj. protracted, tedious, wearisome, dreary, lonely; also (by confusion with AS. ellende) strange, foreign, PP, HD; elynge, PP; elyng, PP; alenge, NED, HD; alange, NED, Prompt.—AS. &-lenge, lengthy, tedious; &, ever + lenge, long, from lang.

Elengelich, adv. sadly, PP; elyng-liche, PP.

Elf, sb. elf, genius, nympha, incubus, MD, C3, Sh.; alfe, MD.—AS. alf. Cf. Aulf.

Elf-lock, sb. hair matted together as if by the elves, Sh.

Elf-queen, sb. fairy-queen, C2.

Eliche, adv. alike, S3; see Iliche.

Elixir, sb. elixir, C3, SkD.—OF. elixir (Cotg.), Sp. elixir; Arab. el iksír, the philosopher's stone; Gr. ξηρόν, dry.

Elldernemannes, sb. gen. alderman's, chief officer's, S; see **Aldermon**.

Elleft, ord. eleventh, S2.—AS. endleofta. Ellerne, sb. elder-tree, sambucus, S2, PP; ellaern, Voc.; ellarne, Voc.; eller, PP; eldir, PP.—AS. ellarn.

Elles, adv. otherwise, else, S, S2, C2; ellis, S3, W.—AS. elles; cp. OHG. alles, otherwise (Otfrid): Goth. aljis.

Elles-hware, adv. elsewhere, S; elles-wher, S, C3.—AS. elles-hwar.

Elles-hwider, adv. else-whither, S.

Elmesse, sb. alms, MD, NED; see

Elmes-3eorn, adj. charitable, S.

Eluish, adj. elvish, foolish, C2, C3. See Elf.

Eluish-marked, pp. disfigured by the elves, Sh.

Elynge; see Elenge.

Embassade, sb. embassy, S3; see Ambassade.

Embassadour, sb. ambassador, C3. Embassadrie, sb. ambassadorship, S2,

Embatel, sb. battlement, S3 (19a. 581). Embattail, v. to array for battle, Sh.

Embrave, v. to adom, S3.

Em-cristen, sb. fellow-christian, S, S2. See **Buen**.

Eme: see Bem.

Emerande, sb. emerald, C1, CM.—OF. emerande, esmerande (esmeralde); Lat. smaragdum (acc.); Gr. σμάραγδος.

Emete, Emote, sb. ant; see Amete. Em-forth, prep. according to, PP. See

Empaled. pp. enclosed, S3.

Emperere, sb. emperor, MD.—OF. emperere (empereres); Lat. imperator.

Emperice, sb. empress, S, CM; emperesse, PP.—AF. emperice; Lat. imperatricem.

Emperour, sb. emperor, PP, S2 (12. 212), C2, C3.—AF. emperur, OF. empereor, emperedor; Lat. imperatorem.

Empoisoner, sb. poisoner, C3. See Enpoisonen.

Empoisoning, sb. poisoning, C3.

Emportured, pp. pourtrayed, S3.

Emprise, sb. undertaking, S2, C2, C3; enprise, MD.—AF. emprise, enprise; Late Lat. in-prensam, pp. of in-prendere.

Emtien, v. to empty, MD; empte, C₃.—AS. ametgian, to be at leisure, Ps. 45. II (VP).

Emty, adj. empty, MD, Prompt.; empti, MD.—AS. emtig (æmtig), empty, idle.

Emyspery, sb. hemisphere, S3.—Late Lat. emisperia (Voc.); Lat. hemispherium; Gr. ἡμοφαίμον.

Enamelen, v. to enamel, MD; enamelled, pp. Sh.; annamyllit, S3. See Amellen.

Enbibing, sb. absorption, C3.

Enbrouden, v. to embroider, MD; enbroud, pp. S3; enbroudin, S3; enbrouded, CM; embrowded, C.—AF. enbroyder. See Brayden.

Encens, sb. incense, MD, Voc., C.—AF. encens; Lat. incensum.

Encense, v. to offer incense, C3; to perfume with incense, MD.—OF. encenser (Cotg.).

Enchauntement, sb. enchantment, CM; enchaunmens, pl., S2.—AF. enchantement.

Enchesoun, sb. occasion, H, CM, JD; encheson, PP; encheson, C2, H.—AF. enchesoun. See Achesoun.

Encombren, v. to hinder, encumber, MD, S₃ (3 b. 1098); **encombred**, pp. tired, troubled, C, CM.—AF. encombrer.

Encorporing, sb. incorporation, C3. Encorsife, adj. fattened, H.—From OF. encorser, to get fat, to make flesh (Godefroy).

Encrees, sb. increase, S2, C, C3, PP; encres, Prompt.

Encressen, v. to increase, C2, C3; encressen, C2.—AF. encresc-, stem of encrescerai, fut. of encrestre; Lat. increscere.

Ende, sb. end, district, territory, end of life, S, C3, PP; ende, PP; ende, S; hende, S. Comb:: on ende, lastly, S.—AS. ende for endi=*andio (Sievers, 130); cp. OHG. enti (Tatian): Goth. andeis, connected with and, prep. towards, through, see SkD.

Ende-dai, sb. day of death, MD; ende-dei, S.—AS. ende-dag.

Endeles, adj. endless, C3; endelese, S.—AS. endelese,

Enden, v. to end, S.—AS. endian.

Endenten, v. to write an indenture, PP.—AF. endenter, to indent, notch; Late Lat. indentare.

Endentur, sb. notch, S2.—AF. enden-

Ender, adj. comp. latter, last past, S3; see Hindir.

Enditen, v. to compose, write, indict, accuse, G, PP; endyte, C2, C3.—AF. enditer; Late Lat. indictare.

End-lang, adv. and prep. along, S2, S3; endelong, S, C2; alonge, NED; anlong, MD; andelong, MD.—AS. and-lang; cp. Icel. endlang. See A-lang.

Enduren, v. to harden, endure, remain, survive, W, PP.—OF. endurer; Lat. indurare, to harden.

Ene: see Eje. Ene. adv. once, S2.—AS. æne.

Enentysch. v. to bring to nought, H; enentist, pp., H; see Anientise.

Enerite. v. to inherit, W2; inherit, to take possession, Sh.—AF. enheriter.

Enes. adv. once, S. See Ones.

Eneuch, enough, S3; see Ynow.

Enfecte, pp. tainted, infected, C, HD. -OF. infect; Lat. infectum.

Enfermer, sb. superintendent of the infirmary in a monastery, S2.—OF. enfermier; Church Lat. infirmarium (Ducange).

Enfermerere, sb. infirmary officer, Cath. (p. 127 n). Cf. Fermerer.

Enflaumen, v. to inflame, MD, W; enflawmed, pp., S2, W.—OF. enflamer, enflammer; Lat. inflammare.

Enforce, v. to endeavour, strive, W; enforse, W2.

Enforme, v. to establish, teach, PP; enfourmeth, pr. s., P.—AF. enfourmer; Lat. informare.

Engel, sb. angel, MD, S; engeles, pl., S; enngless, S; englene, gen., S; englen, dat., S. Comb.: enngle peod, the angelic host, S .- AS. engel: OS. engil: Goth. aggilus: Gr. άγγελος. Cf. Angel.

Engel, adj. English, S. See Angles.

Engle-land, sb. England, S; engelond, S2.—AS. Engla land.

Englene-lond, sb. the land of the English, England, S .- AS. Englena land.

Engleymen, v. to bind together as with glue or viscous matter, MD, PP; yngleymyn, Prompt.; engleymed, pp., MD; engleymede, H; englymede, H.

Englisch, adj. English, S2, PP; Engliss, S2; Englise, S; Englisse, dat., S; pl., S2.—AS. englise.

Engreynen, v. to dye in grain, PP.

Engyn, sb. understanding, craft, device, engine, MD, C2, C3; engyne, S3; engine, Sh .- AF. engin; Lat. ingenium.

Engyned, pp. tortured, C.

Enhached, pp. marked, S3, HD.

Enhastyng, pr. p. hasting, S3; enhasted, pp., HD.

Enhaunsen, v. to raise, C, W, W2; anhaunse, NED; enhansed, pp., PP.-AF. enhauncer, enhancer.

Enhorten, v. to encourage, MD, C. OF. enhorter; Lat. inhortari.

Enke, sb. ink, MD, W; ynke, Voc.; PP.—OF. entente.

inke, Cath. OF. enque (Bartsch); Lat. encaustum; Gr. έγκαυστον.

Enker, adj. special, particular. Phr.: enker grene, wholly green, MD, HD.

Enkerly, adv. particularly, entirely, B, MD, JD; enkrely, B; ynkirly, B; ynkurly, S2, B.—Icel. einkarliga, variant of einkanliga, especially, particularly; see einka- in ĆV.

Enleuene, num. eleven, PP, W; enleven, W; enleue, PP; elleuene, PP; elleue, PP; eleuene, PP; aleuin, JD; alewin, S3; allevin, S3, NED.—AS. endleofan, endlufan (ellefan); Goth. ain-lif; see Douse, p. 80.

Enluminen, v. to illumine, MD, C2; enlumynyng, pr. p., S3.—AF. enluminer.

Enluting, sb. daubing with clay, C3. -Cp. Late Lat. lutare, from Lat. lutum,

Ennewen, v. to renew, MD; ennewed, *pp*., S3.

Enoumbre; see Enumbren.

Ennuyed, pp. annoyed, P; see Anoyen. Enoynt, pp. anointed, NED, C, H; anount, C .- AF. enoint; Lat. inunctum, pp. of inungere.

Enpoisone, sb. poison; enpoysone,

Enpoisonen, v. to poison, MD, C2; enpoymened, pp., S2.—OF. enpoisoner.

Enquere, v. to inquire, C2, C3, G, W2; enqueri, S2.—OF. enquerir, enquerre; Lat. inquirere.

Enqueringe, sb. enquiry, C3. Ensamplarie, sb. pattern, PP.

Ensample, sb. example, S, S2, PP, C2, C3; ensaumple, S3, P.—AF. ensample, essample, OF. example; Lat. exemplum.

Ensaumplid, pp. exemplified, S3. Ensele, v. to seal, PP. Cf. Aselen.

Enserchen, v. to search into, W, W2.

Enstore, v. to restore, W; instorid, pp., W.-Lat. instaurare. Cf. Astore.

Entailen, v. to cut, carve, MD; entayled, pp., S3.—OF. entaillier, entallier. Entencion, sb. intention, C2; entencloun, C3.—AF. entenciun.

Entendement, sb. understanding, intelligence, S3.—OF. entendement.

Entenden, v. to give attention to, MD, C2.—OF. entendre; Lat. intendere.

Entente, sb. heed, attention, purpose, intention, S2, PP, C2, C3; entent, S2, S3, Ententif, adj. attentive, W2.—OF. ententif.

Enteren, v. to inter, bury, MD; enteryd, pt. s., S3.—OF. enterrer; It. interrare; from Lat. in terra.

Enterment, sb. interment, MD.—AF. enterrement.

Entraille, sb. entrails, C2; entraile, MD; entraylys, pl., Voc.—AF. entraille; cp. Prov. intralias, pl.; Sp. entrañas, from Lat. interanea, the inward parts.

Enumbren, v. to enshadow, obscure, hide, MD; enoumbre, S2.—OF. enombrer; Church Lat. in-umbrare.

Enuenymen, v. to envenom, PP; envenimed, pp., C2.—AF. envenimer.

Envenymes, sb. pl. poisons, P.

Envined, pp. provided with wine, C.—OF. enviné (Cotg.).

Enviroun, adv. in a circuit, around, MD; environ, S3; envyroun, S3. Comb.: in enuyroun, MD.—OF. environ.

Envirounen, v. to surround, to move round, to go about, MD; envyrone, S2.

OF. environner.

Envolupen, v. to wrap up, C3.—AF. envoluper.

Enuve. sb. annoyance, S; see Anoy.

Eny, adj. any, PP, S, S2, G; eni, S, PP; eani, MD, S; edi, S; ed, MD, S; edis, S; edi, MD, S; ani, MD; ani, MD, S, S2; oni, MD; ony, S2, C, W. Comb.: eanis weis, in any way, any ways, S; edsweis, S; eyweis, NED (s. v. anywise); any ways, NED; anije wise, in any wise, NED; aniwise, S.—AS. &nig.

Eode, pt. s., went, S; isde, S; eoden, pl., S2; ieden, S.—AS. tode; Goth. iddja; see Douse, pp. 185, 188, and Brugmann, § 61. Cf. 200de.

Eoli: see Ele.

Eom, 1 pr. s., am, MD; see Am.

Eom; see Eem.

Eornen, v. to run, S, S2; see **Rennen**. **Eorre**, sb. anger, MD, S; urre, S, MD; oerre, S; irre, MD.—AS. irre, angry, anger: OS. irri, angry, OHG. irri, out of the right way (Otfrid): Goth. airzeis, astray; cp. Lat. errare for *ersare. Cf. **Erren**.

Eoroe; see Eroe.

Eoten ; see Eten.

Eouwer, pron. your, S; see youre.

Eppel, sb. apple, MD; see Appel.

Er, pr. pl. are, H; ere, S2; see Aren.

Er, adv., conj. and prep. ere, before, S, S2, C2, PP; ear, S, S3; ayr, S3; yer, S3; her, S; ax, S, S2, G, H, P; or, S, S2, S3; her, S; axe, S, S2, G, H, P; here, S. Comb.: or ere, before, WW, Sh.; ere euer, WW. Erur, comp. formerly, S; erest, superl. soonest, first, S, PP; eret, S, S2, S3, C2, C3; earst, S; arst, G, P; orest, S; exest, S; exest, S.—AS. &r, comp. &ror, superl. &rest.

Erayn, sb. spider, H; see Aranye.

Erche-bissop, sb. archbishop; see Archebiscop.

Erche-dekene, sb. archdeacon, S2; see Archideken.

Erd, sb. native land, home, S; sord, S; erde, dat., P: herdes, pl., S (15. 2410).—AS. eard; OS. ard.

Erden, v. to dwell, MD; erthe, S, MD; earden, MD.—AS. eardian; cp. OHG. arton (Tatian).

Erding-stouwe, sb. dwelling-place, MD; eardingstowe, S.

Ere, sb. ear, S, C2, PP; eere, W2; ere, S; earen, pl., S, S2; eren, S; eeris, W2, PP. Comb.: eerering, ear-ring, W2.—AS. eare: Goth. auso; cp. Lat. auris.

Ere, pr. pl., are, S2; er, H; see Aren. Erende, sb. errand, message, business, PP, S; ernde, S2, PP; earende, MD; arende, MD; Ernde, MD; herdne, S.—AS. berende; cp. OS. brundi, Icel. eyrindi; OHG. brunti (Otfrid); connected with AS. dr, messenger.

Erewe, adj. timid, S; ergh, JD; ery, eerie, JD; see Arwe.

Erfe, sb. cattle, MD; errfe, S; erne, S.—O. Merc. erfe, erbe, inheritance (OET. p. 539): OS. erbi, OHG. erbi (Tatian, Otfrid): Goth. arbi; cp. OIr. orbe (Windisch); see Orf.

Erfet, adj. difficult, MD; see Arfet.

Erien, v. to plough, MD, PP; eren, PP, W, C; ear, WW; erynge, pr. p., W; eriden, pt. pl., W2.—AS. erian: Goth. arjan; cp. Lat. arare; see Douse, p. 114 (e).

Eringe, sb. ploughing, S2, PP; earing, S3.—AS. erung.

Eritage, sb. heritage, S2, PP.—AF. heritage.

Erl, sb. a man of noble birth, earl, MD, S, C2; sorl, S; erle, S3(15 a. 1); yerle, S3; eorles, pl., S; sterles, S; serle, dat., S.—AS. eorl: OS. erl; cp. Icel. jarl. Erl-dom, sb. earldom, PP; eridome, P.

Erly, adv. early, C, C2; erlyche, S2;

arly, H; yerly, S3; arely, H; erliche, S2.—AS. &rlice.

Erme, adj. dat. poor, S; see Arm.

Erme, v. to feel sad, grieve, C3, CM.—AS. earmian; see Ten Brink, Chaucer, 48, 4. See Arm.

Erming, adj. wretched, S; sb. a wretched being, S; earmynges, pl., S.—AS. earming.

Ermite, sb. hermit, PP; eremite, PP, S2; heremyte, S2; ermytes, pl., S2, PP; hermites, P; hermites, S.—AF. ermite (heremite, hermite); Church Lat. eremita (heremita); Gr. ερημίτης, from ερημία, a desert.

Ern, sb. eagle, MD, JD, S; erne, S2; aryn, H; arn, HD; ern, MD; ernes, pl., CM; hernes, S2.—AS. earn, ONorth. arn; from Goth. ara; cp. OHG. dra, also arn, pl. erni (Tatian).

Ernde; see Erende.

Ernen, v. to earn, MD; arnen, MD.—AS. earnian: OHG. arnon, to reap a harvest (Otfrid), from arno, harvest: Goth. asans.

Ernen, v. to run, S; see Rennen.

Ernes, sb. a pledge, earnest, MD, W; ernest, S2; ernesse, dat., S.—OF. ernes, prob. for *erles; so in F. guigne the n is for an older l; see Brachet. Cf. Arles.

Ernest, sb. eagerness, seriousness, earnest, C, MD; eornest, MD.—AS. eornest, earnestness: OHG. ernust, sorrow (Tatian).

Ernestful, adj. earnest, MD, C2. Ernestly, adv. eagerly, quickly, S2, MD.

Ernung, sb. earning, desert, MD; earnynge, S. See Ernen.

Erraunt, adj. vagabond, arrant, PP, MD. — OF. errant, wandering, vagabond (Cotg.). See Erren.

Erre, sb. a scar, wound, Voc. (680. 1); arre, NED; ar, HD; arr, JD; erres, pl., H, NED. Cp. Dan. ar, Icel. ör, örr.

Erren, v. to wander, W, MD; erriden, pt. pl., W.—OF. errer; Lat. errare. Cf. Borre.

Ert, 2 pr. s. art, S, S2, H, PP; ertou, art thou, S2.—AS. eart.

Erthe, v. to dwell, S; see Erden.

Erthe, sb. earth, S, C2, C; eoroe, S; yerthe, S3; vrpe, S2; erd, S3. Comb: anerpe, on earth, S2.—AS. eoroe; OS. eroa; cp. OHG. erda (Otfrid).

Ertheli, adj. earthly, S2; eroliche, S; earolich, S. —AS. eorthlice.

Erthe-mouyng, sb. earthquake, W.

Erthe-schakyng, sb. earthquake, W. Erthe-tiliere, sb. tiller of land, W; erthe-tileris, pl., W2.—Cp. AS. corp-tilia.

Erthe-tiliynge, sb. husbandry, W.

Erue ; see Erfe.

Es, conj. as, PP; see Also.

Es, pr. s., is, S, S2, H; esse, S2; see Is. Escape, sb. transgression, HD, ND, Sh.; escapes, pl., S3.

Eschame, v. to be ashamed; eschamyt, pp., S3; see NED (s.v. ashame).

Eschapen, v. to escape, S2; escapen, MD; ascapen, W2, P; chapyt, pp., S3.—AF. eschaper, escaper. Cf. Achape.

Eschaping, sb. escape, S2.

Eschaunge, sb. exchange, C, PP.—AF. eschaunge.

Escheker, sb. chess-board, treasury, exchequer, MD; esscheker, PP; cheker, P; checker, S3; chekyr, PP; chesquier, PP.—AF. escheker, OF. eschequier.

Eschen, v. to ask, MD; see Asken.

Eschetes, sb. pl. escheats, PP; escheytes, forfeitures, PP; ohetes, P.—AF. eschete (pl. eschaetes); es = ex + chaet, pp. of chaoir; Lat. cadere; see Bartsch, p. 511.

Eschewen, v. to eschew, avoid, S3, PP; eschuwen, PP; eschue, C3, C, PP.—AF. eschuer, OF. eschever, eschiver; OHG. sciuhan, sciuhan, to be afraid of (Otfrid). See Schey.

Escrien, v. to cryout, MD; see Ascrien. Esc, sb. ease, C2, C3, P; eise, S, PP; eyse, PP.—AF. eise, OF. aise, pleasure; cp. It. agio, ease, convenience (Florio).

Ese, adj. easy, at leisure; eese, S2; eise, S.—OF. aise, glad.

Eseliche, adv. easily, S2; essly, C2, C. Esement, sb. solace, S3.—AF. esement, aisement.

Esen, v. to entertain, MD, C; esed, pp., C.—OF. aiser, aisier.

Esmayed, pp. dismayed, frightened, S3, HD.—OF. esmaier, to frighten; Lat. ex + Low Lat. *magure, from Teutonic source; OHG. mag-, stem of mugan, to be able; cp. It. smagure, to vex out of his wits (Florio). Cf. Dismayen.

Esperance, sb. hope, S3; espirance, S3; esperance, CM.—OF. esperance.

Espye, v. to see, discover, C, C3.—OF. espier, It. spiare; OHG. spihan, see Diez. See Aspien.

Est, adj. east, S, S2, C2, C3, Prompt. Comb.: est del, the east, S2; estward, eastward, C2; see Eest.

Estat, sb. state, C, MD; estaat, C3; S, MD.—Cp. AS. calmbdian, to obey. See astate, S3, NED; estate, PP; astates, pl., ranks, S3 .- OF. estat; Lat. statum. Cf. Stat.

Estatlich, adj. dignified, C.

Este. sb. favour, grace, delicacy, dainty, S; esten, pl., S; estene, gen., S.—AS. ést: OS. anst, OHG. anst (Otfrid): Goth. ansts (stem ansti-).

Este, adj. pleasant, kind, S2, MD.—AS. éste.

Ester, sb. Easter, S, S2; estren, dat., S. Comb.: estrene dai, Easter-day, S.-AS. éastro, sb. pl. the passover, easter-tide, eastrena (gen. pl.), from Eastre, the AS. form of the name of a German goddess of light and spring sunshine; see Grimm, Teut. M., p. 289.

Estre, sb. being, nature, quality, also, the place where one is, dwelling, quarters, chambers, or inner part of a house, HD, MD; estres, pl., C, HD, CM; esters, CM.—OF. estre, a sb. from an infin. (Bartsch); Late Lat. essere, to be; see Brachet (s. v. être). See also estre in Cotg.

Estrin-land, sb. Eastern land, S2. See

Esy, adj. easy, gentle, MD, C, PP, Prompt.; eesy, MD.—OF. aisie. See Ese. Et. prep. at, S. Comb.: et-foren, before, S.-AS. at.

Eten, v. to eat, S, C2, PP; seten, S; eoten, S; eet, PP; hete, S; ett, pr. s., S; eet, PP; et, PP; et, pt. s., S; ete, S2; eet, C2, C3, PP; seten, pl., S; eten, S, C2, PP; eoten, S; eeten, G; eten, pp., S, PP; iseten, S, S2; isete, S2; y-ete, S2; eyt, S3.—AS. etan, pt. s. &t (pl. &ton), pp. eten, see Sievers, 391, 3; Goth. itan, see Douse, p. 44.

Eterne. adj. eternal, C, HD.—OF. eterne; Lat. aeternum.

Etforen, Ethalden; see At-fore, At-halden.

Eth, adj. easy, H; eas, S, MD.—AS. eate, ete: OS. oti; cp. Goth. authis, desert, waste, see Weigand (s. v. öde).

Eth-, prefix, easily.—Cp. AS. éap-, ép-, ýр-; ср. Icel. auð-.

Ece, adv. easily, S, HD; eace, S. Ece-lich, adj. slight, light, S.

Ethelyng, sb. a noble, S; see Athel-

Ecem., sb. breath, S.—AS. &om, &om; OHG. átum (G. athem), see Sievers, 45. 6. **Ebe-moded.** adj. gentle, well-disposed, | **Euerich.** adj. every, S, S2, C2; averelo,

Eadmodien

Ecen. adv. hence; see Mccen.

Ec-lete, adj. lightly esteemed, MD; solate, S. See Eth, Eth.

Eő-sene, *adj.* easily seen, S; eőcene, S; etscene, S.

Etlunge, sb. purpose, conjecture, S; see Atlinge.

Etteleden, pt. pl. directed their way, went straight, \$2; see Atlien.

Eu, you, S; see 30u.

Eu-bruche, sb. adultery, MD, S; eau-bruche, MD; swbreche, Voc.—AS. &wbryce. See 2.

Eure, pron. your, S; see 3oure.

Euangelie, sb. gospel, PP, W; euangile, S2; ewangelye, S2, PP; euangyles, pl., C3 .- OF. evangile; Lat. evangelium Vulg.); Gr. εὐαγγέλιον.

Euangeliste, sb. evangelist, PP; euangelist, C2; ewanigeliste, S.—OF. evangeliste (AF. ewangelist); Lat. evangelista Vulg.); Gr. εδαγγελιστής.

Euangelize, v. to preach, W.

Euel, adj. and adv. evil, S, W2, S2, PP; see Yuel.

Eucl-les, adj. guiltless, S3.

Euen, sb. even, S, P; efenn, S; eue, S, C2, C3, PP. Comb.: euene-sterre, evening star, W2; eue-song, even-song, S2; euyn-songe, S3; euensonge, P.—AS. afen (efen): OHG. aband (Otfrid), see Sievers, 45.

Euen, adj. even, equal, fellow, MD, S2, W; euene, C2, PP; adv., PP; efne, S; sefne, S; ewin, S3. Comb.: efen-ald, of the same age, MD; euen-cristene, fellowchristian, S, PP, HD; em-cristen, S, S2; euen-forth, according to, to the extent of, PP; em-forth, C, PP; euen-forth, directly forward, S3; euen-forward, directly forward, HD; enene-long, of proper height, S; euene-worth, of like value, W2. AS. efen: OS. eban, OHG. eban (Otfrid).

Euenen, v. to make equal, to be equal, MD, S; effnenn, S.—AS. efnan.

Euenhed, sb. equality, equity, H (Ps. 108. 2); enynhede, Prompt.

Euenli, adv. evenly, W2; euenliche, MD; euelyche, S.—AS. efenlice.

Euennesse. sb. equity, W2.

Euenynge, sb. an equal, S; efning, S. -Cp. Icel. jafningi.

MD; severeich, MD; everech, MD, S; evrech, MD, S; afric, S; efrec, MD; evrec, MD; everilk, MD, S3; everile, MD, S; euerich, S, S2, C2; eavrich, MD; soueric, S; sovric, MD; efrich, MD; eurich, S, S2; soueralche, S; auerich, S; afri, S; eaueriche, S; evereuch, S; eauereuch, S. Comb.: euerich on, every one, S2, C2, C3; everych one, S_2 ; everilk an, S_2 .—AS. degre + degree; see Eure (ever) and Eche.

Euese, sb. border, brink, edge (of a roof, mountain, forest), Prompt., MD; heuese, MD; eueses, pl., PP. AS. efese: OHG. obisa, opasa; see Sievers, 93. Cp. E. eaves.

Euesien, v. to clip round, to shear, MD; euesed, pp., S3; i-eveset, S.—AS. efesian.

Euesunge, sb. a clipping, what is clipped off, MD; eaves, MD; evesing, Manip.; aisings, pl., PP (n.). Comb.: house-euysynge (= domicilium), H.—AS. efesung (Voc.).

Eucte. sb. eft, newt, W2; newte, Voc. (642. 27); eueten, pl., S; ewtes, MD.-AS. efeta (Voc.).

Euorye, sb. ivory, HD; yvory, Prompt.; everey, Voc.-Prov. everi (averi); Lat. eboreum, made of ivory; cp. F. ivoire, It. avorio (Florio); see Diez.

Euour, sb. ivory, S3, HD; euor, H; evir, S3; ivor, Prompt.; yuer, W, W2. —Of French origin, from Lat. ebur.

Eure, adv. ever, S, S2, PP; euere, S S2, PP; efre, S, MD; afre, S; efer, S, MD; eauer, S, MD; sefer, MD; auer, S; souere, S; auere, S; souere, S; ser, MD; er, MD. Comb.: euer among, continually, S3; euer eiper, each, S3; efreni, ever any, S; enermo, evermore, S, S2, C2, C3; sefremo, S; euermor, S; seuer te, ever as yet, S.-AS. &fre, from áwa (á); see SkD, and Sievers, 192. 4.

Ew, sb. yew, C, Voc.; ewe, Cath.—AS. lw; cp. OHG. lwa.

Ewage, sb. beryl, PP.—OF. ewage, connected with water (Roquefort); Lat. aquaticum. The green beryl is called by jewellers aqua marina. See below.

Ewe ardaunt, sb. burning water, S2.-AF. ewe, eue, aigue; Lat. aquam, see Academy, No. 459, p. 139; cp. Goth.

Atewen, E3e.

Ewer, sb. a water-carrier, also, vessel for water, Palsg.; enwere, MD; eware, aquarius, Prompt. — AF. ewer, SkD (p. 803); OF. euwier, aiguier.

Ewilch, adj. every, MD (s. v. alc); ewilche, MD; iwilch, MD; uwilc, MD, S; uwilch, MD, S; ewiche, S.—AS. &-ghwile: OHG. io-gi-wellh (Tatian), eo-gihwelih; see Sievers, 347. 1.

Ewin; see Euen.

Exerce, v. to exercise, S3.—OF. exercer; Lat. exercere.

Exhibition, sb. payment, S3, Sh.— AF. exhibicioun; Late Lat. exhibitionem (Ducange).

Expert, adj. experienced, C3. See Apert. **Expert**, v. to experience, S₃.

Expounen, v. to expound, PP, C2, C3; expowne, S2, S3; expounde, C2.—Lat. exponere.

Expownyng, sb. interpretation, W.

Ey, sh. egg, C, C₃, Prompt.; eye, S₃, W; ay, G, HD; eyren, pl., PP; eiren, PP; eirun, W₂; ayren, MD; egges, PP, -AS. ag (pl. agru); cp. Icel. egg, whence

Eyle, adj. loathsome, troublesome, NED; AS. egle: OTeut. *agljo; cp. Goth. aglus; see Sievers, 303.

Eylen, v. to trouble, afflict, NED; eilin, S; eileb, pr. s., S2, PP; eyleth, C2, C3, C, PP.—AS. eglan: Goth. agljan.

Eyre, sb. air, C3, P; eire, W; eyr, C; eir, W2, PP; aier, PP; ayer, S3; air, S2 (20. 167); aire, NED.—OF. air; Lat. aerem.

Eyre, sb. heir, S2, PP; eire, W, PP; ayre, HD; aire, S2; eir, S, S2; eyr, G; eyer, S2; heir, S, C2; heyr, C3.-OF. eir, heirs; Lat. heres.

Eyren, sb. pl.; see Ey.

Eyt; see Eten.

Eythes, sb. pl. harrows, PP.—AS. egede, harrow: OHG. egida.

E3e, sb. awe, MD; ede, S; eye, S, G; seie, S; aseie, S, NED; aye, HD; eyse, G.—AS. ege: Goth. agis; see Sievers, 263. Cf. Awe.

E3e, sb. eye, S, S2, PP; ehe, S; eghe, S; ede, S2; yë, S2, C2, C3, G; S₃; e₃, W, W₂; y₃e, W₂; e₅, S₂, S₃; e₆, S₃; e₆, S₃; e₆en, β., S, S₂; e₆en, S; eten, S; eyen, S, S₂, P; eyn, S₃; eghen, S₂, C; Ewen, v. to show.—AS. ywan: Goth. eisen, S2, PP; eisyen, S2; eyne, Sh.; augjan; cp. OHG. ougen (Otfrid). See ehne, S; ene, S3; eye, S2; isen, W, W2, S3; y3en, S2; iyen, S3; yen, C2, C3;

eyghen, P; eighen; ine, S2; eyghes, | éag-pyrl; cp. Goth. auga-dauro, window PP; eyghe, PP.—AS. lage: Goth. augo; (eye-door). cp. OHG. ouga (Otfrid).

Eze-lid, sb. eye-lid, MD; ehelid, S

Eze-put, sb. the socket of the eye; eyeputtes, pl., MD.

Eze-burl, sb. window; chourl, MD. | siuni (Tatian).

Ethe-singe, sb. the sight of the eye, presence, MD; ehsike, S; ize-sizt, S3.

E3-sen, sb. presence; eighesene, dat., MD; sehseone, MD; ecsene, MD; exsene, MD.—Cp. Icel. aug-syn, OHG. oug-

F.

Fa. adj. few, H; see Fewe. **Fa, Faa,** sb. foe, S, S2; see **Foo**. Face, sb. face, PP; a term in astrology,

C2.—OF. face; Lat. faciem. Facion, sb. fashion, S3; see Pasoun.

Facound. sb. eloquence, fluency, CM; facunde, H, Prompt.—OF. faconde; Lat. facundia.

Facound, adj. eloquent, CM. - OF. faconde; Lat. facundum.

Fade, adj. weak, faint (of colour), MD; vad, MD.-OF. fade.

Faden, v. to fade, lose colour, wither, to cause to wither, MD, Cath., Prompt.; vade, MD, Sh., HD.

Fader, sb. father, S, S2, C3; Feader, S; feder, S; vader, S, S2; veder, S; fadre, S2; faderes, gen. s., S; fadres, C2; fader, S2, C2, C3; faderes, pl., S2; fadres, C2; fadris, W.—AS. fæder.

Fadme, sb. fathom, ulna, MD, Prompt., C; fadome, CM; fedme, MD; fadmen, pl., G.—AS. fæðm.

Fadmen. v. to embrace, MD, Prompt.; fa5men, MD; fadmede, pt. s., MD; fapmed, pp., MD, S2.—AS. fæbmian.

Fac. sb. space, interval, portion of time; fece, dat., S.—AS. fac; cp. OHG. fah (MHG. vach), a wall, a compartment.

Freie, adj. pl. dead, S; see Feye. Færd, sb. army, S; see Ferd. Færen, v. to fare, S; see Faren. Fæu, adj. few, S; see Fewe. Fagen, adj. fain, S; see Fayn.

Fai, sb. faith, S2; fay, G; see Petc. Faie. sb. fay, fairy, S2; see Fay.

Fail, sb. greensward, JD; faill, S3; fail, grassy clod cut from the sward, JD. Gael. fál, wall, hedge, sod; OIr. fál, wall, hedge (Windisch).

Fail-dyke, sb. dike built of sods, JD. **Faille**, v. to fail, S, C2; fayle, S2; fail- | C2,—AF. fals; Lat. falsum.

ede, pt. s., S.—AF. faillir; Late Lat. fallire for Lat. fallere.

Faille, sb. fail, doubt, MD; feale, S3. Fainen, v. to rejoice, S2; see Faynen. Faire, sb. fair, P; see Peyre.

Fairye, sb. fairy power, fairy land, C2; see **Fayerye**.

Fait, sb. deed, S2, PP; faite, PP; see Fet. **Faiten**, v. to beg under false pretences, PP; fayten, PP.

Faiterie, sb. deceit, PP; fayterye, Prompt., HD.

Faitour, sb. pretender, impostor, vagabond, MD, PP; faytowre, fictor, Prompt.; faytoures, pl., S3; faitors, H.—OF. faitour, faiteor (Godefroy); Late Lat. *facti-

Falding, sb. a kind of coarse cloth, C, HD; faldynge, amphibalus, birrus, Cath., Prompt.

Fallace, sb. deceitfulness, W; fallas, W, HD. — OF. fallace; Lat. fallacia (Vulg.).

Fallen, v. to fall, S, C2; uallen, S; feol, pt. s., S; fel, S; fil, C2; ful, S; fyl, S2; i-uel, S; fille, S3; vul, S2; feolle, subj., S; fellen, pl., S; felle, S; fille, C2; felden, S2, W, W2; y-fallen, pp., C2; i-falle, S; falle, S2, C2; fallyng (Scotch form), S3; feld, W.—AS. (ge) feallan, pt. féoll, pp. ge-feallen.

Fallow, sb. fellow, S2, S3; see Felawe. Fallow, v. to be fellow to, S3; see Felawen.

Fallynge, sb. a falling; fallyngis, pl., ruins, W2, H.

Fallynge-ax, sb. felling-axe, W2; see Fellen.

Fallynge-euylle, sb. the falling-sickness, epilepsy, S2.

Fals, adj. false, MD, C2; false, MD,

Fals-hede, sb. falsehood, S3, C3; falset, S3.

Falsien, v. to make false, MD; falsyn, Prompt.; falsed, pp., C2.—OF. falser (mod. fausser); Late Lat. falsare.

Falsnessis, sb. pl. frauds, W2.

Falten, v. to fail, to be wanting in, to stammer; **falt**, pr. s., S; **fauten**, pl., PP.—OF. *falter (whence F. faute); cp. It. faltare, freq. form of Lat. fallere.

Faltren, v. to totter, SkD, C3, CM; to stammer, falter, Prompt.; foltred, pp., S3.
Falwe, adj. fallow, pale, yellow, MD.
—AS. fealu (stem fealwa).

Falwen, v. to become yellow, pallid, to fade, MD; faluwen, MD; valuwen, S.—AS. fealuwian.

Familier, adj. familiar, Manip.; famulier, C; famuler, MD.—AF. familier; Lat. familiarem.

Fand, pt. s. found, S, S2, S3; see Find-

Fandien, v. to try, seek, strive, to prove, MD, S; fande, S2, H; fonde, S, S2, S3, C2; uonden, S; faynd, B; i-fonded, pp., S.—AS. fandian; deriv. of Finden.

Fanding, sb. tempting, temptation, S2; fandynge, H; fondunge, S; fondyng, S2, G; uondynge, S2.—AS. fandung.

Fane, sb. banner, streamer, S3, MD: fayn, weather-vane, S3; fan, C3; vane, C2; fanys, pl., streamers, S3.—AS. fana, a standard, Goth. fana, a bit of cloth; cp. Lat. pannus (pānus), see Curtius, 362.

Fantasie, sb. fancy, PP; fantasy, S3; fantasies, pl., P; fantasyes, S2, C2.—OF. fantasie; Lat. phantasia; Gr. parraola.

Fantome, sb. deceptive appearance, falsehood, apparition, MD, C3; fantoum, MD; fantum, S2, W; fantom, H; fantesme, MD; fanteme, MD.—OF. fantesme (Ps. 78. 4); Low Lat. *fantasuma (cp. Prov. fantauma); Lat. phantasma; Gr. φάντασμα.

Fare, sb. journey, S; doing, business, S2, C3, C; behaviour, G.

Faren, v. to go, to fare, to behave, S, S2, C2; uaren, S; færen, S; fære, S3; vare, S; fair, S3; færst, 2 pr. s., S; færef, pr. s., S; færs, S2; varp, pl., S2; for, pl. s., S, S2; i-færen, pp., S; færen, MD, S2; fære, S, S2, C2; i-fære, S, S2. Comb.: fær wel, farewell, C2; pl. færeth wel, C3; færewel, it is all over!, C3.—AS. faram, pt. för, pp. færes.

Farme, $s\dot{b}$, a feast, meal, CM, MD; see **Perme**.

Farsen, v. to stuff, HD; farsed, pp., C; farsid, H.—OF. farcir; Lat. farcire.

Fasoun, sb. fashion, make, shape, MD, CM; fassoun, S3; faccion, S3; factons, pl., S3.—OF. fason, fasson, façon; Lat. factionem.

Past, adj. firm, fixed, SkD; fest, S; faste, adv. fast, firmly, quickly, soon, PP, S, C2; securely, S; feste, S; fast, soon, PP; close, S2; ueste, S; uaste, S2. Phr.: fast aboute, very eager, G.—AS. fast, firm.

Fasten, v. to make fast, also to fast, je-junare, MD, W (Mt. 6. 16); fest, S2; feeston, pt. pl., confirmed, S; feested, pp., S2.—AS. fastan; cp. Goth. fastan, 'jejunare.'

Fasten, sb. fasting, S; festen, S.

Fasting, sb. abstinence from food, MD; fasting, S.

Fast-lice, adv. continuously, S.

Fastnesse, sb. stronghold, MD; festnes, S2.

Fast-rede, adj. firm in counsel, S.

Pat, sb. vessel, S, Voc; fet, MD; uet, MD; feat, MD; ueat, S; faten, pl., S.—AS. fat: OS. fat; cp. OHG. faz (Tatian).

Pat, adj. fat, MD; fet, S; fette, pl., S.—AS. fat; cp. Icel. feitr.

Fabmen, v. to embrace, S2; see Fad-

Faucon, sb. falcon, C2; faucoun, PP; faukyn, PP; faucones, pl., P.—AF. faucon, falcun; Lat. falconem.

Faunt, sb. child, infant, MD; faunte, HD; fauntes, pl., P; fauntis, P.—OF. fant, It. fante; Lat. infantem.

Fauntee, sb. childishness, PP.

Fauntekyn, sb. little child, PP; fawntkyne, HD; fantekyne, HD.

Fauntelet, sb. infancy, properly a little infant, PP.

Fauntelte, sb. childishness, PP.

Faur, num. four, MD; faure, S2; see Foure.

Faur-tend, ord. fourteenth, S2. Cf. Vourtepe.

Faute, sb. fault, MD; faut, S2.—OF. faute, falte. See Falten.

Fauel, sb. impersonification of Flattery, PP; fauel, S2; fauell, flattery, S3.—OF. favele, talk; Lat. fabella, 'sermo brevis' (Ducange).

Fawch, sb. fallow, S3; fauch, JD; faugh, HD; fauf, HD. Comb.: fawch-sallow, fallow-yellow, S3.

Fawe, adj. few, S; see Fewe.

Fawely, adv. few, S3.

Fawn, sb. fawn, the young of an animal, MD; enulus = hinnulus, a young mule, Voc.; fawne, hinulus, Voc.; fowne, hinnulus, Voc. [these Voc. words occur close to names for deer]; fawne, hinnulus, Cath.; fownys, pl., S3.—OF. faön, feön, foün; perhaps a derivative of Lat. foetus, see Diez, p. 580.

Fay, sb. fay, fairy, a person endued with supernatural powers, HD; faie, S2; fales, pl., RD.—OF. fae (fee); Late Lat. fata, from Lat. fatum, a decree of destiny; cp. It. fata, Sp. hada.

Fayerye, sb. magic, fairy world, a fairy, MD; fayreye, PP; feyrye, fairy origin, S2; feyrie, S2, PP; fairye, C2; fairy, P.—OF. faerie, enchantment, also feerie, (Cotg.).

Faym, sb. foam, S3; see Foom.

Fayn, sb. streamer, weather-vane, S3; see **Fane**.

Fayn, adj. fain, glad, willing, S2, C2, MD; fagen, S; fain, MD; usein, S; fein, MD; usein, MD; feyn, S2: fawen, MD; fawe, adv., gladly, MD; fainest, superl., CM.—AS. fagen.

Faynen, v. to rejoice, PP; fainen, S2; faunen, to fawn, PP; fawnyn, Prompt.—AS. fagenian, fagnian.

Faynen, v. to feign, S3; see Feynen. Faynnes, sb. gladness, H (Ps. 67. 3); faynes, H. See Fayn.

Fayntise, sb. pretence, S3; fayntis, H; see **Feyntise**.

Payre, adj. fair, C2, PP; fa33err, MD; fei3er, MD; faiger, MD; fei3er, MD; fei3er, MD; fei3er, MD; fei3er, MD; fei3er, S2; faire, S2; faire, S2; faire, S2; faire, S2; feirest, S2; feirest, S2; feirest, S2; feirest, S3; faireste, S.—AS. fager.

Payre, adv. courteously, kindly, PP; feire, S; faire, S; faire, S, P; feyre, S, S2, CM; feire, S, S2; uaire, S2.

Fayrehed, sb. beauty, fairness; fairehed, S2; fairhede, S; uayrhede, S2.

Fayrnes, sb. beauty, MD; fairnesse, S, C2.

Fayten, v. to tame, mortify, PP, S2; faiten, PP. See Afaiten.

Page, pl. spotted, S; see Poh.
Peale, sb. fail, failure, S3; see Paille.
Pearen, v. to fare, S; see Paren.
Peawe, adj. few, S; see Pewe.

Feble, adj. feeble, S, S2, PP; fieble, C2, P; fieblore, comp., S2; febelore, PP; fibler, PP.—OF. feble, floible; Lat. flebilem.

Feble-like, adv. in sorry fashion, S.

Peblen, v. to become weak, to make weak, PP; febli, S2; febly, S2; feblid, pp., MD.

Fecchen, v. to fetch, S, S₂, C₂, P; veoche, S; fechen, S; fache, S₃.—From AS. fecce, pr. s. of feccan (=fetian). See **Petten**.

Fecht, v. to fight, B; see Fighten. Fechtaris, sb. pl. fighters, S3, B.

Fechting-sted, sb. battle-ground, B. Fede, sb. enmity, S3; feide, MD.—AS. fabb. See Poo.

faho. See Poo.

Peden, v. to feed, S, PP; ueden, S; fet, pr. s., S; fett, S; vedde, pt. s., S2;

fet, pr. s., S; fett, S; vedde, pt. s., S2; fedde, PP; foded, S2; i-ued, pp., S; i-uedde, pl., S.—AS. fédan: OS. fódian. See Fode.

Feder, sb. father, S; see Fader.

Feder, sb. feather, MD; see Fether.

Fedramme, sb. plumage, S3; see Feo-erhome.

Fee, sb. cattle, property, money, PP, S2; fee, MD; fe, S, S2, PP; feh, MD.—AS. feoh: OS. fehu; cp. Lat. pecus.

Feend, sb. enemy, fiend, C2, C3; fend, S, S2; feende, PP; feent, S; neend, S; fond, MD; fynd, MD; fende, S2, S3; feendes, pl., S; fendes, S2; feendis, W.—AS. fend, pr. p. of feon, to hate; cp. Goth. fiands, fijands, enemy, pr. p. of fijan, to hate.

Feendli, adj. fierce, devilish (=Lat. diabolica), W; **feondliche**, adv. fiercely, S; **feendly**, C3.—AS. féondlic, féondlice.

Feer, sb. companion, S3; see **Fere**. **Fees**, sb. pl. landed possessions, cities, S2; feys, HD; feus, PP.—OF. feu, fiu, in pl. feus, fieus, fius, fies, all found in Roland; also OF. fie (Bartsch), F. fief; probably of Teutonic origin, cp. OHG. fihu, property; see Braune, in ZRP. x. 262. See **Fee**.

Feet, sb. deed, C2, PP; see Fet.

Feffement, sb. possession, Manip., PP. **Feffen**, v. to put into possession, MD, PP; **feffede**, pt. s., S2.—OF. feffer; cp. Low Lat. feoffare. See **Fees**.

Feht: see **Fighten**.

Fei, sb. faith, S2; fey, C2, C3; see ₽eiő.

Peier, adj. fair, S; see Fayre.

Feierlec. sb. beauty, S.

Feild, sb. field, MD. Comb.: feildgoing, a walking out of doors, S3. See Feld.

Feir, sb. companion, S3; see Pere. Feir. adj. fair, S, PP; see Fayre.

Feire. adv. kindly, PP, S, S2.

Feiren, v. to make fair, S.

Feid, sb. faith, S, PP; feyth, PP; feth, S_3 ; fei₃p, S_2 ; fei, S_2 ; fey, C_2 , C_3 ; fai, S2; fay, G, PP. Phr.: ye-feth, in faith, S3.—OF. fei, feit, feid; Lat. fidem.

Feio-ful, adj. faithful, MD; faithfol, PP; fei3tful, S2.

Feioliche. adv. faithfully, MD; fei3liche, S2; feispely, S2; fepli, S2; faithly, PP.

Fel, sb. a fell, mountain, S2; fell, MD; felle, MD, S2.—Icel. fjall.

Fel, adj. base, cruel, treacherous, S2, PP, C2, G, W; fell, S3; felle, S2, S3, W2; pl., PP, C2.—AF. fel, wicked, cruel.

Felawe, sb. partner, companion, fellow, , S2, C3, PP; felaw, S2, PP; felow, S3. PP; felaje, S; fallow, S2, S3; felaus, pl., S2; feolahes, S; uelases, S2.—Icel. félagi, partner in common property (fé). See Fee.

Felawen. v. to associate, to be fellow to; fallow, S3; uelasen, MD; felaghid, pp., H.

Felawrede, sb. fellowship, MD; uelagrede, S2.

Felawschipe, sb. fellowship, society, crew, PP; fela; schipe, S2; feolahscipe, S.

Felawship, v. to associate, MD; felouschipid /p., W2.

Felazliche, adv. intimately; feolohlukest, superl., S.

Feld, sb. field, S, PP; feeld (heraldic), C2; ueld, S2; fild, MD; felde, dat., S, S2; uelde, S, S2; ualde, S; feldes, pl., S, S3.—AS. feld.

Feld-fare, sb. fieldfare, lit. 'field-farer, S2; campester, Voc.; ruruscus, Voc.

Feldi, adj. champain (= Lat. campestris), MD; feeldi, W.

Feldishe, adj. belonging to the country,

vele, S, S2; feole, S, PP; ueole, S; veale, S; vale, S, HD; felle, S3.—AS. fela; cp. Goth. filu.

Felefalden, v. to multiply, MD; felefalded, pt. s., S2.

Fele-folde, adj. manifold, S; many times, PP.

Felen, v. to feel, S; uele, MD; fel me, I pr. s., S_2 ; felde, pt. s., S; feld, S_2 ; felte, C2; feelede, C3.—AS. felan: OS. fólian (in gi-fólian), OHG. fóljan; cp. fualen (Otfrid).

Fell, sb. skin, S3; **fel**, MD, S2, G, P; felle S2; felles, pl., S; uelles, S; fellys, S2.—AS. fell; cp. Goth. fill.

Fellen, v. to fell, S, PP; falle, S2; falled, pr. pl., S; felde, pt. s., G, PP.— AS. fellan, OHG. fallian; OS. fellian, OHG. fellen (Otfrid).

Felnesse, sb. astuteness (= Lat. astutia), W2.

Felon, sb. villain, traitor, PP; feloun, PP; felloun, S3; felloune, S3.—AF. feloun, felon, acc. of fel. See Fel.

Felonie, sb. base wickedness, MD: felony, S; felonye, S2, S3, C3, W2.

Felonliche, adv. cruelly, PP; felunlyche, S2; felounelich, PP; felunly, S2. Fen. sb. a section of Avicenna's book on medicine called the Canon, C3, CM.-Arabic fan, a branch, division, category; cp. Ducange (s.v. fen).

Fen, sb. mud, mire, marsh, dung, S2, S2, G, H; fenne, Voc., Prompt., W; uenne, S .- AS. fenn: Goth. fani, mud, clay.

Fenden, v. to defend, PP; fend, imp. s., S3.—From OF. defendre; Lat. defendere. Fenestre, sb. window, PP; fenystaris, pl., S3.—OF. fenestre; Lat. fenestra.

Feng; see Pon, v.

Fenkel, sb. fennel, MD, PP; fenecel, Voc.; fenkil, PP; fynkel, PP; fynkyl, Voc.; fenel, PP; fenyl, S2. Comb.: fenel seed, PP .- Lat. feniculum, foeniculum; cp. AS. fenol (Voc.).

Feole: see Fele.

S2; ueree, S; see Fur.

Feond, sb. enemy, PP; feont, S; feondes, pl., S; see Feend.

Feord, sb. army, S; see Ferd.

Feorden, pt. pl., fared, S; see Feren. Fer. sb. fire, S; fere, dat., S2; nere,

Fer, adj., adv. far, PP, S, S2, C2; ferr, S, S2, PP; uer, S2; feor, S; ueor, S; Fele, adj. many, S, S2, S3, C2, PP; for, S; ferre, comp., C; ferrer, S3, C, PP; ferrest, superl., PP. Comb.: fer- ferlikes, pl., S2; ferlyes, S2; ferleis, S3; forth, far away, completely, S2, S3, C2, C3; farforth, S3; feoruorp, S.—AS. feorr: OS. fer; cp. Goth. fairra. Cf. Aferre.

Ferd, sb. an expedition, army, MD; fard, S; feord, S; uerd, MD; ferde, MD; furde, dat., MD; ferde, pl., S; ferdes, MD; verden, dat., S; uerdes, MD.—AS. fird, fyrd, ferd. See Faren.

Ferd, sb. fear, PP, G; feerd, MD; ferde, dat., MD, CM, S2.

Ferdful, adj. causing terror, timid, MD, W, W2; feerdful, W2.

Ferdlayk, sb. fear, MD.

Ferdnes, sb. fear, MD, S2.

Fere, v. to frighten, terrify, PP, S2, W; feare, S3; feere, CM; fered, pp., S2, C3; ferd, S2; ferde, S3; feared, S3.—AS. fåran, to frighten.

Fere, sb. companion, S, S2, S3, G; uere, S; feer, S3; feir, S3; feren, pl., S; ferin, S; feiren, S; feres, S, S2; feeres, S2. See Ifere.

Fere, adj. well, sound, MD, S2; fer, S, B; feir, B. Phr.: hol and fer, MD, S; haill and feir, safe and sound, B .-Icel. færr, able, strong (for travelling).

Fere, sb. power, ability, S, MD.—Icel. færi, opportunity, ability.

Fere, sb. fear, PP, S, C2, MD; feer, MD; fer, MD, PP; feere, PP; feris, pl., MD; feeris, MD.—AS. får, sudden danger; cp. Icel. får, harm.

Fere-full, adj. fear-causing, also timid. MD; feerful, MD; ferful, MD; ferfullest, superl., CM.

Feren, v. to fare, to go, to behave, MD; ferde, pt. s., G, S, S2, C2; ferden, pl., S3; feorden, S; uerden, S; furde, MD; ford, S2. — AS. féran, pt. férde; deriv. of Faren.

Ferien v. to bring, MD; faref, pr. pl., S.—AS. ferian, Icel. ferja: Goth. farjan. Deriv. of Faren.

Ferlac, sb. fear, MD; fearlac, S; farlac, S. See Fere.

'Ferlien, v. to wonder, PP; ferly, JD; ferleis, pr. pl., S3 (13.80); ferliede, pt. s., PP.

Ferly, adj. dangerous, dreadful, sudden, strange, S2, PP, CM; ferlich, MD, S; ferli, S2; ferliche, adv., S; ferly, S2. AS. færlic, færlice.

Ferly, sb. a wonder, S2, P; farly, MD; | **Fersly**, adv. fiercely, PP, B.

ferlis, P.

Ferlyly, adv. wondrously, S2; ferlilic,

Fermacye, sb. pharmacy, medicine, C. -OF. farmacie; Late Lat. pharmacia; Gr. φαρμακεία.

Fermans, sb. enclosure, S3; fermance, JD.—OF. fermance, from fermer, to shut; Lat. firmare, to strengthen.

Forme, sb. food, an entertainment, feast, meal, MD; farme; MD, CM; ueorme, MD.—AS. feorm; cp. Low Lat. firma, a feast (Ducange).

Ferme, adj. firm, MD, C2.-AF. ferme; Lat. firmum.

Forme, sb. rent, revenue, MD, S2, C; fermes, pl. farms, S3.-AF. ferme; Late Lat. firma.

Fermen. v. to strengthen, PP.—OF. fermer, to strengthen, also to shut; Lat. firmare.

Fermen, v. to hold land at a fixed rent, Prompt. See Ferme, sb.

Fermerer, sb. infirmary officer, Cath. See Enfermerere.

Fermery, sb. infirmary, S3, Voc.; fermorie, PP; fermory, Cath.; fermarye, Cath. (n.); fermerye, Prompt., Cath. (n.). -OF. enfermerie, infirmarie, infirmerie; Church Lat. infirmaria, a place for the infirm (Ducange).

Fermour, sb. farmer, steward, CM, MD: fermer. Cath. See Ferme. sb.

Fern, sb. fern, C2; ferene, dat., S2. Phr.: aisschen of ferne, fern ashes, MD. Comb.: fern-asshen, fern ashes, C2.—AS. fearn (Voc.): OHG. farn.

Fern, adj. and adv. old, long ago, C2, PP; ferne, CM; furn, MD. Comb.: fernseres, past years; fern yere, formerly, PP. -AS. fyrn (see Sievers); cp. OS. furn, forn, fern, Goth. fairnis.

Ferreden, sb. company, S; uerade, S. See **3efered**.

Ferren, adj. and adv. far, distant, MD; feren, S; verrenne, pl., S; ferne, C.—AS. feorran, from afar. See Per.

Ferret-silke, sb. coarse silk, S3, Florio. -It. fioretti, from fióre, flower. Floret-silk.

Fers, adj. fierce, brave, Prompt., C, PP; flers, S2, C2, C3; flerse, PP.—OF. fers, fiers (Roland); Lat. ferus.

Ferst, adj. and adv. superl. first, S, S2, PP; uerst, S2; furst, S, S2, P; forst, S .- AS. fyrst: OHG. furisto. Superl. of Pore.

Ferthe, ord. fourth, C3, PP; fierthe, PP, S; feorthe, PP, S; feurthe, S2; forth, S2; florth, S2; ueoro, S.—AS. féorda. See Foure.

Ferthyng, sb. farthing, S2, PP; ferthing, PP. Comb.: ferbinges nok, a farthing piece, S2 (p. 301); ferbyng noke, S2.—AS. feordung.

Fertre, sb. litter, bier, shrine, MD; feertyr, feretrum, Prompt.-OF. fertere, fiertre; Lat. feretrum; Gr. φέρετρον.

Fertren, v. to place in a shrine; fertered, pt. s., S2.

Fesaunt, sb. pheasant, S3; fesant, Voc.; fesauntes, pl., PP; fesauns, S2.-OF. faisan; Lat. phasianum (acc.); Gr. φασιανός.

Fesien, v. to drive away, MD; fesyn, Prompt., HD; veize, DG; pheeze, ND, Sh; feazed, pp., ND.—AS. fesian, for fysian, to drive away, see Sievers, 154. See Fusen.

Fest, adj. and v.; see Fast, Fasten. Fest, sb. fist, C3; see Fust.

Feste. sb. feast, S, PP, C2, C3; fest, S3; festes, pl., S2.—AF. feste; Lat. festa.

Festeien, v. to feast, to entertain, MD; festeyinge, pr. p., C2.—OF. festeier, festoier; Late Lat. *festicare; cp. Prov. festegar.

Festen, sb. fasting, S; see Fasten.

Festlich, adj. festive, fond of feasts, C2. See Peste.

Festnen, v. to fasten, S; festnin, S; festned. pp., S; i-uestned, S; festnyd, PP.—AS. fæstnian.

Fet, sb. deed, PP; feet, C2, PP; fait, S2; faite, PP.-OF. fet, fait; Lat. fac-

Fet, adj. fat, S; see Fat.

Fet, sb. pl., feet, S; see Foot.

Fetel, sb. vessel, S2; vetles, MD; fetles, MD; pl., S.—AS. fatels, pl. fatelsas (Voc.). See Fat.

Feter, sb. fetter, MD; fetyr, compes, Prompt.; feteres, pl., G.—AS. fetor.

Feteren, v. to fetter, MD, G; fettren,

Persnesse, sb. fierceness, W2, PP; P: y-fetered, pp., G; fettred, C2; feersnesse, W, W2.

Feth, sb. faith, S3: feoli, adv. faithfully, S2; see Peto, Petoliche.

Fether, sb. feather, C2; typer, S2; fedyr, Prompt.; feores, pl., S; fetheris, wings, W2; fedres, MD.-AS. feber.

Feder-foted, adj. four-footed, S.—Cp. AS. fiver-fote. With AS. fiver cp. Goth. fidwor. See Poure.

Feder-home, sb. plumage, MD; fedramme, S3.-AS. feber-hama; cp. OS. federhamo, Icel. fjadrhamr, see Grimm, Teut. M., p. 327. See Fether.

Fetis, adj. well-made, neat, handsome, MD, S2; fetys, S2, C3, C; fetyce, Prompt.—OF. faitis (f.-ice); Lat. factitium. See Fet (deed).

Fetisliche, adv. neatly, S2, PP; fetysly, C.

Fetten, v. to fetch, MD, S2, S3; fete, MD, S; fetteth, imp. pl., G; fette, pt. s., S, C2, C3; uette, MD; fatte, MD; uatte. MD; fet, S3; fetten, pl., S2, P; y-fet, pp., C2; fet, MD, S2, C2; fette, pl., MD. -AS. fetian (Grein). Cf. Fecchen.

Fettle. sb. order, condition. Phr.: in good fettle, JD, HD.

Fettle, sb. girdle, belt, horse-girth, JD. Cp. Icel. fetill, OHG. fezil.

Fettlen, v. to bind, fit, make ready, set in order, MD; fettle, to tie up, put in order, JD; fetyl, JD; fettled, pp., S2.

Feute, sb. track, scent, S2, MD; fewte, vestigium, Prompt.; fute, odour, Prompt.; foute, S2. Comb.: foote-saunte, scent, DG.

Feuer, sb. fever, PP; feuere, PP; feure, PP; tyueris, pl., W .- AF. fevre; Lat. febrem.

Feuerere, sb. February, HD; feuerel, HD; feuirjer, S3; feuerjere, HD (s.v. fraiste) .- OF. fevrier; Late Lat. *febrarium; Lat. februarium (mensem).

Fewe, adj. pl. few, S, PP; feaw, S2; veaw, S2; fawe, S; feawe, S; vewe, S2; feen, S; fo, S; fon, S2; fa, H (Ps. 101. 25); foner, comp., S2.—AS. féawe; cp. Goth. faws.

Fewnyng. sb. thrusting, S3. See Foynen. Fewte, sb. fealty, S3, Prompt., HD; feute, MD.—AF. feaute, fealte; Lat. fidelitatem.

Pey: see Peio.

Feydom, sb. the state of being near

death, or that conduct which is supposed to indicate it, JD. See below.

Feye, adj. dead, doomed to death, feeble, S, S2, MD; fey, JD, HD; fay, MD; feeis, pl. dead, S, MD; feeise, MD.

—AS. fage; cp. Icel. feigr; see CV.

Feyn, adj. fain, S2; see Payn.

Feynen, v. to feign, C2, C3, PP; feine, Prompt., MD; foyneden, pt. pl., S2; fayneden, S3; y-feyned, pp., C2.—AF. feindre (pr. p. feignant); Lat. fingere.

Feynt, adj. feigned, false, also weak, faint, MD, Prompt.; faint, MD; feynte, pl., PP.—OF. feint, pp. of feindre.

Feynten, v. to be weak, MD, Prompt. **Feynting**, sb. fainting, failing, C2.

Feyntise, sb. deceit, hypocrisy, also weakness, cowardice, MD, S2, P; fayntis, H; fayntise, S3.

Feyre, sb. fair, PP; faire, P; fayre, PP; feyres, pl., P. Phr.: this feire is i-doon, this fair is done, everything is sold, there is no more business to be done, G.—OF. feire (mod. foire); Late Lat. feria, a fair; from Lat. feriae, holidays.

Feyrie, sb. fairy origin, S2; see Fayerye. Fezen, v. to join, MD; veten, MD; i-neied, pp., S.—AS. fégan; cp. OHG. fuagen (Otfrid). See Fo3.

Picchen, v. to fix, MD; **atchid**, pp., W, W2; **achyt**, B.—OF. ficher (Ps. 31. 4); Late Lat. *figicare, from Lat. figere, to fix, see Diez (s.v. ficcare).

Fieble, adj. feeble, C2, P; see **Feble**. **Field**, sb. field, S2; see **Feld**.

Field-wode, sb. name of a plant, S2. Field-wort, sb. gentian, HD; feldwort,

herba luminaria, Alph. **Fiers**, adj. fierce, S2, C2, C3; fierse, PP; see **Pers**.

Fieroe, ord. fourth, S, P; see Ferthe. Fife, num. five, S; tyt, PP, C2; fiff, B; fife, B; uiue, S; tyue, S2, PP; fif, PP.—AS. flf: Goth. fimf, see Sievers, 185.

Fifetende, ord. fifteenth, S2.

Pif-fald, five-fold, MD; **af-folde**, S. **Piff-sum**, adj. five in all, B.

Pifte, ord. fifth, S; fifpe, S; fyfte, PP. —AS. fifta.

Fifte-side, adv. fifthly, S.

Fighten, v. to fight, PP; fighte, S; mentee.

vyyte, S2; fihten, PP, S2; festande, pr.p.,
S2; feaht, pt. s., MD; faht, MD; feht,
MD; fauht, PP; faught, MD, C2; fuht
sian. See Fer.

en, pl., S; fusten, S; fouhten, PP; fousten, PP; i-fouhte, pp., PP; y-fouste, PP; foughten, C; fousten, PP.—AS. feohten, pr. s. fisht, pt. feaht (pl. fuhlon), pp. fohten; cp. OHG. fehtan (Otfrid).

Figure, sb. figure, MD, C2; figour, MD; uigour, MD; figures (of speech), C2.—AF. figure; Lat. figura.

Figurie, sb. figured work, S3.

Fihten, v. to fight, S2, PP; see Fighten. Fiht-lac, sb. fighting, S.—AS. feoht-lác.

Fikel, adj. fickle, treacherous, MD; fikil, H (Ps. 39. 21); fykil, G; fickle, fidgety, S3.—AS. ficol, inconstant.

Fiken, v. to be fidgety, to go about idly, MD, HD; to flatter, play the hypocrite, deceive, MD.—Cp. AS. be-fician, to deceive, to go round.

Fil, pt. s. fell, C2, PP; fyl, S2; see Fallen.

File, sb. concubine, P; tyle, HD.—OF. fille, filie, daughter, wench; Lat. filia.

Fille, sb. wild thyme, S2, MD; serpillum, Voc.; fill, rest-harrow, HD. Phr.: not worth a file, MD.—AS. fille.

Filstnien, v. to help; filstnede, pt. s., S. See Pulst.

Filthe, sb. filth, foulness, MD; fuble, S.—AS. fylou. See Foul.

Filthehed, sb. dirtiness, W.

Filtz, sb. son, PP; atz, PP; az, PP.—AF. fiz (fitz); OF. filz, fils; Lat. filius.

Finden, v. to find, S; fynden, S; vinden, S; vynde, S; fynt, pr. s., C3; fint, pl., S; fand, pt. s., S, S2, S3; fant, S; fond, S, S2, G, C2; fonde, S2; font, S2; vond, S2; foond, C2, W; funden, pl., S; funde, S; fonden, S; fand, S2; fonde, C2; founden, S2; i-funde, pp., S; ifounde, S; hi-funde, S; fonde, C2; funden, S2; funden, S2; funding, S3.—AS. findan, pt. fand (pl. fundon), pp. funden.

Findi3, adj. heavy, firm, compact, weighty, S, MD; findy, JD; fundie, MD.—AS. findig, heavy.

Fine, sb. end, S3; tyu, S2, S3, C2, G.

OF. fin; Lat. finem.

Finen, v. to end, S, MD; tynde, 1 pr. s., S3; fon, pt. s., MD, S2; fan, MD; tyned, S2.—OF. finer for finir; Lat. finire.

Firmentie, sb. furmety, S3; see **Pru**mentee.

Firsin, v. to put far away, S; firsen, S; fersien, MD; fursen, MD.—AS. fyrsian. See Fer.

First, sb.; see Frest.

Fisch, sb. fish, S, W2; fiss, S; fis, S; fisses, pl., S; fysses, S; fissohes, S2; fises, S2; fischis, W2. Comb.:—fis-cynn, fish-kind, S .- AS. fisc; cp. Lat. piscis; OIr. iasc.

Fischen, v. to fish, W : fissen, S. Fischere, sb. fisher, W; fissere, S.

Fischinge sb. fishing, MD; fissing, S. **Fisike**, sb. natural science, art of healing, MD; phisique, MD; phisik, MD; phesyk, MD; fisyk, S2.-OF. fisique; Lat. physica (ars); from Gr. φυσικόε.

Fibele, sb. fiddle, MD, C, PP; fidylle, vidula, vidella, viella, Cath.; fythele, vitula, Voc.; fydyll, viella, Prompt.; vythule, Voc.; fydelys, pl., MD.—Etym. doubtful, probably connected with Low Lat. vidula, 'a vythule' (Voc.); cp. OF. viele, a viol.

Fibelen, v. to play on the fiddle, PP; vydele, Voc. - Cp. Low Lat. vidulare

Fitheler, sb. fiddler, PP; vythulare, Voc.—Cp. Low Lat. vidularius (Voc.).

Fitz, Fis; see Filtz.

Flake, sb. thin slice, piece torn off. SkD; flackes, pl., S3 (12. 2); flockes, S3.—Cp. Norw. flak, an ice-floe.

Flan, sb. arrow, S, MD; flon, MD; fione, MD; flonne, pl., HD; flone, HD; dones, MD.—AS. flán; cp. Icel. fleinn. Cf. Flo.

Flanckring, adj. sparkling, HD. Flanke, sb. spark, MD; see Flaunke.

Planker, v. to sparkle, HD.

Flappe. sb. a blow, Prompt., Palsg.—Cp. Du. f(ap), a blow.

Flappen, v. to flap, slap, clap, MD; flapten, pt. pl., P.-Cp. Du. flappen, to

Flat. v. to flatter, S3.—OF. flater.

Flateren, v. to flatter, PP.

Flatlyngis, adv. flat, B.

Flatour, sb. flatterer, C, MD; ulatours, pl., MD.—OF. flateor; Prov. flata-

Flatten, v. to dash, cast quickly (water); flatte, pt. s., P; flattide, PP.-OF. flatir, to dash, throw down.

Flaucht, sb. flake, flash, S3 (s. v. fyre); flaghte, flake, piece of turf, Cath. Phr.: flaghte of snawe, flake of snow, Cath.;

Flaumbe, sb. flame, PP; flambe, CM; flamme, PP; flawme, Prompt.; flaume, PP; flambes, pl., C2, C3.—AF. flambe, OF. flamme; Lat. flamma.

Flaun, sb. a kind of custard, HD; flawn, ND, SkD (p. 805); flaunes, pl., S.—OF. flaon (mod. flan): Low Lat. fladonem (flatonem); cp. OHG. flado; see Ducange (Supplement).

Flaunke, sb. spark of fire, S2; flonke, PP; flanke, MD; flaunkes, pl., S2.—Cp. G. flunkern, to sparkle, Du. flonkeren.

Flaunt-a-flaunt, adv. displayed in a showy manner, S3, SkD.

Flawe, sb. flake; in phr.: flawes of fyre, flakes of fire, SkD.—Icel. flaga, a slab of stone. Cf. Plaucht.

Flay, v. to put to flight, to scare, S2; see Fleyen.

Flayle, sb. flail, PP; fle331, S; flail1, B; flayles, pl., PP; fleiles, PP.—OF. flaël; Lat. flagellum; hence OHG. flegil.

Fleck, sb. spot, blot, stain, RD.—Icel. flekkr; cp. OHG. fleccho.

Flecked, adj. speckled, spotted, PP; flekked, C3, PP, Cath., MD.

Flee, sb. flea, Prompt.; fle, MD; fleen, pl., C3; flen, MD; flees, MD.—AS. fleo

Fleen, v. to fly, flee, C2, PP; fleon, S; fleo, S, S2; flen, C; fle, S, S2, G; vle, S2; flighand, pr. p., S2; fligst, 2 pr. s., S; fleged, $pr. s., \hat{S}$; fled, S; flyp, S_2 ; fligt, S; fleof, pl., S; fleen, C2; flen, PP; fleh, pt. s., S; flegh, S2, PP; fleih, S2, PP; flaw, S3; fley, C2, G, W; flet, P. W; fleigh, C; flugen, pl., S; flowen, S2, C, P; flowe, S2; flowen, pp., MD; flowe, G. Weak forms: fledde, pt. s., C2, PP fled, pp., MD.—AS. fléogan, fléon, pt. fléah (pl. flugon), pp. flogen.

Flees, sb. fleece, S2, PP; flus, PP; fleis, PP; fleose, dat., MD; fleyce, S3.— AS. fléos (flýs); cp. G. vlies.

Fleich, v. to flatter, JD; flechand, pr. p., B; fleeching, B; fleichit, pp., S3.-OF. flechir, to bend, to move any one.

Flem, sb. flight, MD; ulem, MD; fleam, Voc.; fleme, dat., MD.—AS. fléam; cp. Icel. flaumr, a flowing, OHG. floum (Otfrid).

Fleme, sb. fugitive, S, S2.—AS. fléma, and flýma (Voc.).

Flemen, v. to put to flight, MD, S2; singlete of snawe, Cath.; flaught of flemed, pt.s., S3; flemeden, pl., S; flemed, are, flash of lightning, JD. See Flawe. | pp., C3; flemit, S3.—AS. fléman, flýman.

Flemer, sb. banisher, S2, C3.

Flen, v. to flay, S; fie, S; fio, S; flouh, pt. s., S; ulojen, pl., MD; flayn, pp., MD; flean, HD.—AS. flean, pt. floh, pp. flagen.

Flesch, sb. flesh, PP; flesc, S; fleis, S, S2; fleys, PP; fles, S; fleisch, W; fleysh, S2; fleisch, S, PP; flesc, dat., S; tlesse, S2; flessee, S; fleischis, pl., W2.—AS. flésc; cp. OHG. fleisc (Otfrid).

Flesche-flye, sb. flesh-fly, Prompt.; fleisch-flie, MD, Wa(Ps. 77. 45 and 104. 31). Fleschlich, adj. fleshly, S, PP; fles-tiohe, adv. materially, S.

Fleten, v. to float, swim, PP, B, S, S₃, C, W; to flow, W₂; fleit, S₃; fleyt, S₃; fletes, pr. s., S₂; fleet, S₂, C₃; fleteth, C₃; flet, PP; fleet, pt. s., MD; fluten, pl., MD; floten, MD; flote, S₂; flettden, W₂.—AS. fleotan, pt. fleat (pl. fluton), pp. floten.

Flex, sb. flax, C, P, Voc.; flax, Prompt., PP.—AS. fleax.

Flex-hoppe, sb. linodium, Voc.

Fleyen, v. to put to flight, to scare away, frighten; fley, JD, S3; flaten, MD; flay, S2; flayed, pp., S2; fleyit, B.—Cp. Icel. fleygja, to cause to fly, throw.

Flicht, sb. flight, PP, B; filht, MD; flight, S; fluht, S.—AS. flyht: OHG. fluht (Tatian). See Fleen.

Flit, sb. strife, MD; flyt, S2.

Fliten, v. to strive, contend, quarrel, PP, HD, H; flytin, Prompt.; fittis, pr. s., scolds, H; flytande, pr. p., S2; flote, pt. s., MD; filten, pp., MD.—AS. flitan, pt. flat (pl. fliton), pp. fliten.

Flitting, sô. quarrelling, scolding, PP; flytynge, H.

Flo, sb. arrow, CM, MD; fla, MD; flon, pl., MD, S2; floon, G; flan, MD; flo, MD.—AS. fla (Voc.). Cf. Flan.

Floc, sb. a gathering of men, beasts, birds, MD; flocke (of swine), W (Mt. 8. 30); flockes, pl., S.—AS. flocc.

Flocke, v. tr. and intr. to collect, gather, MD, S3.

Floc-mele, adv. in crowds, MD; flok-mele, C2.—AS. flocmelum.

Flod, sb. flood, sea, S, S2, PP; flood, C2, W; flode, PP; flodes, pl., PP; fludis, S3.—AS. flbd.

Flor, sb. floor, MD, S2; flore, dat., S, PP.—AS. flor.

Floret-silk, sb. coarse silk, Cotg.; flurt-silk, figured silk, HD.—OF. fluret (Cotg.); cp. G. florett.—Cf. Perret-silke.

Florin, sb. florin, originally the name of a coin stamped with the emblem of a lily, MD, C3; floreines, pl., P.—OF. florin (Cotg.).

Florischen, v. to flourish, also to cause to flourish, to make to prosper, to brandish, flourish a weapon, MD; florysohyn, to make flourishes in illuminating books, Prompt.; flurichep, pr. s., adoms, decorates, S3.—OF. floriss- base of pr. p. of florir; Lat. florere; see Constans.

Flot, sb. fat, scum, S2, JD.—Icel. flot. Flote, sb. a fleet, B; flot, B.—Icel. floti. See Fleten.

Flote, sb. company, multitude, S, MD. —OF. flote (flotte in Cotg.); Lat. fluctum. Flote, Floten; see Fleten.

Floteren, v. to fluctuate, flutter, PP.— OF. floter (+ suffix -er); Lat. fluctuare; see Constans.

Flotering, sb. restless motion, W2.

Flour, so. flower, C2, C3; flur, S; floures, pl., youthful powers, S2.—AF. flur; Lat. florem.

Flour-dammes, sb. ladies' flower, perhaps Dame's violet or Dame-wort, *Hesperis matronalis* (Britten's Plant-names); Mr. Small suggests 'damask rose,' S3.

Floure-de-lice, sb. fleur-de-lys, S2; flour-de-lyss, S3; flour-de-lycis, pl., S3.

—OF. flor de lis (Bartsch, 193. 2).

Flouren, v. to flower, flourish, PP, C2, W2.—OF. florir.—Cf. Florischen.

Flowe, Flowen; see Floen.

Flowen, v. to flow, S, PP; flowe, to abound, W2; flohp, pr. s., S; floyed, pt. s., S2.—AS. flowan, pt. flow, pp. flowen.

Flowing, sb. flood, W2.

Flowte, sb. pipe, cambucus, Prompt.; floyte, MD.—OF. flaute, It. flaute.

Flowten, v. to blow on a wind instrument, MD; flowtyn, calamiso, flo, Prompt.; floytynge, pr. p., C.—OF. flauter; Late Lat. *flatuare from Lat. flatus; see Constans.

Flowtour, sô., fluter, piper, CM.

Flum, sb. river, MD; flow, flood, JD. Comb.: flum Jurdan, river Jordan, MD; flum iurdon, S; flom Jordan, MD, W; fleme Jordon, MD.—OF. flum; Lat. flumen (cp. Vulg., Mk. 1. 5).

Flye, sb. fly, C3, PP; flige, MD; flege, MD; fle, S3.—AS. fléoge (flýge).

Flytten, v. tr. and intr. to remove, to depart, MD, S3, PP; flutten, MD; flitten, MD, PP; flute, imp.s., S; vlutten, to subsist, support oneself, S.—Icel. flytja, to carry, remove, support, flytjask (reflex.), to remove oneself, to flit, also, to support oneself.

Fnast, sb. breath, S.—AS. fnast.

Fnasten, v. to breathe, to breathe hard, MD, S, HD.—Cp. OHG. fnastón, 'an-

Fresen, v. to breathe hard, to sneeze; fneseth, pr. s., puffs, snorts, C3.—AS. fnéosan.

Fnesynge, sb. snorting, Voc.; fnesynge (=Lat. sternutatio), W2 (Job 41. 9). –AS. fnéosung (Voc.).

Fo. adj. few, S; see Pewe.

Foaze, adj. spotted, S; see Foh.

Fodder, sb. food for cattle, MD; fodare, dat., S.—AS. fodor, foddor.

Fode, sb. food, S, S2, MD; uode, S; food, MD; fude, MD.—AS. fóda.

Fode, sb. child, lad, person, alumnus, S, S2, PP, HD, MD.

Foh, adj. spotted, S, S2; fou, S; fage, pl., S; foase, S.—AS. fáh; cp. Goth. faihus, Gr. ποικίλος.

Foine, sb. beech-marten, Cotg. (s. v. founne); foyne, PP; foynee, S3; fooyne, the fur of the marten, Prompt.; foyns, pl., fur, MD, HD.—OF. foine, faine, faine, the beech-marten, also faine, the fruit of the beech tree; Late Lat. fagina, 'mustela,' also 'glans fagi' (Ducange); from Lat. faginus, from fagus.

Foison, sb. abundance, plenty, might, MD, Sh., HD; foyson, S2, C3; foysyn, S2; foysoun, B; fusioune, B.—OF. foison, fuison; Lat. fusionem.

Folc, sb. folk, people, S, S2, W2, PP; nolk, MD; folk, PP; nolkes, gen., S; folkene, gen. pl., S; folken, S2.—AS. folc. Folc-king, sb. the king of the people,

MD; folc-kinge, dat., S. Folde, sb. earth, ground, the world, S2, MD, HD, P.—AS. folde, OS. folda.

Folde, sb. a fold, plait, MD, PP. Phr.: in monie volde, in manifold (ways), S.

Folden, v. to fold, shut, embrace, PP; falde, MD; folde, pt. s., S3; folden, pp., S2, PP.—AS. fealdan, pt. feold, pp. fealden. | HD; fond, S3, HD. See above.

Fole, sb. foal, S, PP; foles, pl., PP; See folus, P.—AS. fola: Goth. fula; cp. Lat. pullus; see Brugmann, § 208.

> Fole, adj. and sb. foolish, lustful, a fool, MD, S2; foole, S3; foule, H; fule, S2; fool, C2; foles, pl., S2, S3, P.—AF. fol.

Folgen: see Folwen.

Folie, sb. folly, S2, PP; folye, S, C2, PP; folies, pl., S.—AF. folie.

Folily, adv. foolishly, C3; folili, W. Follich, adj. foolish, MD; foly, S2; folliche, adv., S.

Fol-marde, sb. polecat, S2; see Fulmard.

Folte. adj. foolish, Prompt., Cath.; folett, Prompt.—OF. folet (Bartsch). See **Fole** (foolish).

Folten, v. to behave foolishly, MD, Prompt.; folted, pp. crazed, S2.

Foltheed, sb. folly, PP.

Foltische, adj. foolish, W; foltish,

Foltren, v. to totter, S3; see Faltren. Foltrye, sb. foolishness, Prompt.

Folwen, v. to follow, C2, C3, PP; folgen, MD, S; folewe, S2, PP; folgen, S; foll; henn, S; folhin, S; fallow, S2; filghe, S2; foluand, pr. p., S2; folhed, pr. s., S; folhes, S; folewed, S; felewed, S; fulwes, S2; folgede, pt. s., MD; fol-wede, PP; folgeden, pl., S; folecheden, S; folud, S2; 3e-folged, pp., S; 1-folewed, PP; y-folowed, PP.—AS. folgian (fylgean); cp. OHG. folgen (Otfrid).

Fon, v. to seize, grasp, take, receive, S, S2; fo on, 1 pr. pl. subj. begin, S; feng, pt. s. began, MD; feng on, S; veng, S2; feng, pl., S2.—AS. fon, I pr. s. fo, pt. feng, pp. fongen.

Fon, adj. few, S2; foner, comp. fewer, S2; see Fewe.

Fond: see Fonnen.

Fongen, v. to take, receive, PP, S, S2, S3; fangen, PP; fang, S2; see Fon. Fonger, sb. receiver, S2.

Fo-man, sb. foeman, PP; fomon, S2; famen, pl., S, S2; vamen, S. See Foo.

Fonne, adj. and sb. foolish, a fool, MD; fone, HD; fon, MD, H, HD.—Cp. Swed. fane, a fool.

Fonnen, v. to act foolishly, MD; fonned, pp. as adj. foolish, fond, W, W2,

Font, sb. font, PP; fount, S2, PP; PP; because, S3; for-quhy, S3; for-why, foun; t, S2. Comb.: funt-fat, font-vessel, S; fant-ston, font-stone, S; fontstoon, C3; fun-ston, HD.—Church Lat. fontem.

Poo, adj. and sb., hostile, guilty, a foe, PP, C2; fo, PP, S2; uo, S2; fa, S; faa, S2; foon, pl., S3, C2, G, PP; fon, PP, S2; fan, S; uan, S; foin, HD; foyn, MD; fo, S; foos, PP, C2; faas, S2; facs, S2; fais, S2; fays, S3; fayis, S2. -AS. fáh, pl. fá; cp. Goth. fihan, to hate; see Brugmann, § 458. Cf. Feend.

Poole, sb. fool, S3; fool, PP. Comb.: fool sage, licensed jester, PP; foole large, foolishly liberal, S3; foole largely, S3; see Fole.

Foom, sb. foam, C3, MD; fame, HD; fom, S2, MD; fome, MD, C3; faym. S3.—AS. fám; cp. MHG. feim.

Foot, sb. foot, also, a measure, S2, C3, HD; fot, S, S2; fut, B; foote, PP; fote, PP; vote, dat., S; fute, B; fet, pl., S; fett, S; vet, S. Comb.: foothot, instantly, S2, C3; fote hote, HD; futhate, futhat, B.—AS. fot: Goth. fotus.

Foot-man sb. foot-soldier, MD, HD; fotman, MD; votmen, pl., S2.

Foot-stappe, sb. footstep, Prompt.; fetsteppes, pl., S.

For-, prefix (1), having generally the sense of 'loss' or 'destruction.' Often it is merely intensitive, though generally in a bad sense.—AS. for-, Icel. for-, fyrir-, OHG. for- (Tatian), fir- (Otfrid), G. ver-, Goth. fra-, fair-.

For-, prefix (2), for, in the place of; see For (prep.).

For-, prefix (3), standing for AS. fore, before : see Fore.

For-, prefix (4), standing for OF. for-; Lat. foris, outside; cp. F. hors, from Lat.

For, prep. for, by, for fear of, in spite of, in the place of, for the sake of, S, S2, PP; forr, S; fore, S, PP; nor, S.

For, conj. because, in order that, whether, S, S3, PP. Comb.: for outen, without, besides, S2, B; for owtyn, JD; for out, B; for te, for to, in order to, S, PP; vor te, S, S2; for to, PP; wor to, S2; for pan pe, because that, S; for-pon, S; worpan, therefore, S; for pat pe, because that, S; for pet, for that reason, S; for pi, for that till, for to, S3; for-whi, wherefore, S2, that thing.

C₃, PP.

For, adv. far, S; see Fer.

For, pt. s. fared, S, S2; see Faren.

Forage, sb. forage, food, C2.—OF. forrage, from forre; Low Lat. fodrum, from a Teutonic source, cp. AS. fodor. See Fodder.

Forager, sb. forager, messenger, PP. Cf. Forrayour.

For-arnen, v. to cause to run about, to ride about; uorarnd, pt. s., S2.—Cp. AS. ærnan (v. tr.), pt. ærnde, pp. ærned. (For- 1.)

For-bathde, pp. pl. bathed deep, S3. (For- I.)

For-beden, v. to forbid, S, Prompt., S2, PP; forbeode, PP; forbet, pr. s., S; forbed, S; forbadde, pt. s., PP; forbad, MD; uorbed, S2; fforbode, pl., MD; forbude, subj., S; forboden, pp., H, S3, P; forbode, S, PP; forbedun, W.—AS. for-béodan, pt. -béad (pl. -budon), pp. -boden. (For- 1.)

For-beren, v. to forbear, S, C, PP; uorberen, S; forbar, pt. s., PP; forbare, P; forbaren, pl., S; forbore, pp., MD. -AS. for-beran, pt. -bær (pl. -bæron), pp. -boren. (For- 1.)

For-bernen, v. intr. to burn up, to be destroyed by fire, S; forbrenne, MD; uorbarnde, pt. s., MD; forbrende, MD; for-bernen, v. tr. to burn up, MD; forbernen, S; forbearne, S; forbrenne, PP; forbrende, pt. s., PP, MD; vorbarnd, pp., S2; norbernd, S2, MD.—AS. for-byrnan (v. intr.), pt. -barn (pl. -burnon), pp. -burnen, also, for-bærnan (v. tr.), pt. -bærnde, pp. -bærned. (For- 1.)

For-bisne, sb. example, S; uorbysne, parable, S2; forbusne, PP.—AS. forebysn. (For- 3.)

For-blak, adj. very black, C. (For- 1.) For-bode, sb. forbidding, S, P; forbod, S; forbot, S. Phr.: Lordes forbode, it is the Lord's forbidding, PP; Goddes forbode, PP; Godys forbode, S3.-AS. forbod. (For- 1.)

Force, sb. force; forss, B; fors, B; forse, matter, consequence, PP. Phr.: no forse, it matters not, PP; no fors, S2, C2; no force, ND, HD, S3 (20 b. 87); to give no force, not to care, HD, Palsg.; make no fors, C3.—AF. force: Late Lat. cause, S, S2, PP; uoro1, S; for-pe, S; fortia. Cp. Cotg. (s.v.): je ne fais point for-py, S2, PP; forr-p1, because, S; for force de cela, I care not for, I force not of,

forcer, HD; focer, HD; fosar, HD.-OF. forsier; Low Lat. forsarium (acc.), see Ducange.

For-cursæd, pp. utterly accursed, S. (For- I.)

For-cwiddare, sb. foreteller, S. (For-3.)

Ford, sb. a ford, passage, course, MD; forde, PP; forth, PP, S2; worp, S2; furth, MD.—AS. ford (OET.).

For-dede. sb. previous deed, S2. (For-3.) For-demen, v. to condemn, MD; fordemde, pt. s., S; fordemed, pp., MD; fordemet, S; fordempte, pl., MD.—AS. for-déman. (For- I.)

For-don, v. to destroy, S, MD, S2, C P; fordoon, S2; fordoo, pr. s., S, PP; uordonne, ger., S; fordude, pt. s., PP; fordede, S; fordeden, pl., S3; fordo, pp., PP; fordon, S; fordone, S3.—AS. for-don, pt. -dyde, pp. -don. (For- 1.)

For-dreden, v. to frighten, MD; fordred, pp., S. (For- I.)

For-drenche, v. to make drunk, S. (For- I.)

For-dronken, pp. drunken, C3; uordrunken, S.

For-druge, v. to dry up, S; fordruge, pp., MD, CM; fordrye, C2. (For- I.)

For-dynnand, pr. p., filling with loud din, S3; foredinning, S3. (For- I.)

Fore, prep. before, S; for, JD. Comb.: for by, past, by, B, C2, C3; for gane, opposite to, S3, B; for outh, before, in front of, B; forowth, B; forrouth, S2, B; forrow, S2, B.—AS. for, fore, in the sight of, before, Goth. faura.

Forest, sb. forest, MD; forestes, pl., PP.—OF. forest.

Forester, sb. forester, MD; forster, C, PP, HD; foster, HD.

Foreyn, adj. strange, MD; foreynes, pl. strangers, PP .- OF. forain; Late Lat. foraneum.

For-faren, v. to perish, to fare ill, PP, S2, G; forfayr, B; forfarn, pp. destroyed, S2.—AS. for-faran. (For- 1.) For-fered, pp. exceedingly afraid, C2, MD. (For- 1.)

For-feren, v. to perish, MD; forferden, pt. pl., MD; forferde, S2.—AS. for-féran. (**For-** I.)

Forfet, sb. crime, forfeit, PP, MD.-

Forcere, sb. casket, strong-box, PP; OF. forfet, forfait; Late Lat. for isfactum, forefactum (Ducange). (For- 4.)

Forfeten, v. to do wrong, to fail, to forfeit, MD, PP; forfaiten, PP. (Por-4.)

For-feynted, pp. enfeebled, PP; forfaynt, S3. (For- I.)

For-freten, v. to eat away, PP; forfret, pr. s., PP. (For- 1.)

Forgaf: see For-jiuen.

For-gar, v. to lose; forgart, pt. pl., S2.—Cp. Icel. fyrir-göra, to forfeit. (For- 1.) Forgen, v. to make, construct, forge (of smith's work), MD; forgeden, pt. pl., W2 (Ps. 128. 3); forgit, pp., S3; forgid, PP.-OF. forger, forgier (Ps. 128. 3); Lat. fabricare (Vulg.).

For-geten, v. to forget, MD, S, S2; see Forgeten.

Forgetil, adj. forgetful, H.—AS. for-

Forgetilnes, sb. forgetfulness, H.— AS. forgitolnes.

For-gilten, v. to forfeit, to make guilty, MD; forgulten, MD; to harm, PP; forgilt, pt. s., MD; forgulten, pl., MD; forgult, pp., S, MD; forrgilltedd, S. (**For-** 1.)

For-gon, v. to forgo, S2, C3; forga, S2; forgoon, C2; forgoo, pr. s., S; forgan, pp., MD; forgone, MD, S3.—AS. for-gán. (Por- I.)

For-heden, v. to neglect, pay no heed to, S2.—From AS. hédan. (For- 1.)

For-heed, sb. forehead, C; foreheaed, MD. (For- 3.)

For-helen, v. to conceal, HD; forholen, pp., S, HD; forhole, S, HD.-AS. for-helan, pt. -hæl (pl. -hælon), pp. -holen. (For- I.)

For-hewed, pp. hewn about, S3. (Fcr-

For-hilen, v. to protect, MD. (For- 1.) For-hiler, sb. protector, S2, HD.

For-hiling, sb. protection, S2.

For-hoght, sb. contempt, MD. (Por-1.) For-hogien, v. to neglect, despise, S; forhohien, MD.—AS. for-hogian. (For-I.)

For-langen, v. to long for; forrlangedd, pp., \overline{S} . (For- I.)

For-lesen, v. to lose wholly, MD, HD; forlessen, MD; forlesst, 2 pr. s., S; vorleost, pr. s., S; forlesep, \hat{S} ; forles, pt. s., S; forlesed, 2 pt. s., destroyedst, S2; forrlurenn, pl., S; forloren, pp., S;

forrlorenn, S; vorloren, S; forlorne, S3; forlorn, S2; forlore, S2, S3; uorlore, S2.—AS. for-léosan, pt. léas (pl. luron), pp. loren. (Por-1.)

Por-leten, v. to leave off, forsake, yield up, S, S2, C2; uorlete, to forgive, S2; forlet, pt. s., S; forleten, pp., S.—AS. for-létan, pt. -lét, pp. -léten. (For- 1.)

For-leven, v. to abandon, MD; for-leaf, imp. s., S. (For-1.)

Forloren; see For-lesen.

Forloynen, v. to go far astray, MD, HD; forloyned, pp., S2.—OF. forlonger, to go far before (Cotg.). (**For-**4.)

Formaylle, sb. the female hawk, MD, HD.—Cp. OF. forme, a kind of hawk (Cotg.).

Forme, adj. superl. first, S, PP; forrme, S; furme, MD. Comb.: forme-fader, ancestor, S, S2, S3, H, PP; forme-foster, progenitor, S2; forme-mete, first meat, morning-meal, S.—AS. forma, superl. of fore, before.

Forme, sb. form, figure, shape, MD; scabellum, Voc.; furme, MD; fourme, MD, W; fourm, MD; foorme, form of a hare, Prompt. (see F. forme, Cotg.).—AF. forme; Lat. forma.

Formel egle, sb. female eagle, MD, CM. Cf. Formaylle.

Formen, v. to form, Prompt. — OF. former; Lat. formare.

Former, sb. former, creator, MD, PP.

Formere, adj. comp. former, MD.—Comb.: formere fader, ancestor, S2.

Formest, adj. superl. first, S, PP; furmest, S2.—AS. fyrmest (formest).

Formour, sb. former, creator, MD, PP; formeour, PP; formyour, MD, S2.—OF. formeör; Lat. formatorem.

Forn, prep. and adv. before, MD, HD; foren, S. Comb.: forn agens, over against, W.—AS. foran; cp. OHG. forn, 'olim' (Tatian).

Forn-cast, pp. forecast, C, CM.

Forneys, sb. furnace, C; fornays, MD; furneise, S; fornes, S2; fourneys, C2, C3; fornesse, HD.—OF. fornaise; Lat. fornacem.

For-nimen, v. to take away, MD; for-numen, pp., S.—AS. for-niman. (For-I.)

For-old, adj. very old, C. (For- 1.)

For-pinen, v. to torment, MD; for-pinede, pt. s., MD; forpined, pp., HD; forpyned, CM, P; famished, wretched, PP. (For-1.)

For-priken, v. to spur violently; vor-priked, pt. s., S2. (For- 1.)

Forray, sb. foray, B.

Forray, v. to forage, B.

Forrayour, sb. forayer, forager, B; foreyours, pl., PP; foreioures, PP. Cf. Forager.

Forred, pp. furred, S2, PP; see Furren.

For-reden, v. to betray, hurt, wrong, S; forreaden, S; forreaden, pt. pl., MD; forred, S.—AS. forredan. (For-I.)

For-saken, v. to forsake, to deny, refuse, PP, S, S2: uorsake, S; forsoo, pt. s., S2; forsok, PP; uorsoc, S; forsake, 2 pt. s., S; forsoken, pl., PP; forsake, pp., W2, PP.—AS. for-sacan, to renounce, pt. -sóc, pp. -sacen. (For-1.)

For-seon, v. to despise, MD; for-se, HD; forsest, 2 pr. s., S; forrse, subj., S.—AS. for-seon. (For-1.)

For-slouthe, v. to lose through sloth, C; forsleuthed, pp., wasted idly, P. (For- 1.)

For-sonke, pp. sunk deep, S3. (For-1.) For-spent, pp. exhausted, Sh.; forespent, S3. (For-1.)

For-spreak, sb. an advocate, HD. (For- 2.)

For-stallen, v. to forestall, obstruct, PP. See SkD (p. 805.) (**For-** 3.)

For-standen, v. to stand for, avail; for-stod, pt. s., S.—AS. for-standan. (For-2.)

For-sunezen, v. to be sinful, MD; for-sunezede, pp. pl., sinful, MD; forsinezede, S.—AS. for-syngian, pp. forsyngad. (For-1.)

For-swelten, v. to die, S, MD; v. tr., to kill, S, MD; forswelte, pp., MD.—AS. for-sweltan, 'mori, perire.' (For-1.)

For-swelzen, v. to swallow up, MD; nor-swelze, S2. (Por- I.)

For-swerien, v. to forswear, MD; forsuore, pt. s., MD; forsworen, pp., S, G, PP; forswore, PP; uorsuore, S2; forsworene, pl., S.—AS. for-swerian, pt. swbr, pp. -sworen. (For-I.)

For-swering, sb. perjury, C3.

For-sweten, v. to cover with sweat, MD; forswat, pp., S2, HD, B. (For-1.)

Porth, adv. forth, henceforth, throughout, PP, S; uorth, S, S2; furth, S, S2; forth, prep., along, S2; furth, S3. Comb.; forth dates, far advanced in the day, W;

fore days, HD; furth of, forth from, S3; foro riht, straightway, MD; foro rihtes, S; foro to, until, S; for to, S2; forte, S, S2; fort, S; uort, S; forthward, forward, S, S2, C3; forowyth, right before, S2; forthwit, S; forwit, S2.

Ford-clepien, v. to call forth, S.

Forčen, adv. even, also, MD; forrpenn, S.—AS. forčum (furčum).

Forcen, v. to promote, perform, S.—AS.

fortian.

Forther, adv. further, S2, PP; ferther, C2; furder, S3; furder, MD. Comb.: forthermore, furthermore, C2, C3; forthermore, C3; forthirmar, S2; forther ouer, more over, C3.—AS. furdor (=fore + suffix -ðor).

Forther, v. to further, aid, S2; forthren, C; furbren, S; firthren, S.—AS. fyrbrian.

Foro-faren, v. to go forth, S, S2; uoro-farinde, pr. p. pl., S.

Foro-feren, v. to depart, die; foro-feorde, pt. s., S.—AS. foro-féran.

For-presten, v. to destroy, MD; for-prest, pp., S2. (For- 1.)

Foro-teon, v. to draw forth, bring up, MD; foroteh, pt. s., S.—AS. foro-téon.

For-bunchen, v. to repent, S; for-thynketh, pr. s. impers., MD; forthen-lith, W; forpynkes, S2; forthinke, imp. pl., S2; forthouste, pt. s., W. (For-I.)

For-trauailled, pp., we aried with toil, MD; fortravalit, S2, B. (For-1.)

For-tuhting, sb. seduction, S; for-thing, S.—From AS. for-tyhtan, to lead astray. (For-1.)

Fortune, sb. fortune, chance, MD, Prompt.; fortune, B.—OF. fortune; Lat. fortuna.

Fortune, v. to make fortunate, to happen, S₃, HD, C.

Fortunous, adj. fortunate, HD.

For-waked, pp. tired out with watching, S2, C3; forwake, S2. (For- 1.)

For-wandred, pp. wearied out with wandering, P. (For- 1.)

For-wanyen, v. to spoil by indulgence, PP; forweny, PP; forwene, PP. (For-1.)

For-ward, sb. agreement, PP, S, C, C2; foreward, S, S2, PP; voreward, S; forwarde, PP, S2; vorewarde, S2.—AS. foreweard. (For-3.)

For-waste, pp. utterly wasted, wasted with misery, S3. (For- 1.)

Forwe, sb. furrow, PP; see Fur.

For-werien, v. to wear out, MD; for-werd, pp., S3. (For- I.)

For-werpen, v. to cast aside, renounce, MD; forrwerpenn, S; forrwarp, pt. s., MD; forrwurrpenn, pt., S; forrworpenn, pp., S.—AS. for-weorpan, pt. -wearp (pl. -wurpen), pp. -worpen. (For- 1.)

For-wetyng, sb. foreknowledge, C. (For- 3.)

For-wit, sb. forethought, foreknowledge, P. (For- 3.)

For-witen, v. to foreknow, MD; for-wot, pr. s., C; forwoot, MD.—AS. forewitan, pt. pr. -wát. (For-3.)

For-withered, pp. utterly withered, S3. (For- 1.)

For-wounded, pp. desperately wounded, S3; uorwounded, pt. s., S2. (For- 1.)

For-wrapped, pp. wrapped up, C3. (For- I.)

For-wreien, v. to accuse, S; forwreye, S; forwreiget, pp., MD.—AS. for-wrégan. (For- I.)

For-wurden, v. to perish, S; furwurden, S; uorwurden, S; forworthes, pr. pl., S2.—AS. for-weorden, pt. -weard (pl. -wurden), pp. -worden. (Por- I.)

For-3elden, v. to reward, S, MD, S2; for-yelde, C2; for-yhelde, to render, S2; for-yheld, pt. s., S2. — AS. for-geldan. (For-1.)

For-zeldinge, sb. retribution, S2; for-yheldinges, pl., S2. (For- 1.)

For-zemen, v. to neglect, MD; foryemen, S.—AS. for-géman. (For- 1.)

For-3erd, sb. court, W. (For-3.)
For-3eten, v. to forget, S,PP; forguten, PP; forgeten, S; forgeten, S, S2; vorgete, S; forgetth, imp. pl., G; forgleteß, pr. s., S; forglet, S; forget, S; forgeten, S; forgeten, S; forgeten, S; forgeten, S; forgeten, S2, PP; forgete, P, W2; forgen, H.—AS. forgitan, pt. -geat (pl. -géaton), pp. -giten. (For-1.)

For-zetful, adj. forgetful, W (Jas. 1. 25); forgetful, C2.

For-linen, v. to forgive, PP; foryene, C3; forgenen, PP; forgiene, S; forgifenn, S; forgine, C2; norginen, S; forgifen, S; forgef, imp. s., S; forgef, pt. s.,

S; forzaf, G, W, PP; forzouen, pp., S2; forzeuen, PP; forzouen, W; forzoue, W2.—AS. forgifan. (For- 1.)

For-jiuenesse, sb. forgiveness, MD; forrjifenesse, S; forgenesse, S, PP; forjieuenesse, S.

Foster, sb. nourishment, MD, HD; one nurtured, a child, MD; fostyr, nurturer, fosterer, S3.—AS. fostor (=fbd-stor), nourishment. See Fode.

Fostren, v. to foster, support, cherish, PP; fostrenn, S; fostred, pt. s., C2, C3; y-fostred, pp., C2.—AS. fostrian.

Fother, sb. a carriage-load, a load, MD, C; fothyr, B; fudder, JD; fudyr, B; uobere, pl., MD.—AS. fober; cp. O.H.G. fuodar (mod. fuder), whence F. foudre.

Fou. adj. spotted, S; see Poh.

Foul, sb. fowl, bird, S2, C, PP; fo3el, S; fowel, C, PP; foghill, H; fuhel, S; foull, S3; fugeles, pl., S; fusles, S; fughils, H; fueles, S; fuweles, S; foghles, S2.—AS. fugol.

Foul, adj. foul, PP, MD; woul, MD, S2; ful, S; fule, adv., S; foule, G; fuluste, superl., MD. Comb.: ful-itowen, badly disciplined, wanton, MD; ful-itohen, S; fulitohe, S.—AS full, Goth. fuls.

Foule, sb. fool, H; see **Fole**.

Foulen, v. to make foul, defile, revile, destroy, S2, PP; fowlen, S2; fulen, S; filen, S2; fild, pp., S2.—AS. fulian, to become foul, fylan, 'inquinare.' See Foul.

Foulere, sb. a taker of birds, W2. See Foul.

Foul-hed, sb. folly, H. See Foule.
Foundement, sb. foundation, S3, W.
Founden, v. to found, PP; fundit, pp.,
S3; y-founde, S3; foundun, W.—OF.
fonder; Lat. fundare.

Foundour, sb. founder, PP.—OF. fon-deur; Lat. fundatorem.

Foundren, v. to founder, also to cause to sink, MD; foundre, C; foundered, pp., S2; fowndryd (as horse), PP.—OF. fondrer, an extended form of fonder, to fall (Bartsch); see also Diez, p. 144.

Founs, sb. bottom, S2; founce, MD, WA.—OF. fons (Bartsch); Lat. fundus; cp. Prov. founs, deep (Diez, p. 143).

Foure, num. four, C3, PP; fower, S; uour, S; fuwer, MD; faur, MD; faure, S2; fawre, S2; fowre, S2.—AS. féower, OS. fiuwar: Goth. fidwor; cp. OWel. petguar, Lat. quatuor.

Foute, sb. scent, trace of a beast of chase, S2; see **Feute**.

Fownys, sb. pl. fawns, S3; see Fawn. Foyne, sb. a foin, thrust, S3; prick, punctus, Manip.; foines, pl., ND.

Foynen, v. to thrust or lunge with a sword, MD, C; feyne, MD; foignen, MD; foin, ND, Sh.; foygnede, pt. s., MD; foyneden, pl., MD; fwnjeit, B.

103,7, sb. mutual consent, junctura, MD; 103e, dat., S.—AS. fog, gefog.

Fra, Fra-; see Fro.

Fraisten, v. to try, prove, MD, JD, HD; fraisted, pp., MD, S2, HD.—Icel. freista; cp. Goth. fraisan, AS. frásian.

Frake, sb. a man, HD; see Freke.
Frakly, adv. keenly, greedily, hastily, S2, B, JD. See Frek.

Frakne, sb. freckle, lentigo, Prompt.; frakyn, lenticula, Voc.; freken, neuus, Manip., HD; frecken, Palsg., Manip.; fraknes, pl., HD, C; freknes, MD.—Icel. frekna.

Fraknede, pp. freckled, HD.

Frakny, adj. freckled, Prompt.

Fram, prep. from, S, S2, PP; vram, S2; urom, S. Comb.: fram-ward, prep. away from, MD, HD; frommard, S; urommard, S.—AS. fram (from) and fromweard, 'aversus.' Cp. Fro.

Frame, sb. benefit, advantage, S, S2; freme, MD; ureme, MD.—AS. fremu; Icel. frami, advancement. Fremu is from AS. fram (from), excellent.

Framien, v. to serve, benefit, refresh, accomplish, MD; fremmen, MD; freme, S, HD; frame, JD.—AS. fremian.

Franke, adj. free, Manip.—AF. franc, cp. franke homme, freeman.

Frankeleyn, sb. freedman, libertinus, MD; also a freeholder, C, HD, G; frankeleyne, Prompt., PP; frankelayn, Voc., PP; frankelin, C2; franceleyn, MD; frankeleyns, pl., C (A. 216).—AF. fraunkelayn, fraunclein; Low Lat. franchilanus. The suffix -lanus is of Teutonic origin; cp. AS. -ling; see SkD. (s.v. chamberlain).

Fraught, pp. freighted, laden with cargo, MD, C3; fraughted, S3.

Fraunchise, sb. freedom, prerogative, liberality, MD, PP; fraunchyse, C2; fraunchis, H; franchiss, B.—AF. franchise (fraunchise); formed with suffix-chise; see Apfelstedt, Introd. 67. See Franke.

Fray, sb. terror, S3, B; see Effray.

Frayel, sb. basket, PP; frayel, PP; frayle, Prompt; fraile, HD.—OF. frayel, frael; whence Low Lat. fraellum (Ducange).

Fraynen, v. to ask, S2, S3, C2, PP; frainen, PP; frai3nenn, MD; freinede, pt. s., S; freinde, S; fraind, S2; freyned, pp., C3.—Icel. fregna, AS. frignan.

Fre, adj. free, free-born, generous, S, S2, C, C2, PP; free, C2, PP; frey, HD; free, PP, S2.—AS. fréo.

Freden, v. to feel, experience, MD, HD; fredde, pt. s., MD.—AS. (ge) fredden, from AS. frod, wise, sensible, experienced, aged; cp. OHG. fruati, experienced (Otfrid).

Fredom, sb. freedom, liberality, S, S2, C2, C3; fredome, S2, B.—AS. fréodóm.

Freitour, sb. refectory, hall for meals, S₃, MD, PP; fratour, HD; fraytour, S₃; freitur, MD; fraitur, S₃; fratery, HD; froyter, HD (p. 379).—OF. refretoir; Late Lat. refectorium.

Frek, adj. eager, greedy, bold, S2; frak, JD; frike, MD; fryke, HD.—AS. frec; cp. Goth. friks, greedy (in faihufriks); Icel. frekr.

Freke, sb. a bold man, a warrior, a man, MD, S2, P; freek, PP; frek, S2, PP; freyke, S3; fraik, PP; frayk, PP; freik, PP; freik, PP; freek, HD; freekys, pl., S3; frekis, P.—AS. freca, a bold man, warrior.

Frekel, sb. freckle; freklys, pl., S3; freckles, variolae, Manip. See Fraken.

Frele, adj. frail, S2, P; freyle, MD; freel, PP.—OF. frele, fraile; Lat. fragilem.

Freletee, sb. frailty, C2; frelete, P.

Frely, adj. noble, gracious, S2, C2, B; freolich, S; freyliche, S2; freliche, adv. freely, PP, S2.—AS. fréolic, adv. fréolice. See Fre.

Fre-man, sb. freeman, S.—AS. free-mon.

Fremde, adj. and sb. strange, foreign, stranger, S, C2, PP; fremmde, S; fremede, S; fremmed, PP.—AS. fremede, fremde, strange.

Fremen, v. to accomplish, S, HD; see Framien.

Frend, sb. friend, S, C; freende, PP; freendes, pl., PP; freend, S, S2; ure-ondes, S; frendes, C3, PP; frenden, dat., S.—AS. freend.

Frenden, v. reflex. to gain friends; ureonden, S.

Frendesse, sb. female friend, W2.

Frendrede, sb. friendship, HD.—AS. fréondréden.

Frendschipe, sb. friendship, S, C; freontschipe, S.—AS freondscipe.

Frecien, v. to free, MD; vri, imp. s., S2; freede, pt. s., MD; fried, pp., S.—AS. freegan (freen), pt. freede, pp. freed. See Fre.

Freolsen, v. to free, to celebrate, MD; relsen, MD.—AS. fréolsian, 'diem festum celebrare;' cp. Icel. frjálsa, to free. From AS. fréols, freedom, festival: Goth. freihals, 'collum liberum,' freedom.

Frere, sb. brother, friar, MD, C, G, P; freir, S3; frer, B; freres, pl., C2, P.—OF. frere, fredre; Lat. fratrem.

Fresch, adj. fresh, new, MD, C; fersch, S2; fresche, W2, PP; freis, S2; freissh, S2.—AS. fersc.

Freschly, adv. freshly, B.

Fresen, v. to freeze, PP; freest, pr. s., S; frese, pt. s., MD; froren, pp., MD.—AS. fréesan, pt. fréas (pl. fruron), pp. froren.

Frest, sb. delay, MD, S2, B; ferst, MD; first, MD; furst, S; virst, S.—Icel. frest, AS. fierst, fyrst, first, an interval.

Fresten, v. to delay, to lend, MD, Prompt.

Freten, v. to devour, S, S2, C2, P; freate, to fret, feel vexed, S3; fret, pt. s., MD, S2, PP; freten, pp., S, S2; frete, S2, C3.—AS. fretan, pt. frét (pl. fréton), pp. freten, a compound of etan, to eat; cp. Goth. fra-itan=fra+itan, to eat.

Fretten, v. to adorn, furnish, MD, S2; fret, pp., MD, S3; fretted, P.—AS. fratwian, 'ornare;' cp. OS. fratahón.

Freuren, v. to comfort, S.—AS. fréfrian. See Profren.

Fri-dæi, sb. Friday, the week-day sacred to Friga, the AS. name of a Teutonic goddess having attributes similar to those of the Roman Venus, S; **fridai**, MD.—AS. *Frige-dæg*.

Friga; see Grimm, Teut. M., p. 299.

Frien, v. to fry, MD; 1-friget, pp., S2; fryed, PP; yfryed, PP.—OF. frire; Lat. frigere.

Frigt, sb. fright, MD; frigt, MD.—AS.

Frigten, v. to fear, also to alarm, MD; fricht, pp., S3.—AS. forhtian, pp. forht.

Frigti, adj. timid, S.—Comb.: frigti luue, reverence, S.

Frigtihed, sb. alarm, S.

Frigtilike, adv. timidly, S.

Frio, sb. peace, security, deer-park, forest, wood, S, S2, PP, HD; tryth, S2, PP.

—AS. frio; cp. OHG. fridu (Otfrid).

Fridien, v. to free, protect, spare, MD; fridie, S; frithed, pp., enclosed, P.—AS. (ge) fridian, to protect.

Pro, prep. from, S, S2, C2, PP; froe, PP; fra, S, S2, S3. Comb.: frathine, from thence, S3, B; fraward, away from, forward, S2, MD; frawart, S3.—AS. fram, Icel. frd. Cf. Fram.

Frofre, sb. comfort, MD; frouer, S; froure, S, MD.—AS. frofor.

Frofren, v. to comfort, S; frouren, S; fretrien, MD; freuren, pr. s., S.—AS. frofrian, fréfrian.

Frogge, sb. frog, S, Voc.; frock, HD; froggen, pl., S; frogges, MD. — AS. frocga.

Froit; see Frut.

Frokke, sb. frock, PP, MD; frogge, PP; froggis, pl., B.—OF. froc (Cotg.); cp. Low Lat. frocus, flocus, see Ducange. For interchange of fr and ft cf. Frounce.

Frosche, sb. frog, Voc.; froske, MD, H; froskes, pl., MD; froskis, H; froses, MD.—AS. frox; cp. Icel. froskr.

Froten, v. to rub, MD, H; frotynge, pr. p., W; frotyng, grating, S2; yfroted, pp., S2.—OF. froter: It. frettare: Lat. frictum, from fricare; see Constans.

Frode, sb. froth, foam, MD, Prompt.; forpe, S2.—Icel. froda, fraud; cp. Dan. fraade, Sw. fradga.

Frothen, v. to froth, C, MD.

Frounce, sb. a fold, plait, ND; frounces, pl., PP; flounce, SkD.—OF. fronce, wrinkle (Bartsch). For interchange of fr and fl cf. Frokke.

Frouncen, v. to knit the brow, wrinkle, fold, MD, ND, HD; frounsen, HD; frounced, pp., S3; fronst, HD.—OF. froncer; Late Lat. frontiare.

Frount, sb. front, forehead, S2, MD, B.—AF. frount, frunt; Lat. frontem.

Frude, sb. frog, MD; fruden, pl., S.—Icel. fraudr; cp. Dan. frö.

Frume, sb. beginning, MD; frome, MD.—AS. fruma; cp. Goth. frums.

Frumentee, sb. furmety, wheat boiled in milk, MD, HD; frumenty, MD, HD; furmente, MD; firmentie, S3.—OF. frumentee, fromentee; Late Lat. frumentata; from Lat. frumentum, corn (OF. froment, forment, wheat, corn).

Frumõe, sb. beginning, S; urumõe, MD.—AS. frymõa (frumõ).

Frustir, adj. frustrated, useless, JD, S3.—Cp. OF. frustrer; Lat. frustrare.

Frut, sb. fruit, S, S2; fruit, S; fruyt, C3; froit, MD; froyt, H (Ps. 125. 6); fryt, S2; fruits, pl., B; froytis, B.—OF. frut (fruit); Lat. fructum.

Fruytesteres, sb. pl. f., women fruitsellers, C3.

Fugel, Fuhel; see Poul.

Ful, adj. foul, S; fule, adv., S. Comb.: ful-itohen, S. See Poul.

Ful, pt. s., fell, S, PP. See Fallen.

Ful, adj. full, S. Comb.: ful iwis, full assuredly, S; fol iwis, S; ful out, completely, W2; to ful, completely, S2. See Full.

Ful, sb. a goblet full of drink, a toast at a heathen feast; uul, S.—AS. ful; cp. Icel. full; see Grimm, Teut. M., p. 60.

Ful-bringen, v. to complete, MD; fullbrohht, pp., MD.

Fulcning, sb. baptism, S; foloninge, dat., S. See Fulhtnen.

Ful-don, v. to accomplish, S.

Ful-endin, v. to bring to an end, S; fulendy, S.

Ful-fordien, v. to perform, S.

Ful-fremien, v. to perfect, MD; full-fremedd, pp., S.

Ful-fullen, v. to fulfil, perfect, to fill full, MD; folvellet, imp. pl., S; fulfellp, pr. s., S; unluelden, pt. pl., S; folfult, pp., S2; fulfild, S2.

Ful-hed, sb. fulness, S2; folhed, MD. Fulhtnen, z. to baptize, MD; fullhtnenn, S. See Fulluht.

Full, adj. full, MD; ful, S; fol, S2; vol, S2; fulle, dat., S, PP; adv., S; follest, superl., S2.

Fulle, sb. fill, S; tylle, S2.—AS. fyllo: OHG. fulli.

Fullen, v. to fill, complete, S; felle, S; fulde, pt. s., S; felde, S2; vulde, S2; fylden, pl., S; 1-fullet, pp., S; 1-uulled, S; hi-fulled, S; ifuld, S2; filt. S; fulde, pl., S.—AS. fyllan: OS. fullian: Goth. fulljan.

Fulliche, adv. fully, S; folliche, S; volliche, S2.

Fulluht, sb. baptism, S; fullouht, MD; fullou;t, MD; fullo;t, MD.—AS. fulwiht (OET.). See Full.

Ful-mard, sb. polecat, MD, Voc.; fulmarde, Palsg.; fulmerde, Voc.; fulmare, Manip.; fulmere, Voc., Prompt. (p. 407); folmarde, S2.—AS. fúl + mearð, marten. See Foul.

Fulnesse, sb. fulness, MD; uolnesse, S2.

Fulst, sb. help, S.—AS. fylst (ful+last); cp. OS. ful-lésti. See Full.

Fulsten, v. to help, S.—AS. fylstan: OS. ful-léstian.

Ful-sum, adj. plenteous, S. See Full. Fulsumhed, sb. abundance, S.

Fulsumnesse, sb. satiety, MD; fulsomnesse, C2,

Fulde, sb. fulness, MD. See Full.

Fultum, sb. help, MD; fultume, dat., MD; pl., S.—AS. fultum (= ful + téam). See Full.

Fulwes: see Folwen.

Fulzeis, sb. pl., leaves, S3.—OF. fuille, foille; Lat. folium.

Fume, sb. fume, smoke, MD; confusion in the brain produced by drunkenness, C.—OF. fum; Lat. fumum.

Fumetere, sb. the herb fumitory, fumus terrae, earth-smoke, Alph., Voc., C; fumytere, Voc.; fumeter, Prompt.—OF. fumeterre; Late Lat. fumus terrae (Alph.).

Fumosite, sb. indigestibility, MD; fumositee, the quality of getting into the head (of wines), C2, C3; fumositie, smoakiness, Manip.

Funden, v. to hasten, go, to strive, S, MD; fonde, S, S3; foonde, S2; founde, S2, B.—AS. fundian, to hasten. See

Funden, pt. pl., found, S; see Finden. Fundie, adj. heavy, MD; see Findia. Fundles, sb. a finding, S; fundless, HD.

Fundling, sb. foundling, S.

Fundy, v. to become stiff with cold, JD.

Fundying, sb. benumbment with cold, B. Funt, sb. font, S; funte, Voc. Comb.: funt-fat, font, S. See Pont.

Fur, sb. fire, S, S2, PP; fir, S; fer, S; feer, S2; fyr, PP, C2; fuyr, PP; fuir, S2, PP; fyre, MD; fere, dat., S2; uere, S2.—AS. fýr: OHG. fur (Otfrid).

Fur, sb. furrow, S3; furgh, MD; furch, MD; forwe, PP; forwes, pl. P. Comb: fur-breid, furrow's breadth, S3; furlong, furrow's length, C2, C3, PP; fourlonge, P; forlang, PP.—AS. furh.

Fureur, sb. fury, S3.—OF. fureur; Lat. furorem.

Furial, adj. raging, C2.—Lat. furialis.
Furre, sb. fur, Prompt., Palsg.; furris, pl., PP.—OF. fuerre, a sheath (Bartsch); cp. Sp. fbrro, lining: It. fbdero, lining, a furred garment, a sheath, scabbard: Goth. fodr., sheath; cp. Icel. fbbr, lining, OHG. fuatar, see Kluge and Weigand (s.v. futter).

Furren, v. to line with fur, MD; furryn, Prompt.; furred, pp., MD; forred, S2, PP.—OF. forrer (Bartsch), also fourrer (Cotg.).

Enrst. sb. delay, S; see Frest.

Fus, adj. eager, prompt, MD; fous, MD; vous, MD.—Icel. fuss: OHG. funs (Otfrid).

Fusen, v. to hurry, MD; fusede, pt. s., MD.—AS. fysan: OS. fusian.

Fust, sb. fist, S2, PP; tyste, Voc.; fist, MD; fest, MD, C3: feste, dat., C3.—AS. fyst: OHG. fust (G. faust).

Fuaten; see Fighten.

Fylyng, sb. defiling, S2. See Foulen.

Fyn, sb. end, S2, S3, C2, G; see Fine. Fyr. sb. fire, PP, C2; fyre, MD. Comb.:

Fyr, sb. fire, PP, C2; fyre, MD. Comb.: fyre-flaucht, lightning, S3; fyr-reed, red as fire, C. See Fur.

Fyrth, sb. a passage, inlet of the sea, S3; firth, JD.—Icel. fjörör.

Fyry, adj. fiery, C; fery, S3. See Fur. Fyzte, v. to fight, PP; see Fighten.

Fyste, sb. fight, PP; fiste, S, S2; uihte, S; feht, MD; fest, S2; feht, MD; feste, S.—AS. feoht: OS. fehta.

Ga, v. to go; see Gan.

Gabben, v. to lie, mock, scoff, jest, prate, S, C, PP, Prompt., Cath., JD.—Icel. gabba, to mock.

Gabbynge, sb. lying, deceit, PP, Prompt., HD.

Gabbere, sb. liar, chatterer, --CM, Prompt. (n).

Gadeling, sb. comrade, fellow, vagabond; gadelyng, PP, G, CM; gadlyng, HD; gedelyng, PP, HD; gedelyng, S2.—AS. gadeling: OS. gaduling, a kinsman; cp. Goth. gadiliggs, a sister's son.

Gaderare, sb. gatherer, S.

Gaderen, v. to gather, S, PP, C; gadery, S2; gadir, S2; gadire, W2; gederen, S; gedre, S2; gaddref, pr. s., S; gaderid, pt. s., PP; gadred, S2; gederide, PP; 3e-gadered, pp., S; y-gadered, S3; gedrid, S2.—AS gaderian, gadrian.

Gadering, sb. gathering, S.—AS. gaderung.

Gæde, pt. s. went, S.—AS. ge-tode (OET. p. 622). Cf. 3eode.

Gær, sb. year, S; see 3eer.

Gærsume, s. pl. treasures; see Gersum.

Gast, sb. pl. goats, S; see Goot.

Gagates, sb. jet, S2.—Lat. gagates, jet; Gr. γαγάτης. See Iette.

Gage, v. to measure the contents of a vessel, to guage, S₃, Sh.—AF. gauger (F. jauger); from OF. *gauge; cp. Low Lat. jalagium, 'jus mensuræ' (Ducange).

Gaignage, sb. crop, fruit of tilled or planted ground, HD; gaynage, S3.—OF. gaignage, produce, revenue, Cotg.; from OF. gaigner, to get, win.

Gainges, sb. pl. goings, S2. See Gan. Gair, sb. a gore; see Gore.

Gairding, sb. garden, S3; see Gardin. Gait, sb. way, S3; see Gate.

Gal, adj. lascivious, S; gole, pl., MD.—AS. gál; cp. OHG. geil.

Galamelle, sb. a sweet and nourishing drink, S2.

Gale. sb. sore, Sa; see Galle.

Galo-galo, sb. a sing-song fellow, S. Galon, v. to sing, cry out, to caw (as crows or rooks), Prompt., S3, CM.—AS. galan. Cf. E. nightingale.

Galeye, sb. galley, ship, Prompt.; galeie, S; galey, Voc.; galay, S2; gay-layes, pl., S2.—AF. galeye, galie; cp. Low Lat. galea.

Galianes, sb. pl. drinks named after Galen (called Galien in ME.), C3.

Galiard, adj. gay, sprightly, HD; galgart, S3; galyarde, HD.—OF. gaillard, vigorous (Roland).

Galingale, sb. a plant from the root of which a spice was prepared, Cath. (s. v. galynga), ND, HD; galyngale, Alph., C3, Prompt.; galangale, ND.—OF. galingal, the root of the rush called cypress (cp. Low Lat. gallingar), from galangue; cp. Low Lat. galanga (Alph.).

Galiote, sb. large galley, S2.—It. galebtta, a good handsome big galley (Florio). See Galeye.

Galle, sb. the gall, bitterness, anger, S, Prompt., Voc., C2, C3, PP; bitter drink, S2.—AS. gealla (Voc.).

Galle, sb. sore in man or beast, Prompt.; gale, S3.—OF. galle, scab, itch; cp. Low Lat. galla (Ducange).

Galnesse, sb. lasciviousness, MD; golnesse, S; galnes, S. See Gal.

Galoche, sb. a kind of patten, C2, Prompt.; galoches, pl., PP; galage, 'sandalium,' Manip.; gallage, Manip. (n).

—AF. galoche; Low Lat. calopodia, clogs; Gr. καλοπόδιον, dimin. of καλόπουs, i.e. wood-foot, a last.

Galoun, sb. gallon, W, C3, P; galun, S.—AF. galoun.

Galpen, v. to yawn, PP, Voc, C2.—OS. galpôn, 'clamare.'

Galwe, sb.cross, gibbet; galowe, Prompt.; galwes, pl., gallows, Voc., C2; galues, S.—AS. gealga, also galga (Voc.).

Galwe-tre, sb. gallows-tree, S, Prompt.

—AS. gealg-tréow.

Galzart, adj. gay; see Galiard.

Game-gobelyn, sô. a demon who plays with men, Voc.

Gamen, sb. play, sport, CM, S, S2, G, PP, H; gammyn, S2; gomen, S; game, S, G, Prompt., Voc., C2, C3; gome, S.—AS. gamen.

Gamen, v. to be pleasant; him gamede, pt. s., it was pleasant to him, C.

H

Gan. v. to go, S; gon, S, S2, C2; goon, C2; go, S; ga, S2; gonde, pr. p., S; ga, imp. s., S; gais, S2; god, pl., S, S2, C2; gooth, C2; gest, 2 pr. s., S, S2; gass, S2; goost, C2; gap, pr. s., S; geö, S, S2; goö, S, C2; gas, S2; goö, pl., S; gon, S2; goon, C2; gan, pp., S2; goon, C2; goon, C2; goon, C2; goon, C3; tgon, G; tgoon, G; ygo, S2; igo, G.—AS. gán.

Gan, pt. s. began, did; see Ginnen. Gane, v. to fit, avail, JD; ganyde, pt. pl., S3; ganand, pr. p. as adj., suitable,

becoming, S3; see Geanen. Gang, sb. going, S2.

Gangen, v. to go, S, PP; gang, S3; gangande, pr. p., PP; gangand, S2; gonge, 2 pr. s. subj., S.—AS. gangan.

Ganien, v. to yawn, gape, SkD; gane, Manip., Palsg., S3, C3; gone, S2; 3anin, Prompt.—AS. gánian (Voc.).

Gar. v. to cause, make, S3; gare, H; gart, pt. s., S2, PP; see Ger.

Gardin, sb. garden, SkD, C2; gardyn, PP; gardyne, PP; gardayne, Manip.; gairding, S3.—AF. gardin (F. jardin).

Garget, sb. throat, CM; see Gorget.

Garite, sb. a watch-tower, look-out on the roof of a house or castle-wall, Sa: garytte, a high 'solere,' Prompt.; garett, HD; garret, Cotg. (s. v. tourelle); garettes, pl., Prompt. (n); garrettes, projecta, Manip.—OF. garite; cp. Span. garita.

Garlek, sb. garlick, PP; garleke, Alph.; garleek, C; garlekke, Prompt.; garlike, P; garlik, PP.—AS. gárléac (Voc.).

Garnet. sb. a kind of precious stone; garnettes, pl., SkD; granat, Cotg. (s.v. grenat); granate-stone (Florio). Cp. It. granáta, pomegranate, garnet. See Grain.

Garnet-appille, sb. pomegranate, HD. See Apple-garnade.

Garth, sb. an enclosure, HD, S3, H; orchard, Manip.; garthe, sepes, Cath.; garthis, pl., H.—Icel. gardr. See 3erd.

Gas. pr. s. goes; see Gan.

Gast, sb. spirit, S, S2; see Gost. Gastlike, adj. spiritual, S; see Gostliche.

Gat, sb. goat, S; gayte, S3; pl., H;

gate, S, S3; see Goot. Gate, sb. way, path, street, PP, CM, S2, Prompt., HD, S3, H; gat, S2; gait,

S3.—Icel. gata; Goth. gatwo, street. Gate, sb. gate, PP, Prompt.; 3ate, S2, G, H, Prompt.; yate, C2, CM, S3, Prompt.; Gees, sb. pl. geese; see Gos.

gat, S; 3at, PP; yat, G; yatt, H; 3ett, S3; glate, dat., S; seate, S.—AS. geat, Icel. gat.

Gate-ward. sb. gate-keeper, S, PP; 3ateward, PP; gatwarde, PP.

Gatte, pt. s. granted, S; see 3eten. Gat-tothed. adj. lascivious, C, CM.

Gaude. sb. weld, Reseda luteola, dyer's greenweed, producing a green dye (distinct from woad, Florio being here wrong). Comb. : gaude grene, a light green colour, C, HD; gawdy grene, 'subviridis,' Prompt.—OF. gaude (Cotg.): Sp. gualda, a herb to dye yellow with (Minsheu); cp. It. gualdo, woad to dye blue with (Florio), Low Lat. gualda, gualdum, 'glastum' (Ducange).

Gaude, sb. a toy, piece of finery, also a jest, trick, CM; gawde, a jape, nuga, Prompt.; gaud, HD, ND; ornament, CM; trick, C3.—Late Lat. gaudium, a large bead; Lat. gaudium, joy.

Gaude, v. to sport, jest, keep festival, ND; to scoff, Manip.

Gaudiouse, adj. festal, solennis, Manip. Gaudying, sb. toying, S3; gauding, scoffing, Manip.

Gauren, v. to gaze, CM, C2, C3; gawren, CM.

Gaurish, adj. garish, S3.

Gayn, adj. convenient, S2; gaynliche, adv. readily, S2; see Geyn.

Gaynage, sb. crop, S3; see Gaignage. Gaynen, v. to avail, CM, S2; see Gegnen.

Gavn-ras. sb. return (= Lat. occursus). H; gaynrase, dat. meeting, H; see zeyn. Gayn-stand, v. to withstand, S3.

Gaytre-beryis, sb. pl. berries of the gayter-tree, C (C. 145), CM, MD.—Cp. Scot. gait-berry, bramble-berry, JD; gaitertree, the bramble, JD.

Ge-, prefix; see 3e.

Ge, ye, S; see 3e.

Geaunt, sb. giant, S, C2; giaunt, W2; gyaunt, PP; icaunt, PP; geauntes, pl., PP; ieauntez, S2. - AF. geant; Lat. gigantem.

Gede. pt. s. went, S.—AS. ge-lode. Cf.

Gedelynge, sb. vagabond, PP; see Gadeling.

Gederen, Gedre; see Gaderen.

Geet, sb. jet, C; geete, Prompt.; see lette.

Geet, sb. pl. goats, W2; geete, W2; see Goot.

Geet-buckis, sb. pl. he-goats, W2. Geinen, v. to avail, profit, S, S2; see Ge3nen.

Geld, pt. s. paid, requited, S; see

Gelden, v. to geld, castrare, Prompt., Manip.; geldid, pp., W (Mt. 19. 12).—Icel. gelda.

Gelding, sb. eunuch, W (Acts 8. 34); 3elding, W (Acts 8. 27); geldingis, pl., W.

Gelty, adj. guilty; see Gulty.

Gemme, sb. gem; gemmes, pl., PP, G2; jemis, S3.—OF. gemme; Lat. gemma, gem, bud. See jimmes.

Genmyt, adj. covered with buds, S3. **Gendre**, sb. gender, kind, PP; gendres,

pl., S2.—OF. genre; Lat. genere, abl. of genus.

Gendre, v. to beget; gendrith, pr. s., W2; gendrid, pp., W2.

Gendrer, sb. progenitor, PP.

Gendrure, sb. engendering, W2. Gendrynge, sb. begetting, PP.

Genette, sb. a small Spanish horse, a jennet, SkD; iennet, S3, Sh.—OF. genette (Cotg.); Sp. ginete, a light horseman (Minsheu): from Zenāta, the name of a tribe in Barbary, see Dozy.

Genge, sb. a going, expedition, army, S; pl. nations, S2, H.

Gent, adj. noble, nobly-born, PP, C2; spruce, gay, SkD (p. 813), S3; gente, S.—OF. gent; Lat. genitum, born, well-born.

Gentil, adj. worthy, excellent, gentle, compassionate, C2; noble, PP; gentils, sb. pl., people well born, C2, C3.—AF. gentil, noble, beautiful; Lat. gentilem.

Gentillesse, sb. nobleness, gracefulness, C2, C3.—OF. gentillesse.

Gentrise, sb. noble nature, PP; gentrice, PP.—AF. genterise.

Gentrye, sb. gentleness, PP.

Gepoun, sb. a short cassock, CM; see Gipoun.

Ger, pl. years, S; see 300r.

Ger, v. to cause, make, S2, JD; gere, to make, H; gar, JD, S3; gare, H; Gest, 2 pr. s. geren, to prepare, S; gare, imp., H; S, S2; see Gan.

gers, pr. s., H; 2 pr. s., H; gerte, pt. s., PP; gert, S2, PP, S3, H; garte, PP; gart, S2, PP; garde, pt., S3; gert, pp., PP, H.—Icel. göra (for görva). See 3are.

Gerafiour : see Gerrafiour.

Gere, sb. gear, apparel, property, material, business, CM, PP, C, C2, C3, S2; geare, S3; ger, C, S3; geeres, pl., habits, manners, C.—Cp. OS. garuwi, gear.

Ger-fawcon, sb. a kind of falcon, HD; gerfaucun, Prompt.; gerfawcune, Voc.; gerfawkyn, Voc., Prompt.; gerfaukun, W2; gerfawcun, W2.—Lat. gyrofalconem.

Ger-ful, adj. changeable, C, CM. See Gery.

Gerken, v. to prepare, S; see 3arken. Gerland, sb. garland, C3, C; gerelande, PP; garlaunde, PP.—AF. gerlaunde.

Gerles, sb. pl. children; see Gurles. Gern, adv. eagerly, S2; see 3eorne.

Gerner, sb. garner, C, PP.—AF. gerner, OF. gernier, grenier; Late Lat. granarium.

Gerraflour, sb. gilly-flower, S3; geraflour, HD; gylofre, MD, S2 (s.v. clowe); gyllofre, gariophilus, galiofolus, Prompt.; gillofre, ND, Palsg.; gyllofyr, clove, Prompt.; gillyvor, Sh; ielofer, S3; gelofer, ND, MD.—Cp. OF. girofle, the clove (Bartsch); Low Lat. gariophilus, (Alph.), also caryophyllum; Gr. καρυόφυλλον, lit. nut-leaf.

Gerss-pilis, sb. pl. blades of grass, S3. See Gras.

Gersum, sb. treasure; gersom, HD; gersume, pl., S; garisome, S; gersoms, HD.—AS. gersum; cp. Icel. gersemi, a costly thing, jewel.

Gert, pp. made, S2; see Ger.

Gert, pp. girt, S2; see Girden.

Gerte, pt. s. struck, G; see Girden.

Gerth, sb. girth, SkD; gerthis, pl., PP.—Icel. gerb.

Gery, adj. changeful, PP, C. See Gerful.

Gessen, v. to suppose, imagine, CM, S2, C2, C3, W, W2; gessist, 2 pr. s., S2; gessiden, pt. pt., S2.—Cp. Du. gissen.

Gesserant, sb. a coat of mail, S3; gesseron, S3; see Iesseraunt.

Gessynge, sb. guessing (i. e. doubt), S2. Gest, 2 pr. s. goest, S, S2; geö, pr. s., S, S2; see Gan.

Gest, sb. guest, Prompt., S2, C2; geste, Gigour, sb. musician, S.—OF. gigutor PP; gestes, pl., S, PP, S2, C2; geste, S; gistes, PP; gustes, PP.—AS. gast: Goth. gasts; cp. Lat. hostis.

Geste, sb. story, romance, PP, C2; gest, S3, Manip.; jest, fun, Sh; gestes, pl., PP, C2, C3; icestes, PP; gestis, deeds, W2, H. - AF. geste, an exploit, history of exploits, romance; Lat. (res) gesta, a thing performed.

Geste, v. to tell romances, Prompt., MD; jest, to act in sport, Sh.

Gesten, pp. lodged (?), S2.

Gesting, sb. lodgings, S2.

Gestinge, sb. jesting, S3; gestynge, romancing, Prompt. See Geste.

Gestnen, v. to feast, entertain; gestened, pt. s., HD; igistned, pp., S2.

Gestninge, sb. feast, banquet, S; gestening, S2; gistninge, S; gystninge, S. Gestour, sb. a reciter of tales, C2; gestowre, Prompt.; gestiours, pl., CM. See Geste.

Get, sb. fashion, behaviour, CM, C, C3, Prompt.; see **Iette.**

Geten. v. to gain, get, beget, PP; get, pr. s., S2, PP; gat, pt. s., S, PP; geten, pl., PP; geten, pp., PP, G; gete, PP.-AS. gitan, pt. geat (pl. géaton), pp. giten.

Geo, pr. s. goes; see Ga.

Gett, sb. jet, Prompt.; see Iette.

Gett, pp. granted, S2; see 3eten.

Gene-like, adj. equal. Phr.: o genelike, on equal terms, S.—AS. ge-efenlic. See Euen.

Geyn, adj. near, convenient, ready, direct, S3; geyne, Prompt.; gayn, S2; gain, HD; gane, JD; geynest, superl., fairest, S2.—Icel. gegn.

Genen. v. to meet, suit, avail; ge33nenn, S; geinen, to avail, profit, S, S2; gayne, CM; sene, to reply, S; gane, to fit, JD; gayned, pt. s., S2; ganyde, pl., S3; ganand, pr. p., becoming, suitable, S3. -Icel. gegna, to go against, to answer, to suit. See leyn.

Giarkien, v. to prepare, S; see 3ar-

Giaunt, sb. giant, W2; see Geaunt.

Giet, conj. yet, S; see 3et. Gif, Gief, if, S2; see 31f.

Gigelot. sb. a strumpet, MD, H; gygelot, wench, agagula, Prompt.; giglot, ND, Sh; gigglet, ND.

Giggyng, sb. clattering, C.

(Low Lat. gigatorem), from OF. gigue (Low Lat. giga), a musical instrument; cp. G. *geige*, violin.

Gildir, v. to deceive; gildirs, pr. s., H; gildird, pp., H. — Icel. gildra, to trap.

Gildire, sb. deceit, snare, H; gildirs, pl., H.—Icel. gildra, a trap.

Gile, sb. guile, deceit, fraud, PP, C .-AF. gile, OF. guile: AS. wile (Chron. ann. 1128).

Gilen, v. to beguile, PP; gylen, S2; **giled**, *pp*., S.

Gilery, sb. deceit, H; gilrys, pl., H.-OF. gillerie.

Gill. sb. a familiar term for a woman, S3. ND, Sh; jill, Sh.—Short for Gillian, a woman's name, Sh, ND; Lat. Juliana.

Gill-burnt-tayle, sb. the ignis-fatuus, ND (s.v. gyl).

Gille, sb. a gill (measure), PP; gylle, PP, Prompt.; iille, P.—OF. gelle.

Gill-flurt, sb. a flirt, ND.

Gillofer, Gillyvor; see Gerrafiour. Gilour, sb. deceiver, PP; gyloure, H. –AF. gilour.

Gilt, sb. guilt, S; PP; see Gult.

Giltlese, adj. guiltless, S; gilteles, C; giltlees, C3.

Gin. sb. engine, contrivance, artifice, C2, C3, S3; gyn, PP, S2; ginne, S, S2; gynne, PP.-OF. engin, engien, craft, deceit, contrivance.

Ginful, adj. guileful, deceitful, PP.

Gingebreed, sb. gingerbread, C2; gyngebred, gingium, Voc. Cp. Low Lat. gingibretum (Ducange), also OF. gigimbrait, a preparation of ginger, gingenbret, ginger (Bartsch).

Gingiuere, sb. ginger, SkD, Cath. (n); ginginer, HD; gyngyre, zinzibrum, Voc.; ginger, zinziber, zinzebrum, Cath.; gyngere, Prompt.—OF. gingenbre, gengibre; Lat. zingibrum, acc. of zingiber; Gr. ζιγγίβερις.

Ginnen, v. to begin, S; gynne, S, PP, S3; gan, pt. s., began, S, S2; gon, PP; gonne, pl., S2; gan, pt. s. (used as an auxiliary), did, S, S2, S3; gon, S, PP, S2; gun, S2; gunnen, pl., S; gunne, S, PP; gonne, S, PP, S2, C2, G.—AS. -ginnan, pt. -gan (pl. -gunnon), pp. -gunnen.

Gipe, sb. cassock, CM; jub, Florio.-OF. juppe (Cotg.), It. giuppa, giubba (Florio), Sp. al-juba (Minsheu); Arab. al-jubbah, a woollen undergarment; cp. MHG. schube, G. schaube (Weigand).

Gipoun, sb. a short cassock, CM; gypoun, C; gepoun, C; jupon, HD; joupone, HD. — OF. gippon, jupon (Cotg.), It. giubbone, a doublet (Florio.). See above.

Gipser, sb. pouch, purse, C; gypcer, Prompt.; gypsere, Prompt.; gypcyere, Prompt. — OF. gibbeciere (Cotg.), from gibier, game.

Girdel, sb. girdle, C, C2; gurdel, S.—

AS. gyrdel.

Girden, v. to gird, cingere, MD; gurden, MD; girde, 2 pt. s., S2; gyrte, pt. s., S; 1-gurd, pp., S, S2; gird, C, W2; gert, S2.—AS. gyrdan.

Girden, v. to strike, CM, HD, C2, G; gurdep, imp. pl., S2; girt, pt. s., cast, PP; gerte, G; gorde, pt. pl., rushed, S2; girt, pp., SkD (s. v. gride), C. See 3erd.

Gisel, sb. hostage, MD; gysles, pl., S; sisles, MD; sislen, dat., MD.—AS. glsel; cp. Icel. glsl.

Gist, sb. guest; see Gest.

Giste, sb. a beam, balk, joist, MD; gyste, Prompt.; gyst, Palsg.; gistes, pl., MD; joystes, SkD.—OF. giste, joist, something to lie on. See Joist.

Gistninge, sb. banquet, S; see Gestninge.

Giterne, sb. guitar, C₃, PP, MD, CM; gyterne, PP, Prompt.; geterne, MD; getyrne, Voc.—OF. guiterne; cp. It. chitarra; Lat. cithara. See Citole.

Giuenesse, sb. forgiveness, S.—AS. gifnes, grace.

Glad, pt. s. glided, MD; glade, S2; glaid, S3; see Gliden.

Glad, adj. glad, S, S2; gled, S; glaid, S3; gladur, comp., S; gladdore, S2.—AS. glad.

Gladien, v. to make glad, make merry, S; gladen, S, C2; glade, S3; glaid, S3; gleadien, S; gledien, S, S2; gladed, pt. s., S2.—AS. gladian.

Gladliche, adv. gladly, PP; gledliche,

Gladnesse, sb. gladness, MD; gled-

Gladschipe, sb. gladness, MD; gledschipe, S; gledschipe, S; gledschipes, pl., S.

Gladsom. adj. pleasant, C2.

Gladynge, sb. gladness, MD; glead-unge, S.

Glam, sb. word, message, S2; loud talk, noise, MD.—Icel. glam, a tinkling sound.

Glaren. v. to shine brightly, S. SkD.

Glas, sb. glass, S, C2.—AS. glas.

Glasen, adj. made of glass, PP. **Glasen**, v. to furnish with glass, PP.

Glao, adj. glad, MD; glao, S.—Icel.

Glaue, sb. sword, S3; see Gleyue.

Glayre, sb. the white of an egg, Cath.; see Gleyre.

Gle, sb. joy, glee, music, singing, S, S2, PP; glee, C2; glie, S; glen, C2 (n), MD; glew, MD, S3; glu, Prompt.; gleo, S; glewis, pl., freaks, S3.—AS. gleo, stem gliwo-, see Sievers, 250.

Gleaw, adj. wise, S; gleu, S.—AS. gliaw.

Gled, adj. glad; see Glad.

Glede, sb. a kite, milvus, H (Ps. 62. 8), ND, WW, Voc.—AS. glida (Voc.).

Glede, sb. glowing coal, S, PP, S3, C2; glede, C; gleden, pl., S; gledes, S.—AS. gléd: OS. glód (stem glódi); cp. OHG. gluot (dat. gluoti). See Glowen.

Gledien, v. to make merry, S, S2; see Gladien.

Gledliche, adv. gladly, S.

Glednesse, sb. gladness, S.

Gledschipe, sb. gladness, S.

Gle-man, sb.; see Gleo-man.

Glenten, v. to glance, to move swiftly, MD; glente, pt. s., MD; glent, S3, HD; shone, SkD(p. 808).—Swed. glinta, to glance aside (Rietz).

Gleo, sb. music, S; see Gle.

Gleo-beames, sb. pl. harps, S.

Gleo-dreames, sb. pl. joys of music, S.

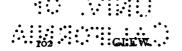
Gleo-man, sb. minstrel, PP; glewman, PP; gleman, PP.

Gleowien, v. to make music, to make merry, MD.

Gleowinge, sb. music, S.

Glette, so. phlegm, slimy matter in the throat, viscositas, filth, Cath. (n), S2; glett, Cath.; glet, H, Cath. (n).—Of. glette, 'flegm, filth, which a hawk throws out at her beak after her casting,' Cotg.; cp. North. E. glit, tough phlegm, JD.

Gleu, adj. wise, S; see Gleaw.



Glew, sb. joy, glee, S3; see Gle. Glew, sb. glue, MD; see Glu.

Gleyme, sb. slime, limus, gluten, Prompt.; gleym, subtlety, S3; gleme,

viscus, Prompt. (n).

Gleymows adi slimy viscusus Prompt.:

Gleymows, adj. slimy, viscosus, Prompt.; glaymous, HD.

Gleyre, sb. the white of an egg, C3, Prompt., Cath. (n); glayre, Cath.; glarye, Manip.—OF. glaire, the white of an egg (Cotg.); Low Lat. glara (Voc.); Late Lat. clara ori (Ducange); cp. Sp. clara de huevo, also It. chiára (Florio).

Gleyne, sb. sword, CM; glayne, SkD; glave, S3, ND; gleine, SkD; gleave, Cotg., ND.—OF. glaive; Lat. gladium (acc.)—for the v in glaive, see Brachet (s.v. corvée).

Gliden, v. to glide, S; glyde, C2, C3; glydande, pr. p., walking, S2; glit, pr. s., MD; glade, S2; glad, pt. s., MD; glade, S2; glad, S3; glod, MD, S2; glood, C2; glode, MD; gliden, pl., MD; gliden, pp., MD.—AS. glidan, pt. glad (gliden), pp. gliden.

Glie, sb. music, S; see Gle.

Gliffen, v. to glance, spectare; gliffe, to look back, Manip.; gliff, to be scared, JD; glyffe, pt. s., MD.

Gliffni, v. to glance; gliffnyt, pt. s., S2. Glod, pt. s. glided, S2, MD; glode, MD; glood, C2; see Gliden.

Glommen, v. to look glum, to frown, MD; glomben, MD; glowmbe, CM; glum, S3; gloom, ND; gloume, Manip.; glommede, pt. s., HD.—Swed. glomma, to stare (Rietz).

Glopen, v. to look askance, MD; glop, to stare, HD; gloppen, to be startled, HD. Cp. Du. gluipen, to peep, sneak.

Glopnen, v. to look downcast, MD; glopnid, pp., frightened, S2.—Icel. glupna. Glorie, sb. glory, PP; glore, S3.—AF.

glorie; Lat. gloria.

Glose, sb. a gloss, comment, explanation, PP, Prompt., C2; glosis, pl., S3.—OF. glose; Lat. glossa, a gloss; Gr. γλώσσα.

Glosen, v. to explain, flatter, deceive, PP. Prompt., S3, C2, C3; glosed, pt. s., spoke smoothly, S2; y-glosed, pp., C3.—OF. gloser, to gloss, expound; Late Lat. glosare. See above.

Glosynge, sb. an expounding, Prompt.; flattering, Prompt.; glosing, flattery, W.

Glotonie, sb. gluttony, S2, Prompt.; glotonyes, pl., C3.—OF. glotonie.

GODDOT.

Glotori, sb. gluttony, H; glutiry, H; glutrie, MD.

Glotoun, sb. glutton, S, PP, W2; gluton, S.—AF. glutun; Lat. glutonem.

Gloume, v.; see Glommen

Glowen, v. to glow, PP, Prompt., C; glouand, pr. p., S2; glowennde, S.—Cp. OHG. gluojan.

Glu, sb. glue, Prompt.; glew, MD.—OF. glu; Lat. gluten.

Gluen, v. to glue, MD; y-glewed, pp.,

Glum, v. to look gloomy, S3; see Glommen.

Glutenerie, sb. gluttony, S.—AF. glutunerie.

Gluton, sb. glutton, S; see Glotoun.

Glutrie, sb. gluttony, MD; see Glotori. Gnar, v. to snarl, S3; gnarre, ND. Cp. gnarl, to snarl, Sh.

Gnasten, v. to gnash the teeth, Prompt., Palsg., W2, H; gnayste, H; gnashe, Manip.; gnastiden, pt. pl., W, W2; gnaistid, H.—Cp. Icel. gnastan, a gnashing.

Gnawen, v. to gnaw, PP; gnaghe, H; gne3e8, pr. pl., S; gnow, pt. s., C2; gnew, SkD; gnawiden, pt. pl., W2; knawen, pp., S3.—AS. gnagan, pt. gnôh (pl. gnôgon), pp. gnagen.

Gniden, v. to rub, SD, S2; gnyde, S; gniden, pt. pl., MD.—AS. gnidan (Voc.).

Gobelin, sb. goblin, demon; gobelyn, W2, MD; goblin, Sh.—OF. gobelin; cp. Low Lat. gobelinum (acc.).

Gobet, sb. a small piece, Prompt., C, W; gobbet, Manip.; gobetis, pl., S2, W.—Norm.F. gobet, see Diez, p. 599; cp. OF. gobeau, a bit, gobbet (Cotg.).

God, adj. good, S, S2. Phr.: to goder hele, to the good health of, S2, MD; goderhele, MD; godder-hele, HD. See Good.

God, sb. God, S; godd, S; gode, dat., S; godes, gen., S; pl., S; goden, S. AS. God.

God-child, sb. godchild, S.

Godcund, adj. divine, godly, MD.

Godcundhede, sb. piety, MD.

Godcundnesse, sb. divinity, S; godcunnesse, S.

Goddcundlezze, sb. divinity, S.

Goddot, God knows, S; goddoth, S.—AS. God wat.

103

Godhede, sb. deity, C.

Godien, v. to endow; goded, pt. s., S; i-goded, pp., benefited, S.—AS. gódian.

Godlec, sb. goodness, S, MD.—Cp. Icel. gooleiki.

Godles, adj. without good, needy, S2, MD; godelease, S.—AS. godléas.

Godly, adv. kindly, S2; goddeli, S2; gudely, S3.—AS. gódlice.

Godnesse, sb. goodness, S; godnisse, S, S2; godenesse, S2.

God-spel, sb. gospel, S; god-spell, S3; gospel, MD.—AS. godspel.

Godspelboc, sb. gospel-book, S. Gogelen, v. to goggle, MD.

Gogil-ized, adj. squint-eyed, W; gogyleyid, Prompt.; goggle-eyed, louche (Palsg.).

Gold, sb. gold, S; gol, S; gulde, dat., S.—AS. gold; cp. Icel. gull.

Gold-beten, pp. adorned with beaten gold, S3.

Golde, sb. marigold, souci, Palsg.; goolde, solsequium, Prompt.; guldes, pl., C.—Cp. OF. goude (Cotg.)

Gold-spynk, sb. goldfinch, S3.

Gole, sb. throat, SD, HD; golle, HD.-OF. gole, goule, gule; Lat. gula.

Golet, sb. gullet, C3, Prompt., HD.-OF. goulet.

Goliardeys, sb. buffoon, MD, PP; golyardeys, C.—OF. goliardeis (goliardois); Low Lat. goliardensis.

Golnesse, sb. lasciviousness, S; see Gal-

Gome, sb. a man, PP, S, S2; gomes, gen., S2; gumen, pl., S.—AS. guma (stem guman-); cp. Lat. homo (stem homin-).

Gome, sb. care, PP; gom, MD.—OS. góma, care; cp. OHG. gouma, provision, supper (Tatian).

Gomen, sb. play, S; gome, S; see Gamen.

Gomme, sb. gum, CM; gumme, Cath.; gommes, pl., P.—OF. gomme; Lat. gummi; Gr. κόμμι.

Gon, v. to go, S, S2, C2; gonde, pr. p., S; goon, pp., C2; see Gan.

Gone, v. to gape, S2; see Ganien.

Gonge, 2 pr. s. subj. go, S; see Gangen. Gonne, sb. gun, PP, CM; gunne, Cath., Prompt.; gon, S3.—Cp. Low Lat. gunna.

Good, adj. good, MD; god, S, S2; and, pr. p., S3; see 3oulen.

godd, S2; gond, MD; guod, MD; gud, MD,—AS. gód.

Good, sb. good, MD; goud, S2; gud, S3; god, S, S2; godes, pl., S, S2; guodes, S2.—AS. gbd.

Goodman, sb. master of the house, C3.

Goot, sb. goat, Prompt., C3; gayte, S3; gat, S; geet, pl., S; gate, S, S3; geet, W2; geete, W2; gate, H; gaytes, H.—AS. gat.

Gorde, pt. pl. rushed, S2; see Girden.

Gore, sô. a triangular piece of cloth inserted, HD; gremiale, apron, Manip; goore, Prompt.; gair, JD. Phr.: under gore, under clothing, S2, HD.—Cp. AS. gára, an angular point of land.

Gore, sb. mire, Prompt., HD; filth, S2.—AS. gor (Voc.).

Gorge, sb. throat, Manip., PP.—OF. gorge; Lat. gurgitem (acc.); see Ducange.

Gorget, sb. throat, piece of armour to protect the throat, SkD; 'torques,' Manip.; garget, C; gargate, HD.—OF. gorgette, throat, also gargaite, (Roland, 1654).

Gorst, sb. gorse, furze, Voc., MD; gorstes, pl., S2; gorstys tre, Prompt.—AS. gorst.

Gos, sb. goose, S3; goos, MD; gees, pl., S; gysse, S3.—AS. gbs.

Gos-hawke, sb. goshawk, Prompt., Voc.; gos-hauk, C2.—AS. gbs-hafuc (Voc.).

Gosse, sb. in phr.: by gosse (a profane oath), S3.

Gossib, sb. sponsor, PP, CM; godsyb, friend, PP.—AS. god-sibb.

Gossomer, sb. gossamer, Prompt., C2; gossummer, Voc.; gossomere, Voc.

Gost, sb. spirit, mind, soul, life, ghost, PP, S, S2, C3; goost, C2, PP; gast, S, S2; gostes, pl., S2; gostus, PP; gastes, S2.—AS. gást.

Gostliche, adj. spiritual, S; gostly, S₃, C₃; goostliche, PP; gastlike, S; gastelich, S; gasteli, adv., S₂.

Gote, sb. water-channel, Prompt., HD; goote, Prompt.; gotes, pl., S2.—Cp. Low G. gote, Du. goot.

Gotere, sb. gutter, water - channel, Prompt.; goteris, pl., drops, stillicidia, rain falling drop by drop, W2; goters, HD.—OF. goutiere, gutter, from gote, a drop; Lat. gutta.

Goulen, v. to howl, cry, S, S2; gowland, pr. p., S3; see Joulen.

Goules, sb. pl. the heraldic name for red, gules, SkD; gowis, HD; gowlys, S3, HD.—AF. goules; Late Lat. gulas, acc. pl. of gula, 'pellis rubricata' (Ducange).

Goune, sb. gown, PP, C; gowne, PP; gunes, ph, MD.—AF. goune, OF. gone.
Goune-cloth, sb. cloth enough to make

a gown, CM.

Gourde, sb. gourd, C3, H; goord, Prompt.; gowrdes, pl., S2.—OF. gourde, gouhourde, cougourde; Lat. cucurbita.

Gouernaille, sb. management, C2; gouernaile, rudder, W; gouernails, pl., W2.—OF. gouvernail, rudder; Lat. gubernaculum

Gouernance, sb. government, behaviour, PP, C2, C3; gouernaunce, C, C2, C3; gouernauncis, pl., rules for conduct, customs, S3.

Gouerne, v. to govern, PP, C2.—AF. governer; Lat. gubernare.

Gouernour, sb. governor, C2; steersman, W, W2.—OF. gouverneur; Lat. gubernatorem (acc.).

Gradde, pt. s., S, S2, PP; see Greden. Gradi, adj. greedy, S; see Gredy.

Graffe, sb. a slip, young shoot, PP, Prompt.; graff, Cotg.—Late Lat. graphium, a stile (Gr. γραφείον); hence Low Lat. graffiolum, a graft, sucker; cp. OF. greffe.

Graffen, v. to graft, PP; graffed, pp., W. Graith, adj. exact, direct, S2, PP; see Greith.

Graith, sb. preparation, PP.

Graithen, v. to prepare, H; grathis, pr. s., dresses, S3. See Greifen.

Graithly, adv. readily, PP; gratheli, S2; see Gretbliche.

Gramound, adj. angry, S.

Grame, sb. vexation, anger, S, HD, C3; grome, S; gram, S2; greme, S2.—AS. grama; cp. Icel. gramr, wrath.

Gramercy; see Graunt.

Gramien, v. to vex, to be angry, MD; grame, PP, S; gromien, MD.—AS. gramian; cp. Goth. gramjan. See Gremien.

Granand, pr. p. groaning, S2; see Gronen.

Granat, s. a garnet; see Garnet.

Granyt, pp. dyed in grain, S3; grained, Sh. See Greyne.

Grape, v. to handle, palpare, H; see Gropien.

Grapers, sb. pl. grappling-irons, S3.

Gras, sb. grass, S, PP, C2; gres, S, Prompt.; gresse, Prompt., S2; grases, pl., S2; gress, S2; gyrss, S3.—AS. gras: Goth. gras.

Grathis, pr.s. dresses, S3; see Graithen. Graunt, adj. great, PP. Phr.: grauntmeroy, many thanks, C2, C3, PP; grameroy, PP, Sh; grameroies, pl., S3.— AF. grant, OF. grand; Lat. grandem.

Grauntye, v. to grant, give, agree, allow, PP; grawntyn, Prompt., C2; graunte, PP; granti, S, S2; graunti, I pr. s., S; grante, imp. s., S; y-graunted, pp., C3, P; 1-granted, S2.—AF. granter (graunter, granter); OF. creanter; Late Lat. credentare, from Lat. credentem, pr. p. of credere.

Grauen, v. to bury, S, PP, C2, H; to engrave, PP; grof, pt. s., H; grauen, pp., buried, S, PP, G, H; i-grauen, engraved, S; i-graue, S, G; graue, PP. — AS. grafan, to dig, pt. groff, pp. grafen.

Grauynge, sb. engraving, S2, P; burying, H.

Gravys, pl. groves, S3; see Groue.

Gray, adj. gray, PP, MD; grey, PP; greye, sb. gray clothing, PP; grai, gray fur, S; grey, S; badger, S3; gray, HD; badger's skin, HD.—AS. grag.

Gre, sb. step, degree, S₃, PP, MD; worthiness, gradus, Prompt.; gree, HD; grees, pl., W, MD, HD; greis, H.—OF. gre; Lat. gradum (acc.).

Grece, sb. stair, MD, Prompt., Cath., Palsg.; greece, Manip.; greese, MD, HD; greese, Cotg. (s.v. degré), HD; grize, Sh.; greece, pl., W2; grises, Prompt. (n).—From grees, steps, a flight of steps, pl. of Gre (above).

Greden, v. to cry aloud, S, PP, S2; gradde, pt. s., S, PP, S2; gredde, PP.—AS. grædan, pt. grædde.

Gredinge, sb. crying, MD; gredynges, pl., S2.

Gredy, adj. greedy, PP; gradi, S; gredi, S.—AS. gradig; cp. Icel. gradugr.

Gree, sb. favour, S2, C2, C3; prize, PP, C. Phr.: take in gre, agree to, S3.—OF. gre, gred, gret, pleasure, recompense; Lat. gratum, pleasing.

Gree, v. to agree, HD; greeing, pr. p., S3.—OF. greer, to agree, to accept; Late Lat. gratare (for Lat. gratari).

Greesings, sb. pl. steps, HD. See Grees.

Gref, sb. grief, MD; greeue, dat., G.-OF. gref, from Lat. gravem, heavy.

Gre-hounde: see Greyhownd.

Greit, sb. grit, S3; see Greot.

Greith, adj. ready, PP; graith, exact, direct, PP, S2; grayp, PP; graypest, superl., PP, S2; graith, ddv., S3.—Icel. greibr, ready: Goth. ga-raids, exact.

Greiven, v. to prepare, SD; graithe, H, HD; grathis, pr. s., dresses, S3; graithed, pt. s., S2; greythede, S; greithide, \$2; greithede, pl., \$2; greythed, pp., S; gre33 pedd, S; grepped, S; graythed, HD, S2; i-greffet, S; y-greided, S3; graid, H.—Icel. greida.

Greibliche, adv. readily, PP; graithly, PP, HD; graythely, S2; gratheli, S2. Gremien, v. to vex, to be angry, MD, S; greme, S; 3e-gremed, pp., S.—AS. gremian. See Gramien.

Grene, sb. snare; see Grin.

Grene, adj. and sb. green, S, PP, S2, C2, C3; greyne, B.—AS. gréne: OS. gróni; cp. OHG. gruoni (Tatian).

Grenehede. sb. greenness, wantonness, S2, C3.

Grennen, v. to grin, show the teeth (as a dog), S, W; grennyn, Prompt.—AS. grennian.

Grennunge, sb. grinning, S; grennynge, Prompt.

Greot, sb. gravel, grit, PP; greit, S3; greete, Manip.; grith, PP.—AS. greot.

Gres. sb. grass, S, Prompt. See Gras. Gresy, adj. grassy, S3.

Gret, adj. great, S, S2, C2, PP; greet, C2; grete, Prompt., PP, S2, C2; grette, PP; greate, S; grate, S; gretture, comp. S; grettoure, PP; grettour, PP; gretter, C2; grettere, W2; grettest, superl., PP; grete, adv., S3.—AS. gréat.

Greten. v. to salute, S, PP, S2; gret, imp. s., S; greteth, pl., G; grette, pt. s., S, PP, S2, C2, C3, W; grette, pl., G; gretten, W; gret, pp., W.—AS. grétan, to approach (also ge-grétan), pt. grétte, pp. gréted: OS. grotian; cp. OHG. gruazen (Otfrid).

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Greten, v. to weep, S, PP, H; greete, S3; gret, S2; groten, S; gretande, pr. p., HD; gretand, S_2 , S_3 , H; gret, pr. s., S; gret, pt. s., S, H; grete, HD; grete, pp., HD, S2.—AS. gratan (gretan), pt. gret (pl. gréton), pp. gréten: Icel. gráta.

Gretien, v. to magnify; i-gret, pp., S. -AS. gréatian.

Gretliche, adv. greatly, S, PP; gretly, S2; gretluker, comp., S.

Gret-wombede. adj. big-bellied, S3. Gretyng, sb. lamentation, S2; gretynge, H.

Gretyngful, adj. sorrowful, H.

Greuaunce, sb. grievance, hurt, C2; grewance, S3; greuaunces, pl., PP.-OF. grevance.

Grove, sb. thicket, grove, MD; groves, pl., S2, CM, HD; grevis, S3.

Greuen, v. to grieve, PP, S, C2.—AF. grever, to burden; Lat. gravare.

Greuous, adj. grievous, PP; grenousere, comp., W2.

Greyce, adj. gray, S3. See Grys.

Grey-hownd, sb. greyhound, leporarius, Voc.; grayhund, Voc.; grayhownd, Voc.; grehunde, Voc.: grehownde, Prompt.; greahund, SkD; grehoundes, pl., S3; greahondes, S3; greihoundes, SkD.-Icel. greyhundr, greyhound; grey, a dog.

Greyn, sb. handle, branch, MD; grayn, MD; grayne, WA.-Icel. grein.

Greyn, sb. grain of corn, a kind of spice, MD, PP, CM; greyne, Prompt.; greyn de Parys, CM.—AF. grein, grain; Lat.

Greyne, sb. colour, dye, PP, MD; greyn, S3, C2; grayn, C2. -AF. graine;

Late Lat. grana, cochineal dye (Ducange). **Greyn-horne.** sb. Greenhorn, the name of an ox in the Towneley Mysteries, HD.

Griffoun, sb. griffin, C, S2; gryffown, Prompt.—OF. griffon, a gripe (Cotg.).

Gril, adj. horrible, rough, fierce, MD; gryl, S2, Prompt.—Cp. MHG. grel, angry. Grillen. v. to vex, MD; gruide, pt. s., twanged, S; i-grald, pp., provoked, SD. -AS. grilla**n**.

Grim, adj. fierce, S; grym, heavy, PP. S2, C; grimme, pl., horrible, S. — AS. grim.

Grimlich, adj. horrible, S; grimlych, S; grimliche, adv. terribly, S, PP; grymly, sharply, PP.

Grin, sb. snare, noose, S, Voc.; gryn, W; grene, laqueus, MD, Voc.; grune, MD; grone, MD; grane, MD.—AS. grin. Grinden, v. to grind, MD; y-grounde,

pp., C2; grundyn, S3; grounden, C3.-AS. grindan, pt. grand (pl. grundon), pp.

Grindere, sb. grinder; grynderis, pl.,

Grip, sb. vulture, S; grype, Voc., Prompt.—Icel. gripr.

Gripen, v. to grip, S, PP, H; grap, pt. s., MD; grop, MD; gripen, pl., MD; grepen, MD; gripen, pp., MD; grypen, PP; griped, PP.—AS. gripan, pt. grap (pl. gripon), pp. gripen.

Gris, sb. a young pig, PP; grise, Cath.; gryse, Voc.: gryce, Prompt.; grys, pl., MD, S2, PP.—Icel. griss.

Grisen, v. to shudder, S2; gryse, to be frightened, HD; him gros, pt. s. reflex., S.—AS. grisan, pt. gros (pl. grison), pp. grisen.

Grislich, adj. horrible, S, S2; grislic, S; grysliche, S, PP; grisli, S2; grisly, C2, C3; grisliche, adv., S; grieslie, S3. –AS. grislic.

Grist. sb. ground corn, SkD.—AS. grist, from grindan; for loss of n before s see Siévers, 185.

Grist-batinge, sb. grinding of the teeth, MD; grisbayting, MD; grisbitting, S2.

Grith, sb. peace, S; grice, dat., S.-Icel. grib, domicile, place of safety, peace; hence grið in the Chron.

Grio-bruche, sb. breach of the peace, S. Grioful, adj. peaceful, MD.

Griffulnesse, sb. peacefulness, S.

Grocchen, v. to grudge, grumble, S2, S3. See Grucchen.

Grof, pt. s. dug, buried, H. See Grauen. **Grof.** adv. flat on one's face, CT (951); gruf, MD, C2, C.-Cp. Icel. liggja á grúfu, to lie on one's face.

Groflinges, adv. groveling, MD; grouelings, S2; grouelynge, supinus, Prompt.; grufelynge, Cath. See above.

Grom, sb. lad, servant, PP, grome, PP, S(n); gromes, pl., S, PP.—Cp. ODu. grom, stripling.

Grome, sb. vexation, anger, S. See Grame.

Gronen, v. to groan, PP, CM, Prompt.; grony, S_2 ; graninde, pr. p., S; granand, S2; gronte, pt. s., C2.—AS. granian.

Grop, pt. s.; see Gripen.

Gropien, v. to seize, handle, MD; gropyn, Prompt.; grope, C, C3; grape, palpare, H, Manip. - AS. grápian, from gripan. See Gripen.

Gros, pt. s. reflex. was afraid, S. See

Grot, sb. weeping, S, MD. See Greten. | Gu, you, S; see Eow.

Grot, sb. atom, MD; grotes, pl., S.— AS. grot, particle.

Grote, sb. groat, C3, PP; grotte, S3.— OLG. grote, a coin of Bremen; cp. Du. groot, great. Cf. Gret.

Groten, v. to weep, S, MD; see Greten. Ground, sb. ground, foundation, bottom (of water), MD; grund, S; grounde, PP; gronde, dat., S2; groundes, pl. foundations, S2. Phr.: to grounde com, came to the ground, i.e. was ruined, S2.-AS. grund.

Grounden, v. to found; grownden, Prompt.; groundes, 2pr.s., S2; grounded, pp., S2.

Groue, sb. a little wood, Prompt., MD; gravys, pl., S3.—AS. gráf.

Grouelings, adv. flat on one's face, S2; see Groffinges.

Groyn, sb. the snout of a pig, CM; groyne, Prompt.; groon, Manip.; grune, Cath.—OF. groing, groin.

Groynen, v. to grunt, to murmur, W; groignen, MD.—OF. groigner, grogner.

Grovnyng, sb. murmuring, discontent, C. Grucchen. v. to grudge, grumble, PP, S2, C, C2; grocching, pr. p., S2; grocched, pt. s., S3; grutchiden, pt. pl., W, W2.—OF. groucher, groucer, grocer.

Grucching, sb. grumbling, S; grucchyng, G; grutchyng, W.

Gruf, adv. flat on one's face, MD, C, C2. Phr. a gruf, MD; on groufe, MD; one the groffe, MD. See Grof.

Grulde, pt. s., twanged, S; see Grillen. **Grund**, sb. ground, bottom of a well, S; see Ground.

Grundlike, adv. thoroughly, heartily, MD, S. See above.

Grunten, v. to grunt, MD; gryntiden, pt. pl., MD. Cp. OHG. grunzen.

Gruntyng, sb. grunting, gnashing, W; grynting, W; grentyng, W

Grure, sb. horror, MD.—AS. gryre; OS. gruri.

Grure-ful, adj. horrible, S.

Gruselien, v. to munch, S.

Grusen, v. to munch, MD; gryze, HD; gruse, JD.

Grys, sb. a costly fur, the fur of the grey squirrel, C, S2, PP, HD; grey, C3; gryce, Prompt.; greys, PP; greyce, S3. -OF. gris, gray.

Guerdon, sb. reward, S3, CM; guerdone, S3, CM.—AF. guerdon: It. guidardone; Low Lat. widerdonum (Ducange).

Guerdonen, v. to reward, CM.—OF. guerredoner (Bartsch).

Guerdonlesse, adj. without reward, CM.

Guerdonyng, sb. reward, CM.

Gukgo, sb. cuckoo, S3; see Cukkow.

Gulche-cuppe, sb. a toss-cup, S.

Gulchen, v. to gulp, swallow greedily, MD.

Gulde, sb. dat. gold, S; see Gold.

Gulde, sb. marigold, C; see Golde.
Gulden, adj. golden, S, MD; gilden,

S2, MD.—AS. gylden.

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Gult, sb. guilt, S, S2, C, PP; gylt, C; glit, S, PP; gylte, PP; glite, PP; gultes, pl. faults, S, PP; gultus, S2.—AS. gylt.

Gulten, v. to sin, S; gilte, pt. s., S; gulte, pl., PP; i-gult, pp., S.—AS. gyltan.
Gulty, adj. guilty, C, PP; gylty, PP; gilty, PP; gelty, S.—AS. gyltig.

Gultyf, adj. guilty, G; giltyf, G, HD.

Gumen, pl. men, S; see Gome.

Gumme, sb. gum; see Gomme.

Gunge, adj. young, S; gungest, superl., youngest, S; gunkeste, S; see 3ong.

Gunnen, pt. pl. began, did; see Ginnen. Gur, your, S; see 3e. TAKKE

Gurdel, sb. girdle, S; see Girdel.
Gurden, v. to strike, MD; gurde),

imp. pl., S2; see Girden.

Gurles, sb. pl. children (of either sex), C, PP; gerles, PP. Phr.: knave gerlys, boys, HD. Cf. Gyrle.

Guthede, sb. youth, S; see 3outhede. Gyde, sb. clothing, S3, MD; gide, MD,

Gyde, sb. guide, C3.

Gyden, v. to guide, C2, C3, Palsg.—OF. guider.

Gyen, v. to guide, direct, PP, Prompt.; gye, S₃, C₂, C₃; gie, PP; gyede, pt. s., PP, S₂.—OF. guier, guider.

Gylofre, sb. gillyflower, S2 (s.v. clowe); see **Gerrafiour**.

Gylt, adj. gilt, PP; gulte, PP; gilte, PP, C2.

Gylt, v. to gild, S3.

Gymp, adj. slim, delicate, short, scanty, S₃; gimp, JD; neat, HD; jimp, HD, DG; gym, trim, spruce, S₃; gim, DG; jim, DG; jemmy, DG.

Gyrle, sb. a child, generally a girl, but also used of a boy, MD; gerles, pl., MD; girles, MD. Cf. Gurles.

Gyrss, sb. grass; see Gras.

Gyse, sb. guise, manner, C, PP, Prompt.; gise, C, S₃; gyss, S₃.—AF. guise. See Wyse.

Gysse, sb. pl. geese, S3; see Gos.

H.

Ha, pron. he, S, S2. See He. Habben, Habe; see Hauen.

Haberdasher, sb. a seller of small wares, C, SkD (p. 809).

Haberdashrie, sb. haberdashery, SkD. **Haberioun**, sb. habergeon, a piece of armour to defend the neck and breast, PP;

armour to delend the neck and breast, PP; haburioun, W, W2; hawbyrgon, Voc.; haburjon, S2; habergeoun, C2; haberion, PP.—OF. hauberjon, from hauberc. See Hauberk.

Habilitie, sb. ability, S3. See Abilite. Hable, adj. able, S3, MD. See Abil. Haboundanle, adv. abundantly, S3. See Habundantly.

Habounde, v. to abound, NED, S₃, C₂; see Habunde.

Habundance, sb. abundance, C2. Habundant, adj. abundant, C2. Habundantly, adv. abundantly, C3. Habunde, v. to abound, NED.—OF. habonder, abunder; Lat. abundare.

Hac, conj. but, S; see Ac.

Hacche, sb. hatch, PP; hach, hatch of a ship, S2.—Cp. Dan. hække.

Had, sb. state, order, rank, person (of Christ), S; pl. ranks (of angels), S.—AS. hád; cp. OHG. heit.

Hæ-; see under He-.

Hæhst, highest; see Heighest.

Hæleő, sb. warrior; see Heleő.

Hæne, adj. pl. poor, S. See Heyne. Hærre, sb. lord, S. See Herre. Hæ3e, adv. highly, S; see Heighe. Haf, Hafst, Hafö; see Hauen. Hafed, sb. head, S. See Heued. Hafed-men, sb. pl. prelates, S. Hage-faderen; see Heh-fader. Hagge, sb. a hag, P; hegge, MD. Hagt, sb. (!), S.

Hah, adj. high, S; see Heigh.

Hail, sb. hail, PP; heal, S3; haille, PP; hayle, PP.—AS. hagol.

Hail, adj. hale, whole, sound, S; heal, S; heil, S. Cf. Hool.

Haile, adv. wholly, S₃; haill, S₃.

Hailen, v. to greet, Cath., MD; heilen, MD, S₂.

Hailsen, v. to greet, to say 'hail,' MD, Cath., P, S₃; haylsen, S₃; halsen, S₂, S₃. — Icel. heilsa; cp. AS. hálsian, to greet, see Sievers, 411.

Hailsinge, sb. salutation, Cath.; halsing, S2.

Hailsum, adj. wholesome, S3.

Hakeney, sb. horse, nag, C₃, PP; equillus, Voc.; mannus, Voc.—AF. hakenai, hakeney.

Hakeney-man, sb. one who lets out horses, P; equiferus, Voc.; hakneyman, Voc.

Hal, sb. a secret place, MD; hale, dat.,

Halde, pt. s. inclined, S. See Helden. Halely, adv. wholly, S2; haly, S2. See

Halen, v. to hale, drag, S, S2, S3, Prompt.; halle, PP.—OS. halon; cp. OFris. halia; from Teutonic comes OF. haler.

Halende, sb. the Saviour, S; see Helende.

Halewen, v. to hallow, consecrate, S2, W2, PP; halwen, S2, S3, PP, C3; hallen, S; halsed, pt. s., S2; y-halsed, S2.—AS. hálgian. See Holi.

Halewis, sb. pl. saints, W; halechen, S; see Halwes.

Half, sb. side, S, S2; healf, S; halne, dat, S; pl., S; halnes, G. Phr.: o Godess hallfe, on God's behalf, S.—AS. healf.

Halflingis, adv. half, S3.

Halfpeny, sb. halfpeny, MD; halpens, pl., W.

Hali, adj. holy, S, S2. See Holl.

Halidom, sb. a holy thing, holy relics, en, pp.

S, P; halydom, S₂; hali;domess, pl., S.—AS. háligdóm.

Hali-write. sb. holy writ, S.

Halizen, v. to hallow, S; see Hale-wen.

Halke, sb. comer, recess, S, Prompt., MD; halkes, pl., C3; halkes, S2.

Halle, sb. hall, Cath., S, C2; hallen, dat., S.—AS. heall.

Halp, pt. s.; see Helpen.

Hals, sb. neck, S, S2, C2, C3.—AS. heals; cp. Icel. háls.

Halsien, v. to embrace, MD; halsen, Cath., Prompt.; hals, H.—AS. healsian; cp. Icel. hálsa.

Halsien, v. to beseech, conjure, MD; halsen, S2, C2.

Hals-man, sb. executioner, HD.

Halsynge, sb. embrace, Cath.

Halt, adj. lame, MD.

Halten, v. to walk as lame, MD; halted, pt. pl., S2.—AS. healtian.

Haluen-del, sb. the half, S, G; haluendele, PP.

Halwes, sb. pl. saints, C3; halewis, W; halhes, S; halechen, S; halejen, dat., S; haljen, S2; halhen, S; halege, sb., saint, S; halgh, S2. See Holi.

Hal3ed, pt. s.; see Halewen.

Ham, them, S, S2; see Hem.

Ham, sb. home, S. See Hoom.

Hamer, sb. hammer, C, C3. — AS. hamor.

Hamly, adv. familiarly, heartily, H. See **Homliche**.

Hamlynes, sb. intimacy, H. See **Homlinesse**.

Hand, sb. hand, MD; hond, S, S2, C2; hond, W, W2; honde, dat., S, S2, C3; hand, pl., S; hend, S, S2; hende, S2; honde, S; honden, S, S2; handes, S; hondes, S, S3, C2, C3, P.—AS. hand (hond).

Hand-ful, sb. sheaf, S, MD.

Handidandi, sb. forfeit, P; handiedandie, HD.

Handlen, v. to handle, S, C2.

Hangen, v. (strong), to hang; (1) tr., MD; heng, pt. s.; C2; hengen, pl., S; heengen, S2; hongen, pp., MD; (2) intr. heng, pt. s., C3, MD; hyng, S2, MD; hing, MD; hong, S3, MD; hynge, C.—AS. hange, I pr. s., heng, pt. s., hangen, pp.

Hangen. v. (weak) to hang; (1) intr., MD; hengen, S, MD; hongen, S, S2, S3; hongien, MD; hingen, S2; hing, MD; hyng, S2, S3, H; henged, pt. s., MD, S; honged, pl., S3, G; hangiden, W; henged, pp., S; (2) tr. hongede, pt. s., S2; hongide, W; hangede, MD; hanged, pp., P; y-honged, S2.—AS. hangian.

Hanselle, sb. handsel, earnest-money on a purchase, a gift, PP, Cath.; hansale, strena, Prompt.; haunsel, MD; hansel, P. HD.—Icel. handsal, the confirming of a bargain by shaking hands.

Hansellen, v. to handsel, to betroth, MD., Cath., Palsg.; i-hondsald, pp., S.-Icel. handsala.

Hap, sb. chance, fortune, C2, C3, PP; happe, S2, W; happes, pl., P.—Icel. happ.

Happen, v. to hap, chance, P, S2, C2, C3; hapte, pt. s., MD.

Happiliche, adv. perchance, P; happily, P

Happy, adj. lucky, S3.

Happyn, v. to wrap up, Prompt., MD; hap, JD; happis, pr. s., S3; happid, pt. s., HD; happid, pp., H.

Happynge, sb. wrapping, H.

Harborowe, v. to harbour; see Herberwe.

Harde, adj. hard, severe, disastrous, parsimonious, PP, C2; hard, S; harde, herdure, adj. comp., S; harde, adv., severely, S, S2; hard, with difficulty, W. Comb.: harde clodes, sackcloth, S. Phr.: of hard, with difficulty, W, W2 .- AS. heard. **Hardeliche.** adv. bravely, S, S2;

hardely, S3. **Harden**. v. to make hard; y-harded,

pp., C2. **Hardenen**, v. to harden; harrdenesst,

2 pr. s., S. Hardi, adj. hardy, S, W2; bold, daring, S2; hardy, C2, PP.—OF. hardi.

Hardiliche, adv. boldly, P; hardilike, S; hardily, C2; hardiloker, comp.,

Hardiment, sb. boldness, MD; hardyment, S2.

Hardinesse, sb. boldness, C2; hardynesse, W, PP.

Harding, sb. a hardening, C2.

Here.

Harlot, sb. beggar, vagabond, ribald, Hast, sb. haste, PP.—Cp. OSwed. hast.

buffoon, rascal, C. PP; herlot, acrobat, H; harlotte, MD; harlotes, pl., P; herlotis, H; adj. scoundrelly, S3.—OF. harlot, herlot, arlot.

Harlotrie, sb. tale-telling, jesting talk, ribaldry, buffoonery, P; harlatrye, jesting =Lat. scurrilitas (εὐτραπελία), W; harlo**tries**, *pl.*, C.

Harm, sb. harm, S; hearm, S; hearm, S; harem, S; hærme, dat., S; harme, S, C2; hermes, pl., damages, S; harmes, PP.—AS. hearm.

Harmen, v. to harm, S; hearmed, pr. s., S; hermie, subj., S.—AS. hearmian.

Harne-panne, sb. the cranium, skull, Cath.; harnpanne, Voc.; harnpane, Voc.; hernepanne, HD.

Harnes, sb. pl. brains, Voc., Cath., HD; hernes, S; hernes, S2.— Icel. hjarni, the brain; cp. Goth. hwairnei.

Harneys, sb. armour, C, PP, S3; herneys, C, PP.-OF. harneis.

Harneysed, pp. equipped, C.

Haro! interj. a cry for assistance raised in Normandy by any one wronged, HD; harow, PP; harrow, an exclamation of distress, C, C3, PP.—AF. harro! OF. haro, harol, Cotg., Palsg., p. 501, Bartsch.

Harre, sb. hinge, C, CM. See Herre. **Harryng**, sb. growling like a dog, S2.

Harwen, v. to harrow, harry, ravage, PP, MD, CM; herwen, MD; herien, S2; harowen, PP, MD; hærsien, S; hersien, MD.—AS. hergian. See Here.

Hary, v. to drag violently, CM; harry, to drag, to vex, HD; haried, pp., C.—OF. harier, to harry, hurry, vex (Cotg.).

Has. sb. command, S; see **Heste**.

Hasard, sb. the game of hazard played with dice, C3, Voc.—OF. hasard, hasart.

Hasardour, sb. a dice-player, C3, Voc.; haserder, Voc.—AF. hasardour, OF. hasardeur.

Hasardrye, sb. gaming, playing at hazard, C3.

Hase, adj. hoarse, H. See Hoos.

Haske, sb. a wicker fish-basket, ND,

Haspe, sb. a hasp, fastening of a door, Manip.; hespe, Prompt., Cath. — AS. hæpse (Voc.).

Haspen, v. to hasp, obserare, Manip.; Hares, pl. hairs, S2; haris, S3. See hasped, pp., S2; y-hasped, P; i-haspet,

Hasten, v. to haste; hasteth, imp. pl.,

Hastif. adj. hasty, C2; hastyfe, S3. OF. hastif.

Hastiliche, adv. quickly, S2; hasteliche, S; hastily, C2; hastly, S2! hestely, S₃

Hat. adj. hot, S; hatere, comp., S. See Hoot.

Hate, sb. heat, S; see **Hete**.

Haten (1), v. to bid, promise, call; hete, I pr. s., S2, C3; hote, S2; hicht, S2; hight, S3; hateb, pr. s., bids, S; hat, S; hot, S; hoot, S; hat, pl., S2; hæhte, pt. s., called, S; hehte, ordered, called, S; hihte, S2; hiht, S2; hi3t, S2; het, ordered, promised, S, S2; heelten, pl., S; hight, S2; hyghte, C2; hoteo, imp. pl., promise, S; heete, pr. s. subj., C; gehaten, pp., S; i-haten, S; i-hate, S; i-hote, S; y-oten, S; hoten, called, S, P; hotene, promised, S; hote, P; hette, S2; hight, S2; hyht, S2; hecht, S3; y-hy3t, S2; y-hoten, PP; y-hote, PP; i-hote, S2. -AS. hátan, pt. héht, pp. háten.

Haten (2), v. to be called; hoten, S, MD; hote, C; hatte, MD; het, MD; hight, MD; hist, 1 pr. s., S2; hyst, pr. s., S2; hat, P; hattest, 2 pr. s., S; hatte, 1 pr. s., am called, S; pr. s., S2; hatte, pt. s., was called, S, MD; hette, MD; hete, MD; highte, C2; hashte, S; hehte. S; hecht, S3; hyghte, S2; hiht, S2; hy3t, S2; het, S, S2; hat, S2.—AS. hátan, pr. and pt. hátte; cp. Goth. haitada, I am called, see Sievers, 367. The forms of AS. Hatan (1) are often used by confusion in the place of the old passive forms.

Hatere, sb. clothing, HD, PP, Prompt.; hater, PP; heater, S; hatren, pl., clothes, S2.—AS. hæteru, pl. garments, see Sievers, 290.

Haterynge, sb. dress, PP.

Hathel, sb. noble one, S2; see Athel. Hatien, v. to become hot; hatte, pt. s., S; yhat, pp., S2.—AS. hátian. See Hoot.

Hatien, v. to hate, MD, S, S2; hatede, pt. s., C2.—AS. hatian.

Hatreden, sb. hatred, MD; hateredyn, H; hatredyn, H; hatrede, dat., S.

Hatterliche, adv. savagely, S; see Heterly.

Hauberk, sb. a coat of ringed mail, S2. C, C2.—OF. hauberc; OHG. halsberc, lit. neck-defence.

Hauk, sb. hawk, C2, PP, S2; hauec, S; havekes, gen., S; pl., S2; heauekes, S. Hauke, v. to hawk, C2; hawkyd, pt. s.,

Haukynge, sb. hawking, P; an haukyng, on hawking, a-hawking, C2.

Haunt, sb. abode, C2; skill from practice, C; use, custom, PP.

Haunten, v. to frequent, practise, make use of, PP, C3, S3, S2, W, H; hant, S3; HD.—OF. hanter, to frequent.

Hauteyn, adj. loud, MD, C3; havteyn, haughty, H; howteyne, H(n) - OF. hautain, high.

Hauekes, *gén*. of **Hauk**.

Hauen, v. to have, S; habben, S, S2; abbe, S2; haben, S; habe, S; han, S2, C2; haue, C2, PP; haf, S2; aue, 1 pr. s., S; ha, pr. s. subj., S3; hafst, 2 pr. s., S; hafesst, S; heefuest, S; hauest, S2; hest, S; haff, pr. s., S; hafef, S; hauef, S; haues, S_2 ; hat; S_2 ; hep, S_2 ; hes, S_3 ; auco, S; ab, S_2 ; habbet, $2 \not ol$. S; habbed, pl., S, S₂; abbed, S₂; habed, S; habbes, S2; han, S2, S3; hafd, I pt. s., S2; haued, S2; hauid, S2; hafdes, 2 pt. s., S; hafde, pt. s., S; haffde, S; hefde, S; hefede, S; hedde, S; heuede, S; hadde, S2, C2; adde, S, S2; hæfden, pl., S; hafden, S; haffdenn, S; hefden, S; hedden, S; hadden, S, C2; hadde, S; hade, S; heuede, S2; hafd, pp., S2; y-hadde, S2; haiffeing, pr. p., S3; haze=hae+us, have us, S3.—AS. habban, pt. s. hafde, pp. gehæfd.

Hauene, sb. haven, S, S2, CM; haunes, pl., 2.—AS. hæfene.

Hauene, v. to take harbour; hauenyden, pt. pl., W.

Hauer, sb. oats, P; havyr, Cath.; hafyr. Voc.-Cp. Du. haver, G. hafer.

Hauer-cake, sb. oat-cake, Cath. (n): havyre-cake, HD.

Hauer-grasse, sb. wild oats, Cath. (n), HD.

Havyng, sb. behaviour, S2; hawyng,

Haw, adj. azure, S3, JD; hawe, grey, MD; haa, MD.—Cp. AS. hawen, sea-blue. Hawbart, sb. halberd, S3.—OF. halebarde.

Hawe, sb. hedge, enclosure, C3, MD; haje, MD; hahe, MD; hagh, HD.—AS. haga, hedge (Voc.).

Hawe. sb. hawthorn-berry, MD, C2, PP, Cath.—AS. haga (Voc.).

Hawe-thorne, sk, hawthorn, PP, Prompt.; hajborn, MD.—ONorth. hagaborn (Mat. 7. 16).

Haye, sb. a hedge, a kind of springe to catch rabbits, S₃; hay, ND.—OF. haie (haye), a hedge.

Hay-warde, sb. hodge-warden, PP; haiwarde, PP; haywayd, Voc.; hetward, S.—From AS. hege, hedge, and weard.

Hazheliz, adv. becoming S; hazhelike, S.—Icel. hagliga, skilfully, suitably, from hagr.

Hajhern adj. skilful, MD; hawur, MD; hav(r, MD; hajherrlike, adv., becomingly, S. See above.

He, pron. he, S; used indefinitely, = one of you, P; leo, S; hi, S; hie, S; ha, S, S2; a, S2; je, S2; e, S; has=he+hes, he them, S; hes=he+hes, he her, S.

Hea-; sée under He-. Heal, sb. hail, S3; see Hail.

Healden, v. to pour, S; see Helden. Healen, sb. pl. dat. heels, S; see Heele.

Heanen, v. to oppress, afflict, S; heaned, pt. s., S; heaned, pp., afflicted, S.—Cp. AS. hynan, to humble, from hean, despised. See Heyne.

Heas, sb. command; hease, dat., S. See Heste.

Heascen, v. to insult, MD; heascede, pt. s., S.—Cp. AS. hyscan.

Heater, sb. clothing, S; see **Hatere**. **Heaued**, sb. head, S; see **Heued**.

Heaued-sunne, sb. capital sin, deadly sin, S.

Hecht; see Haten.

Hecseities, pl. a term in logic, S3. **Hedde. Hedden.** had; see **Hauen.**

Hede, sb. heed, care, C2, PP.

Heden, v. to heed, S; hedde, pt. s., SkD; hedd, MD.—AS. hédan: OS. hódian, cp. OHG. huaten (Otfrid).

Hee-; see under He-.

Hee, adj. high; see Heigh.

Heed, sb. head, C2, C3, G, W; see **Heued**.

Heedlyng, adv. headlong, W.

Heele, sh. heel, PP; helis, pl., PP; helen, dat., S; healen, S.—AS. héla.

Heep, sb. heap, crowd, number, PP, W2; hep, PP; hepe, Cath., G, PP.—AS. heap; cp. OHG. houf (Otfrid).

Heer, sb. hair, S₃, C₃; heere, W, PP; see Here.

Heer, adv. here, C2, PP; her, S, S2, C; her, S; hier, S2; hire, G. Comb.: her-afterward, hereafter, C3; her-buore, heretofore, S2; herbiforn, C3; her-inne, herein, C3; her-onont, as regards this, S; her-to, hereto, C3; for this cause, W; heer-vpon, hereupon, C2.

Heete; see Haten (1).

Hefden; see Hauen.

Hegge, sb. hedge, S, C, W2; hegges, pl., P; heggis, W2.—AS. hegge (dat.) in Chron. ann. 547.

Hegh, sb. haste, H; see Hye.

Heh, adj. high, S, S2, PP; see Heigh. Heh-dai, sb. high day, festival, MD; hase-date, dat., S.

Hehe, adv. highly, S; see Heighe.

Heh-engel, sb. archangel, S.—A.S. héahengel.

Heh-fader, sb. patriarch, SD; hage-faderen, pl. dat., S.—AS. héahfader.

Hehlich, adj. noble, proud, perfect, MD; hely, S3.—AS. héahlic.

Hehliche, adv. highly, splendidly, loudly, MD; hethliche, S2; hellyche; hehliche, S; hehlice, S; heglice, S.—AS. heahlice.

Hehne, adj. contemptible, S; see Heyne. Hehnesse, sb. highness, MD; heynesse, S3; heghnes, S2; hignesse, W.—AS. heahness.

Heh-seotel, sb. high-seat, throne, S; hegsettle, dat., S.—AS. héahsetl.

Hei, sb. hay, grass, Voc., W; see Hey. Hei, adj. high, S, S2; see Heigh.

Heien, v. to extol, S; see Higen.

Heigh, adj. high, chief, principal, noble, PP, CM, C2, S2; hei3, PP, S2; hey3, S3; heih, S; heh, S, S2, PP; hegh, S2, S3; hey, PP, C2, S, S2; hei, S, S2; heg, S; heye, S, S2; hi3, W, S; hy3e, S2; hihe, C; hi, PP; hy, C2; heeh, S; hah, S; hee, S2.—AS. héah, héh.

Heighe, adv. highly, PP; heise, PP, S2; heye, S, S2, PP; hehse, S; hehe, S; hehe, S, heie, S, S2; hye, C2; he, S2; hese, S.—AS. heage, heah.

Heigher, adj. comp. higher, C, CM; heyer, S2, C3; hyer, S3; herre, S, P.—AS. hérra.

Heighest, adj. superl. highest, PP; heghest, S2; heh; hesst, S; hegest, S; hest, S2; hehst, S.—AS. héhst.

Heih, adj. high; see Heigh.

Heind, adj.; see **Hende**.

Heir, sb. heir, S, C2; see Eir.

Hei-ward, sb. hedge-warden, hayward, S; see Hay-warde.

Hekele, sb. hatchel, mataxa, Prompt.; hechele, hatchel for flax, HD; hekylle, mataxa, Voc., Cath.; heckle, comb, Manip.; hekkill, heckle, cock's comb, S3; heckle, HD.—Cp. Du. hekel, hatchel.

Helde, sb. age, S; see Elde.

Helde, sb. a slope, S; heldes, pl., MD. Helden, v. to tilt, to incline, S, S2, W; healden, to pour, S; helde, pt. s., W; halde, S; helded, S2; heldid, H; held, pp., S2.—AS. heldan; cp. Icel. halla, to incline; E. heel (over). See Hell.

Heldynge, sb. an inclining aside, H. Hele, sb. health, soundness, S, S2, S3, C; hale, S; heale, S, S3; hel, S2; heles, pl., S2.—AS. h&lu.

Helen, v. to cover, conceal, CM, P, S, S2; heolen, S; halen, pp., S; heled, S2; hole, MD.—AS. helan, pt. hal, pp. holen; cp. OHG. helan (Otfrid).

Helen, v. to heal, PP, S2, C2; halyd, pp., H.—AS. hálan; cp. OHG. heilen (Otfrid).

Helende, sb. the Saviour, the Healer, S; halende, S; healent, S.—AS. hálend; cp. OHG. heilant (Otfrid).

Heleth, sb. armed man, warrior, MD; heleo, MD; heleoes, pl., S.—AS. heleo; cp. G. held.

Helfter, sb. noose, snare, S.—AS. hælftre (Voc.); see SkD. (s. v. halter).

Heling, sb. salvation, S2.

Hell, v. to pour out, H; hel, I pr. s., H; hell, imp. s., H; helles, pl., H; helland, pr. p., H; helt, pt. s., H; pp., H.

—Icel hella, to pour. See Helden.

Helle, sb. hell, C2, MD, PP; = infernum, W.—AS. hell: OHG. hella: Goth. halja.

Helle-fur, sb. hell-fire, S.—AS. helle-fyr. Helle-hound, sb. hell-hound, MD.

Helle-muo, sb. mouth of hell, S.

Helme, sb. a helm, covering for the head, PP, CM; helm, MD.—AS. helm; cp. Goth. hilms.

Helmed, adj. provided with a helm, C2, CM.

Help, sb. help, C2, PP.

Helpen, v. tehelp, S2; halp, pt. s., C2, PP; halpe, PP S2; pl., P; holpyn, P; hulpen, P; holpen, pp., C, C2, PP; holpe, P; hulpe, P.—AS. helpan; pt. healp; pp. holpen; cp. Goth. hilpan.

Helplees, adj. helpless, C3; helples, PP.

Helthe, sb health, salvation, S2; heelthe, W.—AS. helt.

Hem, prompl. dat. and acc. them, S, S₂, S₃, C₂, W, P; hom, S, S₂; ham, S, S₂; him, C₂; heom, S.—AS. him, heom, dat. pl.

Hem-self, pron. themselves S, C3, PP; hemselven, PP; hemself, W, V2; hemsile, PP.

Hende, adv. at hand, S2.

Hende, adj. near at hand, landy, courteous, S, S2, G, P; heind, S2; hinde, S3; hendest, superl., S; hendest, S.—AS. (ge)hende.

Hendeliche, adv. courteously, S, S2, P; hendeliche, S; hendely, S2; hendeliche, S3.

Hendi, adj. gracious, courteous, S2; hendy, S2, MD.—AS. hendig (in compounds): Goth. handugs, clever.

Heng, pt. s. hung; see Hangen.

Henge, sb. hinge, MD; hengis, pl., W2. See Hangien.

Henne, adv. hence, S, C₃, PP; heonne, S; hennen, S.—AS. heonan.

Hennes, adv. hence, S, S₂, P, W; hennus, W; hoonnes, PP.

Hennes-forth, adv. henceforth, C2. Henten, v. to seize, Prompt., S3, C3, P; hente, pt. s., PP, S2, C2, C3, HD; hynt, S3; hent, S2, PP, S3; pp., S3, C2, C3; y-hent, C3.—AS. hentan.

Henter, sb. a thief, HD.

Heo-; see under He-.

Heo, pron. she, S, S2, P; hi, S; hye, S; hie, MD; he, S, S2, P; hue, S2; ha, S; ho, S2, S3; 3eo, S; 3ho, S; 3he, S2; 3e, S (s. v. ge); heo, acc., her, S.—AS. héo.

Heo, pron. he, S; see He.

Heom, pron. them, S; see Hem. Heo-seolf, she herself, S.

Hep. sb. heap; see Heep.

Hepe, sb. hip, the fruit of the dog-rose, SkD, MD; heepe, CM.—AS. heope.

Hepe-tre, sb. cornus, Voc., Cath. Heraud, sb. herald, S3, C; heraudes, pl., C, PP.—OF. heraud, herault, heralt.

hairbis, pl., S3; herbes, C2; erbez, S2; eerbis, W2 .- OF. herbe; Lat. herba.

Herbere, sb. garden of herbs, S3; herber, PP, CM; erber, PP; erberes, pl., S3.

Herbergage, sb. lodging, S2, C2, C3. -AF. herbergage, from OF. herberge, encampment (Roland).

Herbergeour. sb. provider of lodging, C3.—OF. herbergeur.

Herbergeri, sb. lodging, S2.—OF. herbergerie.

Herberwe, sb. lodging, shelter, harbour, place of refuge, camp, S, PP; herborewe, W; herbergh, C, PP; herbors, PP; herbore, W.—Icel. herbergi, lit. armyshelter. See Here.

Herberwe, v. to harbour, lodge, S3, PP; herborowe, PP; harborowe, S3; herborwe, PP; herborwed, pp., S; herborid, W. See above.

Herbore-les, adj. homeless, W.

Herce, sb. triangular form, S3; herse, a framework whereon lighted candles were placed at funerals, HD; burden of a song, S3 .- OF. herce, a harrow; Lat. hirpicem.

Herd, adj. haired, C.

Herde, adj. pl. hard, S; see Harde.

Herde. sb. herd, grex, PP.—AS. heord. **Herde.** sb. shepherd, CM; hirde, S, H; hird, S3, H; hurde, keeper, guardian, S; hirdis, pl., W, H.—AS. hierde (heorde), herdsman; cp. OHG. hirti (Otfrid).

Herde-man, sb. herdsman, S3; heordemonne, gen. pl., S.

Herdes, sb. pl. the refuse of flax, MD; hardes, Voc., Cath.; heerdis, CM; hyrdys, Prompt.; heorden, dat., S.—AS. heordan.

Herdes, pl. lands, S; see Erd.

Here, sb. hair, S, CM, S3; her, S2; heer, S3, C3; heere, W, PP; heare, S3; hore, MD; hares, pl., S2; haris, S3; heres, C2; heeris, W; heiris, W2.—AS. hár; cp. OHG. hár (Otfrid).

Here, sb. hair-cloth, S, S2; haire, Cath.; hayre, Voc.; heare, S; heire, W2, PP; heyre, C3, P, W; haigre, dat., S.—AS. hare.

Here, sb. host, army, S, S2.—AS. here: Goth. harjis.

Here, pron. of them, their, S, S2, C, PP; her, S, S3, C2, C3, PP; heore, S; Prompt. — OF. hairon: It. aghirone: huere, S2; hore, S; hor, S2; hare, S, OHG. heigero.

Herbe, sb. herb, Voc.; eerbe, W2; | S2; hir, C2; hire, S; hern, herne, gen. theirs, W, W2.—AS. hira (heora).

> Here, pron. and poss. pron. her, C3, PP; see Hire.

> **Hered-men**, sb. pl. retainers, S; see Hired-men.

Heren, v. to hear, S, C2; hiren, to obey, S, MD; huren, MD; hæren, S; hieren, MD, S2; heir, S3; heored, I pr. pl., S; herde, pt. s., S, S2, C2; herd, \$2; hurde, S2; hard, S3; herden, pl., G; hard, pp., S3; herd, C2; y-hyerd, S2; ihurd, S2.—AS. héran: OS. hórian.

Here-toge, sb. leader of an army, MD; heretoche, S.—AS. heretoga; cp. G. herzog.

Here-word, sb. praise, S.

Here-wurde, adj. worthy of praise, S. **Herield**, adj. given as a heriot, S3.— Low Lat. heregeldum, see Ducange (s. v. heriotum). See Heriet.

Herien, v. to praise, S, C2, C3; herie, W; herye, S3, S2; i-heret, pp., S.—AS. herian: Goth. hazjan.

Herien, v. to harry, S2; see Harwen. Heriet, sb. a heriot, equipment falling to the lord of the manor on decease of a tenant, MD .- AS. heregeatu, military equipment. See Here, Herield.

Hering, sb. herring, MD; herringe, S2 (8 b. 46); elringe, S2 (probably an error). Cp. AF. harang.

Heriynge, sb. praise, W; heryinge, S2. Herken, v. to hark, MD; herk, S2.

Herknen, v. to hearken, S, C2; herenen, heroni, S.—AS. hearcnian.

Herknere, sb. listener, S3.

Herlot, sb. acrobat, H; see Harlot.

Hermes. sb. pl. harms, damages, S; see

Hermyne, sb. ermine, S; ermine, S.— OF. hermine.

Herne, sb. a corner, S2, C3, P; hirne, S, PP, H, S3; hyrne, H; hurne, S, S2; huirnes, pl., S2, PP.—AS. hyrne.

Herne, sb. heron, Prompt.; see Heron. Herne-panne, sb. scull, HD; see Harne-panne.

Hernes. sb. pl. brains, S2; see **Harnes**. Herneys, sb. armour, C; see Harneys. Hernez, sb. pl. eagles, S2; see Ern.

Heron, sb. heron, MD; heiroun, MD; heyrone, MD; heroun, MD; herne, Prompt.; Prompt.; heryn, heern,

Heronsewe, sb. a heron, a young heron, C2, Cath.; herunsew, HD; hearnesew, HD; hernshaw, HD, SkD.—AF. herouncel (OF. heronceau).

Herre, sb. a hinge, Prompt., MD; harre, Cath., C; har, JD, Voc.; herris, pl., W2; herrys, H.—AS. heorr; cp. Icel. hjarri.

Herre, sb. lord, master, MD; hærre, S.—AS. hearra; cp. OS. hérro.

Herse, sb. burden of a song, S3; see Herce.

Hert, sb. hart, S2, C, C2, W2; hertes, pl., S2; hertis, W2, PP.—AS. heort, heorot, heorut; see Brugmann, § 67. 5.

Herte, sb. heart, S, PP, S2, C2; hairt, S3; hurte, S2; huerte, S2; hierte, S; heorte, S, PP; hert, S2; hertes, pl., S, C2, C3; hertis, P.—AS. heorte; cp. Goth. hairto.

Herte-blood, sb. heart's blood, C3. **Herteles**, adj. without courage, C; hartlesse, S3; hertles, foolish, W2.

Hertely, adj. hearty, MD; hertly, C2; joyous, W2.

Hertely, adv. heartily, S3, C2; herteliche, S.

Herten, v. to cheer, HD, S3, S; hertid, pp., wise, W2.

Herte-spon, sb. brisket-bone, C.

Herting, sb. cheering, S.

Heruest, sb. harvest, S, S2, P.—AS. harfest.

Heruest-trees, sb. pl. autumnal trees = arbores autumnales, W.

Hes. he, her; see He.

Hesmel, sb. collar (?), S.

Hesn, sb. command, MD; hesne, pl., S.—Formed from AS. hds. See Heste.

Hespe. sb. hasp; see Haspe.

Heste, sb. command, S, S2, C2, C3, PP; has, S; hes, S; hest, S; hesse, dat., S; hese, pl., S; hestes, S, S2, S3, C2; heestis, W; hestene, gen., S.—AS. h&s.

Hete, sb. heat, S, C3, PP; heete, S; heat, S; hit, S; hate, dat., S.—AS. hétan.
Hete, v. to heat, Cath., S2.—AS. hétan.

Hete, sb. hate, S.—AS. hete: OS. heti. Hetel, adj. hateful, cruel, horrible, MD. Hetelifaste, adv. cruelly, S.

Heten, v. to promise, MD, S2, C3, H; see Haten.

Heter, adj. rough, MD.

Heterly, adv. fiercely, violently, S2; hetterly, S2; heterliche, MD; hatterliche, S; heatterliche, S.

Heth, sb. heath, PP, CM; heethe, dat., C.—AS. hát; cp. Icel. heitr.

Hethen, adj. heathen, S, S2, C3, PP; hathene, S; heatene, S; heatene, S.—AS. haten.

Heten, adv. hence, S, S2, S3, H; eten, S.—Icel. hédan.

Hethenesse, sô. heathendom, S, C₃, PP.—AS. háðennis.

Hethenlich, adv. in heathen manner, W.

Heoing, sb. scoffing, scorn, S2, HD, CM; hethyngis, pl., H.—Icel. having.

Hette; see Haten.

Hetyng, sb. promising, H. See Meten. Heued, sb. head, S, S2, PP; heaued, S; heauet, S; hafed, S; hemed, S; heed, S; heed, S; heed, S2; heuet, S; heed, C2, C3, G, W; heuede, dat., S2; heeden, pl., S; heuedes, C2; heuiddes, S2; hedes, C3; heedes, C2, G; heedis, W.—AS. héafod.

Heued-clot, sb. head-cloth, S.

Heued-sunne, sb. a capital sin, deadly sin, S; hefed-sunne, S; heaued-sunne, S.

Heuegeo, pr. s. bears heavy on, S.—AS. hefigian.

Heuen, v. to heave, raise, S, S2, C; houe, pt. s.. S, MD; houen, pp., S2, MD.

—AS. hebban, pt. hof, pp. hafen.

Heuene, sb. heaven, PP; heouene, S; heuen, C2; heoffness, gen, S; hewynnis, S3; heofene, dat., S; heouene, S; heoffne, S; hefene, S; hetene, S; heuene, S; c2; hefenen, pl., S.—AS. heofon.

Heuenen, v. to raise, MD, S2. See Heuen.

Heuene-riche, sb. kingdom of heaven, S, S2, P; heoueneriche, S; heoueriche, S; heueriche, S.—AS. heofonrice.

Heuen-king, sb. King of Heaven, S. **Heuenliche**, adj. heavenly, S, C; heouenlich, S.

Heny, adj. heavy, mournful, PP; molestus, W; heuie, S; hefi, S; heuy, adv., W.—AS. hefig.

Heuyed. pp. made heavy, W.

Heuynesse, sb. heaviness, grief, PP, C2.

Hew, sb. colour, S, S2, S3; heou, S; heu, S2; hu3, S2; hu, S2; hiu, S; heowe,

dat., S; hewe, S2, C2; hewes, pl., colours for painting, C.—AS. hiw.

Hewe, sb. servant, P, MD; hewen, pl., P, MD.—AS. hiwan, pl. domestics, from hiw, family. See Hyne, Hired.

Hewed. adj. hued, S3, C; hwed, S2. **Hewen**, v. to hew, knock, C, PP; hiewh, pt. s., S2.—AS. héawan.

Hey, adj. high; see Heigh.

Hey, sb. hay, S_2 , C_2 , C_3 , W; hei, W; hai, S_2 ; heye, W.—AS. $h \not \in g$ (OET).

Heyda, interj. ho! there, SkD; hoighdagh, S3.—Cp. G. heida.

Heyne, adj. as sb. despised, worthless person, C3, CM, MD; hehne, adj. dat., contemptible, S; home, pl., poor, S.—AS. héan; cp. Goth. hauns.

Heyre. sb. hair-cloth, C3, P, W; see

Heythe, sb. height, Prompt.; heathe, S2; heyt, S2; hycht, S3. Phr.: on highte, aloud, C .- AS. héhou. See Heigh.

Heze, adj. high; see Heigh.

Hi-, prefix; see under 3e-.

Hi, pron. noun and acc. they, S, S2; hy, S, S2; i, S; hie, S; hii, S, S2; hij, P; hei, S; heo, S, S_2 ; ho, S; he, S, S_3 ; ha, S; hue, S2; a, S2.—AS. hi (hig), hie, heo.

Hi, pron. he, S; hie, S; see He. **Hid.** sb. privity = absconditum, H (p. 96). **Hidel**, sb. secrecy, secret, MD; hidils,

H, W, HD. Phr.: in hiddlis = (in occulto), W, W2.—AS. hýdels.

Hiden, v. to hide, PP; see Huden.

Hider, adv. hither, S, S2, C2, G, PP; hyder, PP; huder, PP; hidur, HD.-AS. hider, hiber.

Hider-to. adv. hitherto, S.

Hider-ward, adv. hitherward, S, S2, C2, P.

Hidous, adj. hideous, C; hydus, S2; hydows, immanis, Prompt.—OF. hidus (F. hideux).

Hidousnesse, sb. horror, W2.

Hierte, sb. heart, S; see **Herte**.

Hight, Hiht; see Haten. Hihe; see Heigh.

Hi-heren, v. to hear, S.—AS. gé-héran. See 30.

Hiht; see Haten. \

Hihten; see Histen.

Hil. sb. hill, S; see **Hul**.

hulen, S, S2, PP; hiled, pp., C, P, H; Goth. highhan, to catch.

hilid, W, H; hild, H; y-hyled, S3.-Icel. hylja.

Hilere, sb. protector, H; heyler, H. Hiling, sb. covering, S2, W, W2; hilynge, H.

Him, pron. dat. s. him, C2.

Him-seluen, pron. himself, C2, PP.

Hindir. adj. comp. hinder, latter, S3; hinder, JD; ender, S3. Phr.: this hyndyr nycht, this night last past, S3; this ender daie, S3.—Icel. hindri, hinder, latter.

Hine, pron. acc. him, S; hyne, S, S2; hin, S.—AS. hine.

Hine. sb. servant, MD; used of the Virgin Mary, MD; pl., S, S2; hinen, S; see

Hine-hede, sb. service, S2.

Hirde, sb. shepherd, S, H; see **Herde**. **Hirdnesse**, sb. flocks under a shepherd's care, S. See **Herde.**

Hire, pron. and poss. pron. her, S, S2, C; hure, PP, S; here, C3, PP; hir, C2, C3, PP; ire, S2; hires, hers, S2, C3; hire-selue, herself, S2; hir-selue, C2.— AS. hire (hyre).

Hire, adv. here, G; see Heer.

Hired, sb. body of retainers, S, MD: hird, household, company, courtiers, S, MD. — AS. hired, household = hiw + rid. See **Hewe**.

Hired-men, sb. pl. retainers, S; heredmen, S.

Hiren. v. to obey, S: see **Heren.**

Hirne, sb. corner, S, S3, PP, H; see Herne.

Hirten, v. to hurt, dash against, W. W2; see **Hurten**.

Hirtyng, sô. stumbling, W, W2; hortynge, dat., hurting, H (p. 96).

His, pron. f. acc. her, MD (p. 446), S; hies, S; hes, S; ys, MD; is, S2; hyse,

His, pron. pl. acc. them, S, S2; hise, S2; hes, S; is, S, S2; es, MD; ys, MD.

His, pron. poss. his. S, S2; hisse, S2; es. S; is, S, S₂; hise, pl., S, W, PP; hyse, S, PP.

Hit. pron. it, S, S2; hyt, S2; it, S, S2; hist, S2; hit (used as gen.), S2.—AS. hit. **Hit.** sb. heat, S; see **Hete**.

Hitten, v. to hit, Cath., PP, S2; hutten, MD; hitte, pt. s., cast down hastily, Hilen, v. to cover, protect, S, S2, W, H; P; hutte, PP; y-hyt, pp., S2.—Icel. hitta: Hiz, adj. high, W, S; see Heigh.

Hizen. v. to heighten, extol, W; heien, S; hieth, pr. s., W; i-heied, pp., S (p. 123); i-heejed, S; heghid, H.

Hizen, v. to hie, hasten, MD, W; hyzen, S2; hyen, S3, PP; hye, reflex., S2, C3; hisede, pt. s., S, S2, S3, PP; hised, pp., W; hied, PP.—AS. higan, higian.

Hizingli, adv. hastily, W.

Hi3t; see Haten.

Hizte, sb. delight, joy, S.—AS. hyht, joy; cp. hihting, joy, exultation (Voc.).

Hizten. v. to rejoice, be glad, S.—AS. hyhtan; cp. ge-hihtan (Voc.).

Hizten, v. to adorn, Trevisa, (1.41, 235 and 2.363); hight, HD; hihten, pt. pl., S. **Hizter.** sb. embellisher, Trevisa, (1. 7).

Hoball, sb. an idiot, S3; hobbil, HD. —Cp. Du. hobbelen, to toss, stammer, stutter.

Ho-bestez, sb. pl. she-beasts, S2. See

Hobie. sb. a kind of hawk, Manip.; hoby, Voc., Cath.; hobby, HD; hobies, pl., S3.-Cp. OF. hobreau (Cotg.).

Hod, sb. hood, S2, S3, PP; hode, C2, P; see **Hood**.

Hoddy-peke, sb. a hood-pick, HD; see Huddy-peke.

Hohful, adj. anxious, MD; hohfulle, S .- AS. hohful, from hogu, care.

Hoise, v. to hoist, lift up, WW; hoyse, S3; hyce, Palsg.; hyse, Palsg.; hoighced, pp., WW.-Cp. ODu. hyssen, G. hissen, Du. hijschen, also F. hisser.

Hok, sb. hook, MD; hoc, S2; hokes, pl., P.-AS. hóc.

Hoked, adj. provided with a hook, P; i-hoked, hooked, S.

Hoker, sb. mockery, scorn, MD; hokere, dat., S; hokeres, pl., S.—AS. hocor.

Hoker-lahter, sb. the laughter of scorn,

Hokerliche, adv. scornfully, S.

Hokerunge, sb. scom, MD; hokerringe, dat., S.

Hokkerye: see Hukkerye.

Hold, sb. a stronghold, C3.

Hold, adj. inclined to any one, gracious, friendly, S; holde, pl., S2.—AS. hold: Goth. hulps.

Holdelike, adv. graciously, S2.

Holden, v. to hold, observe, keep, consider, S, S2, PP; healden, S; halden, S, | Hon-; see also under Hun-.

S2, PP; hælden, S; helde, S; halst, 2 pr. s., S; halt, pr. s., S, S2, S3, C2; hallt, S; hauld, pl., S3; haldes, haldis, imp. pl., S2; heold, pt. s., S; heeld, C2; hield, S_2 ; huld, S_2 ; heoldon, pl., S; heolden, S; heolde, S; helde, C2, PP; hielden, S; hulde, S2; i-halden, pp., S; halden, S2; i-holde, S, S2; holden, S,C2; holde, beholden, S2; kept, C2; y-holde, S2, C3; y-holden, P; i-hialde, S.—AS. healdan.

Hole, pp. covered; see Helen.

Hole, adj. whole, C3; pl., entire, i.e. neatly mended up, P; see Hool.

Hole-foted, adj. whole-footed (i.e. webfooted), S2.

Hole-ly, adv. wholly, P; holly, S2, C; hollyche, S3; holliche, PP; holiche, PP. Holi, adj. holy, S, PP; holy, PP; hali, S, S_2 ; heali, S; ali, S; hali, S; hall, he,

S; haliche, adv., S.—AS. hálig. Holi-cherche, sb. Holy Church, P;

Holi-dai, sb. holiday, PP; haliday, P. Holi-gost, sb. Holy Ghost, PP; haligast, S.

Holle, sb. hull of a ship, SKD (p. 811). MD, Voc., Prompt.—AS. holh. Cf. Holwe. Holly, sb. holly, MD; holie, S; holy, Prompt. See Holyn.

Holpen, pp.; see Helpen.

holikirke, P.

Holsumliche, adv. wholesomely, S. See **Hool.**

Holt, sb. a wood, wooded hill, grove, MD; holte, C, PP; holtes, pl., S3, PP.— AS. holt (OET.).

Holwe, adj. hollow, C3, PP; howe, pl., S3, JD.—Cp. AS. holh, a hollow.

Holyn, sb. holly, S (p. 116), Voc., MD, Cath.; holin, S (p. 116); hollen, MD.— AS. holen, holegn.

Holyn-bery, sb. holly-berry, Cath.

Homage, sb. men, retainers, vassalage, S.—OF. homage.

Homicyde, sb. assassin, C2. — AF. homicide; Lat. homicida (Vulg.).

Homicyde, sb. manslaughter, murder, C3. — OF. homicide; Lat. homicidium (Vulg.).

Homliche, adj. meek, domesticus, W; homeli, W; hamly, adv. familiarly, heartily, H. See Hoom.

Homlinesse, sb. domesticity, C2; hamlynes, intimacy, H.

Homward, adv. homeward, S, C2.

Hond, sb. hand, S, S2, C2. See Hand. Hond-fast, pp. fastened by the hands, G. Honest, adj. honourable, worthy, C2, C3, PP; onest, W; oneste, W.—OF. honeste; Lat. honestum.

Honestetee, sb. honourableness, C2. **Honestly**, adv. honourably, C3.

Hong, pt. s. hung; see Hangen.

Hongede, pt. s. hung; see Hangen.

Hongede, pt. s. hung; see Hangen (2).

Honour, sb. honour, MD; honur, S2.

OF. honur; Lat. honorem.

Honoure, v. to honour, PP, C2; onuri, S; honur, S2; anuri, S; onouryuge, pr. p., W; anuret, imp. pl., S; anurede, pt. pl., S; anured, pp., S; onourid, W2.—OF. honorer (onurer); Lat. honorare.

Hony, sb. honey, PP, W.—AS. hunig. Hony-socle, sb. honeysuckle, Prompt.; locusta, Prompt.

Hony-souke, sh. chervil, cerifolium, Voc.; serpillum, pellitory, Voc.; locusta, Voc.; honysoukis, pl. (=locustae), W.—AS. hunigsuge, privet, also hunisuce (Voc.).

Hood, sb. hood, PP, MD; hud, MD; hod, S2, S3, PP; hode, C2, MD, P; hoode, C2; hude, Cath.—AS. hbd.

Hool, adj. whole, C2, W, PP; hol, S, S2, PP; hoole, S2, S3; hole, C3; hal, S.

—AS. hál; cp. Icel. heill. Cf. Hail.

Hoolsum, adj. wholesome, W; holsome, S3; holsum, S.—Cp. Icel. heilsamr.

Hoom, sb. home, CM; hom, S, S2;

MOOM, 50. nome, CM; hom, S, S2; om, S; ham, S; hom, adv., S2, C2; hoom, C2; haym, S3; heame, S3; whome, S3.—AS. hám, nom. and dat. loc., see Sievers, 237.

Hoor, adj. hoar, gray, C3; hor, PP; hore, pl., S3, G, P.—AS. har.

Hoornesse, sb. hoariness, W2.

Hoos, adj. hoarse, PP; hos, PP; hoose, W2; hors, PP; horse, CM; hase, H.—AS. has; cp. G. heiser.

Hoot, adj. hot, C3; hat, S; hate, S; hot, PP; hote, adv., S2; hatere, comp., S; hatture, S.—AS. hdt; cp. G. heiss.

Hope, sb. hope, MD; hoip, S3.—AS. hopa.

Hopen, v. to hope, MD; hope, to think, expect, H.

Hopper, sb. a seed-basket, HD; hoper, P; hopyr, com-basket, Voc.; hoppyr, farricapsa molendini, Cath.

Hoppesteres, sb. pl. dancers (viz. the ships), MD, C.—AS. hoppestre.

Hord, sh. hoard, S2, C3; horde, S, PP. | S; hunde, dat., S.—AS. hund.

-AS. hord: Goth. huzd; cp. Lat. custos, see Brugmann, § 469.

Horde-hows, sb. treasury, HD.

Hordere, sb. treasurer, SD.—AS. hordere (Voc.).

Horder-wice, sb. the office of treasurer; horderwycan, S.

Hore, sb. whore, PP; hoore, W, W2; horis, pl., W; hooris, W.—Icel. hora.

Horedom, sb. whoredom, PP; hordom, S, S2.—Icel. hordom.

Horeling, sb. fornicator, MD; horlinges, S.

Hori, adj. dirty, MD; hoory, MD.—AS. horig.

Horlege, sb. time-teller, clock, Cath. See Orologe.

Horlege-loker, sb. a diviner, haruspex,

Horowe, adj. foul, unclean, CM.—From AS. horh, filth (gen. horwes).

Horwed, pp. as adj. unclean, S2. Hors, sb. horse, S; pl., S, C2, PP;

horse, PP; horsus, PP.—AS. hors.

Horse-corser, sb. horse-dealer, S3. Horsly, adj. horselike, C2.

Horte, sb. hurt, S3. See Hurte.

Horten, v. to hurt, MD; see Hurten. Hortynge, sb. hurting, H (p. 96); see Hirtyng.

Hosel, sb. the Eucharist, MD, see Husel.

Hoseli, v. to housel, S2; see Muslen. Hosen, sb. pl. stockings, S, C2, G; hoosis, W.—AS. hosan, pl.

Hoskins, sb. pl. gaiters, S3; hok-shynes, S3.

Hoste, sb. host, entertainer, MD; see Coste.

Hostel, sb. lodging, MD; see Ostel.
Hostellere, sb. inn-keeper, P; see Ostelere.

Hostelrie, sb. inn, C; see Ostelrie.

Hostery, sb. inn, MD; see Ostery.

Hoten, v. to bid, promise, MD; see **Haten**.

Hou, adv. how, S2, PP; hw, S; hwu, S; wu, S, S2; hu, S, S2; whou, S3; whou3, S3; wou3, S3.—AS. hú. Cf. Hwi. Houch-senous, sb. pl. hock-sinews,

S3; see Hou3-senue.

Houge, adj. huge, WW; see Huge.

Hound, sb. hound, dog, MD. C2; hund, S; hunde, dat., S.—AS. hund.

Hound-fleze, sb. dog-fly, cinomia, MD; hudpik, S3 (p. 422); hoddypeke, S3 (p. hund-fleghe, H; hundeflee, Cath.; 421), HD. hundfie, H.—AS. hundesfléoge (Voc.).

Houre, sb. hour, MD; our, S2, S3; oware, S3; houres, pl., hours, devotions at certain hours (see Horae in Ducange), S2, P; oures, P; houris, orisons, songs of praise, S3; vres, S.—AF. houre, OF. hore (eure, ure); Lat. hora.

Hous, sb. house, also a term in astrology, PP, S2, C2; hus, S.—AS. hús.

Housbond, sb. the master of a house, husband, C2, C3, G; housebond, PP; hosebonde, farmer, PP; husband, S, S2, S3; husbonde, S; husebonde, S.—Icel. húsbondi.

Housbonderye, sb. economy, P; housbondry, C; hosboundrie, PP; husbandry, Sh.

Hous-coppis, sb. pl. house-tops, W2. Housel, sb. the Eucharist, CM; see Husel.

Houselen, v. to housel, CM; see Huslen.

House-wif, sb. house-wife, PP; hosewyues, pl., W.

Houten, v. to hoot, PP; howten, Prompt.; huten, MD; y-howted, pp., PP.—Cp. OSwed. huta, with which is related OF. huter (huer).

Houz-senue, sb. hock-sinew, MD; houchsenous, pl., S3.—AS. hoh-sinu; cp. Icel. há-sin.

Houe, sb. hoof, ungula, MD; hufe. Cath., MD; houys, pl., MD; hoenes, S3, —AS. hóf.

Houe-daunce, sb. a court-dance, HD, MD, Caxton (Reynard, p. 54). Cp. ODu. hofdans.

Houen, v. to wait about, remain, S, S2, S3, P; hufe, S3.

Howe, sb. high hill, tumulus; how, H (p. 374), JD; howis, pl., H.—Icel. haugr. Howfe, sb. hood, coif, tena, Cath.; howne, P, CM, C2 (p. 178); houne, PP; hounes, pl., S2, P.—AS. hufe.

Hoxterye. sb. retail-dealing, S2, PP; see Huksterie.

Huche, sb. hutch, clothes-box, a chest, the ark of Israel, Prompt., H, MD; hucche, P, HD; hutche, Prompt.—OF. huche.

Hud, sb. hood, MD; see Hood.

Huddy-peke, sb. a hood-pick, one who

Hude, sb. hide, S; hide, MD; hiden, pl., S2.-AS. hýd: OS. húd; cp. Lat. cutis.

Huden, v. to hide, S, PP; hiden, S, PP; huyden, PP; hyde, C2; huide, S; hud, imp. s., S; hit, pr. s., C2; hut, MD; hudde, pt. s., PP; hidde, C2, PP; y-hid, pp., C3; i-hud, S; hidd, S; hudde, S.—AS. hydan.

Hudinge, sb. concealment, S2.

Hue, sb. a loud cry, SkD, Sh.—AF. hu. See Houten.

Huerte, sb. heart, S2; see Herte. Hufe, sb. hoof, Cath., MD; see Houe.

Hufe, v. to hover about, S3; see Houen.

Huge, adj. huge, MD; hoge, MD; hugie, S3; houge, WW; hogge, HD, MD.

Hugely, adv., hugely, greatly, Cath.

Huide, v. to hide, S; see **Huden**.

Huirnes, sb. pl. corners, S2, PP; see Herne.

Hukken, v. to hawk, to retail, Voc.; hucke, Palsg.—Cp. ODu. huken, to stoop down (Du. heuken, to retail).

Hukker, sb. a hawker, retailer of small articles, Voc.—Cp. Du. heuker.

Hukkerye, sb. retail dealing, PP; hokkerye, PP.

Hukster, sb. huckster, Voc., MD, Cath.; hukkester, Voc.; hokester, MD.

Huksterie, sb. retail dealing; huckus- ${f trye}$, PP; hoxterye, S2, PP.

Hul, sb. hill, S2, PP, Voc.; hil, S; hille, dat., S; hulle, S; pl., S; hulles, S2, P; hilles, MD.—AS. hyll.

Hulden, v. to flay, MD, S2; hild. HD; helden, MD; hylt, pp., HD.— AS. (be)hyldan, to flay, skin; cp. Icel. hylda.

Hule, sb. a hull, husk, covering of grain or nuts, PP; hole, Prompt.; hoole, Prompt., SkD (p. 811).

Hulpen: see Helpen.

Huly, adj. slow, moderate, JD; hoolie, ID.—Icel. hógligr, adj.

Huly, adv. slowly, H; holy, H.—Icel. hógliga.

Hulynes, sb. slowness, H; huliness, ID.

Humble, adj. humble, MD; humyll, thieves out of a man's hood, simpleton, S3; | S3.-OF. humble, humile; Lat. humilem.

Humblesse, sb. humility, S2, C2, C3. **Humilitee**, sb. humility, C2.

Hund, sb. hound, S; see Hound.

Hund-fle, sb. dog-fly, H; see Hound-

Hundred, num. hundred, S, P, Cath.; hundret, S; hondred, P; hondred, S2; hundereth, S2; hundreth, WW.—Icel. hundrað.

Hundred-feald, hundredfold, S.

Hunger, sb. hunger, famine, S; hunger, S; honger, S2; hungre, dat., S.—AS.

Hunger-bitten, adj. famished, WW. Hungren, v. to hunger, S; hungrede,

pt. s., was hungry, S.—AS. hyngran. Hungri, adj. hungry, S. - AS. hun-

grig. Hunte, sb. hunter, S, C; honte, C.-AS. hunta (Voc.).

Hunten, v. to hunt, S, C2. — AS. huntian.

Hunteresse, sb. huntress, C.

Hunter, sb. a hunting, MD; honter, S2, MD.—AS. huntoo.

Hunting, sb.; an huntinge, on hunting, a-hunting, S, C2; on hontyng, C.

Hupe, sb. hip, MD; hepe, MD; hupes, pl., CM, MD; hipes, C; hipis, W.—AS. hype.

Huppen. v. to leap, dance, jump, MD; hupte, pt. s., S, S2.—Cp. G. hupfen.

Hurde, sb. keeper, S; see **Herde**.

Hurde, pt. s. heard, S2; see Heren.

Hure, adv. at least; hure and hure, at intervals, S, MD; hur and hur, frequently, S.—AS. huru, at least. Cf. La. hwure.

Hure, sb. hire, S, S2, G, PP; huire, S, S2, P; huyre, P.—AS. hýr.

Huren, v. to hire, MD; huyre, ger.,

pp., C2; huyred, P; thurst, S2.—AS. hýrian.

Hurkelen, v. to stoop down, crouch, rest, MD; hurkle, HD; hurkled, pt. s.,

Hurlen, v. to rush, dash against, hurl, S2, C3, W2; hurlle, PP; hurliden, pt. pl., threw down, W.

Hurne, sb. corner, S, S2; see Herne.

Hurrok, sb. oar (?), S2, MD. — Cp. orruck-holes, oar-drawing holes (?), in the Norfolk dialect, cited in MD.

Hurte, sb. hurt, collisio, Cath.; hurt, PP, C2; hortis, pl., S3.

Hurten, v. to dash against, push, injure, MD, Prompt., PP; horten, MD; hirten, W, W2; y-hurt, pp., S2, S3.— OF. hurter.

Hurtlen, v. to dash against, rattle, dash down, C, W, W2.

Huschen, v. to hush, MD; hussen, MD; hussht, pp., MD; hoscht, MD; hust, pp., C.

Husel, sb. the sacrifice of the Eucharist, S; housel, CM; hosel, MD.—AS. húsel.

Huslen. v. to administer the Eucharist. MD; hoseli, S2; hoslen, S; houselen, CM; huseled, pp., houseled, S; hosled, S; y-housled, S2.

Hus-lewe, sb. house-shelter, S; see Hous.

Huyre, sb.; see Hure.

Hy, adj. high; see Heigh.

Hye, sb. haste, S2, S3, CM, C3; hie, MD; heye, MD; hegh, H.

Hyen, v. to hasten, S3, PP; see Hizen. Hyne, sb. domestic, servant, hind, S2, P, C3, W; hine (used of the Virgin Mary), MD; hind, Sh.; hine, pl., S, S2; hinen, S.-Cp. AS. hina man, a man of the domestics. . Hina, also written hiwna, G; byre, G; hurede, pt. s., S; hyred, | gen. pl. of hiwan, domestics. See Hewe.

I (vowel).

[For words in which initial I has the sound of J, see under I (consonant) below].

I-, prefix; see 3e-.

Izede. pt. s. went, S; ieden, pl., S; see Eode.

I-bede. sb. prayer, S; ibeden, pl., S. AS. gebed. See Bede.

I-bere, sb. noise, S.—AS. gebåre, gesture, cry: OS. gi-bári.

I-beten, v. to amend, S.—AS. ge-bétan. **I-biden.** v. to have to do with, S.—AS. ge-bidan.

I-biten. v. to bite, eat, taste, S.—AS. ge-bitan.

I-blissien. v. reflex. to rejoice, S.—AS. ge-blissian.

120

ge-bun, pp. of ge-buan. See Boun.

I-borhen, pp. saved, S; ibore; S; iboruwen, S; see Bergen.

I-brucen, v. to enjoy, S.—AS. gebrúcan.

I-brusted, pp. made bristly, S.

I-bure, pr. s. (it) behoveth, S.—AS. ge-byrian.

I-burezen, v. to deliver, S.—AS. ge + borgian. See Borwen.

Ich, pron. I, S, S2, S3, C2; ico, S; ik, P; hie, S; hy, S_2 ; ie, S; ih, S: ihe, S; y, S, W, W2. Comb.: ichabbe, I have, S2; icham, I am, S2; ichaue, I have, S2; icholle, I will, S2; ichcholle, S2; ichulle, S2, S; ichim, I+him, S; ichot, I wot, S2; ychabbo, I have, S2; ycham, I am, S2.—AS. ic; cp. OHG. ih (Otfrid).

I-chaped, pp. furnished with a chape, C. See Chape.

I-cnowen, v. to know, S.—AS. geenáwan. See Enowen.

I-coren, pp. chosen, S; see Chesen. **I-cundur,** adj. comp. more natural, S;

see 3e-cende. **I-cwede**, pp. spoken, S; see Queden.

I-cweme. adj. pleasing, S.—AS. ge-

I-cwemen, v. to please, S; i-queme, S; i-queme, pt. s., S.—AS. ge-cwéman.

Idel, adj. idle, empty, useless, S; ydel, S, C2, P; idul, W. Phr.: an ydel, in vain, P; on idel, S. — AS. idel; cp. OHG. Ital (Tatian).

Idelliche, adv. idly, SD; ydelly, C3. Idelnesse, sb. idleness, S; idelnisse, S2.—AS. idelnis.

Idiote, sb. unlearned person, a man not holding public office, TG, PP; ydiot, W; ideot, Cotg.; ydiote, PP.—OF. idiot, one that hath no charge in a commonwealth, an unprofitable person, a ninny, a natural fool (Cotg.); Lat. idiota (Vulg.); Gr. ίδιώτης, ignorant (NT), lit. one occupied with τa low his private affairs, from low, one's own.

I-dreaued, pp. troubled, S; see **Drouy**. I-freied, pp. hated, SD; i-uaid, S; i-veid, SD.—AS. ge-floged, pp. of geféogan, to hate.

I-fellen, v. to fell, SD; i-uselp. pr. pl., S; yfelde, pt. s., S; ifulde, S.—AS. gefellan.

I-fere, sb. a fellow-farer, companion, comes, S; 3e-feren, pl., S; i-feren, S; i-ueren, S; y-fere, S; i-uere, S.—AS. ge-féra.

I-feren, adv. together, S; see In, prep.

I-finden, v. to find, S; i-uinden, S; i-uynde, S; y-fynde, C2. — AS. gefindan.

I-fon, v. to take; i-uo, S; ifoo, pr. pl., S.—AS. ge-fon. See Fon.

I-fulde, pt. s. felled, S; see I-fellen.

Igain, prep. and adv. against, again, S2; see Azein.

Igain-sawe, sb. contradiction, S2. Cf. Ogainsaghe.

I-gistned, pp. lodged, S2; see **Gestnen**. **I-gon**, v. to go, S.—AS. ge-gán.

I-grætten, pt. pl. saluted, S; igret, pp., S (7. 105).—AS. gegrétton, pt. pl. of grétan. See Greten.

I-grede, sb. shouting, clamour, S. See Greden.

I-healden, v. to hold, keep, S; iholde, S.—AS. ge-healdan. See Holden.

I-hende, adv. near, S.—AS. ge-hende; see Hende.

I-heorted, adj. in phr.; hele iheorted, proud-hearted, S.

I-heren, v. to hear, S; ihure, S, S2; hi-heren, S; yhyren, S2; ihærde, pt. s., S; ihorde, S.—AS. ge héran.

I-hold, sb. fortress, hold, S.—AS. geheald. See Hold.

I-holde : see I-healden.

I-hudeket. pp. hooded, S. See Hood. I-hure; see I-heren.

I-hwulen, v. to be at leisure, S. See While.

Ik, pron. I, P. See Ich.

I-latet, adj. visaged, S. See Late.

-ild, suffix. As in beggild, MD; cheapild, S; fostrild, MD.

Ile, sb. isle, S, S2, C3; y1e, C2, PP, S3. -OF. ile, isle ; Lat. insula.

I-leaded, pp. fitted with lead, S.

I-leaue, sb. leave, S2.—AS. ge-léaf.

I-ledene, sb. pl. of one's people, compatriots, S .- AS. ge-léod. See Leode.

I-leoten, v. to fall to one's lot, SD; iloten, pp., befallen, S.—AS. ge-hléotan, to share, get; pp. ge-hloten. See Lot.

Hes-piles, sb. pl. hedgehogs, S; ilspiles, S (n). Properly 'the quills of the hedgehog'; AS. il, igel, hedgehog (OET) + pil, a dart (Grein); Lat. pilum.

I-lete, sb. face, demeanour, S. Cp. ODu. ge-lát. See **Leten**.

I-lethered, adj. made of leather, S.

I-leue, sb. belief; i-læfe, SD; i-leave, SD; i-leuen, pl., S.—AS. ge-léafa; cp. OHG. giloubo (Otfrid).

I-leuen, v. to believe, S, S2; ilef, imp. s., S.—AS. ge-léfan, ge-liefan: Goth. galaubjan; cp. OHG. gi-louben (Otfrid). Cf. Yleuen.

Tlich, adj. like, S; tliche, S; ylyche, S2; ylike, S3; ilik, S; ilikest, superl., S.—AS. ge-llc.

Tliche, adv. alike, S; tlyche, S; yliche, C2; ylyke, C2; eliche, S3; elyk, S3; selice, S.—AS. ge-lice. Cf. Aliche.

Tliche, sb. an equal, likeness, S; titke, S. Tlke, adj. the same, S, G, C3, S2, S3, C2, H; tlk, H; tloe, S; ulke, S; yoke, S2.—AS. ilca (ylca) = t-lic; with i-cp. Goth. ei, Lat. i- in i-dem, see Grimm, German Grammar, 3. 50, Fick, 3. 728.

Ille, adj., sb. bad, ill, S; ylle, S2; pe ille, the evil one, i. e. the devil, S. Comb.: il torned, perverse, S2.—Icel. illr (illr).
Ille, adv. badly, S, HD.

Ille, v. to make wicked; illid, pt. pl.,

H.—Icel. illa, to harm.

Illuster, adj. illustrious, JD; **illustare**, S₃.—OF. illustre; Lat. illustrem.

I-lokien, v. to observe, S; **iloken**, S.—AS. ge-lòcian.

I-lome, adv. frequently, S, S2; ylome, S2.—AS. ge-lome. Cf. Lome.

I-lomp, pt. 5. happened, S; see 3-limpen.
I-long, adv. S, NED (p. 250); longe,
S2. Phr.: al ilong of, entirely belonging
to, dependent on, owing to, S; long on,
C3, S2; all long of, long of, Sh.—As,
gelang, belonging, depending, gelang on,
gelang at, because of, owing to. Cf.
A-long. (A-6.)

I-loten, pp. befallen, S.—AS. ge-hloten, pp. of ge-hlotan, to share. See **I-leoten**.

I-melen, v. to speak, S.—AS. ge-mælan.
I-membred, pp. parti-coloured, S.—Cp. OF. membre (Cotg.), and see Ducange (s.v. membrare). See Kembre.

I-mene, adj. common, S.—AS. ge-m&ne.
I-mid, in the midst, S2; i-middes, S.
I-mong, prep. among, S, SD; imange,
S2.—AS. ge-mang; see NED (s. v. among).

Impayable, adj. implacable, H. (In-3.)

Impne, sb. hymn, Prompt.; imne, Prompt.; ympne, W, CM; ympnes, pl., W2; ympnys, HD.—OF. ymne (Ps. 64. 1); Lat. hymnus (Vulg.); Gr. υμνος.

Importable, adj. intolerable, C2.—Lat. importabilis. (In- 3.)

In-, prefix (1), representing the Eng. prep. in. See In.

In-, prefix (2), standing for the Latin prefix in-, which is the prep. in in composition.

In-, prefix (3), the negative Latin prefix in-, equivalent to Eng. un-. See Un-.

In, sb. dwelling, lodging, abode, S, S3, C2, C3; hin, S; ynne, S3; inne, dat., S. —AS. inn.

In, prep. in, into, on, S, S2, PP; hin, S; I, S, SD. Comb: in-fere, together, MD (p.104), C3, S2, S3; yfere, S2, S3, C2; in feere, G; iuere, S; iferen, S; i-whils, while, H; ywhils, H; ewhils, H; in-like, in like manner, H; in-lich, inly, SD; i-mid, in the midst, S2; imiddes, S; ymydis, H; in-monges, among, S2; i-twix, betwixt, meanwhile, H; in-with, within, S, C2, B.

Inche, sb. inch, Prompt., Cath.; enches, pl., S3.—AS. ynce (SkD); Lat. uncia, ounce, inch. Cf. Ounce.

Incontinent, adj. incontinent; adv. immediately, S₃, Sh. (In- 3.)

Influence, sb. influence of the planets, SkD.—OF. influence (Cotg.); Late Lat. influentia. (In-2.)

Influent, adj. possessing influence (astrology), S3.—Lat. influentem, pr. p. of influere, to flow into. (In-2.)

Inforce, v. reflex. to strive, S₃. (In-2.) Infortunat, adj. unlucky, S₂, C₃. (In-3.)

Infortune, sb. misfortune, C2. (In-3.)
Ingot, sb. mould for pouring metals into, C3, SkD. (In-1.)

In-hinen, sb. pl. indoor-members of a household, S. See **Hine**.

In-like, in like manner, H.

Inne, prep., adv. into, in, S, S2, PP, C2; ine, S, S2; ynne, S2; inre, adj. comp., inner, S; inerere, pl., H; innresst, superl., S; innemest, SkD; ynneste, W2.—AS. inne, comp. innera, superl. innemest, see Sievers, 314.

Inne, dat. of In, sb.

Innen, prep. within, into, SD, S.—AS. innan.

Innot, sb. womb, S.—AS. innot.

Inobedience, sb. disobedience, S, W. -Late Lat. inobedientia (Vulg.). (In- 3.) Inobedient. adj. disobedient, S2. Late Lat. inobedientem (Vulg.). (In- 3.)

Inch, enough, S; innch, S; inow, S; inouh, S; inou, S2; ino3e, S; ino3h, S; inough. C; innoghe, S2; inouwe, pl., S2; see Ynow.

Inpassyble, adj. incapable of suffering, H. (In- 3.)

Inpossible, adj. impossible, S2, PP.-Late Lat. impossibilis (in-). (In- 3.)

In-ras, sb. inroad, H. (In- 1.)

Inunctment. sb. ointment, S3.—From Lat. inunctus, pp. of in-ungere, to anoint. (In- 2.)

In-with, within, S, C2, B.

In-wyt, sb. conscience, consciousness, S2; inwit, PP; ynwitt, PP.—AS. inwit, craft. (In- 1.)

I-orne. pp. run, S; see **Bennen.**

Ipotaynes, sb. pl. hippopotamuses, S2. I-queme, v. to please, S; see Icwemen.

Irchon, sb. hedghog, S2; urchon, Prompt.; urchone, Palsg.; urchin, Sh.; vrchuns, pl., H; irchouns, W2.—OF. irecon, erecon; Late Lat. *ericionem, from Lat. ericius, from her; cp. Gr. χήρ, hedghog, see SkD (s.v. formidable).

Iren, sb. iron, S, Cath.; yren, C3, PP; irun, W2; yrun, W, W2; yre, S2; yrens, pl., P; yrnes, P.—OMerc. fren (OET): WS. fsern: OHG. fsarn; cp. OIr. iarn: Gaulish isarnos.

Iren, adj. iron, ferreus, SD, Cath.; irnene, pl., S.-OMerc. iren: WS. isern, see OET.

I-reste, sb. rest, S.—AS. ge-rest.

Irisse, adj. Irish, S; Yrisse, S; Irish, S; Ersche, S3.—AS. Irisc.

Is, pr. s. is, S; his, S, S2; es, S, S2, H; esse, S2.—AS. is.

Ische, v. to issue, cause to issue, JD; isch, B; ischit, pt. s., S3, B.—OF. issir; Lat. ex-ire.

I-secgan, v. to confess; **isecgo**, pr. s., S.—AS. ge-secgan.

I-sechen, v. to seek; iso; te, pt. pl., S. –AS. ge-sécan.

I-seloe, sb. happiness, S.—AS. ge-s&lo. See Selbe.

Innen, v. to lodge, C; ynnen, C.—AS. | I-sene, adj. evident, seen, S; y-sene, S3, C.—AS. gesýne. Cf. Sene.

I-seon, v. to see, S; i-seo, S2; i-sien, S; y-se, S_2 ; i-si, S; y-zi, S_2 ; i-se, S_2 ; y-zy, S2; i-seonne, ger., S; i-seo, I pr. s., S; i-seo, pr. s., S; i-seo, S; S; i-si6, S; i-sist, 2 pr. s., S; i-seeh, pt. s., S; i-seh, S; i-seih, S; i-seyh, S; **i-sey**, S_2 ; **i-se**₃, S_3 ; **i-sei**, S_2 ; **y-sey**, S_2 ; i-ze3, I pt. s., S2; i-ze3e pe, 2 pt. s., S2; i-seien, pl., S; i-seyen, S; i-se;e, S, S2; i-saye, S_2 ; y-zegen, S_2 ; i-sehen, pp., S; i-seien, S; y-seye, S2; y-so3e, S2; y-203e, S2.—AS. ge-séon.

I-set, pp. said, S (3a. 93); see Seggen. I-sihoe, sb. sight, S; 3esecoe, S.—AS. ge-sihð.

Isle, sb. glowing ashes, favilla, HD; isyl, Prompt.; iselle, Cath.; easle, HD; ysels, pl., HD; useles, Trevisa, 4. 431; usellez, S2; iselen, dat., SD, Cath. (n). Icel. usli; cp. MHG. üsele (G. üssel). The same stem us- is found in Lat. us-ere (urere), to burn.

I-some, adj. agreed, peaceable, S.—AS. ge-sóm.

I-sorte, pt. s., sought; see I-sechen. Isturbed, pp. disturbed, S.—OF. estorber; Lat. ex- + turbare.

I-swink, sb. toil, S.—AS. ge-swinc.

I-bank. sb. thought, intention, S.

I-benchen, v. to think, S; i-pohten, pt. pl., S.—AS. ge-pencan.

I-be3, pt. s. thrived, S2; see Theen.

I-bolien, v. to endure, S. — AS. ge-

I-boncked, adj. minded, S.

I-tiden, v. to betide, S; itit, pr. s., S; ityt, S.—AS. ge-tidan.

I-timien, v. to happen, S.—AS. getimian; cp. Icel. tima.

I-twix, meanwhile, H.

I-uaid, pp. hated, S; see I-feeled.

I-ueied. pp. joined, S; see Fezen.

I-neibed. pp. treated with enmity, S. See **Fede.**

Iuel, adj. evil, S, W2, S2. See Uuel. **I-uelen**, v. to feel, S.—AS. ge-félan.

Iuen, sb. ivy, Cath.; yven, Cath. (n); ivin, HD, EDS (C. vi).—AS. ifegn (Voc.).

I-nere. sb. companion, S; see I-fere.

Tui. sb. ivy, S; ive, S3.—AS. ifig.

I-no, v. to take, S; see I-fon.

I-ureden. v. to hurt, injure, S.—ME.

i-ureden = i-wreden = i-werden; AS. gewerdan, ge-wyrdan (BT). See Werd.

I-war, adj. aware, wary, S, PP; ywar, PP.—AS. ge-war. See War.

I-while. adj. every, S.—AS. ge-hwile.

I-whils, adv. while, H.

I-wil, sb. will, S.—AS. ge-will.

I-wis, adv. truly, certainly, S, PP, S2; iwiss, S; iwys, G; ywis, S, S_2 , C_2 ; ywys, S2, PP; ywisse, PP; iwisse, S3. Comb.: wel ywisse, S; mid iwisse, S.-AS. ge-wiss, certain, formed from wisse, pt. 1-worde, S; y-worde, P, S2; 1-worde, of witan, see Sievers, 232 d.

I-witen, v. to know, S, S2; i-wyten, S; y-witen, S2; i-wiste, pt. s., S.—AS. ge-witan.

I-witen, v. to protect, S. See **Witen**. **I-woned**, pp. accustomed, S, S₂; ywoned, S2; 1-wuned, S; woned, S, S3;

wont, S3; wunt, S2; woonted, S3.—AS. ge-wunod, pp. of ge-wunian, to dwell, to be accustomed. See Wonen.

I-wune. sb. custom, S.—AS. ge-wuna. Cf. Wone.

I-wurden, v. to become, to happen, S; pp., S .- AS. ge-weordan.

I (consonant).

[For words in which initial I is a vowel, see under I (vowel) above].

Iacynte, sb. jacinth, SkD; iacynct, SkD; jacint, Cotg.; iacinctus, W (Rev. 21. 20); jagounce, HD; iacynctis, pl., W2 (= Heb. tarshish). — OF. jacinthe (Cotg.); Lat. hyacinthus (Vulg.); Gr. υάκινθος (NT); cp. OF. jagonce.

Tagge, v. to jag, notch, Prompt., Palsg.; jag, HD; jaggede, pt. s., HD; jaggde, pp. pl., S3; jaggede, HD.

Tagge. sb. a jag of cloth, Prompt.

Talous, adj. jealous, C2, C3.—OF. jalous; Late Lat. zelosum, from Lat. zelus; Gr. ζηλος, zeal.

Ialousye, sb. jealousy, PP, C2, C3; ielesye, PP.—OF. jalousie.

Tambeux, sb. pl. armour for the legs, C2, HD; giambeux, ND.—Cp. OF. jambiere, armour for a leg (Cotg.), from jambe, leg: It. gamba (Florio).

Iane, sb. a small coin of Genoa, ND, C2, HD.—See Ducange (s. v. januini).

Tangle, v. to jangle, chatter, murmur, argue, quarrel, S2, PP, Sh, S3, C2, C3; gangle, SkD; iangland, pr. p., S2, H. OF. jangler, to jest, mock (Bartsch).

Tanglere, sb. brawler, wrangler, W2; prater, chatterer, H; iangeler, story-teller, S2, PP; iangelere, Prompt.

Tape, sb. joke, jest, mockery, PP, S3, C2, C3, Prompt.; iapes, pl., S2.

Tapen, v. to jest, mock, play tricks, act the buffoon, PP, C2, C3; iapede, pt. s., S2. -OF. japper, to yapp (of dogs), Cotg.

Taper, sb. jester, buffoon, PP, Prompt.; iapers, pl., S2.

Iargoun, sb. jargon, S2; jergon, SkD. -OF. jargon.

Taunys. sb. the yellow disease, jaundice, S2, SkD, HD; lawnes, Cath., HD, Voc.; jaundys, Cath. (n); jandis, Voc.—OF. jaunisse, from jaune, gaune, yellow; Lat. galbinum, from galbus.

Teaunt. sb. giant, PP, S2; see Geaunt. Ielesye, sb. jealousy, PP; see Ialosye. **Ielofer.** sb. gillyflower, S3; see Gerra-

Iemis. sb. pl. gems, S3; see Gemme.

Iennet, sb. a small Spanish horse, S3; see Genette.

Ient-man. sb. gentleman, S3. Gent.

Teoperdie. sb. jeopardy, S3; Inpartie.

Terkin, sb. jerkin, jacket, S3.—Cp. Du. jurk, a frock.

Iesseraunt, sb. a coat or cuirass of fine mail, HD; gesserant, S3; gesseron, S3. -OF. jazerant (Ducange), jazeran, iaseran (Cotg.), jazerenc (Roland); cp. It. ghiazzerino (Florio).

Iette, sb. jet, SkD; jet, SkD; geet, C; geete, Prompt.; gett, Prompt.—OF. jet, jaet; Lat. gagatem. See Gagates.

Iette. sb. fashion, custom, PP, Palsg.; gette, Palsg.; iutte, rude slight, S3; jet, a device, HD; get, Prompt., SkD (jet), | Ioustes, sb. pl. tournaments, CM.—AF. C, C₃.

Ietten, v. to throw out, to fling about the body, to strut about, SkD, Prompt., Palsg.; getten, Prompt.; ietting, pr. p., S3. -OF. jetter (getter), jecter (gecter); Lat. iactare, freq. of iacere, to throw.

Iewe, sb. Jew, PP; Iewes, pl., PP; Geus, S; Gius, S; Gyus, S.—AF. Geu, OF. Jueu, Judeu; Lat. Judæum.

Iewise, sb.; see **Iuwise**.

Iogelen, v. to juggle, play false, PP, Prompt.; iuglen, S3, SkD.

Iogelour, sb. buffoon, juggler, CM, C2, PP; ioguloure, Prompt., iogulor, deceiver, H; iuguler, Cath.; iuglur, S .-AF. jugleör; Lat. ioculatorem.

Ioie, sb. joy, S, C2; joye, S, S2, C2, PP. -AF. joie, OF. goie; Lat. gaudia, pl. of gaudium, rejoicing.

Ioien, v. to rejoice, W2, PP.

Ioist. v. to put out cattle to graze at a fixed rate, to agist cattle, HD, EDS (C. vi); jyst, EDS (C. xxvi); ioyst, pp., lodged (of cattle), S2.—OF. gister, to lodge, from giste, a place to lie in, a pp. form of gesir; Lat. iacere, to lie; see NED (s. v. agist).

Tolif, adj. gay, merry. C, H, PP; iolef, S2; ioli, W2, PP; joly, C2.—AF. jolyf, jolif.

Iolifte, sb. amusement, enjoyment, joviality, H; iolitee, C2, C3.—OF. jolivete.

Iolily, adv. merrily, G.

Iolynesse, sb. festivity, C, C₂.

Iorne, sb. journey, S2; jornay, S2; see Iourne.

Iouisaunce, sb. enjoyment, S3.—OF. jouissance (Cotg.), from OF. joir: Prov. gaudir; Lat. gaudere.

Iourne, sb. a day's work or travel, PP; iornay, S2; jurneie, SkD; iourney, S3, C2; iornes, pl, S2; iournes, H (Ps. 22. 9).—OF. jornee, journée, a day, a day's journey, a fixed day (cp. AF. jorneie, day on which a court is held); Low Lat. jornata, *diurnata, from Lat. diurnus.

Iousten, v. to approach, encounter, to joust, tilt, PP, CM; iusten, C3.—OF. jouster (joster), juster; Late Lat. juxtare, to approach, from Lat. iuxta.

Iouster. sb. champion, PP.

ioustes.

Ioutes, sb. pl. a food made from herbs, broth, P, HD, Prompt. (n); iowtes, lappates, Cath., Prompt. (n); iowtys, potage, Prompt.; jutes, Voc.; eowtus, Prompt. (n).

OF. ioute, 'olera' (Ps. 36. 2); Low Lat. jutā, 'awilled meolc' (Voc.); jutta (Ducange); prob. of Celtic origin, cp. Breton iot, porridge, Wel. uwd, Oir. ith, see Rhys, Lectures on Welsh Philology, p. 7.

Ioynen, v. to join, PP, C3; joyneaunt, pr. p., joining, S3. OF. joindre (pr. p. joignant); Lat. iungere.

Ioynturis, sb. pl. joinings, W; ioyntours, W .- OF. jointure; Lat. iunctura (Vulg.).

Iuge, sb. judge, S2, Voc., C2, C3; jugge, C; jugges, pl., P; juges, S3.—AF. juge; Lat. iudicem.

Iugement, sb. judgment, S2, C2, C3; juggement, C.-AF. jugement. Tugen, v. to judge, decide, PP; jugge, PP, CM .- OF. juger; Lat. iudicare.

Iugge-man, sb. judge, G.

Tuglen, v. to juggle, S3; see Iogelen. Iuguler, sb. buffoon, Cath.; see Iogelour.

Iugulynge, sb. juggling, S3.

Tumpred, sb. mourning, S2.—AS. glomer + reden. See 3emer.

Tunglenges, sb. pl., disciples, S; see 3onglyng.

Iupartie, sb. jeopardy, CM, C3; Icoperdie, S3; jeobertie, HD.-OF. jeu parti, a divided game, a poetical discussion (Bartsch); Late Lat. jocus partitus (Du-

Ius. sb. juice, S2, HD .- OF. jus; Lat. ius, broth.

Iusten, v. to joust, C3; see **Iousten**. **Tustlen**, v. to jostle, push, S3.

Tutes. broth; see **Ioutes.**

Iutte, sb. a piece of scornful behaviour, S3; see **Iette**.

Tuuente, sb. youth, S2, PP.—OF. jovente (Bartsch); Lat. iuventa.

Iuwise, sb. judgment, PP; iuwyse, CM, C; iewise, HD; iewis, PP; iuyse, C3; iuise, HD.—AF. juise; Lat. iudicium.

K-: see also under C-.

Kacherel, sb. bailiff, S2; see Cacherel. **Kærf**, pt. s. cut, carved, S; see **Keruen**.

Kairen, v. to go, P; see Kayren.

Kaiser, sb. Cæsar, emperor; cayser,

MD; caysere, MD; caisere, MD; kaysere, S; kayser, S2; keiser, S; keysar, S3.—Cp. Goth. kaisar; Lat. Caesar.

Kale. sb. cabbage, cale, H; see Cole.

Karf, pt. s. cut, S; see Keruen.

Kateyl. sb. property, S2; see Catel.

Kayren, v. to go, move oneself, S2, MD; kairen, P; cair, to drive backward and forwards, JD.—Icel. keyra, to impel, drive.

Kechyn. sb. kitchen, S2; see **Kuchene**. Kedde, pt.s. made known, S; see Kythen.

Kele, v. to cool, W, S2, H, PP.—AS. célan. Keling, sb. a large kind of cod, MD, HD, S2 (s.v. lobbe); kelynge, MD; keeling, JD.—Cp. Icel. keila, 'gadus.'

Kemben, v. to comb, S, C2, PP; kemyn, Prompt.; kempt, pp., MD.—AS. cemban. See Combe.

Kemelyn, sb. tub, CM.

Kempe, sb. warrior, S, MD, Cath.—AS. cempa, Icel. kempa: OHG. chemphio, also kempho (Tatian); Late Lat. campio, from Lat. campus. See Camp.

Kempe, adj. shaggy, rough, C, CM; campe, C (p. 155), EETS (1).

Kempster, sb. f. flax-comber, Palsg.; kemster, Voc. See Kemben.

Ken. sb. pl. cows, S2; see Cow.

Kende, adj. natural, kind, S2; see Kynde.

Kende, sb. race, kind, S2; see Kynde. **Kendeliche**, adv. naturally, S2; see Kyndely.

Kendlen, v.; see Kindlen.

Kene, adj. bold, keen, sharp, Prompt., S, C2; keyn, MD; kenre, comp., MD; kennest, superl., MD.—AS. céne; OTeut. *kōnī; cp. OHG. kuani (Otfrid), chuoni.

Kenne, sb. dat. kin, S, S2; see Kyn.

Kennen, v. to beget, engender, to bring forth, to be born, MD, PP; y-kend, pp., S2; kenned, MD.—AS. cennan, to beget, conceive, bring forth; OS. kennian, to

beget, causal from OTeut. root KAN, to generate, see Kluge (s. v. kina).

Kennen, v. to show, declare, teach, S2, See **Mere**.

PP, SkD (s. v. ken), Prompt., H; kende, pt. s., S2.—AS. cennan, to make to know: Goth. kannjan = *kannian, causal of OTeut. KANN, base of *KONNAN, to know.

Kennen, v. to know, SkD. (s. v. ken); ken, S3, JD; kend, pt. pl., S3; kend, pp., S3.—Icel. kenna, to know. See above.

Keoruen, v. to carve, S; see Keruen.

Kepe. sb. heed, S2, S3, C2; kep, S3.

Kepen, v. to keep, mark, observe, regard, S, S2, S3, C2; keped, pt. s., S2; kipte, S2.—AS. cépan, later form of cypan (=ceapian), see Sievers, 97.

Keppen, sb. pl. caps, S; see Cappe.

Kernel, sb. a loophole in a fortress, a battlement, PP; crenelle, HD; kyrnellis, pl., S3; kirnelis, PP.-OF. crenel, from cren (cran), a notch; Lat. crena.

Kerneled, adj. furnished with battlements, P.

Kertel, sb.; see Kirtel.

Keruen. v. to carve, MD, Prompt., S, C2; keoruen, MD, S; cærf, pt. s., MD; keerf, S; kerf, MD; karf, MD, S; carf, C2; curuen, pl., MD; coruen, pp., MD, S3, C; icoruen, S3; y-coruen, S3, C3; y-koruen, C2; i-koruen, S; kerued, S3. -AS. ceorfan, pt. cearf (pl. curfon), pp. corfen.

Kesse, v. to kiss, S, C₂; see Cussen.

Keste, v. to cast, S2; see Casten.

Kete, adj. bold, lively, gay, powerful, MD, S2, PP; ket, irascible, JD.—Cp. Icel. kátr, merry, Dan. kaad.

Kete-lokes, sb. pl. trefoil, H; see Cat-cluke.

Keuel. sb. a bit for a horse, a gag, a small piece of wood used in casting lots, MD, H, S; kevyl, Prompt.; cavel, kevelles, pl., MD; cafiis, MD, JD.— Icel. kefli.

Keueren, v. to recover one's health, MD, PP; keuord, pt. s., H; see Coveren. Keueringe, sb. recovery, S2.

Keye, sb. key; kay, MD; cays, pl., MD; keis, S; keises, S2.—AS. cag.

Kidde, pt. s. made known, S, P; pp., S; kid, S; see Kythen.

Kidnere, sb. kidney, SkD; kydney, Voc.—Icel. kviðr, belly + nýra, kidney. Kien, sb. pl. cows, W2; see Cow.

Kiken, v. to kick, MD, W; kycke, Palsg.—Cp. kiken, kiksen in G. dialects.

Kime, sb. coming, S.—AS. cyme. See **Come**.

Kindle, sb. offspring, brood, MD; kundel, MD; kyndlis, pl., MD.

Kindlen, v. to bear young, S; kyndlyn, Prompt.; kendlen, MD; kundlen, MD; i-kindled, pp., S. See Kynde.

Kindlen, v. to set fire to, MD; kyndlen, C; kinlen, MD.

Kine- (used in compounds), royal; see below.—AS. cyne.

below.—AS. cyne.

Kine-boren, adj. of royal birth, MD;

kineborne, S.—AS. cyne-boren. Kine-dom, sb. kingdom, MD, S, S2.—AS. cyne-dôm.

Kine-helm, sb. royal helmet, crown, MD.—AS. cyne-helm.

Kine-lond, sb. kingdom, S, MD.

Kine-merk, sb. royal mark; kyne-merk, S.

Kine-riche, sb. kingdom, rule, MD; cynerice, S.—AS. cyne-rice.

Kine-scrud, sb. royal robes, S.

Kine-stol, sb. throne, S.—AS. cynestól. Kine-beod, sb. subjects of a king, MD.

Kine-peod, sb. subjects of a king, MD **Kine-wurde**, adj. royal, S, MD.

Kine-3erde, sb. sceptre, MD. — AS. cyne-gerd (Voc.).

King, sb. king, MD, S; kyng, S; kyngene, pl. gen., S2, PP.—AS. cyning: OS. kuning.

Kingdom, sb. kingdom, MD.

Kinghed, sb. Kingship, PP.

King-riche, sb. kingdom, S, MD; kingrike, S2; kyngrike, H; kyngriche,

Kipte, pt. s. received, S2; see Kepen. Kirke, sb. church, S. S2, P: see Chirche

Kirke, sb. church, S, S2, P; see Chirche. Kirnel, sb. loop-hole, PP; see Kernel.

Kirtel, sô. kirtle, a short gown or petticoat, tunic, S3, P, CM; kurtel, S; cortel, MD; kirtlell, MD; kirtll, H; kyrtyl, S2; kertel, MD; kirtel, S3, P; curtel, MD.

Kist, sb. chest, coffin, MD; cyst, Voc.; kyst, S2; kiste, S2; kyste, S2, PP; cyste, munificentia, Voc.; chist, MD.—AS. cist; Lat. cista; Gr. κίστη.—Cf. Chest.

Kith, sb. one's country, PP; see Kyth. Kithen, v. to make known, S, S2; see Kythen. Kithing, sb. telling, S2.

Kitlen, v. to tickle; kittle, HD, JD; kytlys, pr. s., S3. See below.

Kitlynge, sb. tickling, H; **kitellynge**, MD, HD.—AS. kitelung, 'titillatio' (Voc.).

Kitoun, sb. kitten, P; kyton, PP. Kitte, pt. s. cut, S2, C2, C3; kittide, W; see Kutten.

Kitte-pors, sb. thief, PP; see Cutpurs.

Kittingis, sb. pl. cuttings, W.

Kleping, sb. clothing, S2. See Cloth. Knack, sb. a snap, crack, a jester's trick, a trifle, toy, SkD, MD; knakkes, pl., CM; knackes, S3.

Knaing, sb. knowing, acquaintance, S2; see **Knowen**.

Enap, v. to snap, break with a noise, SkD; *imp*. s., strike (the bell), S₃.—Cp. G. *knappen*, to crack.

Knappes, sb. pl. knobs, S2, P; see Knoppe.

Enarre, sb. a knot in wood, SkD (s. v. gnarled), C, CM.—Cp. MDu. cnorre, Du. knor, a knurl.

Knarry, adj. full of knots, C.

Knaue, sb. a boy-baby, boy, servant, knave, S, S2, C2; cnafe, MD; cnaue, MD.—AS. cnafa; cp. OHG. chnabe (G. knabe).

Knaue-child, sb. a male child, W.

Knawe, v. to know, S2; see Knowen.

Knawen, pp. gnawed, S3; see Gnawen. Kne. sb. knee, S, S2; cneowe, dat., S;

cnouwe, S; knes, pl., S; kneon, S; knowes, C2, P.—AS. cnéow (cnéo).

Kneden, v. to knead, Voc., Palsg.; cneden, S, MD; knodyn, pp., MD; knodon, Prompt.; kned, CM; knodden, HD.—AS. cnedan, pp. cnoden (cneden), see SkD.

Knelen, v. to kneel, S; **knely**, S2; **kneolen**, PP; **knewlen**, pr. pl., PP.—Cp. Low G. knélen.

Knelyng, sb. kneeling, PP; cnelinng, S; knewelyng, S.

Kneon, sb. pl. knees, S; see Kne.

Knippen, v. to nip, break off the edge; nippen, SkD; nyppen, PP; knyp, pp., S3.—Cp. Du. knippen, to crack, snap.

Knizt, sb. knight, soldier, armed retainer, S, S2; kniet, S; knyht, S; knyght, C3; enihtes, pl., S; knietes, S; knyhtes, S; knyttis, W, W2; knietes, S; enihten,

S.—AS. cniht; cp. OHG. kneht, 'puer' (Tatian), 'miles, discipulus' (Otfrid).

Knizten, v. to knight, S.

Knizthod, sb. knighthood, S; knyghthode, dat., C2; knighthede, C; knyzthod, army, warfare, W, W2.

Knoppe, sb. knob, buckle, bud, MD, Prompt., Cath., Palsg., S3; knobbe, C; knappes, pl, S2, P; knoppes, CM, PP.—Cp. Dan. knop.

Knopped, adj. full of knobs, S3.

Knotte, sb. knot, C2, PP, Prompt., S3.

—AS. cnotta.

Knowen, v. to know, MD; knawe, S2; cnawen, S; knaa, HD; cnowed, pr. s., S; kneus, pt. s., S2; knewen, pt., S; i-cnawen, pp., S; j-cnowen, S3; y-knowe, S2; knowun, W; cnowen, S2; knawen, S2; knawen, S2; knawen, S3.—AS. cndwan, pt. cntow, pp. cndwen.

Knowes, sb. pl. knees, C2, P; see Kne. Knowleche, sb. knowledge, MD; knowledhe, acquaintance (= Lat. notos), W; knowlache, MD; knowlage, MD; knowlych, S2. See -1e330.

Knowlechen, v. to acknowledge, S2, W2, P; cnawlechen, MD; knouleche, W; knoulechide, pt. s., W; knowlechiden, pt., W.

Knowleching, sb. the acknowledging, C3; enawlechinge, S; knaulechinge, S2; knowleching, C3; knowleching, W2.

Knucche, sb. small bundle, MD, Cath. (n); Inyche, Cath.; knitch, JD; knytchis, pl., W.—Cp. G. knocke (Kluge).

Knytten, v. to knit, bind, Prompt., S2, C3, PP; knutte, pt. s., MD; knette, MD; knitte, C3; knyt, pp., MD; knit, C2.—AS. cnyttan. See Knette.

Ko. pt. s. quoth, S3; see Koth.

Kokewolde, sb. cuckold, P; see Cokewold.

Kole-plantes, sb. pl. cabbages, P; see

Kollen, v. to embrace, S2; see Collen. Kon, pt. pr. can, S; see Kunnen.

Konning, sb. skill, C2; see Conning. Konyng, sb. cony, rabbit, S; see Co-

Koth, pt. s. quoth, S3; cothe, MD; see Quecen.

Koude, pt. s. knew, W2; see Kunnen. Kouren, v. to cower, S2; couren, MD.—Icel. kura, to sit quiet; cp. G. kauern, see Weigand. Kourte-by, sb. short coat, P; see Courte-py.

Kouthe, pt. s. could, S; pp. S2; see Kunnen.

Kraghan, sb. burnt grass = cremium, dry fire-wood, H; orakan, Cath.—Cp. North. E. crack, to make a noise (JD).

Krake, sb. crow, H; crake, Cath.; krakis, pl., H.—Icel. krákr.

Kremelen, v. to anoint with oil or fat; **kremelyd**, pp., MD; see **Cremelen**.

Krike. sb. creek, S; see Crike.

Krune, sb. crown, S; see Corone.

Ku. sb. cow, S; see Cow.

Kuchene, sb. kitchen, S; kychene, MD; kechyn, S2; kychens, pl., S3.—AS. cycene.

Kud, pp. made known, S2; i-kud, S; see Kunnen.

Kudde, pt. s. made known, S2; kude, pl., S; see Kunnen.

Kude, pt. pl. could, S; see Kunnen.

Kueade, adj. dat. bad, S2; see Quad.
Kulle, v. to strike, to kill, P, MD; kylle, Cath.; kyllyn, Prompt.; colen, MD; culle, P.—The word means properly to knock on the head; cp. Norweg. kylla, to poll, to cut the shoots off trees, from koll, the top, head; Icel. kollr, head, crown.

Kumen, v. to come, S; see Comen.

Kun, v. to get to know, to learn, H; see Conne.

Kun, sb. kin, S2; kunnes, gen., S2; kunne, dat., S, S2; see Kyn.

Kunde, adj. natural, kind, S2; see **Kynde**.

Kunde, sb. kind, race, nature, S2; see Kynde.

Kundel. sb. offspring, MD.

Kundite, sb. a conduit, S3; see Conduit.

Kunes-men, sb. pl. kinsmen, S, S2; see Kynes-man.

Kunnen, v. to know, to know how, to be able, S, S3, W2, CM; cunnen, S, S2; conne, S, S3, P; cun, H; con, pt. pr., S; kon, S; can, S, S2; kan, S, S2; con, can, used as auxil., S2; canstu, 2pr. s., with pron., S; canstow, S2; cute, pt. s., S; kute, S; couthe, S, S2, S3; cowthe, G; cou; outh, S2; coude, S2; cowde, G; koude, W2; cou; outh, S2; kouthen, pt., S; kude, S; cut, S2; kouthen, pt., S; kude, S; couth, C2; coute, S2; kouthe, S2.—AS. cunnan, pt. cute, pp. cut (used as adj.).

rede.

Kuppe, sb. cup, S; see Cuppe.

Kussen. v. to kiss, S; see Cussen.

Kut, sb. lot, a cut twig, H; see Cut.

Kuth. sb. kith, friends, PP.

Kube, pt. s., could, knew, S; see Kun-

Kutthe, country, PP; see Kyth.

Kubbes, sb. pl. manners, S2, HD, MD; see Kyth.

Kutten, v. to cut, MD, CM; kitt, MD; kut, pt. s., MD; kitte, S2, C2, C3; kittide, W, MD; ketten, pl., P; kyt, pp., W; kit, W.

Kuneren, v. to recover one's health, S2; see Coveren.

Kuynde, adj. natural, S2, PP; see Kynde.

Kwene. sb. queen, S; see Quene.

Ky, sb. pl. cows, S3; see Cow.

Kychen, sb. kitchen, S3; see Kuchene. Kyn, sb. pl. cows, S2, C; see Cow.

Kyn. sb. kin, kind, generation, S, W, MD; kun, S2; kin, S, S2, C2; cun, MD, S; kunnes, gen., S2; cunne, dat., S; kunne, S, S2; kenne, S, S2; kynne, P.—AS. cynn: OS. kunni, OHG. kunni (Otfrid): Goth. kuni: from Teut. base *KONYA, from root KAN.

Kynde, adj. natural, kind, S2, S3, P; kunde, S2, MD; cunde, MD; kinde, S; kende, S2, PP; kuynde, S2, PP.—AS.

Kynde, sb. kind, nature, race, children, natural disposition, PP, S2, S3, C2, C3, W; OHG. kundjan, also kunden (Otfrid).

Kun-rede, sb. kindred, S; see Kyn-kunde, S2; cunde, S; kinde, S. S2; kende, S2; kynd, S3.—AS. (ge)cynd.

> **Kyndely,** adj. natural, kindly, MD; kyndli, W; kyndly, Cath.; kundeliche, MD.—AS. cyndelic.

> **Kyndely**, adv. naturally, kindly, S2; kyndli, W; kindely, S2; kindelike, S; kendeliche, S2; kuyndeliche, S2, PP; cundeliche, S.—AS. cyndelice.

Kyndlyn, v. to bear young, Prompt.; see Kindlen.

Kyndlyngis, sb. pl. brood, litter of beasts, W.

Kynes-man, sb. kinsman, MD; cunesmon, S; kunesmen, pl., S, S2.

Kynrede, sb. kindred, S3, W2, C; kunrede, S; kynredyn, H; kinredis, pl., W; cunreadnes, pl., S.— AS. cynn + ræden, condition.

Kysse, sb. kiss, Palsg.—From AS. cyssan. See Cussen.

Kyth, sb. one's country, native land, relatives, kith, friends, PP, S2; kith, PP; kuth, PP; cuth, PP; kutthe, PP; kitthe, PP; cubbe, S, PP; couthe, PP; kythez, pl., S2; ceden, S; cheden, S; kuppes, manners, S2. — AS. cyddu (cyd): OHG. cundida, race, kinship; see Sievers, 255.

Kythen, v. to make known, MD, C2, C3, PP, S3; kilden, S, S2; culten, S; couthe, MD, PP; couth, pr. s., P; kydde, pt. s., PP; kidde, PP, S; kudde, S2; cudde, S; kedde, S, MD; kyd, S2; kid. MD; kydst, 2 pt. s., S3; i-kud, pp., S; kud, S2; kyd, S2; kid, S; kidde (as adj.), S. - AS. (ge)cýðan: OS. kúðian;

L.

La, interj. lo!, S; 10, W2 (Ps. 67. 34). -AS. lá. Comb.: la hwure, at least, S. Laas, sb. snare, C, C3; see Las.

Labbe, sb. he that can keep no counsel, Prompt., CM; lab, a blab, tittle-tattle, HD.

Labben, v. to blab, babble, PP; labbing, pr. p., C2.—Cp. Du. labben, to blab. **Labbyng**, adj. blabbing, CM.

Lacchen, v. to catch, seize, snatch, PP; lauhte, pt. s. seized, practised, PP; lauste, PP, S2; laste, S; laucte, S; lacohide, pl., PP; lauht, pp., PP; lagt, S; lat-chyd, Prompt.—AS. læccan, ge-læccan. **Lacching.** sb. taking, S2.

Lacert. sb. a fleshy muscle, C, CM.— OF. lacerte (Cotg.); Lat. lacertum (acc.), a muscle, strength, usually, the muscular part of the arm.

Lad, Ladde; see Leden.

Ladel, sb. ladle, PP, C3; ladylle, coclear, Prompt.; hausorium, Voc.

Laden, v. to burden, to charge with burdens, Prompt., WW; to draw water, to lade, Prompt; laden, pp. oneratus, Prompt., SkD.—AS. hladan (pt. hlbd, pp. hladen): Icel. hlada, Goth. hlathan (in Læfdi, sb. lady, S; see Leuedy.

Læfe, Lafe, sb. belief, S: see Leue. Læn, sb. a grant, loan, S.—AS. læn (OET).

Laf, sb. loaf, S; see Loof.

Lage, Lahe, sb. law, S; see Lawe.

Lah, adj. low, S; see Louh.

Lahfulnesse, sb. lawfulness, S.

Lahhen, v. to laugh, S; lauhen, PP; laughe, PP, C2; laujen, PP, S3; laujwe, S3; laujwhen, PP; lawghe, PP, C; leijen, W; lauhwen, S, PP, S2; lahynde, pr. p., S2; lajinge, S2; louh, pt. s., PP; lough, C2, C3; lowh, PP; low3, PP; loh, S2; lewch, S3; lojen, pl., S2; lough, S3; louje, subj., S.— AS. hlehhan (pt. hlbh): Goth. hlahjan.

Lahter, sb. laughter, S; leistir, W2; leihtre, dat., S.—AS. hleahtor.

Laif, sb. the remainder, B, S3; laif, B; layf, B, S2, S3; lafe, B; lave, B, JD, HD.—AS. láf, what is left, heritage (Voc.), from -lifan (Grein), only found in compounds, e. g. be-lifan, to remain; cp. OHG. bi-liban, to remain (Tatian), G. bieiben.

Laire, sb. clay, mud, mire, WA, H, HD; layre, H; lare, H; quagmire, HD.—Icel. leir, clay, mire.

Lairy, adj. miry, H; layry, H; layri, H; layri, H; layery, HD.

Laiten, v. to seek, SD, HD, S2, WA; 1e;ten, SD.—Icel. *leita*; Goth. wlaiton, to look about.

Laith, adj. loathsome, H; see Loth.

Laitis, sb. pl. gestures, S3; see Late. Lake, sb. a kind of fine linen, C2, HD, CM.—Cp. Du. laken, cloth, a sheet, OHG. Lahan, also lachan (Otfrid).

Lake, sb. standing-water, Prompt.; rivulus, Voc.; llak, pl., S2. Comb.: lakeryftes, chines worn by water, S2.—AF. lake, OF. lac; Lat. lacum.

Lake, sb. dat. a gift, offering, S; see Lok. Laken, v. to offer to God, S.—AS. (ge)-lácian, to give.

Takke, sb. defect, a failing, C2; lak, Prompt., C; lac, SkD; lake, blame, WA, S3; lakke, C2; lakkes, pl, faults, PP.—Cp. Du. lak, blemish.

Lakken, v. to lack, PP, C; him lakked, pt. s. there lacked to him, C2.

Lakken, v. to blame, G, PP, Prompt.; lak, JD; lakes, pr. s., S2; lackand, pr. p., H; y-lakked, pp., P.—Cp. Du. laken, to blame.

Lammasse, sb. Lammas, the first of August, PP, S2; Lammesse, Prompt.—AS. hlammasse, hláfmasse, loaf-mass, named from the Blessing of Bread. The Feast is called in the Sarum Manual Benedictio novorum fructuum.

Lampe, sb. lamp, Cath., PP; laumpe, S2, PP; lawmpe, Voc., Prompt.; lampes, pl., C3.—AF. lampe; Lat. lampadem.

Lampe, sb. a thin plate, C3; lamm, HD, ND.—OF. lame; Lat. lamina.

Laner, sb. a kind of hawk, basterdus, Voc.; lanner, Cotg.; lannard, HD.—OF. lanier (Cotg.); Lat. laniarium, that which tears, from laniare, to tear.

Lanere, sb. a thong, Prompt.; see Laynere.

Lang, adj. long, tall, S; long, S, PP; lengre, comp., S; lenger, S2, C2, PP; lengore, S2; lange, adv. long, S; longe, S2; lang, S2; lenger, Comp., S; lenger, S3; lengere, S, S2; langar, S3; lengest, superl., S, S2.—AS. lang.

Langage, sb. language, C, C2, PP.—AF. langage.

Langes, pr. pl. belong, S2; see Longen. Lang-fridai, sb. Long-Friday, i. e. Good-Friday, S; lange-fridai, S.—Icel. langi-fridagr.

Langmode, adj. long-suffering, S2.—AS. lang-mbd.

Langour, sb. languishment, slow starvation, C2, PP; langours, pl. sicknesses, W.—AF. langour, illness; Lat. languorem.

Languor, sb. disease, sickness, W; languores, pl., W.—Lat. languor (Vulg.).

Lanzer, sb. a thong, Cath.; see Laynere. Lappe, sb. lap, bosom, PP, C2, C3; a lappet, skirt, PP, S; the lobe of the ear, Cath.—AS. lappa (OET).

Lappen, v. to wrap, W, H, Cath., SkD, HD: see **Wlappen**.

Lare, sb. lore, S, S2, H; see Lore.

Lare, sb. clay; see Laire.

Lare-fadir, sb. teacher. doctor, H; larefadir, H; larefather, HD; lorefadyr, HD.

Large, adj. liberal, generous, S, G, PP, C; plentiful, S2; sb. size, S2.—AF. large.

Largeliche, adv. bountifully, PP, S2; largely, G.

Largesse, sb. largess, bounty, PP, S3.

—AF. largesce.

Lar-pawes, sb. pl. teachers, S; see Lor-peaw.

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Las, sb. snare, lace, HD, SkD, C; las, S; lass, C3, C; lass, Voc.—OF. las, lags; | pl., W2.—Cp. F. lattis. Lat. laqueus; cp. AF. laz.

Lase, v. to fasten, C; lasynge, pr. p C; lacede, pt. s., S; i-laced, pp., S.—OF. lacier.

Laser, sb. leisure, S2, S3; see Leyser. Lasnen, v. to lessen; lasned, pt. s., Sa.

Lasse. adj. and adv. comp. less, S, S2 S3, C3, PP; lesse, S. Phr.: lasse and more, smaller and greater, i. e. all, C2; on les that, on a less supposition than that, unless, SkD; onlesse that, Palsg.; onlesse, SkD; pi les pe, lest, SD; leste, S, PP; les when, lest at some time, H. AS. læssa, adj.; and læs, adv.; þý læs þe, lest.

Last, sb. weight, burden, ship's cargo, C2.—AS. hlast; see Sievers, 232. Laden.

Last, sb. fault, SD; lest, SD; laste, dat., S.—Icel. löstr (stem lasta); cp. OHG. lastar, abuse, blame (Otfrid).

Lasten, v. to find fault, blame, SD.

Lasten, v. to follow out, last, endure, S, PP; lesten, S, S2; last, pr. s., S, C2; lest, S; laste, pt. s., S, C2; lastede, S; lestyt, pp., S3.—AS. lástan, to perform, to last: Goth. laistjan, from laists (AS. lást), a foot-track.

Lastingly, adv. constantly, W. Lat, pr. s. leads, S; see Leden.

Lat. Late. Laten: see Leten.

Late, sb. behaviour, look, gesture, S, S2; lete, S; lote, S; lates, pl., S; laitis, S3; loten, S.—Icel. ldt. See Leten.

Late, adj. and adv. slow, late, S, PP; later, comp., S, PP; latere, adv., S2; latst, superl., S.—AS. lat: Goth. lats, slothful.

Lateful, adj. late, W.

Lao, adj. hateful, loath, S, S2; see Loth. Lab. sb. hatred, S.—AS. láb.

Lade, sb. barn, horreum, granarium, Cath., Voc., HD; lates, pl., S.—Icel. hlata. **Laoful**, adj. hateful, S.

Latien, v. to invite, summon to a feast, SD.—AS. labian; cp. OHG. ladon (Otfrid). Latiere, sb. inviter, S.

Latimer, sb. interpreter, S; latymer, HD; latineres, pl., SD, HD.—AF. latymer; OF. latinier, interpreter, lit. one knowing Latin; Late Lat. latinarium (Ducange).

Latis, sb. lattice; latijs, W2; latisis,

Latly, adv. late, scarcely, H; latlier, comp., H.—AS. latlice; cp. Icel. latliga. See Late.

Laton, sb. auricalcum, Prompt., C2; latoun, C3, C, W, WA; latten, Sh., ND, HD.-OF. laton.

Latrede. adj. tardy, CM.—AS. lætræde. See Late.

Latsum, adj. backward, SD. - AS. lætsum.

Latsumnes, sb. backwardness, H. Laude, sb. praise, C2.—Lat. laudem. Lauhen, v. to laugh, PP; laughe, PP, C2; see Lahhen.

Lauhte, pt. s. seized, PP; lau;te, PP, S2; laucte, S; laste, S; see Lacchen.

Laumpe, sb. lamp, S2; see Lampe. Launce, sb. lance, PP, WA; lance, Cath .- AF. launce, lance; Lat. lancea.

Launcegay, sb. a kind of spear, C2; lancegaye, ND; lawnoegay, Prompt.-AF. launcegay (Godefroy).

Launcen, v. to hurl, fling, dart, to leap, hurry, to spring up, S3, PP; lanse, S2; launchen, to skip over a dike with a long pole; lawnchyn, Prompt. — OF. lancer, lancier, lanchier.

Launde, sb. a wild, untilled, shrubby, bushy plain, PP, CM, C, HD; laund, Sh., ND, Cotg.; lawnd, saltus, Voc.; land, Cotg.; lawnde, Cath.—AF. launde, forest, plain, OF. lande (Cotg.).

Laurer, sb. laurel, C; lory; er, Prompt.; loryel, lorel, Prompt. - OF. laurier. lorier; Late Lat. *laurarium; from Lat. laurus.

Lauzen, v. to laugh, S3, PP; laughe, C2, PP; lauhwen, S, S2, PP; see Lahhen. **Laue.** sb. the remainder, B. ID, HD; see **Laif**.

Lauen, v. to lave, wash, PP; lauande, pr. p., S2 .- OF. laver; Lat. lavare.

Lauerd, sb. lord, S, S2; see Louerd. Lauerding, sb. nobleman, S2. Louerdinges.

Lauerdschipe, sb. lordship, S2; lordschipe, W2.

Laueroc, sb. lark, alauda, SD; lauerok, SD, JD; lauerokke, CM; lauerock, S2; larke, PP, Prompt., Voc.—AS. lawerce (Voc.).

Lauour, sb. laver, cistern, S3, CM, WW: laver, WW.

Law, adj. low, S3; see Louh.

Lawe, sb. law, S, PP; laze, S; laghe, S, H; lake, S; lage, S; lages, pl., S; lahen, S; lawes, S; laze, S; lazen, S; lashess, S. Phr.: of the beste lawe, in the best order, G.—Icel. lög (stem lagu), statute, decree.

Laweful, adj. lawful, SD; lawfulle, Cath.

Lawelese, adj: lawless, S; lazelease, S. Lawelyche, adj. lawful, S; lagelice, adv., S.

Lay, sb. law, CM; religion, fidelity S2; creed, C2, C3; laies, pl., PP.—OF. lai, ley, lei; Lat. legem

Layes, sb. pl. leas, meadows, S3; see

Layke, sb. game, sport, trial of strength, PP, S2; laike, WA; laik, PP.—Icel. leikr. Cf. Lok.

Layken, v. to play, sport, S2, PP Prompt., Manip.; laike, PP, WA; leyke, S. -Icel. leika; cp. AS. lácan, to spring, leap for joy, dance, contend: Goth. laikan, to leap for joy.

Layking, sb. play-thing; laykyn', Prompt.; lakan, Prompt. (n); leikin, a

sweet-heart, Prompt. (n).

Laynere, sb. a thong, C, CM; layner, SkD (p. 814); lanjer, Cath.; lanyer, Palsg.; lanyr, Voc.; lanere, Prompt.—OF. laniere (Cotg.), lasniere (Palsg.), lasnier (Bartsch); Late Lat. *laniaria (linea), the thong for a lanner. See Laner. Laze, sb. law, S; see Lawe.

Lazte, pt. s. took, S; see Lacchen.

Lazar, sb. leper, PP; lazer, C; lazars, pl., PP, C.—Church Lat. lazari, lepers (Ducange), from Lazarus; Gr. Λάζαρος (Lu. 16. 20); Heb. Eleazar, God helpeth.

Leahtor, sb. vice; leahtrum, pl. dat., S.—AS. leahtor, from leahan (léan), to blame: OS. lahan.

Lean, sb. reward, S.—AS. lean: Icel. laun, OHG. lon (Tatian).

Leasing. sb. falsehood, WW; see Leesinge.

Lebard, sb. leopard, S2; see Leopart. Leccherye, sb. lewdness, PP; lecherie, S, S2, PP.—AF lecherie.

Leche, sb. physician, S, S2, S3, C3, H; leeche, W; lache, S; leches, pl., S3; lechis, W.—AS. lace: Goth. lekeis.

Leche-craft, sb. knowledge of medicine, S2, C, PP.

Lechen, v to heal, S2, HD, PP. Lechnien, v. to heal, SD.—AS. lácnian.

Lechnunge, sb. healing, S.—AS. lácnung.

Lechour, sb. a dissolute person, PP; letchour, W; lechur, S; lechours, pl., PP; lechouris, W; letchours, W.-AF. lecheur, glutton, from OF. lecher, to lick; cp. OHG. gi-lechon (Otfrid). See Licken.

Lede, sb. man, PP; ledes, pl., tenements, PP; see **Leod**.

Leden, v. to lead, carry, S, S₂, Prompt.; laden, S; leaden, S; leide, S3; lat, pr. s., S, PP; ledys, pr. pl., S3; ledde, pt. s., S; ladde, S. S2, S3; leed, S; lad, S2, 1mdden, pl., S; ladde, C2, PP; i-led, pp., S; i-lad, S, G; lad, S2, S3; lede, S2; ladde, PP .- AS. ladan, to lead, carry, lift (pt. lådde, pp. låded), from låd, a way. See Lode.

Leden, adj. leaden, C3. See **Leed**. Leden, sb. language, S2; leoden, SD; lede, WA; ludene, voice, PP; ledene, dat., $C_2(n.)$; PP; ledenes, pl., S.—AS. lyden, language, also leden, Latin (on leden gereorde, Latina lingua, Voc.); Lat. latinus; cp. OF. latin, speech (the warbling of birds), Bartsch, 385. 29, It. latino, language.

Lee-; see also under Le-, Leo-. Leed, sb. lead, S2, S3, C3, Voc., Prompt.; led, PP; lede, S3, P.—AS. léad (OET); cp. OLG. lbd; see Weigand (s.v. *lbd*).

Leed. sb. a kitchen copper, CM (2. 7); leede, dat., C.—Cp. lead (in dialects), HD, EDS. 21 (Tusser).

Leef. sb. leaf, a piece, PP, C; lef, PP; lyf, S2, PP; leues, pl., PP; levis, S3; leyvis, S3.—AS. léaf: Goth. laufs, laubs.

Leef, adj. dear, S3, C; see Leof.

Leel. adj. leal, S₃; see **Lel**.

Leendis, sb. pl. loins, S2; see Lende. Leep. sb. basket, W; see Lepe.

Lees. sb. leash, snare, C3, CM, Prompt.; leese, CM; see Lese.

Lees. adj. and sb. false, a lie, S2, PP; les, S; less, S2, S3; lesse, S; lese, S; lessere, comp., S.—AS. léas; cp. Icel. laus, loose, dissolute.

Leesinge, sb. falsehood, S3; leasung, lesing, S, S2, C3, W2; leasing, WW; leesing, W.—AS. léasung.

Lefdi, sb. lady, S, S2; see **Leuedy**, **Lef-ful.** adj. believing, S. See Loue.

Lefsum, adj. allowable, PP; see Leif-

Lege, adj. liege, S3; see Lige,

Leggen, v. to lay, S, S2, W; leyn, S, S3; leie to, to add, W2; leist, 2 pr. s., S; lessesst, S; leid, pr. s., S; leyd, S; leged, pl., S; leide, pt. s., S, S2; leyde, S; leggde, S; leedde, S; legiden, pl., S; leyden, S2; leid, pp., S; leyd, S, S2; l-leid, S; l-leyd, S; y-leid, S3; y-leyd, C2.—AS. lecgan: Goth. lagian.

Legistre, sb. a legist, man skilled in the law; legister, Prompt.; legistres, pl., P.-AF. legistre; Late Lat. legista.

Leif. sb. leave, licence, B; see Leue. Leifsum, adj. allowable, S3; lefsum,

Leir, sb. a couch, bed; **leire**, dat., S.-AS. leger, lying, illness.

Leiren, v. to lay low, sternere; leirede, pp., SD; laid on a sick bed, S.—AS. legerian (Leo).

Leir-stowe, sb. sepulchre, SD.

Leit, sb. lightning, S, W, W2; leyt, W2; leitis, pl., W, W2.—AS. léget, liget, Mt. 24. 27, lieget; see Sievers, 247.

Leiten, v to flame, SD; to lighten, W2; leitinde, pr. p., S. See above.

Leityngis, sb. pl. lightnings, W.

Leizen, v. to laugh, W; see Lahhen. Leiztir, sb. laughter, W2; see Lahter.

Leizyng, sb. laughing, W.

Lel, adj. leal, loyal, true, S2, S3; leel, PP, S3; lele, S2.—AF. leal, OF. leial; Lat. legalem.

Lelliche, adv. truly, S2, S3, PP; lelly, S2, S3, PP; leelly, S2, PP; lelye, S2; lely, H; lelest, superl., PP.

Leme, sb. gleam, light, S, S2, PP, CM; leom, PP; leome, S; lemes, pl., CM; leemes, C; leames, S3; lemys, S3; leomene, pl. gen., S; lemene, S.—AS. léoma.

Lemen, v. to shine, SD; leomen, SD; lemand, pr. p., S3, WA; leomede, pt. s., SD; lemede, SD; lemed, PP. - AS. lyman.

Lemman, sb. sweetheart, lover (of both sexes), mistress, concubine, S, C2, C3, PP; lemmans, pl., WA; see Leofmon.

Lende, sb. loin, lumbus, Voc., S2; lendes, pl., HD, G; leendis, S2, W, W2; lendis, H; lendys, PP.—AS. lendenu, pl. (Voc.); cp. OHG. lendi (G. lende), lentin (Tatian).

dwell, to cause to land, S, PP; lend, pt. pl., S2; lended, pp., S2; ylent, S2.—Icel. lenda, to land; cp. AS. (ge)landian, to cause to land. See **Lond**.

Lene, adj. lean, S, PP, C2, Prompt., Cath.—AS. hláne.

Lenen, v. to lean, PP; len, H; lenede, pt. s., PP; leonede, PP, S2; lent, pp., S3. -AS. hlionian; cp. Lat. clinare (in inclinare).

Lenen, v. to lend, grant, S, PP, S2, S3, C3; leenen, W; lennen, Cath.; leendyn, Prompt.; len, imp. s., S2; lenys, pr. s., H; lennys, H; leno, S(I. 5I); lantes, 2 pt. s., S2; i-lenet, pp., S; y-lent, C3; i-leaned, S; land, S2; lend, S2; lent, S2.—AS. lanan. See Leen, Lone.

Lener, sb. lender, usurer, W; leyner,

Leng, Lenger, Lengre; see Lang. **Lenge.** v. to linger, remain, dwell, PP, S2; lenged, pt. s., PP.—AS. lengan. See Lang.

Lengoe, sb. length, S, PP; lence, S2. -AS. Tengo.

Lennen, v. to lend, Cath.; see **Lenen**. Lennynge, sb. a lending, H; lendynge, Prompt.

Lenten, sb. spring, lent, S2, PP; lente, PP, C2.—AS. lengten.

Leo-: see also under Le-.

Leod. sb. a man, also, a tenement, possession, PP, S2; leode, PP; lede, PP, WA; lud, S2; leodes, pl., PP; leodis, PP; ledes, S2, PP; ledis, PP, WA; leedes, PP, G; ludes, S2.—AS. Wod, a prince (Grein).

Leode, sb. country-men, people, S; leede, G; leoden, dat., S; lede, HD, S2, WA; leode, S2. Phr.: land and lede, HD.-AS. léod, sb. f. a people, pl. léode, men (Grein); cp. OHG. list (Otfrid).

Leof. adj. dear, beloved, glad, S, PP, S2; Hef, S, S3, C2, PP; lef, S, S3, HD; leef, S3, C, PP; lif, S; lefe, S2; leue, PP, S, S2, S3, C2; lieue, S; luef, S2; luf, S2; leoue, S; leofue, S; leuer, comp., S3, C2; leof, adv. PP; luf, PP; leuere, comp., S, S2; leouere, S; leuer, H; leouest, superl., S, S2; louest, S; leueste, S2.— AS. léof.

Leofliche, adj. dear, precious, S; adv., S; leuelike, S; leoflukest, adj. superl., S.—AS. léoflic, adj.; léoflice, adv.

Leof-mon, sb. dear one, beloved one, Lende, v. to land, arrive, to remain, lover (used of both sexes), S; lefmon, S, Leofsum, adj. precious, S; lefsum,

Leoften, v. to flatter, caress; leoftede, pt. s., S.

Leome, sb. limb, S2; see Lim.

Leome, Leomen; see Leme, Lemen. Leon, sb. lion, S2, C2, WA; leun, S; leoun, S, S2, C2; lyoun, S2; liuns, pl., S; leuns, S .- AF. liun, OF. leon; Lat. leonem. Leonyn, adj. lion-like, C2.—OF. leonin; Lat. leoninum.

Leopart, sb. leopard, PP; leparde, Voc.; lepart, C; lebard, Voc; leberde, Voc.; lyberde, Cath.; libard, B; labbarde, Prompt.; lebbard, Prompt.; leoperdes, pl., PP; lepardes, C2; lebardez, S2; libardes, S2; liberdes, S3. — AF. leopard, leopart, lepart, pl. leoparz.

Leor, sb. cheek, face, S, PP, S2; lere, PP, S2, S3, WA; lire, PP; lure, SD. AS. hléor, the cheek, face, look.

Leornen, v. to learn, S, S2; see Ler-

Leorning-cniht, sb. disciple, SD, S. Leobre, adj. bad, S; see Luber.

Lepe, sb. basket, Voc., HD, H (s.v. ber), Palsg.; leep, W, W2, Prompt.; leap, Cotg. (s.v. nasse); lepis, pl., W; lepes, S (s.v. bread).—AS. léap; cp. Icel. laupr.

Lepen, v. to leap, run, PP, G; lope, Cath., HD; leop, pt. s., PP, S2; lep, PP; leep, PP; lap, S2, S3; lepe, PP; loupe, P; lope, S2, PP; lep, pl., S2; lopen, P; lope, P; lopen, pp., PP, S2, HD; lepte, pt. s. (weak), S2; lippide, W; lepten, pl., PP.—AS. hléapan, pt. hléop (pl. hléopon), pp. hléapen: Goth. hlaupan; cp. Icel. hlaupa.

Leper, sb. leaper, Cath.; loper, Cath.; leperes, pl. runners, wanderers, PP.

Lepe-zere, sb. leap-year, Voc., Cath. Lepre, sb. leprosy, S2; leprye, Manip. -AF. lepre; Lat. lepra (Vulg.); Gr. λέπρα.

Lere. sb. flesh, muscle, C2; see Lyre. Lere, sb. cheek, face, S2, S3; see Leor.

Lered, pp. used as adj.; læredd, the learned, clergy, S; lerud, instructed, W, W2. -AS. læred.

Lered-men, sb. pl. the learned, the clergy, S.

Leren, v. (1) to teach, S, S2, S3, H; learen, S; leoren, S; ler, imp. s., S;

S2, S3, C2, H.—AS. láran: Goth. laisjan, to make to find out, to teach.

Lerned. adj. learned, C2, PP.

Lernen, v. to learn, teach, S, S2, S3, PP, W2; lurnen, S2; leornen, S, S2; leornin, S. -AS. leornian.

Les, Lese, adj. false, S; see Lees.

Lese, sb. a leash, laxa, Cath., PP; lees, Prompt., C3; leece, Prompt.; lease, Cotg. (s.v. laisse); lesshe, Palsg.; lesshe, HD; leysche, S2.—OF. laisse; Lat. laxa, a loose rope.

Lesen, v. to lose, S2, S3, C2, PP, W; liese, S; leese, PP, S3; to destroy, W; leosen, S, S2, PP; leest, 2 pr. s., PP; lest, pr. s., S2; lees, pt. s., PP; les, PP; lese, PP; loren, pl., PP; lorn, pp., PP, S2; lorne, S3; lore, PP, G, S2; ilore, G; y-lore, S2; loste, pt. s. (weak), W; losten, pl., PP, C3, C, W2; loste, pp., PP; lost, PP; y-lost, C3.—AS léosan, pt. léas (pl. luron), pp. loren.

Lesen, v. to set free, redeem, S. HD, H; les, imp. s., S2; lese, G; lesde, pt. s., S; lesed, pp., S; i-lesed, S.—AS. lésan: OS. lósian.

Leser, sb. releaser, SD, HD, S2.

Lesewe, sb. pasture, W2; leesewe, W2; lese, SD, S2; lewse, dat., S; lesewis, pl., W; lyssouris, S3.—AS. lesu, læsu.

Lesewin. v. to feed; **lesewynge**, pr. p., W, S2; lesewid, pp., W2.—AS. læswian. Lesing, sb. a lie, S, S2, C3, W; lesyng, PP; see Leesinge.

Lesing-monger, sb. liar, W. Lesnesse. sb. remission, S2. Lesen.

Lesse, adj. comp. less, S. Lessin, v. to diminish, Prompt.; lessi,

Lessinge, sb. diminution, S2. Lest. sb. desire, C2; see Lust.

Lest, sb. fault, SD; see Last.

Lest, pr. s. it pleases, PP; pt. s., PP; see Lusten.

Lest, pr. s. loses, S2; see Lesen. Leste, adj. superl. least, S2, C2, G, PP; lest, S, PP; last, S.—AS. last.

Leste, imp. s. listen, S; see Lusten. Lesten, v. to last, S, S2; see Lasten. Lestinde, adj. lasting, S; leastinde, S.

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Lesty, adj. cunning, skilful, S3. See lauedi, S; leuedi, S; leefdi, S.—AS.

Les-when, conj. lest at some time, H. See Lasse.

Lesynge. sb. loss, PP; lesyng, S3, C2, PP; losyng, S2. See Lesen.

Leten, v. (1) to let, cause, permit, (2) to let go, (3) to leave, forsake, neglect, desist, (4) to behave, pretend, (5) to esteem, S, S2, C3, H; laten, S; lecten, S; lecte, S; late, imp. s., S2; lat, C2; lest, 2 pr. s., S; letip, pr. s., S2; lates, S2; lattis, H; lest, pt. s., S; let, S2, S3; leet, S2, C2; i-leten, pp., S: latun, W; laten, H.— AS. látan, létan, pt. lét, léot, pp. laten; cp. Icel. láta.

Leten, v. to delay, S; laten, S.—AS. latian. Cf. Letten.

Letherien, v. to be in a lather, SkD; liveri, pr. s. subj., S.—ONorth. levrian, to anoint (John 11. 2), from AS. léabor, lather (Voc.); cp. Icel. lauor, froth.

Lette, sb. delay, S, S3, C2; 1et, S2.

Letten, v. to hinder, to make late, PP. S2, S3, C2; let, pr. s., S, PP; lette, pt. s., S, C2; letted, S3; lettid, H.—AS. lettan: Icel. letja: Goth. latjan, to be late. Lettere, sb. hinderer, S2, PP.

Lettre, sb. writing, C2, PP; lettres, pl., C3, PP.—AF. lettre; Lat. littera.

Lettrure, sb. writing, scripture, learning, PP, W2; letterure, C2, PP, C3; lettyreure, H .- AF. lettrure, OF. letreure; Lat. litteratura.

Letuarie, sb. electuary, C3; lettwary Cath.; letuaries, pl., Cath. (n), C.—OF. laituaire, leiture, letuaire, electuaire; Lat. electuarium, a medicine dissolving in the mouth (Ducange).

Leude, adj. ignorant, H; see Lewed. Leun, sb. lion, S; see Leon.

Leute, sb. loyalty, PP; see Lewte.

Leue, sb. permission, Prompt., S2, C2, PP; leaue, S; leif, B. Phr.: nom leue, took leave, took permission to go, S; nam lefue, S; tok his leue, S, C2; tuk his leyff, S3; be soure leue, by your leave, WA.—AS. léaf.

Leue, sb. belief, S; leeue, S3; leefe, S; lafe, S.—AS. (ge)léafa.

Leue, adj. dear, S, S2, S3, C2; see Leof. Leue, v. to live, S2, S3; see Liuien.

Leued, adj. covered with leaves, PP, S2. Leuedy, sb. lady, S2, H; leuedi, S2, S; lefdye, S2; lefdi, S, S2; leafdi, S; Lewedly, adv. ignorantly, C2, C3.

hlæfdige.

Leueful, adj. allowable, PP; leeueful, S2, C3, W; leefful, S2; leeful, S2, S3.— AS. léafful.

Leuen, v. to permit, S, S2, S3, C2, PP; lef, imp. s., S.—AS. lýfan, to allow.

Leuen, v. to believe, S, S2, S3, C2, PP; leauen, S; leeuen, S2; leyue, PP; lefenn, S; lyue, PP; lef, imp. s., S, PP; leef, PP, S2; leues, pl., S2; leueden, pt. pl., W; leeued, pp., S3.—AS. (ge)lyfan: Goth. (ga)laubjan.

Leuen, v. to leave, to dismiss, to remain, relinquere, relinqui, PP, S, S2, S3; leauen, S; lef, S2; leaf, imp. s., S; lef, S; leeue, S2; leues, pr. pl., S2; lefde, pt. s., S; leafde, S; lefte, S2, S3; leuede, pl., S2; lafte, C2; laft, pp., S2, C2; lewyt, S3; y-left, S2.—AS. lafan, to leave, from laf. remains, heritage. See Laif.

lightning, Leuene, sb. Cath. (n), Prompt.; levin, JD, SD, ND; levyn, Prompt.—Cp. Goth. lauhmuni, also Dan. lyn; see Douse, p. 103.

Leuenen, v. to smite with lightning, to shine; levyn, Cath.; leuenand, pr. p., Cath. (n), H.

Leuenynge, sb. lightning, Cath., H; leuening, S2; leyfnyng, Voc.; leuenyngis, pl., H.

Leuere, adj. comp. dearer, preferable, PP, S, S2; adv. more dearly, sooner, rather, PP, S2; leuer, PP, S2, S3; see

Levy, sb. a raising, esp. of money, SkD (p. 815).—OF. levée, a levy (Cotg.).

Levy, v. to raise (money), SkD; leveyed. pp., S3.-OF. lever; Lat. leuare.

Lewch, pt. s. laughed, S3; see Lahhen. **Lewde**, adj. ignorant, S3; see **Lewed**.

-lewe, suffix. Cf. Chekelew, Costlewe, Drunkenlewe, Siklewe, burstlew.—Icel. suffix -ligr, passing into -liw, and then into -lew, by influence of w on i; cp. Icel. kostligr, ME. costlewe, costly (W.W. S.).

Lewe, sb. shelter, S; lew, HD.—AS. hleow, hléo.

Lewe, adj. warm, tepid, S; lew, HD, W. Lewed, adj. unlearned, ignorant, worthless, S2, C, C2, PP, H; læwedd, S; lewde, S3, Prompt.; lewid, W; lawd, H; lawde, H; leude, H; lewedeste, superl., PP.-AS. lawed, lay, 'laicus (Voc.), (ge)léwed, pp. of læwan, to weaken.

Lewednesse, sb. ignorance, PP, S2, C2; lewdnesse, PP; lewdness, S3; lewdenesse, Prompt.

Lewke, adj. tepid, Cath.; luke, Cath. (n). **Lewse**. sb. pasture, S; see **Lesewe**.

Lewte, sb. loyalty, fidelity, G, Prompt., PP; leute, PP.—AF. lealte, OF. lealted; Lat. legalitatem.

Lewth, sb. shelter, HD.—AS. hleowo, hléoð.

Leye, sb. flame, PP, S; leie, S; lei, SD.—AS. leg: Icel. logi. Cf. Lowe.

Leye, sb. untilled land, PP; lay, Prompt.; laye, dat., S3; laye, adj., G; layes, pl. meadows, S3; leys, S3; leyes, PP; leyses, PP; leas, S3 (p. 228).—AS. leah.

Leye-lond, sb. lea-land, PP; laylande, 'terre nouvellement labourée,' Palsg.

Leyen, pt. pl. lay, S, S₃; leyn, pp., lain, S₃; see Liggen.

Leyn, v. to lay, S, S3; leyde, pt. s., S; leyd, pp., S, S2; see Leggen.

Leyser, sb. leisure, C, C2; laser, S2, S3: laysure, Manip.—AF. leisir; Lat. licere.

-le33c, suffix, used in forming abstract nouns, found in Ormulum, S.—Icel. -leikr, or -leiki. Cf. -lac.

Li-: see also under Ly-.

Libben, v. to live, S, S2, S3; see **Liuien**.

Tich, sb. body, form, S, PP, SkD; liche, S, PP, WA; like, WA; lyche, dead body, Prompt. Comb.: lichewake, the watch held over the body of the dead, C, SD; lyke-waik, JD, Prompt. (n).—AS. Uc, the body, generally the living body; cp. Goth. Leik, the body, also a corpse. Cf. Liche.

Lic-hame, sb. body, S; licham, S; lykhame, PP; licame, S, PP; licam, PP, S2; likam, PP, S2; lykam, PP; likam, PP, S2; lykam, PP; lichames, S2; lycome, S; licames, PP.—AS. Uc-hama, a body, properly 'bodycovering'; cp. Icel. Ukami.

Lichamliche, adj. bodily, carnal, S; lichamliche, S.—AS. Uchamlic.

Liche, adj. like, resembling, PP, S3; lyche, PP, S2; lich, S2; lijk, W2; lyik, W2; lyik, W2; lykest, superl., S2.—AS. llc, found usually in the form ge-llc. Cf. Lich, Ilich.

-liche, suffix, found in adjectives and adverbs.—AS. -lic, adj. suffix, -lice, adv. suffix.

Licht, adj. light, not heavy, easy, S2, B; see **Liht**.

Licht, pr. s. lights, S; see Listen.

Lichtlines, sb. levity, jesting; lycht-lynes, S3.

Ticken, v. to lick, SkD; lickiden, pt. pl., W (Lu. 16. 21). Comb.: lyck-peny, a name for London from its licking up the penny, swallowing money, S3; lick-penny, S3 (n).—AS. liccian; cp. OHG. lechon in gi-lechon (Otfrid); see Brugmann, § 214. Cf. Lechoux.

Licour, sb. liquor, juice, S2, C3; lycour, PP; liquoure, Manip.; licur, SkD.—OF. licur; Lat. liquorem.

Lic-wurde, adj. pleasing, S.

Lid, sb. a cover, lid, SD; **!ydde**, Cath.; book-cover, HD; **!ides**, pl., lids of the eyes, S.—AS. hlid.

Liden, v. to cover, SD.—AS. hlídan, to cover (in be-hlídan), pp. hliden.

Lieftenant, sb. lieutenant, deputy, S3; lieftenants, pl., S3.—AF. lieutenant; Lat. locum-tenentem.

Liese, v. to lose, S; see Lesen.

Lifes, pr. s. lives, S2; see Linion. Lift, adj. left, S, S2, PP; see Lyft.

Lige, adj. liege, free, PP, C2, C3; lyge, PP; liege, PP; lege, S3, PP, SkD; leege, PP; lyche, Prompt.; lige, sb. pl., liege servants, PP, C2; lyges, PP; lieges, S2, C3; liegis, PP; leges, PP.—OF. lige (Bartsch), lige seignur, liege lord (Roland, 2421); cp. AF. seignour lige, and homes liges; cp. Low Lat. ligius.

Ligeaunce, sb. allegiance, C3.—OF. ligeance, see NED (s. v. allegiance).

Ligen, v. to tell a lie, S; see Lyzen.

Liggen, v. to lie, S, S2, H, C2, W;
ligen, H; lizen, S2; lien, S; leze, S;
lige, pl., S; life, pr. s., S, S2; lyō, S;
ligeo, pl., S; ligges, continue, S2; lygeo,
pr. pl. subj., S2; lai, pt. s., S; lay to,
suited, S2; leigen, pl., S; leyen, S, S3;
y-leye, pp., P; 1-leie, S; leie, W; leyn,
S3; y-layne, S3; 1-leizen, S2.—AS. licgan,
pt. lag, pl. lágon (lágon), pp. gelegen.

Liggyng, sb. lying down, W.

Lighte, v. to make less heavy, to relieve a horse of his burden by descending, to alight, CM; lyghte, S3, C3, Cath; light, S2, S3; llyten, S, S2; ligten, S; lighten, S; lyste, pt. s., PP; lyste, PP; lyste, S2; lighten, pt., S3; llht, pp., S2; ligt, S.—AS. Uhtan. See Liht.

Lihen, v. to deceive, S; see Ly3en.

Liht, adj. light, not heavy, easy, S; 1yht, S; 11oht, S2; 11st, W2; 11ste, active, S; adv., S2; 11stere, comp, S2, W.—AS. leoht: OHG. lihti; cp. Goth. leihts; see Sievers, 83.

Lihtlich, adj. easy, light, S; lihtliche, adv., S; litliche, S, S2.—AS. leohtlic, leohtlice.

Lihtschipe, sb. swiftness, S.

Liken, v. to please, SkD, PP, WW, S₃; Ilkl, S; lykyen, S; Ilke, to rejoice, S₂; Ilke, pr. s. impers., PP, S₂; lykeo, PP, S₂, C₂; lykeo, pt. s., S₂.—AS. *lician* (also *lican*), to please, literally, to be *like* or suitable for. See **Liche**.

Likerous, adj. dainty, lecherous, S2, PP, C3; lykerous, PP; lycorouse, dainty-mouthed, Palsg.; licorous, Cotg. (s.v. lecheresse). See **Lechour**.

Likful, adj. pleasing, SD.

Likinge, sb. pleasure, S, W; liking, PP, W2; lykyng, S2, C2.

Likinge, adj. favourable; lykynge, S2. Likli, adj. likely, SD.

Liklihed, sb. likelihood, SkD; lykli-

hede, C2. **Liklinesse**, sb. probability; lyklinesse, C2.

Liknen, v. to liken, to compare, PP; lykne, PP; lickne, PP; lykned, pp., C2; lickned, W; liknet, S2.

Liknesse, sb. likeness, appearance, PP, W; **liceness**, S; **liknes**, S2; **lyknes**, S3.—AS. gellenes.

Lilburne, sb. a heavy stupid fellow, S3. Lilie, sb. lily, argentea, S, S2. Comb.: 1y1ie-whyt, lily-white, S2.—AS. lilie (Voc.); Lat. lilia, pl. of lilium; cp. OHG. lilia (Offrid).

Tim, sb. limb, S; lym, S2; lyme, PP; leome, PP, S2; limen, pl., S; lemes, PP; limes, S; lymes, limbs, W2, S2, PP; C2; creatures, PP; lyms, S3; limmes, C2. Phr.: feondes lymes, limbs of the fiend, PP (cp. Icel. limir Fjándans); the deuyl and his lymmes, H (Ps. 108. 30). Comb.: lim-mele, limb-meal, SD; limel, S.—AS. lim, lim-mélum, 'membratim.'

Timpen, v to happen, to belong to, S; lomp, pt. s., SD; lymppede (weak), HD; lumpen, pp., S2.—AS. limpan, pt. lamp (pl. lumpon), pp. gelumpen.

-ling, suffix. See SkD (s.v. darkling).
Linnen, v. to cease, S; lynne, S; lin,

HD; lyn, S₃; lan, pt. s., SD.—AS. linnan, pt. lann (pl. lunnon), pp. lunnen; cp. Icel. linna.

Linnunge, sb. ceasing, S.

Lipnen, v. to trust; lippin, JD.

Lipning, sb. trust; lypnyng, B.

Lire, sb. cheek, face, PP; see Leor.

Lispen, v. to lisp, SkD; lyspe, Cath.; lipsede, pt. s., C.—AS. wlispian.

Lisse, sb. ease, rest, joy, happiness, S, PP; 1988e, S, PP.—AS. liss (for lib-s); see Sievers, 258. See Libe.

Lissien, v. to ease, SD; lisse, HD; lyss, S3.—AS. lissian,

List, pr. s. impers. it pleases him, S2, S3, C2; see Lusten.

Liste, v. to desire, PP; see Lusten.

Liste, sb. list or edge of cloth, PP, Manip; lyste, PP, S2, Palsg., Cath.; lyste, Prompt.; lyste, Prompt. Comb.: lyste of the ear, mol de l'oraylle, Palsg.—OF. liste; Icel. lista.

Liste, sb. craft, astuteness, S, S2.—AS. list; cp. Icel. list, OHG. list, from Teut. base LIS. Cf. Lore.

Listely, adv. slily, S2.—AS. listlice. **Listes**, sb. pl. the lists, the ground enclosed for a tournament, C2; lystes, C.—AF. listes, pl.; OF. lisse, (also lice), a tiltyard; see Ducange (s. v. licia).

Listre, sb. a lector, preaching friar, PP; listyr, Prompt.; reader, Trevisa, 6. 257; listres, pl., PP.—OF. listre for litre; Church Lat. lector (Ducange).

Lit. adj. little, S; see Lyte.

Lit, sb. stain, dye, colour, S, SD; little, pl., WA.—Icel. litr, colour, complexion, countenance, dye. See Witten.

Litarge, sb. litharge, protoxyde of lead, C, C₃.—OF. litharge; Lat. lithargyrus; Gr. λιθάργυρος.

Liteled, pt. s. 2 p. didst esteem lower, S2; see **Lutlin**.

Lith, sb. joint, limb, member, PP, S, S2, C; lyth, HD; lythe, Prompt.—AS. liō; cp. Icel. liōr, Goth. lithus.

Live, v. to go, pass through, S; 115en, S.—AS. *Uvan*; cp. Icel. *Uva*, OHG. *Uvan*, to go through, suffer (Otfrid), Goth. *leithan*.

Live, adj. gentle, mild, soft, calm, sweet, S; lythe, Prompt.; lythe, adv., HD.—AS. live (for linth-j-a); cp. OHG. lindi, lind, Icel. linr. Cf. Linnen.

Liveliche, adv. gently, S.—AS. livelice. Liver, adj. bad, S2; see Luver. **Livien**, v. to relax, S, SD; 100e, PP, WA; 1ethe, to alleviate, S2; to grow calm, S2.—AS. *Uvian*.

Lionien, v. to ease; Monid, pp., PP. Litte, v. to dye, H, Cath., HD; Mten, Prompt.—Icel. lita, to dye. See Lit.

Littester, sb. dyer, tinctor, tinctrix, Cath.; lytster, tinctor, Voc.; lyster, Cath.; lystare, Prompt.; litsters, pl., HD. See Lit.

Liue, Liues; see Lyf.

Liuelod, sb. sustenance, S3; see Lyf-lode.

Liuenoče, sb. sustenance, S. — Icel. *lifnačr*, conduct of life.

Liuien, v. to live, S; liue, S; leiffe, S3; lefen, S; leue, S2, S3; leeuen, S3; libben, S, S2, S3; lybbe, S2, S3; liuiende, pr. p., S; libbinde, S; leuand, S3; leowinde, S: lyfand, S2; liffand, S3; liffand, S3; leyffyt, S3.—AS. liffan, libban, to remain, to be left, to live; cp. AS liffan, to leave, and OHG. be-liban, to remain (Tatian).

Liuing, sb. means of livelihood, S3. Lixt, 2 pr. s. liest, G; see Lyzen.

Lizt, sb. light, S; lyht, S, S2; licht, S; lich, S; lich, S; liht, S, PP; lyzt, S2; loht, S; list, pl., S2.—AS. leoht: Goth. liuhath; cp. OHG. lioht (Otfrid).

List, adj. light, bright, WA; lyht, S2.—AS. léoht; cp. OHG. lioht (Otfrid).

Listen, v. to light, enlighten, to become bright, S; lihten, S; lict, imp., S; licht, pr. s., S; lihtede, pt. s., S; 1-list, pp., S2; liht, S; lyht, S2.—AS. lyhtan, lihtan.

Lizten, v. to alight, S, S2; see Lighte. Lizti, adj. bright, shining, W.

Lizti, adj. bright, shining, W. **Liztinge,** sb. lightning, S2.

Liztne, v. to enlighten, shine, dawn, W, W2; Liztnede, pt. s., W.

Listnere, sb. enlightener, W2.

Li3tnyng, sb. illumination, W, W2. Lob, sb. a clown, a clumsy fellow, HD; a lout, lubber, Sh.

Lobbe-keling, sb. a large cod, S2. Lob-cocke, sb. lubber, S3, Cotg. (s. v. baligaut), HD. See Lob.

Lobres, sb. pl. lubbers, PP, S2. **Loby**, sb. looby, PP; lobyes, pl., PP.

Lode, sb. a way, path, SD; loode, something carried, a load, vectura, Prompt.; lade, SD.—AS. (ge)ldd, a way, path, from livan, to go. See Live.

Lode-menage, sb. pilotage, C.

Lodesman, sb. pilot, Palsg.; lodermon, S2; lodysmanne, 'vector, vehicularius,' Prompt.

Lode-star, sb. load-star, S3; lode-sterre, CM.

Lode-stone, sb. loadstone, SkD.

Lof, sb. praise, S, S2; **lofe**, S, WA; **loft**, S.—AS. *lof*; Icel. *lof*, praise, permission, OS. *lof*; cp. OHG. *lob* (Otfrid).

Lof, sb. loaf, S; see Loof.

Lofen, v. to praise, S, S₂; **loue**, SD, S₂, S₃, H; **lovand**, pr. p., HD, S₂, H.—AS. *lofian*, to praise; cp. Icel. *lofa*, to praise, to permit.

Lof-song, sb. song of praise, S; loft-song, S; loftsonges, pl., S.—AS. lof-sane.

Loft, sb. an upper room, height, PP, G, SkD. Phr.: on lofte, aloft, literally, in the air, PP, S2, C3; on pe lofte, S.—Icel. lopt, air, sky, an upper room, balcony; à lopt, aloft, in the air. Cf. Lyft.

Logge, sb. a lodge, hut, small cottage, B, CM; loge, WA; lodge, WW; luge, HD.—AF. loge.

Loggen, v. to lodge, dwell, PP; lodge, WW; logeth, pr. s., PP; logged, pt. s., S3, CM; lugede, pp., HD; lugit, S3.—AF. loger.

Loggyng, sb. lodging, CM; luging, S3; logyng, B.

Loghe, sb. water, sea, S2; 103, S2; 103e, S2, WA; 10wis, pl., S3. Cp. AS. lagu-flod, 'obscura unda' (Voc.); also Icel. lögr (gen. lagar).

Loh, pt. s. laughed, S2; see Lahhen.

Loht, s. light, S; see Ligt.

Lok, sb. an offering, gift, S; loc, S; lac, S; loke, sport, PP; lake, dat., S; lac, pl., S; lakes, S.—AS. lác, a leaping for joy, sport, contest, also, a sacrifice, gift: Goth. laiks, sport, dance. Cf. Layken, Laken.

Lok, sb. lock, fastening, S2, PP; lokkes, pl., PP. See Louken.

Loken, v. to look, observe, S, S2, PP; lokin, S; lokien, S; loki, to protect, S; loky, to guard, S2; luke, S3; locan on, to observe, S; loc, imp., S; lokede, pt. s., S.—AS. lócian.

Loken, pp. locked, S; see Louken.

Loking, sb. looking, PP; lokyng, custody, S; appearance, W; lokinge, decision, S2; lokynge, PP; protection, S2; lokunge, S.

Lokken. v. to lock, SkD; lok, Cath.; ylokked, pp., S2. See **Lok**.

Lokrand, pr. p. as adj. curling S₃; lokkerand, Cath. (n).

Lokyrynge, sb. curliness, crispitudo,

Lollen. v. to loll, limp about, lounge, rest, also, to flap, wag, PP; lollede, pt. s., S3; lullede, S2.

Lollere, sb. loller, idle vagabond, PP; loller, C2, CM.

Lomb, sb. lamb, C3, W2, PP; lombe, Voc., PP, W; lambren, pl., PP, W, W2; lambre, W2; lombe, S2.—AS. lamb, lomb.

Lome, sb. tool, instrument, S2, WA; a vessel (the ark in the deluge), S2; lomes, pl., S2, PP; lomen, S2.—AS. gelóma, 'utensile' (Voc.).

Lome, adv. frequently, S, PP; phr.: oft and lome, HD; i-lome, S, S2; ylome, S2; lomer, comp., PP; lommere, PP.-–AS. gelóme.

Lomp, pt. s. happened; see Limpen. Lond, sb. land, S, S2, PP; lont, S; lon, S; londe, dat., S2; londes, pl., S.—AS. land.

Londe, v. to land, S.

Lond-folk. sb. countryfolk, S.

Londisse, adj. native, S.

Lone, sb. lane, PP; lones, pl., S2, PP. -AS. lonu, see Sievers, 279.

Lone, sb. loan, S, S2, PP, Prompt.—AS. lán; cp. Icel. lán. Longe, sb. lung; longen, pl., PP;

lunges, SkD, Cath.; longes, C, PP.—AS. lunge, pl. lungan.

Longe, adv. See Hong.

Longen, v. to become long, to long for, to belong to, S, S2, S3, C2, PP, SkD; langen, S2, H.—AS. langian. See Lang.

Longinge, sb. longing, S2; longynge, PP; longenge, S.

Loof, sb. loaf, W2, PP; lof, S, PP; laf, S; lofe, Cath.; lones, pl., C3; loonys, S2; loones, W2.—AS. hláf.

Loof, sb. a kind of rudder or apparatus for steering, SkD; loues, pl., SkD.—Cp. OF. lof, the windward side of a vessel (Rabelais).

Loop, v. to melt and run together in a mass, HD.—Icel. hlaupa, to curdle; cp. blob-hlaup, curdled blood. Cf. Lepen.

Loos, sb. loss, PP; los, PP, C2. - ONorth. los (Matt. 7. 13). See Lesen.

Loos, sb. fame, report, Prompt., PP, CM, C3; lose, H (67. 33).--AF. loos, OF. los; Lat. laus or laudes, see Constans.

Lopen, pp. run away, S2; see **Lepen**. Lopir, v. to curdle, clot, coagulate; lopper, JD; lopird, pp., H, HD; lappered, JD; lopyrde (as milk), Cath. See

Lopirynge, sb. curdling, H.

Lord, sb. husband, S; see Louerd.

Lorde, v. to idle about, S3. See **Lourde**. Lordinges. sb. pl. sirs, masters, S. S2. G; see Louerdinges.

Lordschipe, sb. lordship, W2; see Lauerdschipe.

Lordschiping, sb. domination, W.

Lordshipen, v. to rule over, S2.

Lore, sb. learning, lore, S, S2, S3, C3, PP; lare, S, S2, H; lores, pl., S2.—AS. lár (for *laisa), from OTeut. base LIS, to find out.

Lorel, sb. an abandoned fellow, perditissimus, P, CM, PP, S3; lozel, ND; lozel, PP, Prompt.; lorels, pl., S3; losells, S3; loseles, P. See Lesen.

Lorel, sb. laurel, Prompt.: loryger. Prompt.; see Laurer.

Lorn, pp. lost, S2; see **Lesen**.

Lor-beaw, sb. a teacher, S; lareaw, SD; lorbeawe, dat., S; lorbeawes, pl., S; larpawes, S; larewes, SD.—AS. lárpéow (láréow). See Lore.

Lose, v. to set free, G; louse, imp. s., G; loside, pt. s., W2. Cf. Lesen.

Lose, sb. praise, H; see Loos.

Losel; see Lorel.

Losen, v. to praise, PP; losed, pp.,

Losenge, sb. a kind of quadrilateral figure; losynges, pl., CM.—OF. losenge, praise, flattery, encomium, then grave-stone, square slab, lozenge in heraldry.

Losengere, sb. flatterer, deceiver, WA; losanger, sluggard, S3; losengour, C; losenjour, HD.—OF. losengier (Cotg.), also (with different suffix) losengeor, losengetour, flatterer.

Losengerye, sb. flattery, lying, PP. Lossom, adj. loveable, pleasant, S2; see Lufsum.

Lot, sb. lot, S; loten, pl., S; lotes, S. -AS. hlot; cp. Goth. hlauts.

Loteby. sb. concubine, HD, PP (n); ludby, HD; lutby, H; lotebyes, pl., PP. -Literally, 'a secret lier with,' cp. Lyerby, HD. See Lotyen.

Loth, adj. hostile, hateful, grievous, unpleasant, unwilling, S, S2, PP, C; looth, C2; laö, S, S2; layth, S2; laith, H, PP; lobere, comp., S; lother, PP; lathere, adv., H; lobest, superl., S.—AS ldb; cp. Icel. leibr.

Lothe, v. to loathe, PP; latin, S.—AS.

Lothelich, adj. hateful, P; lovich, S; lovit, S2; lodich, S, S2; ladlic, S.—AS. láblic.

Loblesnesse, sb. innocence, S; lodlesnesse, S.

Lotyen, v. to lurk; lotyeth, pr. pl., PP; lotinge, pr. p., C3.—AS. lutian (Grein).

Loud, adj. loud; lowd, PP; lud, S; lude, adv. S; lowde, PP, C; loude, PP.

—AS. hlúd; cp. Gr. κλυτός, renowned.

Lough, pt. s. laughed, C2, C3; louh, PP; see Lahhen.

Louh, adj. low, S, S2, PP; law, S3; loge, S; lowe, S; laghe, H; lah, S; lahe, adv., S; loje, S; lowe, PP; louwe, S; law, S3; lauer, comp., S2.—Icel. lágr.

Louhnesse, sb. lowliness, PP.

Louken, v. to close, H, PP; luken, S; lowke, PP, H; lowkande, pr. p., S2; leac, pt. s., SD; lec, SD; lec, SD; luken, pl., SD; loken, pp., S, SD; lokenn, S; lowkyt (weak), S3.—AS. lúcan, pt. léac (pl. lucon), pp. locen; cp. lcel. lúka.

Lourde, adj. lazy, sluggish, HD; loord, sb., ND. – OF. lourd; Lat. luridum, dirty, lazy, heavy; see Diez.

Lourdeine, sb. a lazy rascal, PP; lordein, PP; lurdeyn, PP; lurden, HD; lourdeines, pl. vagabonds, PP.—OF. lourdein. See above.

Loure, v. to lower, S2, S3; see Luren.
Louten, v. to stoop, bow down, worship,
H, PP, S2, C2; to treat as a lout, S3; Intende, pr. p., S; loutede, pt. s., PP, S2;
Inted, pl., S2; lutten, pl., S.—Cp. AS.
Litan, to bow down, also littan, to hide
(OET.).

Louabil, adj. worthy to be praised, H. See Lof.

Loue, sb. love; see Lufe.

Loue, v. to praise, S2, S3, H; see Lofen.

Louely, adj. worthy to be praised, H.

Louen, v. to praise, S2, S3, H; see **Lofen**.

Louerd, sb. lord, S, S2, S3, PP; laford, S; laferrd, S; lauerd, S, S2; lowerd, S; lord, husband, S; lauero, S.—AS. hláford.

Louerdinges, sb. pl. sirs, masters, S; lordinges, S, S2, G; lordynges, PP. Cf. Lauerding.

Louyen, v. to love, PP; luuen, S; luuien, S; lufenn, S; luf, H; louien, S; loue, S2; lofuien, pr. pl., S; luuede, pt. s., S; louede, S.—AS. lufian.

Louyere, sb. lover, C; luffaris, pl., S3. Lowable, adj. praiseworthy, PP.

Lowe, v. to approve of, praise, S3.—OF. louer, loër, loder, laudar; Lat. laudare. Cf. Laude.

Lowe, sb. flame, Prompt., Cath., PP, WA.—Icel. log. Cf. Leye.

Lowe, adj. low, lowly, humble, S, PP; see Louh.

Lowe, v. refl. to humble oneself, PP, W; lowed, pt. s. stooped, PP.

Lowe, 2 pt. s. toldest lies, PP; lowen vpon, pp. lied against, PP; see Lysen.

Lowen, v. to low, bellow, W2 (Job 6. 5); loewes, pr. s., S3.—AS. hlbwan.

Lowne, adj. serene, calm, S3, JD; sheltered, HD; loun, JD.—Icel. logn, a calm.

Lownyt, pp. sheltered, B.

Lo3, sb. sea, lake, S2; see Loghe.

Luce, sb. a fish, a pike, C, CM, Voc., Prompt., ND.—OF. luz (Bartsch).

Lud, adj. loud, S; lude, adv. S; see Loud.

Lud, sb. sound, voice, S2; **1ude**, dat., SD; **1uden**, pl., SD.—AS. hlýd, ge-hlýd; cp. OHG. lútí (Otfrid).

Lud, sb. person, S2; ludes, pl., tenements, S2; see Leod.

Ludene, sb. voice, PP; see Leden, sb. Luf. adj. dear, S2; see Leof.

Lufe, sb. love, S, WA; luf, H; luue, S, loue, PP. Comb.: loue-day, a day for the settlement of disputes by arbitration, S2; PP; loue-drury, affection, C2; luue-ele, reverence, S; loue-longinge, desire, fond affection, C2, S2; luf-reden, good-will, S2; lufredyn, H (AS. lufr&den); luue-wurde, loveworthy, S.—AS. lufu.

Luffi, adj. lovely, H; luuelich, loving, lovely, S; louelokest, superl., S2; luueliche, adv., S.—AS. luftic, adv. luftice.

Lufsum, adj. loveable, pleasant, S, SD; lossom, S2.—AS. lufsum.

Lufsumliche, adv. pleasantly, S.—AS. lufsumlice.

Luft, adj. left, S, S2, PP; see Lyft.

Luft, sb. a weak creature, worthless fellow, PP; un, HD. See above.

Lugen, v. to drift about (on the waves), S2; **luggid**, pp., pulled about, PP.

Lugit, pp. lodged, S3; see Loggen.

Luke, v. to look, S3; see Loken.

Lumpen, pp. befallen, S2; see Limpen. Lunarie, sb. moon-wort, C3; lunary, HD.—OF. lunaire; Late Lat. lunaria.

Lure, sb. a bait, enticement, C₃, HD.—OF. loerre, (now leurre); M.H.G. luoder, a bait (now luder).

Lure, sb. loss, S; lere, SD; lire, SD.—AS. lyre. See Lesen.

Lure, sb. face, SD; see Leor.

Luren, v. to lower, to look sullen, S; loure, S2, S3, PP; lowren, PP.

Luring, sb. a looking sullen, S.

Lurken, v. to lurk, PP; lorken, PP; lurkand, pr. p., S2; lorked, pt. s., S2.

Lurking, sb. hiding-place, S2.

Lust, sō. desire, inclination, pleasure, PP, S, S2, S3, H; lest, C2; hleste, S; lostes, pl., S2; lustis, W.—AS. lust.

Lust, sb. the sense of hearing, S.—AS. hlyst: Icel. hlust, the ear.

Lusten, v. to give ear, to list, S, PP; listen, S; hlesten, S; lhesten, S2; letsen, S2, S.—AS. hlystan; cp. Icel. hlusta.

Lusten, v. to desire, S,S3; lyst, 1 pr. s., S3; lust, pr. s. impers., it pleases him, S, PP; list, S2, S3, C2, PP; lest, PP; liste, pr. s. subj., it may please, S; leste, S, S3, C2, PP; luste, pt. s. impers., S, S2; liste, S2, S3, C2; leste, C2.—AS. lystan.

Lustiheed, sb. pleasure, C2.

Lustinesse, sb. pleasantness, S3. Lustnen, v. to listen, S; lestenen, G;

listnede, pt. s., S; lestned, S2.

Lusty, adj. pleasant, S3, C2, C3, PP; lusti, joyful, S.

Lutby, sb. paramour, H; see Loteby.

Lute, adj. little, S; see Lyte.

Lutel, adj. little, S, S2; see Lytel. Luten, v. to stoop; see Louten.

Lucer, adj. bad, false, treacherous, S, PP, S2; lycer, PP, H; licer, PP, S2; lycer, S, H; lectre, S.—AS. lycre.

Lucerliche, adv. vilely, S.

Lutlin, v. to diminish, S; lutlen, S; litteled, pt. s., S2.—AS. lytlian. See Lytel. Lune, sb. love; see Lufe.

Lycorys, sb. liquorice, C2; **lycoresse**, Cath.—AF. *lycorys*; Late Lat. *liquiritia*, glycyrrhiza; Gr. γλυκύρμζα, lit. 'sweet root'

Lyf, sb. life, S, S2; lifue, S; liues, gen. as adv., alive, S; lyues, S, C2; liue, dat., S, S2; lyne, S. Phr.: bring o liue, to kill, S2 (7. 198); on lyne, alive, S, C2; his lyf, during his life, C2.—AS. Uf.

Lyf, sb. a living person, a man, PP; 11f, S2; lyfe, WA.

Lyf-day, sb. life-time, PP; lif-daye, dat., S; lyfe-days, pl., WA.—AS. lif-dag. Lyflode, sb. way of life, mode of life, S2, PP; lifiode, S, W; means of living, PP; lifiode, W2; lynelade, victus, Cath.; linelod, S3; lynelode, W.—AS. lif+lid, a course, provisions.

Lyfly, adv. in a lively manner, S3.

Lyft, adj. left, PP, S2; luft, S, PP, S2; lift, S, PP, S2; left, SkD. Comb.: lift-half, left side, W2; luft-hond, left hand, PP.—AS. lyft, weak; cp. ODu. luft, 'laevus.'

Lyft, sb. air, sky, PP, S3; lift, HD, S2, H; lyfte, S2; lufte, dat., S; lifte, S2; lyfte, S2.—AS. lyft; cp. OS. luft, OHG. luft, Goth. luftus. Cf. Loft.

Lyften, v. to lift, shift, raise, PP; lyftande, pr. p., S2; lyft, pt. s., PP.—Icel. lypta. See Loft.

Lyik, adj. like, W2; see Liche.

Lyke-waik; see Lich.

Lykhame, sb. body, PP; see Lichame.

Lym, sb. lime, calx, S2, C3; lyme, Voc. Comb.: lym-rod, a limed rod, C2; lymerde, a limed twig, S3.—AS. Um.

Lymaille, sb. file-dust, C3; **lymail**, C3.—OF. limaille, from limer, to file; Lat. limare.

Lymit, sb. limit, WA.—OF. limite; Lat. limitem (acc.).

Lymytour, sb. a friar licensed to ask alms within a certain limit, PP, C, CM; limitator, Cath.; limitour, PP.—OF limiteur (Cotg.); Church Lat. limitatorem (Cath.).

Lynage, sb. lineage, descent, parentage, PP, S3, C2, W; linage, C2, C3; lynages, pl., tribes, S2; lynagis, W2.—AF. linage.

C; linde, S.—AS. lind, 'tilia' (Voc.).

Lyne, sb. cord, net, PP, S; line, S; lynes, pl., snares for birds, PP; lines, PP .- AF. line; Lat. linea.

Lynt-quhite, sb. linnet, S3, JD; lint-white, lark, HD.—Cp. AS. linet-wige, 'carduelis' (Voc.), 'fronulus' (Voc.), linetuigle, 'fronulus' (Voc.).

Lyp, sb. lip, Voc; lyppe, Voc., Cath.; lippe, pl., S; lippes, PP. Comb.: lyplabour, lip-labour, recitation of prayers, S3.—OFris. lippa (= lip-j-a); cp. Lat. labium; see Brugmann, § 337.

Lype, sb. leap, S2.—AS. hlýp (Voc.).

See Lepen.

Lypp, sb. rennet, runnet, Voc. (666. 17); lepe, Voc. (703. 44); leb, Voc. (591. 15). See Loop.

Lyre, sb. the muscle of the thigh, Cath.; lere, C2; leer, the flank, HD.—AS. lira, 'pulpa, viscum, caro' (Voc.); cp. Icel. lær.

Lysure. sb. list, edge of cloth, Prompt.; lisure, PP; lysour, PP; lyser, PP.-OF. lisiere (for listiere). See Liste.

Lyte, adj. little, PP, S2, S3; lute, S; lite, S2, C2; lut, S; lyt, C3; lit, S; luyte, S2; lyte, adv., PP, C2, C3; lite, PP; lute, S2.—AS. lyt: OS. lut.

Lytel, adj. little, PP; lutel, S, S2; litel, S2, C2; luitel, PP; luytel, PP; lutel, adv., S, S2; litel, S; litl, S.— S2; see Lighte.

Lynde, sb. linden-tree, HD, Voc., C2, AS. lytel; cp. OS. luttil, OHG. lusil (Ot-

Lyth, sb. property; lythe, dat., HD. Phr.: lond and lith, PP. Notes (p. 326); lond ne lith, HD.—Cp. Icel. Bor, the common people; lýð-skylda, the homage of a liegeman to his lord. Cf. Leod.

Lyden, v. to listen, S, PP, HD; lithen, PP; 1150e, S; 1150e5, imp. pl., S, G; 1ytheth, G.—Icel. hlyoa, from hljób, hearing, what is heard, a sound. See Lowd.

Lyoer, adj. bad, H, PP; liber, S2, PP; see Luber.

Lyverè, sb. something delivered to a dependent, livery, C; lyverey (of cloth or other gifts), liberata, Prompt., G; lyveray, corrodium, Cath.; levere, B .-- AF. liveree, delivery, livery; Late Lat. liberata (Cath.).

Lyzen, v. to lie, tell lies, S2, PP; 113en, S; lihen, to deceive, S; lye, S; lyte, PP; ligen, S; lixt, 2 pr. s., PP, G; lixte, PP; leshepp, pr. s., S; like, PP, S2; lith, PP; ly3e6, S2; lowe, 2 pt. s., PP; ly3ede, pt. s. (weak), PP; lighed, pl. (weak), S2; lusen, pl., S; lowen, pp., concealed by lying, S; lowen vpon, lied against, PP; i-lose, lied, S.-AS. léogan, pt. léag (pl. lugon), pp. logen.

Lyzere, sb. liar, S2, PP; leghere, H; lizere, PP, S; lyzers, pl., S2.—AS. léogere. Lyste, pt. s. alighted, PP; lyst, pp.,

M.

M, the first letter of master or mastership, S3.

Ma, v. to make, S2; see Make.

Ma. adv. more, S, S2; see Mo.

Mace. sb. mace, club, PP, Cath., Voc.; sceptrum, ND, Manip.; mas, pl., B; masis, B; macyss, B.—AF. mace (F. masse); cp. Low Lat. massa (Ducange); It. mazza; Late Lat. matia; Lat. *matea (found in mateola); see Diez.

Macer, sb. mace-bearer (in court of justice); maceres, pl., PP.

Macull, sb. stain, S3. Lat. macula.

Mad. adj. mad, foolish, PP; maad, SD; made, Cath.; mad, sb., a mad person, S2; madde, pl.,PP.

Mad. pp. made, S, C, G; see Maken.

Madden, v. to be mad, PP; maddith, pr. s., W; maddist, 2 pr. s., W; maddid, pt. s., maddened, PP; pp. W.

Mæi. sb. kinsman, S; mai, S; mey, S; may, a person, S2.—AS. mág (pl. mágas): Goth. megs; see Sievers, 17. Cf. May.

Mani, pr. s. may, can, S; mai, S; may, S2; maig, S; mai, S; mei, S; mey, S_2 ; majie, majj, S; maht, 2 pr. s., S; mahht, S; mist, S; miht, S, S2; mihht, S; myht, S, S2; majen, pl., S; mahen, S; mahe, S; mawe, S; mowen, S; mo, S; mowe, S, S3, C; muge, S; muhe, S; muee, S; mwue, S; muwen, S; mujen, S; mujhenn, S; muje, S; moun, S, W; mouwen, S; mown, S2; mose, S2; mow, P; y-may, S3. Comb.: maistow, mayest thou, S3.—AS. mag, I can, 2 pr. s., meaht, miht, pl. magon, opt. mage, mage, muge, pl. mahan, mugon. See Sievers, 424.

Mæsse-dæi, sb. mass-day, S; see

Mahoun, sb. Mahomet, S2; Mahounde, HD.—OF. Mahom, Mahoms, also Mahum, Mahumet (Roland); Arab. Muhammed, 'the praised.' Cf. Maumet.

Maht: see Mei.

Mahte, pt. s. might, S; mihte, S; mtohte, S; might, S; miote, S; myhte, S; moute, S; muyhte, S; muyhte, S2; mught, S2, H; myste, S2; mought, S2. Comb.: mthti (for mihte hi), might they, S; mthti (for miht I), might I, S2; maihtou, mightest thou, PP.—AS. meahte, mihte, pt. s. of mag, I can. See Mesi.

Maille, sb. mail-armour, C2; maylle, Cath.; male, S3, Cath.; mayles, pt., SkD.—OF. maille; Lat. macula. See Maoull.

Make, sb. mate, spouse, S, S2, S3, C, C2, P, Prompt.; makes, pl., S2; makes, S2; makes, S3.—AS. (ge)maca.

Maken, v. to make, cause, build, compose, write, PP, S; makien, S; macien, S; maky, S2; mak, S2; mas, S2, B; mats, pr. s., B, S2; mas, S2; mais, pl., B; makede, pl. s., S; machede, S; maked, pl., S2; maden, S, PP; maked, pp., PP, S, C; maad, C, PP; mad, S, C, G; y-maked, S2, C2; y-mad, S2; i-maked, S; i-maked, S2; i-maded, S; i-maked, S2; i-maded, S; i-maked, S; i-maked, S; i-machon (Otfrid).

Maker, sb. maker, writer, author, SkD, Cath., ND; makyere, S2.

Male, sb. bag, portmanteau, mail, C, C₃, Prompt., Cath.; males, pl., P.—OF. male (Cotg.); cp. Low Lat. mala (Ducange).

Malencolye, sb. melancholy, PP; malencolie, C, Prompt.; malicoly, WA.—OF. melancolie.

Malencolyk, adj. melancholy, C.-OF. melancolique.

Malengine, sb. wicked artifice, HD; malengyne, malice, evil disposition, S3.—AF. malengin, fraud, ill-meaning; engin, deceit, treachery (Bartsch).

Malese, sb. sickness, PP; male ese, W; male ess, B.—OF. malaise (Cotg.).

Malice, sb. evil, W.—AF. malice; Lat. malitia.

Malisun, sb. malediction, S, H, ND; malisoun, C3.—OF. malison, maleiceon, maldeceon, maldisson (Ps. 108. 17); Lat. maledictionem.

Malliable, adj. malleable, C3.—OF. malleable, pliant to the hammer, hammerable (Cotg.).

Mamelek, sb. a mameluke, S3.—Arab. mamlûk, a slave, a possession, from malaka, he possessed; cp. It. mamalúcco (Florio).

Mamely, v. to mumble, P; see Momelen.

Man, I pr. s. I must, SD; 2 pr. pl., S2, B; see Mon.

Man, sb. man, any one, S; husband, W; mann, S; men, S2; mon, S, S2; manne, dat., S; me, S, S2, S3, W; meen, pl., S; mænn, S; mannen, gen., S; manne, S2; mannen, manne, dat., S; menne, S. Comb.: manhed(e), manhood, S2, C; manheid, S2; mankin, mankind, S; monkin, S; mencun, S; man-ken, S; mankunne, S; mon-kunne, S; manqualm, pestilence, H; man-quellere, murderer, executioner, S2, S3, W, W2; mon-quellere, S; man-red(e), homage, S; man-scipe, homage, honour, S; monslaje, man-slayer, S; man-slecht, manslaughter, S; man-sleiht, S; man-sleere, murderer, W2; mon-pewes, the morality of a grown up man, S.—AS. man.

Manace, sb. threat, C, SkD; manas, S2, WA, SkD; manauce, B; manassis, manassis, pl., W.—OF. manace; Lat. minacia; see Constans.

Manacen, v. to threaten, C2, PP; manasside, pt. s., S2, W; manasside, W2; manausyt, B.—OF. menacer.

Manasyng, sb. threatening, C, B.

Man-aō, sō, perjury, SD; manaōas, pl., S.—AS. mán-áð; cp. Icel. mein-eiðr. AS. mán, wicked, wickedness; cp. Icel. meinn, base, mein, harm.

Manciple, sb. purveyor, S; see Maunciple.

Manden, v. to send forth, to command, S2.—OF. mander; Lat. mandare.

Mandragora, sb. mandrake, ND; mandrogoris, pl., W2.—OF. mandragore (Cotg.); Lat. mandragora (Vulg.).

Mandrak, sb. mandrake, Voc.; mandragge, Prompt.; mandrage, Cath.

Mane, sb. complaint, S2; see Mone.

Maner, sb. manor, PP; manere, P, Voc.; manoir, PP; maners, pl., farms, possessions, W; maneres, P.—AF. manere,

maner, manoir; Late Lat. manerium (Du-

cange).

Manere, sb. a kind, sort, also manner, custom, S, S2, C, P; maneir, S2; maner, S3, C, P; measure, moderation, W; maners, pl., S2. Phr.: of manere, in his behaviour, C2; maner doctrine, kind of doctrine, C2; maner thing, maner sergeant, maner wyse, maner wyght, C2. -AF. manere; Late Lat. maneria, a kind, species (Ducange).

Mangen, Mangerie; see Maun-

gen, Maungerye.

Manicle, sb. manacle, Cotg.; manycle, Prompt.; manakelle, Cath.; manykils, pl., H .- AF. manicle; Lat. manicula, dimin. of manica, glove, handcuff.

Maniple. sb. a scarf-like ornament worn about the left wrist of a sacrificing priest (Cotg.).—OF. manople (Cotg.).

Manke, sb. mancus, a piece of money, S; Low Lat. mancus (Ducange).

Manliche, adj. humane, P; manly, adv., boldly, S2, G; monluker, comp., S. **Mansed**, pp. excommunicated, cursed, P; monsede, PP. - For amansed; AS. amánsed. See Amansien.

Mansion, sb. mansion (a term in astrology), C2.—AF. mansion; Late Lat. mansionem.

Mantel, sb. mantle, S; mentil, W2.-AF. mantel.

Mantelet. sb. a little mantle, C.—OF. mantelet (Cotg.).

Mantled, pp. covered, adorned with flowers, S3; i-mantlet, mantled, S.

Manye. adj. many, PP; manige, S; manije, S; manie, mani, S; moni, S, S2; mony, S. Comb.: manifeald, manifold, S; manifald, S; manigefold, S; monifald, moniuold, S; manifældlice, manifold, S; monyvolde, S2; monimon, S2; monion, S2; mani3-whatt, many a subject, S; manywhat, S2.—AS. manig.

Marchaundise, sb. merchandise, traffic, PP; marchaundye, S2.—AF. marchaundise.

Marchaunt, sb. merchant, PP; marchantz, pl., S2; marchans, PP. — AF. marchant, merchaunt, OF. marcheant, marcëant (Bartsch); Late Lat. mercatantem, see Brachet.

Marche. sb. the month of March, Prompt.; mershe, S2.—Late Lat. marcius (Prompt.); Lat. martius, the month of Mars.

Marche. sb. a border of a territory, district, province, PP, Cath. Comb.: marchparti, border-country, S3.—AF. marche.

Marchen, v. to border, SD; marcheth to, borders on, S2.

Marchen, v. to march, go, PP.—OF. marcher (Cotg.).

Mare, adj. comp. greater, S; see More. Marewe, sb. morning, S2; see Morwe. Margarite, sb. pearl, Cath., W, W2; margrite, WA; margery, Prompt.; margaritis, pl., W. Comb.: margery(e)perles, pearls, S2, PP, Palsg.-Lat. margarita (Vulg.); Gr. μαργαρίτης.

Marie, v. to give in marriage, PP; marieden, pt. pl., were married, PP; maried, PP; y-maried, PP.-OF. marier;

Lat. *maritare*.

Marie, interj. marry! i. e. by S. Mary! C3; mari, PP.

Mark, sb. a coin, Prompt., C3, PP; marke, PP; mark, pl., C3; marc, S3.— AF. marc; cp. Low Lat. marca (Ducange).

Markis, sb. marquis, C2.—AF. marchis; Low Lat. marchensis, the governor of the marches or frontiers. See Marche.

Markisesse, sb. marchioness, C2.

Marle, sb. marl, creta, Cath., Voc.; marle, marga, Manip.; marl, chalk, Prompt.—OF. marle (mod. marne); Late Lat. margila; dimin. of marga (Pliny).

Marl-pytte, sb. chalk-pit, Prompt. Marlyd, adj. cretatus, Prompt.; ymarled, S2.

Marschal, sb. marshal, steward, C. PP; marchal, PP; marschall, B; marschalle, Cath.; mareschal, PP. - AF. mareschal (marchal); Low Lat. mariscalcus; OHG. maraschalh, a horseservant; OHG. marah + OHG. schalh: Goth. skalks. See Mere.

Martre, sb. marten, a kind of weasel. SkD.—Of. martre. Cf. Moro.

Martrik, sb. marten, S3; mertrik, ID. Martryn, sb. marten's fur, HD; marterns, pl., HD; marterons, HD; matrons. HD.

Martyr, sb. martyr, Cath.—AF. martir; Church Lat. martyr (Vulg.); Gr. μάρτυρ.

Martyr, v. to torment, Cath.; martyre, C.—ÁF. martirer.

Martyrdome. sb. torment, martyrdom. Cath.; martirdam, C.

Mary, sb. marrow, C, C3, Prompt., Cath. (n); marghe, Cath.; mergh, H; merghe, Cath. (n), H; mar;, Cath. (n); merow;, W2; merowis, pl., W2.—AS. mearh.

Maschen, v. to mash, beat into a confused mass; maschyn (in brewing), Prompt.; meshe, S.—Cp. MHG. meisch; see Kluge.

Mase, sb. maze, confusion, a wild fancy, confused throng, P, S2, C.

Mased, pp. confused, bewildered, WA, PP, S2, C3.

Masednesse, sb. amaze, C2.

Maseliche, adv. confusedly, SkD (s.v. maze).

Maselin, sb. a kind of drinking-cup, sometimes made of maslin, HD; maselyn, C2. See Mestling.

Massage, sb. message, S3; see Message. Masse, sb. mass, P; see Messe.

Mast, most, S2; see Most.

Mastil; on, sb. mixtilio, a mixture of wheat and rye, Cath.; mastlyone, HD (s.v. maslin); mastline, ND; mestlyone, mixtilio, Prompt.—Late Lat. mestillionem, mistilionem, mestilonem, see Ducange (s.v. mixtum), also mixtilionem (Voc.); cp. OF. mesteil (meteil in Cotg.). Cp. Mestling.

Mat, pt. s. measured, W; see Meten.

Mate, adj. defeated utterly, confounded, exhausted, dispirited, B, SkD; mat, C3; mast, C, S3.—OF. mat; Arab. mât, dead (used in chess).

Mate, sb. checkmate, S3.

Maten, v. to checkmate, defeat, confound, S₃, HD; matyn, Prompt.—OF. mater.

Matere, sb. material, stuff, matter, subject, S2, C, C2, C3, PP; mater, PP; matere, C, PP; matere, S2; materie, S2.

OF. matere; Lat. materia.

Maöelen, v. to talk, S.—AS. mabelian, to harangue, from mabel, council, meeting; cp. Goth. mathljan, to speak, from mathl, a meeting-place, market, also Icel. mala, from mal; herewith is connected Low Lat. mallum, parliament.

Mačem, sb. treasure, SD; madmes, pl., S.—AS. máčum (mádm).

Matrimoyne, sb. matrimony, C; matermoyn, H.—AF. matrimonie; Lat. matrimonium.

Maugre, prep. in spite of, S2, S3, C, C2; maugree, S2; mawgre, C; mawgreith, PP.—OF. maugre (F. malgré); Lat, malum + gratum.

Maugre, sb. illwill, PP; mawgre, S2, P; mawgry, Cath.; magger, S3. Phr.: in the magger of, in spite of, S3; addylle mawgry, demeritare, Cath.

Maumet, sb. idol, puppet, doll, ND, S2, PP; mawmet, W, H; mawment, Prompt., Cath.; mawmez, mawmex, pl., S; maumettis, W; maumetys, mawmetis, pl., H; mammets, Sh.—OF. mahumet, idol, also Muhammed. See Mahoun.

Maumettrie, sb. idolatry, Mahometanism, S2; maumettrye, C3; mawmetry, H; mawmetrye, PP; mawmentrye, Prompt.; maumentry, WA.

Maunciple, so. purveyor, C, C3; manciple, S.—OF. mancipe: OIt. mancipio, slave, vassal, bailiff, manciple: Lat. mancipium, slave, properly possession, property. For the intrusive I, see Gronicle.

Maundee, sb. maundy, the washing of the disciples feet, PP.—OF. mandé; Church Lat. mandatum, the foot-washing (Ducange); Lat. mandatum, something commanded. See Manden.

Maundement, sb. commandment, W, PP; maundemens, pl., S2.—OF. mandement (Cotg.).

Maungen, v. to eat, PP; maunged, pp., P; i-maunget, S2; manged, PP.—OF. mangier; Lat. manducare.

Maungerye, sb. a feast, PP; mangerie, PP; mangerye, G.—AF. mangerie.

Mavis, sb. the thrush, Cotg.; mavice, Prompt.; mavys, Palsg.; mavyss, S3.—OF. mauvis (Cotg.); cp. It. maluiccio (Florio).

Mawe, sb. maw, stomach, C2, C3, W2, PP; maw, PP; maghe (= vulva), H.—AS. maga (Voc.).

Mawe, Mayet; see Mei.

May, sb. the month of May, PP; mey, S2.—OF. mai; Lat. maius.

May, sb. a virgin, S2, S3, C3, PP, JD.—AS. $m \acute{e} g$, '(cognata) femina, virgo;' see Grein. Cf. Med.

May, pr. s. may, can, S2; see Mai.

May, adj. comp. pl. more in number, B; see Mo.

Mayde, sb. maid, PP, SkD; maide, PP, S; meide, S; mede, S.

Mayden, sb. maiden, PP; maydene, PP; meiden, S, SkD; mæiden, S; maydenes, pl., bachelors and spinsters, PP; maidenes, S; maydnes, S.—AS. mæden (Voc.), mægden (Grein).

Maydenhod(e), sb. virginity, PP, C; maydenhede, C3; meidenhed, SkD.

Mayn, sb. strength, S3, G, PP, B; main, S: mane, B.—AS. magen; cp. Icel. megin.

Mayne, sb. a company, S2; mayny, S2; see Meyne.

Maynful, adj. powerful, SD; meinfule, S.

Mayre, sb. mayor, PP; maire, PP; meyr, Prompt.; maires, pl., P; meires, S2, PP; meyris, chief justices, W.—AF. meyre, meire, meir, maire; Lat. maiorem, greater.

Mayster, sb. master, S, C, S2; maystyr, Prompt.; maister, S, C, C2, S2; maistre, P; meister, S; maistres, pl., S2, G, P; maistris, W2.—OF. maistre; Lat. magistrum.

Mayster, adj. chief; maister, C, C2; meister, S.—OF. maistre.

Maysterful, adj. powerful; maistirful. W.

Maystresse, sb. mistress, Prompt.; maistresse, S2, C2. — OF. maistresse (Cotg.).

Maystrye, sb. mastery, Prompt., PP, S2; maistri(e), S2, W2; maistry, S3; maistre, C; meystry, S2; mastry, B.—OF. maistrie.

Me, conj. but, S, SD.—Cp. OLG. men. Me, pron. indef. a man, one, people, PP, S, S2, S3, W; see Men.

Mearren, v. to mar, S; see Merren. Mebles, sb. pl. moveable property, PP; see Mobyle.

Mede, sb. mead (the drink), C2, Prompt.; methe, SkD; meth, CM. — AS. meodu (see Sievers, 106); cp. Gr. μέθυ.

Mede, sb. mead, meadow, S, C, PP; medewe, Prompt. Comb.: medwe-grene, green as a meadow, S2.—AS. méd (pl. médwa); see Sievers, 259.

Mede, sb. reward, bribery, S, S2, S3, W2, P; meede, S2, G; meed, S3; meede, C, W. Comb.: med-;lerne, yearning for reward, S; medyorne, S.—AS. mtd: OMerc. meord (OET): Goth. mizdo; see Sievers, 181.

Meden, v. to reward, PP, Prompt.

Medlee, adj. mixed in colour, C; medle, Prompt.—OF. medle, mesle. Cf. Melle.

Medlen, v. to mix, Prompt., C₃, W₂, S₃.—AS. mellan, p W; mell, S₃; melland, pr. p., B; melles, multon, pp. molten.

pr. s., H; mellede, pt. s., S2; mellid, PP; mellit, pp., S3; y-melled, S2; y-medled, S3.—OF. medler, mesler; Late Lat. misculare, from miscere.

Medlynge, sb. mixture, joining; meddlynge, W, W2; mellyng, mingling, fighting, S2.

Medwe-grene, adj. green as a meadow, S2; see **Mede**.

Meel, sb. a stated time, meal, C, C3; mel, S; mele, pl., meal-times, S; meeles, S2, PP; meles, PP.—AS. mél: Goth. mēl; see Sievers, 17.

Meiden, sb. maiden, S; see Mayden. Meined, pp. mixed, S2; meint, S3; see Mengen.

Meinfule, adj. powerful, S; see Maynful.

Meire, sb. mayor, S2; see Mayre.

Meister, adj. chief, S; see Mayster.

Meister, sb. master, S; see Mayster. Meistre, sb. mistress, S.

Meistren, v. to be master of, S.

Meiö-had, sb. virginity; meiöhades, gen., S.—AS. mægöhdö, from mægö, virgin, woman: Goth magaths; see Sievers, 49.

Meke, adj. meek, C, C2, Prompt.; meoc, S.—Icel. mjúkr, soft.

Mekely, adv. meekly, Prompt.; mekly, S2; meocli3, S.

Meken, v. to render meek, to humble, S2, S3, W, W2, P, Prompt.

Mekenesse, sb. softness, clemency, Prompt.; meknes, S2; meocnesse, S.

Mekil, adj. much, S3; see Mochel. Mel, sb. a meal, S; see Meel.

Melden, v. to show, SD; meld, to accuse, S2.—AS. meldian (Voc.); cp. OHG. meldôn (Otfrid).

Mele, sb. meal, ground corn, S, PP.—AS. meolu (Sievers, 249); cp. OHG. melo (Tatian).

Melen, v. to speak, to converse, PP, S2, WA; melleth, pr. s., P; mellud, pt. s., P.—AS. (ge) melan.

Mell, v. to mix, mingle, meddle, fight with, B, S3, H, WA; see Medlen.

Melle, sb. an affray, contest, medley, B.—OF. mellee, meslee. Cf. Medlee.

Mellere, sb. miller, C; see Mylnere. Mel-stan, sb. mill-stone, S; see Mylle.

Melten, v. to melt, PP; molte, ft. s., S3.—AS. meltan, pt. s. mealt (mált), pl. multon, pp. molten.

Membre, sb. member, limb, PP.—AF. OF. menuisier; Late Lat. minutiare, from membre; Lat. membrum.

Men, pron. indef. a man, one, people, PP, S2; me, S. See Man.

Mene, adj. common, poor, mean, PP, S3; meane, S.—AS. (ge)mane, common.

Mene, adj. mean, middle, S2, C3; meyne, Cath. Comb.: menewhile, meanwhile, S2; menewhiles, S2.—AF. mene; OF. meiain (F. moyen); Lat. medianum.

Mene, sb. a mean, mediator, PP, HD; meane, S3; menes, pl., means, S2, C3, P. See above.

Menen, v. to mean, signify, to intend, PP, S, CM, S2, WA.

Menen, v. to remember, H, HD; meyne, B.

Menen, v. to complain, lament, bemoan, S2, PP, WA; meyne, B; menys, pr. s., S3; menyt, pt. s., S2; ment, S2.-AS. man, to make moan, complain. See Mone.

Mengen, v. to commemorate, mention, remember, PP, WA; munge, PP; minegen, S; mengen here, v. refl. to remember herself, reflect, PP.—AS. (ge)mynegian, to remember, remind.

Mengen, v. to mix, PP, H, S2; mingen, S3; myngen, W; myngide, pt. s., W; meynde, S; mæingde, S; i-mengd, pp., S; meynd, S, S2, W; meined, S2; meint, S3; meynt, S3; ment, S3; ymengd, S2; y-meynd, C; i-meind, S.-AS. (ge)mengan.

Mennesse, sb. communion, fellowship, S2. See Mene.

Mennisc. adj. humanus, SD; mannish, man-like, C3.—AS. mennisc, mannish, human; cp. Icel. mennskr.

Mennisscle33c, sb. humanity, S. Mennisscnesse, sb. humanity, S.

Menske, sh. honour, dignity among men, S, S2, HD; mensk, S2, B; mensc, favour, S2.—Icel. mennska, humanity.

Menskelye, adv. worthily, reverently, S2; menskly, B.

Mensken, v. to honour, S, HD, S2, P. Menskful, adj. worshipful, noble, S2.

Menskfully, adv. honourably, B. Menstralcye, sb. minstrelsy, C; see Mynstralcie.

Ment; see Menen (3) and Mengen. Mentil, sb. mantle, W2; see Mantel. **Menusen.** v. to minish, make less, SkD,

minutus, lessened.

Menynge. sb. meaning, signification, intention, PP.

Menyng(e), sb. remembrance, mention,

Menyng(e), sb. complaining, PP.

Menze, a company, S2; menzhe, S2; see Meyne.

Meobles, sb. pl., moveable property, PP; see Mobyle.

Meoc, adj. meek, S; see Meke.

Meocle33c, sb. meekness, S. — Icel. mjúkleikr, nimbleness.

Meocnesse. sb. meekness, S; see Mekenesse.

Mercy, sb. mercy, Prompt.; merci, S; mercy, (your) pardon, P.—AF. merci, OF. mercid; Late Lat. mercedem, a gratuity, pity, mercy; in Lat. pay, reward.

Mercyable, adj. merciful, C2, PP.

Mercyen, v. to thank, PP, S2; mercien, to amerce, fine, PP.-OF. mercier, to thank.

Mercyment, sb. amercement, fine, P, Prompt., Cath.—Late Lat. merciamentum. Mere, adj. famous, S; mare, S.—AS.

mare (mere): Goth. mers; see Fick (7. 233), and Sievers, 17.

Mere, sb. a mare, S2, C, Cath.; meere, Prompt.—AS. mere, f. of mearh, horse; cp. OIr. marc.

Mere, sb. limit, boundary, S2; meer. Prompt. Comb.: mere-stane, boundary stone, Cath. AS. (ge)mære.

Mere, sb. sea, a mere, Prompt., WA. Comb.: mere-mayd, mermaid, siren, CM; mermayde, C; mere-swin, porpoise, SD; mersuine, pl., S2.—AS. mere, sea, lake: OHG. mari; cp. Goth. marei.

Merels. sb. pl. merelles, or nine men's morris, S3.—OF. merelles (Cotg.); merel (Ducange); cp. Low Lat. merellus, merallus, a counter, token, a piece in draughts (Ducange); see Brachet.

Merghe, sb. marrow, H, Cath. (n); see Mary.

Merghid, pp. full of marrow, H.

Meridional, adj. southern, C2.—OF. meridional (Cotg.). From Lat. meridies, midday.

Merke, adj. dark, mirk, murky, PP. CM, S2, H; mirke, S, S2, H; myrk, S2, H; merk, PP; meerk, PP.-AS. myrce, WW, CM; minyshe, S3.—AF. menuser, mirce, murc; cp. Icel. myrkr, Dan. mörk.

Merke, sb. darkness, PP.

Merkenesse. sb. darkness, PP; mirkenes, S2, H; myrknes, S2, H.

Merle, sb. blackbird, S3, ND.—OF. merle (Cotg.); Lat. merula.

Merling, sb. the whiting, S2, Manip., Cotg.; merlynge, Prompt.—OF. merlan (Cotg.), from Lat. merula (cp. Late Lat. merula in Voc. 642. 13).

Merlion, sb. merlin, a small hawk, CM: merlyone, Prompt.; marlin, Cotg.-OF. esmerillon (Cotg.), dimin. of *esmerle; cp. It. smerlo (Florio), G. schmerl.

Mermayde, sb. mermaid, C; see Mere, sb. (3).

Merren, v. to mar, S; mearren, S; marre, PP; merrit, pr. pl., S.—AS. merran (in compounds): OS. merrian, to hinder: OHG. marrjan: Goth. marzjan.

Mersche, sb. marsh, SkD; mershe, dat., S.-AS. mersc.

Mershe, sb. March, S2; see Marche. Mersuine. sb. pl. porpoises, S2; see Mere, sb. (3).

Merthe. sb. mirth, PP; see Murthe.

Merueile, sb. marvel, wonder, PP; merueyle, S2; meruaille, C2; mervaylle, C.—OF. merveille; Lat. mirabilia (n. pl.). **Merueillous(e)**, adj. marvellous, C2,

PP.—Of. merveillos.

Mery, adj. merry, cheerful, pleasant, PP; merie, S, C, C2; merye, W2; miri, S; mirye, CM; myry, Prompt.; myrie, W2; muri(e), S, C; merie, adv., S2, C2; muryer, comp., P; myriest, superl., S2. Comb.: merimake, merrymaking, S3; merie men, followers, C2; myry tottyr, a merry totter, swing, Prompt.; myry weder, pleasant weather, Prompt.; mery weder, Prompt. (n), Bardsley (p. 473).—AS. merg (Grein).

Mes-, prefix; mis-; mys-.-OF. mes-; Lat. minus, see Constans.

Mesauentur, sb. misadventure, S; mesaunture, S2; misauenture, C2, C3. **Meschaunce**, sb. mischance, S2, C, C2, P; myschaunce, S2.

Mescheuen, v. to come to mischief, SD; mischeefe, destruere, Manip.

Meschief. sb. ill-fortune, C; myschief, S2, P; mischiefe, flagitium, Manip.

Meseise, sb. discomfort, PP, S2; miseise, PP; myseise, PP, S2, W; myseese, W; myseyse, adj., uneasy, P; mesaise, sb., S.

Meseiste, sb. poverty; myseiste, W2. Mesel. sb. leper, CM, PP, W.—AF. mesel; Late Lat. misellus, leper (Ducange), dimin. of Lat. miser, wretched.

Meselrye, sb. leprosy, Cath. (n); mesylery, Voc.—OF. mesellerie, leprosy (Ducange). See above.

Meson-deu, sb. hospital, PP; maisondewe, Cath. (n), HD; masyndewe, Cath.; mesondieux, pl., P.—OF. maison Dieu, hospital (Cotg.).

Message, sb. mission, message, messenger, S2, C3; massage, S3.—AF. message; Late Lat. missaticum (Brachet).

Messager, sb. messenger, S2, C, C2, C3, G, PP; masager, PP; messanger, PP.—AF. messager.

Messe, sb. mass, S, P; mess, S3; masse, P; messes, pl., P. Comb.: messebok, mass-book, S; messe-cos, mass-kiss, S; mæsse-dæi, mass-day, S; messe-gere, mass-gear, S; masse-peny, mass-fee, S3; massepans, pl., P.-AS. mæsse; Church Lat. missa.

Meste, adj. superl. greatest, chief, S, S2; meste, C2; see Most.

Mester. sb. art, trade, occupation, PP. C, CM; mestier, PP, HD; meister, S; meoster, S; myster, PP, B; mister, B; misteir, B. Phr.: mester men, sort of men, C.—OF. and AF. mester, mestier, occupation, business, need; Lat. ministerium, see Brachet (s.v. métier).

Mester, sb. need, want; mister, S2, B, HD, Cath.; myster, C, B; mysteir, S2; mystur, HD; mystir, B; mystere, HD, H. The same word as above, see NQ (6. 4. 161).

Mestling, sb. a kind of mixed metal, Cath. (p. 230, n. 3); masalyne, Cath.— AS. mæstling (mæstline, 'auricalcos,' Voc.). Cf. Maselin.

Mestling, sb. mixed corn, Cath. (p. 230, n. 3); mastlyn, HD; masslin, Cotg. (s. v. metail); maslin, HD; meslin, Prompt. (p. 335 n), Cotg. (s. v. tramois); messling, Cotg. Cf. Mastiljon.

Mesurable, adj. moderate, C, C2, C3, P: mesurabul, S2.

Mesure. sb. measure, moderation, S2, C2, PP; mesur, S2, B; meosure, S.-AF. mesure; Lat. mensura.

Met, sb. measure, moderation, S; mete, dat., S; meete, S2.—AS. (ge)met. Cf. Meten.

Mete, adj. meet, fitting, close-fitting, S2,

S3, Prompt.—AS. máte, tight-fitting; cp. (ge)met, meet, fit, see SkD.

Mete, sb. food, a meal, feast, S, S2, C, W2, PP; meten, pl., S; meetis, W2. Comb: mete-graces, graces at meat, S; mete-niffinges, meat-niggards, S.—AS. mete (OET): Goth. mats, from matjan, to eat; see Sievers, 263.

Metels, sb. dream, vision, PP; meteles, PP. See below.

Meten, v. to dream, CM, PP, S; meeten, S2, PP; mette, pt. s., C2, P; met, pp., C.—AS. métan.

Meten, v. to paint, design, SD; metedd, pp., S.

Meten, v. to meet, PP; mette, pt. s., S.—AS. métan: OS. mótian. From AS. mót. See Moot.

Meten, v. to mete, measure, S2; meete, W2; mete, P; met, S2; meten, pr. pl., W; mat, pt. s., W.—AS. (ge)metan; cp. Goth. mitan, see Sievers, 19.

Mete-wand, sb. a measuring stick, WW. Mete-yarde, sb. measuring-rod, S3, WW.

Meth, adj. mild, courteous, HD; methe, HD.

Meth, sb. moderation, mildness, S, S2, WA; meaδ, S; mepe, S2.—AS. mάδ, measure.

Methes-chele, sb. marten's skin, S.—AS. meart (Voc.).

Meő-ful, adj. moderate, S.

Meő-les, adj. immoderate; mepeles, S2.

Metrete, sb. measure, W.—Lat. metreta (Vulg.).

Metyng(e), sb. dreaming, PP; metinge, S.—AS. máting (Grein).

Metynge, sb. measuring, measure; met-

Metynge, sb. measuring, measure; **metinge**, S2.

Meuen, v. to move, suggest, PP; meued, pp., S3; see Mouen.

Mewe, sb. a coop for fowls, C, C2, Manip.; mue, SD.—OF. mue, a coop for fowls, the moulting of feathers (Cotg.). See below.

Mewen, v. to mew, moult, SkD, Cotg.

OF. muer (Cotg.); Lat. mutare, to change. Cf. Moutin.

Mey, sb. May, S2; see May.

Meyn, sb. intent, S3; mein, JD. See Menen.

Meyn, v. to remember, be mindful of, B; meyne, B; see Menen.

Meyne, v. to moan, lament, B; see Mepen.

Meynè, sb. household, retinue, train, company, S2, S3, C, W, PP; meynee, C2, W2; meyny, S2; mayne, S2; mayny, S2, S3; medne, S2; menge, S2, H, Cath.; menghe, S2; meany, S3; meny, Prompt; meynes, pl., W; meynees, W2; menges, mengis, H.—OF. meisnee, maisnee; Low Lat. maisnada, *mansionata, from Lat. mansio.

Meyneal, adj. homely, W; of one's household, W2; menyall, SkD; meyneals, sb. pl., they of the household, W2. See above.

Meynpernour, sb. a taker by the hand, bail, surety, P.—AF. meynpernour.

Meynprise, sb. a taking by the hand, bail, security, P; maynpris, G.—AF. meinprise.

Meynprise, v. to be surety for, PP.

Meyntene, v. to support, abet (in an action at law), P, S2; mayntene, to maintain, C, P.—AF. meyntener.

Meyntenour, sb. supporter, PP.—AF. meintenour.

Miche, adj. much, S2; see Moche.

Mid (1), prep. with, S, S2; myd, S, S2, P; mit, S; mide, S, S2; myde, S2. Comb.: mitte (mit pe), with the, S2; mitte (mit pe), with thee, S; mid-al, withal, S; mid-alle, altogether, S; mid-iwisse, certainly, S; mid-ywisse, S; myd-iwisse, S.—AS. mid.

Mid (2) adj. mid, SD. Comb.: mid-morwen, mid-morning, S; mid-morwetide, SD; mid-ouernon, middle of the afternoon; hei midouernon, fully the middle of the afternoon, S2; mid-winter, Christmas, S2; mid-winterded, sb. dat., Christmas-day, S; mid-winter-day, S2; mid-ward, middle, S2.—AS. mid-.

Middel, adj. and sb. middle, waist, SkD, S, S2, C; myddel, PP; myddil, W; myddeleste, superl., G. Comb.: middel-niste, midnight, S.—AS. middel, sb.

Middel-erd, sb. the middle abode, the world, S; middeleard, S; myddelerd, S, PP; midelerd, S; mydlerd, S2, PP; mydelerd, PP; medlert, JD.—Cp. OS. middilgard, OHG. mittila gart (Tatian). Cf. Middeneard.

Midden-eard, sb. the middle abode, the abode of men, S; middenærd, S; middenærd, S; middenærd, S.—AS. middan-eard for middan-geard, 'middle

enclosure' (OET), the earth situated between heaven and hell, see Sweet, and Sievers, 214, n. 5; cp. Goth. midjungards, Icel. miðgarðr. See CV., and Grimm, Teut. M, p. 794.

Middes, only in phr.: in middes, in the midst, PP; in pe myddes, PP, S2; in (fro) be myddis, PP, S3, W, W2; in the mydis, W2.—From mid, adj. The -es gives the phrase an adverbial force. The older forms (in Layamon) are a midde, a midden; AS. on middan.

Midwif. sb. midwife, SD, SkD; mydwyf, SkD; mydwyfe, Prompt.; mydewyf, SkD; medwyfe, Cath.; medewife, SkD; medewyues, pl., S2. See Mid (1).

Mightand, pr. p., as adj. having might,

Mihel. sb. Michael, SD; Myshele, HD; **Mihil**, ND.— Church Lat. *Michael* (Vulg.), from the Heb.

Mihel-masse, sb. Michaelmas, SD; Mihelmas, ND; Myhelmasse, PP; Misselmasse, S2.

Miht. 2 pr. s. mayest, S; see Med.

Mihte, pt. s. might, S; micte, S; michte, S; migte, S; see Mahte.

Mikel, adj. and adv. great, much, S, S2; see Muchel.

Milce, sb. mercy, S, S2, HD; mylce, S; milche, S.—AS. milts, from milde, mild, gentle; see Sievers, 198, 4.

Milcien, v. to show mercy, S; milcenn, S; milsien, S.—AS. milsian, miltsian.

Milde, adj. mild, S, S2; myld, S. Comb.: mild-heorte, merciful in heart, SD; mild-heorted, S; milde-herted, S2; mild-herrtle330, mildheartedness, compassion, S; mild-heortnesse, clemency, S; mildhertnesse, S.—AS. milde.

Miles, sb. pl., animals, S2.—Cf. W. mil, an animal, beast; miled, a wild animal (W.W.S.).

Min, pron. poss. my, S, S2; myn, S, C_2 , PP; mi, S, S_2 ; mines, gen., S; mine, dat., S; mire, gen. and dat. f., S; mynen, pl., W2. Phr.: myn one, by myself, alone, PP .- AS. min.

Min. sb. memory, S2; see Mynne.

Mines, 2 pr. s. rememberest, S2; see Mynne.

Minion, sb. a favourite, a lover, Sh. TG, ND; bellulus, Manip.; minyons, pl., S3.—OF. mignon (Cotg.); cp. It. mignone (Florio).

Minion, adj. small, pretty; mynyon, ND; mynionly, adv. delicately, ND.

Mint, pt. s. purposed, S; see Munten. -mint, suffix.—AS. mynt, -mynd: Goth. -mundipa, see Sievers, 255, 3. Cf. Wurth-

Minute, sb. a mite, moment of time, HD; mynute, Prompt.; mynutis, pl., small pieces of money, W. Comb.: mynutwhile, PP; myntwhile, PP; myntewhile, PP.—Lat, minutum (Vulg.). Cf. Mite.

Minyshe, v. to minish, S3; see Menusen.

Mire, sb. ant, S; mowre, Cath.—Cp. Dan. myre, Icel. maurr.

Mire my, gen. and dat. f. of Min.

Mirky, adj. dark, H. See Merke.

Mirre, sb. myrrh, S, PP; mir, S2; murre, PP; myrre, PP. — AS. myrre; Lat. myrrha (Vulg.); Gr. μύρβα.

Mirye, adj. merry, CM; see Mery.

Mis, adv. amiss, S, C3; mys, PP; mysse, S2.

Mis-, prefix; mys-, PP; mysse-, PP. -AS. mis-; Goth. missa-. Comb.: misbileue, suspicion, C3; misboden, injured, C, CM; misdede, misdeed, S, PP; misdeparten, to divide amiss, C2; misdo, to do amiss, PP, S, S2, C2; misfaren, to behave amiss, S; mysfare, to miscarry, PP; misgouernaunce, misconduct, C2; misgyed, misguided, C2; mys-happen, to meet with misfortune, PP; myshopand, despairing, H; misleuen, to believe wrongly, S; misliken, to displease, to be displeased, S, S2; misliking, displeasure, S2; myspay, to displease, H; misrede, to advise ill, S; misrempe, to go wide of the mark, S; mysreule, to misgovern, S3, PP; myssayde, abused, rebuked, slandered, PP; misseid, S2; missemand, misemand. unseemly, H; misterdien, to mistithe (mis-iterdeget, S); mistriste, to mistrust, C3; mysturne, to pervert, W, W2.

Mis-, prefix (of F. origin); see Mes-. Mislich. adj. various, S; misliche, adv., S; mistlice, S.—AS. mislic (mistlic), various, adv. mislice (mistlice, Grein). For insertion of t see Sievers, 196, 1.

Misliche, adv. badly, miserably, S; missely, wrongly, S2.

Misse. sb. want, lack, fault, S; mysse, S. PP.

Missen, v. to miss, SD; mis, S2; mysseb, pr. s., is without, PP.

Mister; see Mester.

Mistiloker, adj. comp. more mystic, PP; mystiloker, PP.

Misty, adj. mystic, mysterious; mysty, misticus, Prompt.; mistier, comp., PP.

Misty, adj. misty, nebulosus, Cath., Prompt.

Mite, sb. a mite, small coin, thing of no value, C3, Cotg. (s. v. minute); myte, PP; minutum, Cath., Prompt., WW. Comb.: mytewhile, a little while, PP. Cf. Minute.

Miteyn, sb. mitten, glove, C3; see

Mithen, v. to conceal, S, SD.—AS. miðan; cp. OHG. (bi)midan (Tatian, p. 493).

Mix. sb. dung, S; a vile wretch, S2.-AS. mix, meox, meohx, Goth. maihstus; cp. OHG. mist (Tatian).

Mizzle, v. to rain slightly, S3, HD; miselle, mysylle, pluuitare, Cath.

Mo, adj. and adv. more, besides, others, S, S_2, S_3, C ; moo, S_3 ; ma, S, S_2 ; may, pl., S3.—AS. má. (Mo properly means more in number; more means greater in magnitude.

Mobyle, adj. moveable, S3; moebles, sb. pl., moveables, property, PP, C3; meobles, PP; mebles, PP.—OF. moble, also meuble (Cotg.); Lat. mobilem.

Moche, adj. and adv. great, much, S, S2, C2; see Muche.

Mochel; see Muchel.

Mod: see Mood.

Modder, sb. a young girl, Manip.; moder, Prompt.

Moder, sb. mother, S, S2, C, C3, PP; moder, S; modir, W; modur, PP; mooder, S2, C2, C3; muddir, S3; moder, gen., S2, PP; modres, C3, PP. Comb.: moder-burh, metropolis, SD; moder-child, mother's child, S; modirles, motherless, W2 .- AS. modor: Lat. mater; see Douse, p. 51.

Modizlezzo, sb. pride, S.

Modianesse, sb. pride, S.

Mody. adj. spirited, animosus, proud, PP, S2.

Moeued, pt. s. moved, disturbed, C3; see Mouen

Moght, pt. s. might, S2; see Mahte. **Moich**, adj. close, muggy, S3, JD.

Moile, v. to toil, to drudge, to defile, pollute, daub with dirt, SkD; moillen, to AS. mona. wet, SkD; moylynge, pr. p., S3.—AF. | Monè, sb. money, S2; see Moneye.

moiler, moiller, to wet; Late Lat. *molliare, from mollis, soft.

Moillere, sb. woman, wife, PP; muliere, PP; moylere, P.—OF. moillier, muiller; Lat. mulierem; cp. AF. mulier, muller.

Mok, sb. muck, filthy lucre, PP; muk, PP; mukke, Prompt.

Moky, adj. misty, HD. Cf. Moich.

Molde, sb. crumbling ground, earth, mould, S, S2, P, G; moolde, PP; mulde, WA; molder, pl., dry pieces of mould, S2. Phr.: on molde, on the earth, in the world, S2, PP. Comb.: molde-ale, a funeral ale or banquet, Prompt.; muldemete, a funeral banquet, JD; moldwerp, mole, mouldcaster, SkD; moldwarp, Sh.; moldewarpe, Cath.—AS. molde. Cf. Mull.

Mole, sb. the moldwarp, talpa, Sh.; mowle, S3; molle, Prompt.—This word is short for molde-warp. See above.

Molte (for molt), pt. s. melted, S3; see **Melten**.

Mom. sb. the least sound that can be made with closed lips, PP, S2; mum, S3. Momelen, v. to mumble, PP; mamely, P.

Mon, 1 pr. s. I must, B; pr. s., B; 2 pr. s., S3; mone, mayest, S2; pr. s., shall, S2; man, 1 pr. s., SD; 2 pr. pl., S2, B; mun, pr. s., S2, H.—Icel. munu, 'debere,' pr. s. man (pl. munu).

Mon, sb. man, S; see Man.

Monchen, v. to munch, Cath. (n), Palsg., SkD; mounch, Sh; munche, CM (4. 145); maunche, Palsg. (s. v. briffault); manche, Palsg.; mounchynge, pr. p., S3. Comb.: mounch-present, HD; maunchepresent, Palsg., HD (s. v. munch); mawnche-presande, sycophant, Cath.; manchpresent, dorophagus, Cath. (n).—Probably a variety of ME. maungen; OF. manger. For che = ge cp. ME. charche; OF. charche = charge (see MD), also F. revancher = OF. revenger (SkD).

Mone, sb. share, companion, S.—AS. (ge)mána, 'societas' (Voc.). See Ymone. Mone, sb. moan, complaint, PP, S, S2; moone, PP, C; moon, S2; mayn, B; mayne, B, S3; mane, S2.

Mone, sb. moon, S, S2, S3, P; a lunation, P; moyne, Cath., B; moyn, B. Comb.: mone-desi, dies lunae, Monday, S; moneday, S; mone-licht, moonlight, S.-

Monek, sb. monk, S2; see Monk.

Monesten, v. to teach, admonish, W, W2, CM; moneishen, Cath. (n); monysche, Cath.; monest, pt. pl., B. See Amoneste.

Monestyng, sb. an admonition, W. W2, B; monyschynge, Cath.

Moneth, sb. month, S3, C, PP, B, WW, ND, Cath.; moonep, S2, PP; monythe, Prompt.; monyth, S2; monethe, W; months, PP; months, pl., C2; monethis, W. Comb.: moneth-minde, a service in memory of the dead a month after decease, ND; month-mind, HD; months minde, ND; months mind, a strong inclination, ND, Sh.—AS. mónað, from móna, moon.

Moneye, sb. money, C3, PP; mone, S2, PP.—AF. moneie, moneye, monee; Lat.

Moneyeles, adj. moneyless, PP; mone-

Mong-corn(e), sb. mixed corn, S3, Prompt.; moncorne, HD. See Mengen.

Moni, adj. many, S, S2; mony, S; see Manye.

Monk, sb. monk, PP; monek, S2; munec, S; muneces, pl., S; munekes, S; monekes, S, S2; monkes, S.—AS. munec; Lat. monachus; Gr. μοναχός, solitary.

Monkrye, sb. monkery, the race of monks, S3.

Monsede, pp. cursed, PP; see Mansed. Moo-: see also under Mo-.

Mood, sb. anger, pride, mind, C; mod, S, S2; mode, dat., S, S2.—AS. mbd; cp. OHG. muot (Tatian).

Moode, sb. mud, S3; see Mud.

Mool-bery, sb. mulberry, SkD; mulbery, Cath.—Cp. MHG. mulber (G. maulbeere); OHG. mūrberi, morberi (the l in the later forms being due to dissimilation); see Kluge; AS. môr; OHG. mōr; Lat. morus. See More.

Moot, sb. assembly, G. PP; mot, PP. Comb.: moot-halle, hall of assembly, court, P, G, W; mote-halle, G, PP.-AS. mot. Cf. Mote.

Moralitee, sb. morality, i. e. a moral tale, C3.—OF. moralite (Cotg.).

Mordre, sb. murder, C; see Morther. More, sb. mulberry-tree; mours, pl., H. Comb.: more-tre, mulberry-tree, W; moore-trees, pl., W2; mur-berien, pl. tree (Vulg.); cp. Gr. μόρον, mulberry. Cf. Moolbery.

More, sb. moor, Prompt., H, PP; mor, S2; mwr, B; mwre, S2, B.—AS. mbr.

More, adj. and adv. comp. more, greater, elder, S, S2, W, W2, PP, WW; mor, S, PP; moare, S; mayr, S3, B; mair, B; mære, S; mare, S, S2; mar, S, B; marere, H.-AS. mára. See Mo.

More, sb. root, S2, PP, HD; moore, CM.—AS. mora (Voc. 135. 28, 29, 32); cp. MHG. mora, more, see Weigand (s. v. möhre).

Moreyne, sb. murrain, PP; moreyn, S2, Prompt.; morrein, WW; moryn, H; murrins, pl., WW.-AF. morine; cp. Low Lat. morina, a pestilence among animals (Ducange).

Morkin, sb. a beast that dies by disease or accident, RD, HD, ND.—Cp. Late Lat. morticinium (Ducange), whence Ir. muirtchenn, Wel. burgyn.

Morknen, v. to rot, SD; mourkne, S2.—Icel. morkna.

Mormal, sb. cancer or gangrene, CM, C, Prompt., RD, SD, ND, HD; mormall, Palsg.; mortmal, ND; morimal, RD; marmole, RD.-Cp. Late Lat. malum mortuum, a disease of the feet and shins (Ducange).

Morris. adj. Moorish, sb. morris-dance, Sh, ND; morisco, SkD; a morris-dancer, Comb.: morris-dance, Moorish dance, Sh.; morrys-daunce, HD; morres-dauncers, morris-dancers, HD; morrice-bells, bells for a morris-dance, S3; morris-pike, a large pike (weapon), HD, Sh.—Late Lat. moriscus, Moorish.

Morsel, sb. morsel, PP, B; mossel, SkD; mussel, W, W2, PP; musselle, Voc.—AF morsel; Lat. morsellum, a little bit; dimin. of morsus. Cf. Mosel.

Morther, sb. murder; morthir, PP; morthre, C; morder, PP; mordre, C.-AS. morðor; cp. Low Lat. murdrum.

Morther, v. to murder, PP, S2; morthre, C; mordre, C, C2; murther, C.

Mortherer, sb. murderer, PP; mordrer, C, C2.

Mortifie, v. to mortify, to produce change by chemical action, C3.—OF. mortifier; Lat. mortificare.

Mortreux, sb. messes of pounded meat, C; mortrewes, CM, PP; mortrwys, Prompt.; mortrws, Cath.; mormulberries, Voc.—Lat. morus, mulberry- tesse, Palsg.; mortrels, PP; mortreus,

(mortrews), PP, Prompt. (n), Voc.; mortrus, Voc.—OF. mortreux, see Ducange (s. v. mortea), connected with Lat. mortarium, a morter.

Morwe, sb. morrow, the morning, PP, S2, C2, C3; marewe, S2; morow, S3. Phr.: to morwe, cras, Voc. Comb: morse-mete, morning meal, S; morewtid, morrow, W; morowtid, W; morutid, W2; morseue, dos nuptialis, SD; moryve, Prompt.

Morwen, sb. morn, morrow, S, PP; morgen, SD. Phr.: to morwen, S.—AS. morgen, Goth. maurgins.

Morwenynge, sb. morning, PP, C2; morwnynge, S2; more; ening, S.

Mose, sb. titmouse, S.—AS. máse, see SkD. (s. v. titmouse).

Mosel, sb. muzzle, nose of an animal, C, CM.—OF. musel (now museau): Prov. mursel: OF. *morsel. See Morsel, and cf. Musen.

Mosell, v. to muzzle, SkD; moosel, Manip.

Moskles, sb. pl. mussels (shell fish), S2; see Muskylle.

Most, adj. superl. greatest, chief, PP, S2; moste, S, PP; mooste, W2; mast, S2; maste, S2; maste, B; mayst, B; mest, S, S2; meste, C2; meast, S. Comb.: meste del, the greatest part, S2.—AS. mést.

Mot, 1 pr. s. may, must, S, C2, C3, PP; mote, S, PP; most, 2 pr. s., must, S, S2; mot, 2 pr. s. subj., S3; mot, pr. s., can, must, S, S2, S3; moot, S2, C; mojt, S2; moten, pl., S, PP; moten, S2, PP; moten, pl. s., was obliged, S, S2, C3, PP; pl., S, S2; most, S2, PP; moist, pl. s., S3.—AS. mbt, 2 pr. s., mbst, pl. mbton, pt. s. mbste.

Mote, sb. moat, agger, fossa, P; a pond, Manip.; castle, palace, WA; moote, Prompt.; mot, PF.—OF. mote, embankment, also motte (Cotg.).

Mote, v. to summon before a mot (court), to plead, dispute, discuss a law case, PP, S2; mootyn, Prompt.; motien, S.—AS. motian (Leo). See Moot.

Mote, sb. note on the huntsman's horn, CM; moot, HD; mot, S3 (7. 16).—OF. mot, 'the note winded by an huntsman on his horn' (Cotg.).

Motle, sb. motley, a dress of many colours, Prompt.; motley, Sh., ND; motteley, C; motteley, Cath.—OF. mattele, clotted, curdled (Cotg.).

Motoun, sb. a gold coin called a 'mutton' or sheep, P; mutoun, S2, PP; moton, PP.—OF. mouton; Late Lat. multonem (Ducange).

Motyf, sb. motive, incitement, S2, C3; motif, motion, argument, question, subject, PP.—OF. motif (Cotg.); Late Lat. motivum (Ducange).

Moucte, pt. s. might, S; mought, S3; see Mahte.

Moun, I pr. pl. may, S; see Meei.

Mountance, sb. amount, space, duration, C₃, CM; mountouns, S₂, HD.—AF. montance, OF. montance; see Ducange (s. v. montare).

Mounte, sb. mount, PP; mont, S2; munt, S; munte, dat., S.—AS. munt; Lat. montem; cp. AF. munt, mont, mount.

Mountein, sb. mountain, PP; montaine, S2; montaine, S2; montaigne, C2; mountaigne, PP.—AF. mountaygne; Late Lat. montanea, 'locus montanus' (Ducange).

Mounten, v. to mount, PP.—OF. monter; Late Lat. montare.

Mountenaunce, sb. amount; mowntenaunce, Prompt.; mountenance, S3, ND. See Mountance.

Mour, sb. mulberry-tree, H; see More. Mournen, v. to mourn, S2, PP; mornen, PP, S; murnen, S; morenen, pr. pl., W2; morenyden, pt. pl., W2.—AS. murnan.

Mournyng, pr. p. and adj. mourning, PP; moorning, C, C3; mornyng, S2.

Mous, sb. mouse, C, PP; mus, S; muse, dat., S; mys, pl., P; mees, PP; Comb.: mowsfalle, mousetrap, Prompt.; muse-stoch, mousetrap, S.—AS. mús.

Mouth, sb. mouth, face, PP, W2; mut, S; muth, S. Comb.: mut-free, mouth-free, S.—AS. muth: Goth. munths; cp. OHG. mund (Otfrid); see Sievers, 30.

Mouthen, v. to talk about, P; mouthed, pt. s., P.

Moutin, v. to mew, moult, cast feathers, Prompt.; mowtyn, Prompt., HD; moult, Sh.; moutes, pr. s., S2, SkD.—Lat. mutare. Cf. Mewen.

Moust, sb. moth, W; mouste, W2, SkD; moghte, Cath.—ONorth. and AS. mohbe (Mt. 6. 20).

Mouen, v. to move, suggest, S; moeue, PP; meuen, PP; meuen, pr. s., S2; moeued, pt. s., C3; moeuyng, pr. p., S2,

C3; meued, pp., S3.—AF. mover, OF. muveir, movoir, moveir; Lat. mouēre.

Mow, v. to be able, H; mown, Prompt.; mugen, S.—AS. *mugan (not found), see Sievers, 424. See Med.

Mowe, sb. kinswoman, S; mow, sisterin-law, Prompt.; moje, S; maje, SD.—AS. máge.

Mowe, sb. a grimace, CM, Prompt.; moe, Cotg., WW (p. 407); mow, WW.—OF. mouë (Cotg.).

Mowen, v. to make a grimace, Cath.; mowyn, Prompt. Der.: mowing, grimacing, S₃; mowyng, W₂; cachinnatus, Cath.; monwyng, W₂.

Mowen, v. to mow, reap, S, PP.—AS. mawan.

Mowtard, sb. moulting bird, Prompt. See **Moutin**.

Mowtynge, sb. moulting-season, PP, Prompt.

Moyste, adj. fresh, new, C2, C3, SkD; moyst, humidus, Prompt.; moste, moist, Cath.—OF. moiste, damp, moist; Late Lat. *mustius, *musteus (see BH, § 74, also Roland, p. 420); from Lat. mustum. See Must.

Moystin, v. to make moist, W, Prompt.; moyste, Voc.; moysted, pp., S2, Cath. (n).

Moystnesse, sb. moistness, humor, Voc.

Moysture, sb. moisture, Prompt.; mostour. maditas. Cath.

Moze, sb. kinswoman, S; see Mowe.

Muche, adj. and adv. great, much, S, S2, PP; moche, S, S2, C2, PP; miche, S2; myche, S, W, W2. Comb.: muchedel, a great part, S2; mychefold, manifold, W.

Muchel, adj. and adv. great, much, numerous, S, C2, PP; mochel, S2, C2, C3, PP; mochel, S; micel, S; mikel, S, S2; mycel, S; mykel, S2, P; mukel, S, S2; mucele, S; mikle, S2; mekill, S3. Der.: muchelhede, greatness, SD; mykelhede, S2; mychilmesse, greatness, W2.—AS. micel (mycel): Goth. mikils.

Muchelin, v. to magnify, S; muclien, S; mucli, S; mikeland, pr. p., S2; mikeland, pp., S2.—AS. myclian: Goth. mikiljan.

Mud, sb. mud, Prompt.; moode, S3; mudde, S2 (13. 407), Cath., Manip.—Cp. OLG. mudde, see SkD.

Mudly, adj. muddy, H.

Mugen, v. to be able, S; see Med.

Mught, pt. s. might, S2, H; muhte, S; see Mahte.

Muk, sb. muck, filthy lucre, PP; see Mok.

Mukel, adj. great, S, S2; see Muchel.
Mull, sb. mould, rubbish, S2, Cath. (n);
molle, Cath.; mol, Cath. (n); mul, Cath.
(n).—Cp. Du. mul. See Molde.

Mullok, sb. rubbish, C3; mollocke, Cath. (n).

Multiplicacioun, sb. multiplying, i.e. the art of alchemy, C3.

Multiplye, v. to make gold and silver by the arts of alchemy, C3; multeplie, to increase, PP.—OF. multiplier; Lat. multiplicare.

Mum; see Mom.

Mun, pr. s. must, S2, H; see Mon.

Munec, sb. monk, S; see Monk.

Munen, v. to remind, to be mindful, S; see Mynne.

Munezing, sb. commemoration, S.

Mungen, v. to remember, PP; see Mengen.

Mungunge, sb. remembrance, reminding, S; munegunge, S; muneging, S.—AS. mynegung.

Munne, v. to relate, mention, remind, S: see Mynne.

Munstral, sb. minstrel, S2; see Mynstral.

Munt, sb. mount, S; see Mounte.

Munten, v. to think, to purpose, S2; myntis, pr. s. points, WA; munte, pt. s., S3; mint, S; 1-munt, pp., S; 1-mint, S; 1-ment, S. — AS. (ge)myntan. See Mynde.

Murchen, v. to murmur; murronesst, 2 pr. s., S.—AS. murchian (Leo).

Murne, adj. sad, S, HD.—Cp. AS. murnan, to mourn.

Murnen, v. to mourn, S, WA; see Mournen.

Murnyn, sb. mourning, B.

Murrin, sb. murrain, WW; see Moreyne.

Murthe, sb. mirth, joy, PP, S; murth, PP; murhbe, S; mur; pe, S; myrthe, PP; mirthe, C; merthe, PP; muirth, PP; murphes, pl., merymakings, amusements, PP, S2; merthes, G.—AS. myrb, mirhb, from merg. See Mory.

Murzen, v. to make merry, SD; murgep, pr. pl., S2.

Mus. sb. mouse, S; see Mous.

Musard, sb. a dreamy fellow, HD, Bardsley; musarde, CM.—OF. musart.

Muse. sb. dreaming vacancy, Spenser.

Musen, v. to ponder, wonder, PP, C3, WA, ND. — OF. muser, to muse, study, linger about a matter, to sniff as a hound, from *muse, a muzzle, nose of an animal (whence F. museau); Lat. morsus. For F. -u- from an orig. Lat. -or- cp. OF. jus from Late Lat. jusum, Lat. deorsum, and F. sus from Lat. sūsum, seorsum, see Apfelstedt, § 43, and Constans (glossary). Cf. Mosel.

Muskylle, sb. mussel, a shell-fish, Cath.; muscles, pl., PP; moskles, S2.-AF. muskeles, pl., OF. muscle; Lat. musculum (acc.), dimin. of mus, mouse; cp. AS. musclan scel (Voc.).

Mussel, sb. morsel, W, W2; see Morsel.

Must, sb. new wine, W, W2.—Lat. mustum (Vulg.). Cf. Moiste.

Mustour, sb. dial, clock, WA.—Cp. F. montre (Brachet).

Mute, v. to dung (used of birds), SkD, WW, ND; meuted, pp., WW.—OF. mutir (Cotg.), esmeutir (Cotg.), esmeltir, (Littré); of Teutonic origin, cp. ODu. smelten, to smelt, liquefy; cp. It. small. tare, to mute as a hawk (Florio). Cf. Amellen.

Mutoun ; see Motoun.

Muwen, pr. pl. may, S; musen, S; see Meei.

Mwre, sb. moor, S2; see More.

Mydge, sb. midge, H (Ps. 104. 29); midge, Manip.; myge, gnat, culex, Voc., Cath.; myghe, S3.—AS. mycg (Voc.).

Myghte, pt. s. could, PP; myste, S2; see Mahte.

Myghte, sb. might, power, PP; mist, PP, S; miht, S, S2, PP; my3t, S2; myhte, S; miste, S; mightes, pl., powers, virtues, S2; myhte, S.—AS. miht.

Myghtful, adj. powerful, PP; mihtful, PP; mistful, PP; mystful, PP; mystuolle, S2.

Myghtfulnes, sb. strength, S2.

Myghty, adj. mighty, SD; ma;ty, S2; mæhti, S; magti, S; mihti, S; michti,

Mury(e), adj. merry, S, C; see Mery. [S; mithi, S2; myghtely, adv., CM.— AS. meahtig.

Myht, 2 pr. s. mayest; see Meei.

Myke, sb. the crutches of a boat, which sustain the main-boom or mast when lowered, S2.—Cp. Swed. mick, a crutch (seaterm).

Mylle, sb. mill, Prompt. Comb.: myllestone, mill-stone, Prompt.; myl-ston, Voc.; melstan, S; myln-stoon, W; mulle-stones, pl., PP.—AS. myln (Voc.); Lat. molina.

Mylnere. sb. miller, PP; mylner, PP; mulnere, PP; melner, PP; mellere.

Mynde, sb. memory, remembrance, mention, PP, S2, S3, W, W2, CM, C2, Cath.; mende, Prompt.; mind, memory, mind, Sh.—AS. (ge)mynd; cp. OHG. gimunt, memory (Tatian). See Mynne.

Mynen, v. to mine, S2, W, W2.—OF. miner; cp. Late Lat. minare (Ducange),

Myne-ye-ple, sb. (?), S3 (7. 62, note).

Mynne, sb. memory, SD: min, S2.— Icel. minni, memory; cp. AS. myne, mind. Cf. Mynde.

Mynne. v. to remember, mention, PP, S2, HD; munne, S; munyen, S; munen, S; mynand, pr. p., H; mines, 2 pr. s., S2; mined, pp., S2.—AS. (ge)mynnan (gemynian), to remember; also (ge)mu.

Mynnyng-day, sb. the day of memory of the dead, HD.

Mynour, sb. miner, C, SkD, PP; minour, PP.—AF. minour; Late Lat. minatorem (Ducange). See Mynen.

Mynstral, sb. minstrel, PP, Prompt.; minstral, PP; munstral, PP, S2; minstrales, pl., C2; menestrales, PP.—AF. menestral; Late Lat. ministralem, a servant (Brachet).

Mynstralcie, sb. music, minstrelsy, PP, C; minstraloye, C2; menstraloye, C; mynstracie, PP; minstracie, PP; mynstrasye, Prompt., S2.—AF. mynstral-

Mynstre, sb. minster, monastery, S. PP; minstre, S; ministre, S2; minnstre, the Jewish temple, S.—AS. mynster; Church Lat. monasterium; Gr. μοναστήριον.

Myrie, adj. pleasant, W2; see Mery.

Myrk, adj. dark, S2, H; see Merke.

Myrk. v. to darken, H.

Mys-, prefix; see both Mis- and Mes-. Mysteir, v. to be necessary, B; mysters, pr. s. is needful, WA.

Myster, sb. trade, occupation, PP; see Mester.

Myster, sb. need, want, C, WA, B; see Mester.

Mystir, adj. lacking, needful, B.

Mystyrit, pp. injured by loss (of blood), S3.

Myteyne, sb. cuff, glove, Prompt., S3; miteyn, C3; mytane, Cath.; myttan, Voc.—OF. mitaine (Cotg.); cp. Low Lat. mitana (Ducange).

My3t, sb. power, S2; see Myght. My3te, pt. s. might, S2; see Mahte.

N.

Na, adv. not, S; see No.

Na, adj. no, S; see Man.

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Nabben, v. not to have; naue, I pr. s., PP; nauest, 2 pr. s., S; nauestu, thou hast not, S; nastu, S; nauep, pr. s., S; naö, S, PP, S2; nep, S2; nabep, pl., S2; naue, S2; nadde, pt. s., S; nad, PP; nedde, PP, S2; nauedes, 2 pt. s., S; naueden, pl., S.—AS. nabban (=ne habban).

Nabod, for No abod, abode not, S. See Abiden.

WA.—AF. nacioun, naciun; Lat. nationem.

Naddren, pl. adders, S; nadres, S; see **Nedder**.

Nadrinke, for **Ne adrinke**, let (it) not drown, S.

Naht, sb. night, SD; see Hyght.

Naht, adv. not, S; see Nought. Nahte, pt. s. had not, S; see Owen.

Naked, adj. naked, bare, undefended by body-armour, PP, C3; naket, PP, S; nakid, S2; nakit, S2. Phr.: in naked bedde, au lict couche tout nud, Palsg., HD, ND.—AS. nacod; cp. OHG. nakot (Otfrid), Icel. naktr.

Naken, v. to lay bare, SkD (s.v. naked).

ONorth. (ge)nacian (Mk. 2. 4).

Naker, sb. kettle-drum, S2, C, HD.— OF nacre, also nagaire, nacaire, naquaire, anacaire (cp. Byzantine Gr. ἀνάκαρον); a word borrowed from the Turks; cp. Kurdish nakára, see Ducange, Diez.

Naknen, v. to strip; nacnes, pr. s., S; nakned, pp., HD.

Nale; in phr. Atte nale for At ten ale (at pen ale), at the ale, P. See Ale.

Nam, 1 pr. s. am not, S, S2, P, C; næm, naule, PP; navyle, Voc.; r S; nart, 2 pr. s., S, S2; nis, pr. s., is not, nawylle, Voc.—AS. nafela.

S, C, C2; nys, S; nas, pt. s., S, S2, HD, PP; nes, S, S2; nere, pt., S, S2, C; neoren, S; nare, S.—ONorth. nam (= ne am).

Nam, pt. s. took, S; see Nimen.

Nameliche, adv. especially, S2, C; see Nomeliche.

Nan, adj. none, no, S; see Mon.

Map, sb. cup, S; neppe, dat., S.—AS. hnæp (Voc.); cp. OHG. hnæpf, OF. hanap (Bartsch), Low Lat. nappus (Ducange).

Nappen, v. to nap, slumber, nod, PP, C3, W. Der: napping, slumber, W2; nappy, sleep-inducing, S3, ND.—AS. hnæppian.

Napron, s. apron, SkD; naprun, Prompt.—OF. naperon, from nape, a cloth; Low Lat. napa; Lat. mappa (Punic word).

Narde, sb. nard, an unguent, W.—Lat. nardus (Vulg.); Gr. ναρδύς (Persian word).

Narwe, adj. narrow, C; narewe, S;

nareu, S; narwe, adv., closely, PP.—AS. nearu, adv. nearwe.

Mas, pt. s. was not, S, S2; see Nam.

Nat, for Me at, nor at, S2.

Nao, pr. s. has not, S, PP, S2; see Nabben.

Nativite, sb. nativity, S2, C2.—OF. nativité (Cotg.); Lat. nativitatem.

Natte, sb. |mat, scorium, buda, Voc., Cath.; natt, HD, Voc.; nat, Palsg.— OF. natte (Cotg.); Late Lat. natta; Lat. matta (probably a variant of mappa). See Mapron.

Naue, Nauest; see Nabben.

Nausty, adj. having nothing, very poor, P. See Nought.

Nauele, sb. navel, PP; nawle, W2; naule, PP; navyle, Voc.; nawelle, Voc.; nawyle, Voc.; nawyle, Voc.—AS. nafela.

Nay, adv. nay, PP, S3, WA; nai, S, S2. Phr.: nay whan, nay when? i.e. not so, when (will you do it), S3; withoute nay, without denial, G; it is no nay, there is no denying it, G, C2.—Cp. Icel. nci.

Nayl, sb. nail, finger-nail, S, C2; nayle, Voc.; neil, S; nayles, pl., PP.—AS. nagel; cp. Icel. nagl.

Naylen, v. to nail, Cath.; naylen, S; nailen, PP, C2.

Nayten, v. employ, use, S2, WA.— Icel. neyta; cp. AS. notian; weak verb, from Icel. njóta; cp. AS. néotan. Cf. Noten.

Naytly, adv. neatly, fit for use, S2.—From Icel. neytr, fit for use.

Naytyn, v. to deny, Prompt., SD, HD.
—Icel. neita. Cf. Niten.

Ne, adv. and conj. not, nor, S, S2, S3.—AS. ne, not, nor.

Meb, sb. face, S, HD. Der.: nebsseft, face, appearance, presence, S2; nebscheft, SD.—AS. nebb, beak, face (OET).

Nece, sb. niece, PP; netpoe, grand-daughter, S3; neece, WW (p. 417).—AF. nece, niece; Late Lat. neptia; in the place of Lat. neptis, a granddaughter, a niece; see BH, § 32.

Medde, pt. s. had not, S; see Nabben.

Medder, sb. adder, snake, H; neddyr,
Cath., Prompt.; neddere, Cath. (n); neddre, S; nedyr, Voc.; nedyre, Voc.;
naddren, pl., S; nadres, S; nedris, HD;
neddren, S. Comb.: nedyrcopp, spider,
Voc.—AS. nædre: Goth. nadrs; cp. OHG.
natrá (Tatian).

Nede, sb. need, peril, business, also as pred. adj. necessary, needful, C2, W, PP; neode, PP, S; niede, S; neod, S, S2, PP; ned, S; need, C2; neid, B; nedes, pl., S2, PP; nedes, needs, of necessiry, S, C2, PP; nedis, W; neodes, S2, PP; needely, C; nedelich, W. Der.: needful, needy, necessary, S; nedfol, S2, PP; neodful, S, PP; needles, needlessly, C2; neidwais, of necessity, S2, B.—OMerc. néd (VP), AS. nýd: Goth. nauths; cp. OS. nód, OHG. nót (Tatian).

Meden, v. to force, compel, to need, S; neid, B; nedep, pr. s., there is need, it is necessary, PP, C; needep, S, PP.—AS. nédan (OET).

Medle, sb. needle, C3, P; needle, PP; needle, PP; needle, PP; needle, PP.—

Der.: needlers, needle-seller, PP; nel
Meden.

dere, PP.—AS. nádl: OHG. nádela, also náldá (Tatian).

Meer, adj. comp. nearer, C2; see Merre. Neet, sb. ox, cattle, PP, S, S2, C; net, S; niatt, S; nowt, S; nete, H, PP. Comb.: neet-hirde, sb. neat-herd, Prompt.—AS. néat, ox, cattle: Icel. naut; cp. OHG. nóz, 'jumentum' (Tatian).

Nefen, v. to name, S2; see Neuenen. Ne-for-thi, adv. nevertheless, S2.—AS. ne for 5%.

Neghen, num. nine, S2; see Myne.

Nehlechen, v. to approach, S; neolechin, S.—AS. néalácan, from néah. See Neth.

Meih, adv. nigh, nearly, almost, PP, S; neyh, G; neh, S, S2; ney, PP, S; ney, S; negh, PP; ny, PP, Prompt; ni3, W; ny3, W, W2; neigh, S2; neige, P; neighe, PP; ny3e, PP. Comb.: neyhebour, neighbour, G; neighebor, C2; neighburgh, S2; nehgebur, S; neihend, close at hand, S.—AS. néah; cp. OHG. náh (Tatian).

Weihen, v. to be nigh to, to approach, PP; neighen, PP; neghen, PP, H, S2; neigh, PP, W; neen, S2; neih, S2; neyshen, S2.—AS. nehwan: Goth. nehwjan, from nehwa, nigh. See Weih.

Neipce, sb. granddaughter, S3; see

Neither, neg. pron. and conj. neither, SD; neyper, S; noither, P; neithyr, Prompt.; nethir, not, W.—AS. ne+
&ghwæter. See Effer.

Neiz, in phr. no neiz for non eiz, i. e. no egg, S2. See Ey.

Nekke, sb. neck, S, C, PP. Comb.: nekke-boon, neck-bone, S2, C2; nekke-bon, PP.—AS. hnecca (OET.).

Nelle, I and 3 pr. s. will not, PP, S; nell, S; nel, S; nele, S; nulle, S, PP; nule, S; nul, PP, S2; nile, S, PP; nil, PP, C2; nullich, I will not, S; nullon, S; nullon, S2; nult, 2 pr. s., wilt not, S; neltu, thou wilt not, S; neltow, P; nultu, S; nelles, pl., S; nollep, S2; nollen, PP; nullep, S; nulen, S; nolde, pt. s., would not, S, PP; nalde, S.—AS. nyllan. See Wille.

Nemnen, v. to name, mention, call, S, S2, S3; nempnen, PP, S2.—AS. nemnan: Goth. namnjan. Cf. **Neuenen**.

Neod, Neodes; see Nede.

Neode, pr. s. is needful, S; see

Neomenye. sb. feast of the new moon, W.—Lat. neomenia (Vulg.); Gr. νουμηνία, ν εομηνία.

Neowcin, sb. harm, injury, S.—Icel. naudsyn, need, impediment, see SkD (s. v. essoin, p. 802).

Neowe, adj. new, S; see **Newe**.

Neowel, adj. deep; niwel, SD; nuel, SD. Der.: neowelnesse, the deep, abyss, S.—AS. neowol, néol, niwol, prone, deep (OET, Grein).

Neoze, num. nine, S2; see Myne. Neppe, sb. turnip, rapa, Voc.; nepe, Alph.—AS. nap; Lat. napus.

Nercotyk, sb. narcotic, C.—Late Lat. narcoticum [medicamen], (SB); Gr. ναρκωτικός, benumbing.

Mere, sb. kidney, Voc.; neere, Prompt.; neres, pl., reins, H; nerys, ren, Voc. Comb.: kidnere, kidney, SkD; kydney, Voc.—Icel. nýra, pl. nýru: OHG. niero; cp. Gr. νεφρός, see Curtius, ii. 93.

Mere, pt. pl. were not, S, S2, C; see Mam.

Nerre. adj. and adv. comp. nearer, H, PP; narre, H; nere, PP; ner, PP, C2, C; nier, S; neer, W, C2. Comb.: nerhand, nearly, H.—AS. néarra (néara), adj.; néar, adv.

Neruwe, adj. narrow, S; see Marwe. Nes. pt. s. was not, S, S2; see Nam.

Nesche, adj. tender, soft, S; nesshe, S; neshe, Voc.; nesh, ND; nasche, S2; neische, W2; nesse, HD. Der.: nesshede, tenderness, S2.—AS. hnesce.

Neschen, v. to soften, SD; nesshen, S; nessen, H; neyssen, H.—AS. hnescian.

Nese, sb. nose, S, S2, Prompt., PP, Voc.; neose, PP; nose, Voc.; noose, WA. Comb.: nosebleed, the plant yarrow, Alph.; noseblede, millifolium, Alph.; nese-hende, purulus, Voc.; nese-thirl, nostril, H; nes-thyrylle, Voc.; nosenose-thurl, C; thirl, W2; thyrlys, pl., S3.—AS. nosu; cp. OHG. nasa; see Kluge, and Sievers, 274.

Nesen, v. to sneeze; nesyn, Prompt.; neese, WW.-Cp. Icel. hnjósa.

Nest, adj. and adv. superl. next, nearest, PP, S, S2; neist, S2; nixte, S; nexte, C, PP; next, S, S2. Comb.: nextfald, nearest, S.—AS. niehsta, adj.; néhst, adv. Nest. sb. nest. PP; nestes. pl., PP.

Neomen, v. to take, receive, S; see | Der.: nestlingis, nestlings, PP.—AS. nest; cp. Lat. nīdus (for nisdus), OIr. net; see Brugmann, § 590.

Nesten, pt. pl. knew not, S; see **Not**. **Nestlen.** v. to build nests, S2.

Neb, pr. s. has not, S_2 ; see **Mabben**. Necen. adv. from below, S.—AS. neocan, beneath.

Neder, adj. comp. nether, S; see Mider. Nette, sb. net, Cath., Manip.; nett, Prompt., Voc., W (p. 234); net, W (p. 123); nettes, pl., C2.—AS. nett: Goth. nati, see Sievers, 247.

Neue, sb. nephew, S.—AS. nefa.

Neuenen, v. to name, S2, C3, H, HD; nefen, S2. Der.: neuening, naming, S.—Icel. nefna, (from nafn, name): Goth. namnjan, from namn-stem of namo, name. Cf. **Nemnen.**

Neuere, adv. never, PP, S; neure, S, PP; næuere, S; næure, S; neauer, S; nauere, S; nefre, S; nefer, S; nafre, S; neare, S3; nere, W; ner, HD, S2. Comb.: neuer a del, not a bit, C3; neuremore, nevermore, S; never the neer, none the nearer, C3; neuer the latter, nevertheless, H.-AS. nafre.

Neueu, sb. nephew, S2; nevew, C2; nevo, B.—AF. nevu, nephew, grandson; Lat. nepōtem.

Newe, adj. new, PP, C2; neowe, S; nywe, S; niwe, S2; newe, adv., newly, anew, PP, C; newly, newly, again, PP; nuly, S3. Comb.: newefangel, catching at novelty, C2; newefangelnes, fondness for novelty, C2, S3.—AS. neowe, niwe.

Newen, v. renew, S, S2, PP.—AS. niwian.

Newte, sb. newt, Prompt.; ewte, Prompt. See Eucte.

Ney, adv. nigh, nearly, S; ne3, S; see

Neynd, ord. ninth, S2; see Myne. Nezen, v. to neigh, SkD. Der.: nei-yng, sb. a neighing, W2.—AS. hnágan; cp. Icel. hneggja.

Niatt, sb. pl. cattle, S; see Neet.

Nich, adv. no, S.—AS. ne + ic, I; see Sievers, 332.

Niebe, ord. ninth, S; see Myne.

Nif, for we if, if not, except; nyf. S2. Nifle, sb. trifle, HD, ND; nyfles, pl., CM, Palsg.; nifles, Cotg. (s. v. nigeries). -OF. nifles, trifles (Palsg.). Cf. Wiuelen. Nigard, sb. a niggard, a miser, PP; nygard, C, CM, PP; nygarde, PP, Palsg.; nygart, CM. Cf. Nygun.

Nigardie, sb. stinginess, SkD, HD; nigardye, CM; nygardye, CM.

Night, Nigt, Niht; see Myght.
Nigromancye, sb. magic, sorcery,
PP; nigramauncy, S2; nigramansy, B;
nigromance, Cath. — OF. nigromance
(Bartsch); cp. Low Lat. nigromantia, necromancy; Gr. νεκρομαντεία, divination by
communion with the dead.

Niker, sb. water-sprite, SD; nykyr, siren, Prompt.; nyckers, pl., SPD; nykeren, SPD (p. 255).—AS. nicer, a water-demon (Grein); cp. Icel. nykr, hippopotamus: OHG. nichus, 'crocodilus,' see Grimm, Teut. M. p. 488.

Nil, pr. s. will not, C2; see Welle.

Nimen, v. to take, S, S2; nymen, PP; nemen, PP; neomen, S; nam, pt. s., PP, G, S; nom, S, S2; nem, S2; nome, 2pt. s., S, PP; nomen, pl., S, PP; neme, S2; numen, pp., seized, gone, S; nummen, S2; nome, S2. Der: niminge, a taking, capture, S.—AS. niman, pt. nam (pl. namon), pp. numen.

Min, for Me in, nor in, C2.

Nis, pr. s. is not, S, C, C₂; see Nam.
Niscien, pt. pl. for Ne iscien, saw not,

Niste, pt. s. knew not, S; see Not. Niswicst. 2 pr. s. for Ne iswics

Niswicst, 2 pr. s. for Ne iswicst, ceasest not, S.

Niten, v. to refuse, S2, JD; nyte, JD; nite, pp., WA.—Icel. nita, to deny. Cf. Maytyn.

Niten, pr. pl. know not, S; see Not. Nio, sb. envy, malice, S. Der.: niofal, envious, S; nypful, S.—AS. nio; cp. Goth. neith.

Ničen, v. to envy, SD.—Icel. níča, to revile.

Niver, adv. below, S; adj. comp., lower, S; never, S; never, B; nevernt, superl., lowest, SD. Der.: neverward, downwards, SD.—AS. niver, niovor, downward, neovera, lower, nether, SkD.

Niting, sb. a coward, a niggard, S; nything, PP.—AS. niting, a coward, outlaw; cp. Icel. nitingr.

Niuelen, v. to snivel, S; nyuelen, PP.

-Cp. OF. nifler (Cotg.). See Nifle.

Niwe. adj. new, S2; see Newe.

Nizen, num. nine, S; see Myne.

Mo, adv. and conj. not, nor, no, S, S2, SkD, B, HD; na, S, S2, B. Comb.: no but, except, unless, S2, W; no pe les, not the less, nevertheless, S; na pe les, S, S2; neceples, S; ne the les, W; na pe mo, none the more, S2; na war, were it not for, but for, S2, B.—AS. nd (=ne+4).

Noble, adj. noble, WA; nobylle, Cath.; nobliche, adv., nobly, S2; nobilly, Cath.—AF. noble; Lat. nobilem.

Noble, sb. noble, a coin so called worth 6s. 8d., S3, C3, P, WA.—Cp. Late Lat. nobile (Ducange).

Noblen, v. to ennoble, C3.

Noblesse, sb. nobility, worthy behaviour, S2, C3; magnificence, honour, C2.—F. noblesse; OF. noblesce; Late Lat. nobilitia.

Noblete, sb. nobleness, richness, S2.— OF. noblete (Bartsch); Lat. nobilitatem.

Nobley, sb. splendour, grandeur, dignity, nobility, assembly of nobles, C3, HD; nobleye, S2, C2; nobley, H, B, WA; nobelay, HD; nobillay, B.—AF. noblet; Late Lat. nobletum; cp. OF. noblet (Bartsch).

Nodle, sb. noddle, head, Prompt.; nodyl, Prompt.; noddle, Sh.

Noff, for We off, nor of, S.

Nok, sb. nook, corner, piece, SD; nuk, B; nwk, B; noke, WA, HD. Comb.: ferpyng noke, a piece of a farthing, S2; nook-shotten, spawned in a corner, Sh.

Noke, in phr.: atte noke = atten oke, at the oak, S2. See **Ook**.

Nokke, sb. nock, notch, Prompt. Comb.: nocke of a bow, oche de l'arc, Palsg.

Nol, sb. the head, the neck, W, W2; noll, WA; nolle, PP.—AS. hnoll, the top of the head.

Nolde, pt. s. would not, S; see **Melle**. **Nollep**, 1 pr. pl. we desire not, S2; see **Melle**.

Nombre, sb. number, C; nowmber, Cath.; number, S3.—AF. numbre, noumbre; Lat. numerum (acc.).

Nombren, v. to number, PP; noumbren, W2; y-noumbred, pp., S3.—AF. numbrer, noumbrer; Lat. numerare.

Nome, sb. pledge, hostage, S.—AS. nám, pledge seized (Schmid). See Mymen.

Mome, sb. name, PP, S, S2; nam, S2; name, Voc.—AS. nama (noma): Goth. namo.

Nomeliche, adv. especially, S; nameliche, S2, C; namelich, P, S3; namely, PP.

Mon, adj. no one, none, no, PP, S, S2; noon, C2; nan, S, S2; no, PP, S; na, S, S2, B; nane, B; nenne, acc., S. Comb.

na kyn, of no kind, B; nakin, B; na kyn thing, in no degree, B, S2; na kyn wiss, no way, B; nan more, no more, S; na more, S, S2; na mae, S2; na mo, P; nammo, S2; no mo, C; na ping, nothing, not at all, S; no ping, S2; no whar, nowhere, S; no war, S; no hwer, S; nour, S2; nou hwider, no whither, S; no hweder, S; no wider wardes, in no direction, S; nones knnnes, of no kind, S; nones weis, in no way, S; nanes weis, S.—AS. ndn.

None, sb. the hour of 'none,' i. e the ninth hour, 3 p.m., also noon, mid-day, S, PP; nowne, S3; noyne, B; non, S, S2, PP; noon, PP; nones, pl., the noon-tide meal, PP. Comb.: nun-mete, a noon meal, Prompt.; none-chenche, a noon-drinking, nunchion, SkD; noone-steede, place of noon, meridian, S3; non-tid, noon-tide, S.—AS. non; Lat. nona (hora).

Nones, in phr. for pe nones (for for pen ones), i. e. for the once, for the nonce, for the occasion, S2, S3, C2; with the nones, on the condition, G. See Oones.

Nonne, sb. nun, S2, C, C2, P; nunne, PP.—OF. nonne; Late Lat. nonna; cp. AS. nunne, in the Laws (Schmid).

Nonnerie, sb. nunnery, S2.—OF. non-nerie.

Noot, I and 3 pr. s. know not, knows not, C; see **Not**.

Noppe, sb. nap (of cloth), Prompt., Cath.

Noppe, v. to take the nap off, Cath.—AS. hnoppian, see Voc.

Norice, sb. nurse, C, C2, SkD; nursee, SkD; nursehe, W.—AF. norice; Lat. nutricem.

Morischen, v. to nourish, PP; norischi, S2; norishen, C2; nurischen, W, W2; nurschen, PP; norsshen, PP.—OF. noriss, stem of norissant, pp. of norir; Lat. nutrire.

Norture, sb. good breeding, nurture, SkD, G.—AF. norture, noriture; Late Lat. nutritura (Ducange).

Noselen, v. to thrust the nose in, to nuzzle; nosyll, Palsg.; nousle, Sh. See **Mese**.

Moselen, v. to cause children to put their noses in, to nurse, to rear up, to fondle closely; nosell, S3; nousle, Sh.; nusled, pp., HD (s. v. nousle).

Nose-thirl, sb. nostril, W2; see Nese.
Not, I and 3 pr. s. know not, knows not,
PP, S, S2; noot, PP, C; note, S3; niten,
pl., S; nuten, S; nuste, pt. s., S, S2, PP;
nyste, S2; niste, C2; neste, PP; nyst,
pl., PP; nesten, S.—AS. nytan (=ne
witan). See Witen.

Notable, adj. well-known, conspicuous, notorious, dazzling, WW.—OF. notable; Lat. notabilem.

Note, sb. nut, S, S2, Voc.; nute, SkD. Comb.: not-heed, a head like a nut, C; note-muge, nutmeg, S2, C2; note-migge, Prompt.; nut-shale, nutshell, S3.—AS. hnutu.

Note, sb. business, attempt, employment, labour, S, S2, WA; **not**, B.—AS. notu, use, employment.

Noteful, adj. useful, serviceable, H. Noten, v. to enjoy, S; notye, PP.—AS. notian, to enjoy; cp. Icel. neyta. Cf. Wayten.

Nother, neg. pron. and conj. neither, nor, PP, S, S2, SkD; nothir, B; nouver, S, S2; noupur, PP; nowver, S; nawper, S2; naver, S; nor, SkD.—AS. ná-hwæðer (náwper, náper). See Other.

Nou, adv. now, PP, S, S2; nu, S, S2. Comb.: nou a dayes, now-a-days, PP; now and now, occasionally, C2.—AS. nu.

Nouche, sb. clasp, buckle, jewel, CM, WA; nowche, C2, Prompt., SkD; ouche, WW; owche, SkD; ouches, pl., broaches, monilles, Cotg., WW; owchis, WW.—OF. nouche, nosche, also nusche (Roland); OHG. nuscha.

Nought, neg. pron. and adv. nothing, not, C; noutht, S, PP; nouct, S; noust, S; noust, SP; nouth, S; noth, S; noth, S; noth, S; noth, S; nowith, S; nowth, S; nowth, S; nowth, S; nawth, S; nayth, S2; naught, S2; naught, S2; naught, S2; nath, PP, S2; C; noth, W; nought, H (Ps. 108. 25); nouth, S (18. 442); nouthe, HD. Comb: nooth forthi, notwithstanding, nevertheless, S2; noght forthi, H; nat for thy, S2.—AS. ndwiht (=ne + dwiht). See Ought.

Nought, adj. worthless, bad, naught, naughty, WW; naught, S3; nauht, PP.

Der.: naughty, bad, WW, Sh.; nau;ty, having nothing, PP.

Noumbles, sb. pl. entrails of a deer or beast, Palsg.; nombles, burbilia, Cath. (n), HD, Voc.; nownbils, Cath.; nownwils, Cath. Phr.: numbles of a stag, nombles d'un cerf, Cotg. — OF. nombles, pl.; cp. Late Lat. numbulus for Lat. lumbulus, dimin. of lumbus, loin.

Noumbren, v. to number, W2; see **Mombren**.

Noumpere, sb. umpire, arbitrator, SkD, P; noumpere, Prompt.; noumpere, PP; nounpere, Prompt.; umpere, SkD.—OF. non per, odd, not even; Lat. non parem.

Nouthe, adv. now, C, P; now pe, S2; nuce, S.—AS. nú čá, now then.

Nouelrie, sb. novelty, C2; nouellerie, S2.—OF. novelerie, from novel, novel, new.

Nouys, sb. novice, C2, Voc.; nouyce, WW.—OF. novice (Cotg.); Lat. nouicium.

Nowel, sb. Christmas, CM; nowelle, HD.—OF. noël; Lat. natalem.

Nowt, sb. cattle, S. See Neet.

Noye, sb. suffering, annoyance, PP; nuy, PP, S2; nwy, S2. See Anoy.

Noyen, v. to annoy, to grieve, to harm, S2, W, P, H; nuyen, S2; nwyen, S2. See Anoyen.

Noyful, adj. hurtful; noiful, W2.

Moynement; a noynement (for an oynement), an ointment, S2. See Oynement

Noyous, adj. hurtful, annoying, W, WW (p. 421).

Nul, Nule, Nulle; see Welle. Nultu, wilt not, S; see Welle.

Numen, pp. taken, seized, S; see Nimen.

Nummer, sb. number, S3; see Nombre. Nunne, sb. nun, PP; see Nonne.

Nurho, sb. murmuring, S.

Nurnen, v. to murmur, SD. — AS. gnornian, to mourn.

Nursche, sb. nurse, W; see Norice. Nurschen, v. to nourish, PP; see No-

Nurschen, v. to nourish, PP; see No rischen.

Nuste, pt. s. knew not, S, S2, PP; see Not.

Nuy, sb. annoyance, S2; see Noye.

Nyce, adj. foolish, C2, C3, PP; nice, PP, C2; nise, PP; nyse, S2; nyss, S3.

—OF. nice (Bartsch); Lat. nēscium, ignorant, see Brachet, § 60.

Nycete, sb. folly, B, PP; nycetee, C3; nysete, PP; nysete, B.—AF. nicete, timidity, also in OF. sloth, simplicity (Cotg.).

Myght, sb. night, Voc., PP; niyt, S2, PP; nioht, S; nyht, S2; niht, S, PP; naht, SD; nayt, S2; nyth, PP; night, pl., C; nigt, S; niht, adv., at night, by night, S; nihtes, S2; niytes, PP; nyghtes, PP; nyites, PP. Adv. phr.: a nyghtes, PP; bi nihtes, S; bi nihte, S; a niyt, S; o nigt, S. Comb.: nyhtegale, nightingale, S2; niytegale, S; nyghtingale, C3; nittingale, S; nyoht-hyrd, guardian of the night, S3; niht-old, a night old, stale, not freshly gathered, S2; nyyt-old, PP; nightertale, the night-time, C; nyitertale, WA; naghtertale, S2.—AS. niht, neht, neaht: Goth. nahts; cp. Lat. noctem. With the deriv. nightertale cp. Icel. náttartal, a number of nights.

Nygun, sb. niggard, miser, S2; nyggoun, G, CM. Cf. Wigard.

Nykken, v. in phr.: nykken with nay, to deny, refuse, HD.

Nymyl, adj. quick at seizing, nimble, active, Prompt.—AS. numol (in compounds). See Nimen.

Nyne, num. nine, PP; ni;en, S; neghen, S2; neo;e, S2; nihe, S. Der.: nynt, ninth, S3; neynd, S2; niepe, S.—AS. nigon (WS. neogon): Goth. niun; cp. Lat. nouem; see Brugmann, § 152.

Myrvyl, sb. a little man, Prompt.; nuruyll, a dwarf, Prompt.—Cp. Icel. nyrfill, a miser.

Ny3, adv. nigh, nearly, W, W2; see Meih.

O, num. one, a, S; see Oon.

O, adv. ever, aye, always, S; oo, S2, NED; a, S; aa, S. Comb.: a buten, ever without, S, SkD (s.v. aye); a bute, S; for ay and oo, for ever and ever, NED.—AS. a (for awa); cp. Goth. aiw, ever. Cf. Ay.

O-, prefix; see **On-** (1).

Obediencer, sb. an officer in a monastery, PP.—Church Lat. obedientiarius (Ducange).

Obeisant, adj. obedient, C2; obeysand, B.—OF. oberssant, pr. p. of obeir.

Obeisaunce, sb. obedience, C, C2; obeisaunces, pl., submissive acts, C2.—AF. obeïsaunce.

Obeiss, v. to obey, B; obeischen, S2, W; obeschynge, pr. p., W.—From OF. obeiss- stem of obeissant, pr. p. of obeir.

Obeley, sb. oblation, oblata, Voc.; see **Oble**.

Obeye, v. to obey, W, C2; obelede, pt. s., W.—OF. obeier, for obeir; Lat. obedire.

Oble, sb. oblation; obles, pl., oblationes, H.—OF. oble, Lat. oblatum; cp. OF. oblee (now oublie); Church Lat. oblata (Ducange). Cf. Ouelete.

Oblischen, v. to bind, W2; oblyse, JD; oblyste, pp., S3; oblysched, HD; oblisched, HD; oblisched, HD.— AF. obliger; Lat. obligare.

Obout, adv. about, S2; see Abouten. Obout-ga, v. to go about, S2.

O-brode, adv. abroad, P; see Abrode.

Observance, sb. homage, C, S3; observances, pl., attentions, C2.—OF. observance (Cotg.).

Observe, v. to favour, C2.—OF. observer; Lat. observare.

Obumbrat, pp. overshadowed, S3.—Lat. obumbratus.

Oc, conj. but, S, HD; coo, S; see Ac.
Occean, sb. ocean, S2; occian, SD,
W2; occyan, WA, HD.—AF. occyane;
Late Lat. occeanus; Lat. oceanus; Gr.
weenvis.

Occident, sb. West, S2, S3, C3.—AF. occident; Lat. occidentem, pr. p. of occidere, to set (of the sun).

Occupy, v. to make use of, employ, Ofrigt, pp. terrified, S; see Of-fruht.

possess, S3, C2, PP, B.—OF. occuper; Lat. occupare, see SkD.

Odde, adj. odd, single, S2, SD.—Cp. Icel. oddi, point of land, odd number. See Ord. Oerre, sb. anger, S. See Eorre.

Of, prep. and adv. of, out of, from, by, off, S, S₂, C₂, C₃, WW; o, S, S₂, H; off, SkD; a, S₂, PP, S₃.—AS. of: Goth. af: OHG. aba (Tatian): Gr. dπό; see Sievers, 51, 130.

Of, though, H (Ps. 125. 1), WA.—For ME. pof. See po₃.

Of-dreden, v. to frighten; reflex. to dread greatly, S; of-drade, S; of-dradde, pt. s., S; of-drad, pp., S; of-dred, S; of-dret, S2.—AS. of-dredan. Cf. A-drad (A-3).

O-ferrum, adv. afar, S₂; oferrom, WA; see Aferre.

Offensioun, sb. offence, damage, C; offencioun, W.—Lat. offensionem.

Of-feren, v. to terrify, SD; offearen, S; offerd, pp., S; oferd, S.

Offertoire, sb. offertory, anthem sung before the oblation, C.—OF. offertoire (Cotg.); Church Lat. offertorium.

Office, sb. office, C2; offix, S; offices, pl., church services, PP.—AF. office (offyz); Lat. officium.

Offrende, sb. offering, S; offrand, H; offerands, pl., S2.—OF. offrande (Bartsch); Lat. offerenda; see Constans.

Offri, v. to offer, S; offren, S, PP; offrend, pr. p., S2; i-offred, pp., S.—AS. offrian; cp. OF. offerre (Bartsch); Lat. offerre.

Offringe, sb. offering, S; offrinke, S; offryng, C.

Of-fruht, pp. terrified, S; ofrigt, S; of-fruhte, pl., S.—Cp. AS. of-fyrhtan, to terrify.

Of-hungred, pp. an-hungred, PP; of-hongret, PP; of-hongred, PP; of-hongred, PP; offingred, SD; afingret, NED, HD; afingred, NED, P, HD.—AS. of-hyngrod. Cf. A-hungerd.

Ofne, sb. dat. oven, S; see Ouen.

Of-newe, adv. anew, S3, C2, C3. Cf. Anewe.

Of-rechen, v. to obtain, overtake, attain, reach, S, PP(n); ofrauste, pt. pl., PP.
Ofrigt. pp. terrified S: see Offenate

M

Of-saken, v. to deny, SD.—AS. of-sacan. Cp. A-saken. (A-3.)
Of-scapie, v. to escape, S2. See

Assayle.

Of-sen, v. to perceive; ofsaw, pt. s., S2; ofsete, S2.—AS. of-ston.

Of-senden, v. to send for, S2; of-sente, pt. s., S2, PP; of-sent, P.

Of-serven, v. to merit, deserve, SD, S. Of-slen, v. to slay; of-sloh, pt. s., SD;

of-slopen, pl., S; of-slapen, pp., S; of-slapen, S; of-slapen, S; of-slapen, S.—AS. of-slapen.

Of-spring, sb. offspring, S; ofspring, S; ofspring, S; ospring, HD; oxspring, S2.—AS. of-spring.

Of-taken, pp. taken away, C2.

Ofte, adv. often, S, C2; oft, PP, WW; oftere, comp., S; ofter, S, C2. Comb.: oftention, oftentimes, SD; oftention, SD; oftention, SD; oftention, SD; oftention, SD; oftention, SD; oftention, Oftention, SD; oft tyme, PP.—AS. oft: OHG. ofto (Otfrid): Goth. ufta; cp. Gk. vnaros, superl. of vnep; see Sievers, 25.

Often, adj. frequent, WW.

Of-teonen, v. to vex, irritate; of-teoned, pp., S.

Of-punchen, v. to be sorry for, to repent, S; of-pinche, S; of-pinche, S; of-pinche, S; of-bunke, pt. s., S.—AS. of-pyncan.

Of-purst, pp. athirst, S; of-perst, PP; afrust, PP; afrust, PP,—AS. of-pyrsted (Grein).

Of-wundred, pp. amazed; of-uundred, S.

Og, pr. s. possesses, S; see Owen.

Ogain, prep., adv. against, again, NED; see Ajein.

Ogaines, prep. against, S2; ogaynes, S2; see Ajeines.

Ogain-saghe, sb. contradiction, S2. Cf. Igainsawe.

Ogain-torne, v. to turn again, S2.

Ogen, adj. own, S; see Owen.
Ogremoyne, sb. agrimony, Voc.; see

Agrimony.

Oht, sb. aught, anything, S2; see Ought.
Oht, adj. valiant, doughty, S; see Auht.
Ohtliche, adv. valiantly, NED; see
Ahtlice.

Oise, sb. use, H; oyse, H; oys, JD, HD; oyss, B.—AF. us; Lat. usum.

Oise, v. to use, H; oyse, H, HD; oysede, pp., HD; oysit, B.—OF. user,

Oist, sb. an army, B; oyst, B; see Oost. Ok, Oke, pt. s. aked, MD; see Aken.

Oken, adj. oaken, G. See Ook.

Oker, sb. usury, SD; okir, S2; okyr, Cath.; okur, SD; ocker, H; okere, H.—
Icel. bkr: AS. wbcor, increase, growth, fruit; cp. OHG. wuachar, gain (Otfrid).

Okerer, sb. usurer, S2, H, Cath.; oke-

rere, S2; okyrere, H.

Okering, sb. usury, S2; okeringe, H. Old, adj. old, Voc.; eeld, MD; ald, MD; S2; cold, MD; hold, S, MD; eld, MD, W2; eeld, W2; auld, S3; olt, S2; ealde, S, MD; alde, MD, S2; olde, Voc.; elde, S, W; yealde, MD; aulde, MD; alder, comp., MD; salder, MD; eldre, S, W; elder, S, C2; eldure, S; eldore, S2; heoldre, S; elper, S2; aldeste, superl., S; heldeste, MD; eldoste, S2.—AS, eald, ald; cp. OHG. alt (Otfrid). Oldli, adj. old, W2.

Oliuere, sb. olive-yard, C2.—Late Lat. olivarium (Ducange).

Oluhnen, v. to flatter, S.

Oluhnung, sb. blandishment, flattery; olhnunge, dat., S.

Olyfaunte, sb. elephant, Cath., Voc.; olefawnt, Voc.; olifant, S3; olifant, WA; ollivant, HD; olyfaunce, pl., HD.—OF. olifant, elephant, ivory, ivory horn, also elefant; Lat. elephantem; Gr. èlépas (-avra).

On, prep. on, at, in, among, of, S, S2, S3, C2, WW; one, S; onne, S; a, S, S2, C2, PP; o, S, S2, H; an, S, S2, PP.—AS. an,

On, num. one, S, S2; see Oon.

On-, prefix (1), standing for On, prep. On-, prefix (2), standing for AS. and-, against, in return, toward.—AS. on-, ond-, and-, Goth. and-, anda-; cp. OHG. ant-(ent-).

On-, prefix (3), with negative force; see Un- 1.

On-, prefix (4), before verbs; see Un- 2. Onan, adv. at once, S2; onon, S, S3; see An-on.

On-bydraw, v. to withdraw; on-bydraw, pt. s., S₃. (On- 4.)

On-come, sb. attack, JD; on-comys, pl., H. (On- 1.)

Onde, sb. breath, emotion, hatred, envy, S, S2, HD, CM; aande, WA; ande, MD, H, WA, Cath.; aynd, JD, B; hand, S2.—AS. anda: OS. ando; cp. Icel. andi, breath, the spirit (in theology).

Ondful, adj. envious, MD; ontful, S. Ond-swere, sb. answer, S; see Answere.

Ondswerien, v. to answer, S; see Answeren.

Ondyn, v. to breathe, Prompt.; ande, Cath.

Ondyng, sb. smelling, PP; aynding, B. Ones, adv. once, S2, S3, C3, G, P; see Oones.

One-sprute, sb. inspiration, S2.

On-ferrum, adv. afar, S2; see Aferre. (On- I.)

On-fon, v. to receive, endure; onnfor, pr. s., S; onfanged, pt. s., S2.—AS. on-fon for ond-fon, see Sievers, 198, 5. 1. Cf. Afon. (On-2.)

Ongel, sb. angel, S; see Angel.

On-halsien, v. to adjure, entreat, S. (On-1.)

Onhede, sb. unity, Voc.; see Oonhed.
Onist, adv. by night, S; see A-nyghte.
On-imete, adj. immeasurable, S; see

Unimet. (On-3.)
On-lappyt, pt. s. unfolded, S3; see Unlappe.

On-lepi, adj. only, S, S2; see Oonlepy.
Onlepiliche, adv. only, singly, S, MD.

On-lesum, adj. not allowable, S3; see Unleuesum. (On-3.)

Onlich, adj. only, S; see Oonli.

On-lofte, adv. aloft, S2, C2; see Alofte, (On-1.)

On-losti, adj. idle, S2; see Unlusti.
On-lyne, adv. alive, C2, G; online,
S.—AS. on life. Cf. Alyne. (On-1.)
Onoh, enough, S; see Ynow.

On-rounde, adv. around, S2. (On-I.) On-sage, sb. affirmation, charge; onsagen, pl. dat., S.—AS. on-sagu, affirmation (Schmid), for ond-sagu, see Sievers,

198, 5. 1. (On-2.)
On-sene, sb. face, SD; onsene, dat., S.—AS. on-séon, on-sýn, an-sýn (Mt. 28. 3).

(On- 1.)
On-side, adv. aside, NED. (On- 1.)

On-sides, adv. aside, NED.

On-sidis-hond, adv. aside, S2.
On-sihoe, sb. appearance, S. (On-1.)

On-slepe, adv. asleep, S2. (On-1.)

On-spekinde, pr. p. unspeaking, unspeakable, S2. (On- 3.)

On-swere, sb. answer, S; see Answere.
On-swerde, pt. s. answered, S; see Answeren.

On-tenden, v. to set on fire; ontent, pr. s., S; ontende, pp., S.—AS. on-tendan. Cf. Atenden. (On-1.)

Ontful, adj. envious, S; see Ondful. On-polyinde, pr. p. not enduring, intolerable, S2. (On-3.)

On-till, prep. until, to, B; see Until.
On-todelinde, pr. p., adj. undividing, indivisible, S2.—AS. un-todklende. (On-3.)
On-uppe, prep. above, S.; see An-

uppe.

On-vale, v. to unveil, S3. (On- 4.)

On-uast, prep. fast by, S.

On-wald, sb. power; anwalde, dat., S; anwolde, S; onwalde, S; onwolde, S.—AS. anwald. (On-1.)

On-wurbi, adj. unworthy, Prompt.; see Unwurbi.

On-zyginde, pr. p. unseeing, used in sense of 'invisible,' S2. (On-3.)

Ook, sb. oak, C2, C3; ak, Voc.; ok, S2; ake, Voc.; oke, Voc., Cath., G; akis, pl., S3.—AS. dc; cp. OHG. eich (eih). Cf. Noke.

Oon, num. and indef. art. one, S2; S3, C2, C3, G; an, one, an, S, S2, H; ane, MD, S3, H; a, MD, S2, H; on, S, S2, S3, C2, G; one, MD, S, S2; o, S, S2, S3, C3, G; oo, S3, C3; sen, S; ann, S; senne, S; enne, S, S2; ene, S; anso, S; ane, S; onne, S; ore, dat. f., S. Phr.: by him one, by himself, MD; be it ane, by itself, H (Ps. 101. 7); all himm ane, all by himself, S; hire ane, by herself, S; ower ones, of you alone, S.—AS. dn.

Oone-fold, adj. onefold, single, simple, MD; anfald, S, HD.—AS. án-feald.

Oones, adv. once, G; ones, MD, S2, S3, C3, G, P; onis, P; onys, W2; enes, S, S2; seness, S. Phr.: at anes, at once, MD; et enes, S; at ones, MD, S2, C3; at ans, S2; at oones, G.—AS. anes, gen. m. of an, used in ME. adverbially. AS. ane is used to express once, at once. Cf. Nones.

Oonhed, sb. unity, HD (p. 588); oneheede, HD; onhede, Voc.; anhed, H; anhede, H.

Oonlepy, adj., adv. only, sole, MD; onlepi, S, S2; olepi, S, S2; anlepi, S, H.—AS. an-lepig.

Oonli, adj. only, sole, MD; onlich, MD,

M 2,

S; anli, anly, H. Comb.: anly stede, solitude, H.—AS. án-lic, án-lic.

Oonli, adv. only, W; onliche, PP; onlych, S2; oneliche, PP; anli, MD; anly, S2; onli, MD; oneli, W (John 5.18).

Oor, sb. ore, unrefined metal, S2; ore, Voc.; oore, Manip.—AS. or (SkD).

Oost, sb. an army, B, S₃, W, W₂; oist, B; oyst, B; ost, B, S₂; oostis, pl., W, W₂.—AF. vst, host; Lat. hostem, enemy, stranger.

Ooste, sb. host, inn-keeper, MD; ost, CM, MD; host, MD; hoost, C; hoste, dat., MD.—OF. oste, hoste; Lat. hospitem.

Open, adj. open, S2, SD; ope, S; upon, S2; opyn. W; opene, pl., S.—AS. open; cp. Icel. opinn, and OHG. offan (Otfrid).

Open-heaued, adj. bare-headed, S. Openin, v. to open, explain, S; oppenand, pr. p., S2.—AS. (ge-)openian.

Open-lic, adj. open, \$\hat{S}_2\$; **openliche**, adv., \$\hat{S}_5\$; **openliche**, \$\hat{S}_5\$.—AS. openlic, adv. openlice.

Opposen, v. to question, SkD; oposyn, Prompt.; opposed, pt. s., PP.—OF. opposer; Lat. ob + pausare. Cf. Aposen.

Opye, sb. opium, C, CM.—OF. opie; Lat. opium; Gr. όπιον, poppy-juice, from όπόs, sap.

Or, pron. your, S2; ore, S2; see 3oure. Or, prep., conj., adv. before. Comb.: or ever, WW. See Er.

Or. conj. or, S; see Ofer.

Or-, prefix, out, without, excessive.—AS. or-: OHG. ur- (Tatian): Goth. us-. Cf. A- 1.

Oratorye, sb. a place for prayer, C.—OF. oratoire; Lat. oratorium (Vulg.).

Orchezard, sb. orchard, S3; orchard, SD; orchard, Voc.—AS. orcerd (Voc.), ort-geard, (BT): Goth. aurtigards; see Fick, 7. 35.

Ord, sb. point, beginning, S, HD, C2; orde, dat., S.—AS. ord (Voc.); cp. OHG. ort, a point, limit, district, Icel. oddr, 'cuspis;' see Kluge.

Ordal, sb. ordeal, a severe test before judge, CM, SkD.—AS. or-dél, OS. ur-déli; cp. OHG. ur-deili, 'judicium' (Otfrid). (Or-.)

Ordeynen, v. to ordain, appoint, S2, PP; ordayny, S2; ordand, pt. s., S3; ordeigned, P; ordaynt, pp., S2; i-ordeyned, S2.—AF. ordeiner, OF. ordener; Lat. ordinare.

Ordeynour, sb. arranger, S2.

Ordinance, sb. provision, array, S2.—AF. ordinance (ordenance).

Ordinatly, adv. in good order, S3.

Ordre, sb. order, PP, C3; ordres, pl., orders (of friars), PP; holy orders, PP.—AF. ordre; OF. ordene, ordine; Lat. ordinem.

Ordren, v. to arrange, rank, SD; i-ordret, pp., S.

Ore, sb. oar, S; are, MD; ayr, B; ores, pl., S.—AS. dr.

Ore, num. dat. fem. one, S; see Oon.
Ore, sb. honour, grace, favour, clemency,

happy augury, S, S2, G, CM; see Are.

Ore, sb. ore, Voc.; see Oor.

Ore-les, adj. merciless, S2; oreleas, S; see Areles.

Orest, adj. and adv. superl. first, S; see Er.

Orf, sb. an inheritance, hence, cattle, S, S2.—Icel. arfr. See Erfe.

Organ, sb. organ, PP; organs, pl., organum, Voc.; orguns, harps (=organa), W2; orgoyns, H.—Lat. organum; Gr. δργανον.

Orgeilus, adj. proud, S, SD; orgillous, Sh.—OF. orgueilleus (Bartsch).

Orgel, sb. pride, SD; orhel, S; orgul, SD.—AS. orgel; cp. OF. orgul (Bartseh). Probably of Teut. origin; cp. OHG. ur-gilo, excessively, oppressively (Otfrid). (Or-.)

Orient, sb. the East, S3, C2.—AF. orient; Lat. orientem, the rising (sun).

Orientales, sb. pl. sapphires, P.

Orisoun, sb. prayer, orison, C, S2; ureisun, S; oreisouns, pl., S2; orisons, C3.—AF. oreison, (ur-), oraisun; Church Lat. orationem, prayer, from orare, to pray.
Orlege, sb. time-teller, JD; see Orologe.

Orleger, sb. clock, dial, S3; orlager, JD. See above.

Or-mete, adj. immense, S.—AS. or-méte.

Orologe, sb. time-teller, dial, clock, S3; orloge, Cath. (n); orlogge, C, CM; horologe, Voc.; orlege, JD; horloge, Cath., Prompt. (p. 120); orlage, Voc.—Lat. horologium; Gr. ωρολόγιον; cp. F. horloge, Sp. relox (Minsheu).

Orped adj. valiant, S2, HD, SD; orpud, Prompt.; orpid, HD; orpit, proud, also fretful, habitually chiding, JD;

horpid, SD; horpyd, HD; orpede, HD; Oth, prep. and conj. up to, until; of, S; used as a descriptive personal name, Bardsley; horpede, Bardsley.

Orpedliche, adv. boldly, SD; orpedlich, HD; orpedli, SD.

Orpedschipe, sb. bravery, SD.

Orpiment, sb. orpiment, C2.—AF. orpiment; Late Lat. auripigmentum; Lat. aurum, gold + pigmentum, colouring material.

Orpine, sb. a kind of stone-crop, Cath., SkD; yellow arsenic, HD; orpyne, Voc.; orpin, telepinum, Manip.; orpyn, crassula major, Prompt.—OF. orpin, orpin; also orpine, orpiment, or arsenic (Cotg.).

Orrible, adj. horrible, MD.-OF. orrible; Lat. horribilem.

Orrour, sb. horror, dread, W2.-OF. orreur (Bartsch); Lat. horrorem.

Orts. sb. pl. remnants, Sh.; ortus, Prompt.; ortys, Cath.—AS. *or-&t, 'reliquiae pabuli'; cp. ODu. oor-ete, what is left after eating. (Or-.)

Osse, sb. omen, prophecy, ND.

Osse, v. to prophesy, HD; osses, pr. s., WA; ossed, pp., WA.-OF. oser, to venture, to dare; Late Lat. ausare (It. ausare), from Lat. audere (pp. aus-us).

Ossing, sb. attempt, WA. See above. Ostage, sb. hostage, S2; hostage, B. AF. ostage (hostage); Late Lat. *obsidaticum (cp. It. statico), from Lat. absidem, hostage, one who remains behind, from obsid-, stem of obsidere.

Oste, sb. host, MD; ost, CM, MD; see

Ostel. so. hostel, Prompt., MD; hostel, MD; osteyl, HD; ostayle, HD.—OF. ostel, hostel; Lat. hospitale, relating to a guest. See Ooste.

Ostelere, sb. inn-keeper, Prompt.; ostiler, W; hostiler, C; hostellere, P.

Ostelrie, sb. hostelry, MD, CM; hostelrie, C.

Ostery, sb. inn, HD, MD; ostrie, W; hostery, MD.

Ostryche, sb. ostrich, Voc.; ostridge, Cotg.; estridge, HD; ostrigis, pl., W2. -OF. ostruce (Cotg.), austruce (Brachet): Sp. avestruz; Late Lat. avis-strucio; strucio for struthio; Gr. στρουθίων, an ostrich, from στρουθός, a bird.

Otes, sb. pl. oats, C2, P; otys, Voc.— AS. áte (ΟΕT).

Gter, sb. otter, S; otyr, Voc.; otyre, HD.—AS. otor (Voc.).

a, S, NED (p. 3 c). Comb.: a-pet, until that, S .- AS. 60; OS. and Goth. und. Cf. **Un-** 3.

Oth, sb. oath, MD; op, S, S2, C; ot, S; athes, pl., S; opes, S, C2, C3.—AS. at: Goth. aiths; cp. OHG. eid (Tatian).

Ober, conj. either . . . or, S, S2, S3, C3; outer, S2, H, G; or, S; adv. even, S2; auper, HD.-AS. á-hwæder (óhwæder, áwber, ówber, áuber, áber, ábor). See Sievers, 346.

Other, adj. second, relating to one of two, other, S, S2, G. Phr.: day and other, continually, G.—AS. boer: OS. boar, andar; cp. OHG. ander (Otfrid), Goth. anthar, Skt. antara. For the suffix -thar cf. Forther.

Other-gatis, adv. otherwise, H. **Oter-luker**, adv. comp. otherwise, S.— AS. óðerlicor.

Oter-weies, adv. in another way, otherwise, S; otherweyes, C2.

Ober-while, adv. occasionally, S2, P. Otherwyse, adv. on any other condition, C2.

O-twinne, apart, in two, S; otwyn, H. Cf. Atwynne. (O-.)

On, pron. you, S, S2, PP; see 3ou. Ought, sh. aught, anything, S2, C2; awiht, eawiht, MD; oht, MD, S2; ohht, S; oust, W; ost, S; ouct, S; out, S;

ahct, S; ahte, S.—AS. d-wiht. Cf. Auht. Ouh, pr. s. possesses, S; ouhte, pt. s., S; oughten, pt. pl., C2; see Owen.

Oule, sb. owl, S2; hule, S; oules, pl., C2.—AS. úle (Voc.).

Oule, v. to howl, ululare, Manip.

Ounce, sb. ounce, C2; ouns, Voc.; unce, C, Cath.—AF. unce; Lat. uncia. See Inche.

Ouphe, sb. elf, Sh.; see Aulf. Our, pron. your, S; oure, S2, PP; see 3oure.

Our-, prefix. Look for words as if spelt Ouer-. See Ouer- (= Over-) below.

Oure, pron. poss. our, W; ure, S, S2; ur, S, S2; hure, S; hur, S; oure, ours, W; ourun, W; ures, pl., S2.—AS. úre, user, of us, our: Goth. unsara.

Ournement, sb. ornament, W2.—OF. ornement.

Ournen, v. to adorn, W2; ournede, pt. s., W2; ourned, pp., W, W2.-OF. orner; Lat. ornare.

Ournyng, sb. an adorning, W.

Ons, pron. dat. and acc. us, S2, PP; ows, PP; vus, S2; us, C2. Comb.: us self, ourselves, S, C2; us selue, P; us silf, W.—AS. its: Goth. uns.

Out, adv. out, WA; ut, S; owt, B; oute, WA; out, interj., away! S2; uttere, adj. comp., outer, S; utter, C3; uttereste, superl., extreme, C2; outemest, SD. Comb.: utmer, outer, W; uttermere, W2; utnume, exceptionally, S; out taken, except, S2, C3; out takun, W, W2; outtane, S2; outane, B; owtane, B; utward, outward, S; ute wit, outside, S2; outwith, WA.

Out, sb. aught, S; see Ought.

Out-beren, v. to bear out, S2.

Out-blasten, v. to blow out; out-blaste, pt. s., S2.

Out-bray, v. to bray out, S3.

Out-breiden, v. to awake; outebreyde, pt. s., S2.

Out-bresten, v. to burst out; owt-brastyng, pr. p., S3; ute-brast, pt. s., S2; out-brast, S3.

Outen, adj. strange, foreign, S2.

Outen, v. to utter, C2, C3, SkD (s. v. utter).—AS. útian.

Outerly, adv. utterly, C2, C3; uterly, S3 (s. v. al); utrely, S2.

Outhess, sb. the hue and cry, C, HD; uthesse, S.—Low Lat. uthesium (Schmid), for hutesium (huesium), from OF. huter (huer), see Ducange (s. v. huesium). See Houten.

Outer, conj. either, or, SD, S2, H; see

Out-ioiyng, sb. extreme joy, W2.

Out-lawe, sb. outlaw, PP, Manip.; utlase, S.—AS. útlaga (Schmid); Icel. útlaga, outlawed, útlagi, outlaw.

Out-leden, v. to produce, educere; oute-leden, S2.

Out-let, sb. outlet; utlete, dat., S.—Cp. Icel. út-lát.

Outrage, sb. outrage, excessive insult, SD, H, B, luxus, Manip; owterage, excessus, Prompt.—OF. outrage, oltrage; cp. It. oltraggio (Florio), Low Lat. ultragium; from Or. oltre; Lat. ultra.

Outrage, adj. outrageous, S3; wtrage, S3; owtrage, S3.

Outrage, v. to outrage, destroy, to lose temper, C2; outrayed, pt. s., S3.—OF. outrager (Cotg.).

Outragely, adv. superfluously, H. Outrageous, adj. excessive, C3, B.

Outrageusly, adv. excessively, H.

Outrance, sb. excess, extremity, S3,

JD.—OF. oultrance (Cotg.).

Outrayed, pt. s. destroyed, S3; see Outrage, v.

Outren, v. to utter, to put out and circulate, SkD.

Out-ryde, v. to ride out, PP; to out-ride, overtake in riding, S.

Out-senden, v. to send out, S2.

Out-take, v. to take out, except, deliver, S2; out toke, pt. s., S2; out taken, pp., S2, C3; out takun, W, W2; out tane, S2; outakun, W2. See Out.

Ouzt, sb. aught, W; see Ought.

Ouzte, pt. s. possessed, W; see Owen.
Ouelete, sb. the oblation in the Eucharist, S.—AS. offete (Leo), offate (OET);
Church Lat. oblata (Ducange). Cf. Oble.

Ouen, sh. oven, S; ofne, dat., S.—AS. ofen, OHG. ofan (Tatian): Goth. auhns: OTeut. stem *uhwna-, see Douse, p. 80.

Oner, prep., adv. over, above, beyond, S. C2, W; uferr, S; our, S2, S3, B; oure, S3; ouer, adj., upper, C, SkD; ouerer, comp., W2, H; ouereste, superl., C, S2. Comb: oueral, all over, everywhere, S, S2, C, C2, C3; ouur al, S2; ouir littl, too little, Prompt.; or-litel, S2; ouer my-kel, over much, S2; ouer bwert, across, perverse, S2, W; ouer thwart, across, crossways, C; oux-thwort, S3, B.—AS. ofer: Goth. ufar (see Sievers, 25. 1); cp. OHG. wbar (Otfrid).

Ouer-, prefix, over-; our-, B; or-, S2. Ouer-cumen, v. to overcome, S; ouer-

oune, S, S2, W2; ofercom, pt. s., S; ouercome, S, Ouercome, pp., S; ouercome, pp., S; ouercome, S2.—AS. ofer-cuman.

Ouer-dede, sb. excess, S.

Ouer-fare, v. to pass over, S2.—AS. ofer-faran.

Our-fret, pt. s. fretted over, S3.

Ouer-gan, v. to go over, superare, SD, S2; ouergon, S, W; ourga, B; ouergon, pp., S2.—AS. ofer-gán: OHG. ubar-gán (Otfrid).

Our-hailing, pr. p. overhauling, considering, S3.

Our-heldand, pr. p. covering over, S3.
Ouer-howen, v. to disregard, despise;
ofer-howen, pr. s., S; ofer-hosien, SD.

Ouer-lede, v. to domineer over, P.

Ouer-leiyng, sb. pressure, W. Ouer-liggen, v. to lie upon, S.—AS. ofer-licgan.

Ouer-lippe, sb. upper lip, S2, C.

Ouer-lop, sb. omission, S2.

Ouerlyng, sb. a superior, H, HD.

Ouer-maistrien, v. to overmaster, P. Ouermastes, sb. pl. summits, S2.

Ouer-non, sb. afternoon, S2 (1 a. 164).
Ouer-sen, v. to observe, survey, look

down upon, to despise, overlook, P; ouersing, pr. s., S; ouerse, pt. s., S (16. 30); ouer-sene, pp., WW, S3; ouer-seye (me), pp., forgotten myself, P.—AS. ofer-ston.

Ouer-sloppe, sb. upper garment, C3. Our-straught, pp. stretched across, S3.

Oner-take, v. to overtake, SD; ouer-tan, pp., S2; ourtane, B.

Oner-bogt, adj. anxious, S.

Over-throwe, v. to fall down, G; overthrow, pt. s., G.

Oner-tild, pp. covered over, S.—AS. ofer-teldan, to cover over.

Ouertlye, adv. openly, S2.—From AF. overt, pp. of overir, OF. averir, averir, Prov. adubrir; Lat. ad + de + operire.

Ouer-trowynge, pr. p. anxious, over-conscious, W.

Ouer-walten, v. to overflow, S2.
Ouer-wente, pt. s. overcame, S. See

Ouer-gan.
Ouet, sb. fruit, S2.—AS. ofet; cp. OHG. obaz (G. obst), Du. ooft; see Kluge.

Ow, interj. alas! G.

Ow, pron. you, S, S2; see 30u.

Owai, adv. away, S2. Phr.: owai do pam, do away with them, destroy them, S2. See Away.

Owel, sb. awl, S, Voc.; see Aul.

Owen, v. to have, possess, to have to do, to be obliged, to owe, MD, S, C3, PP; o3en, S; a3en, S; a3henn, MD; aghe, H; awen, MD; agen, S; ahen, S; owe, pr. s., P; og, S; ouh, S; a3h, S2; ah, S; au, S2; ouhte, pt. s., PP, S; ouste, PP, W; auhte, S; aucte, S; ahte, S; aghte, H; agte, S; a3te, S2; aust, W; aght,

S2; aucht, pl., S2; oughten, C2.—AS. ágan, 1 and 3 pr. s. áh (pl. ágon), pt. áhte, pp. ágen.

Owen, adj. own, S, S2, S3, C2, C3, PP; ojen, S, S2; ogen, S; ajen, S; agen, S; ajhenn, S; ahen, S; awin, S3; awyn, S3; awn, S3; owe, S, S2; oghe, S; oge, S; oune, S, S2, PP; ojene, S2; oghne, S2.—AS. Agen, own, possessed, pp. of Agan, to possesse

Ower, pron. your, S; see 3oure.

O-wher, adv. somewhere, anywhere, C, C3, SD (s.v. dwhēr, p. 12); owhar, SD, S2 (7. 417); ouer (for ouner?), S.—AS. dhwar. See O (adv.).

O-whider, adv. anywhither, SD (p. 12); **o-hwider**, S.—AS. d-hwider. See **O** (adv.)

O-whils, conj. on whiles, during the time that, H.

Oxe, sb. ox, S; exen, pl., HD; oxis, W.—AS. oxa: OHG. ohso (Tatian): Goth. auhsa; cp. Skt. ukshan. The AS. pl. forms are oxan, axen, exen.

Oxe-stalle, sb. ox-stall, C2.

Oxspring, sb. offspring, S2; see Of-spring.

Oyle, sb. oil, C3, MD; oylle, S2; oyele, S2; oil, MD; oilles, pl., flattery, PP. Phr.: bere up oile, to flatter, PP (n); hilde vp be kynges oyl, Trevisa, 3. 447, see NQ (6. I. 75).—AF. oile, olie; Late Lat. olium; Lat. oleum. Cf. Elle.

Oynement, sb. ointment, W, C; oynementis, pl., S3, W. — AF. oignement, from ongier, to anoint; Lat. ungere. Cf. **Moynement**.

Oyntynge, sb. anointing, H.

Oynoun, sb. onion, CM; oynon, Voc.; oingnum, Voc.; oynouns, pl., C; oynouns, HD.—AF. oynoun (F. oignon); Lat. unionem.

Ozein, prep. against, MD; see Azein.
Ozeines, prep. in comparison with, S; see Azeines.

Ozen, v. to owe, S; see Owen, v. Ozen, adj. own, S; see Owen, adj. Ozt, sb. aught, S; see Ought.

Pace, sb.; see Pas.

Pace, v.; see Passen.

Padde, sb. toad, SkD; pades, pl., S; paddis, SkD. Comb.: pad-stoole, toad-stool, Manip.—Icel. padda.

Paddok, sb. toad, Prompt.; frog, W2; paddoke, rana, Voc. (n); paddokes, pl., grenouilles, Palsg. Comb.: paddok-stole, fungus, toad-stool, Cath.

Paene, adj. pagan, S; see Payen.

Pagent, sb. a pageant, pagina, Prompt.; pageant, scena, theatrum, Manip.

Pagent, sb. a page, writing; see below. Pagyne, sb. page writing, HD; pagine, SkD; pagent, SkD (s.v. page). Phr.: perfeccioun of dynyne pagyne, H (p. 4).— Lat. pagina, a written page, that which is

written, a paragraph or book. **Pais**, sb. peace, S; see **Pees**.

Pak, sb. a small bundle, PP; pakke, sarcina, Prompt.

Pakken, v. to pack, PP, Prompt.

Pak-nelde, sb. packing-needle, PP; pak-neelde, S2; paknedle, PP.

Pakok, sb. a peacock, PP; see Pecok.

Palesye, sb. paralysis, palsy, PP, S2; perlesy, HD; palesye, PP, S2; palesie, S2; palesie, S2; palesie, S2; palesie, S2; palesy, P; palesy, W; palsye, P, Prompt.; parlesy, Cath., SkD.—OF. paralysie; Lat. paralysin; from Gr. παράλυσις.

Paleys, sb. palace, C, C2, PP; paleis, PP; palais, S; palys, PP; paleyses, pl., PP; paleis, PP.—AF. paleis, OF. palais; Lat. palatium.

Palfrey, sb. palfrey, saddle-horse, S2, C, PP; palfrey, PP; palefrei, S.—AF. palefrei, OF. palefreid (Roland); Low Lat. paraveredum.

Palle, sb. the archbishop's pallium, funeral pall, a costly kind of texture, a canopy, Prompt., HD, Voc.; pall, HD, WA; pal. S; pelle, Prompt., S; pell, S2; pelles, pl., S. Comb.: pallen webls, fabrics of pall or fine cloth, WA.—Late Lat. pallium and palla, see Ducange; cp. OF. pale, a kind of cloth (Ducange), and AS. pall, a rich texture (Voc.).

Pallen, v. to pall, to become vapid, Prompt., Palsg., SkD; palled, pp. enfeebled, C3.—OF. pallir, to grow pale; see Constans.

Palme, sb. palm (tree), palm of victory, WA; palm, palm-branch, C3.—AF. palme; Lat. palma.

Palmere, sb. palmer, S, PP; palmers, pl., S2.—AF. palmer; Church Lat. palmarium (acc.). See above.

Palmestrye, sb. palmistry, S3. See Paume.

Paltok, sb. jacket, PP, Prompt.; paltocke, HD, Palsg.; paltoke, Voc.—OF. paletocque (Prompt., n). For cognates, see SkD (s.v. paltry).

Pament, sb. pavement, S3; see Pauement.

Pane, sb. a part or division of a thing, a skirt, Prompt., HD, SkD.—OF. pan, a piece (Bartsch); Lat. pannum (acc.). Cf. Peny.

Panel, sb. a division, compartment, jurylist, piece of cloth on horse's back, Cath. (n), PP, Sh.; panell, PP; panelle, subsellium. Cath.; pannell, HD, Palsg.— AF. panel. See above.

Paneter, sb. butler, PP; pantere, Voc.; panter, PP.—AF. panneter; Late Lat. panetarium (acc.). See Payn.

Panne, sb. pan, brain-pan, skull, PP, C3, Voc., Prompt.; ponne, PP; pan, C.

—AS. panne (Voc.); cp. Low Lat. panna (Ducange), and G. pfanne.

Pans, sb. pl. pence, W; see Peny.

Fanter, sb. painter, pictor, Voc. See Peynten.

Panter, sb. a net, snare, CM, HD, Voc.; pantere, Prompt.; panther, Palsg., HD.—OF. pantiere; Late Lat. panthēra; Gr. πανθήρα; see Ducange.

Pantere, sb. panther, S3, Voc.—OF. pantere; Lat. panthēra; from Gr. πάνθηρ.

Panyer, sb. pannier, bread-basket, PP; payneres, pl., PP.—AF. panyer. See Payn. Papejay, sb. parrot, popinjay, C2; popeiay, PP; papinjay, Voc.; popinjay, Voc.; popyngay, S3, HD; papyngay, HD; papingais, pl., S3; popyngayes, S3.—AF. papejaye, parrot (mod. papegai); cp. OF. papegaux, pl.; Low Lat pappagallus; by popular etymology from the Low Gr. παπαγάς, see Ducange.

Pappe, sb. breast, S, Voc.; pappes, pl., S (n), WW; pappys, HD.

Par, prep. by, with. Comb.: par amour, by love, with love, C; for paramour, for

love, C2; paramour, a lover (of either sex), C, WA; paramoure, Manip; par auenture, peradventure, S2, C2, C3, PP; perauntere, H; parauntre, S2; perauntere, W; par cas, by chance, C3; par de (par Dieu), C, C3; pardee, C2; par fay, by my faith, C2, C3.

Par-; see also under Per-.

Parage, sb. kindred, family; hence, birth, descent, HD, JD, CM; equality, DG.—AF. parage; Late Lat. *paraticum, an equality, from Lat. par, equal. Cf. Disparage.

Parcel, sb. part, share, little bit, PP; parcele, WA.—AF. parcele, part; Late Lat. particella; cp. It. particella.

Parcel-mele, adv. separately, bit by bit, PP; percel-mel, S2, PP.

Parcenel, sb. partner, H.

Parcenelynge, sb. partnership, H.

Parcener, sb. sharer, HD, W2; partener, W; partynere, S3; parceneris, pl., W, W2; parteneris, W; partyneris, W.—AF. parcener, parsenere, pl. parceners, perceners; Late Lat. partionarium (acc.).

Parchementer, sb. preparer of parchment, Cath.; parmenter, Voc.

Parchemyn, sb. parchment, W, PP; perchemyn, PP; perchemen, WA.—AF. parchemin, Gr. περγαμηνή, from Πέργαμος

Parchment: see Passamen.

(cp. Lat. pergamena).

Parclos, sb. an enclosure, partition, screen, S3, Palsg; parcloss, Prompt.; percloss, HD; percloss, HD.—OF. parclos, pp., closed completely; Lat. per + clausum.

Pardon, sb. pardon, PP.—AF. pardun.
Pardoner, sb. a seller of pardons, C, PP;
pardonere, Prompt.

Parement, sb. an adorning, C2, CM; paraments, pl., C. Phr.: chambre of parements, the presence-chamber, C2.—OF. parement; also chambre de parement, the Chamber of Presence (Cotg.).

Parfit, adj. perfect, S2, PP, C3, W; parfyt, PP; perfyt, C; parfight, C; perfit, C3, W; perfight, C.—OF. parfit, parfeit; Lat. perfectum.

Parfitliche, adv. perfectly, PP; perfitliche, PP; parfitly, C2, CM; parfitli, W; perfytliest, superl., H.

Parfournen, v. to perform, PP, C2, CM, SPD (p. 280); parforme, PP; perfourne, PP.—AF. parformen, PP.—AF. parformir, parfournir, to perform, to furnish. Cf. Furnish.

Parische, sb. parish, PP; parisch, PP; paresche, PP; paresche, PP.—OF. paroisse; Church Lat. paroecia (also parochia); Gr. παροικία.

Parischen, sb. parishioner, Cath., C; parissohens, pl., PP, S2; parshens, PP. —OF. paroissien. See above.

Paritorie, sb. pellitory, C3, SkD; peritorie, the wall-plant bartram, Manip.; paratory, colitropium, Voc.; parietary, HD.—OF. paritoire, pellitory (Cotg.) and paritarie (Alph.); Late Lat. paritaria (Alph.); Late Lat. parietaria, (Alph.); Lat. parietaria, from paries, wall.

Parlement, sb. parliament, conference, PP, S2.—AF. parlement, from OF. parler, to talk; Low Lat. parabolare (Brachet).

Parlesy; see Palesy.

Parloure, sb. the conversation room in nunneries, PP; parlowr, 'colloquotorium,' Cath.; parlur, S.—OF. parloir; Church Lat. parlatorium (Ducange).

Parochien, sb. parishioner, PP; perrochioun, S3; paroschienes, pl., PP.— OF. parochien; Church Lat. parochianum; from parochia. See Parische.

Partie, sb. part, portion, PP; partye, party (in a law suit), PP; party, side, S2; parties, pl., parts, S2. Phr.: a party, partially, S2.—AF. partie (partye), person; Lat. partita, divided.

Partly, adv. briskly; see Perk.

Partriche, sb. partridge, S3, PP; partrich, C; pertryche, Prompt.—AF. perdrice, perdriz; Lat. perdicem.

Parvis, sb. the open space in front of St. Paul's cathedral, HD; parvys, C, CM; parvyse, HD; parvyce, Prompt.—OF. parvis, the porch of a church, the outer court of a palace (hence Low Lat. parvisum), parevis, pareïs, paraïs; Late Lat. paradisum (acc.), the portico of St. Peter's, Rome (Ducange), also paradise (Vulg.); Gr. napdôsios. For the intercalation of v in OF. parvis, see Brachet (s.v. corvée).

Pas, sb. a step, pace, pass, passage, canto, narrow path, C2, C3, PP, S2; pass, C3; pass, S2; pace, Prompt.; pas, pl., S2; pases, S2.—AF. pas; Lat. passum (acc.).

Paschen, v. to dash, to strike; pash, HD; paschte, pt. s., PP; passhed, pp., passchet, pp., S2.

Paske, sb. passover, W, PP, HD; pask, W.—AF. pask; Church Lat. pascha; Gr. πάσχα; Heb. pesak, a passing-over.

Passamen, sb. a kind of lace, SPD (p.

272), HD; passements, pl., SPD, DG. Comb.: passamen lace, NQ (5. 9. 231); parchment lace, SPD.—OF. passement, a lace (Cotg.): It. passamáno (Florio); cp. Sp. passamáno, G. posament (Weigand). Cf. Perchmentier.

Passen, v. to pass, surpass, PP, C2, C3; pace, S2, C2, C3; to die, C2; ypassed, pp., PP; pasand, pr. p., S3. AF. passer.

Passyng, pr. p. as adv. surpassing, i. e. very, S₃; adj., C₃.

Passyngly, adv. in a surpassing de-

gree, S3. Pas-tans, sb. pastime, S3; pastance, S3; pastaunce, HD. — OF. passe-tans, passe-tens, passe-temps.

Patter, v. to repeat prayers, to say repeatedly, S3; patred, pt. s, S3 (n), HD. -From Church Lat. pater, the first word in the pater-noster ('Our Father').

Paue. v. to pave; y-paued, pp., S3.-OF. pauer.

Pauement. sb. pavement, C2; pauiment, SkD; pament, S3, Voc., Cath. (n), H; pawment, Prompt.—AF. pavement; Lat. pauimentum.

Paume, sb. palm of the hand, PP; pawme, PP, W, Prompt; pame, Voc. Comb.: palme-play, game of ball played with the hand, S3.—OF. paume, palm of the hand; Lat. palma; cp. F. jeu de paume, tennis.

Pautener, sb. a vagabond, a libertine, HD; adj., rascally, ribald, B.—OF. pautonier, paltunier, a rascal (Bartsch); cp. Low Lat. paltonarius (Ducange). cognates see SkD (s. v. paltry).

Pauilon, sb. pavilion, tent, PP; pauilyoune, S2; paulloun, lawyer's coif, PP; pauyloun, coif, PP; pauylons, pl., tents, S2.—AF. pavillon, tent; Lat. papilionem, a tent, a butterfly.

Pavyce, sb. a shield, defence, Prompt.; pauice, SkD; pauys, Prompt. (n), SkD., Voc., HD; pavisse, HD; pavish, Prompt. (n), HD; paluoise, Florio (s. v. testudine); palueise, Florio (s.v. pauese) .-AF. pavise; Low Lat. pavisium (acc.), also pavesium; cp. OF. pavois (Cotg.); Low Lat. pavensem (Ducange).

Pavyser, sb. a soldier armed with a pavise, HD.

which received from the worshippers the pacem. 'osculum pacis,' Voc., HD. See Bred (2). Peesid, pp. appeased, W2.

Paye, sb. satisfaction, HD, S2, PP; pale, S2; pay, S2.—AF. paie.

Payen, v. to please, satisfy, pay, PP, S2, H; payed, pp., satisfied, PP; paied, W; payd, S2; paid, S2; y-payed, C.-OF. paier, to satisfy, pay: Prov. pagar; Lat. pacare.

Payen, adj. and sb. pagan, heathen, C; as a personal name, Bardsley; payn, S; paene, S; payns, pl., S; paynes, S; pains, S; paens, S; paens, S; payens, S2, C3, CM. -AF. païen; Late Lat. paganum, heathen.

Payn, sb. bread, PP; payne, PP. Comb.: payn-demayn, bread made of the finest flour, C2; paynmayn, Voc.; paynemayn, C2 (n); payman, Voc., HD.—OF. pain demaine, demeine; Church Lat. panem dominicum, bread of our Lord.

Payne, sb. penalty, S2; see Peyne.

Paynyme, sb. heathendom, S; painime, S; paynym, a pagan, Saracen (an incorrect use), PP, H; payneme, S2; paynymes, pl., PP; painems, HD (s.v. payen). -AF. paenime, heathen lands, paganism; OF. paienisme; Late Lat. paganismum (acc.). See Payen.

Paynymery, sb. paganism, Cath.

Feak, v. to pry about narrowly, to peep, Comb.: peak-goose, a peaking goose, ND; peek-goos, S3; pea-goose, a simple, doltish fellow, a noddy peak, a ninny-hammer, a coxe,' Cotg. (s. v. benet).

Peakish, adj. looking sneakingly, ND. **Peas**, sb. peace, S3; see **Pees**.

Pease, v. to become peaceable; peaste, pt. s., S3.

Pece, sb. a bit, portion, a cup, S2, PP, Prompt., Cath., Palsg., HD; peyce, S3.— AF. pece, piece; cp. Low Lat. pecia, a piece (Voc.), a cup (Ducange).

Pecok. sb. peacock, PP; pecoke, Voc.; pekok, PP; pacoke, Cath.; pacok, Voc.; pakok, PP; pocok, PP, C; pokok, PP; pocokk, Voc.; pokoc, Voc.; pacokkis, pl., S3.—AS. péa (páwo); Lat. pauo; see Sievers, 37. 2. Cf. Poun.

Peekgoose, sb. a silly fellow, S3; see Peak.

Peel, sb. skin, rind of fruit, Cotg. (s. v. coupeau).—OF. pel; Lat. pellem.

Pees, sb. peace, silence, S2, C2, W, PP; pes, S, S2; peas, S3; pays, PP; Pax-brede, sb. a tablet with a crucifix pais, S.—AF. pees, pes, OF. pais; Lat.

Peirement, sb. damage, detriment, W. **Peiren**, v. to injure, PP, CM; **peyren**, PP; **peired**, pp., S2. — OF. peirier; Late Lat. peiorare; cp. OF. empeirier, to become worse, to make worse, impair (Bartsch).

Peiryng, sb. damage, destruction, W. Peis, sb. weight, PP; peys, S2, PP; peyce, Prompt.; peise, S3, Prompt.; poys, S3.—OF. peis (pois); Lat. pensum.

Peisen, v. to weigh, W2; peysede, pt. s., S2; pelsed, PP; poised, PP.—AF. peiser (poiser); Lat. pensare.

Peitrel, sb. breast-plate of a horse in armour, HD; peytrel, C3, Prompt.; pewtrel, Manip.; peytrelle, CM; paytrelle, HD, Voc.; pettrylle, Voc.—AF. peitrel; Lat. pettorale.

Pelet, sb. pellet, stone-ball, S2, PP, Cath., CM, Prompt.; pelot, Prompt.; pylotes, pl., Cath. (n).—AF. pelote, ball, cp. It. pillôtta (Florio); dimin. of Lat. pila.

Pelle, sb. a pall, Prompt.; see Palle. Pelrimage, sb. pilgrimage, S; see Pylgrimage.

Pelte, pt. s. pushed, S; see **Pulton**. **Pelure**, sb. fur-work, PP; **pellure**, S2, Prompt., PP. — AF. pelure, OF. peleure (from OF. pel); Late Lat. pellatura, from Lat. pellem, skin.

Pen, sb. a pen, enclosure, crib, Sh., SkD; penne, caula, Manip.; penes, pl., S2. See Pynnen.

Penaunce, sb. suffering, punishment, penance, penitence, W, C, PP.—OF. penance, peneance; Lat. poenitentia.

Penauncer, sb. one who imposes a penance, PP.

Penaunt, sb. one undergoing penance, C2, PP; penawnte, Prompt.—OF. penant, peneant; Lat. poenitentem.

Pencell, sb. a little banner, pennon, S2; pensel, PP, CM; pensell, Palsg., Cath. (p. 280n).—OF. penoncel, pennoncel, dimin. of pennon, a flag, streamer. See Penoun.

Penible, adj. careful to please, C2; see **Peyneble**.

Fenid, sb. a pennet, little wreath of sugar taken in a cold, sugar-candy, Florio (s.v. diapiede); penet, Florio; pennet, ND, Cotg., PP, Notes (p. 110); penyden, pl., Alph.—OF. penide (Cotg.); Late Gr. πηνίδιον, a little twist of thread, from Gr. πήνη, thread. Cf. Dia-penidion.

Penne, sb. quill of a feather, Voc.; a pen, Cath.; pennes, pl., S2, W2.—AF. penne; Lat. penna.

Fenoun, sb. a pennon, small banner, SkD; **pynoun**, C; **penounes**, pl., S3.—AF. penon, feather of a cross-bow bolt, OF. pennon, feather of an arrow, flag, streamer; cp. It. pennone (Florio).

Peny, sb. penny, S2; penye, S; peny, S2; penl, S; pens, bl., W, S2, S3, C3; pons, S2; pans, W. Comb: pennybreid, penny's breadth, S3.—AS. pening (Mk. 12. 15), penning (Schmid), pending, a little pledge or token (SkD); cp. OHG. phending (Tatian), dimin. of phand; Lat. pannun, a piece of cloth; Late Lat. pannun, pledge, something pledged or pawned (Ducange). Cf. Pane.

Peosen, sb. pl. peas, S2; see Pese.

Per-; see also under Par-.

Perauntere, peradventure, H; see Par.

Percelmel, adv. bit by bit, S2; see **Parcel-mele**.

Percen, v. to pierce, S2, PP, C2; persen, W, PP; perche, Cath, HD; pershaunt, pr. p., PP; persand, S3; perstd, W2.— AF. percer; OF. percher; Late Lat. *particare, to part. For suffix -icare. cp. Late Lat. *coacticare (whence F. cacher); see BH, § 97. Cp. also OF. person = partitionem, Ps. 15. 6 (Apfelstedt).

Perchmentier, sb. dealer in 'parchment lace,' S3.—Cp. It. passamentiere (Florio). See **Passamen**.

Percyl, sb. parsley, S2; percil, PP; percyll, Prompt.; parcelle, Cath.; persylle, Voc.; percelle, Cath.; persile, Alph.—OF. persil; Late Lat. petrocillum (Voc.); from Gr. πετροσέλινον. For the effect of the Greek accent see Brachet, and cp. F. encre (Enlan).

Pere, adj. and sb. equal, a peer, PP, C2; per, SkD; peer, PP, C2; peare, S3; peres, pl., PP; pieres, S3.—AF. per (pl. pers, peres); Lat. parem.

Pere, sb. pear, Voc., Cath.; peere, Prompt.; perys, pl., CM. Comb.: peere apple, Prompt.; pere-ionette, an early ripe pear, PP; perjonette, CM.—AS. pere, peru; Lat. pirum. Cf. Pereye.

Peregrin, adj. foreign; peregryn, C2.

OF. peregrin; Lat. peregrinum. Cf.
Pylgrim.

Peregrin, sb. a kind of falcon, HD.— Cp. Late Lat. peregrina falco (Ducange).

Peren, v. to appear, P.—OF. pareir (paroir); Lat. parēre, to appear.

Pereye, sb. perry, S2, Voc.; perre, Prompt.; pirrey, Cath.; pirre, Cath. Comb.: pirlewhit, white perry, S2, PP.—OF. perey, peré, peiré (mod. poiré), from pire (mod. poire), pear; cp. Late Lat. piretum (Voc.), from pirum.

Perfet, adj. perfect, C₃, W; see Parfit. Perk, adj. proud, pert, elated, HD; perke, ND; pert, SkD; partly, adv., briskly, S₃.

Perken, v. to smarten, to trim, SkD (s.v. pert); pyrkis, pr. s., S3.

Pernel, st. Pernel, or Parnel, a common female name, S2, Bardsley; purnele, a concubine, PP.—OF. Peronelle; Late Lat. Petronilla, name of a saint.

Perreye, sb. jewelry, precious stones, PP; perreie, S2; perrye, C, PP, HD; perrey, S2; perree, C2.—AF. perrye; OF. pierrerie, precious stones; from OF. piere, prec; Lat. petra, stone.

Pers, adj. dark rich blue, sky-coloured, bluish grey, CM, C; perss, S3.—OF. pers (Bartsch); cp. It. perso, Low Lat. persus, perseus (Ducange).

Perte, adj. manifest, obvious, S2, PP; adv. openly, PP. See Apert.

Pertelyche, adv. plainly, evidently, S2; pertelich, PP; pertly, truly, S2; openly, P; pertely, completely, S2.

Pes, sb. peace, S, S2; see Pees.

Pese, sb. a pea, PP; peose, PP; peese, PP; peese, PP; peesen, pl., PP; peosen, S2; peses, PP. Comb.: pese-coddes, pea-pods, S2, P; pes-codes, S3; pese-lof, loaf made with peas, P.—AS. piose (pyse, pise), pease; Lat. pīsa, pl. of pīsum.

Pesibilte, sb. a calm, W. See **Pees. Pesible**, adj. peaceful, W2.—OF. paisible; Late Lat. pacibilem.

Pesiblenesse, sb. calm, S2, W; pesiblinesse, W.

Pettail, sb. rabble, B; see Pitaile. Pettes, sb. pl. pits, S2; see Pyt.

Peyne, sb. pain, penalty, C2, W, PP; peine, S2; payne, S2.—AF. payne, paine, OF. peine; Late Lat. pēna; Lat. poena. Cf. Pyne.

Peyneble, adj. pains-taking, S2; penyble, HD; penible, C2.—OF. penible, laborious.

Peynen, v. reflex. to take pains, PP, S2, C2; peyned, pp., punished, W.

Peynten, v. to paint, CM, PP; peynt, pp., S3, CM; peynted, C2; y-peynt, S3.

—From OF. peine, pp. of peindre; Lat. pingere, see Brachet.

Peynture, sb. picture, CM.—OF. peinture (AF. painture).

Phantasie, sb. fancy, S3.—Gr. pav-

Philautia, sb. explained 'philosophy,' S3; **philautia**, self-love, ND.—Gr. φιλαυτία, self-love.

Philosophre, sb. philosopher, C2, C3; philosophers, pl., C3; philosophers, PP.—OF. philosophe; Lat. philosophum (acc.); Gr. φιλόσοφος, a lover of wisdom. For the r added in the English word, cp. choriste for F. choriste.

Picchen, v. to pitch, to fix, to pick, divide with a sharp point, P; pitchinge, pr. p., W; pizte, pt. s., SD; pighte him, pitched, fell, SkD; pizten, pt., W; piht. pp., PP; pizt, WA; pight, S3, PP, ND; pyzte, PP. Cf. Pyken.

Pich, sb. pitch, S; see Pikke.

Pigge, sb. pig, porcellus, Manip.; pygge, Prompt. Comb.: pigsnie, 'pig's eye,' a term of endearment, ND; piggesneyghe, CM; piggny, ND, S3.

Pike, v. to pitch, S; pykke, Cath.

Pikke, sb. pitch, Cath.; pyk, Prompt.; pyche, Prompt.; pych, S; pich, S.—AS. pic (Voc.); Lat. picem.

Piler, sb. pillar, S, PP, C2, C; pyler, PP; ptlere, W; pylere, Prompt.—AF. piler; Low Lat. pilare (Ducange).

Pillage, sb. plunder; pyllage, SkD; pilage, WA.

Pillen, v. to peel, Prompt.; pille, Cath.; pill, Cotg., WW; pille, PP; pilled, pp., bald, WW, Prompt.; pilled, C; pilde, peeled, bare, S3. Phr.: pille garleke, vellicare, Cath.— OF. peler (Cotg.), also piller (Palsg.); Lat. pilare, to deprive of hair, from pilus, hair.

Pillen, v. to plunder, CM, ND; pylle, S3; pilen, PP; pil, H; pylen, PP; pylled, pt. pl., S3.—OF. piller (Cotg.); Late Lat. pilare (Ducange).

Pillery, sb. rapine, ND.

Pilling, sb. robbery, S3.

Pillour, sb. plunderer, PP; piloure, PP; pyllars, pl., S3.

Pilwe, sb. pillow, CM; pilewe, S2;

pilous, pl., CM.—AS. pyle (=*pulwi); Lat. pulvinus; cp. OHG. phuliwi (Tatian).

Pilwe-beer, sb. pillow-case, C; pillow-bere, Cath.; pyllo-berys, pl., HD.

Pinchen, v. to find fault, C3; pynche, C; 1-pynched, pp., plaited, C. Phr.: I pynche courtayaye, je fays le nyce, Palsg.—OF. pincer; It picciare, to pinch with a beak (Florio); from piccio, a beak, bill (Florio).

Pirie, sb. pear-tree, S2, P.—AS. pirige (Voc.). See **Pere**.

Piri-whit, sb. white perry, S2; see **Perey**e.

Pirries, sb. pl. storms of wind, S3; see **Pyry**.

Piscence, sb. might, S3; see Puissance.

Pistle, sb. epistle, PP, W, S3; pystyl, Prompt.; pistli, PP, C2; pistlil, WA; pistlis, pl., W.—OF. epistle (epistre, Cotg.); Lat. epistola; Gr. ἐπιστολή, message.

Pitaile, sb. footsoldiers, infantry, S2; pettaill, rabble, B; pitaill, B; pitail, B.—AF. pitaille, foot-soldiers, OF. pietaille, a troop of footmen (Cotg.); from OF. piet; Lat. pedem.

Pitaunce, sb. provision, share, portion, dole, PP, C, CM; pytaunce, PP; pytawnee, Prompt.—OF. pitance (Bartsch); Low Lat. pictancia (Ducange).

Plage, sb. plague (=Lat. plaga), W; plague, Sh.; plagts, pl., W.—Lat. plāga (Vulg.); Gr. πληγή, a blow, stroke, plague (LXX); cp. OF. plaie.

Plage, sb. a region, Cath.; **plages**, pl., S2, C3, HD.—OF. plage, a region, land, sea-coast (Cotg.); Lat. pläga (Vulg.).

Flaid, sb. plea, dispute in a law-court, S; plait, S; plee, Prompt.: placitum, Voc.; ple, SkD, W; play, SkD; place, pl., pleas, S3.—AF. plait, play, OF. plaid, plait, plat, proceedings in a law-court, atrial, law-court; Late Lat. placitum, literally, what is pleasing, hence a decision, law-court, pleading.

Plaidi, v. to plead, bring a complaint, argue, S; plede, PP; placitare, Voc.; plete, PP, S₃, Prompt.—AF. plaider, OF. pleidier.

Plaiding, sb. pleading, S; pledyng, PP; pletynge, S3, Prompt.

Plat, adj. flat, level, Prompt.; adv. completely, fully, JD, C2.—OF. plat.

Platly, adv. flatly, fully, S3, HD, Prompt.

Plate, sb. plate-armour, S2, C2; plates, pl., PP.—AF. plate, a plate of metal, bullion, silver-plate, f. of plat, flat.

Platte, pt. s. reflex. threw himself flat, PP, S2.

Playn, adv. plainly, clearly, C2, C3; see **Pleyn**.

Playne, v. to complain, S2, PP; playn, S3; pleyne, PP, C2; pleyn, S3; plane, S3; pleignen, pr. pl., S2; pleynand, pr. p., S2; plenand, H.—OF. plaign-, stem of plaignant, pr. p. of plaindre (pleindre); Lat. plangere.

Playnte, sb. complaint, lament, PP; pleinte, C2; pleyntes, pl., C3.—OF. pleinte; Late Lat. plancta, from Lat. plangere.

Playnyng, sb. complaint, S3.

Playte, sb. a fold, plica, Prompt.; pleytes, pl., plaits of a cord, HD.—OF. pleit, a fold; Lat. plicitum, folded. Cf. Pite.

Playten, v. to fold, Prompt.; pletand, pr. p., S3; pletede, pt. s., S2.

Ple, sb. plea, W; see Plaid.

Pleinte, sb. complaint, C2; see Playnte.

Plenere, adj. full, PP; adv. in full numbers, PP; plener, PP, HD.—OF. plenier; Late Lat. plenarium.

Flenerliche, adv. fully, HD; plenerly, S2.

Plenissen, v. to fill; plenyst, pp., S3.

From OF. pleniss-, stem of plenissant, pr. p. of plenir, from Lat. plenum.

Plentee, sb. plenty, C2; plente, Prompt.—OF. plenté; Lat. plenitatem.

Plenteuous, adj. plenteous, abundant, C, PP; plenteuouse, W; plentiuous, SkD; plentefous, H; plentuos, S2; plenteus, SkD.—OF. plentivous.

Plentenouslier, adv. comp. more plenteously, W.

Plenteuousnesse, sb. plenteousness, HD.

Plentuuste, sb. plentifulness, H.

Plesaunce, sb. pleasure, kindness, PP; plesance, B, S2, Cath., C2.—OF. plaisance.

Plete, v. to plead, S3, PP, HD, Prompt.; see Plaidi.

Pletede, pt. s. plaited, folded up, S2; see Playten.

Pley, sb. play, C2; pleie, S.—AS. plega, brisk motion, fight, play (OET).

Pleyen, v. to play, amuse oneself, PP, C2; pleien, S, PP; pleiden, pt. pl. refl., S2.—AS. plegian, to play on an instrument (OET), to play, 'ludere,' to move briskly (Grein), plegan (Sievers, 391): OS. plegan, to wager, to answer for; cp. OHG. plegan (Otfrid).

Pleyn, adj. even, level, plain, clear, Prompt., C, C3; playn, B; adv. plainly, clearly, C3; playn, C3. — AF. plain;

Lat. planum.

Pleyn, v. to complain, S3; see Playne. Pleyn, adj. full, C, C3, PP.—OF. plein; Lat. plenum.

Pleynly, adv. fully, C.

Pliht, sb. danger, S2; plist, WA.—AS. pliht (OET.).

Plinten, v. to pledge, plight, PP, S2; plyghte, PP, Prompt.; pliste, S; plyghte, pt. s., PP; ply3hten, pl., PP; pliht, pp., PP, S2; plyht, S2; plist, PP; plyst, S3; plight, PP; plyght, C3; i-pluht, S; y-pliste, PP; i-plist, S2.—AS. plihtan, to imperil, to venture (Schmid).

Plihtful, adj. dangerous, S2.

Plite, sb. state, condition, manner, SkD (p. 822), CM, WA; see Plyte.

Plouh. sb. plough, PP; plow, Prompt.; plewch, B; plou3, PP; ploh, S2; plewys, pl., S3. Comb.: plouh-fot, plough-foot, PP; plow-lond, a measure of land, carrucata, S2; plowelond, Voc.; plowlond, Prompt.; ploghe of lande, Cath.; plowes of lond, G; plow-man, ploughman, C2, PP; plousman, PP; pluch-ox, ploughox, S3; plowstert, plough-tail or handle. Prompt.—Icel. plogr, plough; cp. AS. ploh, ploughland (SkD), OHG. pluag, plough (Otfrid).

Plukken, v. to pluck, PP, Prompt.; plokken, PP; plyghte, pt. s., CM, C2, PP; plyght, pp., C2 (p. 290). — AS. pluccian.

Plume. sb. feather; plumes, pl., PP; plomys, S3.—OF. plume; Lat. pluma.

Plye, v. to bend, C2.—AF. plier; Lat. plicare, to fold.

Plyght, pp. plighted, pledged, C3; see Plinten.

Plyghte, pt. s. plucked, pulled, C2; see Plukken.

Plyte, sb. state, condition, Prompt., C3, WA; plite, CM, WA; plit, S2.—OF. plite, SkD (p. 822), pliste; Late Lat. *plicita, from Lat. plicare, to fold. Cf. Playte, Plye.

Poer, sb. power, S2; poeir, S2; power, Prompt.; powere, army, WA; pouwer, PP.—OF. poer, poeir; Late Lat. potere, to be able.

Poised, pt. s. weighed, PP; see Peisen. Poke, sb. a bag, Cath., PP, S; pooke, Prompt.; poc, S2; powke, PP; pouh; PP.-Cp. ODu. poke.

Poket, sb. pocket, Prompt.; pokets, pl., C3.

Pokke, sb. pustule, Prompt.; poke, Voc.; pokkes, pl., C3, Voc., PP.

Fokok, sb. a peacock, PP; see Pecok.

Polcat, sb. polecat, C3; pulkat, Prompt., Voc.; pulcatte, SkD; powlkat, SkD.-ME. pol-; OF. pole, polle; Lat. pulla. Cf. Pulte.

Poletes, sb. pl. pullets, S2; see Pulte. Polische, v. to polish, PP; pulische, Cath.; puliche, Čath.; polsche, PP; pulsche, PP; pulched, pp., S3.—From OF. poliss-, stem of polissant, pr. p. of polir; Lat. polire.

Poll, sb. poll, head, WW; head, person, WA; pol, PP; polles, pl., PP. Comb.: poll-ax, pole-axe, C; polax, CM.

Poll, v. to cut off the hair, WW, Manip.; powled, pt. pl., WW; pollid, pp., W, W2; powled, WW. Comb.: polled hen, C (p. 125); pulled hen, bald, moulting hen, C.

Polle, v. to get money unfairly, by extortion, Palsg.; poll, spoliare, Manip., S3, ND, Sh.—The same word as above.

Poller, sb. an extortioner, ND.

Polling. sb. unfair exaction, S3.

Polyue, sb. pulley, C2, CM; polyff, ONE (1. 108).

Pomade, sb. cider, PP.

Pomage, sb. cider, HD.

Pome, sb. pomade, S3. Comb.: pomewater, a kind of apple, HD; pom-water, the apple of the eye, HD.—OF. pome, apple; Lat. pomum.

Pomel, sb. a knob, a boss, C, W2; pomels, pl., S3; pomelles, HD.

Pomely, adj. spotted like an apple, C, C3; pomelee, HD. Comb.: pomely gris (=gris pommelé), dapple grey, Cotg.—OF. pommelé.

Ponne, sb. pan, PP; see Panne.

Pons, sb. pl. pence, S2; see Peny.

Fope, sb. the pope, PP; pape, S. Der.: popetrie, popery, S3.—AS. pápa; Church Lat. papa.

Popet, sb. puppet, C2, SkD, CM.—OF. | fold, PP; poundfalde, PP; ponfolde. poupette.

Popyngay, sb. parrot, popinjay, S3; see Papejay.

Poraille. sb. poor people, C; see Poueraill.

Porchas. sb. gain, winnings, S2; see Purchas.

Pore, adj. poor, S2; see Pouer.

Poret, sb. a kind of leek, PP, Prompt.; porettes, pl., S2, P.—OF. porrette (Cotg.). Pors, sb. purse, S2; see Purse.

Portatyf, adj. portable, light, P.—OF. portatif, lively of body (Cotg.).

Porte, sb. gate, WW; port, Sh.; portis, pl., S3.—AF. porte; Lat. porta.

Portrey. v. to pourtray, PP; purtreye, PP; purtraye, PP; purtreied, pp., S3; portred, S3; porturat, S3.—OF. portray-, stem of portrayant, pr. p. of portraire; Late Lat. protrahere.

Porueid, pp. provided, S2; see Purueyen.

Pose, sb. cold in the head, S2, Prompt., Cath., Palsg., Voc., C3.—Wel. pas, a cough; for cognates see SkD (s. v. wheeze), and Brugmann, § 441.

Possen, v. to push, S, PP, CM, Prompt.; posshen, PP.—OF. pousser, poulser; Lat. pulsare, frequent. of pellere.

Pot, sb. a vessel for cooking or drinking from, SkD. Comb.: pot-parlament. a talk over one's cups, S3; pot-sherd, potsherd, S3; pot-styk, pot-stick, motarium, Voc.; pot-stykke, motorium, Voc.; potstick, S3.

Potte. pt. s. put, S2; see Putten.

Pouderen. v. to powder, SkD; poulderen, S3; pulderit, pp., S3.—OF. poudrer, poldrer; Lat. puluerare.

Poudre, sb. powder, C3, W; pouder, PP; poudir, W; poulder, HD; pulder, S3. Comb.: poudre marchaunt, flavouring powder, C. - AF. poudre, puldre, OF. *pulre; Lat. puluerem, dust.

Fovn. sb. peacock, S3.—OF. poun, paon; Lat. pauonem; see BH (Introd., 27). Cf Pe-cok.

Pound. sb. pound, PP; punde, dat., S; pownd, pl., S2. Comb.: pound-mele, by pounds at a time, PP, S2; pound-mel, P. -AS. pund; Lat. pondus, a weight.

Pound, sô. an enclosure, pound, pond, S2; pond, SkD; ponde, Prompt.; poonde, Cath. Comb.: pondfolde, a pound, pin- | ND; pranke, to frisk about, Manip.

PP.—AS. pund, an enclosure (Schmid).

Pouren, v. to pore, gaze steadily, C3; pore, CM; powre, C; pure, S; pirith, pr. s., PP.

Pous, sb. pulse, PP, CM; pouce, S2; powce, Prompt. — OF. pouls, polz; Lat. pulsum (acc.).

Poustè, sb. power, P, B, HD, H (77. 65); poste, HD; potestat, W; poustees, pl., violent attacks, PP; potestatis. powers, W.-AF. pouste, poëste, OF. podeste; Lat. potestatem.

Pout. v. to poke, to stir with a long instrument, JD. Comb.: pout-staff, a net fastened to two poles, used for poking the banks of rivers, JD, S3.

Foueraill (Poveraill), sb. the poor people, B; purraile, PP; poraille, PP, C; porails, pl., W2.—AF. poverail.

Pouertè (Povertè), sb. poverty, meanness, shabbiness, PP, C2, WA; powerte, B; powert, WA, PP, S2, S3, C3, W, W2. -OF. poverte; Late Lat. paupertam; see Constans (Supplément, p. 32).

Poure (Povre), adj. poor, S, PP, S2, C2; pouere, PP, S2; pouer, S2; pore, S, S2; pure, S2, S3; pouerore, comp., S2; pourest, superl., C2; poure, adv., C2.—OF. povre; Lat. pauperem.

Poureliche (Povreliche). adv. poorly, C2; pourely, C.

Foynt, sb. point, a small portion, a bit, S2; poynte, Prompt. Phr.: at the poynt, conveniently placed, S2; in point, at the point, about to, S2.—OF. point; Lat. punctum. Comb .: point-deuys, at pointdeuys, with the greatest exactness, in detail, minutely, CM, C2; point-device, HD .- OF. point; Lat. punctum.

Poyntil, sb. a style to write with, W, W2; poyntyle, Voc.—OF. pointille. Poys. sb. weight, S3; see Pels.

Prane, sb. prawn, Prompt., Manip., Palsg., ND; praune, SkD; pranys, pl., S3. — OF. *parne, *perne; Lat. perna, a ham; cp. It. perna, a nakre fish (Florio). For the changes in meaning, cp. It. gambarelli, prawns (Florio), from gamba, a leg.

Pranglen, v. to press; prangled, S.— Cp Du. prangen; Goth. praggan, to press. **Prank.** adj. full of sensational tricks; pranker, comp., ND.

Pranken, v. to arrange the folds of a dress, SkD, Prompt., Palsg., HD; prancke, ND.

Prankie. adj. fine, gorgeous, S3.

Praty, adj. pretty, elegantulus, Prompt.; prestans, Cath.; pretie, scitus, facetus, Manip.; prately, adv., CM.—Cp. Late Lat. practicus, 'peritus' (Ducange).

Prayabill, adj. to be entreated, H. Prayen, v. to pray, PP; see Preyen. **Prechen**, v. to preach, C2. — OF.

precher (prescher); Lat. praedicare.

Prechour, sb. preachers, PP; prechoures, pl., PP, S3.-OF. precheör; Lat. praedicatorem.

Predicament. sb. in logic, one of the most general classes into which things can be distributed; predicamentes, pl., S3.-Schol. Lat. praedicamentum.

Prees, sb.; see Presse.

Preie. sb. prey, S; pray, Prompt., PP; prayes, pl., spoils, S2.—OF. preie (mod. proie); Late Lat. preda; Lat. praeda); cp. AF. praie.

Prente, sb. print, impression, SkD; prent, S₃; preynt, Prompt.; prynte, PP, W.—OF. preint, pp. of preindre; Lat. premere, to press.

Prenten, v. to print, impress, CM; preentyn, Prompt.

Prentis, sb. apprentice, S2, P; prentyce, Prompt.; prentys, PP; pl., PP; prentises, PP. See Aprentis.

Prentishode, sb. apprenticeship, PP. **Presse**, sb. a press, throng, SkD, PP; pres, CM, C2; prees, CM, S2, C2, C3; presse, Cotg., S3; presce, S3. — AF. presse, a throng.

Pressour, sb. press for cloth, S2, PP; winepress, W; pressoure, pressorium, Cath.; pressour, W; pressours, pl., W2. -OF. pressoir; Lat. pressorium.

Prest, adj. ready, quick, G, S2, S3; adv., PP, S3; presteste, superl., S2; prestest, P; prestliche, adv., readily, PP; prestly, PP; prestely, S2.—AF. prest; Late Lat. praestum (Ducange).

Prest, sb. priest, S, PP, S2, C2; preest, PP; preeste, Prompt.; preostes, pl., S2; prestes, S2; prustes, S2.—AS. préost; Church Lat. presbyter (Vulg.); Gr. πρεσβύτερος, elder (LXX).

Preste. adj. superl. (for pret-ste), proudest, highest, S2; see Proud.

Presthod, sb. presthood, PP; preesthood, Prompt.

Franker. sb. one who dresses gaily, **Freuen.** v. to prove, try, test, abide a test, C2, C3; see Prouen.

> **Prevy**, adj. privy, secret, S3; see **Pryue**. **Preyen**, v. to pray, C2, PP, Prompt.; preien, PP, S, S2; preith, pr. s., S2; preisede, pt. s., PP; preide, S, PP; preyd, S2; y-prayed, pp., S2, C2.—AF. preier (praier); Late Lat. precare (Lat. precari).

> Preyere, sb. prayer, Prompt., S2, C2; preiere, PP.—AF. preiere: It. pregaria; Church Lat. precaria.

Pricasour, sb. a hard rider, C, CM.

Price, sb. high esteem, S2; see Prys,

Pricket, sb. a buck; see Pryket.

Primate, sb. the first place, H.—Lat. primatus (Vulg.).

Primordyall, sb. origin, S3. - OF. primordial; Church Lat. primordialem (Ducange).

Prim-seznen, v. to give the prima signatio, to sign with the cross, an act preliminary to christening; primm-se33nesst, 2 pr. s., S; y-primisined, pp., S2.—OF. primseigner (Ducange); cp. Icel. primsigna.

Principatus, sb. pl. powers, dominions, rulers, W.-Lat. principatus (Vulg.).

Prisun, sb. prison, S.—AF. prisun; Lat. prensionem, prehensionem, a taking, a capture. Cf. Pryson.

Prisun, sb. a prisoner; prisunes, pl., S; prysouns, PP; prysuns, H; prisons, S2; prisounes, P; presons, WA.—AF. prisoun, OF. prison; see Constans.

Prisuner. sb. gaoler, keeper of a prison.

Proces, sb. narrative, history, C2, HD, WA.—OF. procès; Lat. processum.

Proche, v. to approach; prochinge, pr. p, S3.—OF. procher (in approcher); Late Lat. propiare.

Procuratour, sb. proctor, agent, PP; procuratoure, steward, W; proketowre, Prompt.—AF. procuratour; Lat. procuratorem (Vulg.).

Profyte, sb. profit, Prompt.; prophete, PP.—AF. profit; Lat. profectum.

Profyten, v. to profit, Prompt.; profitide, pt. s., grew, W; prophitide, pl., S2.

Proheme, sb. a proem, prologue, C2.— OF. proeme; Lat. proemium; Gr. προοίμιον.

Proinen, v. to prune, preen, trim, adorn, SkD, HD, ND; proigne, HD; prune, CM, SkD; proynd, pp., S3.—OF. progner, also provigner, to propagate by a sucker (Cotg.), also provain; Lat. propaginem.

Proiner, sb. pruner, ND.

Prollen. v. to search about, prowl, C₃, Prompt., Palsg.; proule, Manip.

Promissioun. sb. promise. Phr.: the lond of promyssioun (or of beheste), the Holy Land, S2.—Lat. promissionem; cp. terra repromissionis (Heb. 11. 9, Vulg.).

Promyt. v. to promise, S₃, JD.—Lat. promittere; cp. OF. prometre.

Propre, adj. separate, distinct, PP, C2; fine, goodly, PP, C3; proper, S2.—AF. propre, fit; Lat. proprium.

Propreliche, adv. properly, suitably, PP.

Proprete, sb. property, peculiarity, SkD; propirte, PP; propertes, pl., S2, WA; propurtes, PP.—OF. proprieté, a property (Cotg.); Lat. proprietatem.

Prospectyues, sb. pl. perspective glasses, C2. Comb.: prospective glass, telescope, C2 (n).-OF. prospective, 'the prospective, perspective or Optick art' (Cotg.).

Proud, adj. proud, PP, WA; prowd, PP; prout, PP, S2; prud, S; prut, S; prute, pl., S; prude, S; preste (pretste), superl., S2. — AS. prút; cp. Icel. prúör.

Proue, sb. proof, S3; preue, CM, C2; preef, C3; prief, S3.—OF. preuve; Late Lat. proba; from Lat. probare.

Prouen, v. to prove, try, test, PP, S; preouen, S2, PP; preuen, PP, C2, C3; pruf, imp. pl., I, S2; preuede, pt. s., S2; proued, pl., S2; preued, pp., S3.—OF. prover (prouver); Lat. probare.

Prouende, sb. food, Manip.; prouendre, food, PP; a prebend, ecclesiastical benefice, PP, CM .- OF. provende (provendre); Church Lat. praebenda, a ration, allowance, see BH (Introd. § 40).

Prouendre. sb. a prebendary, SkD.-OF. provendier.

Prouendren, v. to provide with prebends, P.

Prouendreres, sb. pl. men who hold prebends, S2, PP.

Prouisours, sb. pl. men named by the pope to a living not vacant, S2, PP.-Church Lat. provisores (Ducange).

taking cuttings (Cotg.),; from OF. provin, H, PP, HD; prou, H.—OF. prou, pru, advantage (Bartsch).

> **Prowesse**, sb. prowess, S2; pruesse, S.—AF. pruesse, OF. proece.

Prustes, sb. pl. priests, S2; see Prest. Prut, adj. proud, S; see Proud.

Pryde, sb. pride, PP; prute, S2; prude, PP, S, S2; pruyde, P; pruide, PP, S2; pride, S2 (p. 74).—AS. prýte. See Proud.

Prydeles, adj. void of pride, C2.

Pryen, v. to pry, PP, C3; prien, PP; pry, Cath.; prie, I pr. s., Palsg.

Pryk. sb. a sting, Prompt.; prik, point, WA.

Pryket, sb. a young buck, capriolus, Prompt.; pricket, a buck in his second year (named from his pricking horns), S3. HD, Cotg. (s. v. dagard).

Prykie, v. to prick, goad, spur, ride fast, PP; prikken, C2, Prompt.; pryghte, pt. s., C2.

Prykiere, sb. rider, horseman, PP.

Prykke, sb. a broach, Prompt.; prikke, puncture, sting, C, C2.

Pryklyng, pr. p. urging, S3.

Pryme, sō. the period from six o'clock to 9 a.m., also 9 a.m., Prompt., S, PP, C2, C3; prime, S, S3, WA. Phr.: hei3 prime, high prime, 9 am., PP. Comb.: prime-tide, prime, S.—Church Lat. prima.

Prymer. sb. primer, C2.

Pryns, sb. prince, PP; **prynce**, Prompt. AF. prince; Lat. principem.

Prynshode. sb. princely dignity, W; prinshod, W.

Prynte, sà print, W; see Prente.

Prys, sb. price, prize, value, excellence, high esteem, C, C2, PP; pris, S, S2, PP; price, WA, S2; pryce, Prompt.—AF. pris; Lat. prětium, see BH, § 32.

Prys. adj. prize, chief, PP; pris, S2; prijs, S3.

Pryson, v. to set a price, Prompt.; priss, to prize, S2.

Pryson, v. to put in prison, Prompt.; y-prisoned, pp., G. See Prisun.

Prysonere, sb. prisoner, captive, Prompt.; prisonere, PP.—OF. prisonier, AF. prisuner.

Pryns, adj. secret, intimate, PP, S2; prince, C2, C3; princi, S2; prevy, S3; prince, adv., C2; princes, sb. pl., secret **Prow.** sb. profit, advantage, C, C3, G, friends, P; princliche, adv., secretly, S2, PP; prinely, C2; prynely, C2.—AF. prive; Lat. privatum.

Pryuen, v. to deprive, Prompt.; prife, H; pryuyd, pt. s., H.—OF. priver; Lat. privare.

Pryuete, sb. privity, secret counsel, PP; priuitee, S2, C2, C3; pryuyte, S2.

—AF. privete.

Psalme, sb. psalm, H, PP; see Salm. Psautere, sb. psalter, H (p. 3); see Sauter.

Publisshen, v. to make public, PP, C2; puplisohe, W (Mt. 1. 19); pupplisohe, S2; publice, imp. s., PP.—A form due to analogy from OF. publier; Lat. publicare.

Pucelle, sb. a girl, maiden; **pucell**, S₃.—OF. pucelle, pulcelle; dimin. from Lat. pullus, the young of any animal; cp. OF. polle, maiden (Bartsch). Cp. Pulte, Polcat.

Pukken, v. to poke, push, incite, P; pukked, pt. s., P.

Pulched, pp. polished, S3; see Polische.

Pulte, sb. pullet, Prompt.; poletes, pl., S2, PP.—OF. polete; dim. of pole, polle; Lat. pulla. Cf. Pucelle, Polost.

Pulten, v. to push, beat, strike, put, PP, S2; pelte, PP; pilte, PP, SkD (s. v. pelt); pulte, pt. s., PP; pult, PP, S2; pelte, S; pelt, PP; i-pilt, pp., G; pilt, S, SkD.

Pulter, sb. poulterer, Cath.—AF. poleter, pulleter.

Pultrie, sb. poultry, S3, C, Prompt.; pultery, name of a London street, the Poultry, S3.—AF. pultrie, poletrie.

Punde, sb. dat. pound; see Pound (1). Puple, sb. people, PP, Prompt., W2; pupel, S2; poeple, PP; pupils, pl., W2. —OF. peuple, poeple (AF. people); Lat. populum.

Pur, adj. pure, thorough, complete, S2, PP; pure, PP, S3, C; puir, PP; puire, PP; pure, adv., completely, S2; puremerely, very, S3; purlyche, adv., purely, completely, S3.—OF. pur; Lat. purum.

Purchacen, v. to acquire, purchase, PP; purchasen, C3.—AF. purchacer, to pursue, to acquire; OF. porchacier.

Purchas, sb. gain, winnings, C, G; porchas, S2.—AF. purchas.

Purchasour, sb. prosecutor, C.—AF. purchasour.

Purchasyng, sb. prosecution, C.

Purfil, sb. the furred trimming of a dress, P; purfyle, P; purfie, a hem, Manip.

Purfilen, v. to embroider on an edge, to purl, C, P; purfile, Cotg.—OF. pourfiler, from filer, to twist threads, from fil, thread; Lat. filum.

Purpre, sb. purple garments, S, PP; purpire, H (44. 11); purpour, adj., S3; purpur, W; purpres, pl., purple coverings, S.—AF. purpre; Lat. purpura.

Purpurat, adj. of a purple colour, S3.—Lat. purpuratus, clad in purple.

Purpuresse, sb. a seller of purple (= purpuraria), W.

Purse, sb. purse, bag, PP, S, C3; purs, PP, C2, C; porse, PP; pors, S2.—AS. purs (Engl. Studien, xi. 65, l. 36); Late Lat. bursa; Gr. βυρση, a skin.

Purtenaunce, sb. appurtenance, belongings, PP; purtenance, the intestines of an animal, WW; portenaunce, Palsg.; purtenancis, pl., S3.— OF. appartenance (Cotg.).

Purtreied, pp. pourtrayed, S3; see **Portrey**.

Purveour, sb. purveyor, PP, SkD. — AF. purveour.

Furveyaunce, sb. providence, provision, plan, means of getting, equipment, W; purvelance, S2, C3; purueance, S2.—AF. purveaunce, OF. pörveänce; Lat. providentia.

Purueyen, v. to provide, W2, C2, PP; puruay, S2, H; poruayen, H; porueynde pr. p., S2; purueid, pp., S3; pourveid, S2; porueid, S2.—AF. purveier, purveer, for OF. porveoir; Lat. prouidre.

Putern, v. to poke about, S (9.96). Putten, v. to put, push, PP, W; puten, S; putten, PP; puttide, pt. s., S2; potte, S2; pot, pl., S2; putten to, added, assented, W; put, pp., H; y-put, C3; i-put, G.

Puttynge, sb. pushing, instigation, H.

Puyssant, adj. powerful, SkD; puissant, S3.—OF. puissant, poissant; Late Lat. *possentem, *possentem (cp. It. possente), from Lat. posse, to be able; see Constans (Notes, p. 23).

Puyssaunce, sb. might, power, HD; puysaunce, S3; piscence, S3. — OF. buissance, boissance.

Pykare, sb. a little thief, Prompt.; pykers, pl., PP.

Pyke, sb. a pike, pointed pole, staff furnished with a spike, Prompt.; pyk, S2; pykis, pl., thorns, prickles, S3. Comb.: pyk-staf, pike-staff, PP.

Pyken, v. to pick, to steal, PP, Prompt.; picke, WW; pykkand, pr. p., S3; pikid, pt.s., PP. Comb.: pyke-hernois, PP; pyke-porse, one who steals a purse, PP; picke-purse, S3; pick-purse, a name for Paris, S3 (p. 374); pike-purs, C. Cf. Picchen.

Pykeys, sb. a mattock, tool for digging, Prompt.; **pykoys**, P; **pycows**, Voc.—OF. picois (Ducange).

Pylche, sb. a furred garment, Voc., HD, Prompt.; pilche, S3, HD, ND. Comb.: pilche-clut, a pilch-clout, rag of a pilch, S.—AS. pylce; Lat. pellicia, made of fur (Voc.).

Pylgrim, sb. pilgrim, PP; pilegrym, S; pelegrim, SkD; pylgrymes, pl., PP.
—Prov. pellegrins; Lat. peregrinus; cp.
OF. pelerin. See Peregrin.

Pylgrimage, sb. pilgrimage, PP; pelrimage, S.—AF. pilrymage; OF. pelerimage

Pyment, sb. spiced wine and honey, CM, Voc.; piment, nectar, Voc., HD; pymente, Prompt. — OF. piment, pigment (Bartsch); Late Lat. pigmentum (Ducange).

Pynden, v. to shut in the pound, Cath.; punt, pr. s., S.—AS. pyndan (in for-pyndan); cp. Icel. pynda. See **Pound**.

Pynder, sb. a pindar, pinner, one who | Lat. puteus.

impounds stray cattle, Cath., Bardsley; pyndare, Prompt.; pinder, ND; pynner, Manip., Bardsley; pinner, Bardsley.

Pyne, sb. anguish, torment, S, S₃, C₂, C₃; pyn, S₂; pines, pl., S, S₂; pynes, S₂; pine, S; pinen, S; pynen, S₂.—AS. pln; Late Lat. pēna, see Sievers, 69. Cf. Pevne.

Pynen, v. to torment, S2; pinen, S; pyns, pr. s., S2; pinede, pt. s., suffered, PP; pynede, S2; pined, pp., S; tormented, S2; y-pyned, S2; t-pined, S.—AS. pinian (BT).

Pyning, sb. torture; pining, S. Comb.: pynyng-stoles, stools of punishment, cucking-stools, PP, S2.—AS. pinung.

Pynne, sb. pin, peg, bolt, bar, PP; pyn, G.—AS. pinn, pin, peg (BT).

Pynnen, v. to shut up, enclose, pen, PP; pinnen, PP, S2; pennen, SkD.—AS. pennan (in on-pennan).

Pynoun, sb. a pennon, C; see **Penoun**. **Pyony**, sb. peony, Prompt.; **pyon**, Cath.; **pyany**, Prompt.; **plones**, pl., seeds of the peony, P; **pyonies**, PP.—OF. pione, pion (Cotg.); Lat. p(a)eonia; Gr. vacania, the peony.

Pyry, sb. storm of wind, gust, Prompt.; pyrie, S3 (p. 437); pirie, HD, Prompt. (n); pyrry, Palsg., ND: pirrie, S3, ND; perrie, Prompt. (n), ND; berrie, Cotg. (sv. tourbillon); berry, Florio (s. v. criscia d'deque), HD.

Pyt, sb. pit, pool, Prompt.; put, S, PP; pit, S; pytte, Prompt.; putte, S, PP, S2; pette, S2.—AS. pytt; Late Lat. *putius; Lat. puteus.

Q.

Quad, adj. and sb. evil, bad, the Evil One, MD, C2; qued, MD, PP; cwed, MD; quet, MD; kueade, dat., S2; queade, S2; quede, S2.—AS. cwead; cf. Du. kwaad.

Quad, pt. s. quoth, S; see Queten. Quaile, v. to wither, to die, S3 (28a. 91), SkD, ND, Sh.; to overpower, intimidate,

ND, SkD, Sh. Quain, sb. trouble, mourning, S2.—AS. *hwán (see below).

Quainen, v. to lament, MD (s. v. hwenen); whene, MD.—AS. hwenan (in d-hwenan, BT).

Quair, sb. quire, book, S3; quayre, Manip., CM; quayer, Voc.—OF. quayer (F. cahier), Prov. casers for cadern: It. quaderno; Lat. quaternum; cp. Late Lat. quaternio, a sheet folded in four (Voc.). See Quartern.

Quaken, v. to quake, tremble, S2; cwakien, S; quakede, pt. s., PP, MD; quok (strong form), PP; quook, C2, SkD; quoke, S2, H.—AS. cwacian.

Qualynge, sb. trembling, Prompt., MD; qualyng, W.—AS. cwacung.

Qual, sb. whale, MD, Cath. (n); qwal,

Prompt.; qwaylle,Cath.; quale, S2; whal, W2; hwel, MD; qualle, ρl ., S2, Cath. (n); quhalis, S3, Cath. (n).—AS. hwal.

Qualm, sb. death, pestilence, S2, H; ewalm, MD; qualme, dat., C. — AS. cwealm. See Quelen.

Quarel, sb. a square-headed cross-bow bolt, quarrel, WA, SkD; quarelle, S2; quarrel, WA, ND.—AF. guarel, cross-bow bolt; Late Lat. quadrellum (acc.), a quarrel, a square tile, dimin. of Lat. quadrus, square.

Quarere, sb. quarry, Prompt.; quareres, pl., S1.—Of. quarriere (Cotg.); Late Lat. quadraria, quarry, deriv. from quadrus. See above.

Cuartern, sb. prison; cwarterne, dat., MD; quarterne, S, MD.—AS. cwear-tern, prison, perhaps for AS. quatern, 'quaternio' (OET). Cp. Fr. caserne (Sp. caserna), barracks; Lat. quaterna (see Brachet); an etym. illustrated by the Fr. seaterm casernet, log-book, a deriv. of Lat. quaternum, see Diez, p. 755 (s. v. cahier).—See Quatr.

Quarteroun, sb. a quarter, P, HD; quartrun, PP.

Quat, Quat, pt. s. quoth, S; see Quet-

Quatrinials, sb. pl. the quadrivials, the quadrivium, the four higher sciences: astrology, geometry, arithmetic, music, S3 (14.511).—From Late Lat. quadrivium, the four mathematical sciences; in Lat. a place where four ways meet.

Quave-mire, sb. quagmire, HD; quamier, DG.

Quauen, v. to shake, S2, PP, Prompt.; quave, HD, JD, DG.

Quauynge, sb. shaking, MD.

Quayle, v. to curdle, to coagulate, Palsg., Prompt., Manip.—OF. coailler; Lat. coagulare.

Quaynt, adj. prudent, wise, H; quaynte, quaint, curious, WA; see Coint.

Quayntis, sb. wisdom, prudence, H; see Cointise.

Quayre, sb. quire, book, CM; see Quair. Queade, sb. evil, iniquity, S2; see Quad.

Queale, sb. a blister, pimple, pupula, Manip.; see Whele.

Quecchen, v. to shake, MD; qvycehyn, Prompt.; quytohe, Palsg.; quitoh, Cotg. (s. v. oeil); cwehte, pt. s., MD; quehte, MD.—AS. cweccan.

Qued, adj. bad, S2, PP; see Quad.

Quedschipe, sb. wickedness, MD; queadschipe, S; cweadschipe, S.

Queere, sb. quire, choir, Prompt.; queer, W2; quere, W2; queir, S3.—OF. choeur (Cotg.); Lat. chorum (acc.); Gr. xopós.

Quek, adj. living, S2; see Quik.

Quelen, v. to die, MD; cwelen, MD.—AS. cwelan, pt. cwal (pl. cwalon), pp. cwolen. Cp. OHG. quelan, 'cruciari' (Tatian).

Quellen, v. to kill, S, S2, C3, C; quelde, pt. s., S; cwelled, pp., S.—AS. cwellan; cp. OHG. quelen, 'cruciare' (Tatian), quellen (Otfrid).

Quellere, sb. executioner, MD.—AS. cwellere.

Queme, adj. pleasing, S, MD; qweme, convenient, WA; cweme, S; wheme, MD. — AS. (ge)cwéme, from c(w)om, pt. of cuman; cp. OHG. (bi)queman, to come, to, to suit, fit (Otfrid); see Kluge (s. v. bequem). See Comen.

Quemeful, adj. placable, W2.

Quemen, v. to please, S, H, PP; cwemen, S; cwemde, pt. s., S; 1-quemd, pp., S; 1-cwemet, S.—AS. cwéman.

Quenchen, v. to quench, S, Prompt., S₃, SkD; owennkenn, S; queynte, pt. s., MD, S₂; queynt, pp., MD, C; y-kuenct, S₂; quenchid, W₂.—AS. cwencan.

Quene, sb. queen, wife, woman, quean, S, C2, C3, WA; quen, S, C; cuen, S; kuen, MD; kwene, S; cwene, MD.—AS. cwén; cp. OHG. quena, wife (Otfrid); for root see Brugmann, § 467, 3.

Querel, sb. a complaint, dispute, quarrel, S2, W2; querele, SkD. — AF. querele; Late Lat. *querella, for Lat. querela.

Querne, sb. hand-mill, C2, Prompt., Palsg., MD; queerne, W.—AS. cweern; cp. Goth. kwairnus; see Brugmann, § 442.

Querrour, sb. quarry-man, CM. See Quarere.

Quest, sb. an inquiry, jury, verdict, G.— OF. queste, a quest (Cotg.). Quest is used for the proper legal term enquest; OF. enqueste.

Queste, sb. will, bequest, G; quiste, S. A corrupt form of Quide (q.v.), influenced by the above word.

Queten, v. to speak, MD; cweten, S, MD; cwet, pt. s., S; cwet, S; quet, MD;

oothe, MD; hwat, MD; wat, S; ko, S3; i-cwede, pp., S.—AS. cwedan, pt. cwed (pl. cwadon), pp. ge-cweden.

Queynt, adj. prudent, fine, quaint, MD; queynte, S3, C2, MD; see Coint.

Queynte, pt. s. was extinguished, S2; see Quenchen.

Queyntelich, adv. skilfully, neatly, MD; queynteli, S3; see Cointeliche.

Queyntise, sb. skill, S3; see Cointise. Quide, sb. speech, bequest, MD; cwide, S, MD.—AS. cwide; cp. OHG. quiti, 'tes-See Queden. timonium' (Tatian).

Quidities, sb. pl., S3.—From Late Lat. quiditas, a term of the Schoolmen; that which relates to the essence of a thing, having reference to the question quid est, what is it? Cp. OF. quidditatif, 'quidditative, doubtful, full of quirks, contentions, wrangling' (Cotg.).

Quik, adj. and adv. living, quick, flowing (of water), S, S2, W; quic, S, S2; quek, S2; quyk, S3, W, W2; owio, S; cwike, S; cwuce, S; quicke, S; quike, pl., S, S2; quyke, S, C; quycke, S3.—AS. cwic (cuc); cp. OHG. quek (Otfrid).

Quikie, v. to cause to revive, also, to be kindled, PP; quike, C3; quyke, C; cwikien, MD.—AS. cwician.

Quikliche, adv. quickly, PP; quicliche, S2.

Quiknen, v. to give life, to receive life, SkD; quykene, W, W2.

Quiste, sb. will, bequest, S; see Queste. | see Quitter.

Quiten, v. to repay, PP; see Quyten. Quitter, sb. filth that runs from a wound, HD: quytur, rottenness, HD; quytere, W2; quitture, DG.

Quod, pt. s. quoth, S, S2, C2; see Queten. Quok. pt. s. quaked, C2; see Quaken.

Quoynte, adj. skilful, MD, HD; see

Quoynteliche, adv. skilfully, MD; see Cointeliche.

Quoyntyse, sb. quaintness of dress, PP; quointise, stratagem, S2; see Cointise.

Quyk, adj. living, moving, S3, W, W2; see Quik.

Quyk-myre, sb. quagmire, S3. Quyknar, sb. giver of life, S3.

Quyr-boilly, sb. boiled leather, used for making defensive armour, C2.—OF. cuir bouilli (Cotg.).

uyrry so. the quarry, the dog's share in the slaughtered game, S3; quyrre, SkD (s.v. quarry, p. 824); querre, SkD.—OF. cuirce; Late Lat. coriata, from Lat. corium, hide, skin (OF. cuir).

Quyten, v. to requite, repay, settle, satisfy, S2, C2, C3, PP, W, H; quiten, S2, PP; quitte, pt. s., G; qwit, H; quyt, pp., PP; y-quit, C2.—OF. quiter; Late Lat. quietare.

Quytly, adj. quite, H; whitely, H.

Quytter, v. to twitter, S3.

Quytur, sb. rottenness, HD (p. 660);

R.

Ra. sb. roe, deer, CM; see Roo. Rabete, sb. a war-horse; rabett, HD; rabyghte, HD; rabetis, pl., WA.—Icel. rábitr, an Arabian steed; cp. Icel. rábitar, Arabs, see CV; cp. OF. arrabi (BH).

Rac, sb. driven vapour, S2; see Wrak. Rachenteges, pl. chains, S; see Baken-teie.

Backe, v. to stretch rent to its full value. S3. Cp. ODu. racken, to rack, recken, to stretch, reach out.

Rad, adj. afraid, S2, SD, H, JD, B; redd, WA; rade, S2, H; radde, S2.— Icel. hræddr.

Bad, pt. s. rode, S2; see Biden. Rad, adj. quick, S; rade, ready, S; see Bate.

Radde, pt. s. advised, S2; see Reden. **Baddour**, sb. violence, WA; see Bed-

Rade, sb. road, S2; see Rode.

Radnesse, sb. terror, SD; radnes, B. Radyous, adj. radiant, shining, S3; radious, S3; radius, S3.—Lat. radiosus; cp. F. radieux. See Bay.

Rad. sb. advice, counsel, S; see Rede. **Resh.** adj. fierce, cruel, SD, S; reh, SD. -AS. hréoh.

Ræueden, pt. pl. spoiled, S; see Reuen.

Raueres, sb. pl. robbers, S; see Reuere.

Rafte, pt. s. reft, robbed, C2; see Reuen.

Rage, sb. madness, S2.—AF. rage; Lat. rabiem.

Rage, v. to toy wantonly, C; ragid, pp., been wanton, WA.

Ragerie, sb. wantonness, CM.

Raght, pp. reached, S2; see Rechen.

Ragman, sb. a craven, the devil; rageman, PP; raggeman, PP.—Icel. ragr (for argr), craven, cowardly.

Ragman-roll, sb. the craven's roll, a term in Scottish history, JD, ND; a game, HD; ragman's rewe, a long jest, DG; ragmanrew, series, Manip. Hence ragman, a deed sealed, a papal bull, PP; ragemon, S2; rageman, a list, S3; ragman, a tedious story, JD; ragment, JD.—Cp. E. rigmarole.

Rair, v. to roar, S3; see Boren.

Raiss, pt. s. rose, S2; see Rysen.

Bake, sb. only in compounds, as in **erend-rake**, messenger, SD.—AS. &rend-raca; cp. Icel. eyrend-reki, so land-reki, a king, see CV (s. v. reki). See **Ernd-race**.

Rake, v. to run, wander, go, S, S3, HD, PP, JD, B; rayke, H, S2; raik, WA, JD; reyke, JD; reke, HD; raykande, pr. p. S2.—Icel. reika, to wander, cp. Swed. raka, to run hastily (Rietz).

Rake, sb. course, way, WA; rakke, WA.

Bakel, adj. hasty, rash, CM, SkD (s. v. rake); rakle, CM; racle, CM; rackel, JD; rakyl, Manip.; rakehell, a bad fellow, Manip., ND.—Icel. reikull, wandering, unsettled. See above.

Raken, v. to scrape, diminish, to rake, S, Prompt.; raked, pp., C2.—Icel. raka, to scrape, to rake away.

Raken-teie, sb. chain; raketeie, S; raketeye, S; rachenteges, pl., S; rakenteis, HD.—AS. racenteah (Voc.); racente, a chain +téah, a tye. With racente, cp. Icel. rekendr, OHG. rahhinza. See Rekenthis.

Ram, sb. a ram, Prompt. — AS. ram. (Voc.).

Ramage, adj. wild, CM. HD.—OF. ramage, wild (of a hawk), living in the branches (Cotg.); Late Lat. *ramaticum, from ramus, a branch.

Rammish, adj. strong-scented, C₃, CM. **Ramne**, sb. bramble, W₂; ramyn, H; rammyn, H.—Lat. rhamnus (Vulg.); Gr. ράμνος (LXX). **Rampe**, sb. an ill-conditioned woman, $C_2(n)$, HD.

Rampen, v. to ramp, to seize or scratch with the paws, to rage, C2; raumpe, S2; rawmpide, pt. s., HD.—AF. raumper, OF. ramper, to clamber.

Rande, sb. a strip or slice of meat, S3, HD; rand, Cotg. (s. v. giste), ND.—AS. rand, a rim, edge; cp. Swed. rand, a strip, stripe, Icel. rönd (pl. randir).

Randoun, sb. force, impetuosity, SkD. Phr.: in a randoun, in a furious course, B; at randon, left to one's own force, SkD.—OF. randon, 'the swiftness and force of a strong and violent stream' (Cotg.); from OTeut. *randa, a rim; cp. AS. rand. See above.

Ranke, adj. strong, luxuriant, rebellious, WA, Prompt.; rank, S3; ronk, S2; rang, HD. — AS. ranc; cp. Icel. rakkr (for rankr), straight, upright, bold.

Bansaken, v. to search, S, PP, C, H.— Icel. rannsaka, to search a house; Icel. rann: Goth. rasn; cp. AS. rasn, a plank, a beam, see Sievers, 179.

Rap, sb. rope, S; see Bope.

Rap, pt. s. reaped, W; see Repen.

Rape, sb. haste, S, PP, Prompt.; rap, S2.—Icel. hrap, a falling down.

Rape, adj. hasty, G; rapest, superl., PP.

Rapeliche, adv. hastily, PP; rapely, G; rapelike, S; rapli, S2, G; rapelier, comp., PP.

Eapen, v. to hasten, S, PP, Prompt.; rappe, PP; rappe adoune, to hurry along, PP. Phr.: rape and renne, to seize and plunder, C3; rapen and rinen, C3 (n); rap and rend, HD; rap or rende, Palsg.; rap and run, HD; rap and ran, C3 (n); rap and reee, C3 (n).—Icel. hrapa, to fall, rush headlong, hurry.

Rascall, sb. scrapings, refuse; rascalle, PP; rascayle, an animal not a beast of the chase, a hart not six years old, Prompt. (n); the common people, Prompt.; rascaille, the common herd, SkD; rascall, refuse beast, Palsg., ND.; rascalle, pl., common sort of men, low fellows, villains, S3.—AF. rascaille (raskaylle, raskayle), a rabble; cp. F. racaille; from OF. rasquer, to scrape (Ducange); cp. OIt. rascare (Florio).

Rascall, adj. common, low, HD;

Comb.: rascall wine, tortivum vinum, Prompt. (n).

Rase, v. to run, to race, SD, S2; rese, S2; reysed, pp. ridden, C.—AS. rasan.

Rase, sb. a race, rush, SkD; ras, SkD, S2; rese, S2; res, SD, G(n); rees, attack, fit of passion, G.—AS. res.

Rasen, v. to scrape, Prompt. — OF. raser; Late Lat. rasare, freq. of Lat. radere.

Rasour, sb. razor, C2, C, W2; rasure, H (Ps. 51. 2). — OF. rasoir; Late Lat. rasorium.

Raspen, v. to rasp, scrape, SkD; rospen, S.— OF. rasper; OHG. raspon, see Weigand.

Rasse, sb. a raised mound or eminence, a cairn of stones, S2; raise, HD. See Roysen.

Rat, pr. s. reads, PP; see Reden. Rab, sb. advice, S, SD.—Icel. rát.

Rathe, v. to advise, HD. See above.

Bade, adj. quick, swift, SD; rad, quick, S; rade, pl., S; raddere, comp. pl., S.—AS. hræð, hreð, also hræd, hred, quick, also rad. Cp. Chron. ann. 755 (Parker) with the Laud MS.

Rathe, adv. early, PP, S2, S3; quickly, S, S2; reade, S; rath, B; rader, comp., sooner, rather, PP, S, S2, C2; redper, S; radest, superl., PP; radeste, S.

Rathly, adv. quickly, S2; readliche, S; readliche, S; radeliche, HD; radely, S2; redliche, S.—AS. hræblice.

Raton, sb. rat, PP, Cath.; ratoun, PP; ratones, pl., PP.

Batoner, sb. rat-catcher, PP, Voc.; rat-onere, PP.

Ratte, sb. rat, PP; rotte, Voc.; rattis, pl., PP.—AS. rat (Voc.).

Ratten, v. to tear, SD.—Cp. MHG. ratzen, see Weigand (s. v. ratsche).

Rattes, sb. pl. rags, S; rats, pieces, shreds, HD.

Raughte, pt. s. reached, C2; see Bechen.

Raunson, v. to ransom, redeem, PP.
Raunsoun, sb. ransom, S2, C; raun-

Equinsoum, 50. ransom, S2, C; raunson, S2; raunsun, S2; raunsoum, PP; ransoume, B.—AF. raunson, ranson, OF. rainson, raincon; Lat. redemptionem.

Raueyn, sb. rapine, prey, W, PP; ravyne, S3; ravyn, Cath.; raueyns, pl., W2.—AF. ravine; Lat. rapina, see BH, § 150.

Raueynour, sb. robber; raueinour, W; rauynour, W2.

Ravin, adj. ravenous, S3, Sh.

Bavin, v. to seize and devour greedily, Sh., WW.

Ravined, adj. ravenous, Sh.

Rauischen, v. to seize with violence, PP; ravish, WW; raueische, imp. pl., W2; rauyschiden, pt. pl., W2.—AF. ravir (pr. p. ravissant); Late Lat. *rapīre; Lat. rapēre.

Bawe, sb. row, Cath.; raw, B, JD, SkD, S3, S2; rowe, SkD; rewe, C, G, W; rewis, pl., S3.—AS. rawe, rawe.

Ray, sb. striped cloth, rella, pannus, Voc.; stragulum, Voc., Cath., HD; raye, S3; rayes, pl., S2, PP. Comb.: ray-cloth, striped cloth, W2, Prompt. — AF. drap de raye, cloth of ray, pl. reies, OF. rai, raid; Lat. radium (acc.).

Rayeres, sb. pl. sellers of ray, PP.

Rayid, adj. striped, Prompt.

Raykez, pr. s. roams, S2; raykande, pr. pt., advancing, S2. See Bake.

Rayl, sb. rail, Prompt.; rayle, Cath.—Cp. Low G. regel, G. riegel, a bolt; see Kluge.

Rayle, v. to rail, arrange in a row, S₂; railed, pp., S₂.

Rayle, sb. a kerchief, Palsg.; see

Raylle, v. to flow, S3; raile, ND; reilen, SD.

Raymen, v. to roam about, S2; see Romen.

Baynes, sb. fine linen of Rheims, WA.—So named from Rheims; see SkD (p. 815); cp. It. renso, fine flax (Diez, p. 393).

Read, sb. advice, S; see Rede. Reade, adj. red, S; see Reed.

Readen, v. to advise, care for, S; see Reden.

Readi, adj. ready, S; see Redi.

Real, adj. real, a term in medieval philosophy; reall, S3.—OF. real; Schol. Lat. realem, from res.

Real, adj. royal, CM; riall, S3, PP, CM; ryall, S3, CM; ryell, S3; roial, CM; roialler, comp., S2, C3.—OF. real, AF. roial, reial; Lat. regalem.

Realte, sb. royalty, royal state, PP; reaulte, PP; reaute, PP; roialtee, C3.—AF. realte; Late Lat. regalitatem.

Realyche, adv. royally, S2; realy, S2; rially, CM.

Reame, sb. kingdom, S2; see Rewme. Rearde, sb. voice, cry, S2; see Rerd.

Reade, adv. quickly, S; see Bathe.

Readliche, adv. quickly, S; see Rathly.

Reaume, sb. realm, kingdom, C2, S2; see Rowme.

Rebekke, sb. a kind of fiddle, SkD; see Rybybe.

Rebounden, v. to re-echo; rebownden, to sound again, reboare, Prompt.; rebounde, pt. s., S2.—AF. rebundir, to re-echo, cp. OF. bundir, to resound (Roland, 3119); inchoative verb, from Late Lat. bombitare.

Receyt, sb. receipt, recipe, retreat, Prompt., Manip.; receit, C3, WW, Manip., S3; receite, WW; reset, place of refuge, B.—AF. receite; Late Lat. recepta (Ducange).

Reche, sb. smoke, S3; see Reke.

Recheles, adj. careless, S, PP; recheles, PP; retcheles, S₃; rekkeles, S₃; reccheles, S₂, C₂; rechlesse, S₃.—AS. réceléas, also recceléas.

Bechelesnesse, sb. carelessness, PP; recchelesnes, PP.

Rechen, v. to care, reck, S, HD; reke, H; (recohe) S, HD, S2, C2; rekke, HD, C2; rekp, pr. s., S; reches, S2; royte, pt. s., S; roughte, C2; roght, H; rohten, pt. s., subj., S2.—AS. récan: OS. rékian; also, AS. *reccan.

Rechen, v. to explain, S; reschen, to relate, S; rechede, pt. s., S.—AS. reccan: OS. rekkian: OHG. rachjan, in Otfrid rachon.

Rechen, v. to reach, attain, SkD, PP; rauhte, pt.s., PP, S2; raujte, PP; raghte, PP; raughte, C2; raught, S3; raght, pp., S2.—AS. récan(BT), also récan, to get into one's power, pt. s. réchte, see Sievers, 407.

Reclayme, v. to bring a hawk to the wrist by a call, C3; recleymyn, to make tame, Prompt; recleymyd, pp. redomitus (used of hawks), Prompt.—OF. reclaimer, reclaimer, cp. AF. reclame, pp., reclaimed (as a falcon).

Recles. sb. incense, S; see Rekels.

Recluse, sb. a female anchorite, SkD; 'ankyr, anachorita,' Prompt.—AF. reclus; recluse, a f. pp. from OF. reclure, to shut up; Late Lat. recludere.

. Recluse, sb. convent, monastery, S3.—OF. recluse

Reclused, pp. shut up, withdrawn from the world, PP.

Recognisance, sb. an obligation binding one over to do some particular act, S₃, SkD.—AF. reconisance, OF. recoignisance.

Recomand, v. to commend, S2, C3; recommendip, PP.—OF. recommender, recumander.

Reconforte, v. to comfort, C; reconforted, pp., P.—OF. reconforter; cp. AF. recunforter.

Reconsyle, v. to recover, regain the possession of; reconsyled, pp., S2; reconsuled, W.—AF. reconciler; Lat. reconciliars, to reconcile, re-establish, restore.

Record, sb. witness, S3, WW; recorde, PP. — AF. record, OF. recort, mention (Bartsch).

Recorde, v. to call to mind, C, PP; recorded, pt. pl. declared, PP.—OF. recorder; Late Lat. recordare; Lat. recordari.

Recoure, v. to recover, PP; recour, HD; recure, HD; recured, pp., S3.—AF. recoverer; OF. recourer, recouver; Lat. recuperare.

Recours, sb. recourse, C2.—AF. recours, soleill recours, sunset.

Recouerer, sb. restorer, saviour, S2. **Recrayed**, pp. defeated, PP. See below.

Recreaunt, adj. recreant, defeated, CM, PP; recreant, PP.—AF. recreaunt, OF. recreant, giving up the contest; Late Lat. recredentem.

Becueil, sb. a collection, compilation, DG; recuyell, S3; recule, HD.—OF. recueil (Cotg.).

Recule, v. to recoil, S3, Palsg., SkD, ND.—OF. reculer.

Reculyng, sb. recoiling, S3.

Recure, sb. recovery, S3.

Recure, v. to recover, HD; see Recours.

Reddour, sb. violence, rigour, HD, Trevisa (3. 313); raddour, WA.—OF. rador, later roideur (Cotg.); from rade, roide; Lat. rigidum.

Rede, adj. red, C2; see Reed.

Rede, adj. ready, WA; redeliche, adv., PP; redeli, S2.—AS. (ge)réde: Goth. (ga)raids.

Rede, sb. advice, S, S2, S3, B; read, S; red, S, S2, B; reed, C2; reid, B; reede, S; reades, p/.
.S.—AS. red.

ile, SkD; redeles, PP; ydel, Prompt.; riddle,

give advice, to take S3, C2, B; readen, S; , S; raddest, 2 pt. s., S;), S2, P; redden, pl., S; S. (ge)radan, pt. radde,

read, S, C2, C3; raden, PP; reed, pt. s., PP; redden, W; radde, S2; C3; red, S3, W. Der.: e read, S.—AS. (ge)rædan. (used to form abstracts). see hat-reden, SkD; cun-SkD; fer-reden, S; 3e-3-rede, S2.

sb. a sickness of young chils, Prompt.; reed gounde, andes, pl., sores, PP.—ME. ide, a sore; AS. gund. Cp.

ady, S, W, PP; redy, C2; adi, S; rædi; SD; redi-', S2; **redily**, C3.

adv. quickly, S; see Bathly. Reau le, adj. to be feared, redoubtable, SkD.

Redouten, v. to fear; redoubt, Cotg. -AF. reduter, OF. redouter; Lat. re+ dubitare.

Bedoutyng, sb. reverence, C.

Reduce, v. to bring back, S3, ND.—Lat.

Redymyte, pp. wreathed, crowned, S3. -Lat. redimitus, pp. of redimire.

Reed, sb. advice, C2; see Rede.

Reed, sb. reed, PP, Prompt.; reod, PP; rehed, W, W2; reheed, W2; reodes, pl., PP; redes, PP. Comb.: red-3erde, a reed-sceptre, S.—AS. hréod.

Reed, adj. red, C2, C3, S2, W2, PP; rede, C2, C3, S2, PP, B; reid, S3; reade, S. -AS. réad.

Reednesse. sb. redness, Ca.

Bees, sb. fit of passion, G; see Base. Reest, adj. rancid (as flesh), Prompt.;

reste, Cath. **Reestyn**, v. to be rancid, Prompt.

Recuell, sb. joy, revelry, PP; reuel, C, C2; rule, SPD; reueles, pl., revels, C2. -OF. revel, joy (Bartsch).

Refen, v. to roof in, S.—AS. (ge)hrefan. See Roof.

Reflac. sb. robbery, S; see **Reven**.

Refreissche, v. to refresh, C; refreschyn, Prompt.—AF. refreschir.

Refreyne, sb. the burden of a song, literally, a repetition, CM; refraine, SkD. -OF. refrain, from refraindre, to repeat, to sing a song (see Constans); Lat. re+ frangere.

Refreynen, v. to bridle, refrenare, W, Prompt.; refrayne, Manip.; refrain, WW. -OF. refrener, to bridle; Lat. refrenare (Vulg.)

Refute, sb. refuge, Prompt., W2; refuit, W2; refuyt, CM, HD, W2; refut, S2, C3; refutt, W2.—AF. refute; OF. refuite, re + fuite; Lat. fugita, pp. f. of fugere.

Regal, adj. as sb. kingly (power), S2.-AF. regal; Lat. regalem. Cf. Real.

Regne, sb. rule, a kingdom, S2, C2, C3; rengne, S; ryngis, pl., S3.—AF. regne; Lat. regnum.

Regnen, v. to reign, C2, PP; ring, S3; ryngis, pr. pl., S3; reygned, pp., S2; rengued, S2.—AF. regner; Lat. regnare.

Regrate. v. to retail wares, HD.—OF. regrater, to mend, scour, trick up an old thing for sale (F. regratter, to bargain): It. rigattare, to strive for the victory, to regrate, to sell by retail (Florio); Sp. regatear, 'to huck in buying or selling' (Minsheu). Cp. E. regatta; It. rigatta, a struggling for the mastery (Florio).

Regratere. sb. retail dealer, PP.—OF. regratier; cp. Low Lat. regratarium (Ducange).

Regratorie. sb. selling by retail, PP, S2; regraterye, PP.—OF. regraterie.

Regratour, sb. retail dealer, S2, PP.— AF. regratour.

Reguerdon, sb. reward, ND; reguerdoun, S2. — Cp. OF. reguerdonner, to guerdon abundantly (Cotg.).

Reguerdonment, sb. requital, DG.

Rehed, sb, reed, W, W2; see Reed.

Rehersaille, sb. rehearsal, C3. **Rehersen**, v. to rehearse, enumerate, C2, S2, PP; rehercen, PP, C2; rehearse,

WW, Sh.—AF. reherser, rehercer. See Herce.

Rehersyng, sb. rehearsal, C. **Reheten.** v. to refresh, to cheer. H. CM, WA, HD, JD; reheyit, H; rehetid, pp., H.-OF. rehaitier (Bartsch), cp. OF. haitier, to make joyful, see BH, Diez, p. 609.

Rehetynge, sb. comfort, refreshing, H. Reioysen, v. to rejoice, PP, C2; reioisshen, PP; reiosyng, pr. p., S3.—OF.
resjoiss-, stem of resjoissant, pr. p. of resjoir,
from re+esjoir; Lat. ex+gaudere (Late
Lat. *gaudere); see Constans, glossaire
(prefix res-).

Beke, sb. vapour, smoke, S2, H (Ps. 67. 2), Cath.; reyk, B; reik, B; reche, S2.—AS. réc; cp. Icel. reykr: OTeut. *rauki-; see Kluge (s. v. rauch).

Rekels, sb. incense, Cath.; recles, S, S2. Comb.: recle-fat, incense-vessel, censer, S, SD.—AS. récels.

Reken, v. to smoke, Cath.—AS. récan.

Rekenen, v. to reckon up, to give account, C2, W, PP; rekne, S2, PP; rikenen, S, PP; rikynyd, pp., W2; y-rekened, C2. Cp. Du. rekenen.

Rekeninge, sb. reckoning, C3.

Rekenthis, sb. pl. chains, WA; rekanthes, WA.—AS. racente; cp. Icel. rekendr. Cf. Bakenteie.

Rekkeles, adj. careless, S3; see **Recheles**.

Rekken, v. to reck, care, C2; see Rechen.

Relenten, v. to melt, C3, Palsg., Prompt., SkD.—OF. ralentir (Cotg.).

Reles, sb. relaxation, forgiveness, also taste, odour, Prompt.: relees, Prompt. (n); relees, Prompt. (en); without ceasing, C3.—AF. reles, relees, relais. See below.

Beleschen, v. to relax, release; relecen, Prompt.; relesse, C3; releschand, pr. p., S3; relessed, pt. s., forgave, C2; relessed, pp., forgiven, PP; relessed, PP. AF. relascher, relesser, releisser; Lat. relaxare.

Releven, v. to raise up again, to rise, PP, C3; relyue, S3; relieve, imp., take up again, S3.—AF. relever; Lat. relevare.

Belif, sb. what remains, a fragment taken up from the table; releef, Prompt.; relefe, Cath., SkD.; reliefe, Cath. (n); relifs, pl., W, W2; relifes, W; relifs, W2; relyues, S2.—OF. relief, remainder (Bartsch), from reliev-, accented stem of relever, to raise up; Lat. relevance.

Relikes, sb. pl. remains, H; relikis, W2.—AF. relikes; Lat. reliquias.

Relyen, v. to rally, call back, reassemble, to take courage again, PP; rely, B; releyt, pt. s., B, S2; releit, pp., S2, B. renegare.

-AF. relier, to rally (OF. ralier, in Bartsch); Lat. re + ligare, to bind.

Relyue, v. to rise, S3; relyued, pt. s., raised, S3; see Releuen.

Rem, sb. a kingdom, S2; reme, C; see Rewme.

Rem, sb. a cry, S; reames, pl., S.—AS. hréam, OS. hróm, Icel. rómr.

Reme, v. to cry, roar, S, PP; raum, HD; romy, H; romiand, pr. p., S2; rumyand, H; romyd, pt. s., H; remden, pl., S.—AS. hréman: OS. hrómian.

Remedie, sb. remedy, C2; remede, S3.

OF. remede, AF. remedie; Lat. remedium.

Remen, v. to give place, to quit, S, SD; roume, PP; rumen, SD; rimen, SD.—AS. rýman: OS. rúmian; cp. OFris. rêma, G. räumen, see Weigand. See Rowm.

Remenant, sb. remnant, C2, C3, S3; remenaunt, C, Prompt.; remanand, B; remelawnt, Prompt.; remlawnt, HD; remlin, Prompt. (n).—AF. remenant, OF. remanant, pr. p. of remanoir (Bartsch); Lat. remanère.

Remlet, sb. remnant, HD, Prompt. (n). See above.

Remouyn, v. to remove, Prompt.; remeuen, S₃, C₃, Palsg., SkD.—AF. remover (with change of conjugation) from OF. removoir; Lat. re + mouere.

Remuen, v. to remove, CM, ND, SkD; remown, Prompt.; remwe, to depart, S3; remewed, pp., C2.—OF. remuër; Lat. re+mutare.

Renable, adj. eloquent, PP; see Resunable.

Renably, adv. reasonably, CM; runnably, HD. See above.

Rend, v. to make to run into a shape, to cast metal, melt, H; rind, rynde, to melt, as lard, &c., JD.—Icel. renna, to make to run, to pour (of a melted substance), causal of renna (rinna), to run. See **Bennen**.

Renden, v. to tear, PP; reendyn, Prompt.; rente, pt. s., S; rended, pp., S2; y-rent, C3.—ONorth. rendan, to cut or tear down (BT).

Renegat, sb. renegade, C3; runagate, WW.—OF. renegat; Late Lat. renegatum.

Renewlen, v. to renew, W; renule, W2; renewlid, pp., W; renulid, W2.—

AF. renoveler; Late Lat. renovellare.

Reneys, v. to deny, reject, abandon, S2, PP, C2, CM.—OF. reneier; Late Lat. renegare.

rengis, HD.-OF. reng, renc; cp. AF. renc, ring of people, rencs, ranks; OHG. hring, ring. See Ring.

Renk, sb. a man, PP; renke, PP; renkes, pl., men, creatures, PP, HD; renkes, S2; reynkes, PP.—Icel. rekkr (for renkr), a man, used in poetry, also in law. Cp. AS. rinc, a warrior, a man (Grein). See **Banke**.

Renne, v. See under Rapen.

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Rennen, v. to run, SD, S, S2, S3, C2, W, PP; rin, S3; rynne, S3; ryn, S2; eornen, S, S2; ernen, S; urnen, S; serne, S; sernet, pr. pl., S; rynnys, S3; ron, pt. s., S2, PP; urnen, pl., S; eorn, S; iorne, pp., S; ronnen, PP; ronne, PP, C2; y-ronne, C2; y-ronnen, C; arnde, pt. s. (weak), S, SD; ernde, SD; ernden, pl., SD.—AS. rinnan, pt. s. ran, pp. gerunnen, also irnan, yrnan, pt. s. arn, pl. urnon, pp. urnen.

Rennyng, sb. running, S3; rennyngis, pl., currents, streams, W2.

Renome, sb. renown, WW, S3; renoume, WW; renowne, WW. See below.

Renomee, sb. renown, WW; renomme, B .- OF. renomee; Late Lat. *renominatam.

Renoumed, adj. renowned, WW; renowmed, WW. - Cp. OF. renommé; see

Renoun, sb. renown, SkD; renowne, B.—AF. renoun, renun, OF. renon, renom; Lat. re + nomen; cp. Sp. renombre, renown (Minsheu).

Rente, sb. revenue, pay, reward, S, C2; rent, Prompt.; rentes, pl., S, PP, S2; rentis, PP .- AF. rente; Late Lat. *rendita; Lat. reddita; from OF. rendre; Lat. reddere.

Renten, v. to endow, PP.

Renule, v. to renew, W2; see Renew-

Beod, sb. a reed, PP; see **Beed**.

Recusion, v. to grieve, SD. — AS. hréowsian, see Sievers, 411. See Rewen.

Reowen, v. to grieve, vex, S; see Rewen.

Reowsunge, sb. repentance, SD.—AS. hréowsung.

Reowde, sb. ruth, pity, S; see Rewde. Repair, sb. a place of resort, ND; Lat. re + excutere, to shake off. repeir, return, S3 .- OF. repaire.

Reng, sb. rank, SD; renges, pl., C; Repairen, v. to go to, C2, C3; repeiring, pr. p., C2; raparyt, pt. pl., S3; reparit, pp., S2.—AF. repeirer, OF. repairier; Lat. repatriare, to return to one's country.

> Reparailen, v. to repair; reparaild, pp., H.-OF. repareiller; cp. apareillier, to prepare; from pareil, like; Late Lat. pariculum (Ducange).

Reparaylynge, sb. restoration, H. Repe, sb. sheaf, manipulus, Voc., SD;

reepe, SD; repis, pl., H.

Repen, v. to cut grain, PP, W, W2; ripen, S; rap, pt. s., W; repen, pl., S; ropen, PP; ropun, W; rope, W2.— OMerc. repan (rypan, ripan): Goth. raupjan, to pluck; see Sievers, 159.

Repples, sb. pl. staves, cudgels (?), S. Reprenable, adj. reprehensible, C3, W. Repreue, v. to reprove, PP, Prompt., C3; repreued, pp., S2.—OF. repruever, reprover; Lat. reprobare.

Repreue, sb. reproof, C3; repreef, W. Repreuynges, sb. pl. reproofs, S2.

Repromyssioun, sb. promise, W.--Lat. repromissionem (Vulg.).

Repugnen, v. to fight against, W2; to deny, PP.—Lat. repugnare.

Repylle-stok, sb. an implement for cleaning flax, Voc. See Ripple.

Rerage, sb. arrears, PP, HD; rerages, pl., PP. Cf. Arerage.

Rerd, sb. voice, sound, SD; rerid, WA; reorde, S; rorde, SD; rearde, S2; rurd, S2; rerde, dat., SD, HD.—AS. reord for reard, cp. OHG. rarta: Goth. rasda; cp. Icel. rödd (gen. raddar).

Rerden, v. to speak, to sound; reordien, SD; rerdit, pt. pl., S3.—AS. reordian.

Reren, v. to make to rise, to rear, S2, B; rerde, pt. s., S, S2; rerid, pp., S2; rered, S2.—AS. réran: Goth. raisjan. See Rysen.

Resalgar, sb. realgar, red orpiment, C3, HD.—Sp. rejalgar, arsenic (Minsheu).

Rescouen, v. to rescue, SkD; rescowe, CM; reskew, B .- OF. rescou-, stem of rescouant, rescoant, pr. p. of rescorre. See below.

Rescous, sb. rescue, S3, C, SkD, CM. -OF. rescous (rescos), pp. of rescorre, to help, repair a damage, also resqueure (BH);

Rese. s. and v.; see Rase.

Resen, v. to shake, C; see Rusien.

Reset, sb. place of refuge, B; see **Receyt**.

Resownen, v. to resound; resowne, C; resouned, pt. s., C2.—OF. resoner; Lat. resonare.

Respyt, sb. respite, delay, leisure, C₃, C; respyte, Prompt., Cath.; respit, B.—AF. respit; Late Lat. respectum (acc.), respite, prorogation (Ducange); a technical sense of Lat. respectus, consideration.

Rest, sb. rest; reste, S.—AS. rest; cp. OHG. resti (Tatian).

Resten, v. to rest, S.—AS. restan; cp. OHG. resten (Tatian).

Resun, sb. reason, talk, S2, PP, Prompt; resoun, C2, S3, PP; reson, C2, PP, HD; reison, PP.—AF. resoun (reison, reasoun), also raisoun, reason, language; Lat. rationem.

Resunable, adj. reasonable, talkative, eloquent, Prompt.; resonable, PP; resnabl, HD; renable, PP; runable, PP. Notes (p. 23).—AF. resonable, OF. resnable, raisnable; Lat. rationabilem.

Retenaunce, sb. retinue, company, PP, HD.—AF. retenaunce; Late Lat. retinentia (Ducange).

Retenue, ab. retinue, suite, C2.—OF. retenue, a retinue (Cotg.); Late Lat. retenuta (Ducange). In F. retenue means 'reserve, modesty,' and has become obsolete in the English sense of a 'suite,' a body of attendants.

Rethor, sb. orator, C, C2, Manip.— Late Lat. rhethor; Lat. rhetor; Gr. βήτωρ.

Rethoryke, sb. rhetoric, C2; retoryke, PP; retoryk, PP.—Lat. rhetorica.

Retten, v. to account, impute, C, H, Prompt., W; rectyn, Prompt.—AF. retter, reter, to accuse (pp. rette, rete); Lat. reputare see BH, § 153; by popular etymology Low Lat. rectare, 'in jus vocare,' rectatus, accused (Schmid). Cf. A.-retten.

Reuful, adj. compassionate, S2; see Rewful.

Reule, sb. rule, PP, C; rewle, PP, S₃; riwle, S; reule, S₂; reul, S₂; riulen, pl., S.—AF. reule; Lat. regula; also OF. riule, rigle; Late Lat. rigula (for regula).

Reulen, v. to rule, PP, C; rewled, pt. s., S2.—AF. reuler; Lat. regulare.

Reuliche, adv. ruefully, S2; see Rew-

Beume, sb. kingdom; see Rewme.

Reue, sb. reeve, prefect, minister of state, steward, S, PP, Prompt.; reeve, C; reuen, pl., S. Comb.: ref-schipe, recveship, prefecture, S.—AS. (ge)refa.

Rene, sb. clothing, spoil, plunder, SD; ref, SD. Comb.: ref-lee, robbery, S, SD.

—AS. réaf, clothing, spoil; cp. Icel. rauf, spoil. Cf. Robe.

Reuel, sb. revel, C; see Reeuel.

Beuen, v. to rob, plunder, S, S2, S3; reane, S2; rieue, S3; refand, pr. p. H; reuede, pt. s.. S; rafte, C2; reueden, pl., S: y-raft, pp., C.—AS. réafan, to despoil.

Reuere, sb. robber, SD; reuer, S3; reueres, pl., S.—AS. réafere.

Reuing, sb. robbery, S; rauing, S.

Rewe, s. row, C; rewis, pl., S3; see Bawe.

Rewel (?). Comb.: rewel boon, C2; rowel boon, CM: reuylle bone, C2 (n); ruelle bones, pl., HD, C2 (n); rewle stone, HD (p. 698).

Rewen, v. to rue, grieve, S, PP, S2, S3, C2; reowen, S; ruwyn, Prompt.; rewing, pr. p., S3; reouth, pr. s., S; rwen, S2; rwede, pt. s., S.—AS. hréowan; cp. OS. hrewan.

Rewere, sb. one who pities; reewere, S2.

Rewful, adj. piteous, S, S2, C3; reuful, S2; reowfule, pl., S.

Rewle, sb. rule, S2; see Reule.

Rewliche, adj. pitiable, PP; rewit, piteous, S; rewell, S; ruly, HD.—AS. hrłowlic.

Rewliche, adv. piteously, S; reowliche, S; reuliche, S2; rewli, S; rwly, S2.—AS. hréowlice.

Rewlyngis, sb. pl. rough shoes, S3; see Riveling.

Rewme, 3b. kingdom, S2, W, H, PP; realme, CM; reaume, C2, S2; reume, PP, S2; reame, S2, PP; reme, C, PP, Cath.; rem, S2; reum, H.—OF. reaume, AF. realme; Late Lat. *regalimes.

Rewoe, sb. ruth, pity, S, C2, C3, G; reowe, S; route, S2, G; reove, S2; routh, S3; rupe, S, S3; rawe, S2; rewpes, pl., S2. See Rewen.

Rewoelese, adj. ruthless, C3; rewo-les, PP.

Reyn, sb. rain, W2, PP, C2; rien, S;

rein, S; reyne, PP; reane, S3; ran, S3.

—AS. regn (rén).

Reynen, v. to rain, PP; reinen, S; ranyt, pt. s, B.—AS. regnian (also rignan, rinan), see Sievers, 92.

Reysed, pp. ridden, C; see Base.

Reysen, v. to raise, G, CM; reisen, W2, S; reas, S3.—Icel. reisa; cp. Goth. raisjan. See Bisen, Beren.

Rezel, sb. a garment, rail, SkD; rail, JD; raile, HD; rayle, a kerchief, Palsg., Voc.; rayles, pl., ND.—AS. hrægl (Voc.). Cf. Y-rayled.

Riall, adj. royal, CM, S₃, PP; see **Real**. **Rially**, adv. royally, CM; see **Real**-rohe.

Ribaud, sb. villain, worthless creature, ribald, PP; rybaud, PP; ribaude, the Evil One, PP; ribaude, PP; ribaut, S3; ribaudes, pl., sinners, PP; ribaus, S.—AF ribald (pl. ribaus, ribaldes), OF. ribaud.

Ribaudie, sb. sin, S2, PP; ribald jesting, C3.—OF. ribaudie.

Ribaudour, sb. profligate fellow, PP; rybaudour, PP.

Ribaudrie, sb. ribaldry, PP; rybaud-rie, PP, S3.

Riche, adj. powerful, rich, S; ryche, PP; ryke, PP; rice, S.—OF. riche.

Riche, sb. kingdom, S, S2; ryche, PP; rice, S; rike, H, S2.—AS. rice.

Richelike, adv. richly, S; richeliche, S2.

Richen, v. to grow rich, PP; reches, pr. pl., PP.

Bichesse, sb. wealth, PP, S2, S3, C2; ritchesse, W; richeise, S; riches, WW; richesses, pl., costly articles, S2; ricchesses, WW; ritchesses, W.—OF. richese, AF, richesce.

Rict, adj. right, S; see Ryght.

Riden, v. to ride, S, S2; ridend, pr.p., S; rydinge, C3; ryd, imp., S; rit, pr. s., PP, C3; ritt, PP; ryt, PP, C; rad, pt. s., S2, B; rod, S, S2; rood, C2; riden, pt., S, C3, C; rade, S2; raid, B; riden, pp., C2; rad, B. Comb.: redyng-kyng, a kind of feudal retainer, PP; redyng-kynges, pl., PP.—AS. ridan, pt. s. rid, pl. ridon.

Ridere, sb. rider, S; rideres, pl., S; rideren, S.

Ridil, sb. a sieve, Prompt.; rydelle, Cath.; ryddel, ruddle, Cath. (n). Cf. Rydder.

Ridilen, v. to sift; rydelyn, Prompt.; ridile, W; ridilande, pr. p., S2. Phr.: riddlide watris = Lat. cribrans aquas (Vulg.), Cath. (n).

Rif. v. to rive, S2; see Ryuen.

Rift, sb. veil, curtain; rift, S.—AS. rift; cp. Icel. ript, ripti.

Riften, v. eructare, H (Ps. 18. 2); rift, to belch, Manip.—Icel. rypta.

Riht, adj. and sb. right, S; see Ryght.
Rihten, v. to direct, correct, S; rigten, to set straight, S; rigti, S2; rightid, pt. s., S2.—AS. rihtan.

Bihtlecen, v. to direct, set right, S; rlytleche, S2, HD; ryytlokede, pp., S3.—AS. rihtlécan.

Rihtwis, adj. righteous, S; see Ryght. Rike, sb. kingdom, S2; see Riche.

Rikenare, sb. reckoner, S.

Rikenen, v. to reckon, S, PP; see Rekenen.

Rin, v. to run, S3; see Rennen.

Ring, v. to reign, S3; see Regnen.

Riot, v. to revel, live dissolutely, gluttonously, WW; ryot, B; riotte, to be dissolute, *luxuriare*, Manip.

Riote, sb. uproar, SkD; riot, dissolute, luxurious living, WW; rlotte, Manip.; ryot, depredation, B.—AF. riote (ryot), confusion, OF. riote, quarrelling (Bartsch), also feasting (Ducange); cp. ODu. revot, caterva nebulonum, luxuria'; see SkD.

Riotour, sb. rioter; rioter, glutton, WW; ryotoures, pl., C3.—AF. riotour, OF. riotheir (Ps. 36. 1).

Riotous, adj. luxurious, dissolute, WW.—Cp. Low Lat. riotosus (Ducange). **Ripe**, adj. fit for reaping, mature, S;

rype, C2.

Ripen, v. to become ripe, Prompt.; ripede, pt. s., S.—AS. ripian.

Ripen, v. to divide by tearing open, to rip, to search diligently, examine, HD, JD, SkD (s. v. rip); rype, Palsg.; riped, pt. s., S2.—Cp. Swed. repa, to scratch.

Ripple, sb. an instrument for ripping of the flax-seeds, JD. Comb.: repylle-

stok, an implement for cleaning flax, Voc. **Ripplen**, v. to ripple flax, JD; **rypelen**, SkD, Prompt.

Rishe, sb. rush, S3; see Rusche.

Rist, pr. s. riseth, rises, C3; see Rysen. Rit, pr. s. rides, C3; see Riden.

Riuelic, adv. frequently, S2. See

Riveling, sb. a kind of shoe, SD, HD; rullion, JD; rewlyngis, pl., S3; rowlyngis, JD.—AS. rifelingas, 'obstrigelli' (Voc.); cp. AF. rivelinges, rivelins.

Rixan, v. to reign, S.—AS. rlesian (rtxian); cp. OHG. rlhhisôn (Tatian), see Sievers, 411. See **Riche**.

Rixlien, v. to reign, S. See above. **Rixt**, sb. right, justice, S2; see **Eyght**. **Ro.** sb. quiet, S2; see **Eoo**.

Robben, v. to plunder, spoil, rob, SkD, PP; robby, S2.— AF. robber; cp. It. robbare, to rob (Florio).

Robbeour, sb. robber, PP; robbour, PP.—AF. robeöur, OF. robeör; Low Lat. robatorem; cp. It. robbatore, robber (Florio).

Robe, sô. robe, PP; robes, pl., clothes, PP; robis, PP.—AF. robe; cp. It. robba, gown, robe, goods (Florio).

Roberie, sb. robbery, S.—AF. roberie.

Roche, sb. rock, S, S3, C2, H; rooch,
S2, W2. Comb.: roche-wall, rock-wall,
S.—AF. roche.

Rod, pt. s. rode, S, S2; see **Riden**.

Rede, sb. a road, a riding, SkD, WW, Sh.; rade, S2, JD; roade, WW; roode, place where vessels ride at anchor, bitalassum, Prompt.—AS. rád.

Rode, sb. red complexion, C2, S2; see Bude.

Rody, adj. ruddy, S2, C2, PP; rodi, W. Roggen, v. to shake, PP, HD, S2, Prompt.; rug, JD.—Icel. rugga, to rock a cradle.

Rohten, pt. pl. recked, S; see Rechen. Roial, adj. royal, CM; see Real.

Boialtee, sb. royalty, C3; see **Bealte**. **Bokke**, sb. a distaff, Prompt., Cath., HD; rok, S3; roche, Manip.; rocks, pl., S3, HD.—Icel. rokkr.

Rokken, v. to rock, Prompt.; y-rokked, pp., S2.

Romblen, v. to ramble; romblynge, pr. p., PP.

Romen, v. to rove about, to ramble, wander, roam, C2, C3, PP, SkD; rame, HD; raymen, PP, S2; rowme, PP; rombe, PP. Cp. OS. rômôn, OHG. râmên, to strive after (Otfrid).

Romere, sb. roamer, wanderer, PP; rowmer, PP; romares, pl., PP; romberis, PP.

. Rome-renneres, sb. pl. agents at the court of Rome, PP.

Ron, pt. s. ran, S2; see **Rennen**.

Reng, pt. s. rang, C3; see Ryngen.

Roo, sb. roe, deer, S2, Prompt.; ro, S2; ra, JD; rays, pl., S3.—AS. rdh (Voc.), also rdha (Voc.), see Sievers, 117.

Roo, sb. rest, quiet, S2, HD; ro, HD. S2.—Icel. rb: AS. rbw: OHG, ruowa (G. ruhe).

Bood, pt. s. rode, C2; see Biden.

Roode, sb. the rood, cross, gallows, PP, G, Prompt.; rode, PP, S, S2, S3; rude, B; roid, B; rod, a rod, SkD. Phr.: rule the rod, to bear sway, NQ (6. 3. 169). Comb.: rode-tre, the cross, S2; rude evyn, eve of the Rood (Sept. 13), B.—AS. rod: OS. roda; cp. OHG. ruoda (G. rute).

Roof, sb. roof, W, Prompt.; rhof, SkD; roff, PP; roue, S3; rofe, PP; roouys, pl., W2.—AS. hrbf.

Roomth, sb. room, space, ND. See Rowm.

Roomthie, adj. spacious, Cotg. (s. v. large).

Roemthsome, adj. spacious, DG.

Rop, sb. a rope, PP; rapes, pl., S.—AS. ráp; cp. Icel. reip.

Rope, pt. pl. reaped, W2; see Repen.
Ropere, sb. rope-maker or rope-seller,

Boploch, adj. coarse, applied to woollen stuffs, JD; sb. coarse woollen cloth, S3 raplach, raplock, reploch, JD.

Roren, v. to roar, C, PP; roorin, Prompt; rarin, H (Ps. 76. 1); rar, B; rair, S3, B.—AS. rárian, to lament loudly, to bellow.

Bos, pt. s. rose, S, C2; see **Rysen**.

Rose, sb. rose, Prompt.; rose, W2; role, S3; rose, S3 (11 a. 6); rosen, pl., SkD; roseis, W2. Comb.: rose-reed, red as a rose, C3.—OProv. rose; Lat. rosa; cp. AS. rose.

Rosen, v. to praise, reflex. to boast, H; roose, JD; ruse, JD; roysen, H; reese, JD.—Icel. hrósa, to praise, reflex. to boast, from hróðr, praise, fame.

Rospen, v. to scrape, S; see Raspen.

Rost, sb. roast (meat), PP; roste, PP. Phr.: rules the rost, takes the lead, domineers, S3, ND. NQ (6. 3. 170), HD (s. v. rule-stone), SPD (s. v. roast).—AF. rost, roste.

Roste, v. to roast, C; y-rosted, pp., S3.—OF. rostir.

Rote, sb. root, W2, PP, S2, C2; rot, S2;

roote, a term in astrology, S2, C3; foot, C2; rutis, pl., S3; rotes, PP.—Icel. rót; the same word as AS. wrót, snout, 'bruncus;' see Voc. (cp. wrótan, to grub up).

Rote, sb. a musical instrument, C, HD, ND, SkD; roote, HD.—AF. rote; OHG. hrota; cp. Low Lat. chrotta, Olr. crot (Windisch). Cf. Crowde.

Rote, v. to rot, H (Ps. 15. 10). Der.: rotyng, rotting, S2 .- AS. rotian.

Rote, in phr. by rote; see Route.

Roten, adj. rotten, C3; rotyn, HD; rotun, W2; rottyn, B.—Cp. Icel. rotinn, perhaps a pp. form.

Rober. sb. a paddle for rowing, used also as a rudder, S, S2; rothyr, Prompt.; rodyr, Voc., Prompt.; rudyr, oar, Cath.; rither, rudder, DG. See Bowen.

Roter, sb. an ox, SD, HD; reter, SD; recter, SD; recteren, pl., SD; reteren, SD; roberen, S3; roberon, S2; riberen, SD; ruderen, SD. Phr.: rule the rother, ND. Comb.: rother-soyl, manure, HD, ND; retherne-tounge, the herb bugloss, HD.—AS. hreover: hriver, OFris. hriver: OHG. hrind (pl. hrindir); cp. G. rind.

Robun, sb. a driving storm, S2. — Cp. Icel. rolli, the wind, tempest.

Rouken, v. to lie close, cower down, CM, C, HD, JD.

Rouncle, v. to wrinkle, S2; see Runkylle.

Rouncy, sb. a horse, C, CM; rounsy, HD; rowney, HD.—AF. runcin (Roland); cp. OF. roucin (F. roussin), Sp. rocin, whence rocinante, see Diez, p. 277.

Rounde, adj. round, PP.—AF. rounde, OF. reont, roont; Lat. rotundum (acc.).

Roundel, sb. a kind of ballad, C.—OF. rondel.

Roune, sb. a secret, a mystery, S2; rune, a secret, S; roun, song, S2; runen, pl., secret discourses, S; runes, S; rounes, S2.—AS. rún: OS. and Goth. rúna, a secret, counsel.

Rounen, v. to talk secretly, whisper, PP, C2; runien, S; rownen, H, PP, Cath., S3, C2, C3; rounden, PP, ND, Sh., SPD.—AS. rúnian, to whisper.

Rouning, sb. secret conference, S; rowning, B; runinge, S; rouninges, pl., S; ronenen, whisperings, S.

Roussat, sb. russet, S3; see Russet. Route, sb. a rout, overthrow, troop, throng, company, S2, PP, S3, C2, C3; rout, S2; rowtes, pl., S2; rute, a route, | Manip.; ruddok, CM.

rut, way, path, SkD. Phr.: by rote, C2, C3, SkD; by roote, C.—AF. route, rute, a band of men, a way, OF. rote; Late Lat. rupta, a broken mass of flying men, a defeat, a company in broken ranks, a disorderly array, a way broken through a country.

Boute, v. to put to flight, Manip.; to assemble in a company, S2, C3.

Roupe, sb. pity, S; see Rewde.

Rouste. pt. s. recked, C2; see Bechen.

Roue, sb. roof, S3; see Roof.

Row, adj. rough, C3, SkD; rogh, SkD; rose, S2; rouch, S3, JD; ruh, SD.—AS. rúh (gen. rúwes); cp. G. rauh.

Rowen, v. to row, S, PP.—AS. rówan. Rowle, v. to roll, S3; rele, S3; rollyn, Prompt.; rueled, pt. s., S2.—AF. rouler, roler; Late Lat. rotulare. Cf.

Rowm. sb. space, Prompt., B; rowme. cell, room, Prompt., S3, SkD; rome, S3. -AS. rúm, space, Goth. rums.

Rowme, adj. spacious, roomy, H; roume, S2.

Rowste, sb. voice, WA.—Icel. raust. **Rowt.** sb. a stunning blow, S2, B; rout, B.

Rowte. sb. noise, snoring, CM.

Rowten, v. to make a great noise, to bellow, to snore, H, S2, S3, Prompt.; routen, B, CM, JD, SD; rowtande, pr. p., roaring, noisy, S2; routte, pt. s., PP; rutte, PP; routit, S2.—AS. hrutan, to

Royle, v. to rove about, Manip.; roile, HD, PP; roule, PP. Notes (p. 94), CM. -OF, roiller, roller (Ducange), AF, rouler; Late Lat. rotulare. See Bowle.

Royle, sb. a stumbling horse, S3, PP. Notes (p. 94); oblongula mulier, Manip.

Royn, sb. scurf; as adj., rough, scurfy, S3. -OF. roigne (Cotg.); Lat. robiginem, rust, scab.

Roynish, adj. scabby, ND, Sh.; roinish, HD.

Royster. sb. a bully, swaggerer, saucy fellow, S3; roister, ND. Comb.: roister-doister, S3 (p. 262). - OF. rustre, royster, swaggerer (Cotg.), also roiste (Ducange), ruiste (BH), ruste; Lat. rusticum, a countryman.

Roze, adj. rough, S2; see Row. Rozte, pt. s. cared, S; see Rechen. **Ruddocke**, sb. the robin redbreast,

Rude, sb. redness, S; ruddes, pl., S3.— AS. rudu (Voc.).

Rude, adj. rough, undressed (of cloth) (=Lat. rudis = ἀγνάφοs), S2; ruyd, B; roid, B.—OF. rude; Lat. rudem.

Rudelyche, adv. rudely, C; ruydly, B; roydly, B; rudly, B.

Ruffle, v. to bluster, to be noisy and turbulent, S₃, Sh., ND; ruffelynge, pr. p., S₃.—ODu. roffelen, to pander.

Ruffler, sb. a cheating bully, ND, HD. **Rug**, sb. back, S; **rugge**, S, S2; see **Rygge**.

Buggy, adj. rough, C, CM.—Cp. Swed. ruggig, rough, hairy. See **Row**.

Ruke, sb. a heap, S; ruck, JD; ruken, pl., S. Cp. OSwed. rúka, 'acervus.'

Rukelen, v. to heap up, SD, S.

Rummeis, v. to bellow, S₃; rummes, JD; rowmyss, JD; reimis, JD.—See SkD (s. v. rumble). The word rummeis is no doubt of Romance origin, an inchoative in sco from Lat. *rumare, found in ad-rumare, to make a lowing noise; cp. OF. roumant, a murmur (Ducange).

Rummiss, sb. a loud, rattling, or rumbling noise, JD; reimis, JD; reemish, JD; rummage, an obstreperous din, JD.

Runagate, sb. renegade, WW; see

Runagate, sb. renegade, WW; see Renegat. Rune, sb. a secret, S; runen, pl. secret

discourses, S; see Roune.
Runien, v. to discourse, S; see Roun-

Edulien, 7. to discourse, 5; see Eoun-

Bunge, pt. pl. rang; see **Byngen**. **Bunkylle**, sb. a wrinkle, Cath.; runriii, JD.—Cp. Dan. rynke.

Bunkylle, v. to wrinkle, Cath.; runkle, JD; rouncle, S2; rouncled, pp., Cath (n); roncled, HD.—Cp. Swed. rynka.

Rurd, sb. cry, noise, S2; see Rerd.

Rusche, sb. rush, PP; rische, PP; resshe, PP; rische, S3; risch, Manip.; ryshes, pl., S3.—AS. risce, resce (Voc.).

Rusien, v. to shake, SD, C (n); rese, C; resye, C (n); rused, pt. s., PP.—AS. hrysian, Goth. hrisjan.

Russet, adj. russet, PP, Prompt; rousset, S3; russets, sb. pl., clothes of a russet colour, ND.—AF. russet, OF. rousset; cp. Low Lat. roussetum (Ducange).

Russetting, sb. coarse cloth of russet colour, HD; a kind of apple, ND.

Rupe, sb. ruth, pity, S; see Rewthe. Rutis. sb. pl. roots, S3; see Rote. **Ewly**, adv. ruefully, S2; see **Eewliche**: **Eybybe**, sb. a kind of fiddle, uetella, vitula, Voc., Prompt.; [ribtbe, an old woman, CM, ND]; rebeke, Manip.; rebeke, rebeck, SkD; rebecke, ND.—It ribebba (also ribecca); Arab. rabbba, a fiddle with one or two strings, Steingass, p. 397.

Rybybour, sb. a player on the ribibe,

PP. See above.

Rydder, sb. a sieve, cribrum, Voc.—AS. hrider (Voc.). Cf. **Bidil**.

Eydel, sb. riddle, Prompt.; see **Redels**. **Eyfe**, adj. abundant, numerous, frequent, openly known, S₃; ryyt, Prompt.; ryff, PP; ryue, G.—Icel. rffr, munificent.

Ryfelen, v. to rob, plunder, Prompt. y-rifled, pp., PP.—OF. rifler (Cotg.).

Byflowre, sb. robber, plunderer, Prompt. **Byflynge**, sb. plunder, PP.

Ryge, sb. stormy rain, S2; rig, HD.—Icel. hregg, storm and rain.

Rygge, sb. back, ridge, HD, PP; ryg, B, PP; rugge, S, PP, S2; rug, S; rugges, pl., HD; rigge, S, HD, G; rig, S2. Comb.: rygge-bon, spondile, Voc.; rygbone, spina, Voc., PP; rygboon, HD; riggebon, PP, G.—AS. hrycg; cp. OHG. ruggi (Otfrid).

Ryght, adv. exactly, very, PP; riht, right, close, S, S₂; rihtt, S; rihte, S; rict, S; rigt, S; rist, S, S₂. Phr.: ryst

now late, only lately, S2.

Byght, adj. right, Prompt.; ryht, S2; rigt, S2, W; rihte, S; rigte, S; riste, S; riot, S. Comb.: rigt-ful, straight (= Lat. rectus), S2, W; rystfol, S2; rystulle, S2; rigtulnesse, righteousness, W; riht-half, right side, S; rightwis, righteous, S; richtwise, S; rightwise, S; richtwise, S; rightwise, s. to justify, H; rihtwisnesse, righteousness, S; rystwisnesse, W; rightwisnesse, S2; rightwisnesse, W; rightwisnesse, S2; ryghtwisnesse, C3.—AS. riht.

Ryghte, sō. right, law, equity, Cath.; ri3t, S2; ri3tes, S2; ri3tes, pl., S2; rystes, gen. as adv., rightly, immediately, S2; ri3tes, S2. Phr.: to pe ri3tes, exactly, S2; at alle rightes, C; mid rihte, rightly, S; mid rihten, S; wipp rihhte, S.

Ryme, sb. hoar-frost, H, Prompt. Comb.: ryme-frost, hoar-frost, HD.—AS. hrlm.

Eyme, sb. rime, verse, poetry, Prompt.,

S, PP; rym, C2, C3; rime, S; rymes, pl., rimes, ballads, PP, C2. Phr.: on his rime, in his turn, S.—OF. rime, rym; OHG. rlm, number; cp. AS. rlm.

Rymen, v. to rime, Prompt., S3, C2, C3.—AF. rimer (rymer).

Eyming. sb. the art of riming, C2.

Rymthe, sb. room, leisure, Prompt.

Rynen, v. to touch, H. Der.: riner, the quoit that touches the mark, HD.—AS. hrinan, OS. hrinan; cp. OHG. rinan

Rynge, sb. a circle, annulus, Prompt.; rynges, pl., PP; ringes, C3. Comb.: ring-leader, praesultor, Manip.; the person who opens a ball, HD, NQ (5. 1. 146); ryng-sangis, songs adapted for circular dances, S3.—AS. hring, Icel. hringr.

Ryngen, v. to ring, Prompt.; ringes, pr. pl., S; rong, pt. s., C3; runge, pl., S (19. 1273); i-runge, pp., S.—AS. ringan, pt. s. rang (pl. rungon), pp. rungen.

Ryngis, sb. pl. reigns, S3; see Begne. Ryngis, pr. pl. reigns, S3; see Regnen. **Rys.** sb. twig, branch, branches, S2, G (s. v. woode), CM; ris, S, CM; ryss, S3; riparia, seashore, bank, river. See Byue.

ryse, Cath., S3. Comb.: rise-bushes, sticks cut for burning, DG.—AS. hris; cp. Icel. hrís, G. reis.

Rysen, v. to rise, PP, C2; riss, B; risand, pr. p., S2; riseand, S2; ris, imp., S; rist, pr. s., C3; ros, pt. s., S, C2; roos, C2, W; raiss, S2, B; rass, B; risen, pl., W; rysen, W; rise, C2; rysed, pt. s. (wcak), S2.—AS. rísan, pt. s. rás (pl. rison), pp. risen.

Ryshe, sb. rush, S3; see Busche.

Rysp, sb. coarse grass, S3; risp, JD. Cp. G. rispe, see Weigand.

Ryue, sb. shore, S.—OF. rive; Lat.

Ryue. adj. abundant, G; see Byfe.

Ryuel. sb. a wrinkle, SD.

Ryuelen, v. to wrinkle, HD, PP; ryueleden, pt. pl., PP; riueld, pp., S3.—Cp. AS. rifelede (Lat. rugosus), Eng. Studien, xi. 66; and Du. ruifelen.

Ryueling, sb. a wrinkling, W; ryuelynges, pl., wrinkles, W2.

Ryuen, v. to tear, rive, S2, C2, C3; rif, S2; ryfe, H.—Icel. rifa.

Rvuer. sb. river, PP; ryuere, Prompt., CM; rivere, S.-AF. rivere; Late Lat.

S.

Sa. so, as, S, S₂; see **Swa**. Saaf, adj. healed, S2; see Sauf.

Sabat, sb. sabbath, W; sabot, W; sabote, S2; sabothis, pl., S2.—Lat. sabbatum (Vulg.); Gr. σάββατον; Heb. shabbath, rest, sabbath.

Sabeline. sb. the sable, also the fur of the sable, S; sablyne, S.—OF. sabeline, from sable; Russ. sobole; cp. G. zobel.

Sac. sb. crime, S2; see Sak.

Saccles, adj. guiltless, S2; see Sakles. Sachel, sb. wallet, satchel, W, H (p. 144).—OF. sachel; Lat. saccellum (acc.), dimin. of saccus. See Sak.

Sacren. v. to consecrate, hallow, S, Prompt.; y-sacred, pp., S3.—OF. sacrer; Lat. sacrare.

Sacristane, sb. sacristan, Cath.; secristoun, Voc.; sexteyne, Prompt.; sexteyn, C2.—AF. secrestein, OF. sacristain, sexton (Cotg.); from Church Lat. sacrista (Voc.).

Sad. adj. sated, over full, weary, satisfied, serious, firm, sober, discreet, grave, PP, S2, S3, C, C2, C3, W; sead, S; sæd, S; sadde, adv., S3; sadder, comp., more soundly (of sleep), PP.—AS sæd: OS. sad, sated; cp. OHG. sat (Tatian): Goth. saths; cp. Lat. satis; see Brugmann, § 109.

Sadel, sb. saddle, C3; sadyl, Prompt. Comb.: sadel-bowe, saddle-bow, S.—AS.

Sadelien, v. to saddle; sadelede, pt. s., S; sadeled, pp., G.—AS. sadelian.

Sadly. adv. seriously, S₃, C, C₂, C₃; sadlier, comp., more heavily, PP; sadloker, more soundly, S2, PP.

Sadnes, sb. stedfastness, soberness, discreetness, S3, WA; sadnesse, C2, P, W, W 2.

Sae, sb. sea, S; see **See**.

Sæclian, v. to sicken; sæclede, pt. s., S. See Sek.

Sæd, adj. sated, S; see Sad.

Smht, smhte; see Saht, Sahte. Smhtleden, pt. pl. reconciled, S; see Sahtlien.

Særes, pl. shears, S; see Schere. Særi, adj. sorry, S; see Sory.

Sætte, pt. s. set, S; see Setten.

Sæw. sb. juice, S; see Sewe.

Safferes, Safiris; see Saphir.

Saffron, v. to tinge with saffron, C₃. Saffroun, sb. saffron, C₂; saffrun, Prompt.; saffran, SkD; safforne, S₃.— AF. saffran.

Safte, sb. pl. creatures, S; see Schaft. Sag, Sagh, saw; see Seon.

Saghe, sb. saw, saying, H; see Sawe. Saghtel, I p. pr. pl. become reconciled, S2; see Sahtlien.

Saht, adj. at peace, reconciled; seeht, S; sehte, S; saut, HD; sahhte, pl., S.—
—AS. sæht; cp. Icel. såttr.

Sahte, sb. peace, reconciliation, S; seate, concord, S; saughte, HD.—Cp. Icel. sdtt, concord.

Sahtlien, v. to reconcile, to be reconciled, S, SkD (s.v. settle); saytlen, SkD; saytlen, SkD; saytlen, SkD; saytlen, Sz; saytlin, WA; saghteylle, HD.—AS. sahtlian.

Sahtling, sh. reconciliation; saitlyng, S2; saustelyng, HD; saughtelynge, HD. See above.

Sahtnen, v. to reconcile, to be reconciled, S; sauhtne, PP; sau; tne, P.

Sahtnesse, sb. peace, reconciliation, S; sehtnesse, S; seihtnesse, S.—AS. sahtnis.

Saiz, saw.; see Seon.

Sak, sb. sack, sackcloth, PP, W2; sek, S2; seck, S; seckes, pl., S; sakkes, PP.

—AS. sacc; Lat. saccus (Vulg.); Gr. odkeos (LXX); Heb. saq, probably of Egyptian origin.

Sak, sb. guilt, crime, cause, sake, S2, B; sake, S; sac, S2; sakess, pl., crimes, S2. —Icel. sök (stem saka-), a cause, charge, guilt, 'crime: Goth. sakjo' (= $\mu \alpha \chi \eta$); cp. AS. sacu, 'OHG. sahha, 'causa' (Tatian).

Sakeo, pr. s. shakes, S; see Schaken. Sakles, adj. guiltless, S2; sakless, B; sacoles, S2; sacolesti, adv., guiltlessly, S2.—AS. sackas; cp. Icel. saklauss.

Sal, sb. salt. Comb.: sal-armoniak, sal ammoniac, C3; sal-peter, saltpetre, C3; sal-preparat, prepared salt, C3; sal-tartre, salt of tartar, C3.—Lat. sal.

Salad, sb. helmet, CM; sallet, ND, Sh.; salettes, pl., RD(p.1663).—OF. salade (Cotg.); cp. Low Lat. salada (Ducange), Sp. celada (Minsheu).

Sald, pt. s. sold, S2; see Sellen.

Sale, sb. hall, WA, S, HD.—Icel. salr; cp. AS. sal (gen. sales).

Sale, sb. basket of willow-twigs for catching eels, etc., S3. See **Salwe**.

Salewis, sb. pl. willows, W2; see Salwe.

Salm, sb. psalm, S2, W2; psalme, H; psalmes, pl., PP; salmes, S2.—Church Lat. psalmus (Vulg.); Gr. ψαλμός (LXX).

Salme, v. to sing psalms, S2.

Salt, sb. salt, Voc., S; sealte, dat., S2. Comb.: salt-cote, a salt-pit, salina, Voc.; salte-cote, Cath., Voc.—AS. sealt.

Salt, adj. salted, salt, salsus, SD; sealte, S2; salte, pl., C2.
Salue, v. to salute, C2, C3.—OF. saluer; Lat. salutare.

Saluyng, sb. salutation, C.

Salve, sb. salve, ointment, C2, PP; salve, H (p. 184).—AS. sealf; cp. G. salbe.

Salwe, sb. a kind of willow, a sallow, SkD, Voc.; salwhe, Prompt.; salghe, HD; salewis, pl., W2.—AS. scalh (Voc.): OHG. salahá; cp. Lat. salic-em, Ir. sail, Gr. &lin, W. helyg.

Sam sam, conj. whether or, S.

Same, adj. same, SkD; samyn, S3, B; sammyn, dat., S2, B.—Icel. samr.

Same, sb. shame, S; see Schame.

Samed, adv. together, SD; somed, S; somet, S.—AS. samod.

Samen, adv. together, PP, S, S2, H; samenn, S; samyn, H, B; sammyn, B. —Icel. saman; cp. OHG. saman (Tatian).

Samet, sb. a rich silk stuff, CM; samyte, SkD; samite, ND.—OF . samit. Late Lat. examitum; Late Gr. ἐξάμιτον; cp. G. samit, velvet, It. sciamito (Florio).

Samie, v. to be ashamed, S; see

Samm-tale, adj. pl. in harmony, S. Sammien, v. to unite; sommen, S; sammnesst, 2 pr. s.. S; 1-sommed, pp., S; sammed, S2; samened, S2; samynd, H.—AS. samnian.

Samon, sb. salmon, S2; see Saumon. Sand, sb. sand, PP; see Sond. Sand, sb. a gift, S2; see Sond. **Sanderbodes**, sb. pl. messengers, S; see **Sonder**.

Sang, sb. song, S, S3; see Songe.

Sang, sb. blood. Comb.: sank royall, blood royal, S3 (14. 490).—OF. sanc, sang; Lat. sanguinem.

Sangwine, adj. blood-red, S3; sangwin, C; sangwane, blood colour (in heraldry), S3.—AF. sanguine; Lat. sanguineum.

Sans, prep. without, C3; sans, S2, PP; saun, HD. Comb.: saun fail, without fail, HD.—OF. sans, senz; Lat. sine, see BH, § 50.

Sant, adj. and sb. holy, saint, S2; sante, S; sante, B.—Lat. sanctus. Cf. Seint.

Sanyt, pt. s. crossed himself, S2; see

Seynen.

Sape, sb. soap, S; see Soope.

Saphir, sb. sapphire; safiris, W (Apoc. 21. 19); saphires, pl., C2, PP; safferes, P.—AF. safir, saphire; Lat. sapphirum (acc.); Gr. σάπφειρος; Heb. sappir.

Sapience, sb. Wisdom, i. e. the book so called, C2, P; wisdom, C3; **sapiences**, pl., kinds of intelligence, C3.—OF. sapience; Lat. sapientia.

Sar, Sare, Sair; see Sore.

Sarce, sb. sieve, Cath., Palsg.; searce, Cotg. (s.v. tamis); sarse, Cath. (n); sarse, Cath. (n).—OF. sas, a searce (Cotg.), saas: Sp. cedázo (Minsheu); Lat. setaceum, from seta, hair on an animal. See Say.

Sarce, v. to sift, Palsg.; searse, Cath. (n).—OF. sasser.

Sari, adj. sorry, S; see Sory.

Sark, sb. shirt, S3; see Serk.

Sarmoun, sb. sermon, P; see Sermoun. Satern, sb. Saturnus, SD. Comb.: Sateres-dai, Saturday, S; Saterdei, S; seterday, PP; sætterdæi, S; saterday, PP; seturday, PP.

Sattel, v. to subside, S2, S3; see Setlen.
Sauf, adj. safe, healed, made whole, S2, C3, P; sauf, S2; saf, S2; saaf, S2, W; sauf, prep., save, except, C; saue, C2, C3; sauffe, S3; saufiche, adv., safely, S2; saufly, C, C2, PP; sauely, H. Comb.: saulfe-garde, safe-keeping, S3; salfgard, S3.—AF. sauf, OF. salf; Lat. saluum.

Saugh, saw; see Seon.

Saughte, v. to be reconciled, G. See Saht.

Saule, sb. soul, S; sawl, S; saull, S3; saulen, pl., S; see Soule.

Saumon, sb. salmon, Voc.; salmond, B; samon, S2; samowne, Prompt.—OF. saumun, salmon; Lat. salmonem.

Saumplarie, sb. example, instructor, PP.

Saumple, sb. example, PP, W2, HD. **Saumpler**, sb. exemplar, pattern, W.

Saundyuer, sb. the fatty substance-floating on glass when it is red-hot in the furnace, S2; sawndevere, HD; sandiver, Cotg.—OF. suin de verre, the sweating of glass (Cotg.); suin or suint, from suinter, to sweat, as stones in moist weather; nasalised from OTeut. base SWIT. whence G.

schwitzen, to sweat.

Sausefleme, sb. the scab, salsum flegma,
C (p.140). Der.: sauseflemed, adj., having
pimples on the face, HD; sawceflem, pimpled, C, CM.—Late Lat. salsum flegma.

Saut, sb. assault, H, PP; saute, H; sawt, B.—OF. saut, a leap; Lat. saltum.

Saute, v. to leap, PP.—OF. sauter, sauter; Lat. saltare.

Sauter, sb. a musical instrument, psalter, psalms, S2; sawter, Voc.; sawtre, Voc.; sautre, W2; psauter, PP; psautere, H (p. 3). Comb.: sawter-boke, Voc.—OF. sautier (Bartsch), psaultier; C..urch Lat. psalterium; Gr. wahrhpoor.

Sauvacioun, sb. salvation, S2, S3, C3, P.—AF. salvacioun; Lat. salvationem.

Sau; tne, v. become reconciled, P; see Sahtnen.

Saue, prep. save, C2; see Sauf.

Saueine, sb. savin, sabine, SkD; sewane, S₃.—AS. safine; Lat. sabina; cp. OF. sabine, savinier, the savine-tree (Cotg.).

Saueté, sb. safety, PP; sauyte, S2; safte, P.—AF. sauvete; Late Lat. salvitatem.

Save, sb. the herb sage, C; see **Sawge**. **Savour**, sb. savour, smell, pleasantness, pleasure, P, C2, C3, WW.—OF. saveur; Lat. saporem.

Savouren, v. to have a pleasant taste, to give an appetite to, S2, P; sauere (= Lat. sapere), to have a taste, perception, W; sauer, S2, WW, CM.—AF. savourer.

Sawe, sb. a saw, saying, S2, C, C3; saghe, H; saghes, pl., H; saghs, S2; sawes, S2, P.—AS. sagu.

Sawe, v. to sow, S; see Sowen.

Sawge, sb. the herb sage, Prompt.; salge, Cath.; save, C, HD.—OF. sauge; Lat. saluia; cp. Low Lat. salgia (Cath.).

Say, pt. s. saw; see Seon.

Say, sb. silk, WA.—OF. seie; Sp. seda; Lat. sēta, bristle. Cf. Sarce.

Sayne, sb. a net, WA.—OF. seine; Lat. sagēna; Gr. σαγήνη; cp. OIr. sén.

Sayntuaryes, sb. pl. relics, S3; see Seintuarie.

Saz, pt. s. saw; see Seon.

Saytled, pt. s. settled, S2; see Setlen. Saytlyng, sb. reconciliation, S2; see Sahtling.

Sc.. For many words beginning with sc., see **Sch.**.

Scae, she, S; see Sheo.

Scærp, adj. sharp, S; see Scharp.

Scandlic, adj. disgraceful, S. See Schonde.

Scaplorye, sb. a kind of scarf, Prompt.; scaplory, scapelory, Cath., S; scaplorey, Voc.; scapelary, Prompt.; chapolory, S3; scaplery, Cath. (n); scapularye, Cath. (n); scapularye, Cath. (n).—Church Lat. scapulare, from scapula, shoulder (Vulg.).

Scarl, sb. scare-crow, bugbear, HD; scarle, Cath.

Scarren, v. to scare, SD; see Skerren. Scars, adj. scarce, SD; scarce, Prompt.; scardiche, adv., scarcely, SD; scarslych, sparingly, S2; scarsly, parsimoniously, C, Prompt.; scarsell, W.—AF. escars; Late Lat. excarpsum.

Scarsetè, sb. scarcity, C3; scarste, S2. —OF. scharseté (Ducange).

Scarsnesse, sb. scarceness, Prompt. Scarth, sb. sherd, H; skarth, JD.-Icel. skarb. Cf. Scherde.

Scat, sb. treasure, S.—AS. sceat: OS. skat; cp. OHG. scaz (Tatian).

Scave, sb. harm, S, C2; schathe, S2; skath, S3; skathe, C, G; scath, WA; skath, H.—Icel. skavi; cp. OHG. scado (Otfrid).

Scean, pt. s. shone, S; see Schynen. Sceappend, sb. creator, S; see Scheppende.

Scel. shall, S; see Schal.

Sceolde, should, S; see Scholde.

Scewie, *imp. pl.* let us see, S; see **Schewen**.

Schade, sb. shade, shadow, WA; schadowe, Prompt.; schadewe, S; shadwe, C2, C3. Phr.: in ssede, darkly, S2.—AS. sceadu (stem sceadwa): OS. skado; cp. OHG. scato (Tatian).

Schaft, sb. shape, make, form, creature, S, S2; schafte, PP; shafte, PP; sceppe, S2; schafte, pl., S; safte, S; sseppes, S2.—AS. (ge)sceaft.

Schakaris, sb. pl. drops of dew hanging down, S3.

Schaken, v. to shake, Prompt.; ssake, S2; sake5, pr. s., S; schok, pt. s., S, S2; schake, pp., C.—AS. sceacan, pt. schc, pp. scacen.

Schal, 1, 3 pt. pr. s. shall, S; sceal, S; scal, S; sceol, S; scel, S; schal, S, S; schal, S, S; schal, S, S; schal, S, S; salt, S, S; shall, H; sale, S2; salt, 2 pr. s., S2; ssalt, S2; schulen, pl., S; schulen, S, S2; schule, S; schule, S; schulen, C; schulen, S; schulen, S; shulen, C; schulen, S; shulen, S; shulen, S; shulen, S; sullen, S; scholle, S2; scholen, S; schole, S; scholle, S2; S

Schalk, sb. servant, man, WA; schalke, S2.—AS. sceale (Grein); Goth. skalks; cp. OHG. scale (Tatian).

Schame, sb. shame, S, PP; schome, S; shome, S2; scheome, S; scome, S; ssame, S2; same, S.—AS. sceamu.

Schamefast, adj. modest, C.

Schamefastnesse, sb. modesty, C, W. Schamelich, adj. shameful; schomelich, S, S2; shameliche, adv., S; shamlic, S2.

Schamien, v. to shame, to be ashamed, S, W; shame, S2; ssame, S2; samie, S. Schamylle, sb. stool, Cath.; shamel (= Lat. scabellum), H; schamel, Cath. (n); schambylle, macellum, Cath.; shambles, pl., Sh.—AS. scamel (Mt. 5. 35), scamol, sceamul (Voc.); Lat. scamellum; cp. OF. scamel (Ps. 109. 1), also Lat. scabellum, from stem scam- in scamnum. See NQ (5. 5. 261).

Schap, sb. shape, PP, C, W2; shap, S, C2; schapp, S2; schappe, PP; scheape, S; shappe, PP.—AS. (ge)sceap.

Schapen, v. to form, create, ordain, refl. to dispose oneself, endeavour, S, C, PP, S3; shape, PP; schop, pt. s., S, S2; shop, S; shop, C2; scop, S; sop, S; schope, S2; shope, S2, H; schapen, pp., C; shapen, S3, C2; shape, C2; yschape, S2; yshapen, C2; yschape, S2; yshapen, C2; yshapen, C2; yshapen, C2; yshapen, C2; yshapen, C2; yshapen, C3; yshapen, C4; yshapen, C5; yshapen, C5; yshapen, C6; yshapen, C6; yshapen, C7; yshapen, C7; yshapen, C7; yshapen, C8; yshapen, C7; yshapen, C8; yshapen, C8;

S; schapide, pt. s., W; shaped, pp., S. Cf. Scheppen.

Schaply, adj. fit, C.

Schaplynesse, sb. beauty, W2.

Scharp, adj. sharp; scharpe, S; scherpe, S; scherpe, S; scharpe, adv., S; sharpe, C2.—AS. scearp.

Scharpin, v. to make sharp; scherpit, pt. s., S3.

Schaven, v. to shave, scrape, PP; schauyde, pt. s., W2; shauen, pp., S; schave, C; y-schaue, S2; y-shaue, C2; ischaven, S. Der.: shauing, a thin slice, C3.—AS. sceafan, pt. scoff, pp. scafen.

Schawe, sb. a shaw, wood, grove, S2, G, S3, HD, Cath.; schaw, WA, B; schowe, HD; shawes, pl., PP.—AS. scaga; cp. Icel. skógr.

Schawen, v. to shew, S, S2, S3; see Schewen.

Schawere, sb. a veil, S; scawere, mirror, S; sseawere, S2; schewere, WA.

Schawles, sb. scare-crow, an appearance, S; **schewelles**, ND; **sewell**, HD.—From the same root as G. scheuche. See **Schey**.

Sche, she, C; see Sheo.

Scheawen, v. to appear, S2; see Schewen.

Schede, sb. the parting of a man's hair, Cath.; see **Schode**.

Scheden, v. to separate, to part the hair, to shed, pour, S, PP, W2; shædenn, S; sheden, PP; shede, HD; schedde, pt. s., PP; shedde, C2; shadde, C2; ssedde, S2; i-sched, pp., S; shad, S.—AS. scładan, pt. scłod, pp. scładen; cp. OHG. skeidan (Tatian), G. scheiten.

Scheef, sb. sheaf, Prompt.; shef, C; sohof, Prompt.; scheffe, Prompt.; sheefess, pl., S.—AS. sceaf.

Scheep, sb. sheep, Prompt.; shep, S; schepe, Cath.; pl., S2; shep, S; sep, S. —AS. scéap.

Scheep, sb. shepherd, S2, PP; shepe, P; shep, PP; chep, PP, Notes (p. 458.)—AS. *scéapa (scépa).

Scheld, sb. shield, S, C, W2; sheld, S; sseld, S2; scheelde, C; shel, S; scheelde, Prompt.—AS. scield, scyld.

Schelden, v. to shield, PP; schilden, S, G; shilden, C2; silden, S.

Schelder, sb. shielder, S2.

Scheltroun, sb. shelter, defence, a S3.

strong shield, also a body of troops, battalion, PP; scheltron, Prompt.; scheltrone, acies, Voc.; scheltrom, PP, S2; scheltrum, W2; shultrom, PP; schiltrum, B; childrome, B; jeltron, shield, shelter, SkD (s.v. shelter). — AS. scildtruma, a shield-troop (Leo); cp. AF. chiltron.

Schench, sb. draught of beer or winc, SD; senche, S; schenche, dat., S.—Icel. skenkr, the serving of drink.

Schenchen, v. to pour out beer or wine, to offer a good thing, S, CM; **shenchen**, S2; **schenkyn**, Prompt. — AS. scencan, to pour out drink (Grein); cp. OHG. scenken (Otfrid), Icel. skenkja; from AS. sceake, shank, a hollow bone used for drawing off liquor. See SkD (s. v. nunchion).

Schenden, v. to harm, ruin, disgrace, PP, S, S2, W2, S3; shenden, PP, C2, H; scenden, S; ssende, S2; sende, S; schende, pt. s., S; schente, S; schent, pp., S, S2, C, W2, G; shent, PP, C2.—AS. scendan. See Schonde.

Schendful, adj. disgraceful, SD; schendfulliche, adv., PP; shendfulliche, PP.

Schendlac, sb. disgrace, S.

Schendschip, sb. disgrace, hurt, ruin; schenschip, W, W2; schenship, H; schenshepe, PP.

Schene, adj. bright, S, S2, S3, C; scene, S2; scheyn, S3; shene, C2, S3; shene, S2, S3, C3; schenre, comp., S.—AS. schne: OS. skhni; cp. OHG. schni (Otfrid).

Scheome, sb. shame, S; see Schame. Scheot, pr. s. shoots, S; see Scheten. Schepied, imp. pl. shape, S; see Schapien.

Schepne, sb. shed, stall, stable, C; schepyn, bostar, Voc.; shippen, HD; schyppune, Voc.; shepnes, pl., CM.—AS. scypen, 'bovile' (Voc.). Cf. Schoppe.

Scheppen, v. to create, form, SD; schupte, pt. s., S.—AS. sceppan, scyppan.

Scheppende, sb. creator; sceppende, S; sceppend, S; sceappend, S; sheppendes, ρl ., S.

Scheppere, sb. creator; schuppere, S; shepper, PP.—Cp. OHG. sceppheri (Otfrid), G. schöpfer.

Scherald, adj. cut by the plough-share, S3.

Scherde, sb. sherd, Prompt.

Schere, sb. shears, C; shere, C2, PP; spres, pl., S.

Schere, v. to shear, S₃, S₂; scheren, S; sheren, to reap, cut, S, C₂; scorn, pp., S₂; soren, S; y-schore, S₂.—AS. sceran (scieran), pt. scear (pl. scéaron), pp. scoren.

Schere, adj. pure, bright, clear, SD; skere, adv., SD; sker, clean, entirely, S. Comb.: Shere pursdai, the Thursday in Holy Week, S.—Icel. skærr; cp. sktriporsdayr, sktr-dagr, names for Maundy Thursday. See Schyre.

Scherpit, pt. s. sharpened, S3; see **Scharpin**.

Scherreue, sb. sheriff, G; see under **Schyre**.

Scherte, sb. shirt, C, C2, PP, Voc.; sherte, PP; shurte, SkD; schyrt, Voc.; shirte, SkD.—Icel. skyrta.

Schete, sb. sheet, Prompt., P; shete, C3.—AS. scéte, for scýte, see SkD.

Scheten, v. to shoot, rush, S, W2, Prompt.; scheete, G; ssete, S2; schut, S2; schute, B; scheet, pr. s., S; schot, pt. s., S2, B; sseet, S2; shote, pp., S2; ishote, S; iscote, S; issote, S2.—AS. scéctan, pt. scéat (pl. scuton), pp. sceten.

Scheter, sb. shooter, SD; schetare, Prompt.; ssetar, S2.

Schethe, sb. sheath, W (Jo. 15. 11), Cath.; shethe, C2.—AS. scéab; cp. OHG. skeidå (Tatian).

Schetten, v. to shut, C3, Prompt.; schitte, G, W2; schitte, pt. s., W; shette, G, P; pl., C2, C3; schet, pp., C, W; shet, C3; schit, W; ischet, G; y-schette, S2, C3.—AS. scyttan.

Schewen, v. to show, appear, S, PP, S₃; scheawen, S₂; scheauwen, S; scheawen, S, Schewi, S, S₂; schew, S₂, S₃, S; sceawen, S; sceu, S₂; scawen, S; shewen, S; sseawen, S, Shewen, S; skewen, S, Skawen, S, Skawen, to see, also to make to see, shew: OS. skawon, to look, see.

Schey, adj. timid, shy, Prompt.; sceouh, SkD.—AS. scéoh. Cf. Eschewen, Schawles.

Schide, sb. a splinter, WA.—AS. scide; cp. G. scheit, see Kluge.

Schift, sb. shift, change; shift, Sh. Phr.: at a schift, on a sudden, in a moment, S2.

Schiften, v. to change, shift, to part asunder, to divide, to discern, SkD; schyf- Cf. Schepne.

tyn, Prompt.; shifte, C3; scyft, pr. s., S; shifte him, pt. s., removed himself, PP.

—AS. sciftan (scyftan), to divide.

Schilden, v. to shield, S; see Schelden.

Schip, sb. ship, S; schup, S; scipen, dat., S; schupe, S; sipe, S; schupes, gen., S; schipes, pl., S; schippes, S; schipes, S; schipes, S; schipes, S; schipes, S; schip-bord; phr.: on schipbord, on board a ship, S2; ship-breche, shipwreck, W; schip-man, shipman, C; shipman, C2; scipenmonnen, pl. dat., S; ssip-uol, shipful, S2; schupeward, shipward, S; ship-wracke, shipwreck, S3.—AS. scip.

Schirchen, v. to shriek, S; see Schrychen.

Schirmen, v. to skirmish, fence, S; skirmen, S; skyrmen, pr. s., glides swiftly on flapping wings, S2.—Cp. Du. schermen, to fence, from scherm, screen, protection, OHG. scirm, protection (Otfrid).

Schitte, v. to shut, G; see Schetten.

Scho, sb. shoe, W2; schoo, C, Prompt.; schon, pl., S2, S3; schone, S, W; schoon, S2, W, G; shoon, C2, W; shon, PP.—AS. sceoh, pl. sceos, gen. pl. sceona.

Scho, she, S3; see Sheo.

Schod, pp. shod, W, Prompt.; shodde,

Schode, sb. the parting of a man's hair, the temple or top of the head, C; schood, CM.—AS. schde, 'vertex capilli' (Grein); cp. G. scheitel. See Scheden.

Schoggyn, v. to shake, toss, Prompt.; schogs, pr. s., WA; schoggid, pp., W.

Scholde, pt. s. should, S, S2; scolde, S; sceolde, S; sholde, S, C2, C3; sculde, S; schulde, S; schulde, S, C2, C3; sulde, S; suld, S2; shuld, S2; solde, S; scholte, S; soul, H; scholden, pl., S; scolden, S; ssolde, S2; suld, S2.—AS. scolde. See Schal.

Scholle, shall, S2; see Schal.

Schome, sb. shame, S; see **Schame**. **Schomelich**, adj. shameful, S; see **Schamelich**.

Schon, pl. of Scho, q.v.

Schon, pt. s. shone, C, G; see **Schynen**. **Schonde**, sb. disgrace, S; **shonde**, C2. -AS. scand (sceand), scond (OET).

Schonye, v. shun, P; see Schunien. Schop, pt. s. created, S; see Schapen.

Schoppe, sb. shop, S2, Prompt., SkD.

Schore, sb. a notch or line cut, a num- | PP; seriue, pl., S2; shriuen, pp., S; ber, score, twenty, S2, PP; score, G, Prompt., PP.—AS. scor; cp. Icel. skor, an incision. See Scheren.

Schort, adj. short, Prompt.; schorte, S2; scort, S, S2.—AS. sceort; cp. OHG. scurz.

Schorteliche, adv. briefly, C.

Schorten, v. to make short, C, Prompt. Schot, pt. s. rushed, S2; see Scheten.

Schouel, sb. shovel, Prompt.; showell, S3.—AS. scoft (Voc.).

Schowpe, sb. a hip, cornum, Cath. Comb.: schowpe-tre, the briar, Cath.; scope-tre, Cath. (n).

Schowre, sb, shower, Prompt.; schur, SD; shoures, pl., PP, C2; sures, S.-AS. scúr: Goth. skura.

Schowwyn, v. to shove, Prompt.; schowued, pp., S2.—AS. scofian.

Schowynge, sb. pushing, Prompt.; showuing, C3.

Schraf, pt. s. shrove, S2; see Schriuen. Schrapen, w to scrape, PP.—Icel. skrapa,

Schreden, v. to clothe, S; see Schrou-

Schreden, v. to cut, Prompt.; shredde, pt. s., C2.—AS. scréadian.

Schredynge, sb. a cutting of herbs, Prompt.; schridyng, W2.

Schrenchen, v. to make to fall, to deceive, S; screnche, S; scrennkenn, S. -AS. (ge)screncan, 'supplantare,' Ps. 17. 40 (VP); cp. OHG. screnken (Otfrid).

Schrowe. adj. and sb. wicked, bad, a wicked one, sinner, peevish woman, the devil, G, W2, S2, P, S, CM; shrewe, C2, P; shrew, S3, H, S2, C3; screwe, PP. Cp. AS. scréawa, a shrew-mouse (Voc.).

Schrewen. v. to curse, CM, C Schrewid, adj. cursed, bad, W, W2.

Schrewidnesse, sb. wickedness, W2; shrewednesse, P.

Schrift, sb. shrift, confession, S2; scrift, S; schrifte, dat., S2; shrifte, S.-AS. scrift.

Schrifte, sb. confessor, S; shrifte, S; scrifte, S.

Schrippe, sb. scrip, bag, S2, PP; shrippe, PP; scrippe, S, S2, W; scryppe, Prompt.

Schriuen, v. to prescribe penance, to confess, S; schryue, S2; shriue, S; shryuen, P; scriuen, S2; y-shryue, PP. -AS. scrifan, to prescribe penance, to receive confessions; Lat. scribere.

Schroud, sb. dress, garment, PP; sorud, S; shrud, S; srud, S; schroude, WA, S2; shroudes, pl., rough outer clothes, P. -AS. scrúd (Voc.).

Schrouden, v. to clothe; scruden, S; schruden, S; schreden, S; shrut, pr. s., S; scred, S; schrowdis, S3; schredde, pt. s., S, CM; srid, S; schred, 2 pt. s., S2; schrudde, pl., S; y-schrowdyt, pp., S3; ischrud, S; iscrud, S.—AS. scrydan, also scredan.

Schrychen, v. to shriek, screech, Prompt.; schriken, SkD; scriken, SkD; shriken, SkD; schirchen, S; shryghte, pt. s., C2; schrighte, C; shryght, S3; shryched, pl., S3; schrykede, C.—Cp. Swed. skrika.

Schulde, should; see Scholde. Schuldere, sb. shoulder, Voc., W, S, C; shulder, Voc.; ssoldren, pl., S2.—

AS. sculdor.

Schulen, shall; see Schal.

Schulen, v. to squint, S; skoul, SkD (s.v. scowl).—Cp. Dan. skule, to scowl.

Schulle, adv. shrilly, S; see Schylle. Schunchen. v. to cause to shun, to frighten, S.

Schunien, v. to shun, S; schonye, S; shonye, P; sunen, S.—AS. scúnian.

Schup, sb. ship, S; see Schip. Schuppere, sb. creator, S; see Schep-

Schupte, pt. s. created, S; see Scheppen. Schur. sb. shower; see Schowre.

Schurge, sb. scourge, S; see Scorge. Schurten. v. reflex. to amuse (oneself), S.

Schut. v. to shoot, S2; see Scheten. Schylle, adj. sonorous, shrill, Prompt., Cath.; schille, S, S2; schill, S3; schille, adv., S, S2; schulle, S; shulle, PP.

Schylly, adv. sharply, Prompt.

Schyllynge, sb. shilling, Prompt.; schilling, pl., S2; solidus, Cath. - AS. scilling.

Schyne, sb. shin, C; schynne, Prompt. Comb.: schyn-bone, Voc. — AS. scina (Voc.).

Schynen, v. to shine, Prompt.; sinen, S; schinen, S; ssynen, S2; scean, pt. s., shrife, S2; schraf, pt. s., S2; schrof, S; schon, C, G; shoon, C2 schane, pl.,

S3, H; sinen, pp., S.—AS. scinan, pt. scán (pl. scinon), pp. scinen.

Schynyng, sb. lightning, W2.

Schynyngli, adv. splendidly, W.

Schyre, sb. a shire, PP; smire, S2. Comb.: schir-rene, shire-reeve, sheriff, S, C; scherrene, G; schyrene, P; syrrene, S; schirenes, pl., S2, PP; shrines, S3; shirenes, P.—AS. schr.

Schyre, adj. bright, clear, Prompt.; schire, S2; shire, H; shir, S; shyrest, superl., H. Der.: shyrnes, clearness, purity, H.—AS. scir; cp. Goth. skeirs. Cf. Schere.

Schytel, sb. shuttle, used for shooting the thread of the woof between the threads of the warp, SkD; schutylle, Cath.; schetyl, Prompt. (p. 470). Comb.: shyttel-cocke, shuttle-cock, S3. See Scheten.

Schyue, sb. a slice, small piece, Prompt.; shive, Sh., ND; sheeve, ND, JD; schyfes, bits of tow, Cath.—Cp. Icel. sklfa.

Schyuere, sb. a shiver, piece of wood, slice, Prompt.; **shiuer**, SkD; **scifren**, pl., SkD; **sciuren**, SkD. See above.

Schyueren, v. to break into shivers, splinters, C.

Scipen, pl. ships, S; see Schip. Scite, sb. city, S; see Citee.

Sclate, sb. slate, Prompt.; sklat, Prompt.; sclattis, pl., tegulae, W.—OF. esclat, a shiver, splinter, something broken off with violence (Cotg.), F. £clat.

Sclaundre, sb. scandal, slander, C2, PP; solaunder, Prompt.; sklaundre, PP; slaunder, Prompt.—AF. esclaundre, OF. escandle; Lat. scandalum (Vulg.); Gr. σκάνδαλον.

Sclaundre, v. to scandalize, to slander, W, C₃; slaunderyd, pp., Prompt.

Sclauyne, sb. pilgrim's cloak, S, Cath. (n); slaveyne, a garment, Prompt., HD; slavyn, Cath.; sklavyn, HD; sclausyn. Yoc.; sclavene, Voc.; slaueyn. PP.—Low Lat. sclavina, a long garment like that worn in Slavonic countries (Ducange); cp. AF. esclavine; from the people called Slav, a name said to be connected with Russ. slova, a word, and to mean 'the speaking, the intelligible.' See SkD (p. 828).

Sclender, adj. slender, C, SkD; sklender, C, C2; slendyr, Prompt.—OF. esclendre (Palsg.); of Teutonic origin; cp. ODu. slinder; see BH, § 50.

Scleyre, sb. veil, PP; see Sklayre.

Sco, she, S; see Sheo.

Scolden, should; see Scholde.

Scole, sb. the bowl of a balance, a bowl, Prompt.; scoale, S; scale, Cath.—Icel. skdl, a bowl.

Scole, sb. school, S, C, C2, Prompt. Comb.: scol-meistre, schoolmistress, S (meistre; OF. meistre; Lat. magistra, see BH).—Lat. schola; Gr. σχολή, leisure.

Scoler, sb. scholar, C.

Scoleye, v. to attend school, to study, C. Scop, pt. s. made, S; see Schapen.

Scorclen, v. to scorch, SkD (p. 826); scorkelyn, Prompt.; scorklyd, pp., Prompt.

Scorenen, v. to scorch, S.

Scorge, sb. scourge, Prompt.; scourge, W (Jo. 2. 15); schurge, S.—AF. escorge, OF. escurge; cp. It. scoreggia (Florio); Lat. ex + corrigia, a thong, rein, girdle (Ducange), see Diez, p. 109. Derived from this Lat. corrigia is AF. escurgie, OF. escourgee (Cotg.): It. scoreggiáta (Florio); Late Lat. excorrigiata, see Diez, p. 289, and Brachet.

Scorn, pp. shorn, S2; see Schere.

Scoute, sb. scout, spy, SkD.—OF. escoute (Cotg.).

Scouten, v. to scout, pry; skowtex, pr. s., S2.—AF. escouter, to listen; OF. ascouter, escolter; Lat. auscultare.

Scowkyng, sb. sculking, ambush, S2, B.—Cp. Dan. skulke, to slink.

Scred, pr. s. clothes, S; see Schrouden. Scrippe, sb. scrip, bag, S, S2, W; see Schrippe.

Scriptour, sb. pencase, S3.—OF. escriptoire, a penner (Cotg.); Late Lat. scriptorium, pencase (Ducange).

Scrit, sb. writing, document, S2; sorip, Sh.; soript, SkD.—OF. escrit, escript; Lat. scriptum.

Scrud. sb. dress, S; see Schroud.

Scruden, v to clothe, S; see Schrouden. Sculde, should; see Scholde.

Sculptilis, sb. pl. idols, W2.—Lat. sculptile, a carved image (Vulg.).

Se, pron. dem. m. and def. art. m. that, the, S. Comb.: se pe, that man that, he who, S; se pet, he that, S.—AS. se. Cf.

Se, so, as, S; see Swa.

Se, sb. sea; see See.

Se, sb. see; see See.

Sead. adj. satiated, S; see **Sad.**

Sealte, sb. dat. salt, S2; see Salt. Sealte, adj. salt, S2; see Salt.

Searce, Searse; see Sarce, sb. and v.

Seare, adj. sere, S3; see Seere. Seawede, pt. s. showed, S; see Schewen.

Sechen, v. to seek, S, S2, C, PP; sekyn, Prompt.; seke, PP, S, S2; schechen, S; sohte, pt. s., S, S2; sote, S; so3t, S2; soght, pl., S2; socht, S3; y-soht, pp., S2. Phr.: to seke, at a loss, S3.—AS. secan (pt. sohte, pp. gesoht): OS. sokian.

Seck, s. sack, S; see Sak.

Secre, adj. secret, S2, C, C3; secree, C2. Comb.: Secre of Secrees, Secreta Secretorum (name of a book), C3.—OF. secre; Lat. secretum.

Secrety, adv. secretly, C2. Secrets, Sb. secrecy, C3.

Secte, sb. a suite, following, sect, religion, suit, apparel, PP, C2.—OF. secte (Cotg.); Late Lat. secta, a set of people, a following a suit of clothes, a suit in law; Lat. secta, a faction, from sec- base of sequi, to follow.

Sectour, sb. executor of a will, PP, S₃, Cath.; secatour, HD; secture, HD; sektowre, Prompt.; secutour, PP.—AF. executour; Lat. executorem, executor of a will.

Sed, sb. seed, PP, S, S₂; seed, PP; seod, PP; seod, PP; seof, S. Comb.: seed-leep, seed-basket, PP.—AS. séd: Goth. sēps; cp. OHG. sét (Tatian); see Brugmann, § 75. **Sede**, pt. s. said; see **Seggon**.

See, sb. see, seat, S3, C2, PP; se, S3, PP.

OF. se, sed; Lat. sedem.

See, sb. see, Prompt., S, C2; se, S, S2; sey, S3; see, S; sa, S; sees, pl., S2. Comb.: se-bare, sea-wave, surge, S2; se-calues, sea-calves, seals, S2; se-halues, sea-coasts, S2.—AS. sc: Goth. saiws.

Seek, adj. sick, C; see Sek.

Seel, sb. seal, C3, P, Prompt.; sehel, PP.—OF. sëel; Lat. sigillum.

Seeled, pp. cieled, WW (s.v. cieled); see Ceelen.

Seelen, v. to seal, PP; selen, P; seled, pp., C3.

Seeling, sb. a sealing, W2.

Seere, adj. sere, dry, withered, SkD, Prompt.; seare, S₃.—AS. *séar; cp. Low G. soor, dry.

Seeryn, v. to become dry, Prompt.—AS. séarian. Cf. Soyr.

Seet, pt. s. sat, C, G; see Sitten. Seet, sb. seat, G; see Sete. Seeth, pt. s. boiled, C2; see Sethen.

Seg, sb. a man, lad, nuncius, vir, S2, PP; segge, P, WA, HD; sege, HD.—AS. secg: OTeut. *sagjoz, see Sievers, 130.
Sege, sb. seat, siege, S3, W, C, C2, Prompt.; segys, pl., H.—AF. sege; Late Lat. *sedicum, from Lat. sedes; see BH, § 133. See See.

Segen on, v. to make to sink, to cast down, S.—AS. on-ségan, 'prosternere' (Grein).

Segge, sb. sedge, S, Prompt., Voc.—AS. secg, sedge, also sword, see Sievers, 258.

Seggen, v. to say, S, S2, S3, P; segen, S; sægen, S; seigen, S; siggen, S, S2; sygge, S2, S3; sayn, S2, C; sigge, S2; seien, S; seie, S3, C; sei, P; sæin, S; seyen, S2; seyen, S2; seien, S; seien, S; seien, S2; seyen, S2; seien, S2; S; seien, S2; seien, S2; S; seien, S2; sei

Sehte, adj. reconciled, S; see Saht.

Sehtnesse, s. peace, reconciliation, S; see **Sahtnesse**.

Sei, Seih, saw; see Seon.

Seily, *adj*. simple, humble, S₃; see **Sely**.

Sein, pp. seen; see Seon.

Seint, adj. and sb. holy, saint, S, S2, C2; seynt, PP; sein, S, S2; seintes, pl., C2; seyntis, W2.—OF. seint, saint; Lat. sanctum. Cf. Sant.

Seintuarie, sb. sanctuary, SD; **seyntewarie**, PP; **sayntuaryes**, pl., holy things, relics of saints, S3.—AF. saintuarie, also seintuarye, holy relics; Lat. sanctuarium.

Seir, adj. separate, S3; see Ser.

Seirse, v. to search; seirsand, pr. p., S₃. See Cerchen.

Seise, v. to seize, possess, SkD; sese, PP, B; seised, pp., possessed of, S2.—OF. seisir, sesir, sazir, to put in possession; Low Lat. sacire (Ducange); OHG. sazjan, to set, sezzan (Tatian); see Brachet (s. v. saisir).

Seisine, sb. possession, S2; seysyne, SkD.—AF. seisine.

Sek, s. sack, S2; see Sak.

Sek, adj. sick, S, S2; seek, PP, C; sik, S, G; syk, G; sic, S; seke, S; sike, S, C; syke, S2; sijke, W; sikly, adv., with ill-will, C2.—AS. séoc: Goth. siuks.

Seke, v. to seek, S, S2; see Sechen.

Sekir, adj. sure, WA.; see Siker. Seknesse. sb. sickness, S2, C; sec-

nesse, S; siknesse, C2; sykenesse, P; sekenesse, S2.—AS. sécones.

Sel, sb. happiness, occasion, time, S; seel, Prompt.; sele, S2.—AS. s&l.

Sel, adj. timely, good, S.—AS. sél (Grein): Goth. sels.

Selde, adj. pl. few, C2; adv., seldom, S, S2, C, C2, G, PP; selden, S2, P; seldene, S2; seldom, S. Comb.: seld-hwonne, seldom, S; seld-sene, rarely seen, SD; seld-speche, taciturnity, SD.—AS. seld; see Sweet.

Self, pron. self, ipse, S; seolf, S; silf, W; selue, S; sulf, S, S2; sulve, S, S2; zelue, S2; seolue, acc., S; seoluen, pl., S; sielfe, S; sulf, S.—AS. self.

Selke, sb. silk, P; silke, P; seolke, S.

—AS. seolc (Voc.); Russ. sholk; Lat. sericum; cp. Icel. silki; see SkD (p. 828).

Selkouth, adj. and sb. wonderful, a wonder, S2, H, PP; selcouth, S2, S3, PP; selcuth, S, S2, WA; selkow, Prompt.—AS. seld-cub.

Selkouth, v. to make wonderful, H. **Selle**, sb. cell, C, P; see **Celle**.

Sellen, v. to give, sell, Prompt., C; sullen, S, S2; sylle, S2; selde, pt. s., W; seelde, W; sald, S2; seeld, pp., W, W2; seld, W; sald, S2.—AS. sellan (syllan): OS. sellian: Goth. saljan.

Seller, sb. seller, dealer, PP; suller, S2; siller, W2.

Seller, sb. cellar, G; seler, W2; see Celer.

Sellich, adj. wonderful, illustrious, S; sellic, S; seollich, S; sulliche, adv., S; selli, S2.—AS. sellic: OS. seldlik; cp. Goth. sildaleiks.

Selve, sb. happiness, advantage, HD; selve, S.—AS. (ge)sælb. See Sel.

Selure, sb. canopy, ceiling, S3; **seloure**, HD; **selour**, EETS (78); **celure**, EETS (78); **sylure**, celatura, Prompt.; **silloure**, WA; **syllure**, MD.—OF, *celeure; Late Lat. caelatura (Ducange).

Seluer, sb. silver, S, S2; see Siluer.

Sely, adj. happy, blessed, simple, humble, S2, S3, C, C2, C3; seely, S3; setlye, S3; sellye, S3; sellye, S3; sellye, S4; selly

Selyn, v. to line the inner roof of a room, Prompt. See Ceelen.

Semblable, adj. like, S₃, PP.—OF. semblable.

Semblably, adv. similarly, S3.

Semblance, sb. appearance, S2.—AF. semblance.

Sembland, adj. like, PP.

Semblant, sb. appearance, countenance, S, S2, C2; semblaunt, S, W, PP; sembland, S2.—AF. semblant.

Semble, v. to seem; sembeles, pr. s., S2.—OF. sembler; Lat. simulare.

Semble, v. to assemble, PP; **sembled**, pt. s., S2; **semblyt**, S3; **semblyde**, pt., S3.—OF. asembler; Late Lat. assimulare.

Semble, sb. assembly, S2, PP; **semblee**, S2.—AF. assemble, assemblee.

Seme, sb. load, S, P; **seem**, Prompt., P.
—AS. séam: Low Lat. sauma (salma), sagma; Gr. σάγμα, a pack-saddle; see ZRP (2. 537), cp. Kluge (s.v. saum).

Semen, v. to load, to be a weight, S.—AS. séman, from séam; see above.

Semen, v. to make two parties the same, to conciliate, hence to suit, to appear suitable or seemly, later, to seem, S; seme, S2; seme, to reconcile, S; semet, pr. s., seems fitting, S. Phr.: to my seminge, as it appears to me, C2.—AS. séman, geséman. See Some.

Semi-, adj. half. Comb.: semy-cope, a short cope, C.

Semliche, adj. seemly, S2; semeliche, PP; semely, C, C2, WA; semlike, S; semly, S2; semeli, W2; semlokest, superl., S2.—AS. *sémelic; cp. Icel. sæmiligr.

Sen, afterwards, since, H, S2, S3, WA; see Stboen.

Sen, seven, H; see Seuen.

Sen. pp. seen; see Seon.

Sence, sb. incense; see Sens.

Senche, sb. draught, S; see Schench.

Senchen, v. to cause to sink; senchtest, 2 pt. s., S.—AS. sencan, causal of sincan. See Sinken.

Sendal, sb. a fine stuff, C; sendel, H; see Cendal.

Senden, v. to send, S; sende, S2; send, pr. s., S; sent, S, S2, C2; xent, S2; sendes, S; sent, imp. s., S2; sende, pt. s., S, S2; send, S3; pl., S2; senten, S2; i-mend, S; i-mende, S.—AS. sendan: OS. sendian: Goth. sandjan.

Senden, are; see Sinden.

Senden, v. to reproach, S; see Schen-

Sene, adj. evident, S, S2, C2.—AS. (ge)syne.

Sene, pp. provided. Phr.: well sene, well furnished, S3, HD. See Seon.

Seneucy, sb. mustard, W; seneucye, W; seneuel, W.-OF. senevé, mustard (Cotg.); an adjectival form from senve; Lat. sinapi (Vulg.); Gr. σίναπι; see Brachet (s.v. sanve).

Senezen, v. to sin; see Sunegen.

Sengin, v. to singe, burn on the surface; seengyn, Prompt.; seynd, pp., C; seynkt, Prompt.; sengt, Prompt.—AS. sengan (in be-sengan), causal of singan, to sing.

Senne, sb. sin, S; see Sunne. Sens, since, S3; see Sicoen.

Sens, sb. incense, S3; sence, Prompt., Cath.; sense, PP.—AF. ensens, encens; Lat. incensum, lit. what is burned (Vulg.).

Sensing, sb. use of incense, S3; sencynge, Prompt.

Sentence, sb. sense, meaning, opinion, matter of a story, verdict, C, C2, C3; sentens, PP .- AF. sentence; Lat. sententia.

Seofe, seven, S; see Seuen.

Seolf, self, S; see Self.

Seolke, sb. silk, S; see Selke.

Seollich, adj. wonderful, S; see **Sellich**. Seoluer, sb. silver, S; see Siluer.

Seon, v. to see, S, PP; seo, S, S2; seen, S; sen, S; se, S2, W2; imp. s., S; pl., W; see, may (God) see, S2; sest, 2 pr. s., S; sist, S, S2; sixt, S2; sec, pr. s., S; seop, pl., S2; sec, S2, P; sei, 2 pt. s., S2; seeh, pt. s., S; seh, S, S2; sih, S2; si3, S2, W; sy3, S2; sye, S3; sy, C3; se3, S, S2; sey, S2, C2, G; sei3, S2, S3; seigh, C; seih, G; seyh, G; sag, S; sagh, S2; saugh, S3, C, G; sa3, S; sau3, S; sawh, S2; say, S2, S3, C, W, G; say3, S2; saye, W; saie, W; sai3, W; saw3, W; sihen, pl., S2; syzen, S2; seien, W; seigen, W; seen, W; sigen, W; sien, W; syen, W; saien, W; sayn, W; saye, W; seye, S_2 ; seand, $pr. p., S_3$; seynge, W_2 ; seyn, pp., S2, C, W; se3en, S2; sein, S2; sen, S; seie, S_2 ; sien, W_2 ; si3, W; say, W; y-seigen, PP; y-sein, PP; seen,

send, pp., S; y-sent, S2, C3; i-sent, S; | (pl. sawon, sagon), pp. sewen (sawen), also ge-segen. AS. séon (for *sehwon): Goth. saihwan; cp. Lat. sequ-or, I follow; see Brugmann, § 419.

Seot, are, S; see Sinden.

Seouen, seven, S; see Seuen.

Seowen, v. to sew, S; see Sewen.

Sep. pl. sheep, S; see Scheep.

Septemtrioun, sb. the North, C2.— OF. septentrion; Late Lat. septentrionem (Voc.); from Lat. septemtriones, a name for the constellation of the Great Bear.

Sepulture, sb. tomb, S3, C3; sepultures, pl., burials, S3 .- AF. sepulture; Lat. sepultura.

Ser, adj. separate, several, different, various, S2, B; sere, S2, H, WA; seir, S3, B. Der.: sernes, variety, H; sernessis, pl., H; sernesis, H; serelepy, separate, WA; serelepes, separately, PP.—Cp. usages of Icel. ser, to himself, used in many compounds, as sér-liga, apart, particularly.

Sercle, sb. circle, W2; see Cercle. Serewe, sb. sorrow, S; see Sorwe. Serge, sb. a taper, Cath.; see Cerge. Sergeant, sb. servant, serjeant, C, C2, C3; seriaunt, P; sergan3, pl., S; seriauntes, S2; seriaunts, P; seriauns, S2, PP.—AF. serjant; Lat. seruientem; see BH, § 162.

Serk, sb. sark, shirt, PP, S, S3, G; sark, S3; serke, P.—Icel. serkr.

Sermone, v. to preach, speak, C₃.

Sermonyng, sb. preaching, C.

Sermoun, sb. sermon, writing, C2; sarmoun, P.-AF. sermoun; Lat. sermonem.

Sertes. adv. certainly, S2; see Certes. **Seruage**, sb. servitude, thraldrom, S2, C, C2, C3, W, Prompt.—OF. servage.

Seruin. v. to serve, to deserve, S, S₂; sarui, S; serue, H, PP; serwis, 2 pr. s., S3; serwit, pt. s., S3; y-served, pp., C, P; i-serued, S. - AF. servir; Lat. servire.

Seruisable. adj. serviceable, C3.

Seruise, sb. service, S; seruyse, C2.-OF. servise; Lat. seruitium; see BH, § 129.

Seruitute, sb. servitude, C2.—OF. servitute; Lat. seruitutem; see Constans.

Serwe. sb. sorrow, S; see **Sorwe**.

Serwish, adj. imperiosus, Manip. **Serve.** sb. series, C, CM.—Lat. seriem.

Seryows, adj. 'sad and feythefulle,' ger., S3; zyenne, S2.—AS. séon, pt. seah | Prompt.; seriouse, seriosus, Manip.; seryouse, earnest, Palsg.—Late Lat. seriosus; from Lat. serius, grave, earnest.

Seryowsly, adv. seriously; ceriously, minutely, with full details, S2, C3.—Late Lat. seriose, 'fuse, minutatim' (Ducange).

Sese, v. to seize; see Seise.

Sesoun, sb. season, C3; cesoun, W2.—AF. seson, OF. saison; Lat. sationem, a sowing.

Set, pt. s. sat, S; see Sitten.

Sete, sb. seat, Cath., S, C2, PP; seet, G.—AS. seto, seotu (OET).

Sete, adj. suitable, H (p. xxv).—Icel. satt, endurable, from sitja, to sit.

Setel, sb. seat, SD; sectel, S; settle, S. Comb.: setel-gang, sunset, S2.—AS. setl; cp. Goth. sitls.

Seterday, Saturday, P; see Satern. Sec. sb. seed, S; see Sed.

Sethen, v. to seethe, Prompt.; seeth, pt. s., seethed, boiled, C2; y-sode, pp., S2.

-AS. séoðan, pt. s., séað, pp. soden. Cf. Swiben.

Secon, afterwards, since, S, S2, G; secon, S, S2; seppe, S2; see Sicon.

Setlen, v. to cause to rest, also to sink to rest, subside, settle, SkD; sattel, S2, S3, SkD; satelyn, Prompt.; saytled, pt. s., S2 [see SkD s.v. settle].—AS. setlan, to fix, settle (Grein).

Setnesse, sb. an appointed order, institute, SD.—AS. (ge) setnis. Cf. Asetnesse.

Sette, sb. a young plant, a shoot; settys, pl., S3.

Setten, v. to set, place, appoint, S; sett, to set, watch game, S2; settis, pr. s., S; settes, pr. s., S2; sette, pt. s., S, S2, S2; settide, pt. s., W; settiden, pt. y., S2; setted, pt. s., W; settiden, pt., W; sette, G; settand, pr. p., S2; set, pp., S; i-set, S, S2; i-sett, S; i-sette, S; y-set, S2, S3, C2, C3.—AS. settan: Goth. satjan, to cause to sit; see Douse, p. 113. See Sitten.

Seurte, sb. surety, C; see Surety.

Seuen, num. seven, PP; seue, PP, S; seouen, S; seove, S; seofe, S; seuene, PP; seouene, S; sen, H; seue, S2; seofen, S.—AS. seofon; cp. Goth. sibun, Lat. septem, Gr. êură. For the Goth. termination -un, see Brugmann, §§ 223, 224.

Seventh, num. ord. seventh, S2.

Seue-niht, sb. sennight, week, S; soue-nyht, S.

Seven-tene, num. seventeen, Prompt.; sewintine, S₃.

Seuepe, num. ord. seventh, S2, PP; seouede, S; souepe, S; seofepe, S.

Sew, pt. s. sowed, H; see Sowen.

Sewane, sb. savin (a herb), S3. See Saueine.

Sewe, sb. juice, broth, gravy, delicacy, C2, Cath., HD; sew, HD; sew, S.—AS. séaw.

Sewen, v. to sew, sucre, W2; seowen, S; sewide, pt. s., W2; y-sewed, pp., S3.

—AS. siwian: Goth. siujan; see Brugmann, § 120.

Sewen, v. to follow, PP, C, S2. Der.: sewyngly, in order, S2. See Suen.

Sewen, v. Phr.: to sewe at y° mete, deponere, apponere, to set upon the table, Cath., Prompt. See below.

Sewer, sb. bearer of dishes, dapifer, S2, Voc.; seware, Prompt.; asseour, NED; assewer, NED.—AF. asseour, he who sets the table (Ducange); from OF. asseoir, to set, to place; Late Lat. adsedere.

Sewintene, seventeen, S3; see Seuentene.

Sexe, six, S; see Sixe.

Sexte, sixth; see Sixte.

Sexteyn, sb. sacristan, sexton, C2; see sacristane.

Seych, sb. sigh, S3; see Syke.

Seyed, pp. passed, lit. swayed, S2; see Sweyen.

Seyen, v. to say; see Seggen.

Seyl, sb. sail, Prompt., S, C; seil, S; seiles, pl., S2; seales, S3.—AS. segl.

Seylen, v. to sail, Prompt.; sayle, C2; saland, pr. p., S3.—AS. (ge)seglian.

Seyn, pp. seen; see Seon.

Seynen, v. to make a sign, esp. the sign of the cross, PP; saine, to bless, HD; seyned, pt. s., P; sanyt, S2.—OF. seigner (Bartsch); Lat. signare.

Seynd, pp. singed, C; see Sengin.

Seynt, sb. girdle, C; see Ceinte. Sezen, v. to say, S; see Seggen.

Sh-. For many words beginning with these letters, see Sch-.

Shadde, pt. s. shed, poured, C2; see Scheden.

Shæd, sb. discretion, S.—AS. (ge)scéad. See Scheden.

Shæfess, pl. sheaves, S; see Scheef. Shæwen, v. to shew, S; see Schewen. Sheeuering, pr. p. shivering, S3; see]

Sheo, pron. dem., def. art., pron. pers. f., illa, that, the, she, PP; scheo, SD; scho, S_3 , PP; sho, S, H; sco, S_2 ; seo, S; sche, C, PP; che, S_2 ; si, S; scæ, S. Comb.: zi pet, she that, SD (s.v. se).—AS. séo; cp. OHG. siu (Tatian).

Sherch, v. to search, S3; see Cerchen. Sho, she, S; see Sheo.

Shode : see under Scheden.

Shriues, pl. sheriffs, S2; see under Schyre.

Si, she, S; see Sheo.

Si, let there be, S; see Sinden.

Sibbe, sb. and adj. peace, relationship, affinis, related, SD, S, P; sybbe, Prompt.; sib, S; syb, P. Comb.: sib-man, 'affinis, HD; sib-nesse, affinity, SD; sib-reden, relationship, SD; sibrede, HD; sybrede, banns of matrimony, Prompt.; cybrede, Prompt.; sib-sum, peaceable, SD; sib**sumnesse**, friendship, SD.—AS. sib(b), peace, relationship: Goth. sibja; cp. OHG. sibba, peace (Tatian), relationship (Otfrid). See Sievers, 257.

Sic, adj. sick, S; see Sek.

Sicer, sb. strong drink, C2; siser, C2 (n); ciser, C2 (n), MD.—Low Lat. sicera (Vulg.); Gr. σίκερα (LXX); Heb. shēkar (Deut. 29. 6). Cf. Sidir.

Siche, adj. such, W; see Swyche. **Sicht.** pt. s. sighed, S3; see **Syken**.

Siclatoun. sb. a costly silk texture, CM; sicladoun, CM; see Ciclatun.

Sidir, sb. strong drink, cider, S3, W, MD; sidur, W2; sider, MD; sydyr, Prompt.; sedyr, Prompt.; cyder, $C_2(n)$; Prompt.; syther, Cath., S2; sythir, C2 (n).—OF. sidre (cidre), sisdre; Low Lat. sicera (Voc.); Gr. σίκερα (Luke 1. 15); cp. Sp. sidra (Deut. 29, 6). See

Sigaldren, sb. pl. sorceries, S.—Icel. seio-galdr, enchantment by spells. Grimm, Teut. M. pp. 1035-1043.

Sigaldrie, sb. enchantment, SD; stgaldry, HD.

Sigaldrien, v. to bewitch; sygaldryd, pt. s., HD.

Siggen, v. to say; see Seggen.

Sighte, sb. sight, providence, appearance, PP, C; since, S; synte, S; syste, S2; sighe, S2; sighe, S2; sinte, S; sizte, S.—AS. (ge)siho (gesiht).

Signe, sb. sign, portent, PP; see Syng. Signefiance, sb. meaning, S.—OF. signefiance.

Signefien. v. to signify, mean, S.—AF. signefier.

Sihen, pt. pl. saw, S2; see Seon.

Sik, adj. sick, S; see Sek.

Sike, adj. such, S3; see Swyche.

Siker, adj. secure, sure, trusty, S, S2, C3, P; sikir, W; sekir, B; zykere, S2; zikere, S2; syker, S3, P; adv., truly, S3; sikerer, comp., S3, C; sikerere, P; sikerest, superl., S2. Comb.: sikerhede, security, SD; sikerlec, surety, pledge, SD; sikerliche, surely, certainly, S; sykerlych, S2; sikerlike, S; sikerly, S3, C, C2, P; sykerly, H; sekirly, B; sikernesse, security, S, S2, C2, C3; sicernesse, S; sykernes, S2; sikirnesse, W; sykirnes, H; sekirnes, B.—OS. sikor; Late Lat. securus (with accent on the first syllable); cp. OHG. sichor (Otfrid). Cf.

Siknesse, sb. sickness, C2; see Sek-

Sikul, sb. sickle, P; sykel, PP; sykyl, Prompt. - AS. sicel (Voc.); Lat. secula.

Silc, adj. such, S2; see Swyche.

Silden. v. to shield, S; see **Schelden**.

Silke, sb. silk, P; see Selke.

Silour: see Selure.

Silver, sb. silver, S, C3; seoluer, S; sulver, S2; selver, S, S2; silvere, dat., S; selure, S.—OMerc. sylfur, AS. silfor (seolfor): OS. silubar, Goth. silubr; see Sievers, 107.

Simle. adv. ever, for ever, S.—AS. simle (symle) for simble: OS. simbla; cp. OHG. simbulum (Tatian).

Sinden, pr. pl. are; sinndenn, S; senden, S; seod, S; si, pr. s. subj., let (there) be, S; seon, subj. pl., may be, S.— AS. syndun, pr. pl., si, pr. s. subj., sien, pl., see Sievers, 427.

Sinegen, v. to sin, S; see Sunegen.

Sinen, pp. shone, S; see Schynen.

Sinne, sb. sin, S; see Sunne.

Siouns, sb. pl. branches, W2; see Syon. Sipes, pl. ships, S; see Schip.

Si-quar; see under sio.

Sire, sb. a prince, king, lord, father, master, a term used in addressing knights, kings, S, S2, P, G; syr, Prompt.—AF. sire (for *se'ior); Lat. senior, older; so F. pire; Lat. peior, worse.

Sis. six, C2; see Sixe.

Siger. sb. strong drink; see Sicer.

Sisoure, sb. a person deputed to hold assizes, juryman, P, S2, G; sisour, PP; sysour, PP.-Low Lat. assisorem (Ducange), from OFr. a(s)sise, a sitting down, also a settlement, pp. fem. of aseeir; Lat. assidēre, to sit at.

Sist, seest; see Seon.

Siste, sixth, S; see Sixte.

Sistren, pl. sisters, C; see Suster.

Site, sb. grief, S2; syte, WA, HD. Icel. sút; AS. suht; cp. OHG. suht (Otfrid), Goth. sauhts, sickness.

Siten, v. to grieve, S2. See above.

Sio, sb. time, SD; side, dat., S; sith, pl., H; syth, H; side, C, S2, PP; sythe, H, C2, C3; sythes, S2, PP; sithis, W, S3; sithes, PP; xype, S2; xipe, S2 (9. 72). Comb. : oft-sith (= Lat. sape), H; si-quar (for sto-quar), time when, S2.—AS. sio. journey, turn, time: Goth. sinths; cp. OHG. sind, 'via' (Otfrid), Icel. sinn.

Siction, adv. and conj. afterwards, since, S, C, G; sippe, S2, S3; siben, S, S3, C; side, S, S3; sith, S2, S3, G; secodon, S; secocen, S; secoce, S; secocen, S, S2, G; secon, S, S2; seco, S; syth, S3, C; seppe, S2; suppe, S, S2; syppen, S2; sythen, S_2 , S_3 ; sen, H, S_2 , S_3 ; syn, S_2 , S3; syne, S2, S3; sens, S3.—AS. sittan.

Sitten, v. to sit, cost, befit, S, P; sytte, PP, S3; sitte, S2; sit, pr. s., C, S2, G, PP; sitt, PP; sits, S3; set, pt. s., S; seet, C, G; seet, S; setten, pl., S; sete, S, G; seten, C2, W; seeten, C; saten, G; seten, pp., S, C; syttyn, S2. -AS. sittan, pt. sæt (pl. sæton), pp. seten.

Sixe, num. six, S, PP; sexe, S; sax, S3; sis, C2; sys, C2.—AS. six.

Sixt, seest; see Seon.

Sixte, ord. sixth, S; syxte, PP; sexte, S, S2; seexte, S; siste, S.—AS. sixta.

Size. sb. victory, SD; si, SD; sy, S.—AS. sige: Goth. sigis; cp. OHG. sig (Tatian).

Size-craft, sb. magic art, SD. See Sigaldren.

Sizede. pt. s. sighed, S3; see Syken. Sizen, pt. pl. saw; see Seon.

Skaffaut, sb. an engine of war used by besiegers, CM; scafalde, procestrium, Cath.; scafold, stage, Prompt., SkD; scaffould, theatrum, scena, Manip.; sohaffalde, stage, Cath. (n); skaffold, Cath. (n).—OF. escafaut (eschafaut); cp. OF. | Skye. sb, cloud, sky, Prompt.; skewe.

chafaut (chaffaut), Low Lat. chaafallum, chaufaudus, a wooden tower used against besiegers; cp. also It. catafalco. The origin of this word of various forms is absolutely unknown.

Skaith, sb. harm, S3; see Scate.

Skalk, sb. scalp, H; skalke, H; skalkys, *pl*., H.

Skalle, sb. scabbiness on the head, scall,

Skalled, adj. scabby, C.

Skalp, sb. scalp, H (Ps. 7. 17); scalp,

Skarrit, 1 pt. s. was scared, S3; see Skerren

Skathe, sb. harm, C, G; skath, H; see Scate.

Skeet, adj. swift; adv. soon, quickly, G; skete, HD; sket, S, HD.—Icel. skjótr, swift; adv. skjótt.

Skele. sb. reason, S2; see Skyl.

Skenten, v. to amuse, SD.—Icel. skemta, to amuse, to shorten, from skamr, short.

Skentinge, sb. amusement, S, SD.

Sker. adv. clean, entirely, S; see Schere. **Skerren.** v. to scare, frighten, to be frightened, SD; skeren, Prompt.; scarren, SD; skarrit, 1 pt. s., S3; skerrit, SD.— Icel. skirra, to prevent, reflex. to shrink from.

Skewe, sb. sky, S2; see Skye.

Skey, adj. shy (as a horse), Prompt.; see Schey.

Skeymowse, adj. disdainful, scornful, abhominativus, Prompt.; queymows, Prompt.; sweymows, Prompt.; squaymous, CM; squeamous, CM; squaymose, verecundus, Cath.; skoymus, disdainful, Cath. (n); squeamish, coy, precise (of a young girl), Cotg. (s.v. sucrée); fastidious, Baret.

Skil, sb. reason, H; see Skyl.

Skilwise, adj. reasonable, discreet, H; scilwis, H; skilwisly, adv., H.

Skinden, v. to hasten, S.—Icel. skynda, skunda; cp. AS. scyndan.

Sklayre, sb. a veil, P; soleyre, PP; skleire, PP; skleir, PP.—Cp. G. schleier, Du. *sluijer*,

Sklither, adj. slippery (= Lat. lubricus), H; cf. Slider.

Sklythirynge, sb. liability to fall, H. **Skowtez,** pr. s. pries, looks, S2; see Scouten.

S2; skwe, S2; schew, WA; skyes, pl., PP.—Icel. ský, cloud.

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Skyl, sb. discernment, reason, skill, Prompt; skill, H; skill, S; skyle, S2; skile, S, C2, W; skille, S2; skele, S2; skiles, pl., reasons, C2, H; skilles, S2, H.—Icel. skil, distinction, discernment.

Skylfulle, adj. reasonable, discerning, Prompt.; skilful, W2, C3.

Skylly, perhaps dispersing (?), S2. **Skynalde**, perhaps scramble (?), S2.

Sla, v. to slay, S2; see Sleen. Slade, sb. a valley, Manip., ND.—AS.

slad.

Slagen, pp. slain, S; see Sleen.

Slaht, sb. slaughter, SD; slajt, S2.—

Slaine, Slawen; see Sleen.

AS. sleaht.

Slak, sb. ravine, a hollow, depression, gap or pass between two hills, S₃, B; **slack**, the low ground, HD; a common (in Yorkshire), NQ (1. 10. 400).

Slak, adj. slack, Prompt.; slac, S2; slake, dat., C.—AS. sleac: OS. slak.

Slakien, v. to be slack, to make loose, S, W; slake, to become less grievous, S2; to slacken, cease, C2; slakep, pr. s., burns low, S2; assuages, C2.—AS. slacian.

Slape, sb. sleep, S; see Slepe.

Slatten, v. to throw down, to slap; slat, HD; sleated, pr. pl., S.

Slaunder; see Sclaundre.

Slaueren, v. to slaver, to let the saliva fall from the mouth, S₂.

Slawe, adj. slow, S3; see Slowe.

Slayt, sb. slaughter, S2; see Slaht.

Sle, adj. sly, cunning, S3; see Sly.
Sleen, v. to slay, PP, C2; slee, PP, S3,
W, G; sle, S, S3, PP; slen, PP; slean,
S; sleen, S; slon, S; slo, S; sla, S2;
slead, pr. s., S; sleth, S3; sleeth, C;
slead, pl., S; slayed, S; sloage, S; sloh,
pt. s., S; slo3, S; slou, S, S2; slow, S2,
S3; slowe, W; slouh, S2; slow, S2;
slough, S3, C; sloghen, pl., S; slojen,
S; slowe, S2; slowen, W; sloje, S;
slogh, S2; sloughe, S3; slo, pr. subj., 2
p., S2; slen, pl., S; slagen, pp., S; slaine,
S; slawen, C2; slayn, C2; sleie, S2;
slawe, S3, C; slean, S3; y-slayn, C3;
i-slawe, S2; y-slawe, C3; i-sleiene, pl.,
S.—AS. slean (for slahan), pt. sloh (pl.
slogon), pp. slagen, also slegen.

Sleet, sb. sleet, Prompt.; slet, SD.—

Cp. G. schlosse.

Slegh, adj. cunning, S2; sleh, S; see

Sleght, sb. cunning, S2; sleht, S; see Sleythe.

Slendyr; see Sciender.

Slepe, sb. sleep, S, S2, Prompt.; slape, S; slep, S.—AS. slap: OS. slap; cp. OFris. sltp.

Slepen, v. to sleep, S; slep, pt. s., S, S3; slepte (weak form), C2, PP; slepen, pl., PP.—AS. slapan, pt. slep; a reduplicating verb, see Douse, p. 48.

Slepyng, sb. sleep, S2.

Slevende, pr. p. falling like snow, S. Sleuth, sb. track, trail, slot, S2, B; sluth, B; slewth, B; slov, S, SkD. Comb.: sleuth-hund, a sleuth-hound, S2.—Icel. slov.

Sleupe, sb. sloth, S2, P; sleuth, H; see slouthe.

Sleue, sb. sleeve, C3, Prompt.—AS. slefe.

Sleveles, adj. sleeveless, useless, HD. **Slev**, adj. sly, S2; see **Sly**.

Sleythe, sb. cunning, skill, falsehood, trick, Prompt., PP; sleithe, PP; sleipe, S2; slehpe, SD, PP; slithe, PP; slype, PP; sleighte, PP, C, C2, C3; sleht, S; sleght, S2.—Icel. slago (for slago). See Sly.

Sliden, v. to slide, PP; slit, pr. s., C3; slod, pt. s., S2; slode, pl., PP; slide, pp., W2.—AS. slidan, pt. slide, pp. sliden.

Slider, adj. slippery, C; slidir, W2; slydyr, Prompt. See Sklither.

Slidernesse, sb. slipperyness; slydirnesse, W2; slydyrnesse, Prompt.

Slih, adj. cunning, experienced, S2; see Sly.

Slike, adj. such, H.—Icel. slikr.

Slikien, v. to smoothe, to polish, SD; slyken, P; slicke, S3; isliked, S.

Sliper, adj. slippery, SD; slipper, S3, Sh.—AS. slipper (Leo).

Slitten, v. to slit, pierce, SD; slytyn, Prompt.; slyttyng, pr. p., piercing (of language), S2; islit, pp., S.—AS. slitan.

Slo, vb. to slay, S; slon, S; sloh, pt. s., S; see Sleen.

Slod, pt. s. slid, S2; see Sliden.

Slogardye, sb. sloth, C3; see Sluggardy.

Sloh, sb. slough, PP; slough, C2, C3, —AS. sloh,

Slokyn, v. to slake, quench, H, Cath.; slokin, S₃; slokke, PP; slokynd, pp., H; slekynd, H.—Cp. Icel. slökva. Cf. Slakien.

Slomeren, v. to slumber, Cath., Prompt.; slumeren, SD; slombred, pt. s., P.

Slomering, sb. slumbering, S3.

Slong, pp. cast away, S3; see Slyngen. Sloppar, adj. slippery, S3.

Sloterin, v. maculare, SD; sloterd, pp., bespattered, S2.

Sloo, sb. track, trail, S; see Sleuth.

Slough; see Sloh.

Slouthe, sb. sloth, S2, C3, PP; slouhte, S; sleu3pe, S2, PP; sleupe, S2, P; slewthe, C3, PP; sleuth, H, PP.—AS. slèwb. See below.

Slow, Sloze; see Sleen.

Slowe, adj. and sb. slow, sluggish, a lazy man, PP, S; slow, W2; slouh, S; slawe, S3; slaw, S2.—AS. slaw.

Sluggardy, sb. sloth, S3; slogardye, C3; sloggardye, C.

Slugge, adj. slothful, Prompt.

Sluggen, v. to slug, to be inactive, SkD. **Sluggy**, adj. slothful, Prompt.

Sly, adj. sly, cunning, skilful, Prompt.; sli3, W; slih, S2; sley, S2; slegh, S2; sleh, S; sle3, S2; sle, S3.—Icel. slægr (for slægr).

Slyly, adv. cunningly, Prompt.; sleighly, prudently, C.

Slynge, sb. sling, PP.

Slyngen, v. to sling, hurl, throw away, PP, Prompt; slonge, pt. pl., S2; slong, pp., S3; slungin, S3.—AS. slingan, pl. slang, pp. slungen.

Smak, sô. taste, flavour, Prompt.; smace, S; smach, S2.—AS. smac, taste, flavour (Voc.).

Smaken, to have a savour, scent, S, Prompt.; smacky, to imagine, perceive, taste, relish, understand, S2; smachande, pr. p., S2; smauhte, pt. s., PP; smaujte, pl., PP.—AS. smacian, see Grein (s. v. smac).

Smalle, adj. small, narrow, Prompt.; smal, S, S2; small, S3.—AS. smal, narrow: Goth. smals.

Smart, adj. bitter, S2; see Smerte. Smatte, pt. s. smote, S; see Smiten. Smec, sb. smoke, S; smech, S; smeke, Prompt.—AS. sméc.

Smechunge, sb. taste, S. See Smak.

Smell, sb. smell, S; smul, S.

Smellen, v. to smell, S, PP; **smylle**, PP; **smolte**, pt. s., S2.—Cp. Low G. smelen, to smoulder.

Smeorten, v. to smart, S; see Smerten. Smerien, v. to smear, anoint; smeren, S; smurien, pr. pl., S; smered, pp., S.—AS. smerian, smyrian, from smeru, fat, smero (Voc.).

Smerl, sb. ointment, S2.

Smerld, pp. anointed, S2.

Smerte, adj. and adv. painful, sharp, sharply, quick, quickly, C, S, PP; smert, S2; smart, S2, C3; smertely, adv., G.—AS. smeart.

Smerte, sb. smart, pain, C2; smierte. S; smert, C3.

Smerten, v. to smart, to be pained, PP, S, S2, C2; smeorten, S; smerte, pt. s., C; smerted, S3.—AS. smeortan (EETS. 79, p. 36).

Smiten, v. to smite; smyten, PP; smit, pr. s., C2, PP; smot, pt. s., S, S2, PP; smette, S3; smatte, S; smiten, pl., S; smyten, W; smiten, pp., PP.—AS. smitan, pt. smat (pl. smitan), pp. smiten.

Smok, sb. smock, C2, PP, Prompt.

Smok-les, adj. without a smock, C2. **Smolder,** sb. smoke from smouldering wood, PP.

Smolderen, v. to smoulder; smolderande, pr. p., S2.

Smorder, sb. suffocating smoke, S; smorpre, PP.

Smororen, v. to smother, suffocate, SD.

Smot, pt. s. of smiten, q. v.

Smul, sb. smell, S; see Smell.

Smurieo, pr. pl. smear, S; see **Smerien**. **Smyoien**, v. to forge; **smythye**, P; **smytheth**, pr. s., P.—AS. smioian.

Smyppe, sb. smithy, forge, S2; smythy, Prompt.—AS. smiöbe (Voc.).

Snapere, v. to trip, to stumble, W2, SD; snapper, HD; snapers, pr. s., WA. Snao, pt. s. cut, S; see Snioen.

Snaw, sb. snow, S; see Snow.

Snelle, adj. quick, sharp, S, S2; snell, S3; snel, S.—AS. snell: OHG. snel (Otfrid).

Snepe, adj. foolish, S.

Snesien, v. to strike, S.—AS. snésan (in á-snésan, BT), to put on a spit; from snás, a spit (Voc.); cp. Icel. sneisa from sneis.

Sniven, v. to cut; snav, pt. s., S.—AS. snívan, pt. snáv (pl. snidon); cp. OHG. snídan (Tatian).

Sniwen, v. to snow; snewen, SD; sniup, pr. s., S; sniwep, SD; snew, pt. s., SD; snewede, C.—AS. sniwan.

Snorkil, sb. wrinkle, H.—Cp. North. E. snurkle, to run into knots, JD, snurl, to wrinkle, JD; cp. OHG. snuor, string, see Fick, 7. 351.

Snow, sb. snow, Prompt., PP; snow, PP; snow, S; snaw, S.—AS. snaw: Goth. snaiws.

Snowte, sb. snout, Prompt.; snute, S.—Cp. G. schnauze.

Snybbyn, v. to rebuke, Prompt., C; snube, H; snybid, pt. pl., H; snyband, pr. p., H; snibbed, pp., C2.

Snybbynge, sb. rebuke, Prompt.; snybynge, H; snibbing, S2; snybyngis, pl., H.

Snytyn, v. to clear the nose, Prompt.; snytte, pt. s., S2; y-snyt, pp., S2.

Sobre, adj. sober, sedate, C2; sobur, Prompt.—OF. sobre; Lat. sobrium.

Sobreliche, adj. and adv. sedate, soberly, CM; soburly, CM; soburly, CM;

Soburnesse, sb. soberness, Prompt. **Soche**, adj. such, S; see **Swyche**.

Socht, pt. pl. sought, went, S3; see **Sechen**.

Socour, sb. succour, C2, C3; **socowre**, Prompt.—AF. sucur, soccour, OF. socors; Late Lat. succursus (Ducange).

Sodeyn, adj. sudden, C2, C3; sodeynly, adv. suddenly, S3, C2; sodeynlehe, S2.

—AF. sodeyne; Late Lat. subitanum, see BH, § 122.

Softe, adj. soft, warm, mild, gentle, S, S2, C3; adv. gently, luxuriously, S2, S, C3; softeliche, gently, S; softely, C3. Comb.: soft-hede, sb. softness, S2.—AS. softe.

Sohte, pt. s. sought, S, S2; see Sechen.
Soke, sb. the exercise of judicial power,
PP, SkD. Der.: soken, the territory or
precinct in which public privileges were
exercised, SkD; sokne, PP; (Botland)sokene, (Rutland)shire, P.—AS. sbc, the
exercise of judicial power; sbcn, sbcen, an
enquiry; see Schmid.

Sokelynge, sb. suckling, Prompt.

Sokelynge, sb. a herb, locusta, Prompt. Sokyl-blome, sb. locusta, Voc.—From a form *sokel, that which sucks. Cp. Honysouka.

Solas, sb. rest, solace, pleasure, merriment, G, C2, PP, SkD.—AF. solas, OF. solas, Lat. solatium; see BH, § 143.

Solde, should; see Scholde.

Solempne, adj. solemn, grand, festive, magnificent, C2, C3, Prompt.; solempnely, adv. with pomp, S2, C2, C3; solenliche, PP.—AF. solempne; Lat. solemnem.

Solempnite, sb. festivity, C, Prompt. —AF. sollempnitee; Lat. solemnitatem.

Solere, sb. an upper room, loft, Prompt., Voc., HD; throne, H; soler, W, Voc., HD; soller, Palsg.; stage of a house, ND; soller, Palsg.—AF. soler, soleri, OF. solier; Late Lat. solarium (Voc.); cp. AS. solere (Grein), OS. soleri, OHG. soleri (Tatian), soldri, the prætorium of Pilate, also a guest-chamber (Otfrid), Du. zolder.

Soleyne, adj. solitary, hating company, sullen, PP, Prompt.; soleyn, PP, W2; sollein, S3.—OF. solain, solitary, pertaining to one alone: Late Lat. *solanum, from Lat. solus.

Somdel; see under Sum.

Some, sb. concord, S.—AS. some.

Somed, adv. together, S; somet, S; see Samed.

Somer, sb. summer, C; **sumer**, S; **someres**, gen. s., C2, C3. Comb.: **somergame**, summer-game, P.—AS. sumor: OS. sumar; cp. OHG. sumar (Tatian).

Somme, sb. sum, S3, C3; **some**, S3; **summe**, Prompt.—AF. summe (sume); Lat. summa.

Somnen, v. to join, S; see Samnen.

Sompne, v. to summon, PP, CM; someny, PP; somony, S2; somoni, S; somownyn, Prompt; somondis, pr. s., H; sumundis, H; somened, pp., W.—AF. somoundre (pr. p. somonant), OF. semondre; Late Lat. submönère; Lat. sub + mönère.

Sompnour, sb. summoner, one who cites before an ecclesiastical court, C, PP; sumpnour, S2; somnour, PP; somner, PP; somenour, PP; sumnowre, Prompt.

—AF. sumenour.

Somwat: see under Sum.

Sond, sb. sand, S, S2, C, PP; sand, PP; sonde, dat., S.—AS. sand.

Sond, sl. a dish or mess of food; sand, gift, S2; sonde, dat., S; sonden, pl., S; sandon, S.—AS. sand, 'ferculum' (Voc.).

Sonde, sb. a sending, message, gift sent, also mission, embassy, messenger, S, S2,

C3, P, G, H (p. 497); sonden, pl., S; sondes, S. Comb.: sondezmon, messenger, S2; sandezman, SD; sandismene, pl., HD.

Sonder. Comb.: sonderemen, messengers, S; sanderbodes, messengers, S.—AS. sander in sandermen (Chron. ann. 1123).

Sondry, separate, C2; see Sunder. Sone, sb. son, S, S2, C2, G; sune, S; zone, S2; sun, S2. Comb.: sone in lawe, son-in-law, C2.—AS. sunu: Goth. sunus.

Sone, adv. forthwith, quickly, soon, S, G, S2, C2, PP; soune, S3; son, S2; soyn, S2; sonest, superl., C2; sonnest, P.—AS. sóna, see Sievers, 317.

Song, pt. s. sang, C2; see Syngen. Songe, sb. song, Prompt.; sang, S, S3; sang, S2; songes, pl., S.—AS. sang.

Songe-warie, sb. the observation of dreams, P.—OF. songe; Lat. somnium, dream.

Sonne, sb. sun, S, S2, C2, P; sunne, S, S2, Prompt. Comb.: sunne-bem, sunbeam, S; Sunne-dei, Sunday, S; sunne-dei, S; sunedai, S; sunedai, S; sone-dei, S; soneday, S, G; sonendayes, pl., S2; sunne-risindde, sun-rising, S.—AS. sunne: OS. sunna.

Soop, pt. t. of Sup.

Soope, sb. soap, Prompt.; sape, S.—AS. sápe; Lat. sāpo.

Soot, Soote, adj. sweet, S3; see Swete. Sooth, Soothly; see Soth.

Sop, pt. s. created, S; see Schapen.

Sope, pp. of Sup.

Soper, sb. supper, C, C₂, G; see **Souper**. **Sophyme**, sb. a sophism, C₂; **sophimes**, pl., subtleties, C₂.—OF. sophisme (Cotg.); Gr. σόφισμα.

Soppe, sb. a sop, Cath., PP; sop, C; soppis, pl., S3.

Sopun, pp. of Sup.

Sore, v. to soar, mount aloft, C2, CM.
—OF. essorer (Cotg.); Late Lat. *exaurare,
to expose to the air (Lat. aura).

Sore, adj. and adv. sore, painful, S, C₂, G; sare, S₂, S; sar, S, S₃, S₂; soore, Prompt.; sair, B.—AS. sár.

Sore, sb. sore, misery, C2; sor, S; sar, S; soore, Prompt.—AS. sar.

Soren, pp. shorn, S; see Sohere.
Sort, sb. destiny, chance, lot, C, W;

sorte, turn (= Lat. vice), W.—AF. sort; Lat. sortem. Sorwe, sb. sorrow, S, S2, CM, C2; sor;e, S; sore;e, S2; sori;e, S; sore;e, S; sare;e, S; soreghe, S2; sorewe, S; serewe, S; serwe, S2; soru, S2; sorhe, S; sorewe, S, S2.—AS. sorh: OS. sorga.

Sorwe-ful, adj. sorrowful, C; sorful, S; sorwefully, adv. sorrowfully, C2.

Sorwen, v. to sorrow, CM; serr3hepp, pr. s., S.—AS. sorgian.

Sorwynge, sb. sorrowing, CM; sorewyngis, pl., W.

Sory, adj. sorry, wretched, painful, grievous, Prompt., S2, C, C2, PP, G; sori, S, S2, PP; sari, S; sseri, S; sarlliche, adv., S; soryly, Prompt. Comb.: sorymod, sad in mind, S.—AS. sdrig.

Sorynesse, sb. sadness, Prompt.; sorinesse, S.—AS. sárignes.

Soster, sb. sister, S2; see Suster.

Sote, adj. sweet, C2, C3; see Swete.

Soth, adj. and sb. true, truth, sooth, soothsaying, S, S2, C3, P, H; sooth, C2; suth, S2; sothe, W, S2, S3, P; soothe, S3; sope, S2; sothely, adv., verily, PP,W; soothly, C2. Comb.: soothst, true, S, S3, H; sothefast, W; soothfastnesse, truth, C2, C3, H; sothnes, truth, S2, H; sothnesses, S2, P; sothriht, truly, S.—AS. sooth (for *sono, *sano); cp. Icel. sannr (for *sanor); cp. Dan. sand.

Sothe, adj. south, S3; see Sowthe. Sothien, v. to verify, SD, SkD (s. v. soothe); 1-socet, pp., S.—AS. ge-socian.

Sothroun, adj. southern, S3; see **Sow-**therne.

Sotte, sb. fool, S, Prompt., PP; sot, S, S2; sottes, gen., S, S2. Der.: sotlice, foolishly, S; sotschipe, folly, S; sotted, besotted, C3.—OF. sot.

Sotyle, adj. subtle, fine-wrought, crafty, ingenious, Prompt.; sotyl, PP; sotil, PP, C; sotel, PP; sutelle, Cath.; sutallle, S3; sotely, adv., PP; sutell, W.—AF. sotil, sutil; Lat. subtilem.

Sotyle, v. to reason subtly, to make use of cunning, PP; sotilen, PP; sutils, pr. s., makes subtle, H.

Sotylte, sb. skill, Prompt.; sotilte, C3.—AF. sotiltee; Lat. subtilitatem.

Souchen, v. to suspect, SD, HD; souches, pr. s., S2.—OF. suscher; Late Lat. *suspicare, for Lat. suspicari, see Diez, p. 681, and BH, § 152.

Souden, v. to pay, PP. See Sowde. Soudly, adj. dirty, S3.—Cp. Northern E. suddill, to dirty (JD), also G. sudeln, to do dirty work.

Souerty, sb. surety, S3; see **Surety**. **Soufre**, sb. sulphur, S2; **soulfre**, CM. OF. soufre, soulfre (Cotg.); Late Lat. sulfurem.

Souken, v. to suck, C2, S2, W2; sowken, S3. Comb.: soukynge-fere, foster-brother, W.—AS. súcan, pt. séac, pp. socen.

Soule, sb. soul, PP, S, S2; sowle, S, C; saule, S, S2, H; sawle, S; sauli, S3; soulen, pl., S, S2; saulen, S; sawless, S; sowle, S; saulen, S2. Comb.: soule hele, soul's salvation, PP; sawel hel, S2.

—AS. sáwol, sáwle: Goth. saiwala.

Soun, sb. sound, S2, S3, C2, W2, H: sown, H, W, W2; sowne, S2; son, S2; sownde, Prompt.—AF. soun, OF. son; Lat. sonum.

Sound, sb. a swoon, S3; see Swowne. Sounen, v. to sound, C2, PP; sownen, C2, S2, W2, PP; sowndyn, Prompt.; sunen, S.—AF. suner, soner; Lat. sonare. Sounyng, sb. sounding, S2.

Soupen, v. to sup, drink gradually, to eat supper, P, W, C2; sowpen, S3.—OF. souper. Of Teutonic origin. Cp. Sup.

Souper, sb. supper, C; soper, C, C2, G.—OF. souper, AF. soper.

Souple, adj. supple, pliant, C, C2.—OF. souple, beaten, defeated (Bartsch); Lat. supplicem, submissive.

Soure, adj. sour, acid, PP; sur, S; soure, adv. sourly, C2, P. Comb.: sourdous, leaven, W; sourdow, W; sourdows, W.—AS. súr; cp. Icel. súrr and súrdegi (Matt. 13. 33).

Souren, v. to sour; sowrid, pp., made sour, W.

Sours, sb. source, origin, C2; soaring, CM.—OF. sourse, a spring of water; Late Lat. sursa, a late pp. f. form from Lat. surgere (OF. sordre, pp. sors, sours).

Souse, v. to strike, dash, RD, SkD; souce, Spenser 1. See below.

Souse, sb. the downward plunge of a bird of prey, RD. (Originally the same as **Sours**, used of a hawk's flight.—W. W. S.)

Soutere, sb. cobbler, S3; souter, PP; sowter, Cath., ND.—AS. sútere (Voc.); Lat. sutor.

Souteresse, sb. a woman shoe-seller, P. Souenaunce, sb. remembrance, S3.—OF. sovenance, also souvenance (Cotg.), from sovenir; Lat. subuenire.

Souerentè, sb. sovereignty, Prompt.; souerayntee, C2.—AF. soverainte.

Souereyn, adj. and sb. supreme, sovereign, C, C₂, C₃; souereynes, pl., superiors, P, W; sufrayns, H; souereyneste, superl., W₂; soueraignly, adv., C.—AF. soverein; Late Lat. *superanum.

Sowdan, sb. sultan, S2, C3. — OF. soudan, souldan; A:ab. sultân.

Sowdanesse, sb. sultaness, S2, C3.

Sowde, v. to strengthen; sowdid, pp. (= Lat. consolidatae), W.—OF. souder (Cotg.): It. soldare; Lat. solidare, see SkD (s. v. solder).

Sowds, sb. stipend, pay, W; sowd, Prompt.; sowdis, pl., W.—OF. soude; Lat. soldum, a sum of money, from solidus.

Sowdyowre, sb. one that fights for pay, soldier, Prompt.; **soudiour**, S₃.—Cp. OF. soudoier (Ducange).

Sowen, v. to sow, S, PP; sawe, S; souwen, PP; sewe, pt. s., W; sew, H; sewen, pt., S; seowe, pt. s. subj., S; sowun, pp., W; sowe, G; ;e-sawen, S.—AS. sdwan.

Sowse, v. to immerse in brine, to plunge in water, to drench with rain, Palsg., S3; soused, pp., pickled, Sh.; soust, drenched, Spenser I.—From OF. sause, sauce; Lat. sausa, salted.

Sowse, sb. a dish of pickled food, succidium, Voc.

Sowthe, adj. south, Prompt.; sothe, S3; sub, S. Comb.: Soup-hamtessire, Hampshire, S2; Sub-seexe, Sussex, SD.—AS. sib: OHG. sund-ana, from the south (Tatian).

Sowtherne, adj. southern, Prompt.; souperon, S2; southren, C3; sothroun, S3; suthroun, S3.

Soyr, adj. brown (as of withered leaves), S₃.—OF. sor (Roland); cp. F. saure. Of Teutonic origin. See **Seere**.

Spæc, pt. s. of Speken, q. v.

Spæche, sb. speech, S; see Speche.

Spak, adj. wise, prudent, quiet, gentle, SD; spake, HD; spakliche, adv., SD; spakli, S2.—Icel. spakr, quiet, gentle, wise.

Spale, sb. a chip of wood, splinter, S, SD; spalle, Prompt; spolle, Prompt; spole, Voc.—Icel. spölr (spala, gen. pl.).

Spang, sb. a metal fastening, brooch, clasp, buckle; spangs, pl., S3.—AS. spange (Grein).

Spangele, sb. a small plate of shining

P 2

metal used to ornament a bridle, lorale, Prompt.

Spanyn, v. to wean, Prompt.; spane, HD; spaned, H, Cath.—Cp. G. spänen, OHG. (bi) spenjan, Du. spenen, see Weigand; cp. also AS. spana, 'ubera' (Voc.).

Spanynge, sb. a weaning, ablactacio,

Cath., Prompt.

Sparkle, sb. spark, Prompt. Comb.: deed-sparcle (= Lat. fauilla), W2.

Sparlire, sb. the calf of the leg, HD; sparlyuer, sura, Trevisa (5. 355); sperlyuer, musculus, Voc.—AS. spear-lira, 'sura' (Deut. 28. 35), speoru-lira (OET.).

Sparre, sb. a beam, bar, spar, C, S3, Prompt., Cath.—AS. speoru (Voc.); cp.

Icel. sparri.

Sparthe, sb. axe, battle-axe, Prompt., Cath.; sparth, C, WA.—Icel. sparta.

Sparwe, sb. sparrow, C, S₂; sparowe, Prompt. Comb.: spar-hauk, sparrow-hauk, C₂; sperhauke, P.—AS. spearwa.

Spatel, sb. spittle, S; see Spotil.

Spateling, sb. spitting, S.

Spealie, v. to tell, S; see Spellien.

Spec, pt. s. of Speken, q. v.

Spece, sb. species, kind, S, Prompt.— Lat. speciem. Cf. Spice.

Speche, sb. speech, S, S2, PP; speeche, S; spek, S2.—AS. spec (Voc.). See Speken.

Sped, sb. success, speed, S; speed, Prompt.—AS. spéd.

Spede-ful, adj. profitable, W; speed-ful, C3; spedfullest, superl., S3.

Speden, v. to succeed, prosper, speed, S, S2, S3; spet, pr. s., speeds, goes on, G; spedith, profits, S3, W2; spedde, pt. s., S, C2; sped, pp., S3.—AS. spedan.

Speir, sb. sphere, S3; see Spere.

Speken, v. to speak, S, S2; spæken, S; spece, I pr. s., S; spece, pt. s., S; spece, pt. s., S; speak, S, S2; speak, S; spek, S; speak, 2 pt. s., S, G; speke, S; spækenn, pl., S; speken, S; spæken, S2; speeken, S2; speeken, S2; spekene, ger., S; speckene, S; i-speken, pp., S; ispeke, S.—AS. specan (for sprecan), pt. spac, pp. specen.

Spell, sb. a discourse, story, S; spelle,

dat., S, S2, C2.—AS. spell.

Spellien, v. to relate, speak; spellen, S, PP; spealle, S; spillen, S.—AS. spellian.

Spellinge, sb. recital, Prompt., S2. **Spence**, sb. provision-room, larder, G, Prompt.; **spense**, Voc.; expense, G,W.—

OF. despense (Constans); Late Lat. dispensa (Voc.).

Spencer, sb. officer having charge of the provisions, G; **spenser**, G; **sponcere**, Prompt.—OF. despensier; Late Lat. dispensarium (acc.).

Spenden, v. to use, spend, Prompt., PP; spene, S, PP; spende, pt. pt., S2; i-spend, pp., S; spendid, W; sponded, G. Comb.: spending-silver, money to spend, C3.—AS. spendan (in compounds); Lat. dispendere.

Spennen, v. to stretch, embrace, grasp, SD; **spendyd**, pt. s., grasped, S3; **spend**, pp., SD.—Icel. spenna; cp. AS. spannan, to bind, OHG. (gi)spannan (Otfrid); see Weigand.

Spercled, pp. scattered, flung abroad,

S3 (24. 67).

Sperd, pt. s. of Spiren, q. v.

Spere, sb. sphere, Prompt., CM; speir, S3.—OF. espere; Late Lat. spera, sphera; Gr. σφαίρα.

Spere, sb. spear, S, C, Prompt.—AS. spere; cp. OHG. sper (Tatian).

Speren, v. to fasten with a spar, to close, S, Cath.; sperre, Cath.; speride, pt. s., S2; sperd, pp., S, H; sperrid, H.

—AS. sparrian. See Sparre.

Sperhauke, *sb.* sparrow-hawk, P; see under **Sparwe**.

Sperling, sb. a small fish, S2; **sperlynge**, Cath. (n); **sparlynge**, Cath. (n); **spurling**, Cath. (n).—OF. esperlan, smelt (Cotg.).

Spet, pr. s. of Speden, q. v.

Speten, v. to spit, S, W2, Voc., CM; spette, pt. s., W, SD; spete, W; speten, pl., W; spetide, pt. s., W.—AS. spétan, pt. spétte.

Spewen, v. to vomit, Cath.; spue, W2.

AS. spiwan, pt. spaw, pp. spiwen.

Spice, sb. species, kind, spice, W; spyce, Voc.; spices, pl., S, P. Comb.: spices-like, with spices, S; spices ware, spicery, S.—OF. espice; Late Lat. *spkcia (for Lat. spkciam), see BH, § 32. See Spece.

Spicer, sb. dealer in spices, P, S2; spyserez, pl., S2.

Spicerye, sb. spicery, S2, C2, C3.—AF. spicerie.

Spie, sb. spy, PP; see Aspie.

Spien, v. to spy, to look after, to watch, S; see **Espye**.

Spilen, v. to play, S; spilede, pt. s., S. — Icel. spila; cp. G. spielen.

Spilien, v. to speak, S; see Spellien. Spillen, v. to perish, also to destroy, S, S2, C2, C3, P; spyllen, S2; spill, S3; spill, pp., killed, C3; y-spilte, PP.—AS. spillan, to destroy (Grein).

Spire, sb. shoot, scion, blade, tall grass, reed, PP, S, G, CM; spyre, Prompt., PP,

Palsg.; spier, W2.

Spiren, v. to enquire, speer, PP; speren, PP; specren, PP; spuren, PP; spires, imp. pl., S2; spird, pt. pl., S2; sperd, pt. s., S3.—AS. spyrian, to make a track, from spor, track, see SkD (s.v. spur).

Splene, sb. the spleen, Prompt.; splen, SkD. Phr.: on the splene, suddenly, S3; fro the splene, with sudden fervour,

rapidly, S3.—Lat. splen.

Spoile, sb. booty, SkD; spuylis, pl., W2. See below.

Spoilen, v. to plunder, W (Mk. 3. 27); **spuyle**, W; **spuylid**, pp., W2.—OF. spolier (Cotg.); Lat. spoliare; see BH, § 64.

Spone, sb. a chip, splinter of wood, spoon, C₃, Prompt; spoon, C₂. Comb: spannewe, span new, SkD; spon-neowe, SkD.—AS. spon; cp. Icel. sponn, also spann; cp. G. spannen (Weigand).

Spore, sb. spur, PP, Prompt., C, G.—AS. spora.

Spotil, sh. spittle, W; spotele, W2; spatel, S.—AS. spatel.

Spousaille, sb. wedding, C2; spousail, C2; spousails, pl., W.—OF. espousailles. Spouse, sb. spouse, bridegroom, bride, W; spuse, S; spowse, Prompt. Comb.: spousbreche, adulterer, SD; spusbruche, adultery, SD; spousebrekere, adulterer, W; spoushod, marriage, S2.—AF. espouse (espuse); Lat. sponsam; also OF. espos, spous; Lat. sponsum; see BH, § 169.

Spousen, v. to espouse, W, S2, C2; spousel, S2; 1-spoused, pp., S2; y-spoused, S2; 1-spused, S.—OF. espouser; Lat. sponsare.

Sprangis, sô. pl. diffused rays of various colours, S3.

Spraulin, v. to sprawl, SD; sprawel, S2; sprauleden, pt. pl., S.—AS. sprawlian (cited by Zupitza from Bouloneser Glossen, see Studium der neueren Sprachen, July, 1886).

Sprayngis, sb. pl. sprinklings, S3. See Sprengen.

Spreden, v. to spread, PP, S, S2; spradde, pt. s., C2; spredd, pp., S; sprad, C; y-sprad, C2.—AS. spredan. Spreit, sb. spirit, S3; spyryte, Prompt.

—Lat. spiritus.

Sprengen, v. to sprinkle, W, G; sprente, pt. s., S3; spreynten, pt., W2; spreynd, pp., S2, C2, C3, W; spreind, W; spreynt, W; y-spreynd, C.—AS. sprengan, causal of springan.

Sprengen, v. to spring, to be diffused; sprent, pt. s., S3.—AS. sprengan, to spring

(Sweet).

Sprenkelin, v. to sprinkle, to dart, Prompt.; **sprynkland**, pr. p., darting in various directions (of fish in the water), S3.

Spring, sb. a rod, sprig, PP; sprynge, P; sprenges, pl., W2.

Springen, v. to spring, to arise, to dawn, PP, S, C2; sprynge, PP; sprenge, pr. s. subj., W; sprang, pt. s., S; sprong, S; sprungen, pp., S2; sprunge, S; sprongen, S3; spronge, C; 1-sprunge, S. Der.: springing, beginning, source, C2.—AS. springen, pt. sprung (pl. sprungen), pp. sprungen.

Springen, v_i to make to spring, rouse; sprange, pt. pl., S3. See below.

Springen, v. to sprinkle, C2; y-spronge, pp., S2. Der.: springyng, sprinkling, W. See Sprengen.

Sprutlyt, pp. speckled, S3. See SkD (s. v. sprout).

Sprynkland; see Sprenkelin.

Spurn, sb. a kick, S3.

Spurnen, v. to kick, Prompt., C2, SkD; spurnde, pt. s., S2.—AS. speornan.

Spuyle, v. to plunder, W; see Spoilen. Spuylis, pl. spoils, W; see Spoile.

Spynke, sb. finch, rostellus, Voc.; spink, Cotg., JD, HD; spynk, S3 (s.v. gold). Cp. Gr. σπίγγος, and OF. pinçon (BH), F. pinson.

Spynnare, sb. spinner, spider, Prompt.; spinner, Sh., HD.

Spynnen, v. to spin, Prompt.

Spynstare, sb. a woman who spins, Prompt.; spynnester, PP; spinster, S2, PP, Sh.

Spyrakle, sb. the breath of life, S2.— Lat. spiraculum uitae, Gen. 7. 22 (Vulg.). Squames, sb. pl. scales, C3.— Lat.

squama. **Squaymous**, adj. loth, fastidious, CM; see **Skeymowse**.

Squier, sb. squire, S, C2; squyer, C2, S2.—OF. esquier, escuier; Late Lat. scutarium, from Lat. scutum, shield; cp. It. scudiere.

Squyler, sb. dish-washer, S2; sqwyl- | C2. — AS. stealcian; see Sweet, Anglolare, Prompt., SkD (s.v. scullery); swyllere, Voc.—OF. sculier (Ducange); Late Lat. scutelarium, one in charge of the dishes (Ducange); from Lat. scutella. (It seems to have been confused with swiller; see SkD, s.v. scullery.-W.W.S.)

Squylerey, sb. room for washing dishes in, a scullery, SkD.-Cp. OF. esculier; Late Lat. scutellarium, 'locus ubi reponuntur scutellae' (Ducange). See above.

Saware. adj. square, Prompt.; sware, S2.—OF. esquarre; Lat. ex+quadram; cp. It. squadra.

Srid. pt. s. clothed, S; see Schrouden. Srud. sb. dress, S; see Schroud.

Ss-; see Sch-.

Sseawere, sb. a mirror, S2; see Schawere.

Sseawy, v. to show, S2; see **Schewen**. **Ssedde:** see under **Scheden**.

Ssede ; see under Schade.

Saolde, should; see Scholde.

Ssoldren, pl. shoulders, S2; see Schul-

Stable. adj. constant, firm, fixed, C2, W, PP; stabli, adv., W.—AF. estable; Lat. stabilem.

Stable, v. to establish, confirm, to cause to rest, S3, W, P, C; y-stabled, S3.—OF.

Stablischen, v. to establish, W; stablisse, PP.—OF. establiss-, stem of establissant, pp. of establir.

Stac. pt. s. closed up, S2; see Steken. **Stad**, pp. bestead, circumstanced, beset, WA, S2.—Icel. staddr, circumstanced, Swed. stadd.

Staf. sb. a staff, stick, a letter of the alphabet, PP, SD; staffe, Prompt.; staues, pl., S2, PP. Comb.: stef-creft, the art of grammar, S; staf-slinge, staff-sling, C2; staff-slynge, HD; staff-slyngere, staffslinger, HD.—AS. staff, staff, stick, twig, letter written on a twig, see Weigand (s. v. buchstab); cp. Icel. stafr, OHG. stab, buohstab (Tatian).

Staire. adj. steep, WA; stayre, WA(n).

Staire, sb. stair, ladder, WA. — AS. stager. See Stien.

Stal, Stall, pt. s. of Stelen.

Stale, sb. stealing, S.—AS. stalu.

Stalken, v. to step slowly, C, G; stalkyn, Prompt.; stalked him, pt. s. refl., pp., S.—AS. ge-statelod.

Saxon Primer, 83. 37.

Stalle, sb. place, state, station, prison, stall, booth, PP, Prompt.; steal, S; stal, Prompt.; stale, S3.—AS. steal: OHG. stal (Otfrid).

Stallit, pp. placed, S3.

Stallyn, v. to enthrone prelates, Prompt. Stalworde, adj. stout, strong, sturdy, S2, G; stalworth, PP, H (pp. 26, 87); stalword, S2; stalworthy, S3, Prompt.; stalworbest, superl., S2; stalwortly, adv. sturdily, S2. Comb.: stalworth-hede, stalwartness, S2.—AS. stalwurd (Chron. ann. 8g6).

Stamyn, sb. stamine, linsey-woolsey cloth, a garment made of that material, Prompt., Cath. (n); stamin, S; stamine, HD.-OF. estamine, tamine, also a strainer

(Cotg.).

Stamyn. sb. the stem, bows of a vessel, S2; stamyne, Cath. (n).—Icel. stafn, stamn, a post, prow-post, also stern-post; cp. It. stamine, the upright ribs or pieces of timber of the inside of a ship, of our shipwrights called foot-stocks (Florio).

Standen, v. to stand, to cost, be valid, S; stonden, S, S2, C2, W; stant, pr. s., S, S2, S3; stont, S; stand, S2; stonte, S2; stode, pt. s., S2; pl., S2; stoden, S2, C2; stude, S3; 1-stonde, pp., S.—AS. standan, pt. stod, pp. ge-standen.

Stane, sb. dat. stone, S; see Stoon.

Stang, sb. stagnant pool; stanc, S2; stank, HD; stangis, pl., H; stangez, S2; staunkis, H. — OF. estang, estan (estanc); Lat. stagnum.

Stangen, v. to prick, to throb, HD, H. Der.: stangynge, torment, H.

Stannyris, sb. pl. the small stones and gravel at the side of a river, S3. See **Stoon**.

Staple, sb. a loop of iron in a wall used for fastening chains, S3 (p. 472).—AS. stapul (Voc.).

Starf, pt. s. died, S2, C2; see Steruen. Starin, v. to stare, also to shine, glitter, SD; stare, C2, S3, PP; starinde, pr. p., S; stareand, S2.—AS. starian.

Stark, adj. strong, firm, severe, S, S3; starre, S; starke, pl., C2.—AS. stearc: OS. starc.

Starnys, pl. stars, S3; see Sterne.

Stat, sb. state, condition, S2; staat, existence (= Lat. status), W. Cf. Estat.

Stabelien, to establish; 3e-stabeled,

Stabelnesse, sb. stability, SD; stabelnes, \$2.—AS. stabolnes.

Statut. sb. statute, PP; statute, PP; statutes, pl., S2, PP. Comb.: statutestaple, the staple to which a prisoner is by law attached, S3.—AF. statut (estatut); Lat. staintum.

Stauez, pr. s. stows away, S2; stawed, pp., S2; see Stowyn.

Steal, sb. place, state, S; see Stalle. Steapre : see Stepe.

Steaz, pt. s. of Stien, q. v.

Stede. sb. steed, horse, S, C2, PP, WA. Comb.: stede-bac, horseback, PP.—AS. stéda, from stôd, a collection of horses, a stud.

Stede, sb. place, PP, S, S2, S3; stude, S; stide, W, W2; stud, S2; sted, S3. Comb.: stedefast, steadfast, S; stedefastliche, steadfastly, S; stedfastly, C2; stedefastnesse, firmness, C2.—AS. stede: OS. stedi: Goth. stadi- (stem of staths).

Stee, sb. a ladder, WA, HD; sties, pl., HD. See Stien.

Steef, Stef; see Styf.

Steer. sb. a young ox, C, PP.—AS. steor; cp. Lat. taurus, see Curtius, No. 232. **Stef-creft**, sb. the art of grammar, S;

see Staf. Stefne, sb. voice, S; see Steuene.

Steghe, v. to ascend, H; see Stien. Steghere, sb. rider, H.

Steir, v. to stir, S3; see Stiren.

Steken, v. to fasten, SD, WA; stekye, v., to be fastened up, P; stekes, imp. pl., S2; stac, pt. s., S2; stak, SkD (s.v. stick); stoken, pp., S2; y-steke, G; i-steke, G.—Cp. OHG. stechan, to fix, pierce, pt. stáh (pl. stáchun), pp. gi-stochan, see Otfrid.

Stelen, v. to steal, to go stealthily, PP; stæl, pt. s., S; stal, C2, W; stall, S3; stalen, pl., S; stelen, S; stole, pp., C. Comb.: steel ut, stole out, S; stal ut, S. – AS. stelan, pt. stæl (pl. stálon), pp. stolen. Steloe, sb. stealth, PP; stalthe, SkD. Cf. Stouth.

Stem, sb. vapour, ray of light, flame, S; steem, Prompt.—AS. stéam.

Stemin, v. to steam, shine, gleam, C, S3, CM.—AS. stéman (SkD).

Stene, sb. a stone jar, SD, Trevisa 4. 115; steenes, pl., S2. See below.

Stenen. adj. made of stone, S.—AS. stanen (Voc.). See Stoon.

Stent. sb. stopping-place, S3.

Stenten, v. to cease, pause, CM; see Stynten.

Steoren, v. to perfume with incense, S. -Cp. AS. stéran (Leo). See **Stor.**

Steoren, v. lead, direct, S; see Steren. Steorren, pl. stars, S; see Sterre.

Step-barn, sb. orphan, H.-Cp. AS. step-cild, orphan, Ps. 67. 6 (VP); AS. stéop, orphaned; cp. OHG. stiuf.

Stepe, adj. steep, WA, SkD.—AS. steap. Stepe, adj. bright, shining (of eyes), CM, C, S₃, HD; steapre, comp., S₃ (p. 426).

Stere, adj. strong, stout, firm, S, HD. See Store.

Stere, sb. tiller, helm, rudder, steeringgear, the stern of a ship, C3, S; steere, W2; stiere, PP. Comb.: sterelees, without a rudder, S2, C3; sterman, steersman. Voc.—Icel. stýri, rudder.

Stere, sb. helmsman, C3, S2.

Steren, v. to lead, direct, steer, S, S3, PP; steir, B; steoren, S.—AS. steoran, stýran.

Steren, v. to stir, to move, S2, WA, PP; see **Stiren**.

Sterlinge, sb. coin, penny of standard currency, C3, PP, SkD.—Cp. Low Lat. sterlingus (Ducange).

Sterne, sb. star, WA, H, S2; stern, S2, B; starnys, pl., S3.— Icel. stjarna. Cf. Sterre.

Sterne, adj. stern, Prompt.; sturne, S, S2; steryn, WA; sterin, HD; steryne, HD; stiarne, pl., S; adv., S; sterne, PP; sternelich, CM, PP. Der.: sturnhede, sternness, S2.-AS. styrne.

Sterre. sb. star, S. S2, S3, C2, C3, W, PP; storre, S; steorren, pl., S; steores, S; sterris, W, PP; sterren, S, S2. Comb.: sterre-liht, starlight, S2. Der.: i-stirret, starred, S; stirrede, SD.—AS. steorra: OS. sterro; cp. OHG. sterro (Tatian).

Stert, sb. tail, plough-handle, S, Prompt., Palsg., HD; the stalk of fruit, HD, Palsg.; sterte, Voc. Comb.: steort-naket, quite naked, S .- AS. steort; cp. Icel. stertr.

Stert. sb. a start, quick movement, C. Sterten, v. to start, S2, C, B, PP; stirt, imp. s., S; stirte, pt. s., S; stirt, S; sterte, C, G; stert, S2; stert, pp., C2; y-stert, C.

Sternen, v. to die, S2, S3, C2; sterfet, pr. s., S; starf, pt. s., S2, C2; sturuen, | pl., S; sturfe, S; storuen, C3; storue,

pt. subj. s., S; i-storue, pp., S; y-storue, estoulle (Ps. 82. 13), F. éteule; see Kluge C; staruen, S3.-AS. steorfan, pt. stærf (pl. sturfon), pp. storfen.

Steruing, sb. dying, S2.

Steuene, sb. voice, command, note, C2, S; steuen, S2; time of performing any action, CM; stefne, S; stevynnys, pl., S3. -AS. stefn: Goth. stibna; cp. OHG. stemna (Tatian), G. stimme.

Stew. sb. vapour, mist, B; stovys, pl. S3.—Cp. Dan. stov, Du. stof, dust, stofregen, drizzling rain, G. staub, dust, whence Staubbach, 'spray-beck.'

Steward: see under Sty.

Stewe, sb. fish-pond, vivarium, C, HD, SD, CM, Prompt.; stwe, Prompt.

Stewe. sb. bath, Cath.; stue, Cath. (n) stwe, Prompt.; stewes, pl. brothels, PP; stywes, CM; stues, P.

Stiarne, adj. pl. stern, S; see Sterne. Sticchen, v. to prick, stitch, SD; stilte, pt. s., SD; stilt, pp., SD; i-stiltd, S; i-sticched, S (p. 119).

Stien, v. to ascend, HD, PP, S2, W, W2; styjen, S2; stijen, W, S2; stejen, S2; steghe, H, S2; stea;, pt. s., S2; stei3, S3; stegh, S2, H; styh, S2.—AS. stigan, pt. stáh (pl. stigon), pp. stigen.

Sties, pl. paths, S2; stighes, H; see Sty.

Stikien, v. to stick, to pierce, stab, S, S2, C2, C3; styken, S2; steek, S3; stekit, pt. s., B; stekyt, S3; y-styked, pp., S2.—AS. stician. See Steken.

Stikke, sb. stick, C3; stykke, Prompt. **Stillatorie.** sb. vessel used in distillation, C3, CM; stillatory, a place where distillations are performed, ND.-Late Lat. stillatorium, from Lat. (di)stillare.

Stingen. v. to sting; stonge, pt. pl., S; stongen, pp., C, H; y-stongen, S3; y-stonge, C3; stungen, H.—AS. stingan, pt. stang (pl. stungen), pp. stungen.

Stiren, v. to stir, to move, to instigate, PP, C3, W2, S, S2; stere, PP, S2, G; sturen, S, W; styren, S; steir, S3, B.— AS. styrian.

Stiring, sb. stirring, commotion, W. W2.

Stirte, pt. s. of Sterten, q.v.

Stith, sb. anvil, C, CM, Sh.; stythe, Prompt.—Icel. stebi.

Stiward; see under Sty.

Stobil. sb. stubble, W2; stobul, Prompt.

(s. v. stoppel), and BH, § 153.

Stok, sb. stock, stem, trap, the stocks, PP, W2; stoc, S; stokke, PP; stocke, S3; stoke, S2; stokkes, pl., PP; stockis, S2; stokess, S.—AS. stocc.

Stoken, v. to stab, SkD, C.—OF. estoquer (Ducange).

Stole, sb. stool, P; stool, PP, Prompt.; stoule, PP.—AS. stól.

Stole, sb. a robe, W, Prompt.; stoole (=Lat. stola), W; stolis, pl., W.—Lat. stola.

Stonden: see Standen.

Stonge, pt. pl. stung, S; see Stingen.

Stonien, v. to stun, to make a loud din, to amaze with a blow, SD; stunay, H; stunayd, pp., H; stoynde, S3. Astonen.

Stoniynge, sb. astonishment, stonying, W; stoneyinge, S2; stoynynge, Prompt.

Stont, pr. s. of Standen

Stony, adj. rocky, Prompt. stony see, Adria, the Adriatic Sea, W. -Cp. Ducange 'adria, petra; adriaticus, petrosus, lapidosus portus.

Stoon, sb. stone, PP, W2; ston, PP, S, S3; stane, dat., S; stanes, pl., S. Comb.: stoon-stille, still as a stone, G.— AS. stán: Goth. stains.

Stoor, sb. store, stock, provision, Prompt., C, C2, C3, G; store, PP. Phr.: telle no store, set no store by, set no value upon, C.—OF. estore (Bartsch).

Stope, pp. advanced, C; stopen, CM, SkD (s. v. step).—AS. stapen, pp. of stapan (pt. stop).

Stor. sb. incense, S; store, dat., S.—AS. stór, incense, storax; Lat. storacem, acc. of storax (Vulg.), also styrax; Gr. στύραξ.

Stordy, adj. rash, reckless, S; see Sturdy.

Store, adj. strong, powerful, large, HD, Prompt.; stoor, Prompt.—Icel. storr.

Storour, sb. restorer, S3.

Storuen. pt. pl. died, C3; see Steruen. Stot. sb. stallion, bullock, stoat, SkD, SD; caballus, Prompt., C; stott, buculus, WA, Voc.; stot, stoat, CM; stotte, bullock, Cath., Palsg.; stottis, pl., PP.—Cp. Icel. stútr, bull.

Stounde, sb. time, occasion, instant, —AF. stuble (Ps. 82. 12, Oxford Psalter): period, S, S2, S3, C, C2, C3, G, PP; stund, Prov. estobla; OTeut. *stuppula; cp. OF. S, S2; stunt, H; stundum, dat. ol. as adv., at times, H. Comb.: stound-mele, at times, S3.—AS. stund: OS. stunda; cp. OHG. stunta, 'tempus, hora' (Tatian).

Stounden, v. to be for a time; stounded, pt. s., SD; stunden, pl. (= stundeden), S.

Stoupen, v. to stoop, W (John 20. 5), C3; stowpen, CM, HD.—AS. stupian.

Stour, sb. conflict, commotion, agitation, S2, B, JD; stowre, S3; stoure, HD; stoures, pl., C2; stowres, S2.—OF estour, estor, estur (Roland); cp. Icel. styrr; a stir, tumult, battle.

Stour, v. to move quickly, JD; stow-rand, pr. p., S3.

Stouth, sb. stealth, S3.—Icel. stuldr.—Cf. Stelthe.

Stovys, sb. pl. vapours, S3; see Stew. Stowyn, v. to stow, bring together, Prompt.; staues, pr. s., S2; stouwet, pp., PP; stawed, S2; staued, S2; stewed, PP.—AS. stowigan (OET).

Stra, sb. straw, S; see Strawe.

Straight (for **Strait**), adj. close-fitting, tight, S₃; see **Streyt**.

Strain, v. to distrain, S3.—AF. destreindre (pr. p. destreignant). See **Streynen**.

Strand, sb. stream, torrent, S2, S3, H; stronde, W2; strynd, JD.

Strande, sb. bank, shore, WA.

Strang, adj. strong, S; see Stronge. Strangelyn, v. to suffocate, Prompt.; estrangle, NED; astrangle, NED, MD; astrangeled, pp., S2.—AF. estrangler; Lat. strangulare, of Gr. origin; cp. στραγγάλη, halter.

Strapeles, sb. pl. fastenings of breeches, S; strapuls, Voc.; strapils, Cath.—AS. strapulas (Voc.).

Strate, sb. way, street, S; see Strete. Stratly, adv. closely, S2; see Streyt.

Straunge, adj. strange, foreign, C, Prompt.; strange, C.—AF. estrange; Lat. extraneum.

Straunge, v. to become strange; strangep, pr. s., S2; straungid, pp., HD. Strawe, sb. straw, Prompt.; stra, S, Cath.; stree, C, Prompt. Comb.: strauberl, strawberry, SD; strabery, Cath.; strawbery-wyse, strawberry plant, Prompt.; strawberl-wythe, Cath.—AS. stréaw, stréa; cp. Icel. strá, see Sievers, 250.

Strayny, pr. s. subj. restrain, S2; see **Streynen**.

Strayues, sb. pl. escheats, goods of strangers dead without English-born issue, and of bastards dead intestate, PP; streyues, P.—Cp. OF. estrahiere (Godefroy), also estrayere (see Cotg.), Low Lat. estraeria: Late Lat. extrateria; cp. extrates (Ducange). For the v intrusive see Parvis.

Strecchen, v. to stretch, PP; streke, H; strecche on, to exert (one self), S2; strekis, pr. s., H; strau3te, pt. s., W; strei3te, W; strei3t, S2; strei3ten, pl., W; strekid, H; strekand, pr. p., S2, H; strekyng, S3; strekid, pp., H; strakte, pl., S; straughte, C.—AS. streccan, pt. strekte, pp. strekt.

Stree, sb. straw, C; see Strawe.

Strem, sb. stream, ray, beam, S, S2, C2, Voc.; **streem**, C.—AS. stréam: Icel. straumr; see Douse, p. 61.

Stren, sb. race, progeny, HD; streen, C2; streones, pl., S.—AS. stréon, a getting, possession (Leo).

Strend, sb. generation, S2: strinds, pl., sons, children, WA.—AS. strynd, stock, race.

Strenen, v. to get, beget, HD; sestrent, pr. s., S; i-streoned, pp., S; i-striened, S.—AS. streonen, ge-streonen; cp. OHG. (gi)striunen, to gain (Tatian).

Strenge, sb. string, S3, H (p. 367); strynge, Prompt.—AS. streng.

Strengen, v. to strengthen, SD; streng, imp. s., S.—AS. strangian. See Stronge.

Strengte, sb. strength, violence, S, S2; strence, S; strence, S, S2; strengthes, pl., sources of strength, C2; strenthis, strong places, S3.—AS. strengtu.

Strengten, v. to strengthen, SD; strengthen, him, pr. s. reflex., S; strengthed, pt. s., S2; pp., S2; i-strengthed, S.

Strengthy, adj. strong; strenthie, JD; strengthi, H.

Strenken, v. to sprinkle, S.

Strenkil, v. to sprinkle about, H; strenkelyn, Prompt.; strenkle, S2; strinkle, HD; strenkild, pp., H.

Strenkyl, sb. a sprinkling, a holy-water stick, Prompt.; strenkle, HD; strinkle, HD; strenkle, S.

Streones, sb. pl. progeny, S; see Stren. Strepen, v. to strip, C2, CM; streepe, C; strupen, S.—AS. strypan (in bestrypan).

Strete, sb. way, street, PP, S; strate, S; stret, S.—AS. stræt: OS. stræta; Lat. stræta (uia); see Sievers, 17.

Streynen, v. to draw tight, C2, W, W2, PP; strayny, pr. s. subj., S2.—AF. streign-base of streignant, pr. p. of streindre (straindre); Lat. stringere.

Streyt, pp. and adj. pressed tightly, narrow, strict, S2, C; streite, S3, C; straight, S3; strayte, pl., S2; streyte, adv. closely, S2, C; streitliche, S2; stratly, S2; streatly, S3.—AF. estreit (estrait); Lat. strictum.

Strif, sb. strife, S; stryf, C.—AF. estrif; of Teutonic origin; see below.

Strifen, v. to strive, S2; stryvyn, Prompt.; strof, pt. s., C.—OF. estriver: Prov. estribar; OHG. stribhan; cp. G. streben; see Kluge (s. v.), and Mackel, Germ. Elemente.

Strike, sb. hank of flax, C, HD.

Striken, v. to strike, to rub, to let down, to advance, to move quickly, to flow, S2, SkD; stryke, PP, Palsg.; strok, pt. s., PP; stroke, P, WW; strake, S3, WW; strook, Sh.; strek, SkD; strike, pt., S; strake, S2; strocke, S3; striked, pp., PP, WW; striken, WW; stricken, WW; strocke, Sh.—AS. strican, pt. strác (pl. stricon), pp. stricen.

Strogelen, v. to struggle, C3, SkD. Strogelynge, sb. struggling, Prompt. Stronde, sb. shore, strand, Prompt., S, C, C3, HD.—AS. strand. Cf. Strande.

Stronde, sb. stream, torrent, W2; see Strand.

Stronge, adj. strong, hard, severe, Prompt., S2; strong, S; strang, S, S2; stronge, adv., S, G; strenger, comp., S; strengere, S, S2, W2; strenger, C2; strengeste, superl., S; strengest, G.—AS. strang. comp. strenger, superl. strengest.

Strook, sb. stroke, C2. See Striken.

Stroyen, v. to destroy, PP, G, S3; struyen, P; stroy, S2, Sh.; struen, pr. pl., PP; stryede, pt. s., S2.—AF. destruire; base of destruyant, pr. p. of destruire; Late Lat. *destrügere; formed on Lat. destructus, pp. of destruere.

Strupen, v. to strip, S; see Strepen. Stuard, sb. steward, S; see Sty.

Stubbe, sb. stump, trunk, C; stub, Cath.

Stucche, sb. piece, S; steche, S.—AS. stycce: OHG. stuki (Tatian).

Stude, sb. place, S; see Stede.

Stues, sb. pl. stews, baths, brothels, P; see Stewe.

Stund, sb. time, occasion, period, instant, S; see Stounde.

Stunt, adj. blunt, not sharp, obtuse, foolish, SD. HD, SkD; **stuntile**, adv., foolishly, SD. Der.: **stuntnesse**, foolishness, SD.—Cp. OSwed. stunt, cut short.

Sturdy, adj. obstinate, stern, cruel, rash, Prompt., C2; **stordy**, CM, S; **stourdy**, SD.—OF. estourdi, amazed, rash (Cotg.), estourdi, pp. of estordir; from Lat. turdus, a thrush; see Förster, ZRP, x. 84.

Sturdynesse, sb. sternness, disobedience, Prompt., C2.

Sturioun, sb. sturgeon, S2, HD.—AF. sturioun; Low Lat. sturionem; from OHG. sturio.

Sturne, Sturn-hede; see Sterne. Sturnen, pt. pl. died, S; see Sternen. Sty, sb. path, S2, Prompt.; stighe, dat., H; stighes, pl., H; stihes, S2; sties, S2; styes, H; steghes, H.—AS. stig. See Stien.

Sty, sb. sty, porcarium, Prompt. Comb.: sty-ward, steward, senescallus, Prompt., C2, C3: stiward, S, C; steward, PP; stuward, P; stuward, P; stuard, S.—AS. stigu, a sty, whence stigueard.

Styf, adj. stiff, strong, violent, PP, S2; stif, S, S2, PP; steef, W2; stef, PP. Der.: stef-hede, sturdiness, S2.—AS. stlf; see SkD.

Styh, pt. s. mounted, S2; see Stien.
Stynten, v. to stint, cease, pause, PP, S2, H; stinten, C2, C3, S2, S; stunten, PP; stente, C2, S3; pt. s., C2; stint, S2; stynted, pl., S3; stent, pp., C.—AS. styntan, to make short. See Stunt.

Sty-rop, stirrup, Prompt., G; stirop, S, C2; stiroppe, S3.—AS. stig-rap (Voc.). See Stien.

Su-: see also sw-.

Sua, so, as, S, S2; see Swa.

Sual, sb. swell (as of the sea), H. See Swellen.

Suank, pt. pl. toiled, S2; see Swinken. Sublymatorie, sb. vessels for sublimation, C3.—Late Lat. sublimatorium.

Sublymen, v. to sublimate, C3.—Lat. sublimare.

Sublyming, sb. sublimation, C3.

Succinis, sb. amber, S2.—From Lat. succinum (Voc.).

Sudarie, sb. napkin, W; sudary, HD.

—Lat. sudarium (Vulg.).

Sudekene, sb. sub-deacon, HD.

Sudene, sb. sub-dean, PP; suddene, PP. Suein. sb. servant, S2; see Sweyn.

Suen, v. to follow, attend on, persecute, PP, W, W2, S2, S3; suwen, S2, W, PP; sewen, PP, S2, C; swe, S3, W.—OF. siw-, pr. p. base of sivre: Late Lat. sequere (for Lat. sequi); see BH, § 32.

Suencten. pt. pl. afflicted, S; see Swenchen.

Suere, sb. follower, W.

Suffisance, sb. sufficiency, C2.—AF. suffisance.

Suffisant, adj. sufficient, S2, C2, C3.-AF. suffisant.

Suffragane, sb. assistant, deputy, properly of a bishop, S3.—Late Lat. suffraganeus. Suffraunce, sb. endurance, patience,

C2; soffraunce, PP; suffrance, P.—AF. suffraunce.

Suffren, v. to suffer, C2, PP; suffri, S; soffren, PP.—OF. suffrir.

Sufrayn; see Souereyn.

Suget, sb. subject, H (p. 361).—AF. suget; Lat. subiectum.

Sugetin, v. to subject; sugetide, pt. s., W; suget, pp., W, W2.

Sugge. 2 pr. s. subj. say, S; see Seggen. Suggestioun, sb. criminal charge, reason, P, C2.—AF. suggestioun; Lat. suggestionem.

Suhien, v. to sough, sound harsh; suhiende, pr. p. pl., S (9. 336); suinde, S.-From AS. swogan. See Swowen.

Suik, sb. deceit, S2; see Swike.

Suld, should; see Scholde.

Sulf, self, S; see Self.

Sulien, v. to bemire, to sully, SkD, SD; y-suled, pp., S3.—AS. sylian: OHG. sulian (in bi-sulian), see Grein, p. 95; cp. AS. sol, mire (Voc.).

Sullen, v. to sell, S, S2; see Sellen.

Suller, sb. seller, S2; see Seller.

Sulliche, adv. strangely, S; see Sellich. Suluer, sb. silver, S2; see Siluer.

Sulzart, adj. (perhaps) bright, shining, S3.—(Cf. Gael. soilleir, bright, shining, O.Irish sollus, bright.—W.W.S.)

Sulze, sb. soil, earth, S3; soyle, Prompt. Comb.: sule erthe, soil, Prompt.—AF. soyl; Late Lat. solea used for Lat. solum, ground, see Ducange.

Sum, adj. and pron. some, a certain one, S; zom, S2; sumere, dat., S; sume, pl., S. Comb.: sume we, some of us, S; alle | Schowre.

and some, one and all, S2; sum sum, one one, S; sum-chere, some time, S; sumdel, something, S, S2; somdel, S2, C_2 ; sumdeale, S_3 ; sumdeill, S_3 ; sumdeel, W2; some dele, P; sumhwet, somewhat, S; somwat, S2; summehwile, for some time, S; sumewile, sometimes, S; sumwile, formerly, S; somtym, sometimes, C3; summes-weis, in some

Sum. conj. as. Comb.: swa summ, so as, S. Sumer, sb. summer, S; see Somer.

Sumundis. pr. s. summonses, H; see Sompne.

Sund. adj. sound, S; sound, PP.—AS. (ge)sund; cp. OHG. gi-sunt (Otfrid).

Sunder, adv. apart; sonder, S2. Comb.: sunder-bleo, diverse colour, SD; sunderhalze, Pharisee, SD; sunder-liche, separately, S; sundirly, severally, H; sunder-lipes, severally, SD; sunder-lepes, S; sunder-ling, separately, SD. Der.: sundren, to separate, S; i-sundred, pp., S; sundri, separate, S; sondry, C2.

Sunegen, v. to sin, S; sinegen, S; sungio, pl., S; sunegeden, pt. pl., S; sinegeden, S; sene;den, S; sene;eden, S; sineged, pp., S; i-suneged, S.—AS. syngian; cp. Icel. syndga.

Sunen. v. to sound, S; see Sounen.

Sungen, pt. pl. sang, S; see Syngen.

Sunne, sb. sun, S, S2; see Sonne.

Sunne, sb. sin, S, S2, PP; senne, S; sinne, S; synne, PP; zenne, S2; sunnen, pl., S; sennenn, S; sinne, S; zennen, S2. Comb.: sun-bend, sin-bond, S; Comb.: sun-bend, sin-bond, S; sinne-bendes, pl., S: sun-bote, penance, S; sinbote, S; sunful, sinful, S; senfulle, S; sinfule, S.—AS. synn: OS. sundea; cp. OHG. sunta (Tatian).

Suor, pt. t. of Sweren, q. v.

Sup, v. to sup, drink gradually, eat supper, S3; soop, pt. s., W; sopun, pp., W; sope, W.—AS. supan, pt. seap (pl. supon), pp. sopen. Cf. Soupen.

Superflue, adj. superfluous, HD; superflui, adv., W2.—OF. superflu (Cotg.); Lat superfluum.

Supplement, sb. new piece, patch, S2. -Lat. supplementum.

Supposinge. sb. supposition, C2.

Supposs, conj. supposing, although, S3. Supprioure, sb. sub-prior, P.

Sur. sb. shower; sures, pl., S; see

Sur. adj. sour, S; see Sour.

Sure, adj. sure, PP.—AF. seür; Lat. securum.

Suren, v. to give security to, PP, S3. Surety, sb. surety; seurtee, C3, S2; seurte, C; souerte, S3.—AF. seurte;

Lat. securitatem.

Surfait, sb. surfeit, excess, P; surfet, PP.—AF. surfait, surfet, outrage, annoy-

Surplys, sb. surplice, C3.—OF. surplis; Late Lat. superpelliceum.

Surquidry, sb. pride, arrogance, WA; surquedry, ND, Spenser 2; surquidrie, CM; succudry, B.—OF. surcuiderie, from surcuider; Lat. super + cogitare, to think.

Surrye, sb. Syria, S2.

Surryen, adj. Syrian, S2.

Suspect, sb. suspicion, C2, HD.—Late Lat. suspectus, suspicion (Ducange).

Suspect. adj. open to suspicion, C2.-Lat. suspectus, pp. of suspicere, to suspect.

Sustene. v. to sustain, C2; susteene, C3; susteyne, PP; sustened, pp., C2; i-susteined, S2; i-sousteined, S2.—AF. sustener, OF. sostenir; Lat. sustinēre.

Suster, sb. sister, S, C2, C3, PP; soster, S_2 ; sustre, P; sustren, pl., S, P; sostren, S2; zostren, S2; sistren, C; sistris, W.-AS. swuster, sweostor; cp. Goth. swistar (Icel. systir), cognate with Lat. soror (for *sosor), Skt. svasr. On the Teutonic intrusive t see Douse, p. 61.

Sute, sb. suit of clothes, clothing of human flesh, also train, suite, PP, Cath., Prompt.—AF. suyte; from suivre, sivre, to follow. See Suen.

Sutel. adj. manifest, SD; suteliche, adv. plainly, S.—AS. sweetel (swutel), see OET; from sweet, an assembly; cp. Icel.

Suteli, adv. subtly, W; see Sotyle. **Sutelin.** v. to be manifest, S.—AS. (ge)sweotulian.

Suo. adj. south, S; see Sowthe.

Sube, adv. very, S; see Swithe.

Subbe, afterwards, since, S, S2; see Siffian.

Suthroun, adj. southern, S3; see Sowth-

Suun, sb. a swoon, S2; see Swowne. Suwed, pp. followed, S2; see Suen.

Swa, adv. and conj. so, as, S, S2; swo, S; sa, S, S2; so, S, S2; se, S; sua, S, S2; | Swem, sb. a grief, S; see Sweem.

Euo, S2. Comb.: se-ford, so far, S; sogat, in such a way, S2.—AS. swá.

Swage, v. to assuage, diminish, W, W2, H. S3. See Aswagen.

Swaliden, pt. pl. dried up, W; see Swelen.

Swamish, adj. timorous, inaudaculus, Manip. See Sweem.

Swappe, sb. a stroke, HD.

Swappen, v. to strike, slash, to fall suddenly, C2; swap, imp. s., C3; swapte, pt. s., C2; pl., S3.

Swarde, sb. covering, skin, turfy surface, sward, Prompt.; swarth, Cath. (n. p. 373); swarthe, HD; swart, HD; sweard, HD. Der.: swardit, pp., grass-covered, S3.—AS. sweard, skin (Voc); cp. Icel. swordr (base svarða-), skin of the head, also the sward, surface of the earth.

Sware, adj. square, S2; see Sqware. Swart, adj. black, S, HD; swarte, S. -AS. sweart: OS. swart; cp. OHG. suarz (Tatian).

Swarve, v. to swerve, S3; see Sweruen. Swat; see swot.

Swatte, Swat; see Sweten. Swe, v. to follow, S3; see Suen.

Sweande; see Sweyen.

Sweem, sb. a swoon, trance, grief, Prompt., SkD (s.v. squeamish); sweam, 'subita aegrotatio,' SkD; swaim, Prompt. (n); swem, S; sweme, SkD, HD; sume, S2.—Icel. sveimr, a bustle, stir.

Sweigh, sb. sway, motion, S2, C3. See Sweyen.

Swele, v. to wash, S2; see Swilien.

Swelen, v. to sweal, to waste away under the action of fire, SkD, Trevisa, 3. 325; swale, HD; swaliden, pt. pl., dried up, W.—AS. swélan; from swól, heat (OET).

Swellen, v. to swell; swal, pt. s., S, S2, C2, PP; swellen, pp., C2.—AS. swellan, pt. sweall, pp. swollen.

Swelten, v. to faint, to die, PP; swalt, pt. s., SD; swulten, pl., SD; swelte, pt. s. (weak), C, HD.—AS. sweltan, to die, pt. swealt (pl. swulton); cp. Icel. svelta.

Swelten, v. to destroy, to cause to perish, S2; swelt, pp., SD.—Icel. svelta, to put to death (causal of the above).

Swelth, sb. offscouring, filth, S3, HD, ND. See Swillan.

Swelwen, v. to swallow, C2; see Swolowen.

Swenchen, v. to distress, afflict, S; suencten, pt. pl., S; i-swechte, pp., S.-AS. swencan (causal of swincan). See Swowen. Swinken.

Sweore, sb. neck, S; see Swere.

Sweote, adj. sweet, S; see Swete.

Swep. sb. drift, meaning, S. See Swopen. Swepe, sb. whip, SD; swepen, pl., S; swupen, S; swepes, S.

Swepen, v. to sweep, SkD; y-sweped, pp., C3. See Swopen.

Swerde, sb. sword, Prompt., PP; swerd, PP, S, C2; sweord, S; suerd, S, S2; **zuord**, S2.—AS. sweord: OS. swerd; cp. OHG. swert (Tatian).

Swere, sb. neck, S; sweere, G; see Swire.

Sweren, v. to swear, S, S2, C2; swerien, S; sueren, S; swor, pt. s., S: suor, S, S2; sware, S2; sweren, pl., S; sworen, S, C2; suoren, S; suore, S2; sworen, pp., S; swore, C2, G; y-swore, S2, C2; i-suore, S2.—AS. swerian, pt. swór, pp. sworen.

Swering, sb. swearing, C3.

Sweruen, v. to swerve, SkD; swarve, S3; suaruing, pr. p., S3; swarued, pp., S3.—AS. sweorfan, to rub, pt. swearf, pp. sworfen.

Swete, adj. sweet, S, C; sweete, S; suete, S, S2; suote, S2; sote, C2, C3; swete, adv., S; swote, S, C; soote, S3; soot, S3; swettere, comp., W2; sweteliche, adv., sweetly, S; swetlike, S; swetterly, comp. more sweetly, H. Der.: swetnesse, sweetness, S; swotnesse, S.-AS. swéte: OS. swíti; cp. OHG. suozi (Tatian).

Sweten, v. to make sweet, S.—AS.

Sweten, v. to sweat, S, P; swatte, pt. s., S, C2, C3, W2; swattes, 2 pt. s., S; swat, pl., S3.—AS. swatan, pt. swatte. See

Sweuen. sb. dream. S. C2; sweuene. S, S_2, P, W ; swefnes, pl., S.-AS. swefen: OS. sweban.

Sweuenen, v. to dream, SD.

Sweuening, sb. dreaming, S, S2.

Sweuien, v. to send to sleep; sweued, pr. s., S.—Icel. svefja, to lull to sleep.

Sweyen, v. to sway, to go, walk, pass, SkD, HD; sweijen, SD; swejen, SkD; sweande, pr. p., S2; swe, pr. pl., S2; **neyed**, pp., S2.—Cp. Swed. sviga, to bend. I (pl. swuncon), pp. swuncen.

Sweyen, v. to sound, PP; sweien, S. -AS. swegan (causal of swogan). See

Sweyne, sb. servant, armiger, Prompt., S; swayn, C2, G; swein, S; sueyn, S; suein, S2.—Icel. sveinn, a boy, lad, servant; cp. AS. swán.

Swi-, prefix, silent. Comb.: swi-dages, still days, days of silence, S; swi-messe, the Canon of the Mass, the silent Mass, S; swi-wike, the still week, SD.—AS. swige, silence.

Swien, v. to be silent; swiged, pr. s., S; swiede, pt. s., S.—AS. swlan, swlgian; cp. OHG. suiigén (Tatian).

Swiere, sb. neck, S; see Swire.

Swike, sb. traitor, deceiver, S; suikes, pl., S .- AS. swica.

Swike, sb. mouse-trap, S; swyke, Voc.; suik, deceit, S2.—AS. swice, 'scandalum' (Grein).

Swike, adj. deceitful, SD. swikedom, treachery, S, S2; suikedom, S2; swicful, treacherous, S; swikfull, H.—AS. swice.

Swikel, adj. treacherous, S, H; sikil, H; swikilly, adv., H. Comb.: swikeldom, treachery, S; swikeldome, S2; swikelhede, treachery, S; swikelede, S; suikelhede, S2.—AS. swicol.

Swiken, v. to cease, fail, deceive, S: swyken, H; suyken, pt. pl., S.—AS. swican, pt. swác (pl. swicon), pp. swicen.

Swilien, v. to wash, SkD; swele, S2. -AS. swilian.

Swilk, adj. such, H, S; see Swyche. Swin, sb. pig, porcus, SD; swyne, Voc.; pl., S.—AS. swin.

Swinden, v. to perish, dwindle away, S: swynde, S.-AS. swindan, pt. swand (pl. swundon), pp. swunden.

Swing, sb. bias, inclination, swav. HD: free course of behaviour, S3; swinge, sway, S3.

Swingen, v. to swing, beat, whip, scourge; swyngen, H; swungen, pp., S: swongen, H; swongyn, H.—AS. swingan, pt. swang (pl. swungen), pp. swungen.

Swink, sb. toil, S, C3; swynk, S2; swinc, S; suinc, S; swinch, S; swunche, S .-- AS. (ge)swinc.

Swinken, v. to toil, S, C3, ND; swynke. S2, C; swincke, S3; swanc, pt. s., S; swone, S; swunken, pl., S; swonken, S2; suank, S2.—AS. swincan, pt. swanc Swinkere, sb. labourer, C.

Swippen, v. to move violently; swipte, pt. s., tossed, S.—AS. swipian.

Swire, sb. neck, CM; swyre, S2, HD; sweere, S; swere, S; sweere, G; swiere S; swyer, HD.—AS. sweora.

Swirk, v. to dart swiftly away, S3.

Swirk, sb. a jerk, a blow, HD.

Swithe, adv. very, greatly, much, quickly, S, S2, P, W, G; swythe, S, S2, C3; swude, S; suide, S, S2; suyde, S, S2; supe, S; swith, S2; swifeliche, exceedingly, S.—AS. swide, adv. from swid, strong: Goth. swinths.

Swiden, v. to scorch, burn, SD; swided, pr. s., S.—Icel. svíða.

Swo. so, as, S; see Swa.

Swogh, sb. a swoon; see Swough.

Swolowe, sb. gulf, W2.

Swolowen, v. to swallow, W2; swolwen, C3; swelwen, C2, Prompt.; swolgen, pp., S; i-swolze, S; swolewid, pt. s. weak, W2 .- From AS. swelgan, pt. swealh (pl. swulgon), pp. swolgen.

Swongen, pp. beaten, H; see Swingen. Swonken, pt. pl. toiled (to get), S2; see Swinken.

Swopen, v. to sweep, cleanse, S2, PP, HD, SkD (s.v. swoop).—AS. swapan, pt. swéop, pp. swápen.

Swor, pt. t. of Sweren, q. v.

Swot, sb. sweat, PP, W; swat, S; swote, dat., C3.—AS. swát.

Swote, adj. sweet, S, C; see Swete. **Swouch.** v. to make a rustling sound.

S3.—AS. swogan. See Swowen. **Swough,** sb. the sound of the wind, a sighing, swoon, C, C2, CM, HD; swogh,

S3, HD; swowe, S2, HD. See above. Swowe, sb. swoon, S2; see Swough.

Swowen, v. to faint, swoon, PP; iswoje, pp., S; y-swoje, S.—AS. swogan, to make a noise like the wind, to sough, sigh. Cf. Swouch, Swough, Suhien.

Swowne, sb. swoon; sowne, S3; suun, S2; swownde, HD; sound, S3.

Swownen, v. to swoon, C, C2, C3, Prompt., Cath.; swoune, PP.

Swunche, sb. toil, S; see Swink.

Swungen, pp. beaten, scourged, S; see Swingen.

see Swinken.

Swupen, pl. whips, scourges, S; see Swepe

Swuce. adv. very, quickly, S; see Swithe.

Swyche, adj. such, PP, S2; swiche, S, C2, PP; swuch, S; suich, S2; soche, S; zuyche, S2; siche, W; swice, S; swulche, S; swilch, S; swulc, S; swilc. S; swilk, H, S; suilc, S; suilk, S, S2; sile, S2; sike, S3.—AS. swile (= swá+

Swymbel, sb. a giddy motion, C.—Cp. Dan. svimmel, giddiness.

Swyme, sb. dizziness, vertigo, HD (s. v. swime), SkD (s. v. swim, 2); swym, SkD.—AS. sw ma; see SkD (s.v. squeamish).

Sy. sb. victory, S; see Size.

Syde, adj. and adv. wide, long, far, Cath.; side, S, PP, S2, Cotg. (s.v. robon); syd, Prompt. (n); syyd, Prompt.; cyyd, Prompt.; sydder, comp., P.—AS. std, wide, *side*, far.

Syen, pt. pl. saw; see Seon.

Syke, sb. sigh, C; syk, C2; seych, S3. Syken, v. to sigh, C, C3, PP; siken, S, S2, PP; syghte, pt. s., C3; sicht, S3; sykede, PP; syked, C_2 ; sizede, S_3 .—AS.

Syment, sb. cement, MD; cyment, MD.—Of. ciment; Lat. caementum; see BH, § 39.

Symented, pp. cemented, S2.

Symulacris, sb. pl. images, idols, W; simylacris, W; symelacris, W.-Lat. simulacrum (Vulg.).

Syn, since, S2, S3; see siden.

Synewe, sb. sinew, Prompt.; synow. Voc.; synoghe, S2.—AS. sinu (gen. sinwe), see Sievers, 259.

Syng, sb. sign, S3; singne, W; sygne. PP; signe, PP.—AF. signe; Lat. signum. **Syngabil**, adj. pl. things to sing (= Lat. cantabiles), H.

Syngen, v. to sing, PP; singen, S; song, pt. s., S, S3, C2; pl., S3; songe, S3; sungen, pl., S; sunge, pp., S; songe, C2.—AS. singan.

Synguler, adj. sole, alone, excelling all, PP; singuler, S2, C3, W2; relating to one person, S3; singulare, individual, S3; syngulerli, only, W2.—Lat. singularis.

Synnamome, sb. cinnamon, S3; cynamome, MD; synamome, MD: synamon. Swunken, pt. pl. worked, toiled, S; MD .- OF. cinamome; Lat. cinnamomum | (Vulg.; Gr. κινάμωμον; Heb. qinnāmön, Synopyr, sb. a pigment of reddish and greenish colour, Prompt.; synopar, S3; cynoper, MD; cinoper, ND; cynope, green, in heraldry, SkD (s.v. sinople).—Cp. OF. sinople, green colour in blazon (Cotg.), also sinope; Late Lat. sinopidem, red ochre; from Gr. σινωπίς, a red earth; from Σινώπη, Sinope, a port on the Black Sea.

Syon, sh. scion, a cutting for grafting, a young shoot, S₃, Palsg.; **cyun**, Prompt.; **cion**, SkD; **sioun**, SD; **siouns**, pl., branches (= Lat. palmites), W₂.—OF. cion.

Syrupe, sb. syrup, Cath.; sirop, SkD; soryp, Prompt.; seroppes, pl. syrups, S3. —OF. syrop (Cotg.); Arab. shuráb, syrup, a beverage.

Sythe, sb. scythe, PP, Voc., Prompt.; sithe, P.—AS. sibe (Voc.), sigdi (OET); cp. Icel. sigor.

Syue, sb. sieve, C3, Prompt.—AS. sife (Voc.), sibi (OET), see Sievers, 262.

Syzen, pt. pl. saw; see Seon.

Sy3t, sb. sight, S2; see Sighte.

Ta-, Te-.

Ta, v. to take, S2, S3; see Take.

Taa. Comb.: the taa, the one, HD.

Taa. sb. toe, S2; see Too.

Tabard, sb. a short coat or mantle, usually sleeveless, formerly worn by ploughmen, noblemen, and heralds, now by heralds only, HD, SkD, C; tabart, S2, PP; tabarde, PP, Vcc.; tabbard, collobium, Prompt.; taberd, Voc.; taberde, Voc.; tabare, Coc.—OF. tabard, tabart, also tabarre (Cotg.); cp. It. tabarro.

Tabarder, sb. a name for scholars at Queen's College, Oxford, ND.

Tabernacle, sb. a place in which some holy thing is deposited, WA; tabernacles, pl., niches of a lofty cross, S3; ornamental niches, HD; shrines, S3 (1. 181).—Lat. tabernaculum (Vulg.); cp. OF. tabernacle (Cotg.).

Table, sb. in palmistry, a space between certain lines on the hand, HD; tables, pl., a game, now called backgammon, CM. See **Tayel**.

Tabour, sb. a small drum, SkD; tabur, WA; taber, Voc.—OF. tabor, thabour.

Taburne, sb. a drum, tympanum, WA, Voc., Cath.; taburn, H.

Taburner, sb. a player on the tabor, timpanista, Cath.; taberner, timpanizator, Voc.

Taburnystir, sb. female tabor player (= tympanistria), H.

Tache, sb. a mark, sign, quality, stain, blemish, fault, HD; tacche, HD; tacches, pl., PP; tacchis, HD; teches, S2. Der.: tached, pp., tainted, stained; tachyd, PP.—OF. tache, teche, and OF. tacher, to spot, to stain.

Tache, sb. a clasp, brooch, fibula, Cath. (n), Voc. Cf. **Takke**.

Tachen, v. to fasten, Cath. (n). Cf.

Tacne, sb. token, S; see Tokne.

Tacnen, v. to betoken, S; takened, pp., S2—AS. (ge)tácnian.

Tade, sb. toad, bufo, Voc., Cath., S2; tadde, S. Comb.: tadde-chese, tubera, Voc.; tadde-pol, brucus, Voc.; tadpolle, lumbricus, Voc.; tade-stole, boletus, fungus, Cath.—Cp. AS. tádige (tádie).

Taffata, sb. a thin glossy silk stuff, C, WA, Cotg.; taffata, Palsg.; taffaty, HD.—Low Lat. taffata (Ducange); cp. OF. taffetas (Cotg.).

Tahte, Tagte, pt. s. of Techen. Tai, they, S; see pei.

Taille, sb. a tally, an account scored on a piece of wood, C, P; taile, CM, P; tayle, Cath., Prompt.; taly, Prompt.—OF. taille, a cut, a notch, a tally (Cotg.), from tailler, to cut.

Taillour, sb. tailor, S2, PP; tayle3our, Voc.; tayl3or, Voc.; taylours, PP.—AF. taillour. See above.

Takel, sb. implement, tackle, arrow, C, SkD; tacle, Prompt; takil, B. Der.: takil, pp., caught, seized, H.—Cp. Du. takel.

Taken, v. to take, to deliver, yield up, hand over, to hit, reflex., to betake oneself, S, S2, S3, G, PP, W; tween, S; ta, S2, S3, B; toe, pt. s., S; tok, S, S2; tuk, S3; toke, 2 pt. s., S; token, pl., S, W2; taken, pp., S3; take, S2, C, C2; y-take, S2, C2; i-take, S; tane, S2, S3; tan, S2. Phr.: taken with, to endure, accept, S; taken

to, to take to, S (s. v. tok); taken kepe, to take heed, C2; taken tome, to vacate, H.
—Icel. taka.

Taken, sb. token, S2; see Tokne.

Taking, sb. snare; takyng, W2.

Takke, sb. button, clasp, Prompt. Cf. Tache.

Takken, v. to fasten, to sew together, Prompt. Cf. Tachen.

Takning, sb. signification, S2; see **Toknynge**.

Tal, adj. seemly, Prompt.

Talde, pt. s. of Tellen.

Tale, sb. account, reckoning, tale, narrative, talk, the gospel narrative, S, S2, C2, PP. Comb.: tale-tellour, tale-bearer, PP; tale-wys, slanderous, PP; tal-wis, PP.—AS. talu, 'numerus, narratio'; cp. OHG. zala 'numerus' (Tatian).

Talen, v. to speak, C, S2.—AS. talian, to reckon (Grein).

Talent, sb. desire, inclination, appetite, B, Prompt., C₃, HD.—OF. talent, desire (BH); Late Lat. talentum (Ducange).

Talvace, sb. a kind of buckler or shield, HD; talvas, HD.—OF. talvas, talvas (Ducange), also tallevas (Cotg.); cp. Low Lat. talavacius (Ducange).

Talyage, sb. a taxing, Prompt. (s. v. taske); tallage, flavour, S3; talage, HD.

—Low Lat. talliagium, a taxing, testing public weights and measures (Ducange).

Tan, pp. taken, S2; see Take.

Tancrit, adj. transcribed; tancrete, S₃.—OF. tancrit; Lat. transcriptum (Ducange).

Tang, sb. sea-weed, SkD, JD. Comb.: tang-fish, the seal, JD.—Icel. pang.

Tangle, sb. sea-weed, HD, JD.—Icel. pongull.

Tangle, v. to twist confusedly; tangell, Palsg.; tangild, pp., ensnared, H (p. 149).
Tapecer, sb. a maker of tapestry, Prompt.; tapicer, C; tapesere, Prompt.—OF. tapissier, from tapis, tapiz; Late Gr. ranirov, for raniprov. Cf. Tapet.

Tapecerye, sb. tapestry, HD.—OF. tapisserie.

Tapet, sb. cloth, hangings, tapestry, Prompt., ND; tappet, HD; tapite, S3; tapyt, Voc.; tapett, Cath.; tapetis, pl. (=Lat. tapetes), W2; tapites, HD; tapets, S3. Der.: tapiter, a maker of tapestry, HD.—Lat. tapete, from Gr. ταπήτον. Cf. Tapecer.

Tapinage, sb. secret sculking, HD.—OF. tapinage (Ducange); cp. tapir, to hide (Cotg.).

Tapissynge, sb. hangings, H.

Tappe, sb. a tap, clipsidra, Prompt.; teppe, SD. Comb.: tap-tre, clipsidra, HD, Cath.

Tappestere, sb. a female tapster, C; tapstare, propinaria, Prompt.

Tarette, sb. ship of heavy burden, S2.
—Low Lat. tareta, also tarida (Ducange); cp. OF. taride.

Targe, sb. a charter, Prompt.

Targe, sb. a small shield, C, S2, Voc.—OF. targe (BH); cp. targue (Cotg.).

Target, sb. a small targe, Prompt.; targett, Voc.; tergate, S3; targattes, pl., SkD.—Low Lat. targeta; cp. It. targhetta (Florio).

Tarien, v. to delay, to hinder, C2; to tarry, W2, S3; see **Terien**.

Tarne, sb. a girl, HD.—Icel. perna; cp. OHG. thiarna (Otfrid); see Kluge (s. v. dirne). See perne.

Tarne, sb. a tarn; see Terne.

Tas, sb. heap, C; tass, C; tasse, Prompt., HD.—OF. tas, stack, heap (BH); cp. Du. tas, Low Lat. tassis (Voc.), tassus (Ducange).

Taske, sb. a taxing, Prompt.; a task, HD, Palsg.—Cp. Late Lat. tasca for taxa, a tax. See Taxen.

Tasker, sb. a thrasher, Voc., HD; taskar, B; taskur, Bardsley.

Tassel, sb. male hawk; see Tercel.

Tast, sb. taste, S3, PP; taast, Prompt. Tasten, v. to feel, touch, kiss, taste, C3, PP; taasten, Prompt.; tast, pt. s., probed, HD.—OF. taster, to feel by touch, to taste (F. tâter); Late Lat. *taxitare, frequent. of Lat. taxare, to handle.

Tatter, a shred, loose-hanging rag, a ragged person, ND, SkD; totters, pl., rags, Sh. Der.: tatered, adj., jagged, S3.—Icel. tötturr (for tölturr), töturr.

Tauny, adj. tawny, P; tanny, Prompt.

—AF. taune, OF. tanne, tawny, tanned, pp. of taner, to tan (BH).

Tavel, sb. the game of 'tables,' back-gammon, SD. Comb.: tavel-bred, back-gammon-board, SD.—AS. tafèl, 'alea' (Voc.); Lat. tabula. See Table.

Tavelen, v. to play at 'tables,' S.

Taverne, sb. an inn, Prompt., Voc.—AF. taverne; Lat. taberna.

Voc.; tavernere, Prompt.—AF. taverner; Late Lat. tabernarium.

Tawen, v. to prepare leather, SkD; tewen, Prompt.; taw, to dress hemp, HD; tawed, pp., hardened with labour, S3; 1-tauwed, S.—AS. tawian, to prepare, dress leather, to scourge.

Tawer, sb. a tanner, SD, SkD.

Tawnen, v. to shew, S; taunede, pt. s., SD.—Cp. ODu. toonen and MHG. zounen for zougenen, from OHG. zougian for azougjan (see Lexer); cp. AS. æt-ywan. See

Taxen, v. to tax, SkD, PP.—AF. taxer; Lat. taxare.

Taxoure, sb. a taxer, P.

Tayl, sb. tail, a retinue, train of followers, S2, C2, PP; taile, S2, PP; tayle, Cath.—AS. tagl: Goth. tagl, hair.

Tayt, adj. glad, cheerful, brisk, S3; teyte, pl., HD.—Icel. teitr.

Te-, prefix; same as **To-** (2).

Teald, pp. of Tellen.

Teares, pl. tears, S; see Tere.

Techen, v. to teach, S, C2, S2; teachen, S; tache, S; tahte, pt. s., S; taihte, S; tagte, S; tahtes, 2 pt. s., S; tehten, pl., S; taucht, pp., S3; y-ta3t, S2; y-taught, C2.—AS. técan, pt. téhte, pp. téht.

Teches. sb. pl. marks, signs, S2; see

Teer, sb. tear, C2; see Tere.

Teise, sb. a fathom, HD.—AF. teise (OF. toise); Late Lat. tensa. Cf. Teyse.

Teizen, v. to tie, bind, S2; see Tizen. **Teld**, sb. a covering, tent, SkD (s.v. tilt); telde, S2, HD; telte, Prompt.; tilde, PP (p. 779).—AS. (ge)teld, a tent; cp. Icel. tjald.

Telden, v. to pitch a tent, to erect a building, to dwell, PP; tilden, S3; tilde, pt. s., PP; tulde, PP; telt, HD; teldit, pp., PP; tyld, S3.

Tele, sb. sorcery, magic, HD.

Telen, v. to reprove, to scoff at, S; telen, S.—ONorth. telan (Luke 7. 30), AS. tælan, to blame, from tálu, 'calumnia' (Grein).

Telie, v. to till, cultivate, PP; see Tilien.

Telinge, sb. husbandry, culture, study, practice of magic; telynge, HD; tulyinge, PP; teolunges, pl., S.-AS. teolung, tilung, tilling, culture, study.

Taverner, sb. inn-keeper, C2, HD, P, telst, 2 pr. s., S; telb, pr. s., S, S2; tellus, pl., S2; talde, pt. s., S; tolde, S2, PP; telld, S2; tolden, pl., S; talden to, accounted, S; telden, W; teald, pp., S; talde, S_2 ; ytold, C_2 , S_2 ; i-told, S; told, S2.—AS. tellan, pt. tealde, pp. ge-teald. See Tale.

> Teme, sb. theme, subject, text, PP; teeme, S2, PP.—OF. theme; Lat. thema; Gr. θέμα.

Teme, v. to tame, H; **temyd**, pp., H.— AS. temian (Voc.): Goth. (ga)tamjan.

Temen, v. to bring forward as witness, S.—AS. téman, týman (Schmid), from téam, a summoning for warranty (Schmid).

Temen, v. to make empty, to pour out, HD, Prompt., Cath., H; tume, JD; teym, JD.—Icel. tama, to empty; from tomr, empty. See Tome.

Temp, v. to tempt, H; tent, to probe, Sh.; temped, pp., HD.—OF. tempter (F. tenter); Lat. tentare.

Temporal, adj. lasting but for a short time, S2 .- OF. temporel; Lat. temporalem (Vulg.).

Temporalite, sb. temporal power, PP; temperaltes, temporalities, PP.—AF. temporalitee.

Tempre, v. to temper, moderate, restrain, PP, C2; temperid, pp., directed, W2; tempred, fitted, attuned, S2, PP.—OF. temprer (F. tremper); Lat. temperare.

Tempre, adj. tempered, modified, temperate, H. OF. tempre.

Ten, v. to draw, pull, train, also to go, mount, reflex. to conduct oneself, S; teon, S; tuen, HD; te, HD; tec, pr. s., S; tuhen, pt. pl., S; i-tosen, pp., S; i-tohen, Comb.: ful-itohe, badly trained, S .-AS. téon, pt. téah (pl. tugon), pp. togen: Goth. tiuhan; cp. Lat. ducere; see Brugmann, § 65.

Tend, adj. ord. tenth, S2, B; tende, HD. Tende. sb. a tenth, HD; teind, tithe, S3; tendis, pl., H.—Icel. tlund, a tenth.

Tende, v. to tithe, Cath.

Tenden, v. to kindle, set fire to, S2,W; teenden, W; tind, HD; tendeden, pt. pl., PP; tenden, PP; tendyn, PP; tende, S2; y-tend, pp., S2.—AS. tendan (in on-tendan): Goth. tandjan, causal of *tindan, to burn.

Tene, sb. grief, vexation, injury, S, S2, S3, PP, B; teene, PP; teone, S, S2, PP; teyne, B; tyene, S2.—AS. téona.

Tenen, v. to vex, trouble, injure, PP; Tellen, v. to tell, count, esteem, S. S2; teene, PP; teonen, PP.—AS. tynan.

Tennes, sb. tennis, S3; see Tenyse.

Tenserie, sb. an extraordinary impost, robbery, S (2. 42).—OF. tenserie; Late Lat. tensaria.

Tente, sb. a tent, C2, PP.—OF. tente (Bartsch); Late Lat. tenta, cloth stretched.

Tente, sb. intention, purpose, PP; tent, attention, care, heed, S2, JD, W, W2, H.—OF. atente (BH).

Tentyf, adj. attentive, CM; tentify, adv., attentively, C2.—OF. attentif.

Tenyse, sb. tennis, Palsg.; teneys, tenisia, Prompt.; tennes, S3, SkD.

Teolung, sb. magical practice, S; see **Telinge**.

Teon, v. to draw, S; see Ten.

Teone, sb. grief, S; see Tene.

Terce, adj. a third, SkD; tlerce, the third hour (canonical), SkD; tyerse, SkD.—AF. terce, tierce, OF. terc, tiers, tierce; Lat. tertia.

Tercel, sb. the male of any kind of hawk, CM, Prompt., Sh.; tercelle, Voc.; terselle, Cath.; tassel, Sh.; tassell, Cotg.—AF. tercel, from OF. terce.

Tercelet, sb. a small hawk, C2.—AF. tercelet, OF. tiercelet (Cotg.).

Tere, sb. tear, S, C2; teer, C2; teeres, pl., S.—AS. tear, also teagor, OHG. zahar (Tatian); cp. Gr. δάκρυ; see Douse, p. 94.
Teren, v. to tear, S.—AS. teran; cp. Goth. (ga)tairan.

Teren. v. to tar, S. See Terre.

Tergate, sb. a small shield, S3; see Target.

Terien, v. to vex, irritate, to make weary, to delay, hinder, irritare, fatigare; taryyn, Prompt.; terren, Prompt.; terre, W, W2; tarien, C2; y-taryed, pp., S2.—AS. tergan, to vex.

Terien, v. to tarry, to delay; teryyn, Prompt; taryen, CM; tarten, W2, S3.

—The same word as above; for change of sense cp. AS. dreccan, to vex, with the equivalent ME. drecchen, to tarry (q. v.).

Terme, sb. term, period, S, C2; termes, pl., expressions, examples, PP, C2; limits, ends, W, W2.—AF. terme; Lat. terminum.

Terminen, v. to determine, limit, W; itermynet, pp., S2; y-termyned, PP.—AF. terminer, to determine.

Terne, sb. a tarn, small lake, S2; **tarne**, Manip.—Icel. *tjörn* (*tjarn*-).

Terre, sb. tar, Prompt.; tarre, PP; teer, HD; ter, B.—AS. teoru (Voc.).

Terre, v. to provoke, W, W2; see Terien.

Terryng, sb. a provoking, W2.

Teruagant, sb. one of the seven gods of Hengest, S; Termagant, a supposed god of the Saracens, ND; one of the characters in the old moralities, ND, Sh., TG; Trivigant, ND.—OF. Tervagant, also Tervagan, one of the three gods of the Saracens (Roland); cp. It. Trivigante (Ariosto).

Teste, sb. a pot in which metals are tried, HD, SkD, C3; teest, HD. Phr.: to bring to the test, lit. to bring to the refiner's vessel, Sh.—OF. teste, a refiner's vessel; Lat. testa, a vessel used in alchemy, orig. a piece of baked earthenware, also shell of fish, skull, head. Cp. OF. test (F. test), a test in chemistry, orig. a potsherd, see Bartsch.

Testere, sb. a head-piece, helmet, tester for a bed, SkD, HD; teester, Prompt.; tester, C; testar, Palsg.—OF. testiere, head-piece (Cotg.).

Testif, adj. headstrong, testy, CM; testie, S3.—OF. testif (Palsg.).

Te-tealte, adj. quite unstable, in jeopardy, S2. (To- 2.)

Teo. pr. s.; teo up, mounts, S; see Ten.

Tewelle, sb. the pipe of a chimney, HD; tuel, a pipe, HD.—OF. tuel, tuyel (F. tuyau): Sp. tudel; of Teutonic origin; see Kluge (s.v. düte), and Weigand (s.v. 20tte).

Texte, sb. text, scripture, SkD; text, Cath., C2; tixte, PP, S2; tixt, PP; tyxte, PP; tyxt, PP.—OF. texte; Lat. textum.

Textuel. adj. literal, C3.

Teye, sb. a coffer, Prompt.—OF. teie (toie); Lat. thēca; cp. F. taie.

Teyne, sb. a thin plate of metal, C3.

Teyrre, of them, S; see pei.

Teyse, v. to poise for shooting, HD; tasit, pt. s., B; taisand, pr. p., HD.—OF. toiser, to measure (Cotg.). See Teise.

Teyte, adj. pl. cheerful, HD; see Tayt.

Th.

Th, an abbreviation of the article the, | parne, v. to lack, want, HD, H; tharn, ND. Comb.: thair, S2; thangel, C2; tharmes, C; tharray, S2, C2; thassemblee, S2, C3; thavys, the advice, C; theffect, C2; theffusion, S3; thegle, C2; thembatel, S3; themperice, S; themperour, S2, C3; thencens, thenchauntement, C; thencres, thende, S, S2, S3; thentencioun, C3; therle, S3; thestat, C; thimage, C2; thingot, C3; thold, S3; thorient, C2; thorisoun, C; thothre, S, S3.

pa, art. def. fem. the, S; dat. masc., S; pl., S; pron. pl., who, S; see pe.

pam, art. dat. s. and pl. the, S; see be. And see pei.

pan, art. dat. and acc. the, S; see pe. pan, adv. then; see panne. pane, art. acc. masc. the, S; see pe. pane, adv. then, S; see panne.

pane, sb. thane, S2; see peyn. panen, adv. thence, S; panene, S2.

AS. panon. pank, sb. a thought, a thank, gratitude, grace; pane, S; pone, S; ponk, S, PP; pance, dat., S; ponke, S, S2; pankes, pl., PP; thonkes, PP, S2. Phr.: can panc, con ponk, is thankful, S; here pankes, gen. as adv., of their own thought, spontaneously, S, C.—AS. panc; cp. OHG. thanc (Otfrid).

panken, v. to thank, PP, S; ponken, PP, S, S2.-AS. pancian.

panne, adv. then, when, S, PP, S2, C; $pann, S; pane, S; pan, S, S_2, C_2; penne,$ S, PP, S2; pene, S, PP; pen, S; peonne, S .- AS. pænne.

panne, conj. than, S; pane, S; pan, S2; penne, S; penn, S; pene, S; pen, S, PP. —AS. pænne.

panne, adv. thence, S2; see penne. bar, pt.-pr. s. impers. it needs, opus est, B, H; thare, H; parf, S; tharst, 2 pt.-pr. s., PP; thart, pt. pr. s., HD. Comb. : thardestow, thou wouldst need, PP; see purfen.

par-, prefix; see per-. pare, art. dat. f. to the, S; see pe. parmes, sb. pl. entrails, HD. - AS pearm (Voc.); for cognates see Kluge (s.v. darm).

H; tharnys, pr.s., H; tharnyd, pt.s., H. —Icel. parnask (for parfnask), to lack.

pas, pron. dem. pl. those, S, S2; see pes. pat, pron. dem., pron. rel. and conj. that, S, S2; pet, S, S2; at, S2, S3, H, NED.— AS. pat. See pe.

pauien, v. to permit, SD; peauien, S; thave, HD.—AS. pafian.

pe, pron. dem. and def. art. m. that man, the, S; pee, S; te, S; to, S; pat, n., S, S2; pet, S, S2; tat, S; tatt, S; pes, gen. m., S; pes pe, so much the (more), S; pas, S; pane, acc. m., S, S2; pan S, S2; pene, S; penne, S; penne, S; pen, S, S2; pam, dat. m., S; pan, S; pen, S, S2; pon, S; po, S; pa, S; peo, nom. f., S; pere, dat. f. and gen. f.; pare, S; pere, S; par, S; per, S; ps. acc. f., S; po, S; peo, S; pie, S; pe, inst. as in pe bet, the better, PP. Comb.: the self, itself, H.—ONorth. &. see Sievers, 337.

pe, pron. rel. who, which, S.-AS. de (the indeclinable relative pronoun). See above.

pe, conj. than, S -AS. ve, 'quam.'

peaw, sb. habit, virtue, S; see pew.

pedam. sb. prosperity, Prompt, HD. See peen.

pede, sb. pl. nations, S2 (3. 29); see peode.

peden, adv. thence, S; see pepen. peder, adv. thither, S2; see pider. beef. sb. thief, C2; see peof.

peen, v. to thrive, vigere, Prompt.; thee, S3, C2, C3, Spenser (2), HD; the, C, HD; the, I pr. s. subj., PP; theech (thee + ich), may I thrive, C3; theich, PP; peagh, pt. s., SD; 1-pe3, S2.—AS. (ge)péon: *plhan; cp. Goth. theihan; see Sievers, 383, Douse, p. 40.

pefe. sb. leafy branch, twig; theve, Prompt. Comb.: thefethorn, buckthorn, Alph. (n. p. 156), Voc.; thefthorne, H; thewethornys, pl., morus, Voc.; thethorne, ramnus, Prompt.; the thorntre, Voc.—AS. *þýfe (þéfe*), *þéfe-þorn*, ' ramnus ' (Voc.), deofetorn (Voc.); cf. AS. pufian, 'frutescere' (Voc.).

peggre, gen., S; teggre, S; thair, S2;

thayr, PP; par, S2, S3; pe33m, dat. acc., S; thaim, S2; thaym, PP; tham, S2. Comb.: pam-selue, themselves, S2.—Icel. peir, they (Dan. de), gen. peirra, dat. peim; cp. AS. 8d, those. See pe.

pein, sb. thane, S; see peyn.

pellyche, pron. such, S2; see pulli. penchen, v. to think, to intend, S, S2; penken, PP, S; pohte, pt. s., S, S2; poste, S; poght, S2; thoucte, S; bouhten, pl., S; poght, pp., S2; pouht, PP; thouct, S.-AS. pencan, pt. pohte, pp. (ge)poht. See pynken.

pene. art. acc. masc. the, S; pen, S; see þe.

penien, v. to serve; penio, pr. pl., S. Der.: peninge, services, S.—AS. pénian, pegnian, from pegn. See peyn.

benne, than; also then; see panne. penne, adv. thence, S; panne, S2; ponne, S; peonne, S2, PP. See panen. pennes, adv. thence, PP, S2, C2, C3; thennus, W. Comb.: thennes-forth, thenceforth, C2.

peode, sb. people, nation, S; piode, S; peode, pl., orders (of angels), S; nations, S2; pede, S2; peden, dat., S.—AS. péod; cp. Goth. thiuda, OHG. thiota (Tatian).

peof, sb. thief, S, PP; thef, PP; pyef, S2; theef, C2, Prompt.; peue, dat., S; pieue, S; peofes, pl., S; peoues, S, PP; W2; theueli, in a thief-like manner, Wa; peofte, theft, S; pefte, PP, Prompt.—AS. péof: Goth. thiubs; cp. OHG. thiob (Tatian).

peorrf. adj. unleavened, S; see **perf.** peos, pron. dem. f. this, S; see pes. peoster, sb. darkness, S.—AS. péostru: OS. thiustri.

peostre, adj. dark, S; see pester. **peow**, sb. servant; **peoww**, S. Der.: peou-dom, bondage; peoudome, dat., S. -AS. plow: Goth. thius; cp. OHG. thiu, 'ancilla' (Otfrid).

peowten, v. to serve; peowwtenn, S. -From AS. *péowet*, service.

per, pron. dem. pl. these, S2, HD; there, H; pir, S2, H. S3, JD; those, B.— Icel. peir, they. See pei.

per-, prefix, SkD (s. v. there-). Comb.: perfore, for it, for that cause, PP, S, C2; perfor, S, S2; peruore, S2; pereuore, S; parfore, S, S2; paruore, S; pareuore, S; perfore, S; perinne, therein, S, S2, C2; perinne, S; parinne, S; prinne, | penes. sb. pl. thieves, W2; see peof.

S, S2; thrynne, G; parin, S, S2; perin, S; perwio, therewith, S, C2; parwio, S, S2; perwist, S2; perwiff, S; permide, therewith, S; peremyde, P; parmid, S; perof, thereof, S, C2; prof, S.—AS. bere, pron. dem. dat. f.; see be.

pere, adv. there, where, S, S2, S3; pare, S; pore, S, S2; per, S, S2, S3; par, S, S2; por, S; pear, S; piar, S; per, S; terr, S (in Ormulum). Comb: per aboute, thereabouts, S2; pare amang, at various times, S2; per an under, there beneath, S2; pere as, where that, S3; per binore, before then, S2; per before, S; per efter, thereafter, S; ther on, thereon, C2; pron, S; prute, thereout, S; per opelnes, in comparison therewith, S; pare ogayne, S2; porquiles, meanwhile, S; pere whiles, P; pertil, thereto, S; portil, S; perto, thereto, S, S2, C2, C3; parto, S2; per towart, against it, S; per uppe, besides, S; pruppe, thereupon, S.—AS. pær: Goth. thar.

Dere. art. gen, and dat. f. of the, to the, S; see pe.

perf, adj. unleavened, W, S2, PP; peorrf, S. Comb.: therf looues, unleavened bread, W; therf breed, HD.-AS. peorf; cp. Icel. pjarfr.

perfling, adj. unleavened; perflinng,

perne. sb. a girl, SD (Havelok, 298); see Tarne.

pes, pron. dem. m. this, S; pis, S; pis, n., S; peos, f., S; teos, S; pesses, gen. m., S; pisse, gen. f., S; pissen, dat. m., S; pisse, dat. f., S; pisser, S; pesser, S; peser, S; pas, acc. f., S; pas, pl., S, S2; pos, S; peos, S; peos, C, W2; these, W2; pues, S2; pis, S2; pies, S3; pisse, dat. pl., S; pise, S2, C2; pyse, S2; pesen, S.—AS. pes, see Sievers, 338, and SkD (s.v. this).

pester, adj. dark, HD; pyester, S2; peostre, S; puster, S.—AS. péostre : OS. thiustri.

pesternesse, sb. darkness, S, PP; pyesternesse, S2; piesternesse, S; peosternesse, S.—AS. plosternis.

pestrien, v. to become dark, S.—AS. pystrian.

pet, pron. that; see pat, pe.

pepen, adv. thence; pepenn, S; peden, S; thethyn, H.—Icel. peban, paban (Dan. deden).

pew, sb. habit, practice, virtue, S2; S3, W2, PP; pa, S, S2, H; paa, S2; peo, powers, S; pewes, PP, S2, C2, C3; thewis, W; thewys, H. Comb.: peauful, moral, virtuous; peaufule, pl., S.— AS. péaw, habit.

pewed, adj. mannered; thewde, S3. Phr.: wel pewed, S.

peyn, sb. service (?), S2.

peyn, sb. thane, warrior, attendant at a king's court, S; pein, SkD, S; thane, S2, Sh.—AS. pegn (pén), Icel. pegn: OS. thegan, a youth, disciple, knight, warrior; cp. OHG. thegan (Otfrid).

pi, pron. poss. thy, S; see pou.

picke, adj. thick, S; pikke, S2, C2; thykke, Prompt.; thicke, adv., S; pikke, S, PP; piece, S.—AS. piece, adj. and adv.: OS. thikki.

picke, sb. thicket, S3.

pider, adv. thither, S, PP, S2, C3; puder, S, PP; peder, S2; pedyr, S2, PP. Comb.: bider-ward, thitherward, S, S2; puder-ward, S2.—AS. pider.

pie, art. f. the, S; see **pe**.

pies, pron. dem. pl. these, S3; see pes. **piesternesse.** sb. darkness, S; see Desternesse.

pild, sb. patience, S.—AS. (ge) pyld: OS. gi-thuld. See polien.

pildiliz, adv. patiently, S.

pilk, adj. that, that very, that sort of, such, W; thylke, S3; thilke, C2, C3, W2, S; pulke, pl., S2, PP.—AS. pylc; cp. Icel. pvílíkr, such.

pin, pron. poss. thy, thine, S; see pou. ping, sb. thing, affair, property, S; pl., S, C3; pyng, PP; pinge, S, PP; pynge, S2; pinges, S, C2; pinkes, S; penges, S; pynges, PP.—AS. ping.

piode, sb. people, S; see **peode**.

pir, pron. dem. pl. those, these, S2, H, S3, JD, B; see per.

pire, pron. poss. dat. f. thy, S; see pou. **pirlen**, v. to pierce, C, S2, H; see Durlen

pis, pise, pisse, &c.; see pes.

pistel, sb. thistle, Voc.; thystell, Voc.; thystylle, Voc., Prompt.; thrissil, S3. Comb.: thistle-finch, linnet, HD.—AS. pistel (Voc.): OHG. thistila (Tatian); cp. Icel. pistill.

pit, put for pe it, who it, S; see pe. po. pron. dem. and def. art. pl. those, they, them, the, S, S2, C, PP, W2; poo, S2, | pou, pron. thou, SD; pu, S, PP; tu, S;

peaw, S; peawes, pl., manners, virtues, S; S; pe, S; pam, dat., S; pan, S, S2; pa, S. –AS. pá, dat. pám (pám). See þe. **po,** adv. then, when, S, S2, S3, C, C2,

C3, PP; poo, PP; pa, S.—AS. od.

po, art. acc. f. the, S; see pe.

poght, sb. thought, anxiety, S2, C2; pohht, S; pogt, S; pouht, S, PP; thought, C2; poste, dat., S; puste, S; pohtes, pl., S; postes, S2. Der.: poghtful, thoughtful; poghtfulest, superl., S2.—AS. (ge)poht. See penchen.

pohte, pt. s. of benchen.

polemode, adj. patient, H, HD; tholemodely, adv., H.

polemodnes. sb. patience, H, HD, S2. polien, v. to suffer, S, S2; polyen, S, S2; polen, S, S2, H, PP, HD; poland, pr. p., B; polede, pt. s., S, S2, S3; pales, pr. s., S.—AS. polian; cp. OHG. tholen (Tatian).

pombe, sb. thumb, PP, C, C2; thome, HD.—AS. púma (Voc.); cp. G. daumen; see Kluge.

ponc, sb. thought, mind, S; see pank. **pondringe**, sb. thundering, S2.

poner, sb. thunder, the god Thunor, S2, S; thonur, H; punre, S; thonder, C, C2; punder, S2. Comb.: punres ded, the day of Thunor, Thursday, S; punderprast, stroke of thunder, S2.—AS. punor, thunder, also Thunor, the thunder-god; cp. OHG. thonar (Tatian). Cf. porr.

poneren, v. to thunder, S2; thonord, H (Ps. 17. 15).—AS. punrian.

ponken, v. to thank, S, S2; see panken. ponwanges, sb. pl. the temples, HD.-Icel. punn-vangi, the thin cheek (CV.).

pong, sb. a slip of leather, S; see pwong. porn, sb. thorn, SD; thorne, Prompt. Comb.: thorne-garthis, hedges (=Lat. sepes), H (Ps. 88. 39).—AS. porn.

porp, sb. a village, hamlet, farm, SkD; prop, S, C2; thropes, gen., C3; thrope, dat., C2; porpes, tl., PP; propes, PP; proupes, PP.—AS. porp, Icel. porp; cp. OHG. thorph (Tatian).

porr, sb. the god Thor, the god of thunder. Comb.: pors-day, Thor's day, Thursday, PP; porisdai, S.—Icel. porr, pórsdagr.

poru, prep. through, S; porw, S; por3, S2; see purgh.

pos, pron. dem. pl. these, S; see pes.

ken.

pe, dat. and acc., S, S2, C2; pei, S2; te, S; pin, gen. and poss., S, S2; pi, S; tin, S; tin, S; pire, poss. dat. f., S; pine, S; tine, pl. dat., S. Comb.: put (=pu+it), S; pesself, thyself, S; pessellf, S; pesselue, S; pessuluen, S; pesseluen, S.—AS. pi.

Thous, v. to say 'thou'; thowis, 2 pr. s., S3.

pouht, sb. thought, S; see poght. Thowe, sb. thaw, Prompt.

Thowen, v. to thaw, CM, Prompt.-AS. páwan.

Po3, conj. though, nevertheless, PP; pow3, PP; powgh, PP; pom3e, PP; poh, SD; pohh, S; thocht, S3; though, S1; poh, S2; poh, S2; poh, S3; poh, S3; poh, S3; poh, S3; poh, S2; poh, S2;

S; por queper, S2; pa;les, névertheless, S2; pahles yef, unless, S2.—AS. péah (pèh): Goth. thauh.
po;te, sb. dat. thought, S; see poght.
po;te, pt. s. of penchen. See also byn-

pra; adj. eager, B; see pro.

pral, sb. servant, slave, thrall, S, C2, C3; thrall, S3; pralle, dat., S; threllis, pl., B; pralles, S, PP. Comb.: eorge-prelles, slaves upon earth, S; pral-dom, slavery, S, PP, C3; thrildome, B; pral-hod, slavery, S; pral-shipe, slavery, S; pral-shipe, slavery, S; pral-shipe, slavery, S; pral-weorkes, thrall-works, S.—ONorth. prál; Icel. prall.

prallen, v. to put into bondage; thralled, pt. s., S2.

prasten, v. to oppress, afflict, S.—AS. (ge) prastan, to twist, hurt, torment.

praw, sb. space of time, S2; see prowe. preaten, v. to threaten, S; see preten. pred, ord. third, S2; see pridde.

Threed, sb. thread, C, SkD; pred, S; pred, S; threde, Prompt. Comb.: predbare, threadbare, C, PP, SkD.—AS. préd, a dental derivative from práwan, to twist; cp. OHG. drát (G. draht), from drájan; see Kluge (s. v.), and Douse, p. 101. See Prowen.

prelles, sb. pl. thralls, slaves, S; see pral.

prengen, v. to press, SD; prengde, pt. s., S. Causal of pringen.

preo, num. three, S, S2, PP; pre, S, y-thrungin, S3.—AS. pri, PP; pree, PP; pri, S; prie, S. Comb.: (pl. prungon), pp. prungen.

prechad, Trinity, S; precttene, thirteen, S; prettene, S2, PP; prettyne, PP; thretend, thirteenth, S2; thritteind, S2; pretti, thirty, PP; prette, S2; pritty, PP; pritti, S2; prines, Trinity; prunnesse, S; thresum, with three at a time, B.—AS. prico.

prep, sb. controversy, contradiction, S2; threpe, JD.

Prepen, v. to maintain a point obstinately in contradiction to another, to assert, C3, CM, JD; threape, HD.—AS. priapian.

preschen, v. to thresh, beat, PP; thresshe, S, C; prosshenn, pp., S; y-porsse, S2.—AS. p rscan; see Douse, p. 112.

prescwolde, sb. threshold, PP; threschwolde, Prompt; threshewolde, P; threshfold, C2; threshfod, HD.—AS. prescold, Icel. preskoldr; ep. OHG. driscuft; see Douse, p. 110.

prestelcoc, sb. throstle, S2; see prestel. prete, sb. threat, S.—AS. preat, pressure. preten, v. to menace, S2, Prompt., HD; preaten, S.—AS. preatian, to reprove.

Threting, sb. menace, C3; thretynges, pl., W.

Thretnen, v. to threaten, W2; thretenede, pt. s., W.

prette, num. thirsty, S2; see preo.

prettene, num. thirteen, S2; see preo. pridde, ord. third, S, S2, PP; prydde, S2, PP; pryd, S2; thrid, S3; pred, S2. —AS. pridda.

prië, num. three, S; see prec.

prie, adv. three times, S; prien, S.—AS. priwa.

priës, adv. thrice, S, S2; priess, S; thryes, C2. The form is due to analogy; cp. AS. anes, E. once.

prift, sb. prosperity, success in life, C3, PP; pruft, PP; pryft, fertilising power, S2.—Icel. prift. See priuen.

Thrifty, adj. serviceable, cheap, S2, C2, C3.

Thrill, v. to pierce, H; see purlen.
Thrillage, sb. thraldom, B; see pral.
prim-setel, sb. throne, SD. See prum.
pringen, v. to press, S, HD; dringan,
S; prungen, pt. pt., PP; prongen, S2,
PP; i-prunge, pp., S; thrungun, W;
y-thrungin, S3.—AS. pringan, pt. prang

prinne. adv. three at a time, S.—Cp. Icel. prinnr.

prinne, adv. therein, S, S2; see per-, prefix.

prist, sb. thirst, S, S2, PP; purst, S, C2, Comb.: purstlew, thirsty, HD. — AS. pyrst (pirst), purst.

prist, pt. pl. thrust, S; see **prusten**. priste, adj. bold, S.—AS. priste: OS. thristi; cp. G. dreist.

pristen, v. to thirst, W, S; thresten, S2; pursten, SD; thursted him, pt. s. impers., C2.—AS. pyrstan: OHG. thursten (Tatian).

priuen. v. to thrive, S, PP; pryue, PP; proff, pt. s., PP; priuen, pp., grown up, PP; pryuen, well grown, S2.—Icel. prifa, to seize, prifask, to thrive.

pro, adj. eager, earnest, vehement, HD; pra, B; praa, HD; proo, sharp, HD; throw, adv., S3; proliche, adv., vehemently, S2; proly, quickly, resolutely, S2, HD, PP.—Icel. prá-r, stubborn, also frequent.

prof. adv. thereof, S; see per-. proh, sb. coffin; see pruh.

prop, sb. a village, S, C2; see porp. prosshen, pp. threshed, S; see presohen.

prote, sb. throat, S., PP. - AS. protu (Voc.); cp. OHG. drossa (whence G. drossel); related to Du. stroot; cp. It. strozza (Diez). See Kluge (s.v. drossel).

prowe, sb. a little while, course, time, moment, Prompt., PP, S2, C2, C3, HD; throw, HD; proje, S; thrawe, S2; thraw, S2, B.—AS. prág.

prowe. sb. suffering, aerumna, SD. Prompt.

prowen, v. to throw, S; preu, pt. s., S; prewe, threw himself, P; 2 pt. s., S; prowe, PP; prawen, pp., S2; prowen, S2; y-throwe, C2.—AS. prawan, to twist, to whirl, pt. préow, pp. práwen.

prowen, v. to suffer, S; prowede, pt. s., S.—AS. prowian; cp. OHG. thruoén (Ta-

prowunge, sb. suffering, passion; proweinge, dat., S; proweinge, S; proweinge, S.—AS. prowung.

prublen, v. to press, crowd; prublande, pr. p., S2.

pruh, sb. coffin, S; throh, HD.—AS.

prum, sb. strength, a crowd, glory, SD; | purlen, v. to pierce, S, S2, PP; pirlen,

prom, SD. Comb.: prim-setel, thronus, SD; primsettles, pl., S.—AS. prymm, brvmsetl.

prunnesse, sb. Trinity, S; see preo. **pruppe**, adv. thereupon, S; see per-. prusche, sb. a thrush, S.—AS. prysce.

prustel, sb. the song-thrush, S; prostle, S. Comb.: prustel-cock, thrustlecock, C2; presteleoc, S2.—AS. prostle (Voc.).

prusten, v. to thrust, SD; threste, C; thristen, W; thruste, pt. s., W; prist, S; priste, pp., S.—Icel. prýsta.

pu. pron. thou, S; see pou.

pues, pron. dem. pl. these, S2; see pes. puften, sb. handmaid, S; puhten, S.— A fem. deriv. of AS. (ge) pofta, a comrade, properly one who sits on the same rowingbench; from pofta 'transtra' (Voc.); cp. Icel. popta.

bulke, adj. that, those, S2; see bilke. pulli, adj. such, S, SD; pellich, SD; pellyche, S2.—AS. pullic, pyllic, also puslic, pyslic, from pus; see Sievers, 349. See Dus.

punched, punch; see pynken. punre, sb. thunder, S; see poner.

purfen, v. to need; parf, pt.-pr. s., need, ei opus est, S; thare, H; thar, H; tharst, 2 pt.-pr. s., PP; purt, pt. s., needed, S2, H, B. Comb.: thardestow, thou wouldst need, PP.—AS. purfan, pt.-pr. pearf; pt. porfte (purfte), Icel. purfa, pt.-pr. parf; pt. purfum; cp. OHG. thurfan, to need (Ta-

purgh, prep. through, S2, C2; pur3, S2, W2; pure, S; purh, S; purch, S; purch, S; purch, S; poru, S2; poru, S2, W2; porw, S; poru, S, S2; thorou, W; thurght, H; purc, S, S2; purc, S2, HD; poruglike, adv., thoroughly, S. Comb.: thurghfare, thoroughfare, C; purhfaren, to pass through; thurghfare, S2; thurghgirt, pierced through, C; thurchhurt, thoroughly hurt, S3; purh-leften, to live through; purhlefede, pt. s., S; purh-seon, to perceive; purhsiho, pr. s., S; puruh-ut, wholly, S; thurghout, C2; puruht-ut, throughout, S; poru-out, S2.—AS. purh; cp. OHG. thuruh (Tatian).

purl, sb. an aperture for admitting light, a hole, S; thurles, pl., HD.—AS. pyrel, hole, from purh, through; so (with different suffix) Goth. thairko, hole, the eye of a needle, from thairh, through; see Kluge (s. v. durch). See purh.

C, S2, PP, H; thrill, H.—AS. pyrlian (pirlian).

purst, sb. thirst, S, C2; see prist.
pus, adv. thus, S; tus, S (in Ormulum).
Comb.: pusgate, in this way, PP; pusgates, HD, PP.—AS. pus, OS. thus.

puster, adj. dark, S; see pester. put, for pu it, S; see pou.

puvele, sb. pl. twigs, S.—AS. pyfel, 'frutex' (Voc.). See pefe.

pwang, sb. thong, S; see pwong.
pwert, adv. thwart, SD. Comb.:—
pwert-ut, throughout, S.—Icel. pvert, neuter of pverr, transverse; cp. AS. pweorh,
Goth. thwairhs, angry, cross.

pwong, sb. strip of leather, thong, S, S2, W; pwang, S; pong, S.—AS. pwang. pwytel, sb. a knife, whittle; thwitel, SkD; thewtill, S3. See below.

pwyten, v. to cut, to whittle, Voc., Prompt., Palsg. Der.: thwytynge, cutting, whittling, PP.—AS. pwitan.

py, sb. thigh, Prompt.; pe, SkD, HD; pee, HD; py3, S2; pih, SkD; pei3, SkD. —AS. peo, peoh.

pyester, adj. dark, S2; see **pester**.

Pyesternesse, sb. darkness, S2; see **Pesternesse**.

pyht, adj. close, compact, tight, Prompt.; thite, HD; thit, SkD.—Cp. G. dicht, Icel. pettr; see Kluge (s.v.).

pyhtyn, v. to make tight, Prompt.; y-tlat, pp., S3.

pynken, v. to seem; pynkep, pr. s. impers., PP; punch, S; punch, S; pinche, S; pinche, S; pinche, S; pinche, S; pinche, S; pinke, S; pinke, S; poike, S; poi

Ti—Ty.

Ti. pron. poss. thy, S; see pou.

Tid, sb. time, season, hour, hora canonica, S, S2, S3; tide, S2; tyde, S2, C3, PP. Comb.: tideful, seasonable (= Lat. opportunus), H; tydfulnes, needfulness, H.—AS. tid, time, hour; cp. Icel. tib, time, hora canonica.

Tid, adv. quickly, PP; tyd, PP. See Tit. Tiden, v. to happen, S; tyden, S2, C3; tid, pr. s., PP; tit, PP; tydde, pt. s., PP; tidde, S2.—AS. tldan.

Tidi, adj. seasonable, honest, respectable, S; tidy, PP; tydy, PP, Prompt.

Tidif, sb. the name of some very small bird, C2; tydy, a sort of singing bird, ND. Tiding, sb. an event, tidings, S; tyding, C2, C3; tidinge, pl., S2; tydinge, S; tydinges, C2. See Tiding.

Tiffen, v. to trick out, trim, adorn, SkD. —OF. tiffer, to trim, adorn.

Tiffung, sb. adornment, finery, S.
Til, prep. and conj. to, till, S, PP, S2,

C3; tyl, S, PP; till, S, S3.—Icel. til.

Tilden, v. to set a trap, S; tildep, 2 pr.
pl., set up, S3; see Telden.

Tilien, v. to till, cultivate, earn, gain, PP; tilen, S, PP; tylie, PP; tulien, PP; telie, PP; tolie, S; tylle, S2.—AS. tilian, to aim at, to till land; cp. OHG. zilon, to attempt (Tatian).

Tilier, sb. tiller, husbandman, W.

Tillen, v. to draw, entice, S, H, PP; see **Tollen**.

Tiloe, sb. labour, toil, tilth, S; tulthe, PP; teloe, PP.—AS. tilo. See Tillen.

Timen, v. to prosper, S.— Icel. tima (reflex.), to happen.

Tin, pron. poss. thy, thine, S; see Pou. Tinsel, sb. a stuff made partly of silk and partly of silver, S3, TG, SkD.—OF. estincelle, a spark, a flash (BH).

Tintrege, sb. torment; tintreow, S; tintreohe, S; tintreohen, pl., S.—AS. tintreg (Grein).

Tirannye, sb. tyranny, C2, C3; tirandye, HD.

Tiraunt, sb. tyrant, C2, PP; tyraunt, PP, W; tirant, S2; tyrauns, pl., oppressors, PP.—AF. and OF. tirant, tiranz; Lat. tyrannus; see Constans, Supplement, p. 57, and BH, § 72.

Tirauntrie, sb. tyranny, W2; tyrauntrye, HD.

Tis-deei, sb. Tuesday, S; Tisdei, S.—AS. Tiwes-dag, the day of Tiw, the English name of a Teutonic deity; cp. OHG. Zio, Icel. Tyr; see Grimm, Teut. M., cap. ix, and Kluge (s.v. dienstag).

Tit, adv. quickly, PP; tyt, S2; tyte, PP, S2, H; tite, PP, S2, H; titet, S2; tixly, S2; titere, comp., H; titter, S2.— Icel. titt, neut. of tibr. See Tid.

Tioende, sb. pl. tidings, news, customs, S; twenden, S; twandes, S2; twandes, S2.—Icel. ttbindi, pl., tidings, news; from ttba, to happen; cp. ttbska, a custom, ttbr, customary, frequent.

Tiốing, sb. tidings, news, S, S2; tytyng, S, S2; tttinge, pl., S; ttổinges, S2.—Cf. Tiding.

Titill, sb. an epistle, WA.

Titmose, sb. titmouse, S3, Manip.; tytemose, Prompt.; tytmase, Voc.—AS. mase, a word forming the second element of the names of many kinds of small birds, see SkD.

Titte, sb. a quick pull, S2.

Titte, v. to pull tightly, HD; tytted, HD.

Tixt, sb. text, PP; see Texte.

Tizen, v. to tie, PP, S2; teizen, S2; tey, B; te, B; teien, pr. pl., SkD; teyd, pp., C2; y-teyd, C.—AS. tigan (*tigan).

Tizt, adv. quickly, S2; see Tit.

To, prep. to, at, in, upon, for, with reference to, by, against, after, as, until, PP, S, S2; te, S, S2. Comb.: tabide, to abide, S; tacord, C3; taffraye, C2; tallege, C2; tallege, C2; tanoyen, S2; tapese, S3; tariue, S; tarraye, C2; tassaile, C2; tassaye, C2; taswage, S3; tembrace, C2; tenoombre, S3; tendure, S3; tenforme, S3; tenrage, S3; tespye, C2; texpounden, C2.
To, adv. too, S, PP; te, S.

To, num. two, S, S2; see Tuo.

To-, prefix (1). The prep. to in composition.

To-, prefix (2), in twain, asunder, to pieces.—AS. to-; cp. OHG. zi- (Tatian), Lat. dis-.

To-belimpen, v. to belong to, S. (To-I.)

To-bellen, v. to swell extremely; to-bolle, pp., PP. (To-2.)

To-beren, v. to part; tobar, pt. s., S. (To-2.)

To-beten, v. to beat in pieces, C₃. (**To-** 2.)

To-breden, v. to spread out; tobreddest, 2 pt. s., S2. (To-2.)

To-breiden, v. to tear asunder, distorquere; tobreidynge, pr. p., W; debreidynge, W; tobraidide, pt. s., W. (To-2.)

To-breken, v. to break in pieces, S, PP; togidres, PP, C3; togederis, PP C3, W; to-brac, pt. s., PP; to-brak, G; togeders, PP; togedders, S2. (To-1.)

to-brake, pt. s. subj., S; to-broken, pp., PP, G; to-broke, PP, S2, W. (To- 2.)

To-bresten, v. to burst asunder, C; to-bersted, pr. s., S: to-barst, pt. s., S2, G; to-brast, W; to-brosten, pp., C. (To-2.)

To-brisen, v. to break to pieces; to-brisid, pp., W. (To-2.)

To-cleue, v. to cleave asunder, to fall to pieces, PP; to-cleef, pt. s., PP; to-clief, PP. (To-2.)

To-comen, v. to come together; to-comen, pt. pl., PP. (To-I.)

To-comyng, adj. future, W2. (To- 1.) To-cweme, adv. agreeably, S. (To- 1.)

To-cyme, sb. advent, S. (To-1.)

Tod, sb. a fox, JD, ND, HD, SkD; toddis, pl., S3. Comb.: Todman, Bardsley.—The word is common in Mid Yorkshire and Cumberland, see EDS (Ser. C).

Tod, sb. a bush, generally of ivy, HD; todde, SkD.

To-dasht, pt. s. dashed (herself) in pieces, S3. (To-2.)

To-delen, v. to divide, S, S₂; to-delen, S; to-dealen, S. (To-2.)

To-drawen, v. to draw asunder, S2, W; to-drayen, S; to-drowe, pt. pl., PP; to-droye, S; to-drawun, pp., W; to-drahen, S. (To-2.)

To-dreuen, v. to trouble; to-dreued, pp., S2. (To-2.)

To-driven, v. to drive asunder; to-dryve, PP; to-drif, imp. s., S. (To-2.)

To-dunet, pp. struck with a sounding blow, S. (To-2.)

To-fallen, v. to fall in pieces, SD, (To-2.)

To-flight, sb. refuge, S2. (To- 1.)

To-foren, prep. and adv. before, SD toforn, PP, S3; tofore, S, PP, S2; toure, S, S2; tofore, S, PP, S2, W. (To-1.)

To-forrow, adv. previously, S3. (To-1.)
Toft, sb. hillock, eminence, a slightly elevated and exposed site, PP, S2; campus, Prompt.—Cp. OSwed. tomt, a cleared space (Dan. tomt, a toft); from Icel. tomr, empty. See Tome.

To-gadere, adv. together, S, S2; tegsedere, S; togsedere, S, PP; togsedere, PP; togsedere, S, C2; togsederes, PP, S; togsederes, PP, C3; togsederes, PP, togsederes, PP, togsederes, PP, togsederes, PP, togsederes, S2. (To-I.)

pr. pl., S. (To- 2.)

To-genes, prep. towards, S; togeines, S; tojeines, S; tojenes, S. (To-I.)

Toggen, v. to draw, allure, sport, S, Prompt.

To-grinden, v. to grind in pieces; togrynt, pr. s., PP. (To- 2.)

To-hewen, v. to hew in pieces, S, S2, C3. (To- 2.)

To-hope, sb. hope, S. (**To-** 1.)

To-hurren, v. to hurry apart, S. (To-2.) Tokker, sb. fuller, one who thickens cloth, S2, PP; towker, PP; toucher, PP; tucker, HD; touker, Bardsley; tuker, Bardsley. See Tuken.

Tokne, sb. token, PP; toone, S; taone, S; taken, PP, S2; takun, W; takens, pl., S2.—AS. tácn: Goth. taikns; cp. OHG. zeichan (Tatian).

Toknynge, sb. signification, PP; tocninge, S; toknyng, PP; takning, S2; takeninge, S2; tokening, C3.—AS. tác-

Tolie, v. to till, S; see Tilien.

To-liggen, v. to pertain to; tolio, pr. s., S. (To- 1.)

Tolke, sb. a man, S2; see Tulk.

Tolle, sb. toll, custom, Voc.; tol, PP, Prompt. Comb.: tol-bothe, toll-booth (=Lat. telonium), S2, W, Voc.—AS. toll: OFris. tolen, tolne; Lat. telonium (Vulg.); Gr. τελώνιον. Note that the n of the stem appears in AS. tolnere, 'teloniarius,' Voc.; see Weigand (s.v. zoll).

Tollen. v. to take toll, C. Der.: tollere, taxgatherer, usurer, S2, PP; toller, Voc.

Tollen, v. to draw, allure, entice, Prompt., PP, ND, SkD; tole, ND; tullen, CM, SD; tillen, S, H, PP.—AS. tyllan (in for-tyllan).

To-loggen, v. to drag hither and thither, S2, PP; to-lugged, pp., PP.

Tolter, adv. unsteadily, totteringly, S3, SkD (s.v. totter).

To-luken. v. to rend asunder, S; toloken, pp., S. (To-2.)

Toly, sb. scarlet colour, WA; tuly, Prompt., HD; tuely, SkD (s.v. trap, 2). Heb. tola', crimson (Isaiah 1. 18), properly

Tombestere, sb. female dancer, C3; see Tumbestere.

Tome, adj. empty, void, unoccupied, H. WA.—Icel. torfæra.

TORFARE.

To-gan, v. to go asunder, SD; togat, | HD; toom, Prompt.; tume, JD. — Icel. tómr, vacant, empty. Cf. Toft.

Tome. sb. leisure, S2, PP, H (p. 169); toym, B; tume, B; Icel. tom, leisure. See above.

To-morwen, adv. to-morrow, S; tomorwe, PP; tomorese, S; tomorn, C. (To- I.)

To-name, sb. cognomen, PP; towname, PP. (To- 1.)

Tonge, sb. tongue, S2, C2, C3, PP; tunge, S. C. PP, W2; tounge, PP; tong, S3; tung, S2. Der.: tongede, tongued, talkative, PP .- AS. tunge.

Tonge, sb. pair of tongs, forceps, S, S2, Prompt.; tange, Voc.—AS. tange (Voc.).

Tonne, sb. tun, PP, S3, C2, G; tunne, S, PP. Comb.: tonne-greet, as large round as a tun, C .- AS. tunne.

Too. sb. toe, C: taa, S2, HD; toon, pl., C; ton, C; tas, S2; tass, S2.—AS. tá (pl. tán).

Tool, sb. tool, weapon, C, Prompt.; toles, pl., PP; tooles, PP.—AS. tól.

Toom, adj. empty; see Tome.

Toord, sb. stercus, W2, Prompt.

Topase, sb. topaz, Cotg.; topace, S3; tupace, SkD; topacius, W (Apoc. 21. 20); thopas, C2 (p. 151).—OF. topase; Lat. topazim (acc.); Gr. τόπαζος.

Toppe, sb. tuft of hair, P, S; top, top of the head, Prompt.

To-quassen, v. to shake asunder, PP; to-quashte, pt. s., PP. (To- 2.)

To-qua; te, pt. s. quaked, PP. (To- 2.) To-racen. v. to scrape to pieces, C2, (To- 2.)

To-renden, v. to rend in pieces, PP: torente, pt. s., C2, W; to-rent, pp., S, C2, W. (To- 2.)

Toret, sb. ring on a dog's collar, through which the leash was passed, CM; torettz, pl., C; turrets, DG .- OF. touret, the chain which is at the end of the check of a bit, also the little ring whereby a hawk's lune is fastened to the jesses (Cotg.).

Toret, sb. turret, G, C, Prompt.; touret, SkD.—OF. tourette (Cotg.).

To-reuen, v. to completely take away, PP. (To- 2.)

Torf, sb. turf, S2; turf, Voc.; turues, pl., S2.—AS. turf (Voc.).

Torfare, sb. hardship, misery, peril,

(**To-** I.)

To-riven, v. to rend in twain; to-rof (intrans.), pt. s., was riven in twain, S2.

Torment, sb. a tempest, torment, suffering, SkD, C3, Prompt.; tourment, SkD. -AF. torment, a tempest, turment (Roland), OF. torment, tourment, a tempest, torture (Bartsch), tormente, a tempest

Tormenten, v. to torment, SkD.—OF. tormenter.

Tormentour. sb. executioner, WW; tormentoures, pl., C3.—AF. tormenter, executioner.

Tormentynge, sb. torture, C2.

Tormentyse, sb. torture, C2.

Torne, sb. a turn, trick, wile, G.

Tornen. v. to turn, PP; see Tournen. To-rof. pt. s. of To-riven.

Tortuous, adj. oblique (term in astrology), C3.—Lat. tortuosus, crooked.

To-samen, adv. together, S. (To- 1.) To-schaken. v. to shake asunder, S. (To- 2.)

To-scheden, v. to part asunder; tosched, pp., S2. (To- 2.)

To-schellen, v. to shell, peel; toshullen, pp., PP. (To- 2.)

To-schreden, v. to cut to pieces, C.

To-spreden, v. to scatter; to-sprad, pp., S2. (**To-** 2.)

To-swellen, v. to swell greatly; toswolle, pp., S, PP. (To- 2.)

To-swinken, v. to labour greatly, C3. (To- 2.)

To-tasen, v. to pull to pieces; to-tose, (To- 2.)

Toten, v. to peep, look about, PP, S3; tutand, pr. p., projecting, pushing out, S3; totede, $pt. s., S_3$; y-toted, $pp., S_3$. Comb.: tote-hylle, specula, Prompt.—AS. totian; see SkD (s. v. tout).

To-teren. v. to tear to pieces, C3; toteoren, S; toteore, S; totorne, pp., PP; totorn, S; totore, C3. (To- 2.)

To-turn, sb. refuge, SD. (To- 1.) To-twicchen, v. to pull apart; to-

twichet, pr. pl., S. (To- 2.) Toun, sb. an enclosure, farm-stead, town, S2, C, W; toune, PP; tun, S, S2; toune, dat., S2, C2. Comb.: toune-men, men of the town, not rustics, PP: tun-scipe, the mys. pl., B.

To-rightes. adv. to rights, aright, G. | people of the farm-stead, S. Der.: townish, belonging to the town, S3.—AS. tún, enclosure, farm, town; cp. OHG. zún, hedge (Tatian).

> Tour, sb. tower, S, S2, C2, PP, W2; tur, S; torres, pl., S2.—OF. tur, tor, tour: Lat. turrem.

> Tournen, v. to turn, PP; turnen, S, S2, PP; tornen, S2, PP; teornen, S2; tirnen, S; y-tornd, pp., S2; i-turnd, S, S2.—AF. turner; Lat. tornare, from tornus, a lathe.

> Tourneyment, sb. tournament, C2.— OF. tornoiement.

Towaille, sb. towel, C2; towayle, Prompt., Voc.; twaly, Prompt.; towelle, Voc.; towylle, Voc.—AF. towaille (tuaille), OF. touaile (Bartsch); Low Lat. toacula; of Teutonic origin, cp. OHG. duáhila, washing-cloth; from duahan, also thuahan, to wash (Tatian). See SkD, also Kluge (s.v. zwehle).

To-walten, v. to roll with violence; pt. pl., overflowed, S2. (To- 2.)

To-ward, prep. towards, against, S, PP; touward, S; towart, S. (To- I.)

To-warde, adj. present, as a guard or protection, PP. (To- 1.)

To-wawe. v. to move about near, S2. (To- 1.)

Towker, sb. a fuller; see Tokker.

To-wringen, v. to distort; towrong, $pt. s., S. \quad (To-2.)$

To-wrye, v. to cause to go on one side, S₃ (4. 164). (**To-** 2.)

Tozeines, prep. towards, S; see Togenes.

To-zere, adv. this year, Cath. (To- 1.) To-zesceoden.v. to separate, S. (To-2.) **Trace.** sb. track of a way over a field.

trace, Prompt., C, SkD; tras, PP; trass, S2. Tracen, v. to trace, to draw a picture, to trace one's way, to conduct oneself, Prompt., CM, S3; trasen, S3.—OF. tracer (trasser); Late Lat. *tractiare, from Lat. tract-, base of pp. of trahere; see BH, § 131.

Trade, sb. a trodden path, S3, TG, SkD, HD. See Treden.

Tradicion, sb. surrender, S3. - Lat. traditionem. Cf. Tresou 1.

Traitorye, sb. treachery, C3, CM.

Traitour, sb. traitor, S; traytour, S; treitur, S .- AF. traitur; Lat. traditorem.

Tram, sb. engine, machine, WA; tram-

Trappe, sb. the trappings of a horse, SkD; trappys, pl., SkD.

Trapped. adj. adorned with trappings, C, Prompt.

Trappings, sb. pl. ornaments, Sh. Trappure, sb. trappings of a horse, Prompt.; trappures, pl., C.

Trauail. sb. work, labour, toil, trouble, S2, PP; trauaille, C2; trawayle, S2; trauell, S2; trauel, W, W2, H (Ps. 108. 10).—AF. travail, travaille; Late Lat. *trabaculum: from Lat. trabem. a beam: cp. It. traváglio, a frame for confining unruly horses. See Trave.

Trauaille, v. to work, toil, travel, trouble, vex, torment, PP; traueilen, W, S2; trauele, W, W2.—AF. travai(1)ler, to work, to vex. See above.

Trauailous, adj. laborious, W2.

Trave. sb. a frame in which farriers confine unruly horses, CM. See Trauail.

Trawed, pt. pl. trowed, expected, S2; see Trowen.

Tray, sb. vexation; see Treze.

Trays, sb. pl. traces, horse-harness, C; trayce, Prompt.; trayse, Cath.—OF. trays, horse-harness (Palsg.) for traits, pl., of traict, a trace for horses (Cotg.); Lat. tractum, pp. of trahere.

Trayste. v. to trust, S2; traste, PP, S2.—Icel. treysta, from traust. See Trist.

Traystly, adv. confidently, H.

Traystnes. sb. confidence, H.

Traystynge, sb. confidence, H.

Traytyse, sb. treaty, truce, S3; see

Tre, sb. tree, wood, lignum, Prompt., S2, PP, W, W2; treo, S, PP; treowe, dat., S; treuwe, pl., S; tren, S2; treen, S3; treon, S; trewes, S; trowes, PP. Comb.; tre tymus (=lignum thyinum), W.—AS. tréow (tréo), dat. tréowe, pl. tréowu (tréo), see Sievers, 250; cp. Goth. triu.

Treatise, sb. a passage (lit. a treatise), S3; see Tretis.

Treatyce. sb. treaty, truce, S3; see Tretis.

Trechery. sb. treachery, trickery, S; see Tricherie.

Trechoure, sb. a cheat, HD.—OF. trichëor (Bartsch); Late Lat. tricatorem.

Trechurly, adv. treacherously, S3.

Tred. sb. a foot-mark, SkD (s.v. trade). **Treden.** v. to tread, C, Prompt., PP;

PP; trade, H (Ps. 55. 2); troden, pp., C3; trodun, W2; treddede, pt. s. (weak), S3.-AS. tredan, pt. træd (pl. trædon), pp. treden.

Treget. sb. guile, trickery, CM.

Tregetrie. sb. a piece of trickery, CM. Tregettowre, sb. a juggler, joculator, Prompt.; tregetour, Prompt.(n), CM, HD. Tregettyn, v. to juggle, Prompt.—OF. tresgeter (Ducange); Lat. trans + iactare.

Treien, v. to betray, P; trayet, pp., HD.—OF. trair; Late Lat. *tradīre for Lat. tradere.

Treilais. sb. trellis, S3; trelys, cancellus, Prompt.—OF. treillis, from treille, a vine, arbour (Bartsch); Late Lat. *tricla; Lat. trichila; see BH, § 98.

Tremlen, v. to tremble, stagger, PP; tremelyn, Prompt.; trimlen, HD; trymlen, S3; tremblen, W, PP; trimble, Manip.—Picard F. tremler (AF. trembler); Late Lat. tremulare.

Tremlynge, sb. trembling; tremelynge, Prompt.; trimlyng, S3; trymlinge, HD.

Trental. sb. a set of thirty masses for the dead, SkD, ND, PP; trentall, money paid for a trental, S3; a month's mind, ND.—OF. trental, trentel; Church Lat. trigintalem (Ducange).

Treo. sb. tree, S; treon, pl., S; see Tre. Treowe, adj. true, S; see Trewe.

Trepeget, sb. a military engine, HD, CM; trebget, Prompt.; trebgot, an instrument for catching birds, Prompt.

Tresor, sb. treasure, S, S2, C3; tresour, PP, S2, S3, C2; treosor, S; tresores, pl., PP; tresures, S.—AF. tresor; Lat. thesaurum.

Tresorere, sb. treasurer, PP; treserour, PP.-AF. tresorer.

Tresorie, sb. treasury, S2; tresory, WA. -AF. tresorye.

Tresoun, sb. treason, craft, C, PP; tresun, Prompt., S; treson, WA, C2, H; treison, PP; trayson, S.—AF. treson, traïson; Lat. traditionem.

Trespas, sb. trespass, PP; trespace. PP, C.

Trespassen, v. to trespass, PP, WW; trespace, C2; trespasside, pt. s., W (Acts 1. 25).—AF. trespasser, to cross over, to disobey.

Tretee, sb. treaty, C2, C3; trete, C .-OF. traite; Late Lat. tracta. See Tretis. pt. pl., W, PP; tret, pr. s., CM; troden, Tretis, adj. well made, pretty; tretys,

traitis, nicely made (Bartsch); from traitier; Lat. tractare.

Tretis, sb. treatise, short poem, PP, C2, WA; treatise, S3. See below.

Tretis. sb. treaty, B, CM; tretys, S2, C2, C3; treatyce, S3; traytyse, S3.—AF. tretiz; Late Lat. *tracticium.

Trewage, sb. tribute, S, JD; truage, Voc., S2, WA; trouage, WA. — OF. treüage (truage), toll, tax, from treü, treüd, tribute; Lat. tribūtum; see Constans (s.v.).

Trewe, adj. true, S, PP, S2, C2; treowe, S; trywe, PP; triwe, S2; trew, S2, C2; tru, S2 .- AS. tréowe: OS. triuwi.

Trewe, sb. fidelity, trust, agreement, truce, PP; treowe, SkD; treowes, pl., truce, SkD; trewes, PP; trewis, B; treuwes, PP; triwes, SkD; truwys, Prompt.; trewysse, Cath.

Trewehede, sb. truth, uprightness, S2. Treweliche, adv. truly, PP, C2; trewely, C2.

Trewen. v. to think to be true, to trow, believe, S.-AS. tréowan. See Trowen.

Trewes, pl. trees, S; see Tre.

Trewes, sb. pl. truce; see Trewe.

Trewoe, sb. truth, troth, S, C2, PP; treude, S, S2, PP; trouthe, S2, C3; trouth, H; tryude, PP; trowwde, S; trawde, S2; treothes, pl., S; truthes, pledges, S2.—AS. tréowou.

Trey, sb. a throw at dice, viz. three, SkD; treye, C3. Comb.: trey-ace, the throw of three and one; a quick exclamation, S3.—OF. trei, treis; Lat. tres.

Treze, sb. affliction, grief, SD; treize, S; treie, S; treye, S2; tray, vexation, B. -AS. trega; cp. Icel. tregi, Goth. trigo.

Trezen, v. to afflict, SD.

Triacle, sb. a remedy, healing medicine, S2, PP, C3, NQ (6. I. 308); tryacle, Voc., PP, NQ; treacle, TG, Prompt.; tryakill, S3.—OF. triacle (Bartsch); Lat. theriaca, lit. an antidote against the bite of serpents; cp. Gr. θηριακά φάρμακα. For examples of the intrusive I see Cronicle.

Triblen, v. to trouble, H; see Trublen. Tricherie, sb. treachery, trickery, S. PP, S2; trecherie, PP; trechery, S; treccherie, C.—AF. tricherie; from OF. tricher, trecher, to cheat; Late Lat. tricare for Lat. tricari.

Trick, adj. neat, elegant, ND; trig, JD.—For the voicing of the guttural in HD. See Treden.

CM, C; treitys, CM.—OF. tretis, treitis, North.E. cp. prigmedainty (JD), with prickmedainty or prickmedenty (HD); see SkD (s.vv. prig, trigger).

> Trien, v. to try, PP; trisede, pp., S2, PP; i-trised, S2; itriset, S2; y-tried, PP; y-tryed, PP; tried, pp. as adj., choice, PP; trye, PP, C2; triedest, superl., S2, PP; trieste, PP; tryest, PP; triedliche, adv., excellently, PP; trijely, PP, S2; trielich, P.-AF. trier; Late Lat. tritare, to thresh corn.

> Triennels, sb. pl. masses said for three years, PP; triennales, P.—OF. triennal; Church Lat, triennale.

> Trillen, v. to turn round and round, to trickle, CM, Prompt., C2, S3, Sh., SkD; tryll, Palsg.; tril, Manip.—Cp. Swed. trilla, to roll.

> Trinal, adj. threefold, RD; trinall, Spenser, I. Comb.: trinal triplicities, SkD.—Late Lat. trinalis.

> **Trine**, adj. taken three at a time, ND. Comb.: trine aspect (in astrology), SkD, ND; tryne compas, the round world containing earth, sea, and heaven, C3.—OF. trine; Lat. trinum.

> Trinite, sb. Trinity, S2, PP; Trinitee, PP.—AF. Trinite, Trinitet; Church Lat. Trinitatem.

Trisen, v. to hoist up, to trice, to pull off, SkD; tryce, C2; trice, CM. Der.: tryyste, tryys, windlass, Prompt.-Cp. Dan. tridse, to haul up, to trice, Swed. trissa, a pulley. The final -se is the same as in E. clean-se.

Trist, sb. trust, a tryst, meeting-place, B, W, W2. PP, S2; station in hunting, HD; trust, PP.—Icel. traust. For E. \bar{i} = Icel. au, cp. ME. mire = Icel. maurr; see SkD (s.v. pismire).

Tristen, v. to trust, S2, C3, W, W2, PP; trysten, S2, PP; truste, S2; trosten, S3, S2, PP; truste, pt. s., S, S2. Der.: tristyng, a trust, W. See above.

Tristili, adv. confidently, W, W2.

Tristnen. v. to trust, W. tristenyng, a trust, W.

Triuials, sb. pl. studies connected with the trivium, the initiatory course taught in the schools, comprising grammar, rhetoric, and dialectic, S3; trivial, adj., initiatory, ND.—Schol. Lat. trivialem.

Troblen. v. to trouble, W; troubild, pp., WA; see Trublen.

Trod, sb. a trodden path, SkD (s.v. trade),

Troden, pp. of Treden.

Trofle. sb. a trifle, S3; see Trufle.

Trompe, sb. a trump, trumpet, C3; trumpe, C.—AF. trompe.

Trompe, v. to play the trumpet, PP; trumpe, W, Prompt.—AF. trumper.

Tronchoun, sb. a truncheon, broken piece of a spear-shaft, C; trunchone, Prompt.—OF. tronchon, troncon.

Trone, sb. throne, S, PP, S3, C2, C3, W; trones, pl., S; one of the nine orders of angels, WA; tronen, S2.—OF. trone; Lat. thronum; from Gr. θρόνος.

Tronen. v. to enthrone, PP.—OF. troner. Trost, subj. pr. s. trust, S2; see Tristen.

Trotevale, sb. a trifling thing, HD.

Trouble, adj. troubled, S2, C2.—AF. truble, pp. of trubler; see Trublen.

Trouthe. sb. truth, S2, C3; see Trewthe.

Trowabile, adj. credible, H.

Trowen, v. to believe, S, S2, S3, C2, C3, H, PP; tru, S2; trawed, pt. pl., expected, S2.—Icel. trúa; Swed. tro. See Trewen.

Trowyng, sb. belief, S2.

Truage, sb. tribute, S2; see Trewage. Trublen, v. to trouble, W; troblen, W; triblen, H.—AF. trubler; Late Lat. turbulare.

Trufle, sb. nonsense, absurd tale, trifle, PP, SkD; trofle, S3, SkD; trefele, PP; triful, PP; trifle, PP.—AF. trufle, trofle, mockery, OF. truffe, a jest, a flout, also a truffle (Cotg.); Lat. tubera, truffles; see SkD (s.v. truffle). For the intrusive l cf. Triacle.

Trufien, v. to beguile, SkD; trofie, SkD; trifelyn, Prompt.; treoflynge, pr. p., S2.—OF. truffler, truffer, to mock (Cotg.). Trukenen, v. to fail, S.

Trukien, v. to fail, S.—AS. trucian, to fail, deceive.

Trusse, sb. a bundle, Manip., CM.

Trussen, v. to pack, to pack off, C, S2, PP, Manip; turss, B .- OF. trusser, trosser, torser; Late Lat. *tortiare.

Truste, pt. s. trusted, S; see Tristen. Tryce, v. to trice, to hoist up, C2; see

Tryg, adj. trusty, secure, S3.—Icel. tryggr.

Trymlyt, pt. pl. trembled, S3; see

Tryst, adj. sad, S3. Der.: tristes, Tutel, sb. beak, mouth (?), S.

sadness, S3.—OF. trist; Lat. tristem; and OF. tristesse; Lat. tristitia.

Tua, num. two, S2; see Tuo.

Tuhen, pt. pl. of Ten.

Tuht, sb. discipline, S.—AS. tyht; cp. OHG. zuht (Otfrid). See Ten.

Tuhten, v. to draw, persuade, discipline, S; tihte, pt. s., S.—AS. tyhtan.

Tuin, num. two, S2; see Twinne.

Tuken, v. to pluck, vex, S; tuke up, succingere, Cath.; tukkyn up, Prompt.; y-touked, pp, tucked, fulled, PP.—AS. tucian (twiccan); cp. OHG. zukken (Otfrid).

Tuker, sb. a fuller; see Tokker.

Tulke. sb. a man, soldier, knight, WA, EETS (56); tolke, S2; tulk, WA, SkD (s.v. talk).—Icel. túlkr, interpreter; Lithuan. tulkas, interpreter; cp. Dan. tolk.

Tullen, v. to draw, entice, CM, SD; see Tollen.

Tumben, v. to leap, tumble, dance; tombede, pt. s., SD.—AS. tumbian (Mk. 6. 22); cp. OF. tumber, to fall.

Tumbestere, sb. a female dancer, HD; tombester, SD; tumbesteris, pl., SD, C3 (p. 151); tombesteres, C3.

Tumblen, v. to leap, dance, SD, SkD; to tumble, PP; tombly, PP; tumlyn, volutare, Prompt.

Tumbler, sb. a tumbler, a female dancer, Voc.; tumlare, volutator, Prompt. **Tun.** sb. enclosure, farm-stead, town, S. S2; see Toun.

Tunen, v. to enclose, S; see **Tynen**.

Tunge, sb. tongue, S, C, W2; see Tonge. Tunne, sb. tun, S; see Tonne.

Tuo, num. two, S2, C, PP; tua, S2; two, S; twa, S, S2; to, S, S2; towe, S3. -AS. twá (neut.).

Tur. sb. tower, S; see Tour.

Turnen, v. to turn, S; see Tournen.

Turss, v. to pack; see Trussen.

Turues. sb. pl. pieces of turf, S2; see Torf.

Tus, for thus, S; see bus.

Tutand, pr. p. projecting, pushing out, S2; see Toten.

Tute, sb. a horn, cornu, os, SD.—For Teutonic cognates see Weigand (s.v. zotte). See **Tewelle**.

Tute, v. 'to tute in a horne,' Manip. -Cf. Swed. tuta, to blow a horn.

Tutelen, v. to whisper, S.

Tuteler, sb. tittler, tattler, PP.

Tutlyng, sb. noise of a horn, B. See Tute. Tutour, sb. guardian, warden, keeper, P, WW, TG. - OF. tuteur; Lat. tutorem.

Twa. num. two, S, S2; see Tuo.

Tweamen. v. to separate, S.—AS. (ge)twæman.

Tweire, num. gen. of twain, S .- AS.

twegra (gen.).

Twelf, num. twelve, S, C2; tuelf, S2; tuelue, S2. Comb.: twelfmoneth, twelvemonth, PP; tuelmonth, S2.—AS. twelf: Goth. twalif.

Twengen, v. to press tightly, tweak, S; tuengde, pt. s., S2.—Cf. Twingen.

Twestis, pl. twigs, S3; see Twyste. Tweye, num. twain, PP, C, C2; tweie, S; tueie, S; twey, S3, PP; twei, PP. Comb.: twey-fold, twofold, C3. — AS. twega (gen.). See Tuo.

Tweye, adv. twice, PP; twye, HD; twie, S.—AS. twiwa.

Tweyne, num. twain, G, PP; tueyne, S2; twene, S; twelen, S; twegenn, S. —AS. twegen.

Twi- (prefix). Comb.: twi-bil, an axe, bipennis, Voc., Prompt., H; twi-feald, twofold, SD; twye-lyghte, twilight, Prompt.; twi-reed, of diverse opinion, SD.

Twie, adv. twice, S; see Tweye.

Twikken. v. to twitch, snatch, pull slightly but quickly, Prompt.; twychyn, Prompt.; twyghte, pt. s., CM; twight, *рр*., СМ.

Twine, sb. doubled thread; twines, gen., S.—AS. twin.

Twinen, v. to twist, S; twined, pp., S; twyned, PP.

Twingen, v. to pain, afflict, SkD; twungen, pp., SkD.—Cp. G. zwingen.

Twinging, sb. affliction, S2.

Twinken, v. to wink, Prompt., G. Twinklen, v. to twinkle, Prompt.

Twinne, num. two apiece, two at a

time, S; twynne, S2; tuin, S2.—Icel. tvinnr.

Twinnen, v. to separate, C2; twynnen, S2, S3, H; twyne, S3; twyn, S2, H; tuyn, H; twynned, pt. pl., PP, S3.

Twyes, adv. twice, S2, C2, C3, PP.-Formed with suffix -es on AS. twiwa. See Tweye.

Twyste, sb. bough, Cath., S3; twist, | Tyyl, sb. tile, S2; see Tyle.

B, S2, C2, CM; twest, S3.—Cp. ODu. twist.

Twyste, v. to strip the boughs, defrondare, Cath.

Twyster (of trees), sb. a stripper of boughs, defrondator, Cath.

Tycement, sb. enticement, HD.

Tycen, v. to entice, instigate, provoke, Prompt., Manip., S; tisen, PP; tyse, HD (s.v. tise). See Atisen.

Tykel, adj. unsteady, uncertain, CM.

Tyle, sb. tile, Prompt.; tyil, Prompt.; tyyl, S2. Comb.: tyle-stone, tile, brick, Prompt.; tiyl-stoon (=Lat. testa), W2.-AS. tigele; Lat. tegula.

Tymber. sb. timber, wood for building, Voc., PP; **tymbre**, PP.—AS. *timber*.

Tymbre, v. to frame, build, PP; timbrin, S, S2.—AS. timbrian: Goth. timrjan; cp. OHG. zimbrón (Tatian).

Tymbre, sb. the crest of a helmet, also a helmet, WA; timber, Cotg.; tymbrys, pl., B.—OF. timbre (Cotg.); Lat. tympanum; Gr. τύμπανον; cp. SkD (s.v. timbrel).

Tyme, sb. time, due season, S, C2, C3, PP; tyme, pl., C2; tymes, C2. Comb.: tymeful, seasonable, early, W; timliche, quickly, S.—AS. tima; cp. Icel. timi.

Tymen, v. to betide, S2.—AS. (ge)timian.

Tynd, sb. the tine or prong of a deer's horn, the spike of a harrow, JD, SkD; tyndis, S3.—AS. tind (Voc.); cp. Icel.

Tyne, adj. tiny, WA.

Tyne. sb. prickle, Prompt.

Tyne, v. to lose, S2, PP, H; tine, S2, H; tynt, pp., S2, PP, H. Der.: tynsil, loss, ruin, H; tinsill, H.—Icel. týna, to lose, to destroy, týnask, to perish, from tjón, loss, damage.

Tynen, v. to enclose, S2; tinen, S; tunen, S.—AS. tynan, from tun. See Toun.

Tynken, v. to ring, tinkle, W.

Tynkere. sb. tinker, PP.

Tynsale, sb. loss, harm, B. See Tyne. Tysane, sb. a drink, Prompt.—OF. tisane, barley-water; Lat. ptisana, pearlbarley, also barley-water; Gr. πτισάνη.

Tysyk, sb. consumption, S2, Prompt.; tysike, Cath.—OF. tisique (Bartsch); Lat. phthisica, consumptive disease; from Gr. φθίσις, decay; cp. It. tisica.

U, V (vowel).

Uggen, v. to dread, to shudder at, HD; ug, H; huge, H; uggis, pr. s., H; uggid, pt. s., H.—Icel. ugga.

Uggynge, sb. shuddering, horror, H. **Ugly**, adv. dreadful, horrible, H, SkD; **uglike**, SkD.—Icel. uggligr.

Ugsom, adj. frightful, SkD (s.v. ugly). **Thte**, sb. the part of the night before daybreak; usten, dat., S, SD.—AS. uhte: OS. uhta: Goth. uhtwo; cp. OHG. uohta, Icel. btta, see Weigand (s.v. ucht), and Fick, 7. 9.

Uhten-tid, sb. early morning-time, SD. **Uht-song**, sb. morning-chant, matins, SD.—AS. uht-sang.

Ulke, adj. the same, S; see **Ilke**.

Umbe, prep. about, around, WA, S; ummbenn, S; embe, S.—AS. ymbe (embe): OHG. umbi (Otfrid), OS. umbi.

Vmbe-cast, v. to cast about, consider, ponder, B; umbekestes, pr. s., S2.

Umbe-grouen, pp. grown all round, S2. Umbelappe, v. to surround, WA. See Umlap.

Vmbe-set, v. to beset, B; umbeset, pt. s., B; vmset, S2; umbeset, pp., B; umsett, H, HD; vmset, S2.—AS. ymb-

umsett, H, HD; vmset, S2.—AS. ymbsittan.

Vmbe-stount, adv. sometimes, B; um-

stunt, H.—AS. ymbe+stund.

**Ombe-penken, v. to bethink, meditate, S; umthink, H; vmbethinkis 30w, imp. pl. reft., B; umbithoghte, pt. s., HD; vmbethoucht, B.—AS. ymb-pencan.

Umbe-weround, pp. environed, B. Umbe-while, adv. sometime, at times, S; umwhile, H, HD; umwile, S; vm-quhile, B; umquile, WA.

Um-ga, v. to go about, H.

Um.gang, sb. circuit, S2, H.—AS. ymb-gang.

Um-gifen, v. to surround, H; vmgaf, pt. pl., S2, H.

Um-gripen, v. to surround; vm-griped, pt. pl., S2.

Um-hilen, v. to cover up; umhild, pt. s., H.

Um-lap, v. to wrap around, comprehendere, to embrace, WA, S2; umlappe, H, HD; vmlapped, pp., S2. See Umbelappe.

Um-louke, v. to lock in, H.

Um-sege, v. to besiege, H.

Um-set, pp. beset all round, S2; see Vmbe-set.

Um-shadow, v. to shadow round, protect, H.

Um-stride, v. to bestride, S2; um-strode, pt. s., HD.

Um-writhen, v. to wind round, H; umwrithyn, pp., H.

Um-3ede, pt. s. went about, H.

Un-, prefix (1), has a negative force and is used before substantives, adjectives, and past participles; on-, B.—Goth. un-; cp. Gr. dv-.

Un-, prefix (2), expresses the reversal of an action, and is used before verbs; on-, S3.—Goth. and-; cp. Gr. avr..

Un-, prefix (3), until.—OS. und-. Cf. Oth.

Un-aneomned, pp. unnamed, innumerable, S. Cf. **A-nemnen**.

Un-auanced, pp. unpromoted, S2.

Un-bermed, pp. unleavened; unberrmedd, S.

Un-bicumlich, adj. unbecoming, S; unbicomelich, S.

Un-biheue, adj. unprofitable; unbihefre, comp., S.

Un-bileue, sb. unbelief, W.

Un-bileueful, adj. unbelieving, W; unbileful, S.

Un-binden, v. to unbind, S2; unbind, pr. s., S; unbint, S; unbond, pt. s., S; unbounden, pl., S; pp., C2.—Cp. OHG. in-bintan (Otfrid). (Un-2.)

Un-bischoped, pp. unconfirmed; un-bishped, S.

Un-bisorzeliche, adv. piteously, S.

Un-blide, adj. joyless; unblype, S2. Un-boht, pp. unatoned for, S; unbouht.

Un-bokelen, v. to unbuckle, C2, C3. (Un-2.)

Un-brosten, pp. unburst, S2.

Un-buhsum, adj. disobedient, S; vn-boxome, P.

Un-buxsumnes, sb. disobedience, H. Unce, sb. ounce, SkD, C; ounces, pl., C2.—OF. unce; Lat. uncia. Cf. Inche.

Un-chargid, pp. unladen, W. (Un-2.) Un-cofre, v. to take out of a coffer, S3. (Un-2.)

Un-conabil, adj. unsuitable; unkonnabil, H; vncunable, H.—Cp. OF. covenable (BH. 153. 43).

Un-conabilly, adv. unsuitably, H.

Un-conabilnes, sb. misbehaviour, H.

Un-conabiltes, sb. pl. incongruities, H. Vn-conand. adi. ignorant. HD. H:

Vn-conand, adj. ignorant, HD, H; vnkunand, H.

Vn-conandly, adv. ignorantly, H.

Un-corrupcioun, sb. incorruption, W. Uncub. adj. strange, unknown, S2; see

Uncuo, adj. strange, unknown, S2; see **Un-kouth**.

Un-cweme, adj. displeasing, SD: unn-cweme, S. See Un-yqueme.

Undampned, pp. uncondemned, W.

Un-deedli, adj. immortal, W; vndedly, H.

Un-deedlynesse, sb. immortality, W; undedlynes, WA.

Un-defoulid, pp. undefiled (= impollutus, immaculatus), W, WA.

Un-dep, adj. not deep, S.

Under, prep., adv. during, between, under, underneath, S; onder, SD; undur. W; undir, B. Phr.: vnder pan, during these things, interea, meanwhile, S.—AS. under: Goth. undar; cp. OHG. untar.

Under, sb. afternoon, CM; see Undern. Under. v. to subject, S2.

Under-crien, v. to cry out; undurorieden, pt. pl. (= succlamabant), W.

Under-fangen, v. to receive, S; underfonge, S; ondermonge, S2; undermongen, S; onderfang, imp. s., S; undurfong, pt. s., S2; undermonge, S2; underfangen, pp., S; undermonge, S; underfongen, P; undurfongun, W.

Under-fon, v. to receive, S; underfo, S; under-uon, S; underfon, pp., S.—AS. under-fon.

Under-giten, v. to perceive, understand; undersiten, SD; undersite, S; underseten, pt. pl., S.—AS. under-gitan.

Under-leggen, v. to subject; under-laide, 2 pt. s., S2.

Under-ling, sb. a subject, inferior, S, PP. **Under-lout**, adj. subject, H.

Under-master, sb. usher; undurmaistir (= paedagogus), W.

Under-mel, sb. the afternoon-meal, SD, CM. See **Undern**.

Undern, sb. the time between, the time between sunrise and noon, between noon and sunset, a mealtime, S2, C, C2, CM, Voc.; undorne, WA; vndren, S, HD, SD; under, S2; undur, HD; aunder, HD.—AS. undern, OS. undorn, Icel. undorn; cp. OHG. untorn (G. untern).

Undern-time, sb. SD; undrentime, S; undirtime, SD.

Under-nymen, v. to receive, perceive, reprove, PP; undirnyme, W2; undernimen, S; underneme, reprehendo, Prompt.; undernom, pt. s., C3; undernumen, pp., S; undirnommen, W; undernome, PP.

Under-picchen, v. to fix underneath; underpyghte, pt. s., C3.

Under-preost, sb. under-priest; unnder-preost, S.

Under-sette, v. to place beneath, support, prop up; undursette, W2.

Under-standen, v. to understand, S; onderstanden, S2; understonden, S, S2; understonden, S, S; understont, S; understant, pr. s., S; understoden, pt. pl., S; undurstoden, pt. pl., S; undurstoden, stood under, W2; understande, pp., S; understonde, S2; understonde, S2.

Under-stondingnesse, sb. faculty of understanding, S.

Under-take, v. to undertake, agree, SD; undertoc, pt. s., S2; undertok, S.

Under-peod, sb. subject, S; under-peoden, pl., S; underpiede, S.—AS. under-peod.

Under-uon, v. to receive, S; see Under-fon.

Under-zeite, v. to learn, discover, S; see Under-giten.

Un-digne, adj. unworthy, C2.—OF, undigne.

Un-discreet, adj. undiscerning, C2.—OF. undiscret.

Un-don, v. to undo, open, disclose, SD, W; undo, WA; undede, pt. s., S2; undude, S, PP; undone, pp., S.—AS. undon. (Un-2.)

Undon, v. to undo, destroy, PP.

Undoubtabili, adv. without doubt, S3. **Un-dreh**, adj. impatient, out of patience, S2.

Un-duhtiz, adj. unworthy; unduhti, S. Un-eao, adj. uneasy; unease, S.

Un-eace, adv. scarcely, S; unnece, S, S2, C2, C3, W; onneape, S2; onepe, S3; uneth, S3, P, WA; unneth, S3.

Un-eces, adv. scarcely, WA, S; unnethes, S2, C2, W, H; vnneths, H; vnees, PP.

Un-fagen, adj. displeased; unfeyn, S2. Un-fest, adj. unstable, S2.

Un-festlich, adj. unfestive, C2.

Un-fete, adj. ill-made, bad, S2. (Un- 1.) Un-filabil, adj. insatiable, H. (Un- 1.)

Un-filed, pp. undefiled, S2.

Un-flichand. pp. unflinching, H. (Un-1.)

Un-forzolden, pp. unrequited, S; unvorgulde, S.

Un-freme, sb. disadvantage, S.—AS. unfremu.

Un-fruytouse, adj. unfruitful, W.

Un-gert, pp. ungirt, G.

Un-glad, adj. unhappy, S2.

Un-happe, sb. ill-luck, WA.

Un-happy. adj. unlucky, S2. Un-hardy, adj. not bold, PP.

Un-hele. sb. sickness, S; misfortune,

Un-heled, pp. uncovered, WA, PP.-AS. helian: OHG. haljan. (Un-2).

Un-helde, sb. sickness, S; unhalde, S.

Un-hersumnesse, sb. disobedience, S. —AS. unhýrsumnis.

Un-hillen, v. to disclose, S; unhilen, S2, W; onhillin, Prompt.; unhulien, SD, MD; unhiled, pp., CM, G, SD, PP; unhuled, S2.—Cp. Goth. huljan, OHG. huljan, hullan. (Un- 2.)

Un-hol. adj. sick, S.—AS. un-hal.

Un-hold, adj. ungracious, S.

Un-ifo3, adj. innumerable; unnifo3e, pl., S.—AS. un-gefog.

Un-imeao, sb. want of moderation, S (8 b. 12).

Un-imet. adj. immense, immeasurable, S; onimete, S.—AS. un-gemet.

Un-imete. adv. immensely, S.— AS. ungemete.

Un-imeteliche, adv. infinitely, S.-AS. ungemetlice.

Un-iredlice, adv. sharply, roughly, S; unrideli, S.—AS. un-gerýdelice.

Un-isaloe. sb. unhappiness, S.— AS. un-gesælð.

Un-iseli. adj. unhappy, S.—AS. un-

Un-itald, pp. unnumbered, S.—AS. ungeteald.

Universite, sb. universe, world, W.-OF. universite; Lat. universitatem (Vulg.) frid), G. gönnen.

Un-iwasse, pp. unwashen, S.

Unk, pron. dual. us both, S; unker, of us both, S.—AS. unc, dat. and acc., uncer, gen.: Goth. ugk, acc., ugkis, dat., ugkara, gen.

Un-kempt, pp. uncombed, rough, S3.

Un-keuelen, v. to ungag, S. (Un- 2.) Un-kouth, adj. unknown, strange, PP; unkuo, S; uncuo, S2; uncouthe, pl., S2, C2; uncude, S; uncode, S.—AS. un-cút.

Vn-kunnyng, sb. ignorance, W; vn-kunnyngis, pl., W2.

Vn-kunnynge, adj. unskilful, ignorant, S2, W, W2; unkonnyng, C; vnkonnynge, PP.

Un-kunnyngenesse, sb. ignorance, W. Un-kynde, adj. unnatural, unkind, C2, PP; uncunde, SD.

Un-kyndenesse, sb. unkindness, C3, PP.

Un-kyth, v. to hide, S2. (**Un-** 2).

Un-lace, v. to unbind, W. (Un-2.) Un-lappe, v. to unfold; onlappyt, pt. s., S3. (Tn- 2.)

Un-lede, adj. miserable, wretched, S, SD.—AS. un-læd: Goth. un-léds.

Un-leueful, adj. not permissible, W; onleefful, illicitus, Prompt.

Un-leuesum, adj. not permissible; onlesum, S3.

Un-liche. adj. unlike, S.

Un-louken, v. to unlock, PP; vnloke, pp., G. (Un- 2.)

Un-lust, sb. lack of pleasure, displeasure.

Un-lusti. adj. unlusty, idle, SD; onlosti, S2.

Un-lykynge, adj. unfit, improper, scandalous, PP.

Un-mayte, adj. unmeet, H. Phr.: in unmayte, unfittingly, H.

Un-meoo, sb. want of moderation, S; unmed, S (8 a. 10). See Meth.

Un-meuable, adj. immovable, W.

Un-moebles, sb. pl. immovable property, PP.-Cp. OF. muebles (BH); pl. of mueble; Late Lat. möbilem.

Un-mylde, adj. cruel, W; unmyld, H. Un-nait, adj. useless, S2, H.

Unnen, v. to grant, S; hunne, S; an. 1 pr. s., S; on, pr. s., S; i-unne, pp., S.— AS. unnan, I and 3 pr. s. ann, opt. unne, pt. úbe, pp. ge-unnen. Cp. Icel. unna, OS. gi-unnan, OHG. gi-unnan, pt. onda (OtUnnece, adv. scarcely, S, S2, C2, C3, W; unneth, S3; see Un-eace.

Unnethes, adv. scarcely, S2, C2, W, H; vnneths, H; see Un-eces.

Un-nit, adj. useless, S; unnet, S; unnet, S.—AS. un-nytt.

Un-noble, adj. ignoble, W2.

Un-noblei, sb. ignobleness, W.

Un-noyandnes, sb. harmlessness, H.

Un-obedience, sb. disobedience, W. Un-onest, adj. dishonourable, W.

Un-orne, adj. old, worn out, S; unorn, S; unourne, HD.—AS. un-orne (Grein).
Un-perfit, adj. imperfect, W2; un-

Un-perfit, adj. imperfect, W2; u parfit, PP.

Un-pesible, adj. unquiet, W.

Un-pined, pp. untouched by pain, S.

Un-pite, sb. want of feeling, W, W2.

Un-profit, sb. unprofitableness, W. Un-quaynt, adj. imprudent, unwise, H.

Un-rede, sb. bad counsel, folly, mischief, S.—AS. un-réd.

Un-redi, adj. not prepared, W; unredy, improvident, PP.

Un-reprenable, adj. not to be reproved, W.

Un-rest, sb. restlessness, S3; vnreste, dat., C2.

Un-resty, adj. restless, H; unristy, H. Un-ride, adj. harsh, cruel, WA, HD, SD.—AS. un-(ge)ryde (Luke, 3. 5).

Un-rideli, adv. sharply, vehemently, roughly, S; unridly, fiercely, WA; see Uniredlice.

Un-rizt, adj. sb. injustice, wrong, S2; unryht, S; vnright, PP, S2; unriht, S.—AS. un-riht.

Un-riztfulnesse, sb. unrighteousness, unlawfulness, W2; unrihtfulnesse, S.

Un-ri3twisnesse, sb. unrighteousuess,

Un-sad, adj. unsteady, C2.

Un-sadnesse, sb. instability, W.

Un-saht, adj. unreconciled, discontented, S2.

Un-schape, pp. unshapen, outlandish, S2.

Un-schutten, v. to open, SD; un-schette, pt.s., SD; onschet, S3; vnshette, pp., S3. (Un-2.)

Un-scilwis, adj. unwise, H.

Un-scilwisly, adv. unwisely, H. Un-schelich, adj. invisible, S.

Un-seill, sb. misfortune, B.—AS. uns&l. Un-sele, adj. unhappy, S, S2.

Un-sele, aaj. unnappy, S, S2.
Un-selő, sb. unhappiness; unselőe, S;

unnselide, S; unnseolde, S.—AS. unsáld.

Un-sely, adj. unhappy, C2; **vncell**, W. **Un-sete**, sb. unsettledness, S2.

Un-skapeful, adj. harmless; unn-skapefull, S.

Un-skaþi;nesse, sb. harmlessness, S. **Un-skilful**, adj. unreasonable, outrageous, unprofitable, PP; unschilful, S2.

Un-slekked, pp. unslacked, C3.

Un-soote, adj. unsweet, bitter, S3.

Un-sounded, pp. unhealed, S3.

Un-sowen, v. to slit open what has been sewn, PP; unsouwen, PP. (Un-2.)

Un-spedful, adj. unsuccessful, H; on-schet, S3.

Un-sperren, v. to unfasten, unbar, PP. (Un-2.)

Un-spurne, v. to kick open, S. (**Un-2**.) **Un-stabeluest**, adj. without a firm foundation, S.

Un-stedefast, adj. not firm in one's place, unsteady, S, PP; unstudeneste, S.—AS. unstedefast.

Un-stirabil, adj. immovable, H.

Un-strong, adj. feeble, S.—AS. un-strang.

Un-suget, pp. not subject, W.

Un-tellendlic, adj. indescribable, S.

Un-panc, sb. dislike; unponkes, gen., S. Phr.: hares unpances, against their will, S.—AS. un-panc.

Un-thende, small, out of season, PP, HD. Cf. Theen.

Un-thewe, sb. immorality, S; un-peu, S; unpewe, dat., S; unpewes, pl., S2.—AS. un-plaw.

Un-tholemodnes, sb. impatience, H. Un-prift, sb. unprofitableness; un-pryfte, S2.

Un-thryftyly, adv. unprofitably, improperly, S2, C3.

Un-tiffed, pp. unadorned, S.

Until, conj., prep. until, unto, S2, PP, SkD; ontill, B. (Un- 3.)

Un-tiled, pp. untilled, PP; untuled, S2. Un-to, prep. unto, SkD.—OS. unto for undt + b; cp. OS. unte, until, Goth. unte, for, OHG. unz (Tatian). (Un-3.)

Un-todealet. pp. undivided, S. (**Un-1**.) Un-toheliche, adv. unrestrainedly, S. Un-tohen, pp. undisciplined, S; untowun, SkD (p. 695), untohe, S.—Cf. AS. téon. See Ten.

Un-trewe, adj. untrue, not straight, S. PP, C2.—AS. un-tréowe.

Un-trewnesse, sb. untruth, S.

Un-trewthe, sb. untruth, C3. Un-trist, sb. disbelief, W.

Un-vysible, adj. invisible, W.

Un-war, adj. unexpected, unexpecting, SD, S2, C2, C3.

Un-ware, adv. unwarily, S2.

Un-warly, adv. at unawares, S3.

Un-way, sb. wrong path, H.

Un-weawed, pp. unveiled, S.—Cp. AS. wæfels, a covering, veil.

Un-welde, adj. impotent, weak, SD, S: vnweldy, S3, C3.

Un-wemmed, pp. unstained, unspotted, S, S2, C3, W2; unwemmyd, W, H; unwemmet, S; unweommet, S.—AS. un-(ge)wemmed.

Un-werzed, pp. unwearied; unwerget, S.—AS. un(ge)wériged.

Un-wiht, sb. monster, an uncanny creature, evil spirit, S; unwijt, S; adj., S; unwistes, pl., S.

Un-wille, sb. unwillingness, displeasure, S. Phr.: hire unwilles, against her will, S.-AS. un-willa.

Un-willich, adj. unwilling, S.

Un-wine, sb. enemy, S; unwines, pl., S.

Un-wis. adj. unwise, S2.—AS. un-wis.

Un-wisdom, sb. folly, W.

Un-wist, pp. unknown, C.

Un-wit, sb. want of wit, C3, H.

Un-witti. adj. unwise, W.

Un-wityng, pr. p. unknowing, C3.

Un-wityng, sb. ignorance, W.

Un-wist, adj. uncanny, S. See Un-

Un-worschip, v. to dishonour, W. Un-wrappen. v. to disclose, C2. (Un-2.)

Un-wrast. adj. infirm, weak, base, bad, S, PP; unwreast, S; unwraste, pl., S; unwreste, dat. s., S.—AS. un-wrést.

Un-wrenc. sb. evil design; unwrenche. dat., S.-AS. unwrenc.

Un-wreon, v. to discover, to reveal, SD; unwreo, S; unwrojen, S; unwroje, S.—AS. un-wreon. (Un- 2.)

Un-wrien, v. to uncover, SD; pp., S.— From AS. wrihan. (Un- 2.)

Un-wunne. sb. sadness, S. SD: unwinne, S; unwenne, S.

Un-wurd, adj. unworthy, S; unwurde, pl., S; unwurdere, comp., S; unwurdeste, superl., S.—AS. un-wurd.

Un-wurdi, adj. unworthy, S, SD; onwurbi, Prompt.

Un-wurölich, adj. unworthy, base; unworpelych, S2; unwuröliche, adv., S.—AS. un-wurölic, -lice.

Un-yliche, adj. unlike, S; unilich, S. –AS. un-gellc.

Un-yqueme, adj. displeasing, S. See Un-cweme, Icweme.

Up, adv. and prep. up, S2, S3, G; op, S, S2. Phr.: up so down, upside down, C, C3, W, PP; up se doun, W, W2; up soo doune, S3.—AS. up, upp; cp. OHG. uf (Otfrid).

Up-braiding, sb. reproach, S2.

Up-breiden, v. to reproach, S, W.

Up-breyd. sb. reproach, S2.

Up-cumen, v. to ascend; uppcumenn, S.

Up-heuen, v. to raise, S2; uphaf, pt. s., C; uphouen, pp., S2; upe-houen, S2.

Up-holdere, sb. seller of second-hand things, P.

Up-londisch, adj. rustic, countrified, S2; oplondysch, S2.

Vppe, adv. up, PP, S; upe, S, S2; ope,

Vppon, prep. upon, PP; uppen, S; apon, S2. Phr.: vpon lofte, above, S2.

Up-right, adv. on one's back, C, C2; upryghte, C2.

Up-risen, v. to rise up; up-rist, pr. s.

Up-risinge, sb. resurrection, S2.

Up-rist, sb. rising, SD, S3; upriste, dat., S, C.

Up-set, pp. set up, S2.

Up-sterten, v. to start up; upsterte. pt. s., S2, C.

Up-stize, sb. ascension, S.

Up-stizen, v. to ascend, SD; upsteghes, pr. pl., S2; upstegh, pt. s., S2.

Up-stowr, v. to be stirred up, S₃.

Up-take, v. to take up, receive; uptoke. pt. s., S2.

Up-ward, adv. upward; uppard, S. Up-warp, v. to throw up, S3.

UPWAUEN. **Up-wauen**, v. to move upward with an undulating motion; up-wafte, pt. pl., S2.

Up-zelden, v. to deliver up, S2.

Vrchun, sb. hedghog, H; see Irchon. Ure, sb. practice, work, operation, ND,

Manip., SkD. - OF. eure, uevre; Lat. opera.

Ure, sb. fate, luck, good luck, B, CM.-OF. eur, eur: Prov. agur; Late Lat. *agurium for Lat. augurium; see BH,

Urnen, v. to run, S; see Rennen.

Urre, sb. anger, S; see Eorre.

Usage, sb. custom, C2, C3.—AF. usage. Usaunce, sb. custom, HD, CM.—OF. usance (Cotg.).

Use, sb. use, usury, HD; us, S2, SD; vce, S3; oyes, B.—AF. us; Lat. usum.

Usen. v. to use, to be accustomed, PP, S3, C2; usede, pt. s., SD, PP; usiden, pl., dealt with, W; yvsed, pp., S2; uset,

customary, PP; used, C3; vsyt, S3; oysit, B; wsyt, S3.—AF. user.

Ussher, sb. usher, door-keeper, C2, SkD; uschere, Prompt.; usshere, PP.-AF. ussher, usser, OF. ussier; Lat. ostiarium, door-keeper, from ostium, door.

Usure, sb. usury, C2, P; vsuris, pl., W. -AF. usure; Lat. usura.

Utas, sb. the octave of a festival, HD, ND, SkD, Palsg.—AF. utaves; Lat. octavas. For the s = v's cp. in Old French vis = vivus (BH).

Tte, adv. out, S.—AS. úte.

Uten, prep. away from, S.—AS. útan; cp. Goth. utana.

Uthe, sb. wave, S; ypez, pl., S2, HD.— AS. vo: Lat. unda.

Ut-laze, sb. outlaw, S.—Icel. útlaga, outlawed, útlagi, an outlaw. See Out-lawe.

Uttring, sb. circulating, S3. See Outren.

U3ten, sb. early morning, S; see Uhte.

V U (consonant).

For some words of Teutonic origin beginning with V, see P; see also in some cases W.

Vacherye, sb. a dairy, Prompt.—OF. vacherie, a cow-house (Cotg.); Late Lat. vaccaria, from Lat. uacca, a cow.

Vader, sb. father, S, S2; see Pader.

Usein, adj. fain, S; see Fayn.

Uair, adj. fair, S2; see Payr. Uale, adj. many, S; see Pele.

Vale. sb. vale, PP.—AF. val; Lat. vallem.

Valè, sb. valley, S2, B; valete, S2; valeye, PP; valayis, pl., B.—OF. valee; cp. It. vallata.

Vale. v. to descend, S3.—Cp. OF. avaler, to descend. Cf. Aualen.

Valuwen. v. to become yellow, S; see Falwe.

Vampies, Vampett; see Vaumpe. Vane, sb. a vane, C2; see Fane.

Vanishen, v. to vanish, C2; vanshe, Voc.; vanshede, pt. s., PP; vanyschiden, pl., became vain, W; vanyssht, pp., S2.—Cp. OF. esvanuiss-, base of pr. p. of

Vant, v. to vaunt, WA. -OF. vanter; Late Lat. vanitare, from Lat. wanus.

Vantwarde, sb. vanguard, S2; see

Vauntwarde. Uaren, v. to fare, S; see Faren.

Variaunt, adj. changing, fickle, C2.

Varien, v. to vary, Prompt.; wariande, pr. p., S2; variand, S2, S3; variant, S3.

—AF. varier; Lat. uariare.

Varlet, sb. a young vassal, servant, squire, SkD, Sh.; verna, Manip.; verlet, S3.—OF. varlet, vaslet, dimin. of vassal. See below.

Vassal, sb. a servant, subject. — AF. vassal; Low Lat. vassallum (acc.), from vassus, a man, a subject (of Celtic origin); cp. Wel. gwas, a youth, servant.

Vassalage, sb. good service, prowess in arms, courage, B; vasselage, C, CM.— AF. vasselage (Roland).

Vath, sb. danger, B.—Icel. váði.

Vath, interj. fie! (= vah), W.

Uaumpe, sb. the fore part of the foot, esvanuir; Lat. ex + uanescere, from uanus. the vamp, Prompt., S; vamples, ND; wampe, pedana, pedium, ante pedale, Voc.; wampay, pedana, Voc.; wampe, Palsg.; vampett, Cath.— OF. uantpie (Palsg.), avant-pied, the fore part of the foot (Cotg.).

Vaunte, sb. a boast, WA. See Vant. Vaunten, v. to vault, S3; vant, S3

(s.v. vaut). Probably for vauut, vaut. Vauntwarde, sb. vanguard, PP; vant-

warde, S2; vaward, B, WA.—AF. avauntgarde, OF. avantwarde, avantgarde.

Vauntynge, sb. vaulting, S3.

Vavasour, sb. a sub-vassal, C, HD.—AF. vavasour; OF. vavassor, a gen. pl. form, see Bartsch, p. 500; Low Lat. vassus vassorum, vassal of vassals (Diez, p. 338).

Vaylen, v. to avail; vaille, PP; vayleth, pr. s., S3; vayls, H. See Auailen.

Vayn, sb. vein, S3; see Veyne.

Ueale, adj. many, S; see **Uele**. **Ueat**, sb. vessel, S; see **Fat**.

Veaw, adj. few, S2; see Pewe.

Veder, sb. father, S; see Fader.

Veel, sb. veal, SkD; **veale**, calf, Manip.; **veal**, Manip.; **veilys**, pl., calves, S3.—OF. veil (Ps. 28, 6): Prov. vedel; Lat. uitellum (acc.).

Veer-tyme, sb. spring-time, W2. See

Veille, sb. watcher, P; veil, PP.—OF. veile; Lat. uigilia, a vigil, a watch.

Ueir, adj. fair, MD; see Fayre.

Ueir, sb. beauty, S. See above.

Vekke, sb. an old woman, CM.

Uela3-rede, sb. fellowship, S2; see Pelawrede.

Uele, adj. many, S, S2; **ueole**, S; **ueale**, S; see **Fele**.

Uelen, v. to feel, MD; see **Felen**.

Veluet, sb. velvet, sericum villosum, Manip., Prompt.; velwet, Prompt.; velonette, Ca; vellet, HD.—It. veluto (Florio); Late Lat. *villutum; from Lat. uillus, shaggy hair; cf. OF. velu, shaggy (Cotg.).

Vendage, sb. vintage, PP.—OF. vendange; Lat. uindēmia; see BH, § 167.

Venerie, sb. hunting, C; venery, game, DG.—OF. venerie (Cotg.), from vener, to hunt; Lat. uenari.

Venesoun, sb. venison, P. Voc.; venysoun, PP.—AF. venesoun, venysoun, OF. venison; Lat. uenationem, hunting, see Apfelstedt (Introd. xxx), BH, § 28.

Venge, v. to avenge, PP, ND, W; wenge, S2; vengide, pt. s., W.—OF. venger, vengier; Lat. uindicare.

Vengeable, adj. full of vengeance, S3, ND.

Vengeaunce, sb. vengeance, PP; vengance, WA; veniaunce, PP, W, W2; vengeans, B; veniauncis, pl., W.—OF. venjance (BH).

Uenie, sb. supplication for pardon on one's knees, S.—Church Lat. venia (Ducange).

Venkisen, v. to vanquish, PP; vencuss, B; venkquyst, pt. s., S2; venquysshed, pp., S2, C3; venkised, PP; vencust, B.—AF. venquiss-, base of pr. p. of venquir, an inchoative form of OF. veincre; Lat. uincere.

Uenne, sb. dat. mud, S; see Pen.

Ventose, sb. cupping-glass.—OF. ventose (ventouse), cupping-glass (Cotg.); Late Lat. uentosa.

Ventouse, v. to cup, HD.—OF. ventouser (BH).

Ventusynge, sb. cupping, C.

Venust, adj. beautiful, S3.—Lat. uenustus.

Venym, sb. poison, PP, C; venim, C2, C3, PP, Manip.—OF. venin (Ps. 139. 3). Lat. uenēnum; see BH, § 44.

Venym-makere, sb. poisoner, W2, H. Venymous, adj. venomous, CM.—AF. venymouse, OF. venemouse.

Venymous-heede, sb. venom, PP.

Ueole, adj. many, S; see **Uele**.

Ueond, sb. enemy, S; see **Feend**. **Ueor**, adv. far, S; see **Fer**.

Ver, sb. spring, JD, H (Ps. 73. 18). Comb.: veer-tyme, spring-time, W2.—Lat. uer.

Ver, sb. glass, W2; verre, HD.—OF. verre (voirre); Lat. uitrum.

Uerd, sb. army, MD; uerden, pl. dat., S; see Ferd.

Uerden, pt. pl. fared, S; see Faren.

Verdegrese, sb. verdigris, PP; verdegreee, viride grecum, Voc.; verdegrees, C3.—OF. vert de gris, verdigrease (Cotg.); OF. Gris, Greeks (Ducange), pl. of gri; Late Lat. græum; Lat. græeum; stans, Notes, p. 25, and BH, § 32.

Verdite, sb. verdict, C; verdyte, Palsg.

-AF. veirdit; Lat. uere dictum.

Uere, sb. companion, S; see **Fere**. **Vergere**, sb. an orchard, CM.—OF. vergier (BH); Late Lat. viridiarium; see BH, § 134.

Verlet, sb. a young servant, S3; see **Varlet**.

Vermel, adj. vermilion-coloured, S3; **vermayle**, CM.—OF. vermeil; Lat. uermiculus, scarlet (Vulg.).

Vermiloun, sb. vermilion; vermyloun, Voc.: vermylon, WA; vermeon, WA.—AF. vermiloun.

Vernage, sb. an Italian white wine, Prompt., CM, HD.—AF. vernage; It. vernaccia, 'a kind of winter wine in Italy very strong like Malmezy,' so Florio, cp. Dante, Purg. 24, 24; from It. vernaccio, a severe winter, from verno, winter; Lat. hibernum, belonging to winter. Cp. Low Lat. vernachia (Ducange).

Vernicle, sb. a copy of the handkerchief of St. Veronica, S2, PP, C; vernakylle, Cath.; vernacle, HD.—Church Lat. veronicula, also veronica from Veronica, the traditional name of the woman who wiped the Saviour's face (the word being popularly connected with uera icon, true likeness); Veronica is a form of Bernice, the traditional name of the woman who was cured of an issue of blood. Bernice or Berenice is a Macedonian form of Gr. Depenien, bearer of victory. See F. veronique in Cotg.

Vernisch, sb. varnish, S2, PP; vernysche, Prompt.; vernysh, bernix, Voc.; viridium, virificum, Voc.; vernish, encaustum, Manip.—OF. vernis, varnish, Cotg.; from OF. vernir; Late Lat. *vitrinire, from uitrinus, from uitrum, glass (Diez, p. 339).

Vernish, v. encaustare, Manip.—OF. vernisser, to varnish, to sleek, or glaze over with varnish (Cotg.).

Verony, sb. a vernacle, HD.—OF. veronie; Low Lat. veronica (Ducange). See **Vernicle**.

Verraily, adv. verily, C2, C; verralyest, superl., H.

Verray, adj. true, S, S2, C2, C3, B; verrey, G, HD; very, W. Phr.: verray force, main force, C2.—AF. verrai, verai; Late Lat. *verdcum (whence F. vrai), from Lat. verus.

Verrayment, adv. verily, C2; verament, S3, HD.

Vers, sb. verse, PP.—AF. vers; Lat. uersus.

Versifie, v. to compose verses, PP.

Versifyour, sb. versifier; **vercefyour**, S2.

Vertu, sb. power, healing power, miracle, virtue, kindness, S2, PP, W, C2; vertues, pl., S2. Phr.: the Lord of vertues, the Lord of hosts, W2, H.—OF. vertu, virtud; Lat. uirtutem.

Verveine, sb. vervain, SkD; verveyne, S2; verveyn, Voc.—OF. verveine; Lat. uerbēna; see BH, § 44.

Very, adj. true, W; see Verray.

Vese, v. to drive away, HD; see **Pesten**. **Vese**, sb. a rush of wind, C.—Cp. Icel. f/ssi, impulse. See above.

Vestiment, sb. vestment, C2; uestimens, pl., S, C.—OF. vestiment (Bartsch); Lat. uestimentum.

Vewe, adj. few, S2; see Pewe.

Veyne, sb. vein, C; veine, SkD; vaine, S3; vayn, S3; vanys, pl., S2; waynys, S3.—AF. veine; Lat. uēna; see BH, § 44.

Viage, sb. voyage, journey, S2, S3, C, C3, CM, B; vyage, S2.—OF. viage, (BH); Lat. viaticum, provisions for a journey, from via.

Vicarie, sb. vicar, PP; vicary, C2; vicorie, PP; vikery, PP; vickery, PP; vecory, Voc.—AF. vicaire (F. viquier); Lat. uicarium, a substitute.

Vilanye, sb. villainy, C2, C3, PP; villanie, violentia, Manip.; vilonye, disgrace, G.—AF. vilanie, OF. vilenie (vilonie), from vilain, peasant, farm-servant, also bad, villainous (BH); Late Lat. villanus, farm-servant, from Lat. uilla, farm-stead, country-house.

Vile, adj. vile; vyle, PP; vil, PP.—AF. vil; Lat. uilem.

Villiche, adv. vilely, S2.

Vilte, sb. vileness, H (Ps. 49. 22); vylte, HD; vilete, HD.—OF. vilté; Lat. uilitatem.

Viole, v. to violate; violid, pp., S3.—OF. violer; Lat. uiolare.

Viole, sb. vial; violis, pl., W (Rev. 5. 8); violes, C3.—OF. viole; AF. fyole; Lat. phiala; Gr. φιάλη.

Virelay, sb. a sort of rondeau, ND; virelayes, pl., S3, CM; virolais, HD.—OF. virelay (Cotg.); OF. virer + lai; OF. virer; Late Lat. virare; Lat. uibrare (Diez, p. 736). Cf. Vyre.

Visage, sb. face, PP, C2; vysege, S2.

—AF. visage; Late Lat. *visaticum, from Lat. uisum, acc. of uisus, sight.

Vitaille, sb. food, S2, C2, C3; vitaile, PP, WW; vitayle, S3; victual, WW;

vitalis, pl., B .- AF. vitaille; Lat. uictuālia, | provisions; see BH, § 6.

Vitailled, pp. provisioned, C3; vitailid,

Vitailler, sb. victualler, PP; vittelleris, pl., foragers, B.

Vitremyte, sb. woman's cap, C2.-Lat. uitream mitram, glass head-dress (?). Cp. Sp. mitra, a sort of cap made of pasteboard, which was put on the heads of witches when led to punishment (Stevens). For the loss of r in -myte cp. F. marte for martre, a marten, also OF. feneste for fenestre, and terreste for terrestre; see Apfelstedt (p. xxxviii).

Voide, adj. void, empty, W2. - AF. voide (F. vide), OF. vuide, fem. of vuit; Late Lat. *vocitum, from stem voc-; [cp. Lat. uacare; see BH, § 63, and Constans (s.v. vuit).—A. L. M.]

Voiden, v. to empty; voyden, to get rid of, C2; to expel, C; voidis, pr. s., S3; voyde, imp. pl., make room, S3; depart from, C2; voydeth, send away, C3; voyded, pt. s., S2; voidid, pp., made void, W.-AF. voider, to leave, OF. vuidier (Bartsch). See above.

Vokyte, sb. an advocate, Voc.; vocates, pl., PP .- Lat. advocatus

Volage, adj. light of conduct, giddy, CM.—OF. volage, light (BH); Lat. uolaticum.

Volageouss, adj. light of conduct, B. See above.

Volatilis, sb. pl. birds (a misrendering of Lat. altilia), W; so in the AS. version altilia is rendered by 'fugelas'; birds (= | vire (Ducange). Cf. Virelay.

Lat. uolatilia), W2; volatils, HD.—Lat. uolatilia, poultry (hence F. volaille), pl. of uolatilis (Voc.); from uolare, to fly.

Volunte, sb. will, CM.—OF. volonta, voluntet; Lat. uoluntatem.

Voluper, sb. a woman's cap, CM; volyper, Cath.—Cp. OF. envoluper, to wrap round (BH).

Vouches, pr. s. avouches, S3; see Vowchen.

Vow, sb. vow, PP; vowes, pl., PP; vouwes, S2.—OF. vou (Ps. 21); Lat. uotum. Cf. Auowe (p. 18).

Vowchen, v. to vouch, cite, call, HD; vouchen, to avouch, S3. Phr.: vouchen saf, to guarantee, vouchsafe, PP, HD; vouche sauf, C2.—AF. voucher, vocher; Lat. uocare; see B. H, § 96.

Vowtres, sb. pl. vultures, WA.—OF. voutre; Lat. uultur.

Vowtriere. sb. adultress, WA. See Avoutrie.

Voys, sb. voice, S2, S3, C2, C3; woice, S2; voce, B; vois, PP.—OF. vois; Lat. uöcem; see B. H, § 74.

Vyne, sb. vine, PP.

Vyner, sb. vineyard, W2; vynere, H; vyneris, pl., W2; vyners, H.—OF. vinier (BH); Late Lat. vinarium, vineyard, from Lat. uinum, wine.

Vyner, sb. vine-dresser, Manip.—OF. vinier (Ducange); Late Lat. vinarium (acc.).

Vynour, sb. vine-dresser, Bardsley.—OF. vineür; Lat. uinitorem.

Vyre, sb. a crossbow-bolt, B. — OF.

Wa-We.

Wa, sb. woe, WA, B; was, WA, HD;

Wa, pron. who, S; see Who.

Waast, sb. waist, C2; see Waste.

Wacche, sb. vigil, watch, PP, HD; wecche, S; wach, one who keeps a lookout; weeche, pl., S; weechess, S wacchis, WA; wachis, sentinels, S3.-AS. wæcce.

Wacchen, v. to watch, SkD; vachit, pp., S2.—AS. wacian.

Wachet. sb. a sort of blue cloth, CM. See Philolog. Soc. Trans. 1885, p. 329.

Waden, v. to wade, PP; vayd, S2. Der.: vading, wading, S2.—AS. wadan. pt. s. wód, pp. gewaden.

Wes, imp. s. be, S. Comb.: wees hail, be hale, S; wees heell, S; wassail, S; wassayl, S.-ONorth. was, AS. wes, imp. s. of wesan, to be.

Wæs, pt. s. was, S; see **was**.

Waff, v. to wast, list up, raise, bear, SkD, JD; waste, pt. s., S2.—Icel. váfa, to wave, vibrate.

Wafre, sb. a thin small cake, wafer, CM. PP; wafur, Prompt., Voc.-AF. wafre (F. gaufre); O. Dutch wafel (see Kilian); cp. OHG. waba, honey-comb (Tatian); see Weigand (s. v. waffel).

Wafrere, sb. a maker of wafer-cakes, confectioner, PP; wafereres, pl., C3.

Wafrestre, sb. a female maker or seller of wafer-cakes, PP.

Wage, sb. a gage, pledge, pay for service, WA, Prompt.; wages, pl., PP.—AF. wage, gage; Low Lat. wadium, a pledge; Goth. wadi; cp. Lat. uas (uadi-). Cf. wed.

Wagen, v. to engage, to go bail, P. Prompt.—OF. gagier; Low. Lat. wadiare, from wadium. See above.

Waggen, v. to shake to and fro, Prompt., CM, PP; waggid, pp., W.

Waghe, sb. wall, H; wah, S; see wowe.

Waille, v. to wail, C2; see Wellen.

Wait, pr. s. knows, S3; see Witen (1). Waith, sb. danger, peril, B, JD; wathe, WA; vath, B.—Icel. vdői.

Waith, v. to hunt, fish.—Icel. veiða, to catch, hunt; cp. AS. w&ðan, to hunt, to wander (Grein). Related to F. gagner (see Brachet). See Gaignage.

Waith, sb. game, sport, a 'take,'S3, JD.
—Icel. veiör; cp. OHG. weida (Otfrid),
see Weigand (s.v. weide).

Waithing, sb. what is taken in hunting or fishing, JD, S3.

Wak, adj. wet, moist, S3, SkD (s.v. wake). Der.: waknes, moistness, JD.—Cp. Du. wak, Icel. vökr; cp. Icel. vök (vaka-), a hole in ice.

Wake, sb. a watch, vigilia, Cath. Comb.: wakepleyes, ceremonies attending the vigils for the dead, C.

Waken, v. to be awake, to wake, cease from sleep, S, PP, S2; woo, pt. s., S; wok, S; wook, S2, C3.—AS. wacan, pt. woc, pp. wacen.

Wakien, v. to watch, to awake, S, PP; waky, S2; wakede, pt. s., S, PP; waked, pp., S.—AS. wacian, pt. wacede.

Waking, sb. a watch, S2, C2; wakynge, W.

Waknen, v. to be aroused from sleep, SkD, PP.—AS. wacnan.

Wal, sb. wall, murus, paries, Prompt., S, S2, C2; wall (=Lat. maceria), H, WA; walles, pl., S; wallen, S.—AS. weall, wall, rampart; Lat. uallum.

Wald, sb. wold, wood, WA.—AS. weald; cp. OHG. wald.

Wald-eyed, adj. wall-eyed, WA.—Icel. vald-eygðr.

Wale, v. to choose, WA.—Cp. Goth. waljan.

Walette, sb. bag, wallet, Prompt.; walet, C.—Perhaps a corruption of Watel; see SkD.

Walk (Valk), v. to watch, S2, S3, B.— So written for wakk (vakk). See Wakien.

Walke, sb. a walk, WA.

Walken, v. to roll, walk, S; welk, pt. s., SkD; welke, HD; walke, pp., S.

Wallare, sb. stone-mason, murator, Prompt. See Wal.

Walle, sb. a spring of water, HD. Comb.: walle-heued, a springhead, S2.

Wallen, v. to boil, to well, to turn about, S, S2, PP; weallen, S. Comb.: wallant, boiling hot, S. Der.: wally, surging, S3.—AS. weallan, pt. wéol, pp. weallen.

Walme, sb. a bubble in boiling, HD.

Walshe, adj. and sb. foreign, a foreigner, Welshman, P. Comb.: walshe note, walnut, CM. — AS. walisc, foreign, Welsh (SkD); from wealh, a foreigner, a Welshman.

Walt, pt. s. possessed, S2; see Welden.
Walten, v. to roll, to roll over, overturn,
to fail, to well out, S2; welt, pt. s., SkD
(s. v. welter); welte, HD; walt, S2.—AS,
wealtan.

Walter, sb. water, S3; see Water.

Walteren, v. to roll about, welter, S2, S3, PP; weltyn, Prompt. Der.: walt-rynge, a weltering, Prompt.; weltering, a turning over, S3.

Walwen, v. to roll, CM, PP; welwyn, Prompt.; walowand, pr. p., WA; walowide, pt. s., W. — AS. wealwian: Goth. walwjan (in compounds).

Walwyng, sb. a rolling, W.

Wambe, 3b. belly, womb, WA; wame, WA.

Wan, adj. wan, pale, C3, W; wanne, Prompt.; won, S2. Comb.: wannesse, lividness (= Lat. liuor), W2.—AS. wann (wonn).

Wan-, prefix, expressing lack, deficiency. Comb.: wan-beleue, perfidia, Prompt.; wan-hope, despair, S2, C, P, H, Voc.; wan-towen, untrained, wanton; wantown, C; wantoun, C2; wanton, WA; wantowe, Prompt.; wanton-nes, want of discretion, S3; wantownesse, C; wan-

fail, SD; wan-trokiynge, abatement, S2; wan-trust, distrust, CM.—Cp. Du. wan-, prefix.

Wand. sb. a rod (=Lat. uirga), H (Ps. 109. 3), WA; wande, H (Ps. 44. 8).—Cp.

OSwed. wand.

Wand, sb. hesitation, S2. See Wonden. Wandren, v. to wander, to walk, S2, PP, W; wondren, S2, PP.—AS. wandrian.

Wand-rece, sb. misery, S, HD; wandreth, peril, S2, WA; wontreade, S; wondrede, S; wanrede, S.—Icel. vand-ræbi, difficulty, from vandr, difficult.

Wane, sb. weening, thought, judgment, B; wan, S2; vayn, S2, B; veyn, doubt, B.-AS. wen. See Wenen.

Wane, sb. a quantity, a number, S2, S3; see Woon.

Wane, sb. want, deficiency, misery, S, S2, WA; wone, S.—AS. wana.

Wanelasour, sb. one who rouses and drives game, alator, Voc. See HD (s. v. wanlace).

Wanen, v. to wane, to fail, to grow less, C, C2, S2; wanye, P; wanne, to ebb, S3; woned, pp., S2.—AS. wanian (wonian).

Vanene, *adv*. whence, S; see **Whanene**. Wangeliste. sb. evangelist, S2. Church Lat. euangelista (Vulg.).

Wangtooth, sb. molar tooth, C2; see Wonge.

Wankel, adj. tottery, unstable; wan-kyll, S2.—AS. wancol (SkD, s. v. wench); cp. OHG. wank, tottering (Otfrid).

Wanne, adv. conj. when, S, S2; see Whanne.

Wannes, adv. whence, S3; see Whannes

Want, adj. deficient; wannt, SkD; wonte, sb. deficiency, SkD.—Icel. vant, n. of vanr, deficient.

Wanten, v. to be lacking, carere, Cath.; wonte, S, S2; wantede, pt. s., S; wayntyt, pl., S3.—Icel. vanta.

Wapne, sb. weapon, S; see Wepne.

Wapnid, pp. armed, S2; see Wepnen. Wappen, v. to lap, wap (said of water), to yelp, S3, Prompt.

Wappynge, sb. barking of hounds, Prompt.

Var. adj. cautious, wary, S, S2, C2, G, W, W2, PP; wear, S; warliche, adv. cautiously, S; wearliche, S; warly, H;

truce, fail, failure, S; wan-trukien, to S.—AS. (ge)war: OHG. gi-war (Otfrid). See I-war (p. 123).

> War, pt. s. subj. were, S2; war . . ne, unless, S2; see Was.

War, adv. where, S; see Wher.

Warant, sb. a warrant, guarantee, SkD; protector, Prompt. - AF. warant, OF. garant, Low Lat. warentem (Diez, p. 177); OHG. werento, pr. p. of weren, warjan, to protect, to take heed. Cf. Warice.

Waranten, v. to warrant, C3.

Ward, sb. a guard, SD; wardes, pl., SD.—AS. weard (m.), 'custos.'

Ward, sb. world (Lancelot of the Laik, E. E. T. S. No. 6). See **Werd**.

Warde, sb. ward, custodia, S; ward, care, heed, regard, S2; keeping, Prompt. -AS. weard (f.), 'custodia.' Comb.: wardemotes, meetings of a ward, P.

Warden, v. to guard, S; warded, pp., S2.—AS. weardian.

Wardeyne, sb. warden, Prompt.; wardeyn, CM, Voc. ; wardane, B ; wardeynes, pl., umpires, G.-AF. wardein.

Wardone, sb. a kind of pear, volemum, Prompt.

Wardrobe, sb. a house of office, CM.

Ware, sb. merchandise, S2, C3, G, SkD. -Icel. vara; cp. AS. waru, care, custody, (Grein).

Ware, sb. host, collection, S2. Comb.: helleware, the host of hell, SD; watres ware, waters, S2; windes ware, winds, S2.—AS. -waru (Grein), see Fick, 7. 291. Cf. Were.

Ware, sb. spring, H; wayr, ver, Cath.; were, B.—Icel. vár.

Ware, sb. weir, dam, HD; wore, S2; were, CM.—AS. wer (SkD); cp. Icel. vörr. Ware, adj. comp. worse, H; see Werre.

Ware, v. to lay out, to spend, S2, HD, JD, Palsg. (p. 452); wayr, commutare, Cath., JD; war, JD.—Icel. verja, to clothe, to invest money, to spend. See Werien.

Wareyne, sb. a warren, Prompt.; warrayne, HD. Der.: warnere, warrener, Prompt.: warner, P, HD, Bardsley.—AF. warenne (garenne, garreyne); Low Lat. warenna; from OHG. war- in warjan. See Warant.

Warh (in compounds), an outlawed felon. Comb .: warh-tree, the felon's tree, the gallows (used of the cross of Christ), S. warli, W. Der.: warschipe, prudence, AS. wearh, an outlawed felon, a wolf; warh-tréo cp. OS. warag-treo, Icel. vargtré, also AS. wearh-ród (Voc.).

Wari-angel, sb. a butcher-bird, a small woodpecker, WA (p. 469); wary-angle, Cotg. (s.v. pie).

Warice, v. to heal, cure, to be cured, C3; warschyn, convalesco, Prompt.; warisch, WA; warysshe, Palsg.; warisshed, ρρ., Prompt. (n).—OF. wariss-, pr. p. stem of warir, garir (F. guérir), of Teut. origin; OHG. warjan, to protect. Cf. Warant.

Warien, v. to curse, S, S2, S3, W, H (Ps. 108. 27), C3; werien, H; varyit, pt. s., S2; wereged, pp., S.—AS. wergian; cp. OHG. (fur)wergen (Tatian). wergian, from wearh, an accursed person, an outlawed felon. See Warh.

Warien, v. to be on the watch, S(9.132); waren, S; ware pe, imp. s., PP; war yow, pl., C2.—AS. warian, to take heed.

Warke, sb. work, S2; see Werk.

Warlaze, sb. a warlock, sorcerer, deceiver, WA. — AS. warloga, covenantbreaker, often used of the devil (Grein).

Warnin, v. to warn, moneo, S, C2; warnon, Prompt.; warnyt, pt. s., B; warnede, PP.—AS. wearnian, from wearn, a denial, refusal. Cf. Wernen.

Warnishen, v. to fortify, protect, SkD (s. v. garnish); warenyss, H; warnist, warnyst, warnyscht, pp., H; warnised, HD. Der.: warnysynge, protection, defence, H; warnyshynge, H. - AF. warniss-, pr. p. stem of warnir; of Teut. origin. See Warnin.

Warpen, v. to throw, cast, utter, to lay (eggs), PP, S2, S, Cath.; werpen, S, H; worpen, S; warp, pt. s., S, PP; warpe, PP; werp, S2; worpen, pp., S.—AS. weorpan, pt. wearp, pp. worpen: OS. werpan; cp. OHG. werphan (Tatian).

Warrok, v. to fasten with a girth, PP; warrick, HD.

Warrok, sb. a girth, Voc.

Warysone, sb. reward, donativum, possessio, Prompt.; waryson, WA; warison, CM; warysoun, S2, B; waresun, Voc.; warisoune, B.-OF. warison, help, protection, from warir (guarir, garir). See Warice.

Was, pt. s. was; wees, S; wees, S2; wes, S, S2; wats, S2; was, 2 pt. s., S; wes, S; were, S, W2; wæren, pl., S; werenn, S; waren, S; weren, S; wer, S; war, S2; weoren, S; woren, S; wern,

cp. Icel. vargr, a wolf, an outlaw. With | S2; wore, S; ware, S3; ware, pt. s. subj., S; war, S2; war...ne, were ... not, unless, S2, H; were, S2.—AS. wæs, I and 3 pt., wære, 2 pt. (pl. wæron), subj. ware (pl. waren). See Wes.

> Waschen, v. to wash, S; waische, W2; wasshen, S; weschen, S; wessche, S2; wassen, S; wasse, S; wesch, pt. s., S; wessh, S, S2; wesh, C2, C3; weis, S; waischide, W, W2; wesse, pl., S; wosschen, S2; wisschen, G; wesshen, P; wasshe, pp., C3; wasschen, G; waischun, W; 3e-wasse, S.—AS. wascan, pt. wósc (wóx), pp. wascen (wæscen).

> Waselen, v. to wade in mire; waseled, pt. s., S3.—Icel. vasla, to wade in ooze, from vás, wetness, cp. AS. wós (wór). See Wose, Worl.

> Wassail, a salutation used in drinking, S, ND; wassel, ND; wassayl, S; washail, S. See Wass.

Wast. sb. wasteful expenditure, C3 (p.

Waste, adj. solitary. S; vast, S2.—AF. wast.-OF. guaste. See below.

Waste, v. to waste away, C2; vast, to waste, S2.—OF. waster (gaster); cp. MHG. wasten; Lat. uastare; see Mackel, Germ. Elemente, p. 72.

Waste, sb. waist, a man's middle. Prompt.; wast, Prompt.; wasst, C2 .-Probably a deriv. from Wexen (to grow); see SkD.

Wastel, sb. a cake made of the finest flour, P, Prompt.; wastell, libum, Voc.; wastelle, Voc., Cath. Comb.: wastel breed, cake-bread, CM, C.—AF. wastel, gastel (F. gâteau).

Wastme, sb. growth, form, personal appearance, S, SkD (s. v. waist); westm, fruit, S.—AS. wæstm. See Wexen.

Wastoure, sb. a destroyer, WA; a wasteful person, P.

Wat, pron. what, S, S2; see What.

Wat, I and 3 pr. s. know, knows, S, S2, S3; see Witen (1).

Wat, pt. s. quoth, S; see Queden.

Wate, sb. chance, luck, S; see Whate.

Watel, sb. a hurdle woven with twigs, a bag of woven stuff, the baggy flesh on a bird's neck, wattle, SkD. Comb: watelful, wallet-full, PP.—AS. watel, hurdle, covering. Cf. Walette.

Watelen, v. to wattle, to strengthen with hurdles, SkD; watelide, pt. s., PP.

Water, sb. water, S2; weater, S; vatitr, S2; walter, S3; watres, pl., S2. Comb.: watrbank, shore, W; waterles, without water, C. Der.: watrand, watering, S2.—AS. water: OS. watar; cp. OHG. wazzar (Tatian).

Watloker, adv. comp. sooner, S2; see What.

Wattri, adj. venomous, S2; see Attrie. Waueren, v. to waver, to wander, Prompt.; waverand, pr. p., B; vauerand, S2, B; wawerand, B; waweryt, pt. s., B; vaueryt, S2.—Icel. vafra.

Wawe, sb. wall, WA; waghe, WA.—AS. wdh; cp. Goth. waddjus. See Wowe. Wawe, sb. wave, S2, C3, W, PP, Prompt.; wawes, pl., WA, S2, S3, C3; wawe, S2; wases, S2; quawes, S2.—Icel. vdgr; cp. AS. wtg: Goth. wegs; see Kluge (s. v. woge).

Wawen, v. to move from side to side, P; wawid, pp., shaken, SkD (s.v. wag).—AS. wagian (Grein).

Wax, sb. wax, Prompt.; wex, C, C3; wexe, W2. Comb: wax-bred, a board covered with wax, a writing-tablet, S; wax-lokes, wax-flakes, S2.—AS. weax, wax; waxsbred, a board covered with wax.

Waxen, v. to grow, S, S2; see Wexen. Way, interj. wo!, S; see Wo.

Wayke, adj. weak, Cath., S2, C, C3, PP; wayk, S2, C2; waik, PP, B; waiker, comp., S3.—Icel. veikr; cp. AS. wdc. Cf. Woo.

Waykely, adv. watchfully, carefully, S₃.

—AS. wacollice, adv. from wacol (Voc.). See Waken.

Waymenten, v. to lament, Prompt., Spenser (2).—AF. weimenter, guaimenter. Waymentynge, sb. lamentation, C, CM, H; weymentynge, C.

Wayne, sb. wain, cart, Prompt., G; waines, pl., S.—AS. wagn: OHG. wagan (Otfrid).

Wayowre, sb. a wager, Prompt.; walour, S2.—OF. wageure (F. gageure), from wage (gage). See Wage.

Wayryngle, sb. a little villain, WA. Wayte, sb. watchman, waker, spy, Prompt.; waites, pl., S2. See below.

Wayten, v. to watch, expect, C2, S2, PP; waiten, S, S2, S3, C2, PP; i-wayted, pp., S2.—AF. wayter, OF. guaiter (Roland): OHG. wahten, to watch (Otfrid).

Wayue, v. to send, put away, WA; | Wye.

wayfe, WA.—Cp. Low Lat. wayviare; see Ducange (s. v. wayf). Cf. Weyuen.
We, sb. way, S2; see Wey.

Weaden, sb. pl. garments, S; see Wade. Wealden, v. to govern, S; see Welden.

Wealdent, sb. ruler, S; walden, S.—AS. wealdend.

Wealden, v. to govern, rule, control, possess, S; see Welden.

Weallen, v. to boil, S; see Wallen.

Wear, adj. wary, cautious, S; see War. Weater, sb. water, S; see Water.

Web, sb. that which is woven, S2, W2 (Job 7. 6); webbe, P; wobbys, pl., S3.—AS. webb.

Webbare, sb. maker of woollen or linen cloth, Prompt.

Webbe, sb. a weaver, Bardsley, CM, C; a female weaver, P.

Webster, sb. a female weaver, Voc.; textor, Voc.; webstere, textor, Voc., W2 (Job 7. 6); websteris, pl., S2.—AS. webbestre.

Wecche, sb. vigil, watch, S; see Wacche. Wed, sb. a pledge, W2; wedde, P; dat., S, S3, C. Comb.: wed-lac, wedlock, S; wedlak, S; wedlock, C2; wedlackes, gen., S; wedlakes, S.—AS. wedd: Goth. wadi. Cf. Wage.

Wedden, v. to engage by a pledge, to marry, S, C; 1-weddet, pp., S; y-wedde, S; y-wedded, C2.—AS. weddian, to pledge.

Wede, sb. weed, garment, S, C2, PP, WA; weid, S3; weyd, S3; weden, pl., S; weaden, S; wedes, S, S2, P; wedis, S3, B.—AS. wéde: OS. wédi.

Weden, v. to be mad, to go mad, S2, WA; weide, S3 (6.438); weide, pt. s., S. —AS. wedan, from wod. See Wode.

—AS. wédan, from wód. See Wode.

Weder, sb. wether, Voc.; wedyr,
Prompt.; weddir,S2; weddir,S2; wether,
S2.—AS. weber: cp. Goth. withrus, lamb.

Weder, sb. weather, S, S2, C2; wedirs, pl., S2, WA; vedirs, S2; wedere, storms, S2; wederes, P.—AS. weder; cp. G. wetter.

Wederen, v. to expose to the weather; wederyn, auro, Prompt.; widren, to wither, SkD; wydder, S₃. Der.: wethering, weathering, seasoning from exposure to the weather, S₃.

Wedous, sb. pl. widows, S3; see Wid-

Wee, sb. a man, WA; we, WA. See Wye.

Weed. sb. weed, wild herb, Prompt.; wed, S; weode, dat., S.—AS. wéod, wiod: cp. OS. wiod.

Weep, pt. s. wept, C1, C3; see Wepen. Weet, adj. wet, PP; wete, C. — AS.

Weete, sb. wet, perspiration, S2, PP; wete, S2, C3; weet, C2, PP.—AS. wata.

Weeten, v. to wet, W2; wette, pt. s., C.—AS. watan.

Wei, interj. wo! S; see Wo.

Weilen, v. to lament, W, W2, S2; weylen, C; waille, C2. Der.: weilyng, lamentation, W.-Cp. Icel. vala.

Weir, sb. war, S3; see Werre.

Weir, sb. doubt, B; weyr, B, S2; were, CM, S2, JD; wyre, Digby Myst.

Weird. sb. fate, S3; see Werd.

Weizh, sb. man, S2; see Wye.

Wel, adv. well, very, S, S2, PP; wel, S; weyl, S2; weill, S3; wiel, S3; wol, S; wele, S2; welle, S. Comb.: wel-bigoon, joyous, CM; welcomen, welcome, PP; welcume, S; welcome, to welcome, PP; wolcumen, S; wilcweme, content, S; wel dede, good deed, PP; pl., S; welfaring, prosperous, C2.—AS. wel; cp. OHG. wuola (Tatian). Cf. AS. weldad, a benefit (Bosworth).

Wel. I pr. s. will, desire, S2; see Wille. Welde, sb. weld, dyer's weed, Prompt., CM, SkD; wolde, Prompt.; wald, JD. -Cp. Low Lat. gualdum (Ducange). Cf. Gaude. 'Weld, Reseda luteola, Genista tinctoria,' Britten (Plant-names).

Welden, v. to have power over, govern, possess, SD (s. v. walden); wealden, S; wolde, S; wald, pr. s., S; wolde, pt. subj., SD.-AS. wealdan, pt. wéold, pp. wealden.

Welden, v. to wield, possess, S, S2, W2; weld, S3; welt, pt. s., S2; welte, C2; welde, C2; walt. S2; welded, C2; weldide, established, W2; weldiden, pl., obtained, W2.-AS. (ge)weldan.

Weldere, sb. possessor, W2. Weldynge, sb. possession, H.

Wele, sb. weal, prosperity, S, S2. S3, C2, PP; weole, S, S2, PP; welle, PP; well, PP; weolen, pl., benefits, S. Comb.: weleful, blessed, joyous, S; weoleful, S; welful, S2, C3; welefully, prosperously, W. -AS. wela, weola.

Welewen, v. to fade, to become yellow, W, HD; welwen, S2; welyen, S2; C3, PP; weene, PP, S3; wanst, 2 pr. s.,

welowe, Cath., HD; wilowe, H (Ps. 72. 17); walows, pr. s., WA; wellowd, pp., Cath.—AS. wealowian (Bosworth).

Welk, pt. s. walked; see Walken.

Welken, v. to fade, wither, Prompt., S, S2, S3, C3, H, HD; wealked, pp., S3.-Cp. Du. welken.

Welkene, sb. welkin, sky, PP; welken, WA; welkne, C_2 , HD; weolone, S; wolcne, S.-AS. wolcnu, pl. of wolcen, cloud, OS. wolkan.

Welle, sb. spring, fountain, S, C2, S2; well, S3; wel, S; weeles, pl. (=Lat. torrentes), S2. Comb.: welsprung, wellspring, S.—AS. wella, also well, wyll, from weallan, to boil up. See Wallen.

Wellen, v. to well, S2, PP.—AS. wellan, wyllan.

Wellen, v. to weld; fundo, Prompt.; wellid, pp., W2. Comb.: wellyng-place, a smelting-place (= Lat. conflatorium), W2. Cp. Swed. välla, to weld.

Welt, pt. s. overturned; see Walten.

Welce, sb. wealth, riches, S, PP; weolthe, PP. See Wele.

Welwen, v. to fade, S2 ; see Welewen. Wem, sb. spot, blemish, S2, PP, C2, W, W2, H; wemme, Prompt., W; wembe, H. Comb.: wemles, spotless, S2, WA; wemmeles, S2; wemmelees, C3.—AS. wamm, Goth. wamm, OS. wam, crime, wickedness.

Wemmen, v. to stain, blemish, SD.-AS. wemman: Goth. (ana)wammjan.

Wenche, sb. a girl, maiden, maid-servant, S2, C2, WA, Prompt., SkD; wench, B, S2,

Wenchel, sb. an infant (boy or girl), SkD (s. v. wench).—AS. wencel, weak, tottery; cp. OHG. wankon, to totter (Otfrid). See Wankel.

Wenden. v. to turn (act.), to turn oneself, to turn, to go, depart, S, S2, C2; went, S3; wend, imp. s., S; went, S; pr. s., turns (act.), S; wend, pl., C2; wende, $pt. s., S, S_2$; wend, H (Ps. 9. 28); wente, S, S2, C2; wenden, pl., S; wenten, S; wente hym, turned him (reflex.), S3, C_3 ; went, pp., S, S_2 , C_2 , C_3 ; wente, W; iwent, S; iwente, S. Der.: wendynge, departure, H.-AS. wendan, pt. wende: Goth. wandjan, causal of windan. See Winden.

Wenen, v. to ween, suppose, S, S2, C2,

S; wende, pt. s., S, S3, C2, PP; wente, pp., S3; wend, C2.—AS. wénan, (pt. wénde): Goth. wēnjan, from wēns, hope; cp. OS. wánian, OHG. wánen (Tatian).

Wenen, v. to disaccustom, to wean, ablacto, Prompt., W2, H.—AS. a-wenian, to disaccustom, to wean (VP. Ps. 130. 2), cp. wenian (wennan), to accustom, Icel. venja: Goth. *wanjan; cp. Icel. vanr, accustomed.

Wenge, sb. wing, PP, Cath.; wenges, pl., S2, S3; winges, C2; whynges, S2; wengis, W2; wyngis, W2; wengen, dat., S. Der.: wenged, winged, C.—Icel. vengr.

Went, sb. passage, road, pathway; wente, dat., CM.

Weod, sb. weed, S; see Weed.

Weole, sb. weal, S, S2, PP; see Wele. Weoli, adj. powerful, S.—AS. welig, rich. See Wele.

Weorc, sb. work, S; see Werk.

Weored, sb. a host, cohort; weordes, pl., S; wordes, S.—AS. weord: OS. werod.

Weoren, pt. pl. were, S; see Was.

Weorld, sb. world, S; see Werld.

Weorren, v. to war, S.—AS. werrian (uerrien in Chron. ann. 1135).

Wepe, sb. weeping, S2; wep, S.

Wepen, v. to weep, S, P, C₃; weopen, S; wep, pt. s., S, S₂, C; weep, C₂, C₃; wepe, P; weop, S; wepen, pl., S; wepte, pt. s., C₃; wepten, pl., P; wopen, pp., C₂.—AS. wépan (pt. wéop): OS. wépian, Goth. wopjan. See Wop.

Wep-man, sb. a man, a male, SD; weopmon, S; wepmen, pl., S.—AS. w&pman (Voc.), w&pnedman (Grein). See below.

Wepne, sb. weapon, membrum virile, PP, S, Prompt.; wepen, C2; wapne, S; wapnyn, pl., S3, B; wapnys, B; wapen, WA. — AS. wapen: Goth. wepna, pl. weapons; see Sievers, 17, and Cosin, p. 41.

Wepnen, v. to arm, SD; wapnid, pp., S2; wapened, WA; wopnede, pl., S.

Wer, sb. war, B; see Werre.

Werble, sb. warble; wrablis, pl., S3. Werblen, v. to warble (of trumpets), WA, SkD; werbelen, SkD; wrabli, to move in an undulating manner, JD.—OF. werbler; of Teut. origin, cp. G. wirblen, to whirl, to warble.

Werchen; see Werke, Werken.

Werd, sb. fate, destiny, S3, B; weird, S3; werde, S2; wurde, SD; werdis, pl., S3, H, B; wierde, HD, CM; wordis, H; wurdes, S.—AS. wyrd. See Worthen.

Werd, sb. world, WA, S2; see Werld, Ward.

Were, sb. a man, husband, S. Comb.: wer-wolf, wer-wolf, S2; werwolues, pl., S3.—AS. vver, OS. wer; cp. Goth. wair, Lat. uir, OIr. fer.

Were, sb. company, host, S.—Cp. MHG. wer, were: OHG. warl, see Weigand (s.v. wehr). Cf. Ware.

Were, sb. war, H; see Werre.

Were, sb. doubt, S2; see Weir.

Wereged, pp. accursed, S; see Warien. Wereld, sh. world, S; see World.

Weren, pt. pl. were, S; were, S; wer, S; see Was.

Werien, v. to weary, C₃. See Wery. Werien, v. to wear, PP, S; were, S₂, C₂; wer, S₃; werede, pt. s., C; wered, PP, C₂, C₃; wered, pp., C₂, C₃, PP; worne, spent, past, S₃.—AS. werian: Goth. wasjan; cp. Icel. verja, to clothe, to invest money, to spend.

Werien, v. to defend, to keep off, S; weren, S, S2, C; werede, pt. s., S2.—AS. werian, OS. werian; cp. OHG. werren, to defend, forbid (Otfrid), weren, to forbid (Tatian).

Werke, sb. work, a work of defence, WA; werk, S, S2, C2, Prompt.; were, S; weore, S; wore, S2; worke, S2; worke, S3; workes, pl., S. Comb.: werk-beeste, jumentum, W2.—AS. (g2) weore: OS. werk; cp. Icel. virki, an entrenchment.

Werke, v. to work, Prompt.; wirken, S2; werchen, S, S3, C3; wirchen, S; wurchen, S, S2; worchen, W, S2; wrothe, pt. s., S; wrote, S, S2; wroght, S2; wraht, S2; wraht, S2; wroth, S3; wroght, S2; wrought, S3; i-wrotht, S3; i-wrouhte, S; y-wrouste, P; y-wroght, C2.—AS. wyrcan, pt. worhte, pp. geworht.

Werke, sb. pain, HD.—AS. were (Grein); cp. Icel. verkr.

Werken, v. to ache, WA; werkyn, Prompt.; werchen, S3.—Icel. verkja.

Werkinge, sb. aching; werkynge, H; head-ache, Prompt.; warkynge, H; werkyngis, pl., H.

Werld, sb. world, S, S2; weorld, S; woreld, S; worlde, PP; world, S; wereld,

S; wurld, S; worlt, S; wordle, S2, PP; word, S2, PP; werd, WA, S2; werde, Prompt.; weorldes, gen., S; woreldes, S; werldes, S; werldes, S; werldes, S2; wordles, pl., S2. Comb.: weoreld-liche, worldly; weorelldlike, S; worldlich, S; wurldlich, S; worldliche, S; wordliche, S; wordliche, S; wordliche, S; wordliche, S; worldliness; weorelldshipess, gen., S.—AS. weoruld: OS. werold; cp. OHG. weralt (Tatian).

Wermod, sb. wormwood, Voc.; wermode, SB; wormod (= Lat. absinthium), W; wormode, Voc.; wormwod, Voc.—AS. wermbd, (OET.); cp. G. wermuth.

Wern, pt. pl. were, S; see Was.

Wernard, sb. a deceiver, liar, P; wernardes, pl., P.—OF. guernart. See below.

Wernen, v. to refuse, PP, S, S2, G, HD; wurne, S2; warn, H, B, S2, HD; wornde, pt. s., S2.—AS. wyrnan, to refuse (Grein); cp. OS. wernian. Cf. Warnin.

Werpen, v. to throw, to bring forth, S; see Warpen.

Werrayour, sb. warrior, B.—OF. guerreier (BH).

Werre, adj. comp. worse, H, HD; were, JD; wer, B; ware, H, JD; war, JD, B; waur, JD.—Icel. verri.

Werre, sb. war, S, C, C2, H, Cath.; worre, S2; were, H; wer, B; war, B; wet, B, S3. Der.: werely, warlike, S3, JD.—OF. werre (F. guerre); OHG. werra, strife, cp. gi-werri, a tumult (Otfrid).

Werreyen, v. to make war, C2; werray, H, B; warray, B.—OF. werreier, guerroier.

Werrien, v. to make war, SD; weorren, S; worri, S2; waryed, pt. pl., H; werid, H (Ps. 108. 2).—AS. werrian; OF. guerrier (BH). See above.

Werse, adj. comp. worse, S; see Wurse. Werte, sb. a wart, C, Prompt., Voc.; warte, Cath.; wrette, Prompt.; wrot, Prompt. (n). Comb.: wrot-wort, uerru-caria, Prompt. (n).—AS. wearte (Voc.).

Werwolf, sb. man-wolf; see Were.

Wery, adj. turbid, dirty, S2 (4 a. 38); weary, C2; weri, adv., S. Der.: werinisse, weariness, S2.—AS. werig, weary. See Worle.

Wes, pt. s. was, S, S2; see Was.

Weschen, v. to wash, S; wessche, S_2 ; wesch, pt. s., S; see Waschen.

Weste, adj. desolate; wesste, sb., wilderness, S.—AS. weste, desolate (westen, a desert): OS. westi; cp. OHG. wuosti (Tatian). Cf. waste.

Westi, adj. desolate, S.

Westm, sb. fruit, S; see Wastme.

Wet, pron. what, S; see What.

Wether, sb. wether, S2; see Weder.

Wette, pt. s. wetted, C; see Weeten.

Woned, sb. altar, S2—AS. weofod (for win-bedd), idol-table, altar (Voc.), wighed (Grein), wibed (VP). AS. wih (wie), idol, sacred place, altar (Grein); cp. Goth. weihs, holy, and G. weih- in weih-nacht, weihrauch.

Wexen, v. to wax, to grow, S, S2, C3, W, W2; waxen, S, S2; walxis, pr. pl., S3; wex, pt. s., S, S2; wox, S2; weex, C3; wexen, S; wax, S2; wox, S2; wexe, W; wexen, pl., S; wexe, C2; woxen, W; wolx, S3; wexide, pt. s. (weak form), W2; waxen, pp., S; woxen, C2, C3, W; woxe, G; wox, S2.—AS. weaxan, pt. wéox, pp. weaxen.

Wey, sb. way, S, S2, C2; wei, S, S2; weg, S; weie, S; weye, S; we, S2; weies, gen., S; vayis, S2. Comb.: weybrede, plantain, Prompt., Voc. (see Grimm, p. 1215). Phr.: a litill we, a little bix S2; a wei, a little time, S2 (see SkD. s. v. wee, p. 833).—AS. weg; cp. Goth. wigs.

Weyd, sb. garment, S3; see Wede.

Weye, sb. creature, person, wight, man, PP; wye, PP; wy, PP.—AS. wiga, warrior, man.

Weye, sb. a wey, a weight so called, PP. Weyen, v. to weigh, to move, PP, C2, S, S2; weise, S2; weisen, S; weyen, pp., S2, P; weyede, pt. s. (weak form), S2; weyede, P.—AS. wegan, to bear, to move, pt. wag (pl. wagon), pp. wegen.

Weyuen, v. to swing about, to set aside, remove, push aside, waive, C2, C3, G, S2.

—AF. weiver; Icel. veifa, to vibrate. Cf. Wayue.

Weynes, sb. pl. men or things found astray without an owner, P.—AF. waif, weifs (pl.). See above.

Wh.

Wha, pron. who, S2; see Who.

Wher, adv. where, S; see Wher.

Whal, sb. whale, W2.—AS. hwæl (Voc.). Cf. Qual.

Whan, adv. interrog., conj. when, S2, C2; whane, S; whanne, S, W; hwanne, S; huanne, S2; hwenne, S; hwan, S; hwen, S; hwon, S; wanne, S, S2; wonne, S; wane, S, S2; wone, S; wan, S; won, S; quanne, S; quane, S; quan, S; quan, S; quen, S; quene, S. Comb.: whannse, whensoever, S.—AS. hwanne.

Whanene, adv. whence, S; wanene, S; wenene, S2; whænnenen, S; whenne, S2, C2.—AS. hwanon.

Whannes, adv. whence, S, S2; huannes, S2; whannus, W2; whennys, W; wannes, S2; whennes, C3, P.

What, pron. interrog., adj. n., and adv. what, why, wherefore, S, S3, W; wheet, S, S2; whatt, S; whaut, S2; hwat, S; hwet, S; huet, S2; wat, S, S2; wet, S, S2; quat, S, S2. Comb.: hwat . . . wat, both ...and, S; wat ... wat, S; what swa, whatsoever, S; quat so, S; quat kin, what kind, S2; quat als euer, wahtsoever, S2. —AS. hwæt.

What, conj. what time, until; wat, S .-Cf. Al-wat.

What, adj. quick, keen, sharp, strenuous, MD; wheet, MD; hwat, MD; wat, MD; adv., S; wate, MD; whate, MD, HD; hwatliche, S; watloker, comp., S2.—AS. hwat: OS. hwat; cp. Icel. hvatr, OHG. was, sharp (Otfrid).

Whate, sb. chance, luck; hwate, S, MD; wate, S; quate, HD.—AS. hwat, omen, augury, incitamentum; cp. Icel. hvöt (hvata-). See What, adj.

Whaup, sb. the larger curlew, HD, JD; whaap, JD; whap, JD; quhaup, JD; quhaip, JD; awp, JD; awppis, pl., S3.

Wheen, sb. a number, a quantity, JD; quhene, JD.—Cp. AS. hwene, inst. of hwón, see Sievers, 237. See Woon.

Wheene, adj. pl. few, B.

Whele. sb. wheel, Voc., W2; whiel, CM; whel, C; quhele, S3; hweoles, pl., S. Comb.: quheill-rym, wheel-rim, S3. AS. hw.ol; cp. Gr. κύκλος; see Douse, p.

(790. 27); wheal, SkD; wheale, 'pupula,' Manip.; queale, Manip.

Whelen, v. to putrefy, Prompt.—AS. hwelian (BT).

Whelke, sb. a pimple, Voc., Prompt., MD; whelk, Sh.; whelkes, pl., CM, C, SkD (s. v. wheal).

Whelp, sb. a whelp, dog, C2, C3, Prompt.; welp, MD; quelpe, MD; quilpe, MD; qwelpe, Voc.—AS. hwelp.

Whene, v. to lament, MD.—AS. hwanan. See Quain.

Whennes, adv whence, C3, P; see Whannes.

Wher, adv. interrog. and rel. where, S. C2; where, S2; wheer, S; hwer, S; hwar, S; huer, S2; wer, S; war, S; quar, S2 (s.v. si-quar); quhare, S3; quuor, S. Comb.: wheras, where, S3, C2; werbi, whereby, S; werefore, wherefore, S; hwerfore, S; warevore, S, S2; werinne, wherein, S2; huermyde, wherewith, S2; quor-of, whereof, S; wherewa, wheresoever, S; wherso, C2; hwarse, S; hwerse, S; warso, S2; whærsitt, S; quhair-to, wherefore, S3; wherewipp, wherewith, S; wareporu, wherethrough, S2 .- AS. hwder.

Wher, pron. and conj. whether of the two, whether, S2, C, C2, G, PP; where, PP; whar, S; hwere, S; wer, S2; quer, S2; quhidder, S3; whether, S; hweder, Comb.: wher so, whethersoever, S; queder so, S.—AS. hwader. Cf. Auber. Æiðer.

Whete, sb. wheat, Voc., C3; hwete, S; wete, S; quete, S2; quet, S2.—AS. hwate: Goth. hwaiteis.

Whethen, adv. whence, HD, H; whythyne, HD (p. 929).—Icel. hvačan.

Whetten, v. to sharpen, CM, Prompt., S3; wheette, pt. s., S, MD; wette, MD. Comb.: whet-stone, Prompt.; whestone, Prompt.; wheston, Voc.; whestones, pl., S2.—AS. hwettan: Icel. hvetja. What, adj.

Whi, adv. interrog. why, S; w1, S; wy. S; hwi, S; qui, S2.—AS. hwi, inst. of hwá. See Who.

Which, pron. interrog. and rel., adj. which, S2; whilk, S2; whille, S; whulche. S; hwile, S; hwileh, S; hwich, S; hwuch, S; huych, S; huyche, S2; wulc, Whele, sb. a pimple, Prompt., Voc. S; wilk, S2; wulche, S; woche, S;

wuch, S2; wie, S; quile, S; quilk, S2 | S3; quha, S2; 3wo, SD; qva, SD; qvo, (squilk), H; quhilk, S3. Comb.: wile so, whichsoever, S; hwychso, S.—AS. hwile (for hwi-lic).

Whider, adv. whither, PP, C2, C3; whidir, SkD; whyder, PP; hwider, S; wider, S; quhethir, S2. Comb.: hwiderse, whitherso, S; whider-ward, whitherward, S2; whederward, S2; whydyrward, S2; whederwarde-so, whithersoever, S2 .- AS. hwider.

While, sb. a while, duration of time, PP; whyl, C2; hwile, S; hwule, S; wile, S; wyle, S2; wule, S2; quhyle, S3; whyle, adv., for a time, sometimes, formerly, S2; wile, S; wil, S3; quile, conj., S; quhill, S2, S3; wile, S. Comb.: whyle-ere, formerly, S3; whyler, C3.—AS. hwil, a time, space: cp. Goth. hweila.

Whiles, adv. and conj. whiles, whilst, S2, PP; wiles, S; whyls, C3; hwils, S.

Whilk, pron. which, S2; see Which. Whilom, adv. sometimes, formerly, C, S2, PP; whilum, PP; whylom, C2; hwilem, S; hwylem, S; wylem, S; quilum, S; quhilum, S3.—AS. hwilum, at times.

Whipling, sb. a murmuring, S3.

Whippe, sb. whip, scourge, SkD; quippe, Voc.; quhyp, S3.

Whippen, v. to move suddenly and quickly, SkD; whypt, pt. s., S3.

Whit, sb. a wight, man, S3; see Wight. Whitely, adv. quite, H; see Quytly.

Who, pron. interrog. and rel. who, any one, SD, PP; wha, S2; hwo, S; huo, S2; hwa, S; ho, S2; wo, S, S2; wa, S; quho, S2.—AS. hwit: ep. Goth. hweits.

SD; qwo, SD. Comb.: who se, who so, S2, PP; hwo se, S; ho se, S2; ho so, P; wo so, S, S2; hwa se, S.—AS. hwá, hwá-swá; cp. Lat. quo-d; see Douse, p. 71.

Whom, pron. interrog. and rel. dat. to whom, C2; wham, S; wam, S; hwom, S; hwam, S; quam, S.—AS. hwám, hwám

Whon, pron. interrog. and rel. acc. (also dat.), S; whan, SD; hwan, S; wan, S, S2.—AS. hwone (acc.).

Whos, pron. interrog. and rel. gen. whose, C2, W; whas, SD, P; whes, SD; quhais, S3; quhois, S3.—AS. hwæs (gen.).

Whough, interj. whew!, S3; wough, S3.

Whulche, pron. which, S; see Which. Whyppyltre, sb. cornel-tree, C; see Wyppyl-tre.

Whyrle, sb. whirl, giraculum, Cath. (n). Comb.: whirl-bon, vertebra, SD; whyrlebone, Voc.; whorlebone, Cath.; whyrle**wynde**, *turbo*, Prompt.

Whyrlyn, v. to whirl, Prompt.; whirlen, C2; wyrle, S2; quhyrl, S3. Comb.: whirlinge wyndys, whirlwinds, W.—Icel. hvirfla, to whirl.

Whyte, sb. white wine, C3.

Whyte, adj. white, PP, C2; whit, S, C, PP; hwit, S; wit, S; quhite, S3; quhyt, S3; quite, S2; huyter, comp., S2; whittore, S2. Der.: whytnesse, whiteness, C3. Comb.: Witsunnedel, Whitsunday. S; Witesonetid, Whitsuntide,

Wi-Wy,

Wi. adv. why, S; see Why.

Wicche, sb. sorcerer, magus, sortilegus, also witch, PP; wyche, magus, Prompt., Cath., Voc.; witch, Cath. Comb.: wicchecrafte, PP; wychecraft, Cath., Voc.; wichchecreftes, pl., S.—AS. wicca (m).

Wicht, adj. active, vigorous, S3; see Wight.

Wicke, adj. bad, false, S, S2, PP; wicce, S; wycke, S2; wikke, P, C2, C3; wike, S, S2; wio, S2; wik, S2, H. Der.: wickenesse, iniquity, SD; wickenes, S2; wiknes, S2; wickenesses, pl., S2.

Wicked, adj. depraved, Cath.; wykkyd,

Prompt.; wykkid, H (p. 360); wykked, S2; wikked, C2, P; wikkedly, adv., wickedly, C2.

Wid, adj. wide, S; wide, adv., S, PP; wyde, C2, PP; wydder, comp., PP. Der.: wydene, wide, far, S2, PP. Comb.: wydewhere, far and wide, S2, PP; wydewher, C3, G.—AS. wid; cp. OHG. wit (Tatian).

Wid, prep. against, with, S2; see Wid. Widewe, sb. widow, PP; wydewe, PP; widwe, C2, C3; wodewe, PP; wedous, pl., S3.—AS. widwe (weoduwe): Goth. widuwo; cp. OHG. wituwá (Tatian).

Wif. sb. woman, wife, S, S2, PP; wyf,

C3, PP; wines, gen., S2, C2; wine, dat., S; wif, pl., S; wyf, G; wifes, S; wines, S2, C2. Comb.: wyfhood, womanhood, C2; wifman, woman, S; wimman, S; wymman, S; wimman, S; womman, S; PP; wummon, S; wommanhede, womanhood, C2, C2.—AS. wif: OHG. wib (Tatian).

Wig, sh. a beast of burden, a horse, S.—AS. wicg; cp. Icel. viggr (vigg ja-), also vigg, see Sievers, 247.

Wigelen, v. to reel, stagger, S.

Wight, sb. active, swift, strong, S2, PP, CM, G; wyght, S2; wist, PP; wiht, PP; wyht, Prompt.; wicht, S3; wych, S3; wich, S; vicht, S2; wyte, Prompt.; wightly, adv., H; wistli, S2; wystliche, S2, P; wintliche, S2, Witly, S2. Der.: wightnesse, alacrity, Cath.

Wight, sb. wight, creature, being, PP, S2, C3; wyght, PP, S2, C3; wist, PP, S; wijst, S3; wint, S, S2; wyht, S2; whit, S3; whist, S3.—AS. wiht, see SkD.

Wiht, sb. a thing, S; wist, S; whit, WW.—AS. wiht (wuht), thing, f. and n.

Wihte, sb. dat. weight, S; see Wyghte. Wik, sb. a dwelling; wike, pl., S. Comb.: wike-tun, court; wiketunes, pl., S.—AS. wic; Lat. uicum (acc.).

Wike, sb. week, S, S2, C3, CM, PP; wyke, PP, C, S2; weke, PP, Cath.; woke, W, S2, PP, Prompt., Cath.; wouke, W; wowke, Cath.—AS. wice (wucu); Lat. uicem.

Wike, sb. office, service, SD; pl., S.—Cp. Goth. wiko; Lat. uicem, change, regular succession, office, service.

Wiken, sb. office, charge; wikenn, S (5. 1113), SD.

Wikenere, sb. officer, SD.

Wiket, sb. a small gate, S, P, CM; wickett, PP; wykett, valva, gate, Cath.; little window, fenestrella, Prompt.; viket, lodium, a lover-window, Cath. (n).—OF. wiket (viquet); cp. ODu. wicket.

Wikke, adj. bad, C2, C3; see Wicke. Wikked, adj. deprayed, bad, C2; see Wicked.

Wil, sb. will, joy, S; Comb.: wilful, desirous, gracious, willing, W, W2; wilfull, S3; wilfulliohe, willingly, S; wilfull, W; wilfully, C3.—AS. (ge)will. Cf. Wille.

Wild, adj. self-willed, untamed, uncultivated, desert, S; wielde, W2; wylde, sb. pl., wild animals, S2. Der.: wilderne,

wilderness, SkD; wildern, desert, belonging to a wilderness, S2; wildernesse, wilderness, SkD; wyldernys, Voc.—AS. wild.

Wile, sb. a while, S; see While.

Wilk, pron. which, S2; see Which.

Will, adj. at a loss, astray, bewildered, B, S2; wil, H; vill, B; wille, adv., S. Phr.: will of red, at a loss in counsel, B; will of wane, at a loss in thought, B; will of wan, S2; vill of vayn, S2.—Icel villr (for wildr), wild.

Wille, I pr. s. will, S, S2; wel, S2; wule, S; wule, S; wule, S; wile, pr. s., S, S2; wole, S; wol, S2, C2; wult, 2 pr. s., S; wolt, S, S2, C2; willen, pl., S; willen, S; wollen, S; wollen, S; wollen, C. Comb.: ichulle (toh + wulle), S; toh chulle, S; ich chulle, S; wiltu (wilt+bu), S; wilte, S; woltow, C, PP.—AS. wille, I and 3 pr. s., wilt, 2 pr. s. See Wolde.

Wille, sb. will, joy, pleasure, S, S2, C2, PP; wylle, PP; willes, gen. as adv. willingly, S; willeliche, adv., willingly, S. Comb.: willesful, wilful, S; willesful, S2; wylsfully, wilfully, S2; wylsfully, wilfully, S2; in good wille, anxious, G.—AS. willa: Goth, wilfa. Cf. Wil.

Willing, sb. desire, C2.

Wilnen, v. to desire, S, S₂, S₃, C, C₂, W, P; wilnien, S; wylny, S₂. Der.: wylnynge, desire, S₂.—AS. wilnian.

Wilwe, sb. willow-tree, C, Prompt.—AS. welig (Voc.).

Wimman, sb. woman, S; see Wif.

Wimpel, sb. a nun's veil, S; wympel, C. Comb.: wimpel-leas, wimple-less, S. —Icel. vimpill; cp. AF. guimple.

Wimplin, v. to cover with a wimple, S; y-wimpled, pp., C; i-wimplet, S; y-wympled, C.

Wimplunge, sb. wimpling, S; wimlunge, dat., S.

Winden, v. to wind, twist, tum; wynde, PP; wand, pt. s., SD; wonden, pl., pl., ps. wounden, PP; wunden, pp., S; wounden, S; wounde, PP; y-wounden, PP.—AS. windan, pt. wand (pl. wundon), pp. wunden.

Wine, sb. friend; wines, pl., S. Comb.: wine-maies, kinsmen, S.—AS. wine, wine-mag.

Winne, sb. joy, S; wynne, HD (p. 933); wunne, S, S2; win, S. Der.: winli, pleasant, S2; winsom, S2.—AS. wynn. Winnen, v. to win, S, S2, C2; wynne,

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 $pt. s., S, S_2, C_2, C_3, P;$ van, $S_2;$ wonne, pl., PP, S2; wonnen, pp., C; wonne, C; y-wonne, P; i-wonne, S2; wonen, S2; wune, S2. Der.: wynnyng, gain, W.-AS. (ge)winnan, pt. wan (pl. wunnon), pp. wunnen.

Wirken, v. to work, S2; see Werke.

Wis, adv. indeed, S; wisly, adv., certainly, surely, C, C2, C3.—AS. (ge)wiss. See I-wis.

Wissen, v. to direct, guide, S, S2, S3, CM, P; wyssen, S2; wyssye, S; wisi, S. Der.: wissunge, instruction, S; wissinge, dat., S; wissenge, S.—AS. wissian, wisian: OHG. wîsjan, also uuisen (Otfrid).

Wiste, pt. s. knew, S, C2, G; **wist,** pp. known, S3, C2, G; see Witen (1).

Wistynge, s& learning, H.

Wit, sb. wisdom, intelligence, S, C2; wyt, S; wittes, pl., senses, S, S2, C2; wites, S.—AS. (ge)witt.

Wit, prep. with, S; see Wid.

Wite, sb. blame, S2, H; wyte, C3. See

Witen (1), v. to know, S, S2, W, PP; wyten, S, S2; witte, S2; witt, S3; witt, imp. s., S; wittow, witow, know thou, S2; wute, pl., S; wytene, ger., S2; wit-ynge, pr. p., S2, W; wat, I and 3 pr. s., S, S2, S3; wate, H; wait, S3; wot, S, S2, C2; woot, S2, W; wote, S3; wost, S2; wost, 2 pr. s., S, C2; wostu, knowest thou, S; wostow, C2; witen, pl., S, W; wyteő, S2; wate, S2; wiste, pt. s., S, C2, G; wisten, pl., S, W; wist, S2, S3; wyst, S2, S3; wuste, pt. s., S, S2; wust, S2; wist, pp., S3, C2, G.—AS. witan, 2 pr. wast, 3 pr. s., wat (pl. witon), pt. wiste (wisse), pp. witen.

Witen (2), v. to observe, keep, guard, S, P, S2; wiste, pt. s., S; wistest, 2 pt. s., S; i-wist. pp., S. See above.

Witen (3). v. to impute, blame, S, S2; wyte, C2.—AS. witan, to see, to blame (Grein).

Witen (4), v. to depart, to disappear, to dwindle, S, H; wyte, H; wit, S2; ute, let us, S.—AS. (ge)witan; see Grein. See above.

Witerliche, adv. truly, S; witerlike. S: see Witter.

Wio, prep. against, towards, by, with, S, S2; wid, S, S2; wit, S, S2; with, S2. foro, inwardly, S3, W; wiooan, provided 'AS. wlanc (OET).

S2; wyn, S3; vyn, S2; wunien, S; wan, | that, S; wiffdat, S, S2; wiffouten, without, S2, S3, W; widuten, S; widoutenforth, outside, S1; wifoutefort, S3, W; withoutforth, S2.—AS. wif.

> With-clepin, v. to recall, revocare, Prompt.

With-drazen, v. to withdraw, S; wyődragen, S2; wiffdroge, pt. s., S; withdrow, S.

Wider, prep. against, SD; adj., hostile, S; sb., resistance, SD. Comb.: wiferling, adversary, S; wiferward, contrary, SD; widerwardnesse, opposition, S; widerwin, adversary, HD, S2.- AS. witer, against.

Wideren, v. to resist; widdredd, pr. s., S.-AS. wiberian.

Widi, sb. a willow, a flexible twig, a withy, SD, SkD; wythy, Voc.; widdie, a rope made of twigs of willows, a halter, a whip made of twigs, JD. Comb.: wythebonde, boia, chain for prisoners, Prompt.; wede-bondes, gen., S2; wid-winde, convolvulus, SD; withewyndes, gen., S2 (p. 334), P.-AS. widig, willow, widwinde, 'viticella,' Voc.; cp. ODu. wedewinde.

With-seye, v. to contradict, renounce, C3; wythsay, HD (p. 935); wioseggen, S, S2.

Wio-stod, pt. s. stood beside, S2; withstode, pl., resisted, PP.

With-take, v. to reprove, H; withtoke, pt. s., H.

With-takere, sb. reprover, H.

Witien, v. to keep, S2; wited, pt. s., S2. Der.: witunge, care-taking, S.—AS. witian, 'providere' (Grein).

Witing, sb. knowledge, C2. See Witen (I).

Witize, sb. seer, prophet, S; witeze, S. -AS. witiga, from witan, to see; cp. OHG. wizago (Tatian) from wizan, to see (Otfrid). See Witen (3).

Witter, adj. wise, skilful, S; wyter, S2; witerliche, adv., truly, wisely, S; witerlike, S; witterly, clearly, P, HD; witerrlike, S; witterlike, S; witerli, S2; witirly, H.—Icel. vitr, vitrliga.

Witti, adj. skilful, W2.—AS. wittig. Wit-word, sb. covenant, H; witeword, S2.

Wizt, sb. creature, thing, S; see Wight. Wlaffyng, sb. babbling, S2.

Wlanc, adj. proud, fine, grand, S2; Comb.: within, S; within, S; withine- wlonk, S2; wlonke, fine woman, HD.-

Wlappen, v. to wrap, W, W2; lappen, W, H, Cath., SkD, HD.

Wlation, v. to feel disgust, to abominate, W, W2, S2, HD; wlathid, pt. s., H.—AS. wlatian.

Wlat-some, adj. disgusting, abominable, S2, HD; wlatsom, C; wlatsum, S2; latsom, S2; wlathsum, H.

Wlatunge, sb. disgust, SD; wlathyngis, pl., abominations, H.—AS. wlátung, nausea (OET).

Wlech, adj. warm, S.—AS. wlæc.

Wlite, sb. beauty, splendour, form, hue, face, S.—AS. wlite (OET).

Wliten, v. to see, SD; wlyten, pr. pl., S2.—AS. wlitan; cp. Icel. lita.

Wlonk adi fine grand S2: see Wlank

Wlonk, adj. fine, grand, S2; see Wlank. Wluine, sb. she-wolf, S. See Wolf.

Wo, interj. wo!, SD; way, S; wei, S; wi, S. Comb.: wo la wo, an exclamation of sorrow, S; weylaway, S2, C3; wellawei, S; wallawai, S; wayloway, G; walawai, S; wele away, S3.—AS. wá: Goth. wai; cp. OHG. wê (Otfrid), Icel. vei.—AS. wá lá wá.

Wo, sb. also used as adj. woe, sorrowful, S, S2, C2, C3; wa, S, S2, B. Phr.: wo begon, surrounded with woe, SkD; wa worth, B; wo worthe, SD.—AS. wéa.

Woc, adj. weak, S; wooc, SkD.—AS. wac. See Wayke.

Woc, pt. s. woke, S; see Waken.

Woche, pron. which, S; see Which.

Wode, sb. wood, tree, S, S2, C2, PP; wod, S2; vod, S2; wude, S. Comb: wode-bynde, woodbine, SkD; wode-bynde, woodbine, SkD; wode-bynde, caprifolium, Prompt., C; wodbynde, S2 (p. 476); woode-roue, woodruff, S2; woode-rys, brushwood, G; woode-schawe, thicket of the wood, G; wode-side, wood-side, S; vode-syde, S2; wode-wale, the name of a bird, also called witwall, Prompt, HD; wude-wale, S; wode-wose, a satyr, faun, SD, Voc., Prompt. (n); wode-wese, Prompt.; wod-wose, WA.—AS. wudu; cp. OIr. fid (Windisch).

Wode, sb. woad, S, Prompt.; wod, SkD; wad, gaudo, Prompt.—AS. wad.

Wode, adj. mad, raging, S, S2, S3, C; wod, S, S2, H; wood, C2, C3, S3; woode, W; wodly, adv., madly, C. Der.: wodness, Manuel, Manuel, Capper, wodnesse, C3, W. Comb.: wodewrothe, madly angry, S3.—AS. wbd: Goth. wods; cp. OHG. wuot.

Woden, sb. name of a Teutonic deity, S. Comb.: Wodnes-dei, Wednesday, SD; Wednes dei, S.—AS. Woden; cp. OHG. Wuotan, Icel. Obinn.

Woh, adj. crooked, wrong; woje, S; wojhe, pl., S. Adv. phr.: mid wohe, wrongfully, S: mid gret wou, S2; wiso wojhe, S; wiso wou, S2; on wowe, S.—AS. with, crooked.

Woh, sb. wrong, S; wouche, S3; wowe, pl., S2.—AS. woh, iniquity.

Woke, sb. week, W, S2; see Wike. Wol. pr. s. will, S2; see Wille.

Wol, adv. well, very, S; see Wel.

Wolcze of Al cloude the sky

Wolcne, sb. pl. clouds, the sky, S; see Welkene.

Wold, sb. power, meaning, force, S, S2.

—AS. (ge)weald.

Wolde, sb. wold, open country, country, S, Prompt.—AS. weald, wood, forest: OS. wald.

Wolde, pt. s. was desirous, was willing, would, S, S2, C2; wulde, S; walde, S; wald, S2, B; wlde, S2; woldes, 2 pt. s., S; wolden, pl., S; wolde, S, C2; wulde, S; wuld, S2; walden, S; vald, S2, B.—AS. wolde, pt. s. of willan. See Wille.

Wolf, sb. wolf, PP; wlf, S; wlfe, Voc.; wolwes, pl., S2; wulues, gen., S. Comb.: wolues-heed, wolf's head, outlaw, G.—AS. wulf; cp. Icel. ulfr.

Wolle, sb. wool, S, S2, C3, P. Comb.: wolle-ward, with the skin against the wool, SkD; wolward, S3; woolward, ND; wolle-websteres, wool-weavers, P. —AS. wull: Goth. wulla.

Wollen, adj. woollen, P.

Wolt, 2 pr. s. wilt, S; see Wille. Wolx, pt. s. grew, S3; see Wexen.

Wombe, sb. venter, alvus, uterus, Prompt., S, S2, S3, C2, C3, P; wambe, S3.—AS. wamb: Goth. wamba, the belly.

Won, adj. wan, S2; see Wan.

Wonden, v. to turn aside, to fear, to hesitate, S, S2; wayndyt, pt. s., S3.—AS. wandian.

Wonder, adj. fearful, wonderful, S, S2, C2; adv., C3; wounder, S2; vounder, S2; wounder, S2; wonder, S3, H; wunder, sb, a wonder, S; wounder, S2; wunder, sl., awful wickednesses, S. Der.: wunderlice, wonderful, S; wunderliche, adv., S; wonderlyche, S2; wonderly, C; wunderlicheste, superl., S; wunderlukeste, S. Phr.: to wunder, wrong, S.

Wondrien, v. to wonder; wondrye, S2; wondre, C; wundrien, S.—AS. wundrien.

Wondringe, pres. p. wandering, S2; see Wandren.

Wone, sb. dwelling, PP, S2, S3; won, S2; woon, S3; wun, S3; wonnes, pl., S; wanes, S, S2. See Wonen.

Wone, sb. custom, habit, PP, S, S2; wune, S.—AS. (ge)wuna.

Wone, sb. want, loss, misery, S; see Wane.

Woned, pp. accustomed, S, S3; see I-woned.

Wonen, v. to dwell, PP, S, S2; wonien, S, S2, PP; wunien, S; wonyand, pr. p., S2; wonnand, S3. Der.: wonyage, dwelling, PP, S; woning, C, S2; wonyinge, S2; wunienge, pl., S.—AS. wunian.

Wonen, v. to weep, lament, SD; wanen, SD. Der.: wonyng, lamentation, S.—AS. wánian; cp. OHG. weinón (Tatian).

Wonge, sb. territorium, Prompt.; wong, low land, HD; wonges, pl., meadows, S.—AS. wang, a plain, field; cp. Goth. waggs, a field, paradise.

Wonge, sb. a cheek, SD, JD; wonges, pl., S2. Comb.: wange-toothe, molar tooth, molaris, Prompt.; wongtothe, Voc.; wangtooth, C2; wank-teeth, pl., W2; wangtoth, geminus, molaris, Voc.—AS. wange (wonge); cp. OHG. wanga (Tatian).

Wonger, sb. pillow, C2, CM. See above.

Wonne, adv., conj. when, S; see Whanne. Wonne, Wonnen, pp. of Winnen.

Wonted, pr. s. is lacking, S; see Wanten.

Wonung, sb. waning, S.—AS. wonung, wanung. See Wanen.

Wood, adj. mad, C2, C3, S3; see Wode. Wooden, v. to be mad, to look madly, CM, C3.

Woon, sb. a small quantity, a few, a quantity, a number, S2, G, PP; wone, S2; woone, Prompt.; wane, S2, S3; won, PP; quhone, B. Comb.: good woon, abundantly, G; good won, PP.—AS. hwón (adj. used as sb.). Cf. Wheen.

Wop, sb. crying, loud lament, S, S2.—AS. wóφ.

Wopen, pp. wept, C2; see Wepen.
Wopne, sb. urine, HD, Prompt. See
Wepne.

Wopned, pp. armed, S; see Wapnen. Worc, sb. work, S2; see Werk.

Worchen, v. to work, W, S2; see Werke.

Word, sb. beginning, CM (3. 224); see Ord.

Worde, sb. word, Prompt.; word, pl., S; weord, S; weordes, S; wordes, S.—AS. word; cp. OHG. wort (Tatian).

Wore, pt. pl. were, S2; see Was.

Woreld, sb. world, S; wordle, S2; see Werld.

Worie, adj. turbid, dirty, S; wori, S.
—From AS. wor, a swampy place, perhaps identical with wos, mire, see SkD (s.v. weary). Cf. Wose.

Worm, sb. reptile, worm, snake, S, S2, C3; wurm, S; werm, S; wirm, insect, S.—AS. wyrm: OHG. wurm (Tatian); cp. Goth. waurms; see Donse, p. 56.

Wormod, sb. wormwood, W; see Wermod.

Worne, pp. spent, past, lit. worn, S3; see Werien.

Worowen, v. to choke, strangle, worry, Prompt., Cath., S2, SkD; worry, HD; wyrry, S3; wirry, SkD.—AS. wyrgan, to strangle, worry (in compounds): OHG. wurgan. Cf. Warh.

Worpare, sb. thrower, S.

Worpen, v. to throw, S; see Warpen, Worre, sb. war, S2; see Werre.

Worri, v. to make war, S2; see Werrien. Worschipen, v. to honour, S2; worshepen, PP; wurschepen, S2. See Worth.

Wort, sb. a plant, vegetable; wortes, pl., S2, S3, C; wortls, S2, S3, W, W2.—AS. wyrt: OS. wurt; cp. Goth. waurts, root, and Lat. rādix; see Brugmann, § 306, and Douse, p. 56.

Worth, adj. worth, esteemed, worthy, PP; wurth, S; wurthe, S, S2. Der.: worthi, PP; wurty, S2; worply, worthy, PP, S2; worfoley, S3; wurfliche, honourably, S; worfoliche, S; wurthmint, honour, S; wurfscipe, worship, honour, S; worseipe, S2; worseipe, S; wurschipe, S.—AS. weerd; cp. Goth. wairths.

Worth, sb. value, worth, honour, PP; wurrhe, dat., S.—AS. weord.

Worthen, v. to become, to be, to dwell, PP, S2, S3, G; wurden, S; weorden, S2; worst, 2 pr. s., PP; wurstow, thou

shalt be, PP; wurstu, S; worth, pr. s., S2, PP; wurö, S; wrp, S; vorthis, S2; wuröeö, S; worthe, pt. s., PP; worth, S2, PP; worthed, S3; vorthit, S2; warö, S; wart, S; ward, S; wwrd, S.—AS. weorðan, pt. s. wearð (pl. wurdon), pp. (ge)worden; cp. Goth. wairthan.

Wose, sb. ooze, slime, PP, Prompt.; woose, Cath. (n); wase, alga, Cath.—AS. wase (SkD. s.v. ooze), and wase (OET): OHG. waso; whence OF. wason, gason (F.

gazon); see Kluge (s.v. wasen).

Wot, I and 3 pr. s. know, knows, S, S2; wost, 2 pr. s. knowest, S, C2; see Witen (1).

Wouke, sb. week, W; see Wike. Wound, sb. wound, PP, C2; wund, S.

-AS. wund.
Wounden, v. to wound, S3; wowndyn,
Prompt.; y-wounded, pp., S3; i-wundet,

S.—AS. wundian.

Wout, sb. a vault, Voc., HD.—OF. voute (BH); Late Lat. uolta.

Wowe, sb. wall, paries, murus, Prompt., PP; wo;e, S; waghe, HD, H; wa;he, S; wawe, S; wah, S. Comb: waheles, wall-less, S; wajherifft, veil of the temple, S.—AS. wáh; cp. ODu. waeg, see SkD (s.v. wainscot, p. 833); cp. also Goth. waddjus.

Wowe, sb. pl. wrongs, S2; see Woh.

Wowen, v. to incline any one to one's own wishes, to woo, S2, C3, P, W2, S3; wo3e, S.—AS. wogian (SkD, s.v. woo), from wbh. See Woh.

Wower, sb. wooer, S3; wowar, S3; wouwere, PP; woweres, pl., PP.—AS. wbgere (Voc.).

Wox, pt. s. grew, S2; see Wexen.

Wrablis, sb. pl. warblings, S2; see Werble.

Wraht, pt. s. of Werke.

Wrak, b. that which is driven ashore, wreck, S2, S3, C3; rac, driven vapour, rack, S2, SkD; rack, Sh.—AS. wrac. Cf. Wreche and Wreken.

Wranne, sb. wren, S; see Wrenne.

Wrastlen, v. to wrestle, C, S2, G, PP; wrastle, PP; wrastle, Cath.: wrazle, Voc. Der.: wrastling, wrestling, C2, G; wrastelyng, G.—AS. wrástlian (oftener wráxlian), from wrástan, to wrest, from wrást, firm, strong. Wrást is for wráðt, from wráð, pt. of wríðan, see Sievers, 232. See Wrythen.

Wrat, adj. wroth, S; see Wroth.

Wračči, v. to get angry, S; see Wreččen. drive, bend.

Wraw, adj. perverse, angry, fierce, SD, Prompt., C3, CM, HD; wrau, SD. Cf. Wro.

Wrawid, pp. perverse, peevish, WA.

Wrawnesse, sb. fierceness, Prompt., CM.

Wrecche, sb. also as adj. wretch, miserable, S, S2, C. PP; wreche, S, S2, CM; wrecce, S. Comb.: wrecched, wretchedness, S; wrecchede, S2.—AS. wrecca, an outcast, exile. See Wreken.

Wrecched, adj. wretched, S, PP; wriched, S. Comb.: wrecchednesse, misery, C2, C3, PP.

Wreche, sb. vengeance, misery, S, S2, C2, C3; wrache, S; wræche, S; wreke, S2; wrache, S2; wrache, S2; wrache, S2. Comb: wracful, full of vengeance, S2.—AS. wracu, vengeance, misery, also wrac, exile, misery. See Wreken.

Wreken, v. to urge, wreak, drive, punish, avenge, S, S2, C2, C3, PP; wræken, S; wrak, pt. s., G; wreken, pp., S2, PP; wreke, G, PP; wroken, PP, WA; wroke, PP, HD; 1-wroken, G.—AS. wrecan, pt. wrac (pl. wrécon), pp. wrecen; cp. Goth. wrikan, to persecute.

Wreker, sb. avenger, S2.

Wrenche, sb. a twist, trick, deceit, S, S2, S3, C3; wrink, S3; wrenkis, pl., WA.—AS. wrenc (wrence).

Wrenchen, v. to turn, twist, S. Der.: wrinching, wrenching, struggling, S3.—AS. wrencan.

Wrengoe, sb. distortion, S. See Wringen. Wrenne, sb. wren, Voc.; wranne, S.—AS. wrenna, wrænna.

Wreon, v. to cover; wre, CM; wreo, pr. s. subj., S.—AS. wreon, pt. wréah (pl. wrugon), pp. wrogen, see Sievers, 383. Cf. Wrihen.

Wreten, pp. of Wryten.

Wreth, sb. wrath, S2, H; wrappe, PP, S. Comb.: wreoful, wrathful, S, S2; wravoelees, S2.—ONorth. wravoo. See Wroth.

Wrethe, sb. wreath, C.—AS. wráð. See Wrythen.

Wretten, v. to become angry, to make angry, S; wreatin, S; wrattin, S, S2, G; wretten, S, S2, H. Der.: wratting, provocation, W.

Wrien, v. to twist, bend, CM, SkD (s.v. wry); wrye, S3, PP.—AS. wrigian, to drive, bend.

Wrigt (in compounds), an accusation. Comb.: wrigtful, guilty, S; wrigteles, without an accusation; wrigteleslike, causelessly, S.—Cp. AS. wrbht, an accusation, from the pt. of (ge)wregan, to accuse (cp. sécan, pt. sóhte).

Wrihels. sb. a covering, veil; wriheles, S; wriels, SD.—AS. wrigels.

Wrihen, v. to cover, S; wrie, CM; wrien, pr. pl., S.-AS. *wrihan, pt. wráh (pl. wrigon), pp. wrigen; cp. OHG. rihan (Tatian). Cf. Wreon.

Wrikken, v. to twist to and fro, to move about, SkD (s.v. wriggle); wrickede,

pt. s., S2.

Wringen, v. to wring, press, S, S2, C2; wrang, pt. s., S; wrong, S, S2, S3, C3; wronge, P; wrongen, pl., S2; wrong, pp., S.-AS. wringan, pt. wrang (pl. wrungon), pp. wrungen.

Writelinge, sb. trilling (of a nightin-

gale), S.

Wro, sb. that which is crooked, a corner, HD; wroo, HD; wra, WA; wraa, WA; wray, WA, NQ (6. 12. 252).—Cp. Icel. rá (for vrá). See Wraw.

 \mathbf{Wrohte} , $\mathit{pt.}$ s. of \mathbf{Werke} .

Wrong, pp., adj. and sb. twisted awry wrong, a wrong, S, PP; wrang, PP. Comb.: wrongwis, unjust, wicked, H, S; wrangwis, S2; wrangwislie, wrongly, S2; wrongwisly, PP; wrangwisnes, iniquity, S2. See Wringen.

Wroot, Wrot, pt. s. of Wryten.

Wroth, pt. s. of Wrythen.

Wroth, adj. wroth, fearful, S, C3, PP; wrat, S, S2, H; wroper, comp., PP, HD; wrothe, adv., angrily, evilly, S, G; wrotliche, wrathfully, S2; wrofly, S2; wrofle-ly, S2; wrathly, H. Comb.: wrothir-haile, calamity, WA. Phr.: to wrafer heale, to evil fortune, bad luck, S; to wroper hele, PP.—AS. wráth.

Wryt, sb. writing, S; writ, S; writte, S2.—AS. (ge)writ.

Wryten, v. to write, C2; writen, S; wright, S3; wrot, pt. s., S, S2, PP; wroot, C2, C3; wrate, S, H; wroten, pl., W; writen, C2; wryten, pp., PP; writen, S, C2, C3; write, S; wryte, S2; wreten, S2; y-writen, S2; y-write, S2; i-wryten, S; i-writen, S.—AS. writan, pt. wrát (pl. writon), pp. writen.

Wrythen, v. to writhe, twist, Prompt., S2; wroth, pt. s., PP; writhen, pl., W; Curtius, No. 587. wrythen, S; pp., PP; writhun, W; i- Wyndas, sb. windlass, Prompt., C2.—

wripen, S2, Der.: wrything, turning, C2.—AS. writan, pt. writ (pl. writon), pp. writen.

Wu-: see also Wo-, Wou-.

Wuch, pron. which, S2; wulo, S; see Which.

Wude, sb. wood, tree, S; see Wode. Wule, sb. while, S2; see While.

Wule, I pr. s. will, S; see Wille.

Wundi, adj. rid of, S; windi, S.

Wune, adj. accustomed, S.

Wunien, v. to dwell, S; see Wonen.

Wunne, sb. joy, S, S2; see Winne.

Wurne, v. to refuse; see Wernen.

Wurse, adj., adv. comp. worse, S; wurs, S, G; werse, S; wers, CM, S, H(p. 269); weerse, S; wrse, S; wurse, sb., the devil, S; worse, S.—AS. wyrs.

Wursien. v. to become worse, take hurt, S; i-wursed, pp., S.—AS. wyrsian.

Wurst, adv. superl. worst, S; wurste, adj. S; werste, S; werst, W2; warst, H (p. 269); werest, S; wrst, S. Worste =Lat. nequissimi=Gr. τοῦ πονηροῦ, i.e. the devil), W.—AS. wyrst.

Wurden, Wurstu, Wurd; Worthen.

Wurdien, v. to honour, S; wurrhenn, S; wurded, pr. s., S; wurdeden, pt. pl., S. Der.: wurding, honour, S.—AS. wurdian, weordian, from weord. See Worth.

Wuschen, v. to wish, S2, PP; wusshen, PP; wisshen, PP.—AS. wyscan, from wisc: OHG. wunsc, a wish; see Sievers, 185.

Wute, imp. pl. know, S; see Witen (1). Wy, adv. why, S; see Whi.

Wydder, v. to wither, S3; see **Wederen**. **Wye.** sb. a man, PP; wy, S3, P; wy3e, S_2 ; weigh, S_2 ; wises, pl., S_2 ; wies, S_2 . -AS. wiga, warrior, man. See **Weye**.

Wygge, sb. a small cake or bun, Prompt.; wigg, HD.

Wyghte, sb. weight, HD, PP, C3; wyhte, S; wijte, PP; wihte, S.—AS. (ge)wiht.

Wylem, adv. formerly, S; see Whilom. Wyn. sb. wine, S, C; wyne, dat., S. Comb.: wyn-ape, ape-wine, vin de singe, C3; win-imrd, vineyard, S; wynjord, S2; win-tre, vine, S.—AS. win; Lat. uinum.

Wynd, sb. wind, S; wynt, S2.—AS. wind: Goth. winds: Lat. uentus; see

Icel. vind-áss, a pole which can be wound

Wyndewen, v. to winnow, W2; wyndowen, S2; windwen, S; wynewen, W. Comb.: wynwe-schete, winnowing-sheet, S3.—AS. windwian (OET). See Wynd.

Wynk, sb. sleep, nap, PP; wink, PP,

Wynken, v. to wink, nod, sleep, PP, Prompt.; winke, C2; vynke, S2. Der.: wynkynge, fit of sleepiness, PP.

Wyppyl-tre, sb. the cornel-tree, CM (2. 90); whyppyltre, C.—Cp. MLG. wipel-bom, the cornel-tree (Pritzel).

Wyrle, v. to whirl, S2; see Whyrlyn.

YEMERNESSE.

Wys, adj. wise, PP, S2; wis, S, S2; viss, S2; wisliche, adv., S. Der.: wisdom, learning, S.—AS. wis, Goth. weis.

Wyse, sb. mode, manner, C2, S2; wise, S, S_2 ; wis, S; wes, S; viss, S_2 . Comb.: ryghtwis, righteous, PP; wrongwis, PP. -AS. wise.

Wyue, v. to take to wife, C2; winen, S; wyned, pp., married, PP.—AS. wifian. Wyuere, sb. a serpent, CM.—OF. wivre,

vivre (F. givre); Lat uipera; see BH, § 150.

Wywere, sb. a fishpond, Voc.; wayowre, piscina, Prompt.—OF. vivier: Lat. uiuarium; cp. OHG. wiwari (Tatian), G. weiher; see Kluge.

X.

x is written in some MSS. for sh. It constantly occurs in the Coventry Mysteries, as in xal, xalt, xuld, &c.; see HD.

Y.

T, at the beginning of words, often represents an older 2, under which letter Y-words may in some cases be found.

 \mathbf{Y} -, prefix; see 3e.

Yald, pt. s. of zelden.

Yane, v. to yawn, HD, Palsg.; see

Yare, adv. soon, S2, Sh.; see zare.

Yate, sb. gate, C2, S3; see Gate.

Yawle, v. to howl, HD; see zoulen.

Ychan, each one, HD; ychone, HD;

Yche, adj. the same, S2; see Ilke.

Ydolastre, sb. idolater, C2.—Cp. OF. idolâtre (Cotg.); Church Lat. idolatra (Vulg.).

Ydolatrie, sb. idolatry, PP.—Church Lat. idolatria (Vulg.).

Ydole, sb. idol, C3; ydoles, pl., C3.—Church Lat. idōlum (Vulg.); Gk. είδωλον (LXX); cp. OF. idle, ydle (Roland); Late Lat. idolum (accented as in Greek).

Ydre. sb. hydra, water-snake, WA.—OF. ydre; Lat. hydra; Gr. ΰδρα.

Ydres, sb. pl. water-pots(= Lat. hydriae), S.—Gr. ὑδρίαι; cp. OF. ydrie (Ducange).

Ye, sb. eye, Voc., HD; see E30.

Yeant, sb. giant, HD; see Geaunt. **Yeddinges**, pl. romances, songs, C; see 3addynge.

Yede, pt. s. went, S, S2, S3, C3; see Bode, 3sode.

Yeer. sb. year, C2; see 3eer.

Yef. if, S, S₂; see 3if.

Yefte. sb. a gift, S; see zift.

Yeir, pl. years, S2; see zeer.

Yelde, sb. a payment, S: see Gild.

Yelde-halle, sb. guild-hall, CM, C.

Yelden, v. to yield, pay, C2; see 3elden.

Yelderes, sb. pl. debtors, S2.

Yeldinges, sb. pl. payments, debts, S2.

Yelleden, pt. pl. yelled, C; see 3ellen. Yelpe, v. to boast, C: see zelpen.

Yelwe, adj. yellow, C; see zelow. Yeman, sb. retainer, C; see 30man.

Yeme, sb. an uncle, HD; see **Eem**.

Yemen, v. to heed, S; see zemen.

Yemer, adj. sad, S; see zemer.

Yemernesse, sb. sadness, S.

Yen, sb. pl. eyes, HL; see B3e. Yep, adj. prompt, quick, HD; yepe, HD; see zape.

Yer, conj. ere, before, S3; see Er. Yerd, sb. an enclosure, S, C; see zerd. Yerde, sb. rod, C2; yeorde, S; see 3 arde. Yere, sb. ear, HD; see Ere.

Yerle, sb. earl, S3; see Erl.

Yerly, adv. early, S3; see Erly.

Yerne, adj. desirous, CM; see 3erne.

Yerthe, sb. earth, S3; see Erthe. Yeste, sb. gest, tale, HD; see Geste.

Yete, conj. yet, S; yet, C3; see 3et.

Yeuen, v. to give, S; see ziuen. Yftles, adj. giftless, HD. See 31ft.

Yh- is written in some MSS. for y-; see HD.

Yheden, pt. pl. went, S2; see **Bode**. **Yhode**, went, S₂; see **Eode**.

Ying, adj. young, S3, G, B; see 3ong. **Yis.** adv. yes, C2; see 3is.

Yistirday, yesterday, PP; see 3ister-. Yit, conj. yet, C2, C3; see 3st.

Y-kuenct, pp. quenched, S2; see Quenchen.

Ylaste, pt. s. of 39-lesten.

Y-leuen, v. to believe, S2.—AS. gelýfan. See Leuen.

I-liche. adv. alike, C2; see Iliohe. Ylk-oon, each one, HD; see Eche. **Ylonde**, sb. island, S2; ilond, SkD. AS. ig-land; ig, watery land, island, from OTeut. stem *auja, see Sievers, 99.

Y-mone, sb. company, S.—AS. ge-mana, 'societas' (Voc.).

Impe, sb. a graft, scion, offspring, HD, PP, H; impe, Prompt., ND; imp, S3, TG.—AS. impe (BT); Low Lat. impotus, a graft; Gr. ξμφυτος, engrafted; cp. F. ente. **Ympen**, v. to graft, PP; ympyd, pp., H, Prompt. Der.: ympynge, graft, scion, H; impynge, Prompt.

Ympne, sb. hymn, CM, HD. — OF. ymne; Church Lat. hymnum (Vulg.); Gr. υμνος; see Brugmann, § 131. See Impne.

Ynkirly, adv. particularly, B; see Enkerly.

Ynow, adj., sb., and adv. enough, S2, C2, W, PP; ye-noughe, S3; inoh, S; ynoh, S2; ynou, S2, S; ynow, S3; ynou3, S2; innoh, S; inow, S; inouh, S; inou, S2; ino3e, S; ino3h, S; ynouh, [7); Lat. hyssopum (Vulg.); Gr. υσσωπος.

S; ynow3, W; innoghe, S2; ynough, C2; inough, C; onoh, S; anough, CM; ynewe, HD; anew, S3; ynewch, S3; eneuch, S3; inouwe, pl., S2.—AS. genóh; cp. OHG. gi-nuht, abundance (Tatian).

Ynwyt, sb. understanding, conscience, HD; see Inwyt.

Yod, pt. s. went, S2; see Bode, 3eode.

Yolden, pp. of 3elden.

Yolle, v. to yell, C; see 3:11en.

Yollyng, sb. yelling, clamour, C; see 3ellen.

Yond, adv. yonder, S2, C2; see 3ond.

Yonge, adj. young, S, C₂; see 3ong. Yonghede, sb. youth, S; see 30nghede.

Yore, adv. formerly, S2, S3, C2; see 3ore.

Yornyng, sb. desire, S3; see 3erning. Youngth, sb. youth, S3; see 3ongth. Youngthly, adj. youthful, S3. zongthe.

Youthe. sb. youth, C2; yowthe, S2; see 3outhe.

Yow, pron. pl. acc. and dat. you, S, C2; see 3ou.

Yow. sb. ewe, CM.—AS. cowu: Goth. awi; see Sievers, 106.

Yoye, v. to joy, HD; see Iolen.

Ypocrysie, sb. hypocrisy, PP; **ypocri**sye, C3.—AF. ipocrisie.

Ypocryte, sb. hypocrite, C2. — OF. ypocrite; Lat. hypocrita (Vulg.); Gr. ὑποκριτής.

Y-rayled. pp. covered, S3. See **Be3el**. Tre, sb. anger, H; iris, pl., W2.—Lat.

Yreyne, sb. spider, W2; see Aranye. **Yrk**, v. to make tired, to become tired, H: irkyn, fastidior, Prompt.; erke, SD; irkyt, 1 pt. s., S3; irked, pt. s., SD.— Swed. yrka; cp. Lat. urgere.

Yrk, adj. oppressed, tired, S3; irke, SkD. Comb.: irkesum, fastidiosus, Prompt.; irkesumnesse, fastidium, Prompt.

Yrous, adj. angry, H.

Ysche, v. to issue, to go forth, B; see Ische.

Yse. sb. ice, CM, H (Ps. 148.8); iys, W2; ijs, S3; yse, dat., S2.—AS. is.

Ysels. sb. pl. ashes, HD.—AS. ysle (Grein); see Curtius, No. 610. See Isle.

Ysope, sb. hyssop, W2, Voc.; ysoop, HD; ysoppe, Voc.—OF. ysoppe (Ps. 50. issue, pp. f. of issir; Lat. ex-ire. See S, W2, S2; eueyl, S2; ufel, S; yuels, Ische.

Ythen, adj. busy, B; ythand, B.—Icel.

Ybez. sb. pl. waves, S2, HD; ythes, WA; see Uthe.

Y-ti3t, pp. made tight, S3; see Thyhtyn. Yugement. sb. judgment, HD; see Iugement.

Yuel, adj. and sb. evil, S, S2, W, W2,

Ysue, sb. issue, P; issue, PP.—AF. | C3; uuel, S2, S; iuel, S, W2, S2; euel, pl., S2; the yuele (=malignus, i.e. the devil), W.-AS. yfel: OS. ubil (Tatian).

> Yuele, adv. evilly, W; unele, S2; euele, S.

> Yuer, sb. ivory, W, W2; yuor, HD; yuour, HD; see Euour.

Yuory. sb. ivory, Prompt.; see Euorye. Yze, sb. eye, HD; see Eze.

\mathfrak{z} (pronounced as \mathfrak{y}).

3a, adv. yea, S, PP, S2, H; see 3sa. 3891, prep. against, in comparison with, | já, Icel. já. S; see 3eyn.

3af, pt. s. of 3iuen.

3al, pt. s. yelled, S2; see 3ellen.

zape. adj. vigorous, strong, keen, bold, WA.—AS. geap, astute, bold (BT).

zare, adv. formerly, S; see 3ore.

zare, adj. ready, S, S2, G; yare, HD; 3aru, S; 3arowe, S; 3are, adv., soon, S, G; yare, S2, Sh.—AS. gearo.

3arken, v. to prepare, S, S2, WA; 3arrkenn, S; gerken, S; giarkien, S; 3earceon, S; 3eirken, S; 3arketh hym, pr. s. reflex., P; ; marced, pp., S; i-garcket, S; i; arked, S; giarked, S.—AS. gearcian.

zarm, sb. cry, S2.—Icel. jarmr, a crying. 3arme, v. to scream, yell, bellow, WA, HD.

zarowe. sb. milfoil, millefolium, herb for nose-bleeding, Prompt; yarowe, Palsg., Manip.; sarow, Voc.; sarrow, S3.—AS. gearwe (Voc.): OHG. garawa, garwa.

zarowe, adj. ready, S; zaru, S; see Zare. 3ate, sb. gate, S2, G, H, WA; yat, HD; see Gate.

3e-, a prefix before verbs and substantives. AS. ge-. [In ME. the equivalents of ge-, viz. 3e-, I-, Y-, Hi-, A-, E-, are often found prefixed to past participles. For words beginning with this particle see in many cases the uncompounded form.]

3e, pron. ye, S, S2, PP; ye, C2; ge, S; **yhe**, S₂; 3eo, S; 3ie, S.—AS. ge. See also 3ou, 3oure.

30a, adv. yea, PP: 3a, S, S2, PP, H; 3e, S, S2, PP, G; 3he, W; ye, S2, PP, C2; Ze-fo, sb. foe, MD; ifo, MD; y-uo, MD;

31e, S; 3ha, S2; 30, S2.—AS. géa; cp. Goth.

3e-arnen, v. to earn, S.—AS. ge-earnian. See Ernen.

zeat. pt. s. poured, S; see zeten.

3e-bugon, pt. pl. were obedient, S.—AS. ge-bugon, from ge-bugan. See Bowen.

3e-cende. adj. natural, S; i-cundur, comp., S.—AS. ge-cynde. See Kynde.

3e-ceosen, v. to choose, MD; 3e-cas, pt. s., S.—AS. ge-céosan.

3ed, sb. a word; 3eddes, pl., MD.—AS. gied, gid, gyd, song, poem, saying.

zeddien. v. to speak, MD; zedde, to sing, S2.—AS. geddian, giddian, to sing, to speak.

zeddynge, sb. a gest or romance, Prompt.; seddyngis, pl., HD; yeddynges, songs, C. See above.

zede, pt. s. went, S, S2; see 3eode.

zedire, adj. vehement, WA; zederly, adv. quickly, S2, HD. - Cp. AS. adre (edre), quickly, at once: OS. adro, quick.

300r, sb. year, S3; 30r, S, S2; gm, S; yeer, C2; 3ere, PP, S2; yere, S2, C2; yeire, S2; 3er, pl., PP, S, S2, S3; yer, S; yeer, C2; ger, S; 3eir, S3; yeir, S2; pere, PP; yere, S2; yhere, S2; peres, S, PP; geres, S.—AS. gér, géar: OS. jer, jar; cp. Gr. ωρα; see Brugmann, § 118.

zeerli, adv. yearly, S3. 3ef, conj. if, S, S2; see 3if.

ze-fered, sb. company, societas, S; 1ferred, MD; ifereden, MD.—AS. geférræden, companionship.

3eft, sb. gift, S; see 3ift.

ivo, S; 3efo, pl., S; ifo, MD.—AS. ge-fá. | leste, S; 3emeles, S.—AS. gémelést, gýme-See Poo.

3e-geng, sb. company, S.—AS. gegang. 3eid, pt. s. went, S2; see 330de.

zeien, v. to cry out, S, MD; zeide, pt. s., MD.—Icel. geyja, to bark (a strong vb.). **3eir**, pl. years, S3; see **33er**.

3e-ladien, v. to invite, S.—AS. gelabian.

3e-laőiere, sb. inviter, S.

3eld, sb. payment; yelde, S; 3ielde, S; gildes, pl., S; gwildes, S.—AS. gild.

3elden, v. to pay, yield, S, PP, S2, G, W; yelden, C2; 3ulde, PP; yhelde, S2; yheld, S2; 3elt, pr. s., PP; 3ilt, PP; 3ald, pt. s., PP, S2, S3; yald, PP, S2; yalt, HD; 3elde, PP, S2; 3elte, PP; 3elt, PP; geld, S; seldide, W; yolden, pp., C; 30ldun, W; 30lde, W; i30lde, S, S2.—AS. geldan, pt. geald (pl. guldon), pp. golden: cp. Goth. gildan.

3eldingus, sb. pl. payments, debts, S3. **2e-lesten.** v. to fulfil, to perform, to continue, last, extend, S; i-leste, S; i-lest, pr. s., S: i-lested, S; gelest, pt. s., S; y-laste, S2; i-laste, S, S2.—AS. ge-læstan.

36-limpen, v. to happen, MD; 3elamp, pt. s., S; ilomp, S.—AS. ge-limpan. See Limpen.

3elke, sb. yolk of an egg, Prompt. zellen, v. to yell, MD; yolle, C; zolle, S; sellynge, pr. p., howling, W; sal, pt. s., MD, S2; 3ulle, pl., MD; 3elliden, MD; yelleden, C.-AS. gellan (giellan), pt. geall (pl. gullon), pp. gollen.

3ellynge, sb. yelling, MD; yollyng, C; 30llinge, S.

3elow, adj. yellow, MD; 3eoluwe, S; seolewe, S; seluwe, S; solewe, S; yelwe, C; yalu, HD.—AS. geolw- stem of geolu (geolo); see Sievers, 300; cp. G. gelb. zelpe, sb. boasting, S.

zelpen, v. to boast, S; yelpe, C; yalp, pt. s., MD; yelp, MD.—AS. gilpan (gielpan), pt. gealp (pl. gulpon), pp. golpen.

zelpynge. sb. boasting, Prompt. zeman, sb. youth, servant, MD; see 30man.

zemanry, sb. yeomanry, B.

zeme, sb. care, S, S2, G; yeme, HD; geme, S.—AS. géme (in compounds), gyme. zeme-leas, adj. careless, S: zemeles, S.—AS. gémeléas.

zemeleaste, sb. carelessness, S; zeme- l liche, S.—AS. geornlice.

zemen, v. to care for, to heed. S. HD. S2, S3; yemen, S, G; yem, S2; siemed, pr. s., S; yhemes, pl., S2; 3emed, pt. s., S_2 ; 3emedd, pp., S; 3emmde, pl., S.—AS.géman, (gýman); cp. Icel. geyma, mutated form from Icel. gaumr, heed, attention; see Sievers, 21. See Gome.

30mer, adj. sad, MD; yemer, S; 30mere, adv., S.—AS. géomer. **3e-meten**, v. to meet, S; i-meten, to find, S: **y-mete**, S; 3e-met, pr. s., S; i-metten, pt. pl., S; y-mette, pp., C2, PP. -AS. ge-métan, pt. s. gemétte. See Meten.

zemsall. sb. keeping, B. See zemen.

3ene, v. to reply, S; see Gemen. zeode, pt. s. went, S, PP; zede, PP, S, S2; 3eid, S2, S3; 3ude, S2; yede, S, S2, S_3 , C_3 ; yhode, S_2 ; yod, S_2 ; yheden, pl., S2 (s. v. forth-).—AS. ge-éode. See **Eode**. zeolewe, adj. yellow, S; see 3 slow.

zeomer, adj. sad, S; see 3emer. **zeorne.** adv. eagerly, S, S₂; see 39rne. zeornen. v. to yearn, desire, S; see Bernen.

geoten, v. to pour, S; see geten. 3ep. adj. prompt, HD; see 3ape.

zer, sb. year, S, S2; see zeer.

3erd, sb. an enclosure, court, field, garden, ; yerd, S, C; serde, G; sard, S3.-AS. geard: Goth. gards, house; cp. Lat. hortus; see Douse, p. 73. See Garth.

zerde, sb. rod, stick, yard, staff, Prompt., W, S, S2, P; yerde, C2; yeorde, S; 3erd, S2; 3erdis, pl., W; 3erden, dat. pl., S.— OMerc. gerd (VP): Goth. gazds; cp. Lat. hasta; see Douse, p. 73.

3e-redie, adj. ready, S; iredy, S2; ireadi, adv., S. See Redi.

zerne. v. to run, S.—AS. ge-ærnan. See Rennen.

gerne, adv. eagerly, S, S2, S3, PP; yerne, C3; 3eorne, S, S2; 3orne, HD; 3ierne, S; 3ern, S2.—AS. georne.

3ernen, v. to yearn, S, S2, PP; 3eornen, S, S2; 3irnen, S; 3arnand, pr. p., S2; sirnde, pt. s., S; 3ornde, S; 3yrnden, pl., S2; i-3irnd, pp., S; y3yrned, S2.—AS. geornan, also gyrnan; see Sievers, 79.

zernful, adj. desirous, MD: zeornful, S. zerning, sb. desire, MD; yornyng, S3; yherninges, pl., S2.—AS. geornung.

zernliche, adv. diligently, MD; zeorn-

268 3ERRE. zerre, sb. outcry, loud lament, WA .-Cp. AS. georran, to make a noise. 20-sceaft, sb. creature; 3esceafte, dat., S.—AS. ge-sceaft. Cf. Schaft. ze-sceapen, v. to create, MD; zescop, pt. s., S; sesceop, S; sescepe, pp., S. 3e-sceod, sb. distinction, difference, discrimination, reason, S; 3escod, S.—AS. ge-scéad, ge-scád. See Scheden. zescung, sb. covetousness, S; see ziscunge. ze-secte. sb. sight, S; see I-sihte. 3et, conj. yet, S, S2; glet, S; geet, S siet, S; yete, S; selet, S; sut, S, S2, P; sete, S; sette, S; sute, S, S2; yhit, S2; 3it, W; 3hit, S3; yit, C2, C3; yet, C3; 3yt, S2; get, S.—AS. get. zeten, v. to pour, MD; zeoten, MD, S; 3ett, WA, Cath.; 3eat, pt. s., S; 3et, S; 30ten, pp., PP; 30tun, molten, W2; 3eten, PP.-AS. géotan, pt. géat (pl. guton), pp. goten: Goth. giutan; cp. Lat. fundo (for fu-d-no); see Douse, p. 112. 3eten, v. to say yea, to grant, S; 3aten,
MD; 3ettlen, S, MD; 3ettlede, pt. s., S;

petede, S; pette, S; i-sette, S; gatte, S, MD; gat, MD; gatten, pl., S; gett, pp., S2.—AS. géatan, pt. s. géatte (pl. géatton); cp. Icel. játa, to say yea, confess, grant, see Fick, 7. 243. See 3ea.

zett. sb. gate, S3; 3et, B; see Gate. 3eu, 3ew, pron. you, S; see 3ou.

ze-wealden. v. to control, MD; zewold, pt. subj. pl., S.—AS. ge-wealdan. See Welden.

3e-wer, adv. everywhere, S.—AS. ge-

ze-winne, v. to contend, S.—AS. ge-

3eyn, prep. and prefix, against, in comparison with; 300n, S.—AS. gegn; cp. Icel.

3eynbowght, pt. s. redeemed, HD; see

3eyncome, sb. return, HD. **Reynsey.** v. to gainsay; **seinseye**, SkD. 3ha, adv. yea, S3: 3he, W; see 3ea. zhis, adv. yes, W; see zis. **3icchen**, v. to itch, MD; 3itchinge, pr. b., W.—AS. giccan, also gyccan (see OET): OHG. juochen: OTeut. *jukkjan. 3ielde, sb. a payment, S; see 3eld. **3ierne**, adv. eagerly, S; see 3erne. 3iet, conj. yet, S; see 3et.

3if, conj. if, S, S2, G, H; 31ff, S; 3yf, S2; leve, B. See 30le.

yif, S; gif, S2; yf, S; gief, S; gief, S; gief, S; gief, S; 3ef, S, S2; yef, S, S2; ef, S, C2; gene, S3; gife, S3, H.—AS. gif = ge + if (cp. Icel. ef, and O.Icel. if, if): Goth. jabai; see Brugmann, § 123.

zife, sb. gift, grace, S; giue, S; gyue, S; gife, S; ;ieue, S; gief, S.—AS. gifu. 3ift, sb. gift, PP; 3yft, S2; yefte, S; yifte, C3; 3iftes, pl., PP; 3eftes, S; yeftes, S; 3iftus, S2; yiftes, C3.—Icel.

gipt. jimmes, sb. pl. gems, jewels, S; jymmes, WA.—AS. gim; Lat. gemma; see Sievers, 69. See Gemme.

zim-stones, sb. pl. jewels, S.—AS. gimstán.

zing, adj. young, S3, G; see 3ong.

zirnan, v. to desire, S; see 3 ernen. 3is, adv. yes, MD; 3ys, Prompt.; yis, C2; 3us, PP, S2; 3his, W.—AS. gese for

géa + the particle -se,-si (for Goth. sai, OHG. se, behold); see Sievers, 338.

ziscare, sb. covetous person, S; zitsere, MD; sietoeres, pl, S.—AS. gitsere. ziscen, v. to covet, desire, MD.—AS. gitsian, gidsian; cp. Goth. gaidw, want;

see Sievers, 198, 205. 3iscunge, sb. covetousness, S; 3escung,

S; sitsunge, MD.—AS. gitsung.

zister-, adj. yester-, MD.—AS. geostra, gystra: Goth. gistra.

3ister-dai, yesterday, W2; yistirday, PP.

zister-evin, yester-eve, S3. 3it, conj. yet, W; see 3et. ziu, you, S; see zou.

giuen, v. to give, S, S2, PP; 3ifenn, S; yue, W, S2; gyuen, S; geuen, S; seuen, S, S2, S3; sefen, S; yluen, C2; yeuen, S; seouen, S; sieuen, S; sefue, S; siefe, S; sief, S; geyff, S3; yef, imp. s., S; yif, S, S2; gif, S2; seuep, pl., S2; gif6, pr. s., S; yeft, S; yefp, S2; gaf, pt. s., S, S2; 3af, S, S2, G; 3æf, S; 3ifuen, pl., S; yaf, S, C2; iaf, S; 3iaf, S; gef, S; 3ef, S, S2; gaiff, S3; yafe, S3; 3aue, S2; 3eue, pl., S2; 3auen, W; iafen, S; iauen, S; geuen, pp., S; gyuen, S; siuen, S; yiuen, C2; liuen, S; liue, S; yeuen, S2, C2; y-3eue, S2, G; 3ouen, S2; 3ouun, S2, W; 13tue, S, S2.—AS. gifan, pt. geaf (pl. géafon), pp. gifen; see Sievers, 391. giuer, adj. greedy, MD; sture, S.—AS. gifre; cp. G. geifer, drivel.

30ill-evyn, sb. Yule-even, Christmas

30k, sh. yoke, W, W2; 300kis, pl., W, W2.—AS. geoc: Goth. juk; cp. Lat. iŭgum, Gr. ζυγόν; see Brugmann, § 133.

30lde, pp. paid, W; see 3elden.

301e, sb. Yule, Christmas, HD, SkD.—AS. géola; cp. Goth. jiuleis, Grimm, p. 702; see Sievers, 220.

30man, sb. a youth, MD, Cath.; 3eman, MD; yeman, servant, retainer, C; 3emen, pl., HD, PP; 30umen, PP.

30mere, adv. sadly, S; see 3emer.

30merly, adj. sad, S2.—AS. géomorlic.

30n, adj. yon, MD, PP; 30ne, PP, S2.—AS. geon, (SkD); cp. Goth. jains; see Sievers, 338, and Brugmann, § 123.

30nd, prep. through, MD; 3eond, S; 3eont, S; 3eon, S.

30nd, adv. yonder, there, MD, S3; yond, S2, C2; 30nde, PP.

30nde, used as adj. yon, PP; yond, S2, S3, Sh.—AS. geond, through, also yonder. 30nder, adv. yonder, G; used as adj.,

30ng, adj. young, S, S2, S3, W, PP; 3ung, S; 3onge, G; yonge, S, C2; yunge, S; 3yng, S3; gunge, S; iunge, S; yhung, S2; ying, S3, G; iing, S3, G; yonger, comp., S; 3eunger, S; 3ungre, S; gungest, superl., S; gunkeste, S; 3ongost, S2; 3ongest, G.—AS. geong: Goth. juggs (for jungs); cp. Lat. iuuencus; see Kluge (s.v. jugend).

30nghede, sb. youth, MD; yonghede, S, CM; 3unghede, MD.

30nglyng, sb. young man, disciple, MD, W; iunglenges, pl., S.

30ngthe, sb. youth, W; 3ungthe, HD, Prompt.; youngth, S3.
30p, adj. bold, HD; see 3ape.

30re, adv. formerly, S2, G; yore, S2, S3, C2: 3are, S.—AS. gedra, for géara, gen. pl. of géar. See 3eer.

30rle, sb. earl, HD; see Erl.

30rnde, pt. s. yearned, S; see 3ernen.
30skinge, sb. sobbing, WA; 3yxynge,
Prompt.—Cp. AS. giscian (BT).

zotun, pp. molten, W2; see zeten.

30u, prov. pl. acc. and dat. you, S, S2, W, PP; 30w, S2, G, PP; yow, S, C2; 3ew, S; 3eu, S; 3uw, S; 3iu, S; giu, S; gu, S; ow, S, S2; ou, S, S2; eu, S; eou, S; eow, S.—AS. low. See also 3e.

cry, MD; goulen, S, S2; saulen, MD; yawle, HD; gowl-

and, pr. p., S3.—Icel. gaula.

Joure, pron. pl. gen. of you (also poss. pron., your), S; eouwer, S; soure, S; sure, S; sture, S; sowre, PP; eure, S; gur, S; ower, S; oure, S2; our, S; ore, S2; or, S2; youres, C2.—AS. tower, gen. of tow, you. See 3e.

30u-selue, yourselves, S; 30u-silf, W; 30w-seluen, PP; 30w-self, PP; ow-seolf, S; ow-seoluen, S; ou-suluen, S.

30uthe, sb. youth, PP, S2; youthe, C2; 30wthe, PP; yowthe, S2; yhouthe, S2; yhowthe, S2; 31euö, S; 3uheöe, S; 3u3eöe, S.—AS. geoguö, guguö, iuguö; see Sievers, 74.

30uthede, sb. youth, MD; youthede, MD; guöhede, S.—AS. geoguöhád.

30uen, pp. of ziuen.
30wle, sb. Yule, HD; see 30le.
303elinge, sb. guggling noise, S.
3ude, pt. s. went, S2; see 3eode.
3uheðe, sb. youth, S; see 3outhe.
3us, adv. yes, S2; see 3is.
3ut, conj. yet, S, S2, P; see 3et.
3yng, adj. young, S3; see 3ong.

ADDITIONS AND CORRECTIONS.

A.

A, prep. of, S2, S3, PP; see Of. A, adv. ever, S; aa, S; a buten, ever without, S; see O.

Accompt, sb. account, S3; see Acounte. **Accompted**, pp. accounted, S3; see Acounte.

Ace, sb. a jot, S3; see As.

Addledd. pp. earned, S; see Adlen. Æn, num. and indef. art. one, S; senne,

S; see Oon. **Æness**, adv. once, S; see **Oones**.

Afingret, pp. an-hungered, NED, HD; see Of-hungred.

Afyrst, pp. athirst, PP; afurst, PP; afrust, PP; see Of purst.

Agrebed, pp. made ready, S2; see Agraythen.

Ah, pr. s. owes (as a duty), S; ahen, pr. pl., are obliged, S; see Owen.

Aht, sb. aught, anything; ahte, S; ahct, S; see **Ought** (p. 165).

Ak. sb. oak, Voc.; akis, pl., S3; see Ook. **Akennet**, pp. born, S; see A-cennen.

Almain. For almain-lean read almain-leap.

Anaunter, for an aunter, a chance, S2; see Auenture.

Ande, sb. breath, H; see Onde.

Anfald, adj. single, simple, S, HD; see Oone-fold.

Anhed. sb. unity, H; see **Oonhed**.

Anleth. For v. read sh.

Anwalde, sb. dat. power, S; anwolde, S; see On-wald.

Are, sb. oar, MD; see Ore.

Athamaunte, sb. adamant, C; see Adamant.

Atteir, sb. attire, S3; see Atyre.

Aual. imp. s. fell, cause to fall, S; see A-fallen.

Auhte, pt. s. ought, S; aucte, owned, S; see Owen.

CANOUN.

Auote, adv. on foot, S2; see A-fote. Autorite, sb. authority, C; see Auctoritee.

Autour. sb. author, S3; see Auctour.

Aw-; see Au-.

Aynd, sb. breath, B; see Onde.

Aynding, sb. smelling, B; see Onding. Ayr. sb. oar, B; see Ore.

Belde, adj. big, blustering, S; see Bold. Belt. pp. built, S3; see Bilden.

Beode. v. to pray, S; see **Bidden**.

Bersten. v. to burst, S, C; see Bresten. Betaken, v. to betoken, S2; see Bitoknen.

Bi-healde, v. to behold; bihalden, S2; see Bi-holden.

Bilæde, pt. s. enclosed, S; see Bi-

Bilæuen, v. to remain, S; see Bi-leuen. Billet, sb. a piece of firewood; byllets, pl., S3 (26. 785).

Binam, Binom; pt. s. of Bi-nimen. Bi-soate, pt. s. of Bi-sechen.

Bituhhe, prep. between, S; see Bitwi3e.

Blane (for blan), pt. s. of Bi-linnen.

Blynke. For sie read see.

Bod, pt. s. waited, S2; bode, waited for. S2; see Biden.

Bounden, pp. bound, S, C2; see Binden. Breas. sb. brass, S; see Bras.

Breggid, pt. s. shortened, W; see Abregge.

Bulde, pt. s. built, C; see Bilden.

Bye, v. to buy, S2; by, C3; see Biggen. Camel. The regular OF. equivalent for Lat. camelum was chameil. In OF. camel the termination -el is due to analogy with French forms derived from -ālem. BH, § 43.

Canoun. Church Lat. canonicus did

not mean originally one on the church-roll or list,' but one who was bound to observe a certain rule of life (canon, κανάν). Of. chanoine is not the precise equivalent of canonicum, but represents a Latin type *canonium. See Scheler's Dict. (ed. 3).

Cherche, sb. church, S2, C3; see Chirche.

Clomben, pp. climbed, C; see Climben. Daw, sb. day, S2; see Day.

Deburs, v. disburse, pay, S3; see **Disburse**.

Dedeyn, sb. disdain, W, H; see **Disdeyn**.

Degyset, pp. disguised, S2; see **Dis**gysen.

Descrited. For Desheriten, see Disheriten.

Dide, pt. s. did, caused, put, S; see Don. Dilitable, adj. delightful, S2; see Delitable.

Diuise, v. to tell of, describe, S2; see **Deuisen**.

Druizest, 2 pr. s. art dry, S2; see **Drye**. **Dunt**, sb. blow, S, S2; see **Dent**.

Effnenn, v. to make equal or even, S; see **Euenen**.

Ernes. A derivation of this word from the French has not been proved.—OF. ernes does not exist.

Falten. The form falt should be taken away from this article and placed under Folden. The words falt mi tunge mean 'my tongue gives way.' For the various meanings of this verb folden, see MD (ii. 68). This correction is due to the kindness of Prof. Napier.

For-swinken, v. to exhaust with toil; forswonke, pp., S3 (p. 364, l. 24).

Frayd, pp. frightened, S3; fraid, scared, S3; see Afrayen.

Habide, v. to abide, resist, S2; see A-biden.

Hagt. Dr. F. Holthausen suggests that this word means 'danger, peril,' comparing this ME hagt with Icel. hatta which has the same meaning. Kluge connects this hatta with Gothic hāhan, to hang, so that it may mean radically 'a state of being in suspense.' The word must have come into England in the form *haht, before the assimilation of ht to tt.

Hal, adj. all, S2; see A1.

Ham, I pr. s. am, S; see Am.

Haxede, pt. s. asked, S; see Asken.

Here, adv. before, S; see Er.

Heremyte, sb. hermit, S2; heremites, pl., P; see Ermite.

Hulpen. (To be placed more to the right.)

Ich, adj. each, S, S2; see Eche.

Ieden, pt. pl. went, S; see **Eode**.

Joutes. For jutā read jūta. For other cognates of this wide-spread word, see Kluge (s.v. jauche). See also s.v. käse, where Kluge remarks that Icel. ostr, cheese, and Finnish juusto, cheese, are etymologically connected with G. jauche, and Latin jus.

Kepen. AS. cépan, to keep, should be kept quite distinct from AS. cýpan, to sell. AS. cýpan is the phonetic representative of OTeut. kaupjan, whereas cépan, to keep, represents an OTeut. *kōpjan. Cp. E. keen, the representative of AS. céne, OTeut. *kōni (G. kühn). See Kluge's note in P. & B. Beiträge, viii. 538.

Mo. Add) at the end.

Note, sb. nut. A better explanation of not-heed is 'with the hair of the head closely cut.' The verb to nott means to cut the hair close. 'Tondre, to sheer, clip, cut, powle, nott'; Cotgrave.

Onond, prep. as regards, respecting, S; onont, S; see An-ent.

Quene. It should be noted that E. queen is not precisely the same word as E. quean. For queen is the phonetic equivalent of AS. cwén, Goth. kwēns, whereas quean represents AS. cwěne, Goth. kwino.

Senged, pp. sun-burnt, S3 (p. 364, l. 29); see **Sengin**.

Sisour, sb. juror, PP; sysour, P; see Asisour.

Stok. Prof. Napier maintains that the **stokess** of the Ormulum cannot be identified with AS. *stoce*, as the gemination of the consonant persists in the Ormulum. He suggests that **stokess** means 'places,' comparing the use of *stoke* in place-names, e.g. Wude stoke in Chron. (Earle, p. 249). He also cites in illustration AS. *stoc-weard*, 'oppidanus,' see Leo, p. 206.

Sum (1). Dele 'sumere, dat., S;'

Twichand, pres. pt. touching, regarding, S3 (13. 271).

Tyred, pp. attired, dressed, S2; see Atyren.

Whicehe, a chest, trunk, box; whucehe, PP; whyche, Prompt.; hoche, Prompt.— AS. hwicce; 'Clustella, hwicce;' Engl. Studien, xi. 65.

Wike, sb. pl. the corners of the mouth, (13.99).

Urbe (written **Vrbe**), sb. earth, S2; see | S (4 a. 40).—Cf. Icel. munnvik, pl., the **Erthe**. corners of the mouth; see CV (s.v. munnr). The word wikes is still in use in this sense at Whitby. See Whitby Glossary (E. D. S.).

Wone, adj. one, S3 (7.97); see Oon.

Wyne-grapis, sb. pl. vine-grapes, S3

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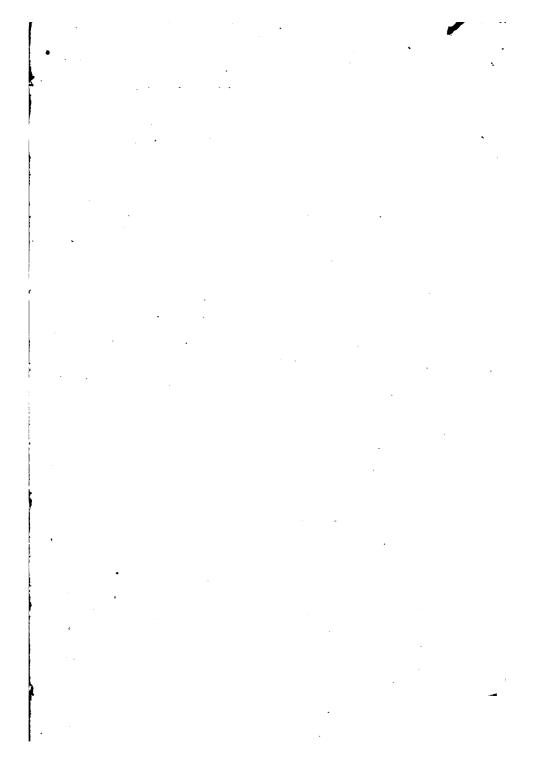
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